111TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. 3104

AN ACT

To permanently authorize Radio Free Asia, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. FINDINGS.

2	Congress finds the following:
3	(1) Radio Free Asia (referred to in this Act as
4	"RFA")—
5	(A) was authorized under section 309 of
6	the United States International Broadcasting
7	Act of 1994 (22 U.S.C. 6208);
8	(B) was incorporated as a private, non-
9	profit corporation in March 1996 in the hope
10	that its operations would soon be obviated by
11	the global advancement of democracy; and
12	(C) is headquartered in Washington, DC,
13	with additional offices in Bangkok, Hong Kong,
14	Phnom Penh, Seoul, Ankara, and Taipei.
15	(2) RFA broadcasts serve as substitutes for in-
16	digenous free media in regions lacking free media
17	outlets.
18	(3) The mission of RFA is "to provide accurate
19	and timely news and information to Asian countries
20	whose governments prohibit access to a free press"
21	in order to enable informed decisionmaking by the
22	people within Asia.
23	(4) RFA provides daily broadcasts of news,
24	commentary, analysis, and cultural programming to
25	Asian countries in several languages, including—
26	(A) 12 hours per day in Mandarin;

1	(B) 8 hours per day in 3 Tibetan dialects,
2	Uke, Kham, and Amdo;
3	(C) 4 hours per day in Korean and Bur-
4	mese;
5	(D) 2 hours per day in Cantonese, Viet-
6	namese, Laotian, Khmer (Cambodian), and
7	Uyghur; and
8	(E) $1\frac{1}{2}$ hours per week in Wu (local
9	Shanghai dialect).
10	(5) The governments of the countries targeted
11	for these broadcasts have consistently denied and
12	blocked attempts at Medium Wave and FM trans-
13	missions into their countries, forcing RFA to rely on
14	Shortwave broadcasts and the Internet.
15	(6) RFA has provided continuous online news
16	to its Asian audiences since 2004, although some
17	countries—
18	(A) routinely and aggressively block RFA's
19	website;
20	(B) monitor access to RFA's website; and
21	(C) discourage online users by making it il-
22	legal to access RFA's website.
23	(7) Despite these attempts, RFA has success-
24	fully managed to reach its online audiences through

- proxies, cutting-edge software, and active republication and repostings by its audience.
- (8) RFA also provides forums for local opinions
 and experiences through message boards, podcasts,
 web logs (blogs), cell phone-distributed newscasts,
 and new media, including Facebook, Flickr, Twitter,
 and YouTube.
 - (9) Freedom House has documented that freedom of the press is in decline in nearly every region of the world, particularly in Asia, where none of the countries served by RFA have increased their freedom of the press during the past 5 years.
- 13 (10) In fiscal year 2010, RFA is operating on 14 a \$37,000,000 budget, less than \$400,000 of which 15 is available to fund Internet censorship circumven-16 tion.
- 17 (11) Congress currently provides grant funding 18 for RFA's operations on a fiscal year basis.

19 SEC. 2. SENSE OF THE SENATE.

- It is the sense of the Senate that—
- 21 (1) public access to timely, uncensored, and ac-22 curate information is imperative for promoting gov-23 ernment accountability and the protection of human 24 rights;

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1	(2) Radio Free Asia provides a vital voice to
2	people in Asia;
3	(3) some of the governments in Asia spend mil-
4	lions of dollars each year to jam RFA's shortwave,
5	block its Internet sites;
6	(4) Congress should provide additional funding
7	to RFA and the other entities overseen by the
8	Broadcasting Board of Governors for—
9	(A) Internet censorship circumvention; and
10	(B) enhancement of their cyber security ef-
11	forts; and
12	(5) permanently authorizing funding for Radio
13	Free Asia would—
14	(A) reflect the concern that media censor-
15	ship and press restrictions in the countries
16	served by RFA have increased since RFA was
17	established; and
18	(B) send a powerful signal of our Nation's
19	support for free press in Asia and throughout
20	the world.
21	SEC. 3. PERMANENT AUTHORIZATION FOR RADIO FREE
22	ASIA.
23	Section 309 of the United States International
24	Broadcasting Act of 1994 (22 H S C 6208) is amended—

I	(1) in subsection $(c)(2)$, by striking ", and shall
2	further specify that funds to carry out the activities
3	of Radio Free Asia may not be available after Sep-
4	tember 30, 2010";
5	(2) by striking subsection (f);
6	(3) by redesignating subsections (g) and (h) as
7	subsection (f) and (g), respectively; and
8	(4) in subsection (f), as redesignated—
9	(A) by striking "The Board" and inserting
10	the following:
11	"(1) Notification.—The Board";
12	(B) by striking "before entering" and in-
13	serting the following: "before—
14	"(A) entering";
15	(C) by striking "Radio Free Asia." and in-
16	serting the following: "Radio Free Asia; or
17	"(B) entering into any agreements in re-
18	gard to the utilization of Radio Free Asia
19	transmitters, equipment, or other resources that
20	will significantly reduce the broadcasting activi-
21	ties of Radio Free Asia.";
22	(D) by striking "The Chairman" and in-
23	serting the following:
24	"(2) Consultation.—The Chairman"; and

1	(E) by inserting "or Radio Free Asia
2	broadcasting activities" before the period at the
3	end.
	Passed the Senate June 25, 2010.
	Attest:

Secretary.

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