111TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. 3081

To provide for the interrogation and detention of enemy belligerents who commit hostile acts against the United States, to establish certain limitations on the prosecution of such belligerents for such acts, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

March 4, 2010

Mr. McCain (for himself, Mr. Lieberman, Mr. Inhofe, Mr. Brown of Massachusetts, Mr. Wicker, Mr. Chambliss, Mr. LeMieux, Mr. Sessions, and Mr. Vitter) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To provide for the interrogation and detention of enemy belligerents who commit hostile acts against the United States, to establish certain limitations on the prosecution of such belligerents for such acts, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Enemy Belligerent In-
- 5 terrogation, Detention, and Prosecution Act of 2010".

SEC. 2. PLACEMENT OF SUSPECTED UNPRIVILEGED ENEMY

)	BELLIGERENTS IN MILITARY CUSTODY.
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- 3 (a) MILITARY CUSTODY REQUIREMENT.—Whenever
- 4 within the United States, its territories, and possessions,
- 5 or outside the territorial limits of the United States, an
- 6 individual is captured or otherwise comes into the custody
- 7 or under the effective control of the United States who
- 8 is suspected of engaging in hostilities against the United
- 9 States or its coalition partners through an act of ter-
- 10 rorism, or by other means in violation of the laws of war,
- 11 or of purposely and materially supporting such hostilities,
- 12 and who may be an unprivileged enemy belligerent, the
- 13 individual shall be placed in military custody for purposes
- 14 of initial interrogation and determination of status in ac-
- 15 cordance with the provisions of this Act.
- 16 (b) Reasonable Delay for Intelligence Ac-
- 17 TIVITIES.—An individual who may be an unprivileged
- 18 enemy belligerent and who is initially captured or other-
- 19 wise comes into the custody or under the effective control
- 20 of the United States by an intelligence agency of the
- 21 United States may be held, interrogated, or transported
- 22 by the intelligence agency and placed into military custody
- 23 for purposes of this Act if retained by the United States
- 24 within a reasonable time after the capture or coming into
- 25 the custody or effective control by the intelligence agency,
- 26 giving due consideration to operational needs and require-

1	ments to avoid compromise or disclosure of an intelligence
2	mission or intelligence sources or methods.
3	SEC. 3. INTERROGATION AND DETERMINATION OF STATUS
4	OF SUSPECTED UNPRIVILEGED ENEMY BEL-
5	LIGERENTS.
6	(a) Establishment of Interrogation Groups.—
7	(1) Establishment authorized.—The Presi-
8	dent is authorized to establish an interagency team
9	for purposes as follows:
10	(A) To interrogate under subsection (b) in-
11	dividuals placed in military custody under sec-
12	tion 2.
13	(B) To make under subsection $(c)(1)$ a
14	preliminary determination of the status of indi-
15	viduals described in section 2.
16	(2) Composition.—Each interagency team
17	under this subsection shall be composed of such per-
18	sonnel of the Executive Branch having expertise in
19	matters relating to national security, terrorism, in-
20	telligence, interrogation, or law enforcement as the
21	President considers appropriate. The members of
22	any particular interagency team may vary depending
23	on the skills most relevant to a particular case.
24	(3) Designations.—

- 1 (A) High-value detainee.—An indi2 vidual placed in military custody under section
 3 2 shall, while subject to interrogation and de4 termination of status under this section, be re5 ferred to as a "high-value detainee" if the indi6 vidual meets the criteria for treatment as such
 7 established in the regulations required by sub8 section (d).
 - (B) High-value detainee interrogation group".

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(b) Interrogations.—

- (1) Interrogations to be conducted by High-value detainee interrogation group established under this section shall conduct the interrogations of each high-value detainee.
- (2) Utilization of other personnel.—A high-value detainee interrogation group may utilize military and intelligence personnel, and Federal, State, and local law enforcement personnel, in conducting interrogations of a high-value detainee. The utilization of such personnel for the interrogation of a detainee shall not alter the responsibility of the in-

- terrogation group for the coordination within the
 Executive Branch of the interrogation of the detainee or the determination of status and disposition
 of the detainee under this Act.
 - (3) Inapplicability of Certain Statement And Rights.—A individual who is suspected of being an unprivileged enemy belligerent shall not, during interrogation under this subsection, be provided the statement required by Miranda v. Arizona (384 U.S. 436 (1966)) or otherwise be informed of any rights that the individual may or may not have to counsel or to remain silent consistent with Miranda v. Arizona.

(c) Determinations of Status.—

(1) Preliminary determination by high-value detainee interrogation group responsible for interrogating a high-value detainee under subsection (b) shall make a preliminary determination whether or not the detainee is an unprivileged enemy belligerent. The interrogation group shall make such determination based on the result of its interrogation of the individual and on all intelligence information available to the interrogation group. The interrogation group shall, after consultation with the Di-

- rector of National Intelligence, the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency, submit such determination to the Secretary of Defense and the Attorney General.
 - (2) Final determination.—As soon as possible after receipt of a preliminary determination of status with respect to a high-value detainee under paragraph (1), the Secretary of Defense and the Attorney General shall jointly submit to the President and to the appropriate committees of Congress a final determination whether or not the detainee is an unprivileged enemy belligerent for purposes of this Act. In the event of a disagreement between the Secretary of Defense and the Attorney General, the President shall make the final determination.
 - (3) DEADLINE FOR DETERMINATIONS.—All actions required regarding a high-value detainee under this subsection shall, to the extent practicable, be completed not later than 48 hours after the detainee is placed in military custody under section 2.

