

117TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

H. RES. 1182

Recognizing June 19, 2022, as this year's observance of the historical significance of Juneteenth Independence Day.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JUNE 16, 2022

Ms. JACKSON LEE (for herself, Mr. COOPER, Mr. RASKIN, Mr. MEEKS, Mr. LANGEVIN, Ms. ADAMS, Mr. HIGGINS of New York, Mr. JONES, Ms. DEAN, Mr. CICILLINE, Mr. LIEU, Mrs. HAYES, Ms. CRAIG, Ms. BROWN of Ohio, Ms. LEE of California, Mr. GREEN of Texas, Mrs. DINGELL, Mr. RYAN, Mr. SAN NICOLAS, Ms. CLARK of Massachusetts, Mrs. FLETCHER, Mr. MCNERNEY, Mr. MORELLE, Mr. MCGOVERN, Mrs. DEMINGS, Mr. ALLRED, and Mr. MCEACHIN) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Oversight and Reform

RESOLUTION

Recognizing June 19, 2022, as this year's observance of the historical significance of Juneteenth Independence Day.

Whereas news of the end of slavery did not reach frontier areas of the United States, and in particular the Southwestern States, for more than 2½ years after President Lincoln's Emancipation Proclamation, which was issued on January 1, 1863, and months after the conclusion of the Civil War;

Whereas, on June 19, 1865, Union soldiers led by Major General Gordon Granger arrived in Galveston, Texas,

with news that the Civil War had ended and that the enslaved were free;

Whereas African-Americans who had been slaves in the Southwest celebrated June 19th, commonly known as “Juneteenth Independence Day”, as the anniversary of their emancipation;

Whereas African-Americans from the Southwest continue the tradition of celebrating Juneteenth Independence Day as inspiration and encouragement for future generations;

Whereas for more than 150 years, Juneteenth Independence Day celebrations have been held to honor African-American freedom while encouraging self-development and respect for all cultures;

Whereas, on June 18, 2020, H.R. 7232, the Juneteenth National Independence Day Act was introduced and reintroduced as H.R. 1320, on February 25, 2021, in the House of Representatives, marking the first time in Congress a bill had been introduced to declare Juneteenth a Federal holiday;

Whereas, on June 17, 2022, President Joseph R. Biden, Jr., signed into law the bill that established Juneteenth as a Federal holiday, one day before the first anniversary of the introduction of H.R. 7232, making it the most recent addition to the list of Federal holidays; and

Whereas the faith and strength of character demonstrated by former slaves remains an example for all people of the United States, regardless of background, religion, or race: Now, therefore, be it

1 *Resolved*, That —

2 (1) the House of Representatives—

1 (A) recognizes the historical significance of
2 Juneteenth Independence Day to the Nation;

3 (B) supports the continued celebration of
4 Juneteenth Independence Day to provide an op-
5 portunity for the people of the United States to
6 learn more about the past and to better under-
7 stand the experiences that have shaped the Na-
8 tion; and

9 (C) encourages the people of the United
10 States to observe Juneteenth Independence Day
11 with appropriate ceremonies, activities, and pro-
12 grams; and

13 (2) it is the sense of the House of Representa-
14 tives that—

15 (A) the celebration of the end of slavery is
16 an important and enriching part of the history
17 and heritage of the United States; and

18 (B) history should be regarded as a means
19 for understanding the past and solving the chal-
20 lenges of the future.

○