

118TH CONGRESS  
2D SESSION

# H. R. 8329

To reauthorize and modify the Belarus Democracy Act of 2004.

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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MAY 8, 2024

Mr. SMITH of New Jersey (for himself, Mr. KEATING, Mr. KEAN of New Jersey, Ms. KAPTUR, and Mr. WILSON of South Carolina) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and in addition to the Committees on Financial Services, and the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

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# A BILL

To reauthorize and modify the Belarus Democracy Act of  
2004.

1       *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*

2       *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3       **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4       This Act may be cited as the “Belarus Democracy,

5 Human Rights, and Sovereignty Act of 2024”.

1 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

2       Section 2 of the Belarus Democracy Act of 2004  
3 (Public Law 108–347; 22 U.S.C. 5811 note) is amended  
4 to read as follows:

5 **“SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

6       “Congress finds the following:

7           “(1) The International Covenant on Civil and  
8 Political Rights, done in New York December 19,  
9 1966, was ratified by Belarus in 1973, guaranteeing  
10 Belarusians the freedom of expression and the free-  
11 dom of association.

12          “(2) Alyaksandr Lukashenka has ruled Belarus  
13 as an undemocratic dictatorship since the first presi-  
14 dential election in Belarus in 1994, and subsequent  
15 presidential elections have been neither free nor fair,  
16 failing to meet minimal international electoral stand-  
17 ards.

18          “(3) In response to the repression and violence  
19 during the 2006 presidential election, Congress  
20 passed the Belarus Democracy Reauthorization Act  
21 of 2006 (Public Law 109–480).

22          “(4) In 2006, President George W. Bush issued  
23 Executive Order 13405, titled ‘Blocking Property of  
24 Certain Persons Undermining Democratic Processes  
25 or Institutions in Belarus’, which authorized the im-

1 position of sanctions against persons responsible  
2 for—

3 “(A) undermining democratic processes in  
4 Belarus; or

5 “(B) participating in human rights abuses  
6 related to political repression in Belarus.

7 “(5) In March 2011, the Senate unanimously  
8 passed Senate Resolution 105, which—

9 “(A) condemned the December 2010 elec-  
10 tion in Belarus as ‘illegitimate, fraudulent, and  
11 not representative of the will or the aspirations  
12 of the voters in Belarus’; and

13 “(B) called on the Lukashenka regime ‘to  
14 immediately and unconditionally release all po-  
15 political prisoners in Belarus who were arrested in  
16 association with the December 19, 2010, elec-  
17 tion’.

18 “(6) The Government of Belarus continues to  
19 engage in a pattern of clear and persistent gross vio-  
20 lations of internationally recognized human rights,  
21 and basic principles of democratic governance.

22 “(7) The Government of Belarus continues to  
23 subject thousands of pro-democracy political activists  
24 and peaceful protesters to harassment, beatings, and  
25 imprisonment, particularly as a result of their at-

1       tempts to peacefully exercise their right to freedom  
2       of assembly and association.

3           “(8) The Government of Belarus continues to  
4       suppress independent media and journalists and to  
5       restrict access to the internet, including social media  
6       and other digital communication platforms, in viola-  
7       tion of the right to freedom of speech and expression  
8       of those dissenting from the dictatorship of  
9       Alyaksandr Lukashenka.

10          “(9) The Government of Belarus continues a  
11       systematic campaign of harassment, repression, and  
12       closure of nongovernmental organizations, including  
13       independent trade unions and entrepreneurs, cre-  
14       ating a climate of fear that inhibits the development  
15       of civil society and social solidarity.

16          “(10) The Government of Belarus has pursued  
17       a policy undermining the country’s sovereignty and  
18       independence by making Belarus’ political, economic,  
19       cultural, and societal interests subservient to those  
20       of Russia.

21          “(11) The Government of Belarus continues to  
22       reduce the independence of Belarus through integra-  
23       tion into a so-called ‘Union State’ that is under the  
24       control of Russia.

1           “(12) In advance of the August 2020 presi-  
2       dential elections in Belarus, authorities acting on be-  
3       half of President Lukashenka arrested journalists,  
4       bloggers, political activists, and the leading political  
5       opposition candidates, leading to demonstrations in  
6       support of democracy.

7           “(13) On August 9, 2020, the Government of  
8       Belarus conducted a presidential election that was  
9       held under undemocratic conditions, did not meet  
10      international standards, involved government malfea-  
11      sance and serious irregularities with ballot counting  
12      and the reporting of election results, and included  
13      restrictive measures that impeded the work of local  
14      independent observers and did not provide sufficient  
15      notice to the Organization for Security and Coopera-  
16      tion in Europe (OSCE) to allow for the OSCE to  
17      monitor the elections, as is customary.

18           “(14) Illegitimate president Alyaksandr  
19       Lukashenka declared a landslide victory in the elec-  
20       tion and claimed to have received more than 80 per-  
21       cent of the votes cast in the election.

22           “(15) The leading opposition candidate,  
23       Sviatlana Tsikhanouskaya, formally disputed the re-  
24       ported results and was detained by government au-  
25       thorities before being forced into exile in Lithuania.

