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114TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 5983

[Report No. 114-883, Part I]

To create hope and opportunity for consumers, investors, and entrepreneurs by ending bailouts and Too Big to Fail, holding Washington and Wall Street accountable, eliminating red tape to increase access to capital and credit, and repealing the provisions of the Dodd-Frank Act that make America less prosperous, less stable, and less free, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

SEPTEMBER 9, 2016

Mr. Hensarling (for himself, Mr. Garrett, Mr. Neugebauer, Mr. Luetkemeyer, Mr. Huizenga of Michigan, and Mr. Duffy) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Financial Services, and in addition to the Committees on Agriculture, Ways and Means, the Judiciary, Oversight and Government Reform, Transportation and Infrastructure, Rules, the Budget, and Education and the Workforce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

December 20, 2016

Reported from the Committee on Financial Services with an amendment [Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

December 20, 2016

The Committees on Agriculture, Ways and Means, the Judiciary, Oversight and Government Reform, Transportation and Infrastructure, Rules, the Budget, and Education and the Workforce discharged; committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

[For text of introduced bill, see copy of bill as introduced on September 9, 2016]

A BILL

To create hope and opportunity for consumers, investors, and entrepreneurs by ending bailouts and Too Big to Fail, holding Washington and Wall Street accountable, eliminating red tape to increase access to capital and credit, and repealing the provisions of the Dodd-Frank Act that make America less prosperous, less stable, and less free, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the "Fi-
- 5 nancial CHOICE Act of 2016".
- 6 (b) Table of Contents for
- 7 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

- Sec. 101. Capital election.
- Sec. 102. Regulatory relief.
- Sec. 103. Contingent capital study.
- Sec. 104. Study on altering the current prompt corrective action rules.
- Sec. 105. Definitions.

TITLE II—ENDING "TOO BIG TO FAIL" AND BANK BAILOUTS

Subtitle A—Reform of the Financial Stability Act of 2010

Sec. 211. Repeal and modification of provisions of the Financial Stability Act of 2010.

Subtitle B—Repeal of the Orderly Liquidation Authority

Sec. 221. Repeal of the orderly liquidation authority.

Subtitle C—Financial Institution Bankruptcy

- Sec. 231. General provisions relating to covered financial corporations.
- Sec. 232. Liquidation, reorganization, or recapitalization of a covered financial corporation.
- Sec. 233. Amendments to title 28, United States Code.

Subtitle D—Ending Government Guarantees

- Sec. 241. Repeal of obligation guarantee program.
- Sec. 242. Repeal of systemic risk determination in resolutions.
- Sec. 243. Restrictions on use of the Exchange Stabilization Fund.

Subtitle E—Eliminating Financial Market Utility Designations

Sec. 251. Repeal of title VIII.

Subtitle A—Separation of Powers and Liberty Enhancements

- Sec. 311. Consumer Financial Opportunity Commission.
- Sec. 312. Bringing the Commission into the regular appropriations process.
- Sec. 313. Consumer Financial Opportunity Commission Inspector General Reform.
- Sec. 314. Private parties authorized to compel the Commission to seek sanctions by filing civil actions; Adjudications deemed actions.
- Sec. 315. Civil investigative demands to be appealed to courts.
- Sec. 316. Commission dual mandate and economic analysis.
- Sec. 317. No deference to Commission interpretation.

Subtitle B—Administrative Enhancements

- Sec. 321. Commission Advisory Boards.
- Sec. 322. Advisory opinions.
- Sec. 323. Reform of Consumer Financial Civil Penalty Fund.
- Sec. 324. Commission research paper transparency.
- Sec. 325. Commission pay fairness.
- Sec. 326. Separation of market monitoring functions and supervisory functions.
- Sec. 327. Requirement to verify information in the complaint database before it may be released to the general public.
- Sec. 328. Commission supervision limited to banks, thrifts, and credit unions with greater than \$50 billion in assets.
- Sec. 329. Transfer of old OTS building from OCC to GSA.

Subtitle C—Policy Enhancements

- Sec. 331. Consumer right to financial privacy.
- Sec. 332. Repeal of Council authority to set aside Bureau rules and requirement of safety and soundness considerations when issuing rules.
- Sec. 333. State and tribal payday loan regulation 5-year exemption.
- Sec. 334. Reforming indirect auto financing guidance.
- Sec. 335. Prohibition of Government price controls for payment card transactions.
- Sec. 336. Annual studies on ending the conservatorship of Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, and reforming the housing finance system.
- Sec. 337. Removal of "abusive" authority.
- Sec. 338. Repeal of authority to restrict arbitration.

TITLE IV—CAPITAL MARKETS IMPROVEMENTS

Subtitle A—SEC Reform, Restructuring, and Accountability

- Sec. 401. Authorization of appropriations.
- Sec. 402. Report on unobligated appropriations.
- Sec. 403. SEC Reserve Fund abolished.
- Sec. 404. Fees to offset appropriations.
- Sec. 405. Implementation of recommendations.
- Sec. 406. Office of Credit Ratings to report to the Division of Trading and Markets.
- Sec. 407. Office of Municipal Securities to report to the Division of Trading and Markets.
- Sec. 408. Independence of Commission Ombudsman.

- Sec. 409. Coordination with the Investor Advisory Committee.
- Sec. 410. Duties of Investor Advocate.
- Sec. 411. Internal risk controls.
- Sec. 412. Applicability of Notice and Comment Requirements of the Administrative Procedure Act to Guidance Voted on by the Commission.
- Sec. 413. Process for closing investigations.
- Sec. 414. Enforcement Ombudsman.
- Sec. 415. Process to ensure enforcement actions are within authority of Commission.
- Sec. 416. Process to permit recipient of Wells notification to appear before Commission staff in-person.
- Sec. 417. Publication of enforcement manual.
- Sec. 418. Private parties authorized to compel the Securities and Exchange Commission to seek sanctions by filing civil actions.
- Sec. 419. Certain findings required to approve civil money penalties against issuers.
- Sec. 420. Repeal of authority of the Commission to prohibit persons from serving as officers or directors.
- Sec. 421. Subpoena duration and renewal.
- Sec. 422. Elimination of automatic disqualifications.
- Sec. 423. Confidentiality of records obtained from foreign securities and law enforcement authorities.
- Sec. 424. Clarification of authority to impose sanctions on persons associated with a broker or dealer.
- Sec. 425. Congressional access to information held by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board.
- Sec. 426. Repeal of requirement for Public Company Accounting Oversight Board to use certain funds for merit scholarship program.
- Sec. 427. Reallocation of fines for violations of rules of municipal securities rulemaking board.

Subtitle B—Eliminating Excessive Government Intrusion in the Capital Markets

- Sec. 441. Repeal of Department of Labor fiduciary rule and requirements prior to rulemaking relating to standards of conduct for brokers and dealers.
- Sec. 442. Exemption from risk retention requirements for nonresidential mortgage.
- Sec. 443. Frequency of shareholder approval of executive compensation.
- Sec. 444. Requirement for municipal advisor for issuers of municipal securities.
- Sec. 445. Small issuer exemption from internal control evaluation.
- Sec. 446. Exemptive authority for certain provisions relating to registration of nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.
- Sec. 447. Restriction on recovery of erroneously awarded compensation.
- Sec. 448. Risk-Based Examinations of Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organizations.
- Sec. 449. Repeals.
- Sec. 450. Exemption of and reporting by private equity fund advisers.
- Sec. 451. Records and reports of private funds.
- Sec. 452. Definition of accredited investor.
- Sec. 453. Repeal of certain provisions requiring a study and report to Congress.
- Sec. 454. Technical correction.
- Sec. 455. Repeal.

Subtitle C—Commodity Futures Trading Commission Reforms

- Sec. 461. Division directors.
- Sec. 462. Procedures governing actions taken by commission staff.
- Sec. 463. Strategic technology plan.
- Sec. 464. Internal risk controls.
- Sec. 465. Subpoena duration and renewal.
- Sec. 466. Applicability of notice and comment requirements of the administrative procedure act to guidance voted on by the commission.
- Sec. 467. Judicial review of commission rules.
- Sec. 468. Cross-border regulation of derivatives transactions.

Subtitle D—Harmonization of Derivatives Rules

Sec. 471. Agency review and harmonization of rules relating to the regulation of over-the-counter swaps markets.

TITLE V—IMPROVING INSURANCE COORDINATION THROUGH AN INDEPENDENT ADVOCATE

- Sec. 501. Repeal of the Federal Insurance Office; Creation of the Office of the Independent Insurance Advocate.
- Sec. 502. Treatment of covered agreements.

TITLE VI—DEMANDING ACCOUNTABILITY FROM FINANCIAL REGULATORS AND DEVOLVING POWER AWAY FROM WASHINGTON

Subtitle A—Cost-Benefit Analyses

- Sec. 611. Definitions.
- Sec. 612. Required regulatory analysis.
- Sec. 613. Rule of construction.
- Sec. 614. Public availability of data and regulatory analysis.
- Sec. 615. Five-year regulatory impact analysis.
- Sec. 616. Retrospective review of existing rules.
- Sec. 617. Judicial review.
- Sec. 618. Chief Economists Council.
- Sec. 619. Conforming amendments.
- Sec. 620. Other regulatory entities.
- Sec. 621. Avoidance of duplicative or unnecessary analyses.

Subtitle B—Congressional Review of Federal Financial Agency Rulemaking

- Sec. 631. Congressional review.
- Sec. 632. Congressional approval procedure for major rules.
- Sec. 633. Congressional disapproval procedure for nonmajor rules.
- Sec. 634. Definitions.
- Sec. 635. Judicial review.
- Sec. 636. Effective date of certain rules.
- Sec. 637. Budgetary effects of rules subject to section 632 of the Financial CHOICE Act of 2016.

Subtitle C—Judicial Review of Agency Actions

Sec. 641. Scope of judicial review of agency actions.

Subtitle D—Leadership of Financial Regulators

- Sec. 651. Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.
- Sec. 652. Federal Housing Finance Agency.
- Sec. 653. National Credit Union Administration.
- Sec. 654. Office of the Comptroller of the Currency.

Subtitle E—Congressional Oversight of Appropriations

- Sec. 661. Bringing the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation into the regular appropriations process.
- Sec. 662. Bringing the Federal Housing Finance Agency into the regular appropriations process.
- Sec. 663. Bringing the National Credit Union Administration into the regular appropriations process.
- Sec. 664. Bringing the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency into the regular appropriations process.
- Sec. 665. Bringing the non-monetary policy related functions of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System into the regular appropriations process.

Subtitle F—International Processes

Sec. 671. Requirements for international processes.

TITLE VII—FED OVERSIGHT REFORM AND MODERNIZATION

- Sec. 701. Requirements for policy rules of the Federal Open Market Committee.
- Sec. 702. Federal Open Market Committee blackout period.
- Sec. 703. Membership of Federal Open Market Committee.
- Sec. 704. Frequency of testimony of the Chairman of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System to Congress.
- Sec. 705. Vice Chairman for Supervision report requirement.
- Sec. 706. Salaries, financial disclosures, and office staff of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.
- Sec. 707. Amendments to powers of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.
- Sec. 708. Interest rates on balances maintained at a Federal Reserve bank by depository institutions established by Federal Open Market Committee
- Sec. 709. Audit reform and transparency for the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.
- Sec. 710. Establishment of a Centennial Monetary Commission.
- Sec. 711. Public transcripts of FOMC meetings.

TITLE VIII—DEMANDING ACCOUNTABILITY FROM WALL STREET

Subtitle A—SEC Penalties Modernization

- Sec. 801. Enhancement of civil penalties for securities laws violations.
- Sec. 802. Updated civil money penalties of Public Company Accounting Oversight Board.
- Sec. 803. Updated civil money penalty for controlling persons in connection with insider trading.
- Sec. 804. Update of certain other penalties.
- Sec. 805. Monetary sanctions to be used for the relief of victims.
- Sec. 806. GAO report on use of civil money penalty authority by Commission.

Subtitle B—FIRREA Penalties Modernization

Sec. 811. Increase of civil and criminal penalties originally established in the Financial Institutions Reform, Recovery, and Enforcement Act of 1989.

TITLE IX—REPEAL OF THE VOLCKER RULE AND OTHER PROVISIONS

Sec. 901. Repeals.

TITLE X—UNLEASHING OPPORTUNITIES FOR SMALL BUSINESSES, INNOVATORS, AND JOB CREATORS BY FACILITATING CAPITAL FORMATION

Subtitle A—Small Business Mergers, Acquisitions, Sales, and Brokerage Simplification

Sec. 1001. Registration exemption for merger and acquisition brokers.

Sec. 1002. Effective date.

Subtitle B—Encouraging Employee Ownership

Sec. 1006. Increased threshold for disclosures relating to compensatory benefit plans.

Subtitle C—Small Company Disclosure Simplification

Sec. 1011. Exemption from XBRL requirements for emerging growth companies and other smaller companies.

Sec. 1012. Analysis by the SEC.

Sec. 1013. Report to Congress.

Sec. 1014. Definitions.

Subtitle D—Securities and Exchange Commission Overpayment Credit

Sec. 1016. Refunding or crediting overpayment of section 31 fees.

Subtitle E—Fair Access to Investment Research

Sec. 1021. Safe harbor for investment fund research.

Subtitle F—Accelerating Access to Capital

Sec. 1026. Expanded eligibility for use of Form S-3.

Subtitle G—SEC Small Business Advocate

Sec. 1031. Establishment of Office of the Advocate for Small Business Capital Formation and Small Business Capital Formation Advisory Committee.

Subtitle H—Small Business Credit Availability

Sec. 1036. Business development company ownership of securities of investment advisers and certain financial companies.

Sec. 1037. Expanding access to capital for business development companies.

Sec. 1038. Parity for business development companies regarding offering and proxy rules.

Subtitle I—Fostering Innovation

Sec. 1041. Temporary exemption for low-revenue issuers.

Subtitle J—Small Business Capital Formation Enhancement

Sec. 1046. Annual review of government-business forum on capital formation.

Subtitle K—Helping Angels Lead Our Startups

Sec. 1051. Definition of angel investor group.

Sec. 1052. Clarification of general solicitation.

Subtitle L-Main Street Growth

Sec. 1056. Venture exchanges.

Subtitle M—Micro Offering Safe Harbor

Sec. 1061. Exemptions for micro-offerings.

Subtitle N—Private Placement Improvement

Sec. 1066. Revisions to SEC Regulation D.

Subtitle O—Supporting America's Innovators

Sec. 1071. Investor limitation for qualifying venture capital funds.

Subtitle P—Fix Crowdfunding

Sec. 1076. Crowdfunding vehicles.

Sec. 1077. Crowdfunding exemption from registration.

Subtitle Q—Corporate Governance Reform and Transparency

Sec. 1081. Definitions.

Sec. 1082. Registration of proxy advisory firms.

Sec. 1083. Commission annual report.

Subtitle R—Senior Safe

Sec. 1091. Immunity.

Sec. 1092. Training required.

Sec. 1093. Relationship to State law.

Subtitle S—National Securities Exchange Regulatory Parity

Sec. 1096. Application of exemption.

TITLE XI—REGULATORY RELIEF FOR MAIN STREET AND COMMUNITY FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Subtitle A—Preserving Access to Manufactured Housing

Sec. 1101. Mortgage originator definition.

Sec. 1102. High-Cost mortgage definition.

Subtitle B—Mortgage Choice

Sec. 1106. Definition of points and fees.

Subtitle C—Financial Institution Customer Protection

Sec. 1111. Requirements for deposit account termination requests and orders.

Sec. 1112. Amendments to the Financial Institutions Reform, Recovery, and Enforcement Act of 1989.

Subtitle D—Portfolio Lending and Mortgage Access

Sec. 1116. Safe harbor for certain loans held on portfolio.

Subtitle E—Application of the Expedited Funds Availability Act

Sec. 1121. Application of the Expedited Funds Availability Act.

Subtitle F—Small Bank Holding Company Policy Statement

Sec. 1126. Changes required to small bank holding company policy statement on assessment of financial and managerial factors.

Subtitle G—Community Institution Mortgage Relief

Sec. 1131. Community financial institution mortgage relief.

Subtitle H—Financial Institutions Examination Fairness and Reform

Sec. 1136. Timeliness of examination reports.

Subtitle I—National Credit Union Administration Budget Transparency

Sec. 1141. Budget transparency for the NCUA.

Subtitle J—Taking Account of Institutions With Low Operation Risk

Sec. 1146. Regulations appropriate to business models.

Subtitle K—Federal Savings Association Charter Flexibility

Sec. 1151. Option for Federal savings associations to operate as a covered savings association.

Subtitle L—SAFE Transitional Licensing

Sec. 1156. Eliminating barriers to jobs for loan originators.

Subtitle M—Right to Lend

Sec. 1161. Small business loan data collection requirement.

Subtitle N—Community Bank Reporting Relief

Sec. 1166. Short form call report.

Subtitle O—Homeowner Information Privacy Protection

Sec. 1171. Study regarding privacy of information collected under the Home Mortgage Disclosure Act of 1975.

Subtitle P—Home Mortgage Disclosure Adjustment

Sec. 1176. Depository institutions subject to maintenance of records and disclosure requirements.

Subtitle Q—National Credit Union Administration Advisory Council Sec. 1181. Credit Union Advisory Council.

Subtitle R—Credit Union Examination Reform

Sec. 1186. Extension of examination cycle of the National Credit Union Administration to 18 months or longer.

Subtitle S—NCUA Overhead Transparency

1 TITLE I—REGULATORY RELIEF 2 FOR STRONGLY CAPITALIZED, 3 WELL MANAGED BANKING OR4 GANIZATIONS 5 SEC. 101. CAPITAL ELECTION. 6 (a) IN GENERAL.—A banking organization may make

10 (b) Requirements.—A banking organization may

described under section 102.

an election under this section to be treated as a qualifying

banking organization for purposes of the regulatory relief

- 11 qualify to be treated as a qualifying banking organization
- 12 *if*—
- 13 (1) the banking organization has an average le-14 verage ratio of at least 10 percent;
- 15 (2) with respect to a banking organization that 16 is an insured depository institution or insured credit 17 union, the institution received a CAMELS composite 18 rating of 1 or 2 under the Uniform Financial Institu-19 tions Rating System (or an equivalent rating under

1	a comparable rating system) as of the most recent ex-
2	amination of the institution;
3	(3) with respect to a depository institution hold-
4	ing company, each insured depository institution sub-
5	sidiary of the holding company simultaneously makes
6	the election described under subsection (a); and
7	(4) with respect to an insured depository institu-
8	tion, any parent depository institution holding com-
9	pany of the institution simultaneously makes the elec-
10	tion described under subsection (a).
11	(c) Election Process.—To make an election under
12	this section, a banking organization shall submit an elec-
13	tion to the appropriate Federal banking agency (and any
14	applicable State bank supervisor that regulates the banking
15	organization) containing—
16	(1) a notice of such election;
17	(2) the banking organization's average leverage
18	ratio, as well as the organization's quarterly leverage
19	ratio for each of the most recently completed four cal-
20	endar quarters;
21	(3) if the banking organization is a depository
22	institution holding company, the information de-
23	scribed under paragraph (2) for each of the organiza-
24	tion's insured depository institution subsidiaries; and

(4) if the banking organization is an insured depository institution, the information described under paragraph (2) for any parent depository institution holding company of the institution.

(d) Effective Date of Election.—

- (1) In General.—An election made under this section shall take effect at the end of the 30-day period beginning on the date that the appropriate Federal banking agency receives the application described under subsection (c), unless the appropriate Federal banking agency determines that the banking organization has not met the requirements described under subsection (b).
- (2) Notice of failure to meet requirements.—If the appropriate Federal banking agency determines that a banking organization submitting an election notice under subsection (c) does not meet the requirements described under subsection (b), the agency shall—
 - (A) notify the banking organization (and any applicable State bank supervisor that regulates the banking organization), in writing, of such determination as soon as possible after such determination is made, but in no case later than the end of the 30-day period beginning on the

1	date that the appropriate Federal banking agen-
2	cy receives the election; and
3	(B) include in such notification the specific
4	reasons for such determination and steps that the
5	banking organization can take to meet such re-
6	quirements.
7	(e) Treatment of Certain New Banking Organi-
8	ZATIONS.—In the case of a banking organization that is
9	a newly-chartered insured depository institution or a bank-
10	ing organization that becomes a banking organization be-
11	cause it controls a newly-chartered insured depository insti-
12	tution, such banking organization may be treated as a
13	qualifying banking organization immediately upon becom-
14	ing a banking organization, if—
15	(1) an election to be treated as a qualifying
16	banking organization was included in the application
17	filed with the appropriate Federal banking agency in
18	connection with becoming a banking organization;
19	and
20	(2) as of the date the banking organization be-
21	comes a banking organization, the banking organiza-
22	tion's tangible equity divided by the banking organi-
23	zation's leverage exposure, expressed as a percentage,
24	is at least 10 percent.

