Calendar No. 198

112TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 1636

To amend title 28, United States Code, to clarify the jurisdiction of the Federal courts, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

October 3, 2011

Ms. KLOBUCHAR (for herself, Mr. SESSIONS, and Mr. LEAHY) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

OCTOBER 17, 2011 Reported by Mr. LEAHY, without amendment

A BILL

To amend title 28, United States Code, to clarify the jurisdiction of the Federal courts, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
5 "Federal Courts Jurisdiction and Venue Clarification Act
6 of 2011".

1 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for

2 this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

TITLE I—JURISDICTIONAL IMPROVEMENTS

- Sec. 101. Treatment of resident aliens.
- Sec. 102. Citizenship of corporations and insurance companies with foreign contacts.
- Sec. 103. Removal and remand procedures.
- Sec. 104. Effective date.

TITLE II—VENUE AND TRANSFER IMPROVEMENTS

Sec. 201. Scope and definitions.

Sec. 202. Venue generally.

Sec. 203. Repeal of section 1392.

- Sec. 204. Change of venue.
- Sec. 205. Effective date.

3 TITLE I—JURISDICTIONAL 4 IMPROVEMENTS

5 SEC. 101. TREATMENT OF RESIDENT ALIENS.

6 Section 1332(a) of title 28, United States Code, is
7 amended—

8 (1) by striking the last sentence; and

9 (2) in paragraph (2), by inserting after "foreign 10 state" the following: ", except that the district 11 courts shall not have original jurisdiction under this 12 subsection of an action between citizens of a State 13 and citizens or subjects of a foreign state who are 14 lawfully admitted for permanent residence in the 15 United States and are domiciled in the same State".

1	SEC. 102. CITIZENSHIP OF CORPORATIONS AND INSUR-
2	ANCE COMPANIES WITH FOREIGN CONTACTS.
3	Section 1332(c)(1) of title 28, United States Code,
4	is amended—
5	(1) by striking "any State" and inserting
6	"every State and foreign state";
7	(2) by striking "the State" and inserting "the
8	State or foreign state"; and
9	(3) by striking all that follows "party-defend-
10	ant," and inserting "such insurer shall be deemed a
11	citizen of—
12	"(A) every State and foreign state of which
13	the insured is a citizen;
14	"(B) every State and foreign state by
15	which the insurer has been incorporated; and
16	"(C) the State or foreign state where the
17	insurer has its principal place of business;
18	and".
19	SEC. 103. REMOVAL AND REMAND PROCEDURES.
20	(a) Actions Removable Generally.—Section
21	1441 of title 28, United States Code, is amended as fol-
22	lows:
23	(1) The section heading is amended by striking
24	"Actions removable generally" and inserting
25	"Removal of civil actions".
26	(2) Subsection (a) is amended—

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1	(A) by striking "(a) Except" and inserting
2	"(a) GENERALLY.—Except"; and
3	(B) by striking the last sentence;
4	(3) Subsection (b) is amended to read as fol-
5	lows:
6	"(b) Removal Based on Diversity of Citizen-
7	SHIP.—(1) In determining whether a civil action is remov-
8	able on the basis of the jurisdiction under section 1332(a)
9	of this title, the citizenship of defendants sued under ficti-
10	tious names shall be disregarded.
11	((2) A civil action otherwise removable solely on the
12	basis of the jurisdiction under section 1332(a) of this title
13	may not be removed if any of the parties in interest prop-
14	erly joined and served as defendants is a citizen of the
15	State in which such action is brought.".
16	(4) Subsection (c) is amended to read as fol-
17	lows:
18	"(c) Joinder of Federal Law Claims and State
19	LAW CLAIMS.—(1) If a civil action includes—
20	"(A) a claim arising under the Constitution,
21	laws, or treaties of the United States (within the
22	meaning of section 1331 of this title), and
23	"(B) a claim not within the original or supple-
24	mental jurisdiction of the district court or a claim
25	that has been made nonremovable by statute,

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the entire action may be removed if the action would be
 removable without the inclusion of the claim described in
 subparagraph (B).

4 "(2) Upon removal of an action described in para-5 graph (1), the district court shall sever from the action 6 all claims described in paragraph (1)(B) and shall remand 7 the severed claims to the State court from which the ac-8 tion was removed. Only defendants against whom a claim 9 described in paragraph (1)(A) has been asserted are re-10 quired to join in or consent to the removal under para-11 graph (1).".

12 (5) Subsection (d) is amended by striking "(d)
13 Any" and inserting "(d) ACTIONS AGAINST FOR14 EIGN STATES.—Any".