1           “(16) Later in August, 2020, the United States  
2       Deputy Secretary of State, Stephen Biegun, and Eu-  
3       ropean Union High Representative for Foreign and  
4       Security Policy, Josep Borrell, issued statements de-  
5       claring the Belarus elections to be fraudulent and  
6       neither free nor fair.

7           “(17) Following the illegitimate election results,  
8       tens of thousands of Belarusian protestors took to  
9       the streets, led predominately by women, resulting in  
10      the largest protest rallies in Belarus’ modern his-  
11      tory, with over 1,400 reported as injured by  
12      Belarusian police in August and September 2020,  
13      over 37,000 detained by May 2021, and several  
14      killed for protesting the fraudulent election.

15           “(18) The Government of Belarus has consist-  
16      ently restricted the free flow of information to si-  
17      lence the opposition and to conceal the regime’s vio-  
18      lent crackdown on peaceful protestors, including  
19      through the suppression of independent media and  
20      journalists, and disruption of free internet access.

21           “(19) After the employees of state media out-  
22      lets walked off the job in protest rather than help  
23      report misleading government propaganda,  
24      Lukashenka confirmed that he ‘asked the Russians’

1 to send teams of Russian journalists to replace local  
2 employees.

3 “(20) Following Alyaksandr Lukashenka’s Sep-  
4 tember 23, 2020, inauguration, the United States,  
5 the European Union, numerous European states, the  
6 United Kingdom, and Canada announced that they  
7 cannot consider Mr. Lukashenka as the legitimately  
8 elected leader of Belarus.

9 “(21) As a result of the Lukashenka regime’s  
10 violence against the Belarusian people and depriva-  
11 tion of their fundamental rights, the United States  
12 Congress passed and the President signed into law  
13 the Belarus Democracy, Human Rights, and Sov-  
14 ereignty Act of 2020 to demand the rights of the  
15 Belarusian people be respected and to hold account-  
16 able those who undermine them.

17 “(22) As a result of the Lukashenka regime’s  
18 violence against its own people, in December 2020,  
19 Members of Congress and transatlantic parliamen-  
20 tarians wrote a letter to the International Ice Hock-  
21 ey Federation President demanding the Champion-  
22 ship be relocated from Belarus.

23 “(23) In response to the Government of  
24 Belarus’ repressive actions following the 2020 elec-  
25 tion, the United States, along with the European

1 Union, imposed various sanctions packages on individuals and entities involved with the suppression of  
2 democracy in Belarus, including—  
3

4 “(A) the Central Election Commission of  
5 the Republic of Belarus and officials determined to be responsible for undermining democracy in Belarus;  
6  
7

8 “(B) entities and persons determined to be  
9 involved in the violent suppression of protestors,  
10 such as the Minsk Special Purpose Police Unit,  
11 the Main Internal Affairs Directorate of the  
12 Minsk City Executive Committee, and KGB  
13 Alpha; and

14 “(C) state-owned enterprises that provide  
15 revenue to support Lukashenka’s authoritarian  
16 regime.

17 “(24) In April 2021, the House of Representatives passed House Resolution 124 reaffirming that  
18 the August 2020 elections were neither free nor fair  
19 and that the House of Representatives does not recognize Alyaksandr Lukashenka as Belarus’ legitimate president.  
20  
21

22  
23 “(25) On May 23, 2021, the Government of  
24 Belarus forced Ryanair Flight 4978 to land in  
25 Belarus as it neared the border of Lithuania after

1 calling in a false bomb report and subsequently ar-  
2 rested independent Belarusian opposition blogger  
3 and political activist Raman Pratasevich and his  
4 girlfriend, threatening the safety of every passenger  
5 aboard the civilian flight, and ultimately detaining  
6 Pratasevich as a political prisoner.

7 “(26) In May 2021, the European Union  
8 pledged a comprehensive plan of economic support  
9 worth up to 3 billion euros to assist in the develop-  
10 ment of a future, democratic Belarus following a  
11 democratic transition.

12 “(27) As of April 2024, the Government of  
13 Belarus, led illegally by Alyaksandr Lukashenka, un-  
14 lawfully holds nearly 1,400 people as political pris-  
15 oners, including dozens of journalists such as Ihar  
16 Losik and Andrey Kuznechyk from Radio Free Eu-  
17 rope/Radio Liberty.

18 “(28) The Government of Belarus, led illegally  
19 by Alyaksandr Lukashenka, has consistently  
20 weaponized migrants and asylum seekers by trans-  
21 porting them to Belarus’ borders with the NATO  
22 and European Union countries of Latvia, Lithuania,  
23 and Poland in an attempt to destabilize each country  
24 by creating diplomatic border crises, and in violation  
25 of the migrant and asylum seekers’ human rights.

1           “(29) The Government of Belarus has been  
2 complicit in Russia’s illegal and full-scale invasion of  
3 Ukraine.

4           “(30) In advance of Russia’s unprovoked war of  
5 aggression against Ukraine, Alyaksandr Lukashenka  
6 opened Belarus’ borders to the Russian military,  
7 serving as a staging area, providing bases for train-  
8 ing and for launching air strikes and invasion forces,  
9 and providing logistical support to the Russian inva-  
10 sion force which attacked Ukraine in February  
11 2022.

