

118TH CONGRESS  
2D SESSION

# H. RES. 1248

Recognizing the impact the stigmatization of menstruation has on the lives of women, girls, and people who menstruate, and expressing support for the designation of the month of May as “National Menstrual Health Awareness Month”.

---

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MAY 21, 2024

Ms. MENG (for herself, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Ms. BARRAGÁN, Mrs. BEATTY, Ms. BROWNLEY, Mrs. CHERFILUS-McCORMICK, Ms. CHU, Ms. LOIS FRANKEL of Florida, Ms. LEE of California, Ms. MOORE of Wisconsin, Ms. NORTON, Ms. PLASKETT, Ms. PORTER, Ms. SEWELL, Mr. TRONE, and Ms. VELÁZQUEZ) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Education and the Workforce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

---

## RESOLUTION

Recognizing the impact the stigmatization of menstruation has on the lives of women, girls, and people who menstruate, and expressing support for the designation of the month of May as “National Menstrual Health Awareness Month”.

Whereas menstrual health is an integral part of overall health because most women menstruate, on average, for 40 years of life between menarche and menopause;

Whereas the World Bank estimates that globally, 500,000,000 people lack access to menstrual products and clean, safe water and sanitation facilities for menstrual hygiene management;

Whereas the United Nations Population Fund recognizes that menstruation is intrinsically related to human dignity;

Whereas menstrual health impacts the fulfillment of rights such as adequate and secure housing, education, safe and healthy working conditions, and freedom from discrimination;

Whereas 6,000 women in the United States enter menopause each day;

Whereas access to safe, private water and sanitation facilities is essential for effectively managing menstrual hygiene with dignity;

Whereas cultural stigma and lack of access to menstrual health and hygiene education, sanitation, and infrastructure can limit access to school, employment, and religious activities;

Whereas negative stigmas around menstruation can impact girls from the onset of puberty and throughout the remainder of their lives;

Whereas menstruation is a normal and healthy part of life for most women and girls, yet, in many societies, the experience of menstruators continues to be constrained by cultural taboos and discriminatory social norms;

Whereas the lack of resources for safe and dignified management of menstruation can cause discomfort and psychological stress and add to the shame and sometimes depression that women and girls experience as a result of menstruation-related taboos and stigma;

Whereas women’s health research continues to be understudied, resulting in a lack of research and education around menstrual and uterine health issues such as fibroids, endometriosis, and polycystic ovary syndrome, impacting millions of women in the United States;

Whereas an investment in menstrual health is an investment in gender equity and equality; and

Whereas menstrual health disparities impact economic opportunities and empowerment: Now, therefore, be it

1       *Resolved*, That the House of Representatives—

2               (1) supports the goals and ideals of “National  
3       Menstrual Health Awareness Month”, which are  
4       to—

5               (A) normalize menstruation as a healthy  
6       biological process and eliminate period stigma;

7               (B) educate young people to understand  
8       menstrual health management and its impacts  
9       on the overall physical health, mental health,  
10       and well-being of women, girls, and those who  
11       menstruate;

12              (C) support the development of new sup-  
13       portive standards of menstrual health education  
14       and care for menstruating girls, women, and  
15       people; and

16              (D) improve access to care, treatment, and  
17       information regarding menstrual health, includ-  
18       ing for conditions such as dysmenorrhea,

1           fibroids, endometriosis, and polycystic ovary  
2           syndrome;

3           (2) acknowledges the importance of ensuring  
4           access to appropriate menstrual products and safe,  
5           private sanitation and hygiene facilities in schools  
6           and workplaces in the United States and abroad;

7           (3) recognizes the importance of promoting  
8           health equity and addressing the burden negative  
9           stigmas around menstruation have on women, girls,  
10          and those who menstruate;

11          (4) recognizes the importance of expanding clin-  
12          ical research and health education on conditions im-  
13          pacting menstrual health such as fibroids, endo-  
14          metriosis, polycystic ovary syndrome, and meno-  
15          pause; and

16          (5) supports the designation of a “National  
17          Menstrual Health Awareness Month”.

○