(6) Subsection (e) is amended by striking
"(e)(1) Notwithstanding" and inserting "(e)
MULTIPARTY, MULTIFORUM JURISDICTION.—(1)
Notwithstanding".

19 (7) Subsection (f) is amended by striking "(f)
20 The court" and inserting "(f) DERIVATIVE RE21 MOVAL JURISDICTION.—The court".

(b) PROCEDURE FOR REMOVAL OF CIVIL ACTIONS.—
23 Section 1446 of title 28, United States Code, is amended
24 as follows:

1	(1) The section heading is amended to read as
2	follows:
3	"§ 1446. Procedure for removal of civil actions".
4	(2) Subsection (a) is amended—
5	(A) by striking "(a) A defendant" and in-
6	serting "(a) GENERALLY.—A defendant"; and
7	(B) by striking "or criminal prosecution".
8	(3) Subsection (b) is amended—
9	(A) by striking "(b) The notice" and in-
10	serting "(b) REQUIREMENTS; GENERALLY.—(1)
11	The notice"; and
12	(B) by striking the second paragraph and
13	inserting the following:
14	((2)(A) When a civil action is removed solely under
15	section 1441(a), all defendants who have been properly
16	joined and served must join in or consent to the removal
17	of the action.
18	"(B) Each defendant shall have 30 days after receipt
19	by or service on that defendant of the initial pleading or
20	summons described in paragraph (1) to file the notice of
21	removal.
22	"(C) If defendants are served at different times, and
23	a later-served defendant files a notice of removal, any ear-
24	lier-served defendant may consent to the removal even

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though that earlier-served defendant did not previously
 initiate or consent to removal.

3 "(3) Except as provided in subsection (c), if the case
4 stated by the initial pleading is not removable, a notice
5 of removal may be filed within thirty days after receipt
6 by the defendant, through service or otherwise, of a copy
7 of an amended pleading, motion, order or other paper
8 from which it may first be ascertained that the case is
9 one which is or has become removable.";

10 (C) by striking subsection (c) and inserting11 the following:

12 "(c) REQUIREMENTS; REMOVAL BASED ON DIVER-13 SITY OF CITIZENSHIP.—(1) A case may not be removed 14 under subsection (b)(3) on the basis of jurisdiction con-15 ferred by section 1332 more than 1 year after commence-16 ment of the action, unless the district court finds that the 17 plaintiff has acted in bad faith in order to prevent a de-18 fendant from removing the action.

"(2) If removal of a civil action is sought on the basis
of the jurisdiction conferred by section 1332(a), the sum
demanded in good faith in the initial pleading shall be
deemed to be the amount in controversy, except that—
"(A) the notice of removal may assert the
amount in controversy if the initial pleading seeks—
"(i) nonmonetary relief; or

"(ii) a money judgment, but the State practice either does not permit demand for a specific sum or permits recovery of damages in excess of the amount demanded; and

5 "(B) removal of the action is proper on the 6 basis of an amount in controversy asserted under 7 subparagraph (A) if the district court finds, by the 8 preponderance of the evidence, that the amount in 9 controversy exceeds the amount specified in section 10 1332(a).

11 "(3)(A) If the case stated by the initial pleading is 12 not removable solely because the amount in controversy 13 does not exceed the amount specified in section 1332(a), 14 information relating to the amount in controversy in the 15 record of the State proceeding, or in responses to dis-16 covery, shall be treated as an 'other paper' under sub-17 section (b)(3).

"(B) If the notice of removal is filed more than 1
year after commencement of the action and the district
court finds that the plaintiff deliberately failed to disclose
the actual amount in controversy to prevent removal, that
finding shall be deemed bad faith under paragraph (1).".
(4) Section 1446 is further amended—

24 (A) in subsection (d), by striking "(d)
25 Promptly" and inserting "(d) NOTICE TO AD-

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1 VERSE PARTIES AND STATE COURT.—Promptly"; 2 (B) by striking "thirty days" each place it 3 appears and inserting "30 days"; 4 5 (C) by striking subsection (e); and 6 (D) in subsection (f), by striking "(f) With 7 respect" and inserting "(e) COUNTERCLAIM IN 8 337 PROCEEDING.—With respect".

9 (c) PROCEDURE FOR REMOVAL OF CRIMINAL AC10 TIONS.—Chapter 89 of title 28, United States Code, is
11 amended by adding at the end the following new section:
12 "§1455. Procedure for removal of criminal prosecu13 tions

14 "(a) NOTICE OF REMOVAL.—A defendant or defend-15 ants desiring to remove any criminal prosecution from a 16 State court shall file in the district court of the United 17 States for the district and division within which such pros-18 ecution is pending a notice of removal signed pursuant to 19 Rule 11 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and con-20 taining a short and plain statement of the grounds for 21 removal, together with a copy of all process, pleadings, and 22 orders served upon such defendant or defendants in such 23 action.