12           “(31) In February 2022, just days after Rus-  
13 sia’s unprovoked invasion of Ukraine, Alyaksandr  
14 Lukashenka held a constitutional referendum de-  
15 scribed by the Department of State as ‘not free or  
16 fair’ which, among other provisions, would endow  
17 Lukashenka with lifetime immunity from prosecu-  
18 tion for his crimes, allow Russian nuclear weapons  
19 to be stationed on the territory of Belarus, and for-  
20 mally revoke Belarus’ status as a neutral nation.

21           “(32) Since the start of Russia’s brutal and  
22 unprovoked war of aggression in Ukraine, the Gov-  
23 ernment of Belarus has consistently worked to fur-  
24 ther the so-called ‘Union State’ with the Russian

1       Federation and deepen joint military and economic  
2       ties to support Russia's war effort.

3               “(33) Throughout Russia's brutal and  
4       unprovoked war of aggression in Ukraine, the Gov-  
5       ernment of Belarus has participated in the abduc-  
6       tion and illegal deportation of Ukrainian civilians  
7       from territory occupied by the Russian Federation,  
8       including thousands of children sent to facilities in  
9       Belarus for ‘re-education’ as detailed in a November  
10      2023 report by the Yale University Humanitarian  
11      Research Lab’s Conflict Observatory.

12               “(34) The now-suspended Belarusian branch of  
13       the Red Cross has publicly confirmed its involvement  
14       in transferring children from Ukraine to the terri-  
15       tory of Belarus, and the illegitimate leader of the  
16       Government of Belarus, Alyaksandr Lukashenka,  
17       has publicly confirmed that he permitted these  
18       transfers.

19               “(35) In Spring 2023, the Government of  
20       Belarus announced plans for the deployment of nu-  
21       clear weapons from the Russian Federation to the  
22       territory of Belarus, which reportedly began in the  
23       summer of this same year.

24               “(36) The Government of Belarus has harbored  
25       the Wagner Group, a private military company the

1       United States has designated as a Transnational  
2       Criminal Organization, and provided facilities, re-  
3       sources, and a staging ground for the group's crimi-  
4       nal operations.

5           “(37) The Government of Belarus has report-  
6       edly provided the Government of the Russian Fed-  
7       eration with tens of thousands of tons of ammuni-  
8       tion throughout Russia’s unprovoked war of aggres-  
9       sion in Ukraine.

10          “(38) As a result of the Government of  
11       Belarus’ support to the Russian Federation during  
12       its unprovoked war of aggression against Ukraine,  
13       the United States, the European Union, and the  
14       United Kingdom have repeatedly issued further  
15       sanctions packages against the Lukashenka regime  
16       to target Belarusian military officers as well as indi-  
17       viduals in the military sector, restrictions on entities  
18       in Belarus’ defense and industrial sectors, and enti-  
19       ties that provide support to Belarus’ military and in-  
20       dustrial sectors.

21          “(39) The Government of Belarus is reportedly  
22       engaging in the purchase of significant amount of  
23       military equipment from the sanctioned Islamic Re-  
24       public of Iran.

1           “(40) On August 6, 2023, the Belarusian  
2 democratic opposition issued a declaration express-  
3 ing their objective of developing democracy in  
4 Belarus and pursuing membership in the European  
5 Union and, by extension, joining the Trans-Atlantic  
6 community.

7           “(41) The democratic opposition of Belarus  
8 have called on the Government of Belarus, led ille-  
9 gally by Alyaksandr Lukashenka, to end its com-  
10 plicity and involvement in the war in Ukraine, and  
11 urged against the conscription of men into the  
12 Belarusian military.

13           “(42) On February 28, 2022, the Department  
14 of State ordered the departure of United States Gov-  
15 ernment employees and the suspension of operations  
16 of the United States Embassy in Minsk.

17           “(43) On August 21, 2023, the United States  
18 Government directed all United States citizens to  
19 leave Belarus immediately due to the illegitimate  
20 Belarusian authorities’ continued cooperation with  
21 the Russian military and facilitation of Russia’s  
22 unprovoked war of aggression against Ukraine, and  
23 the risk of detention and arbitrary enforcement of  
24 local laws against United States citizens.

1           “(44) In September 2023, the Government of  
2 Belarus deprived Belarusians living abroad of their  
3 ability to renew their passports through Belarusian  
4 embassies in an attempt to make life difficult for  
5 and to force exiles, critics, and expats to return to  
6 Belarus for document renewal and possibly face per-  
7 secution.

8           “(45) In December 2023, the United States  
9 Government held a Strategic Dialogue with the  
10 Belarusian democratic opposition and civil society  
11 and subsequently announced a continuation of ef-  
12 forts to hold Alyaksandr Lukashenka and his regime  
13 accountable for their crimes, a commitment to sup-  
14 porting Belarusian culture, sovereignty, and national  
15 identity, as well as the need for future working  
16 groups with the democratic opposition.”.

