

117TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

H. R. 9361

To establish criminal penalties for failing to inform and warn of serious dangers.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

NOVEMBER 29, 2022

Ms. SCANLON introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To establish criminal penalties for failing to inform and warn of serious dangers.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the “Hide No Harm Act
5 of 2022”.

6 SEC. 2. CRIMINAL PENALTIES.

7 (a) IN GENERAL.—Part I of title 18, United States
8 Code, is amended by inserting after chapter 101 the fol-
9 lowing:

1 “CHAPTER 101A—REPORTING STANDARDS

“Sec.

“2081. Definitions.

“2082. Failure to inform and warn.

“2083. Relationship to existing law.

2 “§ 2081. Definitions

3 “In this chapter—

4 “(1) the term ‘appropriate Federal agency’
5 means an agency with jurisdiction over a covered
6 product, covered service, or business practice;

7 “(2) the term ‘business entity’ means a cor-
8 poration, company, association, firm, partnership,
9 sole proprietor, or other entity engaged in the oper-
10 ation of a business;

11 “(3) the term ‘business practice’ means a meth-
12 od or practice of—

13 “(A) manufacturing, assembling, design-
14 ing, researching, importing, or distributing a
15 covered product;

16 “(B) conducting, providing, or preparing
17 to provide a covered service; or

18 “(C) otherwise carrying out business oper-
19 ations relating to covered products or covered
20 services;

21 “(4) the term ‘covered product’ means a prod-
22 uct manufactured, assembled, designed, researched,

1 imported, or distributed by a business entity that en-
2 ters interstate commerce;

3 “(5) the term ‘covered service’ means a service
4 conducted, provided, or prepared by a business enti-
5 ty that enters interstate commerce;

6 “(6) the term ‘responsible corporate officer’
7 means a person who—

8 “(A) is an employer, director, or officer of
9 a business entity;

10 “(B) has the responsibility and authority,
11 by reason of his or her position in the business
12 entity and in accordance with the rules or prac-
13 tice of the business entity, to acquire knowledge
14 of any serious danger associated with a covered
15 product (or component of a covered product),
16 covered service, or business practice of the busi-
17 ness entity; and

18 “(C) has the responsibility, by reason of
19 his or her position in the business entity, to
20 communicate information about the serious
21 danger to—

22 “(i) an appropriate Federal agency;

23 “(ii) employees of the business entity;

24 or

1 “(iii) individuals, other than employees of the business entity, who may be exposed to the serious danger;

4 “(7) the term ‘serious bodily injury’ means an impairment of the physical condition of an individual, including as a result of trauma, repetitive motion, or disease, that—

8 “(A) creates a substantial risk of death; or

9 “(B) causes—

10 “(i) serious permanent disfigurement;

11 “(ii) unconsciousness;

12 “(iii) extreme pain; or

13 “(iv) permanent or protracted loss or impairment of the function of any bodily member, organ, bodily system, or mental faculty;

17 “(8) the term ‘serious danger’ means a danger, not readily apparent to a reasonable person, that the normal or reasonably foreseeable use of, or the exposure of an individual to, a covered product, covered service, or business practice has an imminent risk of causing death or serious bodily injury to an individual; and

24 “(9) the term ‘warn affected employees’ means take reasonable steps to give, to each individual who

1 is exposed or may be exposed to a serious danger in
2 the course of work for a business entity, a descrip-
3 tion of the serious danger that is sufficient to make
4 the individual aware of the serious danger.

5 **“§ 2082. Failure to inform and warn**

6 “(a) REQUIREMENT.—After acquiring actual knowl-
7 edge of a serious danger associated with a covered product
8 (or component of a covered product), covered service, or
9 business practice of a business entity, a business entity
10 and any responsible corporate officer with respect to the
11 covered product, covered service, or business practice,
12 shall—

13 “(1) as soon as practicable and not later than
14 24 hours after acquiring such knowledge, verbally
15 inform an appropriate Federal agency of the serious
16 danger, unless the business entity or responsible cor-
17 porate officer has actual knowledge that an appro-
18 priate Federal agency has been so informed;

19 “(2) not later than 15 days after acquiring such
20 knowledge, inform an appropriate Federal agency in
21 writing of the serious danger, unless the business
22 entity or responsible corporate officer has actual
23 knowledge than an appropriate Federal agency has
24 been so informed;

1 “(3) as soon as practicable, warn affected em-
2 ployees in writing, unless the business entity or re-
3 sponsible corporate officer has actual knowledge that
4 affected employees have been so warned; and

5 “(4) as soon as practicable, inform individuals,
6 other than affected employees, who may be exposed
7 to the serious danger of the serious danger if such
8 individuals can reasonably be identified, unless the
9 business entity or responsible corporate officer has
10 actual knowledge that such individuals have been
11 warned.

12 “(b) PENALTY.—

13 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Any business entity or re-
14 sponsible corporate officer who knowingly violates
15 subsection (a) shall be fined under this title, impris-
16 oned for not more than 5 years, or both.

