

116TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. RES. 340

Recognizing National Foster Care Month as an opportunity to raise awareness about the challenges of children in the foster care system, and encouraging Congress to implement policy to improve the lives of children in the foster care system.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MAY 1, 2019

Ms. BASS (for herself, Mr. MULLIN, Mr. DANNY K. DAVIS of Illinois, Ms. DELBENE, Mr. LANGEVIN, Mr. KILDEE, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Mr. TED LIEU of California, Mr. SERRANO, Mr. WITTMAN, Mr. LOWENTHAL, Mr. COHEN, Mr. BROWN of Maryland, Ms. JAYAPAL, Mrs. DEMINGS, Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ, Ms. LEE of California, Ms. FRANKEL, Mr. CICILLINE, Ms. NORTON, Mr. BACON, Ms. CASTOR of Florida, Ms. KELLY of Illinois, Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD, Mrs. LAWRENCE, Mr. DEUTCH, Mr. ESPAILLAT, Mr. SCHIFF, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Mr. MITCHELL, Mr. CÁRDENAS, Mr. DEFazio, Ms. BROWNLEY of California, Mr. THOMPSON of California, Ms. SÁNCHEZ, Mr. HASTINGS, Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia, Ms. WILSON of Florida, Ms. SEWELL of Alabama, Mr. TAKANO, Mrs. DINGELL, Mrs. HARTZLER, Mr. SEAN PATRICK MALONEY of New York, Mr. YARMUTH, Mr. HILL of Arkansas, Ms. BONAMICI, Ms. ADAMS, Mr. POCAN, Ms. MOORE, Ms. TITUS, Miss RICE of New York, Ms. CLARK of Massachusetts, and Mr. RUSH) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

RESOLUTION

Recognizing National Foster Care Month as an opportunity to raise awareness about the challenges of children in the foster care system, and encouraging Congress to implement policy to improve the lives of children in the foster care system.

Whereas National Foster Care Month was established more than 20 years ago to—

(1) bring foster care issues to the forefront;

(2) highlight the importance of permanency for every child; and

(3) recognize the essential role that foster parents, social workers, and advocates have in the lives of children in foster care throughout the United States;

Whereas all children deserve a safe, loving, and permanent home;

Whereas the primary goal of the foster care system is to ensure the safety and well-being of children while working to provide a safe, loving, and permanent home for each child;

Whereas, in 2017, there were approximately 443,000 children living in foster care;

Whereas there were approximately 269,690 youth that entered the foster care system in 2017, while over 117,794 youth were eligible and awaiting adoption at the end of 2017;

Whereas children of color are more likely to stay in the foster care system for longer periods of time and are less likely to be reunited with their biological families;

Whereas foster parents are the front-line caregivers for children who cannot safely remain with their biological parents and provide physical care, emotional support, education advocacy, and are the largest single source of families providing permanent homes for children leaving foster care to adoption;

Whereas children in foster care who are placed with relatives, compared to children placed with nonrelatives, have more

stability, including fewer changes in placements, have more positive perceptions of their placements, are more likely to be placed with their siblings, and demonstrate fewer behavioral problems;

Whereas some relative caregivers receive less financial assistance and support services than do foster caregivers;

Whereas recent studies show foster children enrolled in Medicaid were prescribed antipsychotic medications at nearly 4 times the rate of other children receiving Medicaid;

Whereas youth in foster care are much more likely to face educational instability with 65 percent of former foster children experiencing at least 7 school changes while in care;

Whereas an increased emphasis on prevention and reunification services is necessary to reduce the number of children that are forced to remain in the foster care system;

Whereas more than 19,945 youth “aged out” of foster care in 2017 without a legal permanent connection to an adult or family;

Whereas the number of youth who age out of foster care has steadily increased for the past decade;

Whereas foster care is intended to be a temporary placement, but children remain in the foster care system for an average of 19.2 years;

Whereas children in foster care experience an average of 3 different placements, which often leads to disruption of routines and the need to change schools and move away from siblings, extended families, and familiar surroundings;

Whereas children entering foster care often confront the widespread misperception that children in foster care are disruptive, unruly, and dangerous, even though placement in foster care is based on the actions of a parent or guardian, not the child;

Whereas children who age out of foster care lack the security or support of a biological or adoptive family and frequently struggle to secure affordable housing, obtain health insurance, pursue higher education, and acquire adequate employment;

Whereas on average, 8.5 percent of the positions in child protective services remain vacant;

Whereas due to heavy caseloads and limited resources, the average tenure for a worker in child protection services is just 3 years;

Whereas States, localities, and communities should be encouraged to invest resources in preventative and reunification services and postpermanency programs to ensure that more children in foster care are provided with safe, loving, and permanent placements;

Whereas Federal legislation over the past 3 decades, including the Adoption Assistance and Child Welfare Act of 1980 (Public Law 96–272), the Adoption and Safe Families Act of 1997 (Public Law 105–89), the Fostering Connections to Success and Increasing Adoptions Act of 2008 (Public Law 110–351), the Child and Family Services Improvement and Innovation Act (Public Law 112–34), the Preventing Sex Trafficking and Strengthening Families Act (Public Law 113–183), and title VII of division E of the Bipartisan Budget Act of 2018, also known as the Family First Prevention Services Act (Public Law

115–123), provided new investments and services to improve the outcomes of children in the foster care system;

Whereas May 2019 is an appropriate month to designate as National Foster Care Month to provide an opportunity to acknowledge the accomplishments of the child welfare workforce, foster parents, advocacy community, and mentors for their dedication, accomplishments, and positive impact they have on the lives of children; and

Whereas much remains to be done to ensure that all children have a safe, loving, nurturing, and permanent family, regardless of age or special needs: Now, therefore, be it

1 *Resolved*, That the House of Representatives—

2 (1) supports the designation of National Foster
3 Care Month;

4 (2) recognizes National Foster Care Month as
5 an opportunity to raise awareness about the chal-
6 lenges that children face in the foster care system;

7 (3) encourages Congress to implement policy to
8 improve the lives of children in the foster care sys-
9 tem;

10 (4) acknowledges the special needs of children
11 in the foster care system;

12 (5) recognizes foster youth throughout the
13 United States for their ongoing tenacity, courage,
14 and resilience while facing life challenges;

1 (6) acknowledges the exceptional alumni of the
2 foster care system who serve as advocates and role
3 models for youth who remain in care;

4 (7) honors the commitment and dedication of
5 the individuals who work tirelessly to provide assist-
6 ance and services to children in the foster care sys-
7 tem; and

8 (8) reaffirms the need to continue working to
9 improve the outcomes of all children in the foster
10 care system through parts B and E of title IV of the
11 Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 601 et seq.) and
12 other programs designed to—

13 (A) support vulnerable families;

14 (B) invest in prevention and reunification
15 services;

16 (C) promote adoption in cases where reuni-
17 fication is not in the best interests of the child;

18 (D) adequately serve those children
19 brought into the foster care system; and

20 (E) facilitate the successful transition into
21 adulthood for children that “age out” of the
22 foster care system.

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