17 **SEC. 3. STATEMENT OF POLICY.**

18       Section 3 of the Belarus Democracy Act of 2004  
19 (Public Law 108–347; 22 U.S.C. 5811 note) is amended  
20 to read as follows:

21 **“SEC. 3. STATEMENT OF POLICY.**

22       “It is the policy of the United States—  
23           “(1) to condemn—

1                 “(A) the conduct of the August 9, 2020,  
2                 presidential election in Belarus, which was nei-  
3                 ther free nor fair;

4                 “(B) the Belarusian authorities’ unrelent-  
5                 ing crackdown on, arbitrary arrests of, and vio-  
6                 lence against opposition candidates, democratic  
7                 opposition, peaceful protestors, human rights  
8                 activists, employees from state-owned enter-  
9                 prises participating in strikes, independent elec-  
10                 tion observers, and independent journalists and  
11                 bloggers; and

12                 “(C) the unjustified detention and forced  
13                 or attempted deportation of members of the Co-  
14                 ordination Council and United Transitional  
15                 Cabinet in Belarus;

16                 “(2) to condemn the illegitimate Belarusian au-  
17                 thorities’ allowance of Russian nuclear weapons to  
18                 be deployed to Belarusian territory, their continued  
19                 political and material support for Russia’s  
20                 unprovoked war of aggression in Ukraine, and their  
21                 continued participation in abducting and deporting  
22                 Ukrainian children from territory occupied by the  
23                 Russian Federation to the territory of Belarus;

24                 “(3) to condemn the presence of Russian forces  
25                 on Belarusian territory and demand the cessation of

1       the use of Belarusian territory by Russian forces as  
2       a staging ground for Russia's illegal, full-scale war  
3       of aggression against Ukraine or for the prevention  
4       of a peaceful democratic transition in Belarus;

5           “(4) to demand accountability for the illegal  
6       Lukashenka regime's complicity in the crime of ag-  
7       gression against Ukraine through international jus-  
8       tice mechanisms;

9           “(5) to condemn the weaponization of migrants  
10      wherein the Government of Belarus, led illegally by  
11      Alyaksandr Lukashenka, has sent thousands of mi-  
12      grants to the borders of Poland and Lithuania in an  
13      attempt to destabilize the border region;

14           “(6) to continue demanding the immediate re-  
15      lease without preconditions of all political prisoners  
16      in Belarus and those arrested for peacefully pro-  
17      testing, including all those individuals detained in  
18      connection with the August 9, 2020, fraudulent  
19      presidential election;

20           “(7) to stand in solidarity with the people of  
21      Belarus, including human rights defenders, bloggers,  
22      and journalists, who are exercising their right to  
23      freedom of assembly, freedom of expression, and rule  
24      of law and to continue supporting the aspirations of

1       the people of Belarus for democracy, human rights,  
2       and the rule of law;

3           “(8) to continue actively supporting the aspira-  
4       tions of the people of the Republic of Belarus to pre-  
5       serve the independence and sovereignty of their  
6       country;

7           “(9) to continue refusing to recognize  
8       Alyaksandr Lukashenka’s illegitimate regime and to  
9       continue supporting calls for Belarusian presidential  
10      and parliamentary elections to be conducted in a  
11      manner that is free and fair according to Organiza-  
12      tion for Security and Cooperation in Europe  
13      (OSCE) standards and under the supervision of  
14      OSCE observers and independent domestic observ-  
15      ers, including in the 2025 presidential elections;

16           “(10) to continue calling for the Government of  
17       Belarus to fulfill its freely undertaken obligations as  
18       an OSCE participating state and as a signatory of  
19       the Charter of the United Nations;

20           “(11) to recognize the Coordination Council  
21       and the United Transitional Cabinet as legitimate  
22       institutions to participate in a dialogue on a peaceful  
23       transition of power, and to support these institutions  
24       prior to and during such a transition should it take  
25       place;

1               “(12) to condemn the deprivation of consular  
2 services to Belarusian citizens living abroad, includ-  
3 ing representatives of the Belarusian democratic op-  
4 position, and urge the United States to raise this to  
5 the United Nations High Commissioner for Refu-  
6 gees, the International Organization for Migration,  
7 the Council of Europe, and the Organization for Se-  
8 curity and Cooperation in Europe;

9               “(13) to encourage the United States Govern-  
10 ment to continue working closely with the European  
11 Union, the United Kingdom, Canada, and other  
12 countries and international organizations to continue  
13 to impose targeted sanctions against officials in  
14 Belarus who are responsible for—

15               “(A) undermining democratic processes in  
16 Belarus;

17               “(B) participating in gross violations of  
18 internationally recognized human rights related  
19 to political repression in Belarus and under-  
20 mining rule of law for the people of Belarus; or

21               “(C) enabling or facilitating Russia’s war  
22 in Ukraine;

23               “(14) to call on the Government of Belarus to  
24 uphold its human rights obligations, including those

1       rights enumerated in the International Covenant on  
2       Civil and Political Rights;

3               “(15) to encourage the United States to expedi-  
4       tiously appoint a U.S. Special Envoy for Belarus to  
5       fill the role vacated in June 2022; and

6               “(16) to support the use of the Strategic Dia-  
7       logue between the United States Government as a  
8       means of furthering ties between the United States  
9       Government and the representatives of the demo-  
10       cratic opposition of Belarus in pursuit of objectives,  
11       including—

12               “(A) accountability for the Lukashenka re-  
13       gime’s gross violations of internationally recog-  
14       nized human rights and domestic repressions;

15               “(B) increasing partnerships with the  
16       Belarusian people by supporting investments  
17       such as the United States Agency for Inter-  
18       national Development’s dedicated Belarus  
19       Country Representative Office in Vilnius, Lith-  
20       uania; and

21               “(C) initiating cultural programming dedi-  
22       cated to protecting Belarusian language, cul-  
23       ture, and national identity.”.