1	(f) Failure to Maintain Quarterly Leverage
2	Ratio and Loss of Election.—
3	(1) Effect of failure to maintain quar-
4	TERLY LEVERAGE RATIO.—
5	(A) In general.—If, with respect to the
6	most recently completed calendar quarter, the
7	appropriate Federal banking agency determines
8	that a qualifying banking organization's quar-
9	terly leverage ratio is below 10 percent—
10	(i) the appropriate Federal banking
11	agency shall notify the qualifying banking
12	organization and any applicable State bank
13	supervisor that regulates the banking orga-
14	nization of such determination;
15	(ii) the appropriate Federal banking
16	agency may prohibit the banking organiza-
17	tion from making a capital distribution;
18	and
19	(iii) the banking organization shall,
20	within 3 months of the first such determina-
21	tion, submit a capital restoration plan to
22	the appropriate Federal banking agency.
23	(B) Loss of election after one-year
24	REMEDIATION PERIOD.—If a banking organiza-
25	tion described under subparagraph (A) does not,

within the 1-year period beginning on the date of such determination, raise the organization's quarterly leverage ratio for a calendar quarter ending in such 1-year period to at least 10 percent, the banking organization's election under this section shall be terminated, and the appropriate Federal banking agency shall notify any applicable State bank supervisor that regulates the banking organization of such termination.

- (C) Effect of subsidiary on parent or-Ganization.—With respect to a qualifying banking organization described under subparagraph (A) that is an insured depository institution, any parent depository institution holding company of the qualifying banking organization shall—
 - (i) if the appropriate Federal banking agency determines it appropriate, be prohibited from making a capital distribution (other than a capital contribution to such qualifying banking organization described under subparagraph (A)); and
 - (ii) if the qualifying banking organization has an election terminated under subparagraph (B), any such parent depository

1	institution holding company shall also have
2	its election under this section terminated.
3	(2) Immediate loss of election if the
4	QUARTERLY LEVERAGE RATIO FALLS BELOW 6 PER-
5	CENT.—
6	(A) In general.—If, with respect to the
7	most recently completed calendar quarter, the
8	appropriate Federal banking agency determines
9	that a qualifying banking organization's quar-
10	terly leverage ratio is below 6 percent, the bank-
11	ing organization's election under this section
12	shall be terminated, and the appropriate Federal
13	banking agency shall notify any applicable State
14	bank supervisor that regulates the banking orga-
15	nization of such termination.
16	(B) Effect of subsidiary on parent or-
17	GANIZATION.—With respect to a qualifying bank-
18	ing organization described under subparagraph
19	(A) that is an insured depository institution,
20	any parent depository institution holding com-
21	pany of the qualifying banking organization
22	shall also have its election under this section ter-
23	minated.
24	(3) Ability to make future elections.—If a
25	banking organization has an election under this sec-

1	tion terminated, the banking organization may not
2	apply for another election under this section until the
3	banking organization has maintained a quarterly le-
4	verage ratio of at least 10 percent for 8 consecutive
5	calendar quarters.
6	SEC. 102. REGULATORY RELIEF.
7	(a) In General.—A qualifying banking organization
8	shall be exempt from the following:
9	(1) Any Federal law, rule, or regulation address-
10	ing capital or liquidity requirements or standards.
11	(2) Any Federal law, rule, or regulation that
12	permits an appropriate Federal banking agency to
13	object to a capital distribution.
14	(3) Any consideration by an appropriate Federal
15	banking agency of the following:
16	(A) Any risk the qualifying banking organi-
17	zation may pose to "the stability of the financial
18	system of the United States", under section
19	5(c)(2) of the Bank Holding Company Act of
20	1956.
21	(B) The "extent to which a proposed acqui-
22	sition, merger, or consolidation would result in
23	greater or more concentrated risks to the sta-
24	bility of the United States banking or financial
25	system", under section $3(c)(7)$ of the Bank Hold-

- ing Company Act of 1956, so long as the banking organization, after such proposed acquisition, merger, or consolidation, would maintain a quarterly leverage ratio of at least 10 percent.
 - (C) Whether the performance of an activity by the banking organization could possibly pose a "risk to the stability of the United States banking or financial system", under section 4(j)(2)(A) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956.
 - (D) Whether the acquisition of control of shares of a company engaged in an activity described in section 4(j)(1)(A) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 could possibly pose a "risk to the stability of the United States banking or financial system", under section 4(j)(2)(A) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, so long as the banking organization, after acquiring control of such company, would maintain a quarterly leverage ratio of at least 10 percent.
 - (E) Whether a merger would pose a "risk to the stability of the United States banking or financial system", under section 18(c)(5) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, so long as the banking organization, after such proposed merg-

1	er, would maintain a quarterly leverage ratio of
2	at least 10 percent.
3	(F) Any risk the qualifying banking organi-
4	zation may pose to "the stability of the financial
5	system of the United States", under section
6	10(b)(4) of the Home Owners' Loan Act.
7	(4) Subsections (i)(8) and (k)(6)(B)(ii) of section
8	4 and section 14 of the Bank Holding Company Act
9	of 1956.
10	(5) Section 18(c)(13) of the Federal Deposit In-
11	$surance\ Act.$
12	(6) Section 163 of the Financial Stability Act of
13	2010.
14	(7) Section $10(e)(2)(E)$ of the Home Owners'
15	$Loan\ Act.$
16	(8) Any Federal law, rule, or regulation imple-
17	menting standards of the type provided for in sub-
18	sections (b), (c), (d), (e), (g), (h), (i), and (j) of sec-
19	tion 165 of the Financial Stability Act of 2010.
20	(9) Any Federal law, rule, or regulation pro-
21	viding limitations on mergers, consolidations, or ac-
22	quisitions of assets or control, to the extent such limi-
23	tations relate to capital or liquidity standards or con-
24	centrations of deposits or assets, so long as the bank-
25	ing organization, after such proposed merger, consoli-

- 1 dation, or acquisition, would maintain a quarterly
- 2 leverage ratio of at least 10 percent.
- 3 (b) Stress Test Exception.—Notwithstanding sub-
- 4 section (a), other than paragraph (2) of subsection (a), the
- 5 appropriate Federal banking agencies may conduct stress
- 6 tests of qualifying banking organizations. A qualifying
- 7 banking organization with total consolidated assets of more
- 8 than \$10,000,000,000 and less than \$50,000,000,000 shall
- 9 not be required to conduct annual stress tests required
- 10 under section 165(i)(2)(A) of the Financial Stability Act
- 11 of 2010.
- 12 (c) Qualifying Banking Organizations Treated
- 13 AS WELL CAPITALIZED.—A qualifying banking organiza-
- 14 tion shall be deemed to be "well capitalized" for purposes
- 15 of—
- 16 (1) section 216 of the Federal Credit Union Act;
- 17 and
- 18 (2) sections 29, 38, 44, and 46 of the Federal De-
- 19 posit Insurance Act.
- 20 (d) Treatment of Certain Risk-Weighted Asset
- 21 REQUIREMENTS FOR QUALIFYING BANKING ORGANIZA-
- 22 TIONS.—
- 23 (1) Acquisition size criteria treatment.—
- 24 A qualifying banking organization shall be deemed to
- 25 meet the criteria described under section 4(j)(4)(D) of

- 1 the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, so long as
- 2 after the proposed transaction the acquiring quali-
- 3 fying banking organization would maintain a quar-
- 4 terly leverage ratio of at least 10 percent.
- 5 (2) Use of Leverage exposure.—With respect
- 6 to a qualifying banking organization, in determining
- 7 whether a proposal qualifies with the criteria de-
- 8 scribed under subparagraphs (A)(iii) and (B)(i) of
- 9 section 4(j)(4) of the Bank Holding Company Act of
- 10 1956, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve
- 11 System shall consider the leverage exposure of an in-
- 12 sured depository institution instead of the total risk-
- 13 weighted assets of such institution.
- 14 SEC. 103. CONTINGENT CAPITAL STUDY.
- 15 (a) Study.—The Board of Governors of the Federal
- 16 Reserve System, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corpora-
- 17 tion, and the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency shall
- 18 each carry out a study, which shall include holding public
- 19 hearings, on how to design a requirement that banking or-
- 20 ganizations issue contingent capital with a market-based
- 21 conversion trigger.
- 22 (b) Report.—Not later than the end of the 1-year pe-
- 23 riod beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act,
- 24 each agency described under subsection (a) shall submit a
- 25 report to the Congress containing—

1	(1) all findings and determinations made by the
2	agency in carrying out the study required under sub-
3	section (a); and
4	(2) the agency's recommendations on how the
5	Congress should design a requirement that banking
6	organizations issue contingent capital with a market-
7	based conversion trigger.
8	SEC. 104. STUDY ON ALTERING THE CURRENT PROMPT
9	CORRECTIVE ACTION RULES.
10	(a) Study.—The Comptroller General of the United
11	States shall conduct a study to assess the benefits and feasi-
12	bility of altering the current prompt corrective action rules
13	and replacing the Basel-based capital ratios with the non-
14	performing asset coverage ratio or NACR as the trigger for
15	specific required supervisory interventions. The Comptroller
16	General shall ensure that such study includes the following:
17	(1) An assessment of the performance of an
18	NACR forward-looking measure of a banking organi-
19	zation's solvency condition relative to the regulatory
20	capital ratios currently used by prompt corrective ac-
21	tion rules.
22	(2) An analysis of the performance of alternative
23	definitions of nonperforming assets.
24	(3) An assessment of the impact of two alter-
25	native intervention thresholds:

1	(A) An initial (high) intervention threshold,
2	below which appropriate Federal banking agency
3	examiners are required to intervene and assess a
4	banking organization's condition and prescribe
5	remedial measures.
6	(B) A lower threshold, below which banking
7	organizations must increase their capital, seek
8	an acquirer, or face mandatory resolution within
9	90 days.
10	(b) Report.—Not later than the end of the 1-year pe-
11	riod beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act,
12	the Comptroller General shall submit a report to the Con-
13	gress containing—
14	(1) all findings and determinations made in car-
15	rying out the study required under subsection (a);
16	and
17	(2) recommendations on the most suitable defini-
18	tion of nonperforming assets, as well as the two nu-
19	merical thresholds that trigger specific required super-
20	visory interventions.
21	SEC. 105. DEFINITIONS.
22	For purposes of this title:
23	(1) Appropriate federal banking agency.—
24	The term "appropriate Federal banking agency"—

1	(A) has the meaning given such term under
2	section 3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act;
3	and
4	(B) means the National Credit Union Ad-
5	ministration, in the case of an insured credit
6	union.
7	(2) Banking organization.—The term 'bank-
8	ing organization" means—
9	(A) an insured depository institution;
10	(B) an insured credit union;
11	(C) a depository institution holding com-
12	pany;
13	(D) a company that is treated as a bank
14	holding company for purposes of section 8 of the
15	International Banking Act; and
16	(E) a U.S. intermediate holding company
17	established by a foreign banking organization
18	pursuant to section 252.153 of title 12, Code of
19	Federal Regulations.
20	(3) Foreign exchange swap .—The term "for-
21	eign exchange swap" has the meaning given that term
22	under section 1a of the Commodity Exchange Act.
23	(4) Insured credit union.—The term "insured
24	credit union" has the meaning given that term under
25	section 101 of the Federal Credit Union Act.

1	(5) Leverage exposure.—The term 'leverage
2	exposure"—
3	(A) with respect to a banking organization
4	other than an insured credit union or a tradi-
5	tional banking organization, has the meaning
6	given the term "total leverage exposure" under
7	section $3.10(c)(4)(ii)$, $217.10(c)(4)$, or
8	324.10(c)(4) of title 12, Code of Federal Regula-
9	tions, as applicable, as in effect on January 1,
10	2015;
11	(B) with respect to a traditional banking
12	organization other than an insured credit union,
13	means total assets (minus any items deducted
14	from common equity tier 1 capital) as calculated
15	in accordance with generally accepted accounting
16	principles and as reported on the traditional
17	banking organization's applicable regulatory fil-
18	ing with the banking organization's appropriate
19	Federal banking agency; and
20	(C) with respect to a banking organization
21	that is an insured credit union, has the meaning
22	given the term "total assets" under section 702.2
23	of title 12, Code of Federal Regulations, as in ef-
24	fect on January 1, 2015.
25	(6) Leverage ratio definitions.—

1	(A) Average leverage ratio.—With re-
2	spect to a banking organization, the term "aver-
3	age leverage ratio" means the average of the
4	banking organization's quarterly leverage ratios
5	for each of the most recently completed four cal-
6	endar quarters.
7	(B) Quarterly Leverage ratio.—With
8	respect to a banking organization and a cal-
9	endar quarter, the term "quarterly leverage
10	ratio" means the organization's tangible equity
11	divided by the organization's leverage exposure,
12	expressed as a percentage, on the last day of such
13	quarter.
14	(7) NACR.—The term "NACR" means—
15	(A) book equity less nonperforming assets
16	plus loan loss reserves, divided by
17	(B) total banking organization assets.
18	(8) Nonperforming assets.—The term "non-
19	performing assets" means—
20	(A) 20 percent of assets that are past due
21	30 to 89 days, plus
22	(B) 50 percent of assets that are past due
23	90 days or more, plus
24	(C) 100 percent of nonaccrual assets and
25	other real estate owned.

1	(9) Qualifying banking organization.—The
2	term "qualifying banking organization" means a
3	banking organization that has made an election
4	under section 101 and with respect to which such elec-
5	tion is in effect.
6	(10) Security-based swap .—The term "secu-
7	rity-based swap" has the meaning given that term
8	under section 3 of the Securities Exchange Act of
9	1934.
10	(11) SWAP .—The term "swap" has the meaning
11	given that term under section 1a of the Commodity
12	Exchange Act.
13	(12) Tangible equity.—The term "tangible eq-
14	uity"—
15	(A) with respect to a banking organization
16	other than a credit union, means the sum of—
17	(i) common equity tier 1 capital;
18	(ii) additional tier 1 capital consisting
19	of instruments issued on or before June 1,
20	2016; and
21	(iii) with respect to a depository insti-
22	tution holding company that had less than
23	\$15,000,000,000 in total consolidated assets
24	as of December 31, 2009, or March 31,
25	2010, or a banking organization that was a

1	mutual holding company as of May 19,
2	2010, trust preferred securities issued prior
3	to May 19, 2010, to the extent such organi-
4	zation was permitted, as of the date of the
5	enactment of this Act, to consider such secu-
6	rities as tier 1 capital under existing regu-
7	lations of the appropriate Federal banking
8	agency; and
9	(B) with respect to a banking organization
10	that is a credit union, has the meaning given the
11	term "net worth" under section 702.2 of title 12,
12	Code of Federal Regulations, as in effect on Jan-
13	uary 1, 2015.
14	(13) Traditional banking organization.—
15	The term "traditional banking organization" means a
16	banking organization that—
17	(A) has zero trading assets and zero trading
18	liabilities;
19	(B) does not engage in swaps or security-
20	based swaps, other than swaps or security-based
21	swaps referencing interest rates or foreign ex-
22	change swaps; and
23	(C) has a total notional exposure of swaps
24	and security-based swaps of not more than
25	\$8,000,000,000.

1	(14) Other banking terms.—The terms "in-
2	sured depository institution" and "depository institu-
3	tion holding company" have the meaning given those
4	terms, respectively, under section 3 of the Federal De-
5	posit Insurance Act.
6	(15) Other capital terms.—With respect to a
7	banking organization, the terms "additional tier 1
8	capital" and "common equity tier 1 capital" have the
9	meaning given such terms, respectively, under section
10	3.20, 217.20, or 324.20 of title 12, Code of Federal
11	Regulations, as applicable, as in effect on January 1,
12	2015.
13	TITLE II—ENDING "TOO BIG TO
13 14	TITLE II—ENDING "TOO BIG TO FAIL" AND BANK BAILOUTS
14	
14	FAIL" AND BANK BAILOUTS
14 15	FAIL" AND BANK BAILOUTS Subtitle A—Reform of the Financial
14 15 16	FAIL" AND BANK BAILOUTS Subtitle A—Reform of the Financial Stability Act of 2010
14 15 16	FAIL" AND BANK BAILOUTS Subtitle A—Reform of the Financial Stability Act of 2010 SEC. 211. REPEAL AND MODIFICATION OF PROVISIONS OF
14 15 16 17	FAIL" AND BANK BAILOUTS Subtitle A—Reform of the Financial Stability Act of 2010 SEC. 211. REPEAL AND MODIFICATION OF PROVISIONS OF THE FINANCIAL STABILITY ACT OF 2010.
14 15 16 17 18	FAIL" AND BANK BAILOUTS Subtitle A—Reform of the Financial Stability Act of 2010 SEC. 211. REPEAL AND MODIFICATION OF PROVISIONS OF THE FINANCIAL STABILITY ACT OF 2010. (a) REPEALS.—The following provisions of the Finan-
14 15 16 17 18 19	FAIL" AND BANK BAILOUTS Subtitle A—Reform of the Financial Stability Act of 2010 SEC. 211. REPEAL AND MODIFICATION OF PROVISIONS OF THE FINANCIAL STABILITY ACT OF 2010. (a) REPEALS.—The following provisions of the Financial Stability Act of 2010 are repealed, and the provisions
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	FAIL" AND BANK BAILOUTS Subtitle A—Reform of the Financial Stability Act of 2010 SEC. 211. REPEAL AND MODIFICATION OF PROVISIONS OF THE FINANCIAL STABILITY ACT OF 2010. (a) REPEALS.—The following provisions of the Financial Stability Act of 2010 are repealed, and the provisions of law amended or repealed by such provisions are restored
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	FAIL" AND BANK BAILOUTS Subtitle A—Reform of the Financial Stability Act of 2010 SEC. 211. REPEAL AND MODIFICATION OF PROVISIONS OF THE FINANCIAL STABILITY ACT OF 2010. (a) REPEALS.—The following provisions of the Financial Stability Act of 2010 are repealed, and the provisions of law amended or repealed by such provisions are restored or revived as if such provisions had not been enacted:

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1
              (4) Section 115.
 2
              (5) Section 116.
 3
              (6) Section 117.
 4
              (7) Section 119.
 5
              (8) Section 120.
 6
              (9) Section 121.
 7
              (10) Section 161.
 8
              (11) Section 162.
 9
              (12) Section 164.
10
              (13) Section 166.
11
              (14) Section 167.
12
              (15) Section 168.
13
              (16) Section 170.
14
              (17) Section 172.
15
              (18) Section 174.
16
              (19) Section 175.
17
         (b) Additional Modifications.—The Financial Sta-
    bility Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5311 et seq.) is amended—
18
19
              (1) in section 102(a), by striking paragraph (5);
20
              (2) in section 111—
21
                   (A) in subsection (b)—
22
                        (i) in paragraph (1)—
23
                             (I) by striking "who shall each"
                       and inserting "who shall, except as
24
25
                       provided below, each"; and
```

1	(II) by amending subparagraphs
2	(B) through (I) to read as follows:
3	"(B) each member of the Board of Gov-
4	ernors, who shall collectively have 1 vote on the
5	Council;
6	"(C) each member of the Board of Directors
7	of the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency,
8	who shall collectively have 1 vote on the Council;
9	"(D) each member of the Consumer Finan-
10	cial Opportunity Commission, who shall collec-
11	tively have 1 vote on the Council;
12	"(E) each member of the Commission, who
13	shall collectively have 1 vote on the Council;
14	"(F) each member of the Corporation, who
15	shall collectively have 1 vote on the Council;
16	"(G) each member of the Commodity Fu-
17	tures Trading Commission, who shall collectively
18	have 1 vote on the Council;
19	"(H) each member of the Board of Directors
20	of the Federal Housing Finance Agency, who
21	shall collectively have 1 vote on the Council;
22	"(I) each member of the National Credit
23	Union Administration Board, who shall collec-
24	tively have 1 vote on the Council; and";
25	(ii) in paragraph (2)—

1	(I) by striking subparagraph (A);
2	and
3	(II) by redesignating subpara-
4	graphs (B), (C), (D), and (E) as sub-
5	paragraphs (A), (B), (C), and (D), re-
6	spectively; and
7	(iii) by adding at the end the fol-
8	lowing:
9	"(4) Voting by multi-person entity.—
10	"(A) Voting within the entity.—An en-
11	tity described under subparagraph (B) through
12	(I) of paragraph (1) shall determine the entity's
13	Council vote by using the voting process nor-
14	mally applicable to votes by the entity's mem-
15	bers.
16	"(B) Casting of entity vote.—The 1 col-
17	lective Council vote of an entity described under
18	subparagraph (A) shall be cast by the head of
19	such agency or, in the event such head is unable
20	to cast such vote, the next most senior member of
21	the entity available.";
22	(B) in subsection (c), by striking "subpara-
23	graphs (C), (D), and (E)" and inserting "sub-
24	paragraphs (B), (C), and (D)";

1	(C) in subsection (e), by adding at the end
2	$the\ following:$
3	"(3) Staff access.—Any member of the Coun-
4	cil may select to have one or more individuals on the
5	member's staff attend a meeting of the Council, in-
6	cluding any meeting of representatives of the member
7	agencies other than the members themselves.
8	"(4) Congressional oversight.—All meetings
9	of the Council, whether or not open to the public, shall
10	be open to the attendance by members of the Com-
11	mittee on Financial Services of the House of Rep-
12	resentatives and the Committee on Banking, Housing,
13	and Urban Affairs of the Senate.
14	"(5) Member agency meetings.—Any meeting
15	of representatives of the member agencies other than
16	the members themselves shall be open to attendance by
17	staff of the Committee on Financial Services of the
18	House of Representatives and the Committee on
19	Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate.";
20	(D) by striking subsection (g) (relating to
21	$the \ nonapplicability \ of \ FACA);$
22	(E) by inserting after subsection (f) the fol-
23	lowing:
24	"(g) Open Meeting Requirement.—The Council
25	shall be an agency for purposes of section 552b of title 5.

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United States Code (commonly referred to as the 'Govern-
    ment in the Sunshine Act').
 3
         "(h) Confidential Congressional Briefings.—At
    the request of the Chairman of the Committee on Financial
    Services of the House of Representatives or the Chairman
    of the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs
    of the Senate, the Chairperson shall appear before Congress
 8
    to provide a confidential briefing."; and
 9
                  (F) by redesignating subsections (h) through
10
              (j) as subsections (i) through (k), respectively;
11
             (3) in section 112—
12
                  (A) in subsection (a)(2)—
13
                       (i) in subparagraph (A), by striking
14
                  "direct the Office of Financial Research to";
15
                       (ii) by striking subparagraphs (B),
16
                  (H), (I), and (J);
17
                       (iii) by redesignating subparagraphs
18
                  (C), (D), (E), (F), (G), (K), (L), (M), and
19
                  (N) as subparagraphs (B), (C), (D), (E),
20
                  (F), (G), (H), (I), and (J), respectively;
21
                       (iv) in subparagraph (J), as so redes-
22
                  ignated—
23
                            (I) in clause (iii), by adding
                       "and" at the end;
24
```

1	(II) by striking clauses (iv) and
2	(v); and
3	(III) by redesignating clause (vi)
4	as clause (iv); and
5	(B) in subsection (d)—
6	(i) in paragraph (1), by striking "the
7	Office of Financial Research, member agen-
8	cies, and" and inserting "member agencies
9	and";
10	(ii) in paragraph (2), by striking "the
11	Office of Financial Research, any member
12	agency, and" and inserting "any member
13	agency and";
14	(iii) in paragraph (3)—
15	(I) by striking ", acting through
16	the Office of Financial Research," each
17	place it appears; and
18	(II) in subparagraph (B), by
19	striking "the Office of Financial Re-
20	search or"; and
21	(iv) in paragraph (5)(A), by striking
22	", the Office of Financial Research,";
23	(4) by amending section 118 to read as follows:

1 "SEC. 118. COUNCIL FUNDING.