17 “(2) PROHIBITION OF PAYMENT BY BUSINESS
18 ENTITIES.—If a final judgment is rendered and a
19 fine is imposed on an individual under this sub-
20 section, the fine may not be paid, directly or indi-
21 rectly, out of the assets of any business entity on be-
22 half of the individual.

23 “(c) CIVIL ACTION TO PROTECT AGAINST RETALIA-
24 TION.—

1 “(1) PROHIBITION.—It shall be unlawful to
2 knowingly discriminate against any person in the
3 terms or conditions of employment, in retention in
4 employment, or in hiring because the person in-
5 formed a Federal agency, warned employees, or in-
6 formed other individuals of a serious danger associ-
7 ated with a covered product, covered service, or busi-
8 ness practice, as required under this section.

9 “(2) ENFORCEMENT ACTION.—

10 “(A) IN GENERAL.—A person who alleges
11 discharge or other discrimination by any person
12 in violation of paragraph (1) may seek relief
13 under paragraph (3), by—

14 “(i) filing a complaint with the Sec-
15 retary of Labor; or

16 “(ii) if the Secretary of Labor has not
17 issued a final decision within 180 days of
18 the filing of the complaint and there is no
19 showing that such delay is due to the bad
20 faith of the claimant, bringing an action at
21 law or equity for de novo review in the ap-
22 propriate district court of the United
23 States, which shall have jurisdiction over
24 such an action without regard to the
25 amount in controversy.

1 “(B) PROCEDURE.—

2 “(i) IN GENERAL.—An action under
3 subparagraph (A)(i) shall be governed
4 under the rules and procedures set forth in
5 section 42121(b) of title 49.

6 “(ii) EXCEPTION.—Notification made
7 under section 42121(b)(1) of title 49 shall
8 be made to the person named in the com-
9 plaint and to the employer.

10 “(iii) BURDENS OF PROOF.—An ac-
11 tion brought under subparagraph (A)(ii)
12 shall be governed by the legal burdens of
13 proof set forth in section 42121(b) of title
14 49.

15 “(iv) STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS.—An
16 action under subparagraph (A) shall be
17 commenced not later than 180 days after
18 the date on which the violation occurs, or
19 after the date on which the employee be-
20 came aware of the violation.

21 “(v) JURY TRIAL.—A party to an ac-
22 tion brought under subparagraph (A)(ii)
23 shall be entitled to trial by jury.

24 “(3) REMEDIES.—

1 “(A) IN GENERAL.—An employee pre-
2 vailing in any action under paragraph (2)(A)
3 shall be entitled to all relief necessary to make
4 the employee whole.

5 “(B) COMPENSATORY DAMAGES.—Relief
6 for any action under subparagraph (A) shall in-
7 clude—

8 “(i) reinstatement with the same se-
9 niority status that the employee would
10 have had, but for the discrimination;

11 “(ii) the amount of back pay, with in-
12 terest; and

13 “(iii) compensation for any special
14 damages sustained as a result of the dis-
15 crimination, including litigation costs, ex-
16 pert witness fees, and reasonable attorney
17 fees.

18 “(4) RIGHTS RETAINED BY EMPLOYEE.—Noth-
19 ing in this subsection shall be deemed to diminish
20 the rights, privileges, or remedies of any employee
21 under any Federal or State law, or under any collec-
22 tive bargaining agreement.

23 “(5) NONENFORCEABILITY OF CERTAIN PROVI-
24 SIONS WAIVING RIGHTS AND REMEDIES OR REQUIR-
25 ING ARBITRATION OF DISPUTES.—

1 “(A) WAIVER OF RIGHTS AND REM-
2 EDIES.—The rights and remedies provided for
3 in this subsection may not be waived by any
4 agreement, policy form, or condition of employ-
5 ment, including by a predispute arbitration
6 agreement.

7 “(B) PREDISPUTE ARBITRATION AGREE-
8 MENTS.—No predispute arbitration agreement
9 shall be valid or enforceable, if the agreement
10 requires arbitration of a dispute arising under
11 this subsection.

12 **“§ 2083. Relationship to existing law**

13 “(a) RIGHTS TO INTERVENE.—Nothing in this chap-
14 ter shall be construed to limit the right of any individual
15 or group of individuals to initiate, intervene in, or other-
16 wise participate in any proceeding before a regulatory
17 agency or court, nor to relieve any regulatory agency,
18 court, or other public body of any obligation, or affect its
19 discretion to permit intervention or participation by an in-
20 dividual or a group or class of consumers, employees, or
21 citizens in any proceeding or activity.

22 “(b) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this
23 chapter shall be construed to—

1 “(1) increase the time period for informing of
2 a serious danger or other harm under any other pro-
3 vision of law; or

4 “(2) limit or otherwise reduce the penalties for
5 any violation of Federal or State law under any
6 other provision of law.”.

7 (b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—
8 The table of chapters for part I of title 18, United States
9 Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to
10 chapter 101 the following:

“**101A. Reporting standards** **2081**”.

11 (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
12 subsections (a) and (b) shall take effect on the date that
13 is 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act.