## 1 SEC. 4. ASSISTANCE TO PROMOTE DEMOCRACY, CIVIL SO-

## 2 CIETY, AND SOVEREIGNTY IN BELARUS.

3 Section 4 of the Belarus Democracy Act of 2004

4 (Public Law 108–347; 22 U.S.C. 5811 note) is amend-

5 ed—

6 (1) in subsection (a)—

7 (A) in paragraph (1), by inserting “, the  
8 United Transitional Cabinet, and the Coordina-  
9 tion Council” after “the Republic of Belarus”;

10 and

11 (B) by adding at the end the following:

12 “(5) To assist in the cessation of Belarus’ sup-  
13 port for the Government of Russia in Russia’s  
14 unprovoked war of aggression in Ukraine.”;15 (2) in subsection (b), by adding at the end be-  
16 fore the period the following “, including political  
17 party strengthening”;18 (3) by amending subsection (c) to read as fol-  
19 lows:

20 “(c) ACTIVITIES SUPPORTED.—Activities that may

21 be supported by assistance under subsection (b) include—

22 “(1) expanding independent radio and television  
23 broadcasting to and within Belarus;24 “(2) facilitating the development of independent  
25 broadcast, print, and internet media working within

1 Belarus and from locations outside the country and  
2 supported by nonstate-controlled printing facilities;

3 “(3) countering internet censorship and repres-  
4 sive surveillance technology that seek to limit free  
5 association, control access to information, and pre-  
6 vent citizens from exercising their rights to free  
7 speech;

8 “(4) raising awareness both within Belarus and  
9 globally about Lukashenka’s complicity in Russia’s  
10 unprovoked war of aggression in Ukraine, including  
11 how the Lukashenka regime is providing support to  
12 the Russian military and committing crimes against  
13 Ukrainian children;

14 “(5) aiding the development of civil society  
15 through assistance to nongovernmental organizations  
16 promoting democracy and supporting human rights,  
17 including youth groups, entrepreneurs, and inde-  
18 pendent trade unions;

19 “(6) supporting programming that contributes  
20 to the defense of Belarusian sovereignty and inde-  
21 pendence from encroachment by the Russian Fed-  
22 eration;

23 “(7) supporting the work of human rights de-  
24 fenders;

- 1               “(8) enhancing the development of democratic
- 2               political parties;
- 3               “(9) assisting the promotion of free, fair, and
- 4               transparent electoral processes;
- 5               “(10) enhancing international exchanges and
- 6               advanced professional training programs for leaders
- 7               and members of the democratic opposition in skill
- 8               areas central to the development of civil society;
- 9               “(11) supporting the work of women advocating
- 10               for freedom, human rights, and human progress in
- 11               Belarus given the significant and vital role women
- 12               have played in the Belarus democracy movement;
- 13               “(12) supporting the development of Belarusian
- 14               language and cultural education and exchanges to
- 15               preserve and protect Belarusian national identity;
- 16               “(13) supporting further iterations of the Stra-
- 17               tegic Dialogue between the United States and the
- 18               Belarusian democratic opposition and civil society as
- 19               a platform to work on issues of mutual concern;
- 20               “(14) enhancing the development of the private
- 21               sector, particularly the information technology sec-
- 22               tor, and its role in the economy of Belarus, including
- 23               by increasing the capacity of private sector actors,
- 24               developing business support organizations, offering

1 entrepreneurship training, and expanding access to  
2 finance for small and medium enterprises;

3 “(15) supporting political refugees in neigh-  
4 boring European countries fleeing the crackdown in  
5 Belarus;

6 “(16) supporting the education of Belarusians  
7 in exile;

8 “(17) supporting the gathering of evidence on  
9 and investigating of gross violations of internation-  
10 ally recognized human rights in Belarus; and

11 “(18) other activities consistent with the pur-  
12 poses of this Act.”;

13 (4) in subsection (f)—

14 (A) by striking “the Belarus Democracy,  
15 Human Rights, and Sovereignty Act of 2020”  
16 and inserting “the Belarus Democracy, Human  
17 Rights, and Sovereignty Act of 2024”; and

18 (B) by adding at the end before the period  
19 the following: “as well as the methodology and  
20 benchmarks used to assess the effectiveness of  
21 such funds”; and

22 (5) by amending subsection (g) to read as fol-  
23 lows:

1       “(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There  
2 are authorized to be appropriated to the President to carry  
3 out this section—

4           “(1) for fiscal year 2025 an amount equal to  
5 not less than the amount made available to carry out  
6 this section for fiscal year 2024; and

7           “(2) for fiscal year 2026 an amount equal to  
8 not less than the amount made available to carry out  
9 this section for fiscal year 2025.”.