2	"There is authorized to be appropriated to the Council
3	\$4,000,000 for fiscal year 2017 and each fiscal year there-
4	after to carry out the duties of the Council.";
5	(5) in section 163(b)(4)—
6	(A) by striking "In addition" and inserting
7	$the\ following:$
8	"(A) In general.—In addition"; and
9	(B) by adding at the end the following:
10	"(B) Exception for qualifying banking
11	ORGANIZATION.—Subparagraph (A) shall not
12	apply to a proposed acquisition by a qualifying
13	banking organization, as defined under section
14	105 of the Financial CHOICE Act of 2016.";
15	and
16	(6) in section 165—
17	(A) by striking "nonbank financial compa-
18	nies supervised by the Board of Governors and"
19	each place such term appears;
20	(B) by striking "nonbank financial com-
21	pany supervised by the Board of Governors and"
22	each place such term appears;
23	(C) in subsection (a), by amending para-
24	graph (2) to read as follows:
25	"(2) Tailored Application.—In prescribing
26	more stringent prudential standards under this sec-

1	tion, the Board of Governors may differentiate among
2	companies on an individual basis or by category, tak-
3	ing into consideration their capital structure, riski-
4	ness, complexity, financial activities (including the fi-
5	nancial activities of their subsidiaries), size, and any
6	other risk-related factors that the Board of Governors
7	deems appropriate.";
8	(D) in subsection (b)—
9	(i) in paragraph $(1)(B)(iv)$, by strik-
10	ing ", on its own or pursuant to a rec-
11	ommendation made by the Council in ac-
12	cordance with section 115,";
13	(ii) in paragraph (2)—
14	(I) by striking "foreign nonbank
15	financial company supervised by the
16	Board of Governors or";
17	(II) by striking "shall—" and all
18	that follows through "give due" and in-
19	serting "shall give due";
20	(III) in subparagraph (A), by
21	striking "; and" and inserting a pe-
22	riod; and
23	(IV) by striking subparagraph
24	(B);
25	(iii) in paragraph (3)—

1	$(I) \ in \ subparagraph \ (A)$ —
2	(aa) by striking clause (i);
3	(bb) by redesignating clauses
4	(ii), (iii), and (iv) as clauses (i),
5	(ii), and (iii), respectively; and
6	(cc) in clause (iii), as so re-
7	designated, by adding "and" at
8	$the\ end;$
9	(II) by striking subparagraphs
10	(B) and (C); and
11	(III) by redesignating subpara-
12	graph (D) as subparagraph (B); and
13	(iv) in paragraph (4), by striking "a
14	nonbank financial company supervised by
15	the Board of Governors or";
16	(E) in subsection (c)—
17	(i) in paragraph (1), by striking
18	"under section 115(c)"; and
19	(ii) in paragraph (2)—
20	(I) by amending subparagraph
21	(A) to read as follows:
22	"(A) any recommendations of the Council;";
23	and
24	(II) in subparagraph (D), by
25	striking "nonbank financial company

1	supervised by the Board of Governors
2	or";
3	(F) in subsection (d) —
4	(i) by striking "a nonbank financial
5	company supervised by the Board of Gov-
6	ernors or" each place such term appears;
7	(ii) in paragraph (1), by striking "pe-
8	riodically" and inserting "not more often
9	than every 2 years";
10	(iii) in paragraph (3)—
11	(I) by striking "The Board" and
12	inserting the following:
13	"(A) In general.—The Board";
14	(II) by striking "shall review"
15	and inserting the following: "shall—
16	"(i) review";
17	(III) by striking the period and
18	inserting "; and"; and
19	(IV) by adding at the end the fol-
20	lowing:
21	"(ii) not later than the end of the 6-
22	month period beginning on the date the
23	bank holding company submits the resolu-
24	tion plan, provide feedback to the bank
25	holding company on such plan.

1	"(B) Disclosure of assessment frame-
2	WORK.—The Board of Governors and the Cor-
3	poration shall each publicly disclose the assess-
4	ment framework that is used to review informa-
5	tion under this paragraph and shall provide the
6	public with a notice and comment period before
7	finalizing such assessment framework.".
8	(iv) in paragraph (6), by striking
9	"nonbank financial company supervised by
10	the Board, any bank holding company,"
11	and inserting 'bank holding company';
12	(G) in subsection (e)—
13	(i) in paragraph (1), by striking "a
14	nonbank financial company supervised by
15	the Board of Governors or";
16	(ii) in paragraph (3), by striking "the
17	nonbank financial company supervised by
18	the Board of Governors or" each place such
19	term appears; and
20	(iii) in paragraph (4), by striking "a
21	nonbank financial company supervised by
22	the Board of Governors or";
23	(H) in subsection $(g)(1)$, by striking "and
24	any nonbank financial company supervised by
25	the Board of Governors";

1	(I) in subsection (h)—
2	(i) by striking paragraph (1);
3	(ii) by redesignating paragraphs (2),
4	(3), and (4) as paragraphs (1), (2), and (3),
5	respectively;
6	(iii) in paragraph (1), as so redesig-
7	nated, by striking "paragraph (3)" each
8	place such term appears and inserting
9	"paragraph (2)"; and
10	(iv) in paragraph (2), as so redesig-
11	nated—
12	(I) in subparagraph (A), by strik-
13	ing "the nonbank financial company
14	supervised by the Board of Governors
15	or bank holding company described in
16	subsection (a), as applicable" and in-
17	serting "a bank holding company de-
18	scribed in subsection (a)"; and
19	(II) in subparagraph (B), by
20	striking "the nonbank financial com-
21	pany supervised by the Board of Gov-
22	ernors or a bank holding company de-
23	scribed in subsection (a), as applica-
24	ble" and inserting "a bank holding
25	company described in subsection (a)":

1	(J) in subsection (i) —
2	(i) in paragraph (1)—
3	$(I)\ in\ subparagraph\ (B)$ —
4	(aa) by amending clause (i)
5	to read as follows:
6	"(i) shall—
7	"(I) issue regulations, after pro-
8	viding for public notice and comment,
9	that provide for at least 3 different sets
10	of conditions under which the evalua-
11	tion required by this subsection shall
12	be conducted, including baseline, ad-
13	verse, and severely adverse, and meth-
14	odologies, including models used to es-
15	timate losses on certain assets; and
16	"(II) provide copies of such regu-
17	lations to the Comptroller General of
18	the United States and the Panel of
19	Economic Advisors of the Congres-
20	sional Budget Office before publishing
21	such regulations;";
22	(bb) in clause (ii), by strik-
23	ing "and nonbank financial com-
24	panies"; and

1	(cc) in clause (v), by insert-
2	ing before the period the following:
3	", including any results of a re-
4	submitted test"; and
5	(II) by adding at the end the fol-
6	lowing:
7	"(C) Application to ccar.—The require-
8	ments of subparagraph (B) shall apply to all
9	stress tests performed under the Comprehensive
10	Capital Analysis and Review exercise established
11	by the Board of Governors."; and
12	(ii) in paragraph (2)(A)—
13	(I) by striking "a bank holding
14	company" and inserting "bank holding
15	company"; and
16	(II) by striking "All other finan-
17	cial companies" and inserting "All
18	other bank holding companies";
19	$(K) \ in \ subsection \ (j)$ —
20	(i) in paragraph (1), by striking "or a
21	nonbank financial company supervised by
22	the Board of Governors"; and
23	(ii) in paragraph (2), by striking "the
24	factors described in subsections (a) and (b)

1	of section 113 and any other" and inserting
2	"any";
3	(L) in subsection $(k)(1)$, by striking "or
4	nonbank financial company supervised by the
5	Board of Governors"; and
6	(M) by adding at the end the following:
7	"(l) Exemption for Qualifying Banking Organi-
8	ZATIONS.—This section shall not apply to a proposed acqui-
9	sition by a qualifying banking organization, as defined
10	under section 105 of the Financial CHOICE Act of 2016.".
11	(c) Actions to Create a Bank Holding Com-
12	PANY.—Section 3(b)(1) of the Bank Holding Company Act
13	of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1842(b)(1)) is amended—
14	(1) by striking "Upon receiving" and inserting
15	$the\ following:$
16	"(A) In General.—Upon receiving";
17	(2) by striking "Notwithstanding any other pro-
18	vision" and inserting the following:
19	"(B) Immediate action.—
20	$``(i) In \ GENERAL.—Notwithstanding$
21	any other provision"; and
22	(3) by adding at the end the following:
23	"(ii) Exception.—The Board may not
24	take any action pursuant to clause (i) on
25	an application that would cause any com-

1	pany to become a bank holding company
2	unless such application involves the com-
3	pany acquiring a bank that is critically
4	undercapitalized (as such term is defined
5	under section 38(b) of the Federal Deposit
6	Insurance Act).".
7	(d) Concentration Limits Applied Only to Bank-
8	ING ORGANIZATIONS.—Section 14 of the Bank Holding
9	Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1852) is amended—
10	(1) by striking "financial company" each place
11	such term appears and inserting "banking organiza-
12	tion";
13	(2) in subsection (a)—
14	(A) by amending paragraph (2) to read as
15	follows:
16	"(2) the term 'banking organization' means—
17	"(A) an insured depository institution;
18	"(B) a bank holding company;
19	"(C) a savings and loan holding company;
20	"(D) a company that controls an insured
21	depository institution; and
22	"(E) a foreign bank or company that is
23	treated as a bank holding company for purposes
24	of this Act; and";
25	(B) in paragraph (3)—

1	(i) in subparagraph (A)(ii), by adding
2	"and" at the end;
3	(ii) in subparagraph (B)(ii), by strik-
4	ing "; and" and inserting a period; and
5	(iii) by striking subparagraph (C);
6	and
7	(3) in subsection (b), by striking "financial com-
8	panies" and inserting "banking organizations".
9	(e) Conforming Amendment.—Section 3502(5) of
10	title 44, United States Code, is amended by striking "the
11	Office of Financial Research,".
12	(f) Clerical Amendment.—The table of contents
13	under section 1(b) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform
14	and Consumer Protection Act is amended by striking the
15	items relating to subtitle B of title I and 113, 114, 115,
16	116, 117, 119, 120, 121, 161, 162, 164, 166, 167, 168, 170,
17	172, 174, and 175.
18	Subtitle B—Repeal of the Orderly
19	Liquidation Authority
20	SEC. 221. REPEAL OF THE ORDERLY LIQUIDATION AUTHOR-
21	ITY.
22	(a) In General.—Title II of the Dodd-Frank Wall
23	Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act is hereby re-
24	pealed and any Federal law amended by such title shall,
25	on and after the effective date of this Act, be effective as

1	if title II of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Con-
2	sumer Protection Act had not been enacted.
3	(b) Conforming Amendments.—
4	(1) Dodd-frank wall street reform and
5	Consumer protection act.—The Dodd-Frank Wall
6	Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act is
7	amended—
8	(A) in the table of contents for such Act, by
9	striking all items relating to title II;
10	(B) in section 151, by amending paragraph
11	(2) to read as follows:
12	"(2) the term 'financial company' means—
13	"(A) any company that is incorporated or
14	organized under any provision of Federal law or
15	the laws of any State;
16	"(B) any company that is—
17	"(i) a bank holding company, as de-
18	fined in section 2(a) of the Bank Holding
19	Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1841(a));
20	"(ii) a nonbank financial company su-
21	pervised by the Board of Governors;
22	"(iii) any company that is predomi-
23	nantly engaged in activities that the Board
24	of Governors has determined are financial
25	in nature or incidental thereto for purposes

1	of section 4(k) of the Bank Holding Com-
2	pany Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1843(k)) other
3	than a company described in clause (i) or
4	(ii); or
5	"(iv) any subsidiary of any company
6	described in any of clauses (i) through (iii)
7	that is predominantly engaged in activities
8	that the Board of Governors has determined
9	are financial in nature or incidental thereto
10	for purposes of section 4(k) of the Bank
11	Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C.
12	1843(k)) (other than a subsidiary that is an
13	insured depository institution or an insur-
14	ance company);
15	"(C) any company that is not a Farm
16	Credit System institution chartered under and
17	subject to the provisions of the Farm Credit Act
18	of 1971, as amended (12 U.S.C. 2001 et seq.), a
19	governmental entity, or a regulated entity, as de-
20	fined under section 1303(20) of the Federal
21	Housing Enterprises Financial Safety and
22	Soundness Act of 1992 (12 U.S.C. 4502(20));
23	and
24	"(D) includes an insured depository institu-
25	tion and an insurance company;";

1	(C) in section $165(d)(6)$, by striking ", a re-
2	ceiver appointed under title II,"; and
3	(D) in section 716(g), by striking "or a cov-
4	ered financial company under title II".
5	(2) Federal deposit insurance act.—Section
6	10(b)(3) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12
7	$U.S.C.\ 1820(b)(3))$ is amended by striking ", or of
8	such nonbank financial company supervised by the
9	Board of Governors or bank holding company de-
10	scribed in section 165(a) of the Financial Stability
11	Act of 2010, for the purpose of implementing its au-
12	thority to provide for orderly liquidation of any such
13	company under title II of that Act".
14	(3) Federal reserve act.—Section 13(3) of
15	the Federal Reserve Act is amended—
16	$(A) \ in \ subparagraph \ (B)$ —
17	(i) in clause (ii), by striking ", resolu-
18	tion under title II of the Dodd-Frank Wall
19	Street Reform and Consumer Protection
20	Act, or" and inserting "or is subject to reso-
21	lution under"; and
22	(ii) in clause (iii), by striking ", reso-
23	lution under title II of the Dodd-Frank
24	Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protec-

1	tion Act, or" and inserting "or resolution
2	under"; and
3	(B) by striking subparagraph (E).
4	Subtitle C—Financial Institution
5	Bankruptcy
6	SEC. 231. GENERAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO COVERED FI-
7	NANCIAL CORPORATIONS.
8	(a) Definition.—Section 101 of title 11, United
9	States Code, is amended by inserting the following after
10	paragraph (9):
11	"(9A) The term 'covered financial corporation'
12	means any corporation incorporated or organized
13	under any Federal or State law, other than a stock-
14	broker, a commodity broker, or an entity of the kind
15	specified in paragraph (2) or (3) of section 109(b),
16	that is—
17	"(A) a bank holding company, as defined in
18	section 2(a) of the Bank Holding Company Act
19	of 1956; or
20	"(B) a corporation that exists for the pri-
21	mary purpose of owning, controlling and financ-
22	ing its subsidiaries, that has total consolidated
23	assets of \$50,000,000,000 or greater, and for
24	which, in its most recently completed fiscal
25	year—

"(i) annual gross revenues derived by 1 2 the corporation and all of its subsidiaries from activities that are financial in nature 3 4 (as defined in section 4(k) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956) and, if ap-6 plicable, from the ownership or control of one or more insured depository institutions, 7 8 represents 85 percent or more of the consoli-9 dated annual gross revenues of the corpora-10 tion; or

- "(ii) the consolidated assets of the corporation and all of its subsidiaries related
 to activities that are financial in nature (as
 defined in section 4(k) of the Bank Holding
 Company Act of 1956) and, if applicable,
 related to the ownership or control of one or
 more insured depository institutions, represents 85 percent or more of the consolidated assets of the corporation.".
- 20 (b) APPLICABILITY OF CHAPTERS.—Section 103 of 21 title 11, United States Code, is amended by adding at the 22 end the following:
- 23 "(1) Subchapter V of chapter 11 of this title applies 24 only in a case under chapter 11 concerning a covered finan-25 cial corporation.".

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(c) Who May Be a Debtor.—Section 109 of title 11,
 1
 2
    United States Code, is amended—
 3
             (1) in subsection (b)—
                  (A) in paragraph (2), by striking "or" at
 4
 5
             the end;
 6
                  (B) in paragraph (3)(B), by striking the pe-
             riod at the end and inserting ": or"; and
 7
 8
                  (C) by adding at the end the following:
 9
              "(4) a covered financial corporation."; and
             (2) in subsection (d)—
10
11
                  (A) by striking "and" before "an uninsured
12
             State member bank";
                  (B) by striking "or" before "a corporation";
13
14
             and
                  (C) by inserting ", or a covered financial
15
             corporation" after "Federal Deposit Insurance
16
17
             Corporation Improvement Act of 1991".
18
         (d) Conversion to Chapter 7.—Section 1112 of title
19
    11, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end
20
    the following:
21
         "(g) Notwithstanding section 109(b), the court may
    convert a case under subchapter V to a case under chapter
23
    7 if—
             "(1) a transfer approved under section 1185 has
24
25
         been consummated:
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1	"(2) the court has ordered the appointment of a
2	special trustee under section 1186; and
3	"(3) the court finds, after notice and a hearing,
4	that conversion is in the best interest of the creditors
5	and the estate.".
6	(e)(1) Section 726(a)(1) of title 11, United States
7	Code, is amended by inserting after "first," the following:
8	"in payment of any unpaid fees, costs, and expenses of a
9	special trustee appointed under section 1186, and then".
10	(2) Section 1129(a) of title 11, United States Code,
11	is amended by inserting after paragraph (16) the following:
12	"(17) In a case under subchapter V, all payable
13	fees, costs, and expenses of the special trustee have
14	been paid or the plan provides for the payment of all
15	such fees, costs, and expenses on the effective date of
16	the plan.
17	"(18) In a case under subchapter V, confirma-
18	tion of the plan is not likely to cause serious adverse
19	effects on financial stability in the United States.".
20	(f) Section 322(b)(2) of title 11, United States Code,
21	is amended by striking "The" and inserting "In cases under
22	subchapter V, the United States trustee shall recommend to
23	the court, and in all other cases, the".

