117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H.R. 958

AN ACT

To codify maternity care coordination programs at the Department of Veterans Affairs, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 2 This Act may be cited as the "Protecting Moms Who
- 3 Served Act".
- 4 SEC. 2. SUPPORT FOR MATERNITY CARE COORDINATION.
- 5 (a) Program on Maternity Care Coordina-
- 6 TION.—
- 7 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Veterans
- 8 Affairs shall carry out the maternity care coordina-
- 9 tion program described in Veterans Health Adminis-
- tration Handbook 1330.03, or any successor hand-
- book.
- 12 (2) Training and support.—In carrying out
- the program under paragraph (1), the Secretary
- shall provide to community maternity care providers
- training and support with respect to the unique
- 16 needs of pregnant and postpartum veterans, particu-
- 17 larly regarding mental and behavioral health condi-
- tions relating to the service of the veterans in the
- 19 Armed Forces.
- 20 (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
- 21 authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary
- 22 \$15,000,000 for fiscal year 2022 for the maternity care
- 23 coordination program. Such amounts are authorized in ad-
- 24 dition to any other amounts authorized for such purpose.
- 25 (c) Definitions.—In this section:

1	(1) The term "community maternity care pro-					
2	viders" means maternity care providers located at					
3	non-Department facilities who provide maternity					
4	care to veterans under section 1703 of title 38					
5	United States Code, or other provisions of law ad					
6	ministered by the Secretary of Veterans Affairs.					
7	(2) The term "non-Department facilities" ha					
8	the meaning given that term in section 1701 of title					
9	38, United States Code.					
10	SEC. 3. REPORT ON MATERNAL MORTALITY AND SEVERE					
11	MATERNAL MORBIDITY AMONG PREGNANT					
12	AND POSTPARTUM VETERANS.					
13	(a) GAO REPORT.—Not later than 2 years after the					
13 14	(a) GAO REPORT.—Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General					
14						
14 15	date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General					
14 15	date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the Committees or					
14151617	date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the Committees on Veterans' Affairs of the Senate and the House of Rep					
14151617	date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the Committees or Veterans' Affairs of the Senate and the House of Representatives, and make publicly available, a report on management of the Senate and the House of Representatives.					
1415161718	date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the Committees on Veterans' Affairs of the Senate and the House of Representatives, and make publicly available, a report on maternal mortality and severe maternal morbidity among					
141516171819	date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the Committees or Veterans' Affairs of the Senate and the House of Representatives, and make publicly available, a report on maternal mortality and severe maternal morbidity among pregnant and postpartum veterans, with a particular focus					
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the Committees on Veterans' Affairs of the Senate and the House of Representatives, and make publicly available, a report on maternal mortality and severe maternal morbidity among pregnant and postpartum veterans, with a particular focus on racial and ethnic disparities in maternal health out-					
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the Committees or Veterans' Affairs of the Senate and the House of Representatives, and make publicly available, a report on maternal mortality and severe maternal morbidity among pregnant and postpartum veterans, with a particular focus on racial and ethnic disparities in maternal health outcomes for veterans.					

1	(A) the number of pregnant and postpar-
2	tum veterans who have experienced a preg-
3	nancy-related death or pregnancy-associated
4	death in the most recent 10 years of available
5	data;
6	(B) the rate of pregnancy-related deaths
7	per 100,000 live births for pregnant and post-
8	partum veterans;
9	(C) the number of cases of severe maternal
10	morbidity among pregnant and postpartum vet-
11	erans in the most recent year of available data;
12	(D) the racial and ethnic disparities in ma-
13	ternal mortality and severe maternal morbidity
14	rates among pregnant and postpartum veterans;
15	(E) identification of the causes of maternal
16	mortality and severe maternal morbidity that
17	are unique to veterans, including post-traumatic
18	stress disorder, military sexual trauma, and in-
19	fertility or miscarriages that may be caused by
20	such service;
21	(F) identification of the causes of maternal
22	mortality and severe maternal morbidity that
23	are unique to veterans from racial and ethnic
24	minority groups and other at-risk populations

as deemed appropriate;