10 **SEC. 5. INTERNATIONAL BROADCASTING, INTERNET FREE-  
11 DOM, AND ACCESS TO INFORMATION IN  
12 BELARUS.**

13       Section 5 of the Belarus Democracy Act of 2004  
14 (Public Law 109–480; 22 U.S.C. 5811 note) is amend-  
15 ed—

16           (1) in subsection (a)—

17              (A) by striking “(a) SENSE OF CON-  
18 GRESS.—”;

19              (B) in paragraph (4), by striking “and” at  
20 the end;

21              (C) in paragraph (5), by striking the pe-  
22 riod at the end and inserting the following:  
23              “and advocate for the release of journalists that  
24 are detained by political reasons; and”; and

25              (D) by adding at the end the following:

1                 “(6) the United States should also support  
2 independent media outlets and other sources of in-  
3 formation in providing accurate and truthful infor-  
4 mation about Russia’s unprovoked war of aggression  
5 in Ukraine, and the illegitimate Lukashenka re-  
6 gime’s complicity in Russia’s crimes of aggression.”;  
7 and

8                 (2) by striking subsection (b).

9 **SEC. 6. SANCTIONS AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT OF**  
10                 **BELARUS.**

11                 Section 6 of the Belarus Democracy Act of 2004  
12 (Public Law 109–480; 22 U.S.C. 5811 note) is amend-  
13 ed—

14                 (1) in subsection (a)—

15                         (A) by striking “The sanctions” and in-  
16 serting the following:

17                         “(1) IN GENERAL.—The sanctions”; and

18                         (B) by adding at the end the following:

19                         “(2) MAINTENANCE OF EXISTING SANC-  
20 TIONS.—

21                         “(A) IN GENERAL.—Any sanctions im-  
22 posed pursuant to the Executive orders de-  
23 scribed in subparagraph (B) that were imposed  
24 in connection with conduct relating to, con-  
25 cerning, or occurring in Belarus should remain

1           in effect until the President determines and cer-  
2           tifies to the appropriate congressional commit-  
3           tees that the Government of Belarus has made  
4           significant progress in meeting the conditions  
5           described in subsection (c).

6           “(B) EXECUTIVE ORDERS DESCRIBED.—  
7           The Executive orders described in this subpara-  
8           graph are the following:

9                 “(i) Executive Order 13405 (71 Fed.  
10                 Reg. 35485; relating to blocking property  
11                 of certain persons undermining democratic  
12                 processes or institutions in Belarus).

13                 “(ii) Executive Order 14024 (86 Fed.  
14                 Reg. 20249; relating to blocking property  
15                 with respect to specified harmful foreign  
16                 activities of the Government of the Russian  
17                 Federation).

18                 “(iii) Executive Order 14038 (86 Fed.  
19                 Reg. 43905; relating to blocking property  
20                 of additional persons contributing to the  
21                 situation in Belarus).”;

22                 (2) in subsection (b)—

23                     (A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1),  
24                     by striking “subsection (a)” and inserting  
25                     “paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a)”;

5 (D) by adding at the end the following:

6               “(5) The withdrawal of the armed forces of the  
7               Russian Federation from the Republic of Belarus  
8               and the cessation of Belarusian support for the Rus-  
9               sian Federation’s war against Ukraine.

10           “(6) The return of all Ukrainian children ab-  
11         ducted and deported to Belarus from the territory of  
12         Ukraine illegally occupied by the Russian Federa-  
13         tion.”;

14 (3) in subsection (c)—

(B) in the matter preceding paragraph (1),  
by striking “may” and inserting “shall”;

(C) in paragraph (2), by striking “inadmissible under” and inserting “described in”;

23 (D) in paragraph (4), by adding at the end  
24 before the semicolon the following: “, or future

1            elections in Belarus should they be determined  
2            to be neither free nor fair”;

3            (E) in paragraph (5), by adding at the end  
4            before the semicolon the following: “, or future  
5            elections in Belarus should they be determined  
6            to be neither free nor fair”;

7            (F) by striking paragraphs (6), (7), (8),  
8            and (9) and inserting the following:

9            “(6) is a government official or member of the  
10          security or law enforcement services of Belarus and  
11          has participated in the persecution or harassment of  
12          religious groups, human rights defenders, democratic  
13          opposition groups, or independent media or journal-  
14          ists;

15          “(7) is an individual determined by the Presi-  
16          dent to be interfering in the internal affairs of the  
17          Republic of Belarus on behalf of or at the direction  
18          of the Government of the Russian Federation;

19          “(8) is an official who provides for, facilitates,  
20          or otherwise enables or engages with the abduction  
21          and deportation of Ukrainian children from terri-  
22          tories illegally occupied by the Russian Federation to  
23          the territory of Belarus;

24          “(9) is an official who provides for, facilitates,  
25          or otherwise enables the Russian Federation to use

1       the territory or Belarus to further its unprovoked in-  
2       vasion of Ukraine;

3           “(10) is an official of the so-called ‘Union  
4       State’ between Russia and Belarus (regardless of  
5       nationality of the individual) or works toward the  
6       furtherance of such Union State; or

7           “(11) is a Russian individual that has signifi-  
8       cantly participated in the crackdown on independent  
9       press or human rights abuses related to political re-  
10      pression in Belarus, including the Russian propa-  
11      gandists sent to replace local employees at  
12      Belarusian state media outlets.”;