1	SEC. 232. LIQUIDATION, REORGANIZATION, OR RECAPITAL-
2	IZATION OF A COVERED FINANCIAL COR-
3	PORATION.
4	Chapter 11 of title 11, United States Code, is amended
5	by adding at the end the following (and conforming the
6	table of contents for such chapter accordingly):
7	"SUBCHAPTER V—LIQUIDATION, REORGANIZA-
8	TION, OR RECAPITALIZATION OF A COVERED
9	FINANCIAL CORPORATION
10	"§ 1181. Inapplicability of other sections
11	"Sections 303 and 321(c) do not apply in a case under
12	this subchapter concerning a covered financial corporation.
13	Section 365 does not apply to a transfer under section 1185,
14	1187, or 1188.
15	"§ 1182. Definitions for this subchapter
16	"In this subchapter, the following definitions shall
17	apply:
18	"(1) The term 'Board' means the Board of Gov-
19	ernors of the Federal Reserve System.
20	"(2) The term bridge company' means a newly
21	formed corporation to which property of the estate
22	may be transferred under section 1185(a) and the eq-
23	uity securities of which may be transferred to a spe-
24	cial trustee under section 1186(a).
25	"(3) The term 'capital structure debt' means all
26	unsecured debt of the debtor for borrowed money for

which the debtor is the primary obligor, other than a qualified financial contract and other than debt secured by a lien on property of the estate that is to be transferred to a bridge company pursuant to an

order of the court under section 1185(a).

- 6 "(4) The term 'contractual right' means a con-7 tractual right of a kind defined in section 555, 556, 8 559, 560, or 561.
- 9 "(5) The term 'qualified financial contract' 10 means any contract of a kind defined in paragraph 11 (25), (38A), (47), or (53B) of section 101, section 12 741(7), or paragraph (4), (5), (11), or (13) of section 13 761.
- 14 "(6) The term 'special trustee' means the trustee 15 of a trust formed under section 1186(a)(1).

16 "§ 1183. Commencement of a case concerning a cov-

17 ered financial corporation

- 18 "(a) A case under this subchapter concerning a covered
- 19 financial corporation may be commenced by the filing of
- 20 a petition with the court by the debtor under section 301
- 21 only if the debtor states to the best of its knowledge under
- 22 penalty of perjury in the petition that it is a covered finan-
- 23 cial corporation.

- 24 "(b) The commencement of a case under subsection (a)
- $25 \ \ constitutes \ an \ order for \ relief \ under \ this \ subchapter.$

- 1 "(c) The members of the board of directors (or body
- 2 performing similar functions) of a covered financial com-
- 3 pany shall have no liability to shareholders, creditors, or
- 4 other parties in interest for a good faith filing of a petition
- 5 to commence a case under this subchapter, or for any rea-
- 6 sonable action taken in good faith in contemplation of or
- 7 in connection with such a petition or a transfer under sec-
- 8 tion 1185 or section 1186, whether prior to or after com-
- 9 mencement of the case.
- "(d) Counsel to the debtor shall provide, to the greatest
- 11 extent practicable without disclosing the identity of the po-
- 12 tential debtor, sufficient confidential notice to the chief
- 13 judge of the court of appeals for the circuit embracing the
- 14 district in which such counsel intends to file a petition to
- 15 commence a case under this subchapter regarding the poten-
- 16 tial commencement of such case. The chief judge of such
- 17 court shall randomly assign to preside over such case a
- 18 bankruptcy judge selected from among the bankruptcy
- 19 judges designated by the Chief Justice of the United States
- 20 under section 298 of title 28.

21 *"§ 1184. Regulators*

- 22 "The Board, the Securities Exchange Commission, the
- 23 Office of the Comptroller of the Currency of the Department
- 24 of the Treasury, the Commodity Futures Trading Commis-
- 25 sion, and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation may

raise and may appear and be heard on any issue in any case or proceeding under this subchapter. "§ 1185. Special transfer of property of the estate 3 4 "(a) On request of the trustee, and after notice and a hearing that shall occur not less than 24 hours after the 6 order for relief, the court may order a transfer under this section of property of the estate, and the assignment of exec-8 utory contracts, unexpired leases, and qualified financial contracts of the debtor, to a bridge company. Upon the entry of an order approving such transfer, any property trans-10 ferred, and any executory contracts, unexpired leases, and 12 qualified financial contracts assigned under such order shall no longer be property of the estate. Except as provided under this section, the provisions of section 363 shall apply 14 15 to a transfer and assignment under this section. 16 "(b) Unless the court orders otherwise, notice of a request for an order under subsection (a) shall consist of electronic or telephonic notice of not less than 24 hours to— 18 19 "(1) the debtor; 20 "(2) the holders of the 20 largest secured claims against the debtor; 21 22 "(3) the holders of the 20 largest unsecured

claims against the debtor;

1	"(4) counterparties to any debt, executory con-
2	tract, unexpired lease, and qualified financial con-
3	tract requested to be transferred under this section;
4	"(5) the Board;
5	"(6) the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation;
6	"(7) the Secretary of the Treasury and the Office
7	of the Comptroller of the Currency of the Treasury;
8	"(8) the Commodity Futures Trading Commis-
9	sion;
10	"(9) the Securities and Exchange Commission;
11	"(10) the United States trustee or bankruptcy
12	administrator; and
13	"(11) each primary financial regulatory agency,
14	as defined in section 2(12) of the Dodd-Frank Wall
15	Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, with re-
16	spect to any affiliate the equity securities of which are
17	proposed to be transferred under this section.
18	"(c) The court may not order a transfer under this
19	section unless the court determines, based upon a prepon-
20	derance of the evidence, that—
21	"(1) the transfer under this section is necessary
22	to prevent serious adverse effects on financial stability
23	in the United States;

1	"(2) the transfer does not provide for the as-
2	sumption of any capital structure debt by the bridge
3	company;
4	"(3) the transfer does not provide for the transfer
5	to the bridge company of any property of the estate
6	that is subject to a lien securing a debt, executory
7	contract, unexpired lease or agreement (including a
8	qualified financial contract) of the debtor unless—
9	" $(A)(i)$ the bridge company assumes such
10	debt, executory contract, unexpired lease or
11	agreement (including a qualified financial con-
12	tract), including any claims arising in respect
13	thereof that would not be allowed secured claims
14	under section 506(a)(1) and after giving effect to
15	such transfer, such property remains subject to
16	the lien securing such debt, executory contract,
17	unexpired lease or agreement (including a quali-
18	fied financial contract); and
19	"(ii) the court has determined that assump-
20	tion of such debt, executory contract, unexpired
21	lease or agreement (including a qualified finan-
22	cial contract) by the bridge company is in the

best interests of the estate; or

1	"(B) such property is being transferred to
2	the bridge company in accordance with the pro-
3	visions of section 363;
4	"(4) the transfer does not provide for the as-
5	sumption by the bridge company of any debt, execu-
6	tory contract, unexpired lease or agreement (includ-
7	ing a qualified financial contract) of the debtor se-
8	cured by a lien on property of the estate unless the
9	transfer provides for such property to be transferred
10	to the bridge company in accordance with paragraph
11	(3)(A) of this subsection;
12	"(5) the transfer does not provide for the transfer
13	of the equity of the debtor;
14	"(6) the trustee has demonstrated that the bridge
15	company is not likely to fail to meet the obligations
16	of any debt, executory contract, qualified financial
17	contract, or unexpired lease assumed and assigned to
18	the bridge company;
19	"(7) the transfer provides for the transfer to a
20	special trustee all of the equity securities in the bridge
21	company and appointment of a special trustee in ac-
22	cordance with section 1186;
23	"(8) after giving effect to the transfer, adequate
24	provision has been made for the fees, costs, and ex-
25	penses of the estate and special trustee; and

- 1 "(9) the bridge company will have governing
- 2 documents, and initial directors and senior officers,
- 3 that are in the best interest of creditors and the estate.
- 4 "(d) Immediately before a transfer under this section,
- 5 the bridge company that is the recipient of the transfer
- 6 shall—
- 7 "(1) not have any property, executory contracts,
- 8 unexpired leases, qualified financial contracts, or
- 9 debts, other than any property acquired or executory
- 10 contracts, unexpired leases, or debts assumed when
- 11 acting as a transferee of a transfer under this section;
- 12 *and*
- 13 "(2) have equity securities that are property of
- 14 the estate, which may be sold or distributed in accord-
- ance with this title.

16 "§ 1186. Special trustee

- 17 "(a)(1) An order approving a transfer under section
- 18 1185 shall require the trustee to transfer to a qualified and
- 19 independent special trustee, who is appointed by the court,
- 20 all of the equity securities in the bridge company that is
- 21 the recipient of a transfer under section 1185 to hold in
- 22 trust for the sole benefit of the estate, subject to satisfaction
- 23 of the special trustee's fees, costs, and expenses. The trust
- 24 of which the special trustee is the trustee shall be a newly
- 25 formed trust governed by a trust agreement approved by

1	the court as in the best interests of the estate, and shall
2	exist for the sole purpose of holding and administering, and
3	shall be permitted to dispose of, the equity securities of the
4	bridge company in accordance with the trust agreement.
5	"(2) In connection with the hearing to approve a
6	transfer under section 1185, the trustee shall confirm to the
7	court that the Board has been consulted regarding the iden-
8	tity of the proposed special trustee and advise the court of
9	the results of such consultation.
10	"(b) The trust agreement governing the trust shall pro-
11	vide—
12	"(1) for the payment of the fees, costs, expenses,
13	and indemnities of the special trustee from the assets
14	of the debtor's estate;
15	"(2) that the special trustee provide—
16	"(A) quarterly reporting to the estate, which
17	shall be filed with the court; and
18	"(B) information about the bridge company
19	reasonably requested by a party in interest to
20	prepare a disclosure statement for a plan pro-
21	viding for distribution of any securities of the
22	bridge company if such information is necessary
23	to prepare such disclosure statement;
24	"(3) that for as long as the equity securities of
25	the bridge company are held by the trust, the special

1	trustee shall file a notice with the court in connection
2	with—
3	"(A) any change in a director or senior offi-
4	cer of the bridge company;
5	"(B) any modification to the governing doc-
6	uments of the bridge company; and
7	"(C) any material corporate action of the
8	bridge company, including—
9	$\it ``(i) recapitalization;$
10	"(ii) a material borrowing;
11	"(iii) termination of an intercompany
12	debt or guarantee;
13	"(iv) a transfer of a substantial por-
14	tion of the assets of the bridge company; or
15	"(v) the issuance or sale of any securi-
16	ties of the bridge company;
17	"(4) that any sale of any equity securities of the
18	bridge company shall not be consummated until the
19	special trustee consults with the Federal Deposit In-
20	surance Corporation and the Board regarding such
21	sale and discloses the results of such consultation with
22	$the\ court;$
23	"(5) that, subject to reserves for payments per-
24	mitted under paragraph (1) provided for in the trust
25	agreement, the proceeds of the sale of any equity secu-

- rities of the bridge company by the special trustee be held in trust for the benefit of or transferred to the
- 3 estate;
- 4 "(6) the process and guidelines for the replace-5 ment of the special trustee; and
- 6 "(7) that the property held in trust by the spe-7 cial trustee is subject to distribution in accordance 8 with subsection (c).
- 9 "(c)(1) The special trustee shall distribute the assets 10 held in trust—
- "(A) if the court confirms a plan in the case, in accordance with the plan on the effective date of the plan; or
- 14 "(B) if the case is converted to a case under 15 chapter 7, as ordered by the court.
- "(2) As soon as practicable after a final distribution 17 under paragraph (1), the office of the special trustee shall 18 terminate, except as may be necessary to wind up and con-
- 19 clude the business and financial affairs of the trust.
- 20 "(d) After a transfer to the special trustee under this
- 21 section, the special trustee shall be subject only to applicable
- 22 nonbankruptcy law, and the actions and conduct of the spe-
- 23 cial trustee shall no longer be subject to approval by the
- 24 court in the case under this subchapter.

I	"§ 1187. Temporary and supplemental automatic stay;
2	$assumed\ debt$
3	"(a)(1) A petition filed under section 1183 operates
4	as a stay, applicable to all entities, of the termination, ac-
5	celeration, or modification of any debt, contract, lease, or
6	agreement of the kind described in paragraph (2), or of any
7	right or obligation under any such debt, contract, lease, or
8	agreement, solely because of—
9	"(A) a default by the debtor under any such
10	debt, contract, lease, or agreement; or
11	"(B) a provision in such debt, contract, lease, or
12	agreement, or in applicable nonbankruptcy law, that
13	is conditioned on—
14	"(i) the insolvency or financial condition of
15	the debtor at any time before the closing of the
16	${\it case};$
17	"(ii) the commencement of a case under this
18	title concerning the debtor;
19	"(iii) the appointment of or taking posses-
20	sion by a trustee in a case under this title con-
21	cerning the debtor or by a custodian before the
22	commencement of the case; or
23	"(iv) a credit rating agency rating, or ab-
24	sence or withdrawal of a credit rating agency
25	rating—

1	"(I) of the debtor at any time after the
2	commencement of the case;
3	"(II) of an affiliate during the period
4	from the commencement of the case until 48
5	hours after such order is entered;
6	"(III) of the bridge company while the
7	trustee or the special trustee is a direct or
8	indirect beneficial holder of more than 50
9	percent of the equity securities of—
10	"(aa) the bridge company; or
11	"(bb) the affiliate, if all of the di-
12	rect or indirect interests in the affiliate
13	that are property of the estate are
14	transferred under section 1185; or
15	"(IV) of an affiliate while the trustee
16	or the special trustee is a direct or indirect
17	beneficial holder of more than 50 percent of
18	the equity securities of—
19	"(aa) the bridge company; or
20	"(bb) the affiliate, if all of the di-
21	rect or indirect interests in the affiliate
22	that are property of the estate are
23	transferred under section 1185.
24	"(2) A debt, contract, lease, or agreement described in
25	this paragraph is—

1	"(A) any debt (other than capital structure
2	debt), executory contract, or unexpired lease of the
3	debtor (other than a qualified financial contract);
4	"(B) any agreement under which the debtor
5	issued or is obligated for debt (other than capital
6	$structure\ debt);$
7	"(C) any debt, executory contract, or unexpired
8	lease of an affiliate (other than a qualified financial
9	contract); or
10	"(D) any agreement under which an affiliate
11	issued or is obligated for debt.
12	"(3) The stay under this subsection terminates—
13	"(A) for the benefit of the debtor, upon the ear-
14	liest of—
15	"(i) 48 hours after the commencement of the
16	case;
17	"(ii) assumption of the debt, contract, lease,
18	or agreement by the bridge company under an
19	order authorizing a transfer under section 1185;
20	"(iii) a final order of the court denying the
21	request for a transfer under section 1185; or
22	"(iv) the time the case is dismissed; and
23	"(B) for the benefit of an affiliate, upon the ear-
24	liest of—

1	"(i) the entry of an order authorizing a
2	transfer under section 1185 in which the direct
3	or indirect interests in the affiliate that are
4	property of the estate are not transferred under
5	section 1185;
6	"(ii) a final order by the court denying the
7	request for a transfer under section 1185;
8	"(iii) 48 hours after the commencement of
9	the case if the court has not ordered a transfer
10	under section 1185; or
11	"(iv) the time the case is dismissed.
12	"(4) Subsections (d), (e), (f), and (g) of section 362
13	apply to a stay under this subsection.
14	"(b) A debt, executory contract (other than a qualified
15	financial contract), or unexpired lease of the debtor, or an
16	agreement under which the debtor has issued or is obligated
17	for any debt, may be assumed by a bridge company in a
18	transfer under section 1185 notwithstanding any provision
19	in an agreement or in applicable nonbankruptcy law
20	that—
21	"(1) prohibits, restricts, or conditions the assign-
22	ment of the debt, contract, lease, or agreement; or
23	"(2) accelerates, terminates, or modifies, or per-
24	mits a party other than the debtor to terminate or

1	modify, the debt, contract, lease, or agreement on ac-
2	count of—
3	"(A) the assignment of the debt, contract,
4	lease, or agreement; or
5	"(B) a change in control of any party to the
6	debt, contract, lease, or agreement.
7	" $(c)(1)$ A debt, contract, lease, or agreement of the kind
8	described in subparagraph (A) or (B) of subsection (a)(2)
9	may not be accelerated, terminated, or modified, and any
10	right or obligation under such debt, contract, lease, or agree-
11	ment may not be accelerated, terminated, or modified, as
12	to the bridge company solely because of a provision in the
13	debt, contract, lease, or agreement or in applicable non-
14	bankruptcy law—
15	"(A) of the kind described in subsection $(a)(1)(B)$
16	as applied to the debtor;
17	"(B) that prohibits, restricts, or conditions the
18	assignment of the debt, contract, lease, or agreement;
19	or
20	"(C) that accelerates, terminates, or modifies, or
21	permits a party other than the debtor to terminate or
22	modify, the debt, contract, lease or agreement on ac-
23	count of—
24	"(i) the assignment of the debt, contract,
25	lease, or agreement; or

1	"(ii) a change in control of any party to the
2	debt, contract, lease, or agreement.
3	"(2) If there is a default by the debtor under a provi-
4	sion other than the kind described in paragraph (1) in a
5	debt, contract, lease or agreement of the kind described in
6	subparagraph (A) or (B) of subsection (a)(2), the bridge
7	company may assume such debt, contract, lease, or agree-
8	ment only if the bridge company—
9	"(A) shall cure the default;
10	"(B) compensates, or provides adequate assur-
11	ance in connection with a transfer under section 1185
12	that the bridge company will promptly compensate, a
13	party other than the debtor to the debt, contract, lease,
14	or agreement, for any actual pecuniary loss to the
15	party resulting from the default; and
16	"(C) provides adequate assurance in connection
17	with a transfer under section 1185 of future perform-
18	ance under the debt, contract, lease, or agreement, as
19	determined by the court under section $1185(c)(4)$.
20	"§ 1188. Treatment of qualified financial contracts
21	$and\ affiliate\ contracts$
22	"(a) Notwithstanding sections $362(b)(6)$, $362(b)(7)$,
23	362(b)(17), 362(b)(27), 362(o), 555, 556, 559, 560, and 561,
24	a petition filed under section 1183 operates as a stay, dur-

- 1 ing the period specified in section 1187(a)(3)(A), applicable
- 2 to all entities, of the exercise of a contractual right—
- 3 "(1) to cause the modification, liquidation, ter-
- 4 mination, or acceleration of a qualified financial con-
- 5 tract of the debtor or an affiliate;
- 6 "(2) to offset or net out any termination value,
- 7 payment amount, or other transfer obligation arising
- 8 under or in connection with a qualified financial con-
- 9 tract of the debtor or an affiliate; or
- 10 "(3) under any security agreement or arrange-
- 11 ment or other credit enhancement forming a part of
- or related to a qualified financial contract of the debt-
- or or an affiliate.
- 14 "(b)(1) During the period specified in section
- 15 1187(a)(3)(A), the trustee or the affiliate shall perform all
- 16 payment and delivery obligations under such qualified fi-
- 17 nancial contract of the debtor or the affiliate, as the case
- 18 may be, that become due after the commencement of the
- 19 case. The stay provided under subsection (a) terminates as
- 20 to a qualified financial contract of the debtor or an affiliate
- 21 immediately upon the failure of the trustee or the affiliate,
- 22 as the case may be, to perform any such obligation during
- 23 such period.
- 24 "(2) Any failure by a counterparty to any qualified
- 25 financial contract of the debtor or any affiliate to perform

- 1 any payment or delivery obligation under such qualified
- 2 financial contract, including during the pendency of the
- 3 stay provided under subsection (a), shall constitute a breach
- 4 of such qualified financial contract by the counterparty.
- 5 "(c) Subject to the court's approval, a qualified finan-
- 6 cial contract between an entity and the debtor may be as-
- 7 signed to or assumed by the bridge company in a transfer
- 8 under, and in accordance with, section 1185 if and only
- 9 *if*—
- "(1) all qualified financial contracts between the
- 11 entity and the debtor are assigned to and assumed by
- 12 the bridge company in the transfer under section
- 13 1185;
- 14 "(2) all claims of the entity against the debtor
- in respect of any qualified financial contract between
- 16 the entity and the debtor (other than any claim that,
- 17 under the terms of the qualified financial contract, is
- subordinated to the claims of general unsecured credi-
- tors) are assigned to and assumed by the bridge com-
- 20 pany;
- 21 "(3) all claims of the debtor against the entity
- 22 under any qualified financial contract between the
- entity and the debtor are assigned to and assumed by
- 24 the bridge company; and

- "(4) all property securing or any other credit enhancement furnished by the debtor for any qualified financial contract described in paragraph (1) or any claim described in paragraph (2) or (3) under any qualified financial contract between the entity and the debtor is assigned to and assumed by the bridge company.
- 8 "(d) Notwithstanding any provision of a qualified financial contract or of applicable nonbankruptcy law, a qualified financial contract of the debtor that is assumed 10 11 or assigned in a transfer under section 1185 may not be 12 accelerated, terminated, or modified, after the entry of the 13 order approving a transfer under section 1185, and any 14 right or obligation under the qualified financial contract 15 may not be accelerated, terminated, or modified, after the entry of the order approving a transfer under section 1185 16 17 solely because of a condition described in section 1187(c)(1), other than a condition of the kind specified in section 18 19 1187(b) that occurs after property of the estate no longer 20 includes a direct beneficial interest or an indirect beneficial 21 interest through the special trustee, in more than 50 percent 22 of the equity securities of the bridge company.
- "(e) Notwithstanding any provision of any agreement or in applicable nonbankruptcy law, an agreement of an filiate (including an executory contract, an unexpired

1	lease, qualified financial contract, or an agreement under
2	which the affiliate issued or is obligated for debt) and any
3	right or obligation under such agreement may not be accel-
4	erated, terminated, or modified, solely because of a condi-
5	tion described in section 1187(c)(1), other than a condition
6	of the kind specified in section 1187(b) that occurs after
7	the bridge company is no longer a direct or indirect bene-
8	ficial holder of more than 50 percent of the equity securities
9	of the affiliate, at any time after the commencement of the
10	case if—
11	"(1) all direct or indirect interests in the affil-
12	iate that are property of the estate are transferred
13	under section 1185 to the bridge company within the
14	period specified in subsection (a);
15	"(2) the bridge company assumes—
16	"(A) any guarantee or other credit enhance-
17	ment issued by the debtor relating to the agree-
18	ment of the affiliate; and
19	"(B) any obligations in respect of rights of
20	setoff, netting arrangement, or debt of the debtor
21	that directly arises out of or directly relates to
22	the guarantee or credit enhancement; and
23	"(3) any property of the estate that directly
24	serves as collateral for the guarantee or credit en-
25	hancement is transferred to the bridge company.