24 "(b) REQUIREMENTS.—(1) A notice of removal of a25 criminal prosecution shall be filed not later than 30 days

after the arraignment in the State court, or at any time
 before trial, whichever is earlier, except that for good
 cause shown the United States district court may enter
 an order granting the defendant or defendants leave to
 file the notice at a later time.

6 "(2) A notice of removal of a criminal prosecution 7 shall include all grounds for such removal. A failure to 8 state grounds that exist at the time of the filing of the 9 notice shall constitute a waiver of such grounds, and a 10 second notice may be filed only on grounds not existing at the time of the original notice. For good cause shown, 11 12 the United States district court may grant relief from the 13 limitations of this paragraph.

14 "(3) The filing of a notice of removal of a criminal 15 prosecution shall not prevent the State court in which such 16 prosecution is pending from proceeding further, except 17 that a judgment of conviction shall not be entered unless 18 the prosecution is first remanded.

19 "(4) The United States district court in which such 20 notice is filed shall examine the notice promptly. If it 21 clearly appears on the face of the notice and any exhibits 22 annexed thereto that removal should not be permitted, the 23 court shall make an order for summary remand.

24 "(5) If the United States district court does not order25 the summary remand of such prosecution, it shall order

an evidentiary hearing to be held promptly and, after such
 hearing, shall make such disposition of the prosecution as
 justice shall require. If the United States district court
 determines that removal shall be permitted, it shall so no tify the State court in which prosecution is pending, which
 shall proceed no further.

7 "(c) WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS.—If the defendant 8 or defendants are in actual custody on process issued by 9 the State court, the district court shall issue its writ of 10 habeas corpus, and the marshal shall thereupon take such 11 defendant or defendants into the marshal's custody and 12 deliver a copy of the writ to the clerk of such State 13 court.".

14 (d) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—

- 15 (1) The table of sections for chapter 89 of title
 16 28, United States Code, is amended—
- 17 (A) in the item relating to section 1441, by
 18 striking "Actions removable generally" and in19 serting "Removal of civil actions";

20 (B) in the item relating to section 1446, by
21 inserting "of civil actions" after "removal"; and
22 (C) by adding at the end the following new
23 item:

"1455. Procedure for removal of criminal prosecutions.".

(2) Section 1453(b) of title 28, United States
 Code, is amended by striking "1446(b)" and insert ing "1446(c)(1)".

4 SEC. 104. EFFECTIVE DATE.

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection (b), the amendments made by this title shall take effect upon the 6 7 expiration of the 30-day period beginning on the date of 8 the enactment of this Act, and shall apply to any action 9 or prosecution commenced on or after such effective date. (b) TREATMENT OF CASES REMOVED TO FEDERAL 10 COURT.—For purposes of subsection (a), an action or 11 12 prosecution commenced in State court and removed to Federal court shall be deemed to commence on the date 13 the action or prosecution was commenced, within the 14 15 meaning of State law, in State court.

16 **TITLE II—VENUE AND**

17 **TRANSFER IMPROVEMENTS**

18 SEC. 201. SCOPE AND DEFINITIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 87 of title 28, United
States Code, is amended by inserting before section 1391
the following new section:

22 **"§ 1390. Scope**

23 "(a) VENUE DEFINED.—As used in this chapter, the
24 term 'venue' refers to the geographic specification of the
25 proper court or courts for the litigation of a civil action

that is within the subject-matter jurisdiction of the district
 courts in general, and does not refer to any grant or re striction of subject-matter jurisdiction providing for a civil
 action to be adjudicated only by the district court for a
 particular district or districts.

6 "(b) EXCLUSION OF CERTAIN CASES.—Except as 7 otherwise provided by law, this chapter shall not govern 8 the venue of a civil action in which the district court exer-9 cises the jurisdiction conferred by section 1333, except 10 that such civil actions may be transferred between district 11 courts as provided in this chapter.

12 "(c) CLARIFICATION REGARDING CASES REMOVED 13 FROM STATE COURTS.—This chapter shall not determine 14 the district court to which a civil action pending in a State 15 court may be removed, but shall govern the transfer of 16 an action so removed as between districts and divisions 17 of the United States district courts.".

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 87 of title 28, United
States Code, is amended by inserting before the item relat-

21 ing to section 1391 the following new item: "1390. Scope.".