13           (4) by amending subsection (f) to read as fol-  
14      lows:

15           “(f) BLOCKING OF ASSETS AND OTHER PROHIBITED  
16      ACTIVITIES.—

17           “(1) MANDATORY SANCTION.—The President  
18      shall impose the sanction described in paragraph (3)  
19      with respect to each foreign person that the Presi-  
20      dent determines—

21           “(A) is a member of the Central Election  
22      Commission of Belarus or assisted the Commis-  
23      sion in manipulating elections in Belarus in-  
24      cluding the presidential election of August 9,  
25      2020;

1               “(B) is a government official or member of  
2               the security or law enforcement services of  
3               Belarus and has participated in the persecution  
4               or harassment of religious groups, human  
5               rights defenders, democratic opposition groups,  
6               or independent media or journalists;

7               “(C) is an individual determined by the  
8               President to be knowingly interfering in the in-  
9               ternal affairs of the Republic of Belarus on be-  
10              half of or at the direction of the Government of  
11              the Russian Federation;

12              “(D) is an official who knowingly engages  
13              in the abduction and deportation of Ukrainian  
14              children from territories illegally occupied by  
15              the Russian Federation to the territory of  
16              Belarus;

17              “(E) is an official who knowingly supports  
18              and provides for, the Russian Federation’s use  
19              of the territory of Belarus to further its  
20              unprovoked invasion of Ukraine; or

21              “(F) is an official in the so-called ‘Union  
22              State’ between Russia and Belarus (regardless  
23              of nationality of the individual) or works toward  
24              the furtherance of such ‘Union State’.

1               “(2) DISCRETIONARY SANCTION.—The President  
2               may impose the sanction described in para-  
3               graph (3) with respect to each foreign person that  
4               the President determines—

5               “(A) holds a position in the senior leadership  
6               of the Government of Belarus;

7               “(B) is an immediate family member of a  
8               person described in subparagraph (A); or

9               “(C) through his or her business dealings  
10              with a person described in subparagraph (A)  
11              derives significant financial benefit from policies  
12              or actions, including electoral fraud, gross viola-  
13              tions of internationally recognized human  
14              rights, or corruption, that undermine or injure  
15              democratic institutions or impede the transition  
16              to democracy in Belarus.

17              “(3) SANCTION DESCRIBED.—The President  
18              shall exercise all of the powers granted to the Presi-  
19              dent under the International Emergency Economic  
20              Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) to the extent  
21              necessary to block and prohibit all transactions in  
22              property and interests in property of the foreign per-  
23              son if such property and interests in property are in  
24              the United States, come within the United States, or

1       are or come within the possession or control of a  
2       United States person.

3           “(4) EXCEPTIONS.—

4           “(A) EXCEPTION RELATING TO THE PRO-  
5       VISION OF HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE.—The  
6       sanction described in paragraph (3) may not be  
7       imposed with respect to transactions or the fa-  
8       cilitation of transactions for—

9                  “(i) the sale of agricultural commod-  
10       ities, food, medicine, or medical devices;

11                  “(ii) the provision of humanitarian as-  
12       sistance;

13                  “(iii) financial transactions relating to  
14       humanitarian assistance; or

15                  “(iv) transporting goods or services  
16       that are necessary to carry out operations  
17       relating to humanitarian assistance.

18           “(B) EXCEPTION FOR INTELLIGENCE, LAW  
19       ENFORCEMENT, AND NATIONAL SECURITY AC-  
20       TIVITIES.—The sanction described in paragraph  
21       (3) shall not apply to any authorized intel-  
22       ligence, law enforcement, or national security  
23       activities of the United States.

24           “(5) WAIVER.—The President may, on a case-  
25       by-case basis and for periods not to exceed 180 days

1       each, waive the application of the sanction described  
2       in paragraph (3) imposed with respect to a foreign  
3       person under this subsection if the President cer-  
4       tifies to the appropriate congressional committees  
5       not later than 15 days before such waiver is to take  
6       effect that the waiver is important to the national  
7       security interests of the United States.

8           “(6) PENALTIES.—Any person who violates, at-  
9       tempts to violate, or causes a violation of this sub-  
10      section or any regulation, license, or order issued to  
11      carry out this subsection shall be subject to the pen-  
12      alties under section 206 of the International Emer-  
13      gency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1705) to the  
14      same extent as a person that commits an unlawful  
15      act under that Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.).

16           “(7) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection—

17               “(A) the term ‘air carrier’ has the meaning  
18       given that term in section 40102 of title 49,  
19       United States Code;

20               “(B) the term ‘foreign person’ means a  
21       person that is not a United States person; and

22               “(C) the term ‘United States person’  
23       means—

1                         “(i) any United States citizen or alien  
2                         admitted for permanent residence to the  
3                         United States;  
4                         “(ii) any entity organized under the  
5                         laws of the United States; and  
6                         “(iii) any person in the United  
7                         States.”.