(d) Regulations.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The operations and activities of high-value detainee interrogation groups under this section shall be governed by such regulations

and guidance as the President shall establish for purposes of implementing this section. The regulations shall specify the officer or officers of the Executive Branch responsible for determining whether an individual placed in military custody under section 2 meets the criteria for treatment as a high-value detainee for purposes of interrogation and determination of status by a high-value interrogation group under this section.

- (2) CRITERIA FOR DESIGNATION OF INDIVID-UALS AS HIGH-VALUE DETAINEES.—The regulations required by this subsection shall include criteria for designating an individual as a high-value detainee based on the following:
 - (A) The potential threat the individual poses for an attack on civilians or civilian facilities within the United States or upon United States citizens or United States civilian facilities abroad at the time of capture or when coming under the custody or control of the United States.
 - (B) The potential threat the individual poses to United States military personnel or United States military facilities at the time of

1	capture or when coming under the custody or
2	control of the United States.
3	(C) The potential intelligence value of the
4	individual.
5	(D) Membership in al Qaeda or in a ter-
6	rorist group affiliated with al Qaeda.
7	(E) Such other matters as the President
8	considers appropriate.
9	(3) Paramount purpose of interroga-
10	TIONS.—The regulations required by this subsection
11	shall provide that the paramount purpose of the in-
12	terrogation of high-value detainees under this Act
13	shall be the protection of United States civilians and
14	United States civilian facilities through thorough
15	and professional interrogation for intelligence pur-
16	poses.
17	(4) Submittal to congress.—The President
18	shall submit the regulations and guidance required
19	by this subsection to the appropriate committees of
20	Congress not later than 60 days after the date of
21	the enactment of this Act.
22	SEC. 4. LIMITATION ON PROSECUTION OF ALIEN
23	UNPRIVILEGED ENEMY BELLIGERENTS.
24	(a) Limitation.—No funds appropriated or other-
25	wise made available to the Department of Justice may be

- 1 used to prosecute in an Article III court in the United
- 2 States, or in any territory or possession of the United
- 3 States, any alien who has been determined to be an
- 4 unprivileged enemy belligerent under section 3(c)(2).
- 5 (b) Applicability Pending Final Determina-
- 6 TION OF STATUS.—While a final determination on the sta-
- 7 tus of an alien high-value detainee is pending under sec-
- 8 tion 3(c)(2), the alien shall be treated as an unprivileged
- 9 enemy belligerent for purposes of subsection (a).

10 SEC. 5. DETENTION WITHOUT TRIAL OF UNPRIVILEGED

- 11 ENEMY BELLIGERENTS.
- 12 An individual, including a citizen of the United
- 13 States, determined to be an unprivileged enemy belligerent
- 14 under section 3(c)(2) in a manner which satisfies Article
- 15 5 of the Geneva Convention Relative to the Treatment of
- 16 Prisoners of War may be detained without criminal
- 17 charges and without trial for the duration of hostilities
- 18 against the United States or its coalition partners in which
- 19 the individual has engaged, or which the individual has
- 20 purposely and materially supported, consistent with the
- 21 law of war and any authorization for the use of military
- 22 force provided by Congress pertaining to such hostilities.
- 23 SEC. 6. DEFINITIONS.
- 24 In this Act:

1	(1) ACT OF TERRORISM.—The term "act of ter-
2	rorism" means an act of terrorism as that term is
3	defined in section 101(16) of the Homeland Security
4	Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 101(16)).
5	(2) Alien.—The term "alien" means an indi-
6	vidual who is not a citizen of the United States.
7	(3) Appropriate committees of con-
8	GRESS.—The term "appropriate committees of Con-
9	gress" means—
10	(A) the Committee on Armed Services, the
11	Committee on Homeland Security and Govern-
12	mental Affairs, the Committee on the Judiciary,
13	and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the
14	Senate; and
15	(B) the Committee on Armed Services, the
16	Committee on Homeland Security, the Com-
17	mittee on the Judiciary, and the Permanent Se-
18	lect Committee on Intelligence of the House of
19	Representatives.
20	(4) ARTICLE III COURT.—The term "Article III
21	court" means a court of the United States estab-
22	lished under Article III of the Constitution of the
23	United States.
24	(5) COALITION PARTNER.—The term "coalition
25	partner", with respect to hostilities engaged in by

- the United States, means any State or armed force directly engaged along with the United States in such hostilities or providing direct operational support to the United States in connection with such hostilities.
 - (6) GENEVA CONVENTION RELATIVE TO THE TREATMENT OF PRISONERS OF WAR.—The term "Geneva Convention Relative to the Treatment of Prisoners of War" means the Geneva Convention Relative to the Treatment of Prisoners of War, done at Geneva August 12, 1949 (6 UST 3316).
 - (7) HOSTILITIES.—The term "hostilities" means any conflict subject to the laws of war, and includes a deliberate attack upon civilians and civilian targets protected by the laws of war.
 - (8) PRIVILEGED BELLIGERENT.—The term "privileged belligerent" means an individual belonging to one of the eight categories enumerated in Article 4 of the Geneva Convention Relative to the Treatment of Prisoners of War.
 - (9) Unprivileged enemy belligerent" means an individual (other than a privileged belligerent) who—
- 24 (A) has engaged in hostilities against the 25 United States or its coalition partners;

1	(B) has purposely and materially sup-
2	ported hostilities against the United States or
3	its coalition partners; or
4	(C) was a part of al Qaeda at the time of
5	capture.
6	SEC. 7. EFFECTIVE DATE.
7	This Act shall take effect on the date of the enact-
8	ment of this Act, and shall apply with respect to individ-
9	uals who are captured or otherwise come into the custody
10	or under the effective control of the United States on or
11	after that date.

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