1	(G) identification of any correlations be-					
2	tween the former rank of veterans and their					
3	maternal health outcomes;					
4	(H) the number of veterans who have been					
5	diagnosed with infertility by Veterans Health					
6	Administration providers each year in the most					
7	recent 5 years, disaggregated by age, race, eth-					
8	nicity, sex, marital status, sexual orientati					
9	gender identity, and geographical location;					
10	(I) the number of veterans who receive ϵ					
11	clinical diagnosis of unexplained infertility by					
12	Veterans Health Administration providers each					
13	year in the most recent 5 years; and					
14	(J) the extent to which the rate of inci-					
15	dence of clinically diagnosed infertility among					
16	veterans compare or differ to the rate of inci-					
17	dence of clinically diagnosed infertility among					
18	the civilian population.					
19	(2) An assessment of the barriers to deter-					
20	mining the information required under paragraph					
21	(1) and recommendations for improvements in track-					
22	ing maternal health outcomes among pregnant and					
23	postpartum veterans—					
24	(A) who have health care coverage through					
25	the Department;					

1	(B) enrolled in the TRICARE program;						
2	(C) who are eligible to use the Indian						
3	Health Service, Tribal health programs, or						
4	urban Indian health organizations;						
5	(D) with employer-based or private insur-						
6	ance;						
7	(E) enrolled in the Medicaid program; and						
8	(F) who are uninsured.						
9	(3) Recommendations for legislative and admin-						
10	istrative actions to increase access to mental and be-						
11	havioral health care for pregnant and postpartum						
12	veterans who screen positively for maternal mental						
13	or behavioral health conditions.						
14	(4) Recommendations to address homelessness,						
15	food insecurity, poverty, and related issues among						
16	pregnant and postpartum veterans.						
17	(5) Recommendations on how to effectively edu-						
18	cate maternity care providers on best practices for						
19	providing maternity care services to veterans that						
20	addresses the unique maternal health care needs of						
21	the veteran population.						
22	(6) Recommendations to reduce maternal mor-						
23	tality and severe maternal morbidity among preg-						
24	nant and postpartum veterans and to address racial						
25	and ethnic disparities in maternal health outcomes						

- for each of the groups described in subparagraphs

 (A) through (E) of paragraph (2).
 - (7) Recommendations to improve coordination of care between the Department and non-Department facilities for pregnant and postpartum veterans, including recommendations to improve—
 - (A) health record interoperability; and
 - (B) training for the directors of the Veterans Integrated Service Networks, directors of medical facilities of the Department, chiefs of staff of such facilities, maternity care coordinators, and staff of relevant non-Department facilities.
 - (8) An assessment of the authority of the Secretary of Veterans Affairs to access maternal health data collected by the Department of Health and Human Services and, if applicable, recommendations to increase such authority.
 - (9) To the extent applicable, an assessment of potential causes of or explanations for lower maternal mortality rates among veterans who have health coverage through the Department of Veterans Affairs compared to maternal mortality rates in the general United States population.

(10) Any other information the Comptroller 1 2 General determines appropriate with respect to the 3 reduction of maternal mortality and severe maternal 4 morbidity among pregnant and postpartum veterans 5 and to address racial and ethnic disparities in ma-6 ternal health outcomes for veterans.

7 SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.

8 In this Act:

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- (1) Maternal Mortality.—The term "maternal mortality" means a death occurring during or within a 1-year period after pregnancy, caused by pregnancy-related or childbirth complications, including a suicide, overdose, or other death resulting from a mental health or substance use disorder attributed to or aggravated by pregnancy-related or childbirth complications.
 - (2) Postpartum and Postpartum Period.— The terms "postpartum" and "postpartum period" refer to the 1-year period beginning on the last day of the pregnancy of an individual.
- (3)Pregnancy-associated DEATH.—The term "pregnancy-associated death" means a death of 22 23 a pregnant or postpartum individual, by any cause, 24 that occurs during, or within 1 year following, the

- individual's pregnancy, regardless of the outcome,
 duration, or site of the pregnancy.
- (4) Pregnancy-related death.—The term "pregnancy-related death" means a death of a preg-nant or postpartum individual that occurs during, or within 1 year following, the individual's pregnancy, from a pregnancy complication, a chain of events initiated by pregnancy, or the aggravation of an un-related condition by the physiologic effects of preg-nancy.
 - (5) RACIAL AND ETHNIC MINORITY GROUP.—
 The term "racial and ethnic minority group" has the meaning given such term in section 1707(g)(1) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300u–6(g)(1)).
 - (6) SEVERE MATERNAL MORBIDITY.—The term "severe maternal morbidity" means a health condition, including mental health conditions and substance use disorders, attributed to or aggravated by pregnancy or childbirth that results in significant

- 1 short-term or long-term consequences to the health
- of the individual who was pregnant.
 Passed the House of Representatives May 12, 2021.
 Attest:

Clerk.

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