8 **SEC. 7. MULTILATERAL COOPERATION.**

9                         Section 7 of the Belarus Democracy Act of 2004  
10 (Public Law 109-480; 22 U.S.C. 5811 note) is amended—  
11                         (1) in paragraph (1), by striking “and” at the  
12                         end;

13                         (2) in paragraph (2), by striking the period at  
14                         the end and inserting “; and”; and

15                         (3) by adding at the end the following:

16                         “(3) to halt the Government of Belarus, led ille-  
17                         gally by Alyaksandr Lukashenka, from supporting  
18                         and assisting the Russian Federation’s unprovoked  
19                         war of aggression against Ukraine including the ab-  
20                         duction and deportation of Ukrainian children.”.

21 **SEC. 8. REPORTS.**

22                         Section 8 of the Belarus Democracy Act of 2004  
23 (Public Law 109-480; 22 U.S.C. 5811 note) is amend-  
24 ed—

25                         (1) by striking subsection (a);

1                             (2) by redesignating subsection (b) as sub-  
2                             section (a);

3                             (3) in subsection (a) (as so redesignated)—

4                                 (A) in paragraph (1)—

5                                     (i) in the matter preceding subpara-  
6                             graph (A), by striking “the Belarus De-  
7                             mocracy, Human Rights, and Sovereignty  
8                             Act of 2020” and inserting “the Belarus  
9                             Democracy, Human Rights, and Sov-  
10                             ereignty Act of 2024”; and

11                                     (ii) in subparagraph (B), by adding at  
12                             the end before the period the following: “,  
13                             and whether the United States has im-  
14                             posed sanctions with respect to such senior  
15                             foreign political figures”;

16                             (B) by striking paragraph (2); and

17                             (C) by redesignating paragraph (3) as  
18                             paragraph (2); and

19                             (4) by adding at the end the following:

20                             “(b) REPORT ON CRIMES AND OTHER ACTIONS COM-  
21                             MITTED BY BELARUS IN SUPPORT OF RUSSIA’S  
22                             UNPROVOKED WAR OF AGGRESSION IN UKRAINE.—

23                             “(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days  
24                             after the date of the enactment of the Belarus De-  
25                             mocracy, Human Rights, and Sovereignty Act of

1       2024, the Director of National Intelligence, in con-  
2       sultation with the Secretary of the Treasury and the  
3       Secretary of State, shall submit to the appropriate  
4       congressional committees a report on the following:

5                 “(A) An assessment of the Russian mili-  
6       tary presence in Belarus, including the presence  
7       of Russian nuclear forces, and the impact this  
8       presence has on North Atlantic Treaty Organi-  
9       zation (NATO) security.

10               “(B) The degree to which the Government  
11      of Belarus, led illegally by Alyaksandr  
12      Lukashenka, continues to provide support to  
13      and harbor the forces of the Wagner Group or  
14      other Russian paramilitary groups and enables  
15      their destabilizing actions on the borders of  
16      NATO allies, such as Latvia, Lithuania, and  
17      Poland.

18               “(C) Which actors in the Government of  
19      Belarus, led illegally by Alyaksandr  
20      Lukashenka, are most responsible for the illegal  
21      abduction and deportation of Ukrainian chil-  
22      dren from Ukrainian territory occupied by the  
23      Russian Federation to the territory of Belarus,  
24      as well as to what extent organizations such as  
25      the now-suspended Belarus branch of the Red

1           Cross are involved in these transfers, and pro-  
2           vide a strategy for holding those involved in  
3           these crimes accountable including through the  
4           use of sanctions.

5           “(D) The degree to which the Government  
6           of Belarus, led illegally by Alyaksandr  
7           Lukashenka has purchased weapons from the  
8           governments of the Russian Federation and the  
9           Islamic Republic of Iran, and whether any pur-  
10          chases of such weapons violate the provisions of  
11          section 107 or 231 of the Countering America’s  
12          Adversaries Through Sanctions Act (22 U.S.C.  
13          9406 or 9525).

14          “(E) The extent to which the Government  
15          of Belarus, led illegally by Alyaksandr  
16          Lukashenka, is aiding the Russian Federation  
17          is circumventing export controls and evading  
18          sanctions, including with an accounting and es-  
19          timated value of dual-use goods and an identi-  
20          fication of the officials or other persons involved  
21          in facilitating this sanctions evasion.

22          “(F) The impact of the Government of  
23          Belarus’ use of illegal migrants to destabilize  
24          the borders of NATO countries, such as Latvia,  
25          Lithuania, and Poland, on NATO security.

1           “(2) FORM.—The report required under this  
2        subsection shall be transmitted in unclassified form,  
3        but may contain a classified annex.”.

4 **SEC. 9. DEFINITIONS.**

5        Section 9 of the Belarus Democracy Act of 2004  
6 (Public Law 109–480; 22 U.S.C. 5811 note) is amend-  
7 ed—

8           (1) in paragraph (3)(A), by adding at the end  
9        before the semicolon the following: “, led illegally by  
10      Alyaksandr Lukashenka”; and

11           (2) by adding at the end the following:

12           “(4) UNION STATE.—The term ‘Union State’  
13        means the supranational union of the Republic of  
14        Belarus and the Russian Federation as outlined in  
15        the December 1999 Treaty on the establishment of  
16        the Union State between the governments of the Re-  
17        public of Belarus and the Russian Federation.”.

