

113TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. R. 852

To posthumously award a Congressional gold medal to Shirley Chisholm.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

FEBRUARY 27, 2013

Mr. RANGEL (for himself, Mr. BISHOP of Georgia, Ms. BROWN of Florida, Mr. BUTTERFIELD, Mrs. CHRISTENSEN, Ms. CLARKE, Mr. CLAY, Mr. COHEN, Mr. CONYERS, Mr. CUMMINGS, Mr. DANNY K. DAVIS of Illinois, Mr. FATAH, Ms. FUDGE, Mr. AL GREEN of Texas, Mr. GRIJALVA, Ms. HAHN, Mr. HASTINGS of Florida, Mr. HOLT, Ms. EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON of Texas, Ms. LEE of California, Mr. LEWIS, Mrs. CAROLYN B. MALONEY of New York, Ms. MCCOLLUM, Mr. MEEKS, Ms. MOORE, Ms. NORTON, Mr. PAYNE, Mr. RUSH, Mr. SCOTT of Virginia, Ms. SHEA-PORTER, Ms. SLAUGHTER, Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi, Mr. WATT, and Mr. VAN HOLLEN) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Financial Services

A BILL

To posthumously award a Congressional gold medal to
Shirley Chisholm.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Shirley Chisholm Con-
5 gressional Gold Medal Act”.

1 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

2 The Congress finds as follows:

3 (1) Shirley Chisholm was a pioneer: She was
4 the first African-American woman elected to Con-
5 gress in 1968 where she served until 1982.

6 (2) Shirley Chisholm inspired and led the
7 march of political achievement by African-Americans
8 and women in the three decades since she ran for
9 the Presidency of the United States.

10 (3) Her election to Congress and her candidacy
11 for the Presidency raised the profile and aspirations
12 of all African-Americans and women in the field of
13 politics.

14 (4) Shirley Chisholm was recognized for her ac-
15 tivism, independence, and groundbreaking achieve-
16 ments in politics during and after the civil rights
17 era.

18 (5) Shirley Chisholm was born in Brooklyn,
19 New York, on November 30, 1924, attended Brook-
20 lyn College, and earned a Master's degree from Co-
21 lumbia University.

22 (6) Shirley Chisholm worked in education and
23 social services before being elected to the New York
24 State Assembly in 1964.

25 (7) Shirley Chisholm established the Unity
26 Democratic Club in 1960, which played a significant

1 role in rallying Black and Hispanic voters in New
2 York City.

3 (8) In 1969, Shirley Chisholm began her service
4 in the 91st Congress, representing Brooklyn's 12th
5 Congressional District in the United States House of
6 Representatives.

7 (9) During her service in the House of Rep-
8 resentatives, Shirley Chisholm promoted the employ-
9 ment of women in Congress and was vocal in her
10 support of civil rights, women's rights, and the poor,
11 while fervently opposing the Vietnam War.

12 (10) In 1972, Shirley Chisholm was the first
13 African-American to seek the nomination of a major
14 party for President of the United States.

15 (11) Shirley Chisholm was a co-founder of the
16 National Organization for Women.

17 (12) An historic figure in American political
18 history, Shirley Chisholm died at the age of 80 in
19 Ormond Beach, Florida, on New Year's Day 2005.

20 **SEC. 3. CONGRESSIONAL GOLD MEDAL.**

21 (a) PRESENTATION AUTHORIZED.—The Speaker of
22 the House of Representatives and the President pro tem-
23 pore of the Senate shall make appropriate arrangements
24 for the posthumous presentation, on behalf of the Con-
25 gress, of a gold medal of appropriate design in commemo-

1 ration of Shirley Chisholm, in recognition of her activism,
2 independence, and groundbreaking achievements in poli-
3 tics, her election as the first African-American woman in
4 the Congress, and her campaign to be the first African-
5 American to gain the nomination of a major political party
6 for President of the United States.

7 (b) DESIGN AND STRIKING.—For purposes of the
8 presentation referred to in subsection (a), the Secretary
9 of the Treasury (referred to in this Act as the “Sec-
10 retary”) shall strike a gold medal with suitable emblems,
11 devices, and inscriptions, to be determined by the Sec-
12 retary.

13 **SEC. 4. DUPLICATE MEDALS.**

14 The Secretary may strike and sell duplicates in
15 bronze of the gold medal struck pursuant to section 3
16 under such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, at
17 a price sufficient to cover the cost thereof, including labor,
18 materials, dies, use of machinery, and overhead expenses,
19 and the cost of the gold medal.

20 **SEC. 5. STATUS OF MEDALS.**

21 (a) NATIONAL MEDALS.—The medals struck pursu-
22 ant to this Act are national medals for purposes of chapter
23 51 of title 31, United States Code.

1 (b) NUMISMATIC ITEMS.—For purposes of section
2 5134 of title 31, United States Code, all medals struck
3 under this Act shall be considered to be numismatic items.

4 **SEC. 6. AUTHORITY TO USE FUND AMOUNTS; PROCEEDS OF**
5 **SALE.**

6 (a) AUTHORITY TO USE FUND AMOUNTS.—There is
7 authorized to be charged against the United States Mint
8 Public Enterprise Fund, such amounts as may be nec-
9 essary to pay for the costs of the medals struck pursuant
10 to this Act.

11 (b) PROCEEDS OF SALE.—Amounts received from the
12 sale of duplicate bronze medals authorized under section
13 4 shall be deposited into the United States Mint Public
14 Enterprise Fund.

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