1 "§ 1189. Licenses, permits, and registrations

2	"(a) Notwithstanding any otherwise applicable non-
3	bankruptcy law, if a request is made under section 1185
4	for a transfer of property of the estate, any Federal, State,
5	or local license, permit, or registration that the debtor or
6	an affiliate had immediately before the commencement of
7	the case and that is proposed to be transferred under section
8	1185 may not be accelerated, terminated, or modified at
9	any time after the request solely on account of—
10	"(1) the insolvency or financial condition of the
11	debtor at any time before the closing of the case;
12	"(2) the commencement of a case under this title
13	concerning the debtor;
14	"(3) the appointment of or taking possession by
15	a trustee in a case under this title concerning the
16	debtor or by a custodian before the commencement of
17	the case; or
18	"(4) a transfer under section 1185.
19	"(b) Notwithstanding any otherwise applicable non-
20	bankruptcy law, any Federal, State, or local license, permit,
21	or registration that the debtor had immediately before the
22	commencement of the case that is included in a transfer
23	under section 1185 shall be valid and all rights and obliga-
24	tions thereunder shall vest in the bridge company.

1 "§ 1190. Exemption from securities laws

- 2 "For purposes of section 1145, a security of the bridge
- 3 company shall be deemed to be a security of a successor
- 4 to the debtor under a plan if the court approves the disclo-
- 5 sure statement for the plan as providing adequate informa-
- 6 tion (as defined in section 1125(a)) about the bridge com-
- 7 pany and the security.

8 "§ 1191. Inapplicability of certain avoiding powers

- 9 "A transfer made or an obligation incurred by the
- 10 debtor to an affiliate prior to or after the commencement
- 11 of the case, including any obligation released by the debtor
- 12 or the estate to or for the benefit of an affiliate, in con-
- 13 templation of or in connection with a transfer under section
- 14 1185 is not avoidable under section 544, 547, 548(a)(1)(B),
- 15 or 549, or under any similar nonbankruptcy law.

16 "§ 1192. Consideration of financial stability

- 17 "The court may consider the effect that any decision
- 18 in connection with this subchapter may have on financial
- 19 stability in the United States.".
- 20 SEC. 233. AMENDMENTS TO TITLE 28, UNITED STATES
- 21 **CODE**.
- 22 (a) Amendment to Chapter 13.—Chapter 13 of title
- 23 28, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end
- 24 the following:

1 "§298. Judge for a case under subchapter V of chap-

- 2 *ter 11 of title 11*
- 3 "(a)(1) Notwithstanding section 295, the Chief Justice
- 4 of the United States shall designate not fewer than 10 bank-
- 5 ruptcy judges to be available to hear a case under sub-
- 6 chapter V of chapter 11 of title 11. Bankruptcy judges may
- 7 request to be considered by the Chief Justice of the United
- 8 States for such designation.
- 9 "(2) Notwithstanding section 155, a case under sub-
- 10 chapter V of chapter 11 of title 11 shall be heard under
- 11 section 157 by a bankruptcy judge designated under para-
- 12 graph (1), who shall be randomly assigned to hear such case
- 13 by the chief judge of the court of appeals for the circuit
- 14 embracing the district in which the case is pending. To the
- 15 greatest extent practicable, the approvals required under
- 16 section 155 should be obtained.
- 17 "(3) If the bankruptcy judge assigned to hear a case
- 18 under paragraph (2) is not assigned to the district in which
- 19 the case is pending, the bankruptcy judge shall be tempo-
- 20 rarily assigned to the district.
- 21 "(b) A case under subchapter V of chapter 11 of title
- 22 11, and all proceedings in the case, shall take place in the
- 23 district in which the case is pending.
- 24 "(c) In this section, the term 'covered financial cor-
- 25 poration' has the meaning given that term in section
- 26 101(9A) of title 11.".

1 (b) Amendment to Section 1334 of Title 28.—Section 1334 of title 28, United States Code, is amended by 3 adding at the end the following: 4 "(f) This section does not grant jurisdiction to the district court after a transfer pursuant to an order under section 1185 of title 11 of any proceeding related to a special trustee appointed, or to a bridge company formed, in con-8 nection with a case under subchapter V of chapter 11 of title 11.". 10 (c) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—The table of sections for chapter 13 of title 28, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: "298. Judge for a case under subchapter V of chapter 11 of title 11.". Subtitle D—Ending Government 13 Guarantees 14 SEC. 241. REPEAL OF OBLIGATION GUARANTEE PROGRAM. 16 (a) In General.—The following sections of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (12 U.S.C. 5301 et seg.) are repealed: 18 19 (1) Section 1104. 20 (2) Section 1105. 21 (3) Section 1106. 22 (b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of contents under section 1(b) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform

and Consumer Protection Act is amended by striking the

items relating to sections 1104, 1105, and 1106.

1	SEC. 242.	REPEAL	OF SY	STEMIC	RISK	DETERMINATIO	N IN
2		RESC	LUTIO	ONS.			

- 3 Section 13(c)(4)(G) of the Federal Deposit Insurance
- 4 Act (12 U.S.C. 1823(c)(4)(G)) is hereby repealed.
- 5 SEC. 243. RESTRICTIONS ON USE OF THE EXCHANGE STA-
- 6 BILIZATION FUND.
- 7 (a) In General.—Section 5302 of title 31, United
- 8 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
- 9 "(e) Amounts in the fund may not be used for the es-
- 10 tablishment of a guaranty program for any nongovern-
- 11 mental entity.".
- 12 (b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 131(b) of the
- 13 Emergency Economic Stabilization Act of 2008 (12 U.S.C.
- 14 5236(b)) is amended by inserting ", or for the purposes of
- 15 preventing the liquidation or insolvency of any entity" be-
- 16 fore the period.

17 Subtitle E—Eliminating Financial

18 Market Utility Designations

- 19 SEC. 251. REPEAL OF TITLE VIII.
- 20 (a) Repeal.—Title VIII of the Dodd-Frank Wall
- 21 Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (12 U.S.C.
- 22 5461 et seq.) is repealed, and provisions of law amended
- 23 by such title are restored and revived as if such title had
- 24 never been enacted.
- 25 (b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of contents in
- 26 section 1(b) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and

1	Consumer Protection Act is amended by striking the items
2	relating to title VIII.
3	TITLE III—EMPOWERING AMERI-
4	CANS TO ACHIEVE FINANCIAL
5	INDEPENDENCE
6	Subtitle A—Separation of Powers
7	and Liberty Enhancements
8	SEC. 311. CONSUMER FINANCIAL OPPORTUNITY COMMIS-
9	SION.
10	(a) Making the Bureau an Independent Con-
11	SUMER FINANCIAL OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION.—The Con-
12	sumer Financial Protection Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5481
13	et seq.) is amended—
14	(1) in section 1011—
15	(A) in the heading of such section, by strik-
16	ing "BUREAU OF CONSUMER FINANCIAL
17	PROTECTION" and inserting "CONSUMER FI-
18	NANCIAL OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION";
19	(B) in subsection (a) —
20	(i) in the heading of such subsection,
21	by striking "Bureau" and inserting "Com-
22	MISSION'';
23	(ii) by striking "in the Federal Reserve
24	Sustem.":

1	(iii) by striking "independent bureau"
2	and inserting "independent commission";
3	(iv) by striking "Bureau of Consumer
4	Financial Protection" and inserting "Con-
5	sumer Financial Opportunity Commission
6	(hereinafter in this section referred to as the
7	'Commission')"; and
8	(v) by striking "Bureau" each place
9	such term appears and inserting "Commis-
10	sion";
11	(C) by striking subsections (b), (c), and (d);
12	(D) by redesignating subsection (e) as sub-
13	section (h);
14	(E) in subsection (h), as so redesignated—
15	(i) by striking ", including in cities in
16	which the Federal reserve banks, or branches
17	of such banks, are located,"; and
18	(ii) by striking "Bureau" each place
19	such term appears and inserting "Commis-
20	sion"; and
21	(F) by inserting after subsection (a) the fol-
22	lowing new subsections:
23	"(b) Composition of the Commission.—
24	"(1) In General.—The Commission shall be
25	composed of 5 members who shall be appointed by the

1	President, by and with the advice and consent of the
2	Senate, from among individuals who—
3	"(A) are citizens of the United States; and
4	"(B) have strong competencies and experi-
5	ences related to consumer financial products and
6	services.
7	"(2) Staggering.—The members of the Com-
8	mission shall serve staggered terms, which initially
9	shall be established by the President for terms of 1, 2,
10	3, 4, and 5 years, respectively.
11	"(3) TERMS.—
12	"(A) In General.—Each member of the
13	Commission, including the Chair, shall serve for
14	a term of 5 years.
15	"(B) Removal.—The President may re-
16	move any member of the Commission for ineffi-
17	ciency, neglect of duty, or malfeasance in office.
18	"(C) VACANCIES.—Any member of the Com-
19	mission appointed to fill a vacancy occurring be-
20	fore the expiration of the term to which that
21	member's predecessor was appointed (including
22	the Chair) shall be appointed only for the re-
23	mainder of the term.
24	"(D) Continuation of Service.—Each
25	member of the Commission may continue to

1	serve after the expiration of the term of office to
2	which that member was appointed until a suc-
3	cessor has been appointed by the President and
4	confirmed by the Senate, except that a member
5	may not continue to serve more than 1 year after
6	the date on which that member's term would oth-
7	erwise expire.
8	"(E) Other employment prohibited.—
9	No member of the Commission shall engage in
10	any other business, vocation, or employment.
11	"(c) Affiliation.—Not more than 3 members of the
12	Commission shall be members of any one political party.
13	"(d) Chair of the Commission.—
14	"(1) Appointment.—The Chair of the Commis-
15	sion shall be appointed by the President from among
16	the members of the Commission.
17	"(2) Authority.—The Chair shall be the prin-
18	cipal executive officer of the Commission, and shall
19	exercise all of the executive and administrative func-
20	tions of the Commission, including with respect to—
21	"(A) the appointment and supervision of
22	personnel employed under the Commission (other
23	than personnel employed regularly and full time
24	in the immediate offices of members of the Com-
25	mission other than the Chair);

1	"(B) the distribution of business among per-
2	sonnel appointed and supervised by the Chair
3	and among administrative units of the Commis-
4	sion; and
5	"(C) the use and expenditure of funds.
6	"(3) Limitation.—In carrying out any of the
7	Chair's functions under the provisions of this sub-
8	section the Chair shall be governed by general policies
9	of the Commission and by such regulatory decisions,
10	findings, and determinations as the Commission may
11	by law be authorized to make.
12	"(4) Requests or estimates related to ap-
13	PROPRIATIONS.—Requests or estimates for regular,
14	supplemental, or deficiency appropriations on behalf
15	of the Commission may not be submitted by the Chair
16	without the prior approval of the Commission.
17	"(e) No Impairment by Reason of Vacancies.—No
18	vacancy in the members of the Commission shall impair
19	the right of the remaining members of the Commission to
20	exercise all the powers of the Commission. Three members
21	of the Commission shall constitute a quorum for the trans-
22	action of business, except that if there are only 3 members
23	serving on the Commission because of vacancies in the Com-
24	mission, 2 members of the Commission shall constitute a
25	quorum for the transaction of business. If there are only

- 1 2 members serving on the Commission because of vacancies
- 2 in the Commission, 2 members shall constitute a quorum
- 3 for the 6-month period beginning on the date of the vacancy
- 4 which caused the number of Commission members to decline
- 5 to 2.
- 6 "(f) Seal.—The Commission shall have an official
- 7 seal.
- 8 "(g) Compensation.—
- 9 "(1) Chair.—The Chair shall receive compensa-
- tion at the rate prescribed for level I of the Executive
- 11 Schedule under section 5313 of title 5, United States
- 12 *Code*.
- 13 "(2) Other members of the commission.—
- 14 The 4 other members of the Commission shall each re-
- ceive compensation at the rate prescribed for level II
- of the Executive Schedule under section 5314 of title
- 17 5, United States Code.";
- 18 (2) in section 1012(c), by striking paragraphs
- 19 (2), (3), (4), and (5); and
- 20 (3) in section 1014(b), by striking "Not fewer
- 21 than 6 members shall be appointed upon the rec-
- ommendation of the regional Federal Reserve Bank
- 23 Presidents, on a rotating basis.".
- 24 (b) Deeming of Name.—Any reference in a law, regu-
- 25 lation, document, paper, or other record of the United

1	States to the Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection
2	shall be deemed a reference to the Consumer Financial Op-
3	portunity Commission.
4	(c) Conforming Amendments.—
5	(1) Consumer financial protection act of
6	2010.—
7	(A) Replacement of references to di-
8	RECTOR.—
9	(i) In general.—Except as provided
10	under clause (ii) and subparagraph (B), the
11	Consumer Financial Protection Act of 2010
12	(12 U.S.C. 5481 et seq.) is amended—
13	(I) by striking "Director of the
14	Bureau" each place such term appears
15	and inserting "Consumer Financial
16	$Opportunity\ Commission";$
17	(II) by striking "Director" each
18	place such term appears and inserting
19	"Consumer Financial Opportunity
20	Commission"; and
21	(III) in section 1002, by striking
22	paragraph (10).
23	(ii) Exceptions.—The amendments
24	described under clause (i) shall not apply to

1	the following provisions of the Consumer Fi-
2	nancial Protection Act of 2010:
3	(I) Paragraphs (5) and (6) of sec-
4	$tion \ 1013(d).$
5	(II) The second instance of "Di-
6	rector" under section 1017(a)(1), as re-
7	designated by section 312.
8	(III) Section 1043.
9	(IV) Section $1061(b)(3)$.
10	(V) Subsections (a)(1) and (b)(1)
11	of section 1062.
12	(VI) Section 1063(f).
13	(VII) Subsection $(a)(5)(A)$ and
14	$subparagraphs\ (E)\ and\ (G)(iii)\ of\ sub-$
15	section $(i)(2)$ of section 1064.
16	(VIII) Section $1065(a)$.
17	(B) Exceptions.—The Consumer Finan-
18	cial Protection Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5481 et
19	seq.) is amended—
20	(i) in section $1013(c)(3)$ —
21	(I) by striking "Assistant Director
22	of the Bureau for" and inserting
23	"Head of the Office of"; and

1	(II) in $subparagraph$ (B) , by
2	striking "Assistant Director" and in-
3	serting "Head of the Office";
4	(ii) in section $1013(g)(2)$ —
5	(I) by striking "Assistant di-
6	RECTOR" and inserting "HEAD OF
7	THE OFFICE"; and
8	(II) by striking "an assistant di-
9	rector" and inserting "a Head of the
10	Office of Financial Protection for
11	Older Americans";
12	(iii) in section 1016(a), by striking
13	"Director of the Bureau" and inserting
14	"Chair of the Consumer Financial Oppor-
15	tunity Commission"; and
16	(iv) in section 1027(l)(1), by striking
17	"Director and the Bureau" and inserting
18	"Chair of the Consumer Financial Oppor-
19	tunity Commission and the Consumer Fi-
20	nancial Opportunity Commission"; and
21	(v) in section 1066(a), by striking "Di-
22	rector of the Bureau is" and inserting "first
23	member of the Commission is".
24	(2) Dodd-frank wall street reform and
25	CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT —The Dodd-Frank Wall

1	Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (12
2	U.S.C. 5301 et seq.) is amended—
3	(A) in the item relating to section 1011 in
4	table of contents in section 1(b) of such Act, by
5	striking "Bureau of Consumer Financial Protec-
6	tion" and inserting "Consumer Financial Op-
7	portunity Commission"; and
8	(B) in section 1447, by striking "Director of
9	the Bureau" each place such term appears and
10	inserting "Consumer Financial Opportunity
11	Commission".
12	(3) Expedited funds availability act.—The
13	Expedited Funds Availability Act (12 U.S.C. 4001 et
14	seq.), as amended by section 1086 of the Consumer Fi-
15	nancial Protection Act of 2010, is amended by strik-
16	ing "Director of the Bureau" each place such term
17	appears and inserting "Consumer Financial Oppor-
18	tunity Commission".
19	(4) Federal financial institutions examina-
20	TION COUNCIL ACT OF 1978.—Section 1004(a)(4) of
21	the Federal Financial Institutions Examination
22	Council Act of 1978 (12 U.S.C. 3303(a)(4)), as
23	amended by section 1091 of the Consumer Financial
24	Protection Act of 2010, is amended by striking "Di-
25	rector of the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau"

- and inserting "Chair of the Consumer Financial Op portunity Commission".
 - (5) Financial Literacy and Education improvement act.—Section 513 of the Financial Literacy and Education Improvement act (20 U.S.C. 9702), as amended by section 1013(d)(5) of the Consumer Financial Protection act of 2010, is amended by striking "Director of the Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection" each place such term appears and inserting "Chair of the Consumer Financial Opportunity Commission".
 - (6) Home Mortgage Disclosure Act of 1975.—Section 307 of the Home Mortgage Disclosure Act of 1975, as amended by section 1094(6) of the Consumer Financial Protection Act of 2010, is amended by striking "Director of the Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection" each place such term appears and inserting "Consumer Financial Opportunity Commission".
 - (7) Interstate Land Sales Full Disclosure Act,

 ACT.—The Interstate Land Sales Full Disclosure Act,
 as amended by section 1098A of the Consumer Financial Protection Act of 2010, is amended—
- 24 (A) by amending section 1402(1) to read as 25 follows:

1	"(1) 'Chair' means the Chair of the Consumer
2	Financial Opportunity Commission;"; and
3	(B) in section 1416(a), by striking "Direc-
4	tor of the Bureau of Consumer Financial Protec-
5	tion" and inserting "Chair".
6	(8) Real estate settlement procedures
7	ACT OF 1974.—Section 5 of the Real Estate Settlement
8	Procedures Act of 1974 (12 U.S.C. 2604), as amended
9	by section 1450 of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Re-
10	form and Consumer Protection Act, is amended—
11	(A) by striking "The Director of the Bureau
12	of Consumer Financial Protection (hereafter in
13	this section referred to as the 'Director')" and in-
14	serting "The Consumer Financial Opportunity
15	Commission";
16	(B) by striking "Director" each place such
17	term appears and inserting "Consumer Finan-
18	cial Opportunity Commission"; and
19	(C) by striking "Director" each place such
20	term appears and inserting "Chair".
21	(9) S.A.F.E. MORTGAGE LICENSING ACT OF
22	2008.—The S.A.F.E. Mortgage Licensing Act of 2008
23	(12 U.S.C. 5101 et seq.), as amended by section 1100
24	of the Consumer Financial Protection Act of 2010, is
25	amended—