22 SEC. 202. VENUE GENERALLY.

23 Section 1391 of title 28, United States Code, is24 amended as follows:

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1	(1) By striking subsections (a) through (d) and
2	inserting the following:
3	"(a) Applicability of Section.—Except as other-
4	wise provided by law—
5	((1) this section shall govern the venue of all
6	civil actions brought in district courts of the United
7	States; and
8	"(2) the proper venue for a civil action shall be
9	determined without regard to whether the action is
10	local or transitory in nature.
11	"(b) VENUE IN GENERAL.—A civil action may be
12	brought in—
13	((1) a judicial district in which any defendant
14	resides, if all defendants are residents of the State
15	in which the district is located;
16	((2) a judicial district in which a substantial
17	part of the events or omissions giving rise to the
18	claim occurred, or a substantial part of property
19	that is the subject of the action is situated; or
20	((3) if there is no district in which an action
21	may otherwise be brought as provided in this sec-
22	tion, any judicial district in which any defendant is
23	subject to the court's personal jurisdiction with re-
24	spect to such action.
25	"(c) RESIDENCY.—For all venue purposes—

"(1) a natural person, including an alien law fully admitted for permanent residence in the United
 States, shall be deemed to reside in the judicial dis trict in which that person is domiciled;

"(2) an entity with the capacity to sue and be 5 6 sued in its common name under applicable law, 7 whether or not incorporated, shall be deemed to re-8 side, if a defendant, in any judicial district in which 9 such defendant is subject to the court's personal ju-10 risdiction with respect to the civil action in question 11 and, if a plaintiff, only in the judicial district in 12 which it maintains its principal place of business; 13 and

14 "(3) a defendant not resident in the United 15 States may be sued in any judicial district, and the 16 joinder of such a defendant shall be disregarded in 17 determining where the action may be brought with 18 respect to other defendants.

19 "(d) RESIDENCY OF CORPORATIONS IN STATES 20 WITH MULTIPLE DISTRICTS.—For purposes of venue 21 under this chapter, in a State which has more than one 22 judicial district and in which a defendant that is a cor-23 poration is subject to personal jurisdiction at the time an 24 action is commenced, such corporation shall be deemed to 25 reside in any district in that State within which its con-

tacts would be sufficient to subject it to personal jurisdic-1 2 tion if that district were a separate State, and, if there 3 is no such district, the corporation shall be deemed to reside in the district within which it has the most significant 4 5 contacts.". 6 (2) In subsection (e)— 7 (A) in the first paragraph— (i) by striking "(1)", "(2)", and "(3)" 8 and inserting "(A)", "(B)", and "(C)", re-9 spectively; and 10 11 (ii) by striking "(e) A civil action" 12 and inserting the following: "(e) Actions Where Defendant Is Officer or 13 EMPLOYEE OF THE UNITED STATES.— 14 "(1) IN GENERAL.—A civil action"; and 15 16 (B) in the second undesignated paragraph 17 by striking "The summons and complaint" and 18 inserting the following: 19 "(2) SERVICE.—The summons and complaint". 20 (3) In subsection (f), by striking "(f) A civil action" and inserting "(f) CIVIL ACTIONS AGAINST A 21 22 FOREIGN STATE.—A civil action". (4) In subsection (g), by striking "(g) A civil 23 24 action" "(g) and inserting MULTIPARTY, 25 MULTIFORUM LITIGATION.—A civil action".

1 SEC. 203. REPEAL OF SECTION 1392.

2 Section 1392 of title 28, United States Code, and the
3 item relating to that section in the table of sections at
4 the beginning of chapter 87 of such title, are repealed.
5 SEC. 204. CHANGE OF VENUE.

6 Section 1404 of title 28, United States Code, is7 amended—

8 (1) in subsection (a), by inserting before the pe9 riod at the end the following: "or to any district or
10 division to which all parties have consented"; and

(2) in subsection (d), by striking "As used in
this section," and inserting "Transfers from a district court of the United States to the District Court
of Guam, the District Court for the Northern Mariana Islands, or the District Court of the Virgin Islands shall not be permitted under this section. As
otherwise used in this section,".

18 SEC. 205. EFFECTIVE DATE.

19 The amendments made by this title—

20 (1) shall take effect upon the expiration of the
21 30-day period beginning on the date of the enact22 ment of this Act; and

23 (2) shall apply to—

24 (A) any action that is commenced in a
25 United States district court on or after such ef26 fective date; and

1 (B) any action that is removed from a 2 State court to a United States district court 3 and that had been commenced, within the 4 meaning of State law, on or after such effective 5 date.

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