1	(A) by striking "Director" each place such
2	term appears in headings and text and inserting
3	"Consumer Financial Opportunity Commis-
4	sion"; and
5	(B) in section 1503, by striking paragraph
6	(10).
7	(10) Title 44, united states code.—Section
8	3513(c) of title 44, United States Code, as amended
9	by section 1100D(b) of the Consumer Financial Pro-
10	tection Act of 2010, is amended by striking "Director
11	of the Bureau" and inserting "Consumer Financial
12	Opportunity Commission".
13	SEC. 312. BRINGING THE COMMISSION INTO THE REGULAR
14	APPROPRIATIONS PROCESS.
14 15	APPROPRIATIONS PROCESS. Section 1017 of the Consumer Financial Protection
15	
15	Section 1017 of the Consumer Financial Protection
15 16	Section 1017 of the Consumer Financial Protection Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5497) is amended—
15 16 17	Section 1017 of the Consumer Financial Protection Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5497) is amended— (1) in subsection (a)—
15 16 17 18	Section 1017 of the Consumer Financial Protection Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5497) is amended— (1) in subsection (a)— (A) by amending the heading of such sub-
15 16 17 18 19	Section 1017 of the Consumer Financial Protection Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5497) is amended— (1) in subsection (a)— (A) by amending the heading of such subsection to read as follows: "BUDGET, FINANCIAL"
15 16 17 18 19 20	Section 1017 of the Consumer Financial Protection Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5497) is amended— (1) in subsection (a)— (A) by amending the heading of such subsection to read as follows: "BUDGET, FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT, AND AUDIT.—";
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Section 1017 of the Consumer Financial Protection Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5497) is amended— (1) in subsection (a)— (A) by amending the heading of such subsection to read as follows: "BUDGET, FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT, AND AUDIT.—"; (B) by striking paragraphs (1), (2), and

1	(D) by striking subparagraphs (E) and (F)
2	of paragraph (1), as so redesignated;
3	(2) by striking subsections (b) and (c);
4	(3) by redesignating subsections (d) and (e) as
5	subsections (b) and (c), respectively; and
6	(4) in subsection (c), as so redesignated—
7	(A) by striking paragraphs (1), (2), and (3)
8	and inserting the following:
9	"(1) Authorization of Appropriations.—
10	There is authorized to be appropriated to the Com-
11	mission for fiscal year 2017 an amount equal to the
12	aggregate amount of funds transferred by the Board
13	of Governors to the Bureau of Consumer Financial
14	Protection during fiscal year 2015."; and
15	(B) by redesignating paragraph (4) as
16	paragraph (2).
17	SEC. 313. CONSUMER FINANCIAL OPPORTUNITY COMMIS-
18	SION INSPECTOR GENERAL REFORM.
19	(a) Appointment of Inspector General.—The In-
20	spector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) is amended—
21	(1) in section 8G—
22	(A) in subsection $(a)(2)$, by striking "and
23	the Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection":

1	(B) in subsection (c), by striking "For pur-
2	poses of implementing this section" and all that
3	follows through the end of the subsection; and
4	(C) in subsection $(g)(3)$, by striking "and
5	the Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection";
6	and
7	(2) in section 12—
8	(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting "the
9	Consumer Financial Opportunity Commission;"
10	after "the President of the Export-Import
11	Bank;"; and
12	(B) in paragraph (2), by inserting "the
13	Consumer Financial Opportunity Commission,"
14	after "the Export-Import Bank,".
15	(b) Requirements for the Inspector General
16	FOR THE CONSUMER FINANCIAL OPPORTUNITY COMMIS-
17	SION.—
18	(1) Establishment.—Section 1011 of the Con-
19	sumer Financial Protection Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C.
20	5491), as amended by section 311, is further amended
21	by adding at the end the following:
22	"(i) Inspector General.—There is established the
23	position of the Inspector General of the Commission."; and
24	(2) Hearings.—Section 1016 of the Consumer
25	Financial Protection Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5496) is

1	amended by inserting after subsection (c) the fol-
2	lowing:
3	"(d) Additional Requirement for Inspector
4	General.—On a separate occasion from that described in
5	subsection (a), the Inspector General of the Commission
6	shall appear, upon invitation, before the Committee on
7	Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate and
8	the Committee on Financial Services and the Committee
9	on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives
10	at semi-annual hearings regarding the reports required
11	under subsection (b) and the reports required under section
12	5 of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.).".
13	(3) Participation in the council of inspec-
14	TORS GENERAL ON FINANCIAL OVERSIGHT.—Section
15	989E(a)(1) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform
16	and Consumer Protection Act is amended by adding
17	at the end the following:
18	"(J) The Consumer Financial Opportunity
19	Commission.".
20	(4) Deadline for appointment.—Not later
21	than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this
22	Act, the President shall appoint an Inspector General
23	for the Consumer Financial Opportunity Commission
24	in accordance with section 3 of the Inspector General
25	Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.).

1	(c) Transition Period.—The Inspector General of
2	the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and
3	the Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection shall serve
4	in that position until the confirmation of an Inspector Gen-
5	eral for the Consumer Financial Opportunity Commission.
6	At that time, the Inspector General of the Board of Gov-
7	ernors of the Federal Reserve System and the Bureau of
8	Consumer Financial Protection shall become the Inspector
9	General of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve
10	System.
11	SEC. 314. PRIVATE PARTIES AUTHORIZED TO COMPEL THE
12	COMMISSION TO SEEK SANCTIONS BY FILING
13	CIVIL ACTIONS; ADJUDICATIONS DEEMED AC-
1314	CIVIL ACTIONS; ADJUDICATIONS DEEMED ACTIONS.
14	TIONS.
14 15	TIONS. Section 1053 of the Consumer Financial Protection Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5563) is amended by adding at the
141516	TIONS. Section 1053 of the Consumer Financial Protection Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5563) is amended by adding at the
14151617	Section 1053 of the Consumer Financial Protection Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5563) is amended by adding at the end the following:
14 15 16 17 18	TIONS. Section 1053 of the Consumer Financial Protection Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5563) is amended by adding at the end the following: "(f) PRIVATE PARTIES AUTHORIZED TO COMPEL THE
14 15 16 17 18 19	Section 1053 of the Consumer Financial Protection Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5563) is amended by adding at the end the following: "(f) Private Parties Authorized to Compet the Commission to Seek Sanctions by Filing Civil Ac-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Section 1053 of the Consumer Financial Protection Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5563) is amended by adding at the end the following: "(f) Private Parties Authorized to Compet the Commission to Seek Sanctions by Filing Civil Ac- tions.—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Section 1053 of the Consumer Financial Protection Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5563) is amended by adding at the end the following: "(f) Private Parties Authorized to Compel the Commission to Seek Sanctions by Filing Civil Ac- tions.— "(1) Termination of Administrative pro-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Section 1053 of the Consumer Financial Protection Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5563) is amended by adding at the end the following: "(f) Private Parties Authorized to Compel the Commission to Seek Sanctions by Filing Civil Ac- tions.— "(1) Termination of administrative pro- ceeding.—In the case of any person who is a party

1	a cease and desist order or a penalty may be issued
2	at the conclusion of the proceeding, that person may,
3	not later than 20 days after receiving notice of such
4	proceeding, and at that person's discretion, require
5	the Commission to terminate the proceeding.
6	"(2) Civil action authorized.—If a person
7	requires the Commission to terminate a proceeding
8	pursuant to paragraph (1), the Commission may
9	bring a civil action against that person for the same
10	remedy that might be imposed.
11	"(g) Adjudications Deemed Actions.—Any admin-
12	istrative adjudication commenced under this section shall
13	be deemed an 'action' for purposes of section 1054(g).".
14	SEC. 315. CIVIL INVESTIGATIVE DEMANDS TO BE APPEALED
15	TO COURTS.
16	Section 1052 of the Consumer Financial Protection
17	Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5562) is amended—
18	(1) in subsection (c)—
19	(A) in paragraph (2), by inserting after
20	"shall state" the following: "with specificity";
21	and
22	(B) by adding at the end the following:
23	"(14) Meeting requirement.—The recipient of
24	a civil investigative demand shall meet and confer
25	with a Commission investigator within 30 calendar

1	days after receipt of the demand to discuss and at-
2	tempt to resolve all issues regarding compliance with
3	the civil investigative demand, unless the Commission
4	grants an extension requested by such recipient.";
5	(2) in subsection (f)—
6	(A) by amending paragraph (1) to read as
7	follows:
8	"(1) In general.—Not later than 45 days after
9	the service of any civil investigative demand upon
10	any person under subsection (c), or at any time before
11	the return date specified in the demand, whichever pe-
12	riod is shorter, or within such period exceeding 45
13	days after service or in excess of such return date as
14	may be prescribed in writing, subsequent to service,
15	by any Commission investigator named in the de-
16	mand, such person may file, in the district court of
17	the United States for any judicial district in which
18	such person resides, is found, or transacts business, a
19	petition for an order modifying or setting aside the
20	demand."; and
21	(B) in paragraph (2), by striking "at the
22	Bureau"; and
23	(3) in subsection (h)—
24	(A) by striking "(1) In General.—"; and
25	(B) bu strikina naraaranh (2).

1	SEC. 316. COMMISSION DUAL MANDATE AND ECONOMIC
2	ANALYSIS.
3	(a) Purpose.—Section 1021(a) of the Consumer Fi-
4	nancial Protection Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5511(a)) is
5	amended—
6	(1) by striking "fair, transparent, and competi-
7	tive" and inserting: "fair and transparent"; and
8	(2) by adding at the end the following: "In addi-
9	tion, the Commission shall seek to implement and,
10	where applicable, enforce Federal consumer financial
11	law consistently for the purpose of strengthening par-
12	ticipation in markets by covered persons, without
13	Government interference or subsidies, to increase com-
14	petition and enhance consumer choice."; and
15	(b) Office of Economic Analysis.—
16	(1) In General.—Section 1013 of the Consumer
17	Financial Protection Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5493) is
18	amended by adding at the end the following:
19	"(i) Office of Economic Analysis.—
20	"(1) Establishment.—The Chair shall estab-
21	lish an Office of Economic Analysis.
22	"(2) Review and assessment of proposed
23	RULES AND REGULATIONS.—The Office of Economic
24	Analysis shall—
25	"(A) review all proposed rules and regula-
26	tions of the Commission;

1	"(B) assess the impact of such rules and
2	regulations on consumer choice, price, and access
3	to credit products; and
4	"(C) publish a report on such reviews and
5	assessments in the Federal Register.
6	"(3) Measuring existing rules and regula-
7	Tions.—The Office of Economic Analysis shall—
8	"(A) review each rule and regulation issued
9	by the Commission after 1, 2, 5, and 10 years;
10	"(B) measure the rule or regulation's suc-
11	cess in solving the problem that the rule or regu-
12	lation was intended to solve when issued; and
13	"(C) publish a report on such review and
14	measurement in the Federal Register.".
15	(2) Consideration of review and assess-
16	MENT; RULEMAKING REQUIREMENTS.—Section
17	1022(b) of the Consumer Financial Protection Act of
18	2010 (12 U.S.C. 5512(b)) is amended by adding at
19	the end the following:
20	"(5) Consideration of review and assess-
21	MENT BY THE OFFICE OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS.—
22	"(A) In general.—Before issuing any rule
23	or regulation, the Chair shall consider the review
24	and assessment of such rule or regulation carried
25	out by the Office of Economic Analysis.

1	"(B) Notice of disagreement.—If a
2	member of the Commission disagrees with any
3	part of a review and assessment described under
4	subparagraph (A) with respect to any rule or
5	regulation, the member shall accompany any
6	such rule or regulation with a statement explain-
7	ing why the member so disagrees.
8	"(6) Identification of problems and
9	METRICS FOR JUDGING SUCCESS.—
10	"(A) In General.—The Chair shall, in
11	each proposed rulemaking of the Commission—
12	"(i) identify the problem that the par-
13	ticular rule or regulations is seeking to
14	solve; and
15	"(ii) specify the metrics by which the
16	Commission will measure the success of the
17	rule or regulation in solving such problem.
18	"(B) REQUIRED METRICS.—The metrics
19	specified under subparagraph (A)(ii) shall in-
20	clude a measurement of changes to consumer ac-
21	cess to, and cost of, consumer financial products
22	and services.".
23	(c) Avoidance of Duplicative or Unnecessary
24	Analyses.—The Commission may perform any of the
25	analyses required by this section in conjunction with, or

1	as part of, any other agenda or analysis required by any
2	other provision of law, if such other agenda or analysis sat-
3	isfies the provisions of this section.
4	SEC. 317. NO DEFERENCE TO COMMISSION INTERPRETA-
5	TION.
6	The Consumer Financial Protection Act of 2010 (12
7	U.S.C. 5481 et seq.) is amended—
8	(1) in section 1022(b)(4)—
9	(A) by striking "(A) In General.—"; and
10	(B) by striking subparagraph (B); and
11	(2) in section $1061(b)(5)(E)$ —
12	(A) by striking "affords to the—" and all
13	that follows through "(i) Federal Trade Commis-
14	sion" and inserting "affords to the Federal
15	Trade Commission";
16	(B) by striking "; or" and inserting a pe-
17	riod; and
18	(C) by striking clause (ii).
19	$Subtitle\ B-Administrative$
20	Enhancements
21	SEC. 321. COMMISSION ADVISORY BOARDS.
22	(a) In General.—The Consumer Financial Protec-
23	tion Act of 2010 is amended by inserting after section 1014
24	(12 U.S.C. 5494) the following new section:

1 "SEC. 1014A. ADVISORY BOARDS.

2	"(a) Small Business Advisory Board.—
3	"(1) Establishment.—The Commission shall
4	establish a Small Business Advisory Board—
5	"(A) to advise and consult with the Com-
6	mission in the exercise of the Commission's func-
7	tions under the Federal consumer financial laws
8	applicable to eligible financial products or serv-
9	ices; and
10	"(B) to provide information on emerging
11	practices of small business concerns that provide
12	eligible financial products or services, including
13	regional trends, concerns, and other relevant in-
14	formation.
15	"(2) Membership.—
16	"(A) Number.—The Commission shall ap-
17	point no fewer than 15 and no more than 20
18	members to the Small Business Advisory Board.
19	"(B) Qualification.—Members appointed
20	pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall be represent-
21	atives of small business concerns that—
22	"(i) provide eligible financial products
23	or services;
24	"(ii) are service providers to covered
25	persons; and

1	"(iii) use consumer financial products
2	or services in financing the business activi-
3	ties of such concern.
4	"(3) Meetings.—The Small Business Advisory
5	Board—
6	"(A) shall meet from time to time at the
7	call of the Commission; and
8	"(B) shall meet at least twice each year.
9	"(b) Credit Union Advisory Council.—
10	"(1) Establishment.—The Commission shall
11	establish a Credit Union Advisory Council to advise
12	and consult with the Commission on consumer finan-
13	cial products or services that impact credit unions.
14	"(2) Membership.—The Commission shall ap-
15	point no fewer than 15 and no more than 20 members
16	to the Credit Union Advisory Council.
17	"(3) Meetings.—The Credit Union Advisory
18	Council—
19	"(A) shall meet from time to time at the
20	call of the Commission; and
21	"(B) shall meet at least twice each year.
22	"(c) Community Bank Advisory Council.—
23	"(1) Establishment.—The Commission shall
24	establish a Community Bank Advisory Council to ad-
25	vise and consult with the Commission on consumer fi-

1	nancial products or services that impact community
2	banks.
3	"(2) Membership.—The Commission shall ap-
4	point no fewer than 15 and no more than 20 members
5	to the Community Bank Advisory Council.
6	"(3) Meetings.—The Community Bank Advi-
7	sory Council—
8	"(A) shall meet from time to time at the
9	call of the Commission; and
10	"(B) shall meet at least twice each year.
11	"(d) Compensation and Travel Expenses.—Mem-
12	bers of the Small Business Advisory Board, the Credit
13	Union Advisory Council, or the Community Bank Advisory
14	Council who are not full-time employees of the United
15	States shall—
16	"(1) be entitled to receive compensation at a rate
17	fixed by the Commission while attending meetings of
18	the Small Business Advisory Board, the Credit Union
19	Advisory Council, or the Community Bank Advisory
20	Council, including travel time; and
21	"(2) be allowed travel expenses, including trans-
22	portation and subsistence, while away from their
23	homes or regular places of business.
24	"(e) Definitions.—In this section—

1	"(1) the term 'eligible financial product or serv-
2	ice' means a financial product or service that is of-
3	fered or provided for use by consumers primarily for
4	personal, family, or household purposes as described
5	in clause (i), (iii), (v), (vi), or (ix) of section
6	$1002(15)(A); \ and$
7	"(2) the term 'small business concern' has the
8	meaning given such term in section 3 of the Small
9	Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632).".
10	(b) Table of Contents Amendment.—The table of
11	$contents\ in\ section\ 1\ of\ the\ Dodd\text{-}Frank\ Wall\ Street\ Reform$
12	and Consumer Protection Act (12 U.S.C. 5301 et seq.) is
13	amended by inserting after the item relating to section 1014
14	the following new item:
	"Sec. 1014A. Advisory Boards.".
15	CHC acc ADMICODM ORDINOMG
16	SEC. 322. ADVISORY OPINIONS.
10	Section 1022(b) of the Consumer Financial Protection
	Section 1022(b) of the Consumer Financial Protection Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5512(b)), as amended by section
17	Section 1022(b) of the Consumer Financial Protection Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5512(b)), as amended by section
17 18	Section 1022(b) of the Consumer Financial Protection Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5512(b)), as amended by section 316, is further amended by adding at the end the following:
17 18 19	Section 1022(b) of the Consumer Financial Protection Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5512(b)), as amended by section 316, is further amended by adding at the end the following: "(7) Advisory Opinions.—
17 18 19 20	Section 1022(b) of the Consumer Financial Protection Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5512(b)), as amended by section 316, is further amended by adding at the end the following: "(7) Advisory opinions.— "(A) Establishing procedures.—
17 18 19 20 21	Section 1022(b) of the Consumer Financial Protection Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5512(b)), as amended by section 316, is further amended by adding at the end the following: "(7) Advisory opinions.— "(A) Establishing procedures.— "(i) In General.—The Chair shall es-
17 18 19 20 21 22	Section 1022(b) of the Consumer Financial Protection Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5512(b)), as amended by section 316, is further amended by adding at the end the following: "(7) Advisory opinions.— "(A) Establishing procedures.— "(i) In General.—The Chair shall establish a procedure and, as necessary, pro-

1	consumer financial law. In establishing the
2	procedure the Chair shall consult with the
3	prudential regulators and such other Fed-
4	eral departments and agencies as the Chair
5	determines appropriate, and obtain the
6	views of all interested persons through a
7	public notice and comment period.
8	"(ii) Scope of request.—A request
9	for an opinion under this paragraph must
10	relate to specific proposed or prospective
11	conduct by a covered person contemplating
12	the proposed or prospective conduct.
13	"(iii) Submission.—A request for an
14	opinion under this paragraph may be sub-
15	mitted to the Chair either by or on behalf
16	of a covered person.
17	"(iv) Right to withdraw inquiry.—
18	Any inquiry under this paragraph may be
19	withdrawn at any time prior to the Chair
20	issuing an opinion in response to such in-
21	quiry, and any opinion based on an in-
22	quiry that has been withdrawn shall have
23	no force or effect.
24	"(B) Issuance of opinions.—

1	"(i) In general.—The Chair shall,
2	within 90 days of receiving the request for
3	an opinion under this paragraph, either—
4	"(I) issue an opinion stating
5	whether the described conduct would
6	violate Federal consumer financial
7	law;
8	"(II) if permissible under clause
9	(iii), deny the request; or
10	"(III) explain why it is not fea-
11	sible to issue an opinion.
12	"(ii) Extension.—Notwithstanding
13	clause (i), if the Chair determines that the
14	Commission requires additional time to
15	issue an opinion, the Chair may make a
16	single extension of the deadline of 90 days
17	or less.
18	"(iii) Denial of requests.—The
19	Chair shall not issue an opinion, and shall
20	so inform the requestor, if the request for an
21	opinion—
22	"(I) asks a general question of in-
23	terpretation;
24	"(II) asks about a hypothetical
25	situation;

1	"(III) asks about the conduct of
2	someone other than the covered person
3	on whose behalf the request is made;
4	"(IV) asks about past conduct
5	that the covered person on whose behalf
6	the request is made does not plan to
7	continue in the future; or
8	"(V) fails to provide necessary
9	supporting information requested by
10	the Commission within a reasonable
11	time established by the Commission.
12	"(iv) Amendment and revocation.—
13	An advisory opinion issued under this
14	paragraph may be amended or revoked at
15	any time.
16	"(v) Public disclosure.—An opin-
17	ion rendered pursuant to this paragraph
18	shall be placed in the Commission's public
19	record 90 days after the requesting party
20	has received the advice, subject to any limi-
21	tations on public disclosure arising from
22	statutory restrictions, Commission regula-
23	tions, or the public interest. The Commis-
24	sion shall redact any personal, confidential,
25	or identifying information about the covered

1	person or any other persons mentioned in
2	the advisory opinion, unless the covered per-
3	son consents to such disclosure.
4	"(vi) Report to congress.—The
5	Commission shall, concurrent with the semi-
6	annual report required under section
7	1016(b), submit information regarding the
8	number of requests for an advisory opinion
9	received, the subject of each request, the
10	number of requests denied pursuant to
11	clause (iii), and the time needed to respond
12	to each request.
13	"(C) Reliance on opinion.—Any person
14	may rely on an opinion issued by the Chair pur-
15	suant to this paragraph that has not been
16	amended or withdrawn. No liability under Fed-
17	eral consumer financial law shall attach to con-
18	duct consistent with an advisory opinion that
19	had not been amended or withdrawn at the time
20	the conduct was undertaken.
21	"(D) Confidentiality.—Any document or
22	other material that is received by the Commis-
23	sion or any other Federal department or agency
24	in connection with an inquiry under this para-

graph shall be exempt from disclosure under sec-

25

1	tion 552 of title 5, United States Code (com-
2	monly referred to as the 'Freedom of Information
3	Act') and may not, except with the consent of the
4	covered person making such inquiry, be made
5	publicly available, regardless of whether the
6	Chair responds to such inquiry or the covered
7	person withdraws such inquiry before receiving
8	an opinion.
9	"(E) Assistance for small busi-
10	NESSES.—
11	"(i) In General.—The Commission
12	shall assist, to the maximum extent prac-
13	ticable, small businesses in preparing in-
14	quiries under this paragraph.
15	"(ii) Small business defined.—For
16	purposes of this subparagraph, the term
17	'small business' has the meaning given the
18	term 'small business concern' under section
19	3 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C.
20	632).
21	"(F) Inquiry fee.—
22	"(i) In general.—The Chair shall de-
23	velop a system to charge a fee for each in-
24	quiry made under this paragraph in an

1	amount sufficient, in the aggregate, to pay
2	for the cost of carrying out this paragraph.
3	"(ii) Notice and comment.—Not
4	later than 45 days after the date of the en-
5	actment of this paragraph, the Chair shall
6	publish a description of the fee system de-
7	scribed in clause (i) in the Federal Register
8	and shall solicit comments from the public
9	for a period of 60 days after publication.
10	"(iii) Finalization.—The Chair shall
11	publish a final description of the fee system
12	and implement such fee system not later
13	than 30 days after the end of the public
14	comment period described in clause (ii).".
15	SEC. 323. REFORM OF CONSUMER FINANCIAL CIVIL PEN-
16	ALTY FUND.
17	(a) Segregated Accounts.—Section 1017(b) of the
18	Consumer Financial Protection Act of 2010, as redesignated
19	by section 312, is amended by redesignating paragraph (2)
20	as paragraph (3), and by inserting after paragraph (1) the
21	following new paragraph:
22	"(2) Segregated accounts in civil penalty
23	FUND.—
24	"(A) In General.—The Commission shall
25	establish and maintain a segregated account in

1	the Civil Penalty Fund each time the Commis-
2	sion obtains a civil penalty against any person
3	in any judicial or administrative action under
4	Federal consumer financial laws.
5	"(B) Deposits in Segregated Ac-
6	COUNTS.—The Commission shall deposit each
7	civil penalty collected into the segregated account
8	established for such penalty under subparagraph
9	(A).".
10	(b) Payment to Victims.—Paragraph (3) of section
11	1017(b) of such Act, as redesignated by subsection (a), is
12	amended to read as follows:
13	"(3) Payment to victims.—
14	"(A) In General.—
15	"(i) Identification of class.—Not
16	later than 60 days after the date of deposit
17	of amounts in a segregated account in the
18	Civil Penalty Fund, the Commission shall
19	identify the class of victims of the violation
20	of Federal consumer financial laws for
21	which such amounts were collected and de-
22	posited under paragraph (2).
23	"(ii) Payments.—The Commission,
24	within 2 years after the date on which such
25	class of victims is identified, shall locate

1	and make payments from such amounts to
2	$each\ victim.$
3	"(B) Funds deposited in treasury.—
4	"(i) In General.—The Commission
5	shall deposit into the general fund of the
6	Treasury any amounts remaining in a seg-
7	regated account in the Civil Penalty Fund
8	at the end of the 2-year period for payments
9	to victims under subparagraph (A).
10	"(ii) Impossible or impractical
11	PAYMENTS.—If the Commission determines
12	before the end of the 2-year period for pay-
13	ments to victims under subparagraph (A)
14	that such victims cannot be located or pay-
15	ments to such victims are otherwise not
16	practicable, the Commission shall deposit
17	into the general fund of the Treasury the
18	amounts in the segregated account in the
19	Civil Penalty Fund.".
20	(c) Effective Date.—
21	(1) In General.—The amendments made by
22	this section shall apply with respect to civil penalties
23	collected after the date of enactment of this Act.
24	(2) Amounts in consumer financial civil
25	PENALTY FUND ON DATE OF ENACTMENT.—With re-

- 1 spect to amounts in the Consumer Financial Civil
- 2 Penalty Fund on the date of enactment of this Act
- 3 that were not allocated for consumer education and
- 4 financial literacy programs on or before September
- 5 30, 2015, the Consumer Financial Opportunity Com-
- 6 mission shall separate such amounts into segregated
- 7 accounts in accordance with, and for purposes of, sec-
- 8 tion 1017(d) of the Consumer Financial Protection
- 9 Act of 2010, as amended by this section. The date of
- deposit of such amounts shall be deemed to be the date
- 11 of enactment of this Act.
- 12 SEC. 324. COMMISSION RESEARCH PAPER TRANSPARENCY.
- 13 Section 1013 of the Consumer Financial Protection
- 14 Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5493), as amended by section 316,
- 15 is further amended by adding at the end the following:
- 16 "(j) Research Paper Transparency.—Any time
- 17 the Commission, either through the research unit established
- 18 by the Chair under subsection (b)(1) or otherwise, issues
- 19 a research paper that is available to the public, the Com-
- 20 mission shall accompany such paper with all studies, data,
- 21 and other analyses on which the paper was based.".
- 22 SEC. 325. COMMISSION PAY FAIRNESS.
- 23 (a) In General.—Section 1013(a)(2) of the Consumer
- 24 Financial Protection Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5493(a)(2))
- 25 is amended to read as follows:

1	"(2) Compensation.—The rates of basic pay for
2	all employees of the Commission shall be set and ad-
3	justed by the Commission in accordance with the
4	General Schedule set forth in section 5332 of title 5,
5	United States Code.".
6	(b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by sub-
7	section (a) shall apply to service by an employee of the Con-
8	sumer Financial Opportunity Commission following the
9	90-day period beginning on the date of enactment of this
10	Act.
11	SEC. 326. SEPARATION OF MARKET MONITORING FUNC-
12	TIONS AND SUPERVISORY FUNCTIONS.
13	The Consumer Financial Protection Act of 2010 (12
14	U.S.C. 5481 et seq.) is amended—
15	(1) in section 1022(c)—
16	(A) in paragraph (1), by striking "In order
17	to support its rulemaking and other functions,
18	the" and inserting "The"; and
19	(B) in paragraph (4)—
20	(i) in subparagraph (A), by inserting
21	after "gather information" the following:
22	"on a sampling basis";
23	(ii) in subparagraph (B)—
24	(I) in clause (i), by striking "a
25	variety of sources, including examina-

1	tion reports concerning covered persons
2	or service providers"; and
3	(II) in clause (ii), by inserting
4	after "require" the following: ", on a
5	sampling basis,"; and
6	(iii) in subparagraph (C), by inserting
7	before the period the following: "or for pur-
8	poses of assessing such covered persons' or
9	service providers' compliance with the re-
10	quirements of Federal consumer financial
11	law";
12	(2) in section 1024(b)(1)—
13	(A) in subparagraph (A), by adding "and"
14	at the end;
15	(B) in subparagraph (B), by striking ";
16	and" and inserting a period; and
17	(C) by striking subparagraph (C);
18	(3) in section 1025(b)(1)—
19	(A) in subparagraph (A), by adding "and"
20	at the end;
21	(B) in subparagraph (B), by striking ";
22	and" and inserting a period; and
23	(C) by striking subparagraph (C); and

1	(4) in section 1026(b), by striking ", and to as-
2	sess and detect risks to consumers and consumer fi-
3	nancial markets".
4	SEC. 327. REQUIREMENT TO VERIFY INFORMATION IN THE
5	COMPLAINT DATABASE BEFORE IT MAY BE
6	RELEASED TO THE GENERAL PUBLIC.
7	Section 1013(b)(3)(A) of the Consumer Financial Pro-
8	tection Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5493(b)(3)(A)) is amended
9	by adding at the end the following: "The Chair may not
10	make any information about a consumer complaint in such
11	database available to the public without first verifying the
12	accuracy of all facts alleged in such complaint.".
13	SEC. 328. COMMISSION SUPERVISION LIMITED TO BANKS,
14	THRIFTS, AND CREDIT UNIONS WITH GREAT-
15	ER THAN \$50 BILLION IN ASSETS.
16	The Consumer Financial Protection Act of 2010 (12
17	U.S.C. 5481 et seq.) is amended—
18	(1) in section 1025(a), by striking
19	"\$10,000,000,000" each place such term appears and
20	inserting "\$50,000,000,000"; and
21	(2) in section 1026(a), by striking
22	"\$10,000,000,000" each place such term appears and
23	inserting "\$50,000,000,000".

1	SEC. 329. TRANSFER OF OLD OTS BUILDING FROM OCC TO
2	GSA.
3	Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment
4	of this Act, the Chair of the Board of Directors of the Office
5	of the Comptroller of the Currency shall transfer adminis-
6	trative jurisdiction over the Federal property located at
7	1700 G Street, Northwest, in the District of Columbia to
8	the Administrator of General Services.
9	Subtitle C—Policy Enhancements
10	SEC. 331. CONSUMER RIGHT TO FINANCIAL PRIVACY.
11	(a) Requirement of the Commission to Obtain
12	Permission Before Collecting Nonpublic Personal
13	Information.—
14	(1) Required notification and permis-
15	Sion.—Section $1022(c)(9)(A)$ of the Consumer Finan-
16	cial Protection Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5512(c)(9)(A))
17	is amended—
18	(A) by striking "may not obtain from a
19	covered person or service provider" and inserting
20	"may not request, obtain, access, collect, use, re-
21	tain, or disclose";
22	(B) by striking "personally identifiable fi-
23	nancial" and inserting "nonpublic personal";
24	and

1	(C) by striking "from the financial records"
2	and all that follows through the period at the end
3	and inserting "unless—
4	"(i) the Commission clearly and con-
5	spicuously discloses to the consumer, in
6	writing or in an electronic form, what in-
7	formation will be requested, obtained,
8	accessed, collected, used, retained, or dis-
9	$closed;\ and$
10	"(ii) before such information is re-
11	quested, obtained, accessed, collected, used,
12	retained, or disclosed, the consumer informs
13	the Commission that such information may
14	be requested, obtained, accessed, collected,
15	used, retained, or disclosed.".
16	(2) Application of requirement to contrac-
17	Tors of the commission.—Section $1022(c)(9)(B)$ of
18	such Act (12 U.S.C. $5512(c)(9)(B)$) is amended to
19	read as follows:
20	"(B) Application of requirement to
21	Contractors of the commission.—Subpara-
22	graph (A) shall apply to any person directed or
23	engaged by the Commission to collect informa-
24	tion to the extent such information is being col-
25	lected on behalf of the Commission.".

1	(3) Definition of nonpublic personal in-
2	FORMATION.—Section $1022(c)(9)$ of such Act (12)
3	$U.S.C.\ 5512(c)(9))$ is amended by adding at the end
4	the following:
5	"(C) Definition of nonpublic personal
6	INFORMATION.—In this paragraph, the term
7	'nonpublic personal information' has the mean-
8	ing given the term in section 509 of the Gramm-
9	Leach-Bliley Act (15 U.S.C. 6809).".
10	(b) Removal of Exemption for the Commission
11	From the Right to Financial Privacy Act.—Section
12	1113 of the Right to Financial Privacy Act of 1978 (12
13	U.S.C. 3413) is amended by striking subsection (r).
14	SEC. 332. REPEAL OF COUNCIL AUTHORITY TO SET ASIDE
15	BUREAU RULES AND REQUIREMENT OF SAFE-
16	TY AND SOUNDNESS CONSIDERATIONS WHEN
17	ISSUING RULES.
18	(a) Repeal of Authority.—
19	(1) In general.—Section 1023 of the Consumer
20	Financial Protection Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5513) is
21	hereby repealed.
22	(2) Conforming Amendment.—Section
23	1022(b)(2)(C) of the Consumer Financial Protection
24	Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5512(b)(2)(C)) is amended by
25	striking ", except that nothing in this clause shall be

1	construed as altering or limiting the procedures under
2	section 1023 that may apply to any rule prescribed
3	by the Bureau".
4	(3) Clerical amendment.—The table of con-
5	tents under section 1(b) of the Dodd-Frank Wall
6	Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act is
7	amended by striking the item relating to section 1023.
8	(b) Safety and Soundness Check.—Section
9	1022(b)(2)(A) of the Consumer Financial Protection Act of
10	2010 (12 U.S.C. 5512(b)(2)(A)) is amended—
11	(1) in clause (i), by striking "and" at the end;
12	(2) in clause (ii), by adding "and" at the end;
13	and
14	(3) by adding at the end the following:
15	"(iii) the impact of such rule on the fi-
16	nancial safety or soundness of an insured
17	$depository\ institution;".$
18	SEC. 333. STATE AND TRIBAL PAYDAY LOAN REGULATION 5-
19	YEAR EXEMPTION.
20	Section 1022 of the Consumer Financial Protection
21	Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5512) is amended by adding at the
22	end the following:
23	"(e) State and Tribal Payday Loan Regulation
24	5-YEAR EXEMPTION.—

- 1 "(1) In general.—With respect to a final rule 2 or regulation issued by the Bureau of Consumer Fi-3 nancial Protection to regulate payday loans, vehicle title loans, or other similar loans, if a State or a fed-5 erally recognized Indian tribe requests, in writing, for 6 the Commission to provide the State or tribe with a waiver from such rule or regulation, the Commission 7 8 shall grant a 5-year waiver to such State or tribe, 9 during which such rule or regulation shall not apply within such State or land held in trust for the benefit 10 11 of such federally recognized Indian tribe.
- "(2) Extension of Waiver.—A State or a federally recognized Indian tribe receiving a waiver under paragraph (1) shall have the right to an unlimited number of 5-year extensions of such waiver, which shall be granted upon the request, in writing, for such waiver by the State or tribe.".
- 18 SEC. 334. REFORMING INDIRECT AUTO FINANCING GUID-
- 19 **ANCE.**
- 20 (a) Nullification of Auto Lending Guidance.—
- 21 Bulletin 2013-02 of the Bureau of Consumer Financial
- 22 Protection (published March 21, 2013) shall have no force
- 23 or effect.
- 24 (b) Guidance Requirements.—Section 1022(b) of
- 25 the Consumer Financial Protection Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C.

1	5512(b)), as amended by section 322, is further amended
2	by adding at the end the following:
3	"(8) Guidance on indirect auto financ-
4	ING.—In proposing and issuing guidance primarily
5	related to indirect auto financing, the Commission
6	shall—
7	"(A) provide for a public notice and com-
8	ment period before issuing the guidance in final
9	form;
10	"(B) make available to the public, including
11	on the website of the Commission, all studies,
12	data, methodologies, analyses, and other infor-
13	mation relied on by the Commission in pre-
14	paring such guidance;
15	"(C) redact any information that is exempt
16	from disclosure under paragraph (3), (4), (6),
17	(7), or (8) of section 552(b) of title 5, United
18	$States\ Code;$
19	"(D) consult with the Board of Governors of
20	the Federal Reserve System, the Federal Trade
21	Commission, and the Department of Justice; and
22	"(E) conduct a study on the costs and im-
23	pacts of such guidance to consumers and women-
24	owned, minority-owned, veteran-owned, and

1	small businesses, including consumers and small
2	businesses in rural areas.".
3	(c) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this section
4	shall be construed to apply to guidance issued by the Con-
5	sumer Financial Opportunity Commission that is not pri-
6	marily related to indirect auto financing.
7	SEC. 335. PROHIBITION OF GOVERNMENT PRICE CONTROLS
8	FOR PAYMENT CARD TRANSACTIONS.
9	(a) In General.—Section 1075 of the Consumer Fi-
10	nancial Protection Act of 2010 is hereby repealed and the
11	provisions of law amended by such section are revived or
12	restored as if such section had not been enacted.
13	(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of contents
14	under section 1(b) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform
15	and Consumer Protection Act is amended by striking the
16	item relating to section 1075.
17	SEC. 336. ANNUAL STUDIES ON ENDING THE CON-
18	SERVATORSHIP OF FANNIE MAE, FREDDIE
19	MAC, AND REFORMING THE HOUSING FI-
20	NANCE SYSTEM.
21	Section 1074 of the Consumer Financial Protection
22	Act of 2010 is amended—
23	(1) in subsection (a)—

1	(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting after
2	"Secretary of the Treasury shall" the following:
3	", on an annual basis,"; and
4	(B) in paragraph (2), by striking "The
5	study" and inserting "Each study";
6	(2) by amending subsection (b) to read as fol-
7	lows:
8	"(b) Report and Recommendations.—The Sec-
9	retary of the Treasury shall submit a report on each study
10	required under subsection (a), along with recommendations
11	developed in such study, to the President, the Committee
12	on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate, and
13	the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Rep-
14	resentatives."; and
15	(3) by adding at the end the following:
16	"(c) Appearances Before Congress.—The Sec-
17	retary of the Treasury shall appear before the Committee
18	on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate and
19	the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Rep-
20	resentatives at annual hearings regarding each report re-
21	quired under subsection (b).".
22	SEC. 337. REMOVAL OF "ABUSIVE" AUTHORITY.
23	The Consumer Financial Protection Act of 2010 (12
24	U.S.C. 5481 et seq.) is amended—
25	(1) in section 1013(g)—

1	(A) by striking ", deceptive, and abusive"
2	each place such term appears and inserting "and
3	deceptive"; and
4	(B) by striking ", deceptive, or abusive"
5	each place such term appears and inserting "or
6	deceptive";
7	(2) in section 1021(b)(2), by striking ", decep-
8	tive, or abusive" and inserting "or deceptive";
9	(3) in section 1031—
10	(A) in the heading of such section, by strik-
11	ing ", DECEPTIVE, OR ABUSIVE" and insert-
12	ing "OR DECEPTIVE";
13	(B) by striking ", deceptive, or abusive"
14	each place such term appears and inserting "or
15	deceptive";
16	(C) by striking subsection (d); and
17	(D) by redesignating subsections (e) and (f)
18	as subsections (d) and (e), respectively;
19	(4) in section $1036(a)(1)(B)$, by striking ", de-
20	ceptive, or abusive" and inserting "or deceptive"; and
21	(5) in section 1076(b)(2)(A), by striking ", de-
22	ceptive, or abusive" and inserting "or deceptive".

1	SEC. 338. REPEAL OF AUTHORITY TO RESTRICT ARBITRA-
2	TION.
3	(a) In General.—Section 1028 of the Consumer Fi-
4	nancial Protection Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5518) is hereby
5	repealed.
6	(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of contents
7	under section 1(b) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform
8	and Consumer Protection Act is amended by striking the
9	item relating to section 1028.
10	TITLE IV—CAPITAL MARKETS
11	<i>IMPROVEMENTS</i>
12	Subtitle A—SEC Reform,
13	Restructuring, and Accountability
14	SEC. 401. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
15	Section 35 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
16	U.S.C. 78kk) is amended by striking paragraphs (1)
17	through (5) and inserting the following:
18	"(1) for fiscal year 2017, \$1,555,000,000;
19	"(2) for fiscal year 2018, \$1,605,000,000;
20	"(3) for fiscal year 2019, \$1,655,000,000;
21	"(4) for fiscal year 2020, \$1,705,000,000; and
22	"(5) for fiscal year 2021, \$1,755,000,000.".
23	SEC. 402. REPORT ON UNOBLIGATED APPROPRIATIONS.
24	Section 23 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
25	U.S.C. 78w) is amended by adding at the end the following:

- 1 "(e) REPORT ON UNOBLIGATED APPROPRIATIONS.—If,
- 2 at the end of any fiscal year, there remain unobligated any
- 3 funds that were appropriated to the Commission for such
- 4 fiscal year, the Commission shall, not later than 30 days
- 5 after the last day of such fiscal year, submit to the Com-
- 6 mittee on Financial Services and the Committee on Appro-
- 7 priations of the House of Representatives and the Com-
- 8 mittee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs and the
- 9 Committee on Appropriations of the Senate a report stating
- 10 the amount of such unobligated funds. If there is any mate-
- 11 rial change in the amount stated in the report, the Commis-
- 12 sion shall, not later than 7 days after determining the
- 13 amount of the change, submit to such committees a supple-
- 14 mentary report stating the amount of and reason for the
- 15 change.".
- 16 SEC. 403. SEC RESERVE FUND ABOLISHED.
- 17 Section 4 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
- 18 U.S.C. 78d) is amended by striking subsection (i).
- 19 SEC. 404. FEES TO OFFSET APPROPRIATIONS.
- 20 (a) Section 31 of the Securities Exchange Act
- 21 OF 1934.—Section 31 of the Securities Exchange Act of
- 22 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78ee) is amended—
- 23 (1) by striking subsection (a) and inserting the
- 24 following:

1	"(a) Collection.—The Commission shall, in accord-
2	ance with this section, collect transaction fees and assess-
3	ments.";
4	(2) in subsection (i)—
5	(A) in paragraph (1)(A), by inserting "ex-
6	cept as provided in paragraph (2)," before
7	"shall"; and
8	(B) by striking paragraph (2) and inserting
9	$the\ following:$
10	"(2) General revenue.—Any fees collected for
11	a fiscal year pursuant to this section, sections 13(e)
12	and 14(g) of this title, and section 6(b) of the Securi-
13	ties Act of 1933 in excess of the amount provided in
14	appropriation Acts for collection for such fiscal year
15	pursuant to such sections shall be deposited and cred-
16	ited as general revenue of the Treasury.";
17	(3) in subsection (j)—
18	(A) by striking "the regular appropriation
19	to the Commission by Congress for such fiscal
20	year" each place it appears and inserting "the
21	target offsetting collection amount for such fiscal
22	year"; and
23	(B) in paragraph (2), by striking "sub-
24	section (l)" and inserting "subsection (l)(2)";
25	and

1	(4) by striking subsection (1) and inserting the
2	following:
3	"(l) Definitions.—For purposes of this section:
4	"(1) Target offsetting collection
5	AMOUNT.—The target offsetting collection amount for
6	a fiscal year is—
7	"(A) for fiscal year 2017, \$1,400,000,000;
8	and
9	"(B) for each succeeding fiscal year, the tar-
10	get offsetting collection amount for the prior fis-
11	cal year, adjusted by the rate of inflation.
12	"(2) Baseline estimate of the aggregate
13	DOLLAR AMOUNT OF SALES.—The baseline estimate of
14	the aggregate dollar amount of sales for any fiscal
15	year is the baseline estimate of the aggregate dollar
16	amount of sales of securities (other than bonds, deben-
17	tures, other evidences of indebtedness, security futures
18	products, and options on securities indexes (excluding
19	a narrow-based security index)) to be transacted on
20	each national securities exchange and by or through
21	any member of each national securities association
22	(otherwise than on a national securities exchange)
23	during such fiscal year as determined by the Commis-
24	sion, after consultation with the Congressional Budget
25	Office and the Office of Management and Budget,

1	using the methodology required for making projections
2	pursuant to section 257 of the Balanced Budget and
3	Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.".
4	(b) Section 6(b) of the Securities Act of 1933.—
5	Section 6(b) of the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77f(b))
6	is amended—
7	(1) by striking "target fee collection amount"
8	each place it appears and inserting "target offsetting
9	collection amount";
10	(2) in paragraph (4), by striking the last sen-
11	tence and inserting the following: "Subject to para-
12	graphs (6)(B) and (7), an adjusted rate prescribed
13	under paragraph (2) shall take effect on the later of—
14	"(A) the first day of the fiscal year to which
15	such rate applies; or
16	"(B) five days after the date on which a
17	regular appropriation to the Commission for
18	such fiscal year is enacted.";
19	(3) in paragraph (5), by inserting "of the Secu-
20	rities Exchange Act of 1934" after "sections 13(e) and
21	14(g)";
22	(4) by redesignating paragraph (6) as para-
23	graph (8);
24	(5) by inserting after paragraph (5) the fol-
25	lowing:

1	"(6) Offsetting collections.—Fees collected
2	pursuant to this subsection for any fiscal year—
3	"(A) except as provided in section 31(i)(2)
4	of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, shall be
5	deposited and credited as offsetting collections to
6	the account providing appropriations to the
7	Commission; and
8	"(B) except as provided in paragraph (7),
9	shall not be collected for any fiscal year except
10	to the extent provided in advance in appropria-
11	$tion\ Acts.$
12	"(7) Lapse of appropriation.—If on the first
13	day of a fiscal year a regular appropriation to the
14	Commission has not been enacted, the Commission
15	shall continue to collect fees (as offsetting collections)
16	under this subsection at the rate in effect during the
17	preceding fiscal year, until 5 days after the date such
18	a regular appropriation is enacted."; and
19	(6) in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (8) (as so
20	redesignated)—
21	(A) by striking the subparagraph heading
22	and inserting "TARGET OFFSETTING COLLEC-
23	TION AMOUNT.—"; and

1	(B) in the heading of the right column of
2	the table, by striking "fee" and inserting "off-
3	setting".
4	(c) Section 13(e) of the Securities Exchange
5	Act of 1934.—Section 13(e) of the Securities Exchange Act
6	of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m(e)) is amended—
7	(1) by striking paragraph (5) and inserting the
8	following:
9	"(5) Offsetting collected collected
10	pursuant to this subsection for any fiscal year—
11	"(A) except as provided in section 31(i)(2),
12	shall be deposited and credited as offsetting col-
13	lections to the account providing appropriations
14	to the Commission; and
15	"(B) except as provided in paragraph (8),
16	shall not be collected for any fiscal year except
17	to the extent provided in advance in appropria-
18	tions Acts."; and
19	(2) by adding at the end the following:
20	"(8) Lapse of appropriation.—If on the first
21	day of a fiscal year a regular appropriation to the
22	Commission has not been enacted, the Commission
23	shall continue to collect fees (as offsetting collections)
24	under this subsection at the rate in effect during the

1	preceding fiscal year, until 5 days after the date such
2	a regular appropriation is enacted.".
3	(d) Section 14(g) of the Securities Exchange
4	ACT OF 1934.—Section 14(g) of the Securities Exchange
5	Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78n(g)) is amended—
6	(1) by striking paragraph (5) and inserting the
7	following:
8	"(5) Offsetting collected collected
9	pursuant to this subsection for any fiscal year—
10	"(A) except as provided in section 31(i)(2),
11	shall be deposited and credited as offsetting col-
12	lections to the account providing appropriations
13	to the Commission; and
14	"(B) except as provided in paragraph (8),
15	shall not be collected for any fiscal year except
16	to the extent provided in advance in appropria-
17	tions Acts.";
18	(2) by redesignating paragraph (8) as para-
19	graph (9); and
20	(3) by inserting after paragraph (7) the fol-
21	lowing:
22	"(8) Lapse of appropriation.—If on the first
23	day of a fiscal year a regular appropriation to the
24	Commission has not been enacted, the Commission
25	shall continue to collect fees (as offsetting collections)

1	under this subsection at the rate in effect during the
2	preceding fiscal year, until 5 days after the date such
3	a regular appropriation is enacted.".
4	(e) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
5	section—
6	(1) shall apply beginning on October 1, 2016, ex-
7	cept that for fiscal year 2017, the Securities and Ex-
8	change Commission shall publish—
9	(A) the rates established under section 31 of
10	the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended
11	by this section, not later than 30 days after the
12	date on which an Act making a regular appro-
13	priation to the Commission for fiscal year 2017
14	is enacted; and
15	(B) the rate established under section 6(b)
16	of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended by this
17	section, not later than August 31, 2016; and
18	(2) shall not apply with respect to fees for any
19	fiscal year before fiscal year 2017.
20	SEC. 405. IMPLEMENTATION OF RECOMMENDATIONS.
21	Section 967 of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform
22	and Consumer Protection Act is amended by adding at the
23	end the following:
24	"(d) Implementation of Recommendations.—Not
25	later than 6 months after the date of enactment of this sub-

1	section, the Securities and Exchange Commission shall com-
2	plete an implementation of the recommendations contained
3	in the report of the independent consultant issued under
4	subsection (b) on March 10, 2011. To the extent that imple-
5	mentation of certain recommendations requires legislation,
6	the Commission shall submit a report to Congress con-
7	taining a request for legislation granting the Commission
8	such authority it needs to fully implement such rec-
9	ommendations.".
10	SEC. 406. OFFICE OF CREDIT RATINGS TO REPORT TO THE
11	DIVISION OF TRADING AND MARKETS.
12	Section $15E(p)(1)$ of the Securities Exchange Act of
13	1934 (15 U.S.C. 780–7(p)(1)) is amended—
14	(1) in subparagraph (A), by striking "within the
15	Commission" and inserting "within the Division of
16	Trading and Markets"; and
17	(2) in subparagraph (B), by striking "report to
18	the Chairman" and inserting "report to the head of
19	the Division of Trading and Markets".
20	SEC. 407. OFFICE OF MUNICIPAL SECURITIES TO REPORT
21	TO THE DIVISION OF TRADING AND MARKETS.
22	Section 979 of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform
23	and Consumer Protection Act (15 U.S.C. 780-4a) is amend-
24	ed—

1	(1) in subsection (a), by inserting ", within the
2	Division of Trading and Markets," after "There shall
3	be in the Commission"; and
4	(2) in subsection (b), by striking "report to the
5	Chairman" and inserting "report to the head of the
6	Division of Trading and Markets".
7	SEC. 408. INDEPENDENCE OF COMMISSION OMBUDSMAN.
8	Section 4(g)(8) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
9	(15 U.S.C. 78d(g)(8)) is amended—
10	(1) in subparagraph (A), by striking "the Inves-
11	tor Advocate shall appoint" and all that follows
12	through "Investor Advocate" and inserting "the
13	Chairman shall appoint an Ombudsman, who shall
14	report to the Commission"; and
15	(2) in subparagraph (D)—
16	(A) by striking "report to the Investor Ad-
17	vocate" and inserting "report to the Commis-
18	sion"; and
19	(B) by striking the last sentence.
20	SEC. 409. COORDINATION WITH THE INVESTOR ADVISORY
21	COMMITTEE.
22	Section 39 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
23	U.S.C. 78pp) is amended—
24	(1) in subsection $(a)(2)(B)$, by striking "submit"
25	and inserting "in consultation with the Small Busi-

1	ness Capital Formation Advisory Committee estab-
2	lished under section 40, submit";
3	(2) in subsection (b)(1)—
4	(A) in subparagraph (C), by striking
5	"and";
6	(B) in subparagraph $(D)(iv)$, by striking
7	the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and
8	(C) by adding at the end the following:
9	"(E) a member of the Small Business Cap-
10	ital Formation Advisory Committee who shall be
11	a nonvoting member."; and
12	(3) by striking subsections (i) and (j).
13	SEC. 410. DUTIES OF INVESTOR ADVOCATE.
14	Section $4(g)(4)$ of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
15	(15 U.S.C. 78d(g)(4)) is amended—
16	(1) in subparagraph (D)(ii), by striking "and";
17	(2) in subparagraph (E), by striking the period
18	at the end and inserting a semicolon; and
19	(3) by adding at the end the following:
20	"(F) not take a position on any legislation
21	pending before Congress other than a legislative
22	change proposed by the Investor Advocate pursu-
23	$ant\ to\ subparagraph\ (E);$
24	"(G) consult with the Advocate for Small
25	Business Capital Formation on proposed rec-

1	$ommendations \ made \ under \ subparagraph \ (E);$
2	and
3	"(H) advise the Advocate for Small Busi-
4	ness Capital Formation on issues related to
5	small business investors.".
6	SEC. 411. INTERNAL RISK CONTROLS.
7	The Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78a
8	et seq.) is amended—
9	(1) by inserting after section 4G, as added by
10	this Act, the following:
11	"SEC. 4H. INTERNAL RISK CONTROLS.
12	"The Commission, in consultation with the Chief
13	Economist, shall develop comprehensive internal risk con-
14	trol mechanisms to safeguard and govern the storage of all
15	market data by the Commission, all market data sharing
16	agreements of the Commission, and all academic research
17	performed at the Commission using market data.";
18	(2) in section 3(a), by redesignating the second
19	paragraph (80) (relating to funding portals) as para-
20	graph (81); and
21	(3) in section 3(a), by adding at the end the fol-
22	lowing:
23	"(82) Chief economist.—The term 'Chief
24	Economist' means the Director of the Division of Eco-
25	nomic and Risk Analysis, or an employee of the Com-

1	mission with comparable authority, as determined by
2	the Commission.".
3	SEC. 412. APPLICABILITY OF NOTICE AND COMMENT RE-
4	QUIREMENTS OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE PRO-
5	CEDURE ACT TO GUIDANCE VOTED ON BY
6	THE COMMISSION.
7	The Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78a
8	et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 4H, as added
9	by this Act, the following:
10	"SEC. 4I. APPLICABILITY OF NOTICE AND COMMENT RE-
11	QUIREMENTS OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE PRO-
12	CEDURE ACT TO GUIDANCE VOTED ON BY
13	THE COMMISSION.
14	"The notice and comment requirements of section 553
15	of title 5, United States Code, shall also apply with respect
16	to any Commission statement or guidance, including inter-
17	pretive rules, general statements of policy, or rules of Com-
18	mission organization, procedure, or practice, that has the
19	effect of implementing, interpreting, or prescribing law or
20	policy and that is voted on by the Commission.".
21	SEC. 413. PROCESS FOR CLOSING INVESTIGATIONS.
22	(a) In General.—Not later than 180 days after the
23	date of the enactment of this Act, the Securities and Ex-
24	change Commission shall establish a process for closing in-
25	vestigations (including preliminary or informal investiga-

1	tions) that is designed to ensure that the Commission, in
2	a timely manner—
3	(1) makes a determination of whether or not to
4	institute an administrative or judicial action in a
5	matter or refer the matter to the Attorney General for
6	potential criminal prosecution; and
7	(2) if the Commission determines not to institute
8	such an action or refer the matter to the Attorney
9	General, informs the persons who are the subject of
10	the investigation that the investigation is closed.
11	(b) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this section
12	shall be construed to affect the authority of the Commission
13	to re-open an investigation if the Commission obtains new
14	evidence after the investigation is closed, subject to any ap-
15	plicable statute of limitations.
16	SEC. 414. ENFORCEMENT OMBUDSMAN.
17	(a) In General.—Section 4 of the Securities Ex-
18	change Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78d), as amended by this
19	Act, is further amended by adding at the end the following:
20	"(i) Enforcement Ombudsman.—
21	"(1) Establishment.—The Commission shall
22	have an Enforcement Ombudsman, who shall be ap-
23	pointed by and report directly to the Commission.
24	"(2) Duties.—The Enforcement Ombudsman
25	shall—

1	"(A) act as a liaison between the Commis-
2	sion and any person who is the subject of an in-
3	vestigation (including a preliminary or informal
4	investigation) by the Commission or an adminis-
5	trative or judicial action brought by the Com-
6	mission in resolving problems that such persons
7	may have with the Commission or the conduct of
8	Commission staff; and
9	"(B) establish safeguards to maintain the

- "(B) establish safeguards to maintain the confidentiality of communications between the persons described in subparagraph (A) and the Enforcement Ombudsman.
- "(3) LIMITATION.—In carrying out the duties of the Enforcement Ombudsman under paragraph (2), the Enforcement Ombudsman shall utilize personnel of the Commission to the extent practicable. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as replacing, altering, or diminishing the activities of any ombudsman or similar office of any other agency.
- "(4) Report.—The Enforcement Ombudsman shall submit to the Commission and to the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate an annual report that describes

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1	the activities and evaluates the effectiveness of the En-
2	forcement Ombudsman during the preceding year.".
3	(b) Deadline for Initial Appointment.—The Secu-
4	rities and Exchange Commission shall appoint the initial
5	Enforcement Ombudsman under subsection (i) of section 4
6	of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as added by sub-
7	section (a), not later than 180 days after the date of the
8	enactment of this Act.
9	SEC. 415. PROCESS TO ENSURE ENFORCEMENT ACTIONS
10	ARE WITHIN AUTHORITY OF COMMISSION.
11	Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment
12	of this Act, the Securities and Exchange Commission shall
13	establish a process to ensure that administrative and judi-
14	cial actions brought by the Commission under the securities
15	laws (as defined in section 3(a) of the Securities Exchange
16	Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78c(a))) do not exceed the authority
17	of the Commission under such laws and, in the case of ad-
18	ministrative actions, are conducted consistently with sub-
19	chapter II of chapter 5 of title 5, United States Code (com-
20	monly referred to as the "Administrative Procedure Act").
21	SEC. 416. PROCESS TO PERMIT RECIPIENT OF WELLS NOTI-
22	FICATION TO APPEAR BEFORE COMMISSION
23	STAFF IN-PERSON.
24	(a) In General.—Not later than 180 days after the
25	date of the enactment of this Act, the Securities and Ex-

- 1 change Commission shall establish a process under which,
- 2 in any instance in which the Commission staff provides a
- 3 written Wells notification to an individual informing the
- 4 individual that the Commission staff has made a prelimi-
- 5 nary determination to recommend that the Commission
- 6 bring an administrative or judicial action against the indi-
- 7 vidual, the individual shall have the right to make an in-
- 8 person presentation before the Commission staff concerning
- 9 such recommendation and to be represented by counsel at
- 10 such presentation, at the individual's own expense.
- 11 (b) Attendance by Commissioners.—Such process
- 12 shall provide that each Commissioner of the Commission,
- 13 or a designee of the Commissioner, may attend any such
- 14 presentation.
- 15 (c) Report by Commission Staff.—Such process
- 16 shall provide that, before any Commission vote on whether
- 17 to bring the administrative or judicial action against the
- 18 individual, the Commission staff shall provide to each Com-
- 19 missioner a written report on any such presentation, in-
- 20 cluding any factual or legal arguments made by the indi-
- 21 vidual and any supporting documents provided by the indi-
- 22 vidual.
- 23 SEC. 417. PUBLICATION OF ENFORCEMENT MANUAL.
- 24 (a) In General.—Not later than 1 year after the date
- 25 of the enactment of this Act, the Securities and Exchange

1	Commission shall approve, by vote of the Commission, and
2	publish an updated manual that sets forth the policies and
3	practices that the Commission will follow in the enforce-
4	ment of the securities laws (as defined in section 3(a) of
5	the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78c(a))).
6	Such manual shall include policies and practices required
7	by this Act, and by the amendments made by this Act, and
8	shall be developed so as to ensure transparency in such en-
9	forcement and uniform application of such laws by the
10	Commission.
11	(b) Enforcement Plan and Report.—Beginning on
12	the date that is one year after the date of enactment of this
13	Act, and each year thereafter, and the Securities and Ex-
14	change Commission shall transmit to Congress and publish
15	on its Internet website an annual enforcement plan and re-
16	port that shall—
17	(1) detail the priorities of the Commission with
18	regard to enforcement and examination activities for
19	the forthcoming year;
20	(2) report on the Commission's enforcement and
21	examination activities for the previous year, includ-
22	ing an assessment of how such activities comported
23	with the priorities identified for that year pursuant

to paragraph (1); and

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1	(3) provide an opportunity and mechanism for
2	public comment.
3	SEC. 418. PRIVATE PARTIES AUTHORIZED TO COMPEL THE
4	SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION TO
5	SEEK SANCTIONS BY FILING CIVIL ACTIONS.
6	Title I of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
7	U.S.C. 78a et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the
8	following:
9	"SEC. 41. PRIVATE PARTIES AUTHORIZED TO COMPEL THE
10	COMMISSION TO SEEK SANCTIONS BY FILING
11	CIVIL ACTIONS.
12	"(a) Termination of Administrative Pro-
13	CEEDING.—In the case of any person who is a party to a
14	proceeding brought by the Commission under a securities
15	law, to which section 554 of title 5, United States Code,
16	applies, and against whom an order imposing a cease and
17	desist order and a penalty may be issued at the conclusion
18	of the proceeding, that person may, not later than 20 days
19	after receiving notice of such proceeding, and at that per-
20	son's discretion, require the Commission to terminate the
21	proceeding.
22	"(b) Civil Action Authorized.—If a person re-
23	quires the Commission to terminate a proceeding pursuant
24	to subsection (a), the Commission may bring a civil action

- 1 against that person for the same remedy that might be im-
- 2 posed.
- 3 "(c) Standard of Proof in Administrative Pro-
- 4 CEEDING.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in
- 5 the case of a proceeding brought by the Commission under
- 6 a securities law, to which section 554 of title 5, United
- 7 States Code, applies, a legal or equitable remedy may be
- 8 imposed on the person against whom the proceeding was
- 9 brought only on a showing by the Commission of clear and
- 10 convincing evidence that the person has violated the rel-
- 11 evant provision of law.".
- 12 SEC. 419. CERTAIN FINDINGS REQUIRED TO APPROVE CIVIL
- 13 MONEY PENALTIES AGAINST ISSUERS.
- 14 The Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78a
- 15 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 4E the fol-
- 16 lowing:
- 17 "SEC. 4F. CERTAIN FINDINGS REQUIRED TO APPROVE CIVIL
- 18 MONEY PENALTIES AGAINST ISSUERS.
- 19 "The Commission may not seek against or impose on
- 20 an issuer a civil money penalty for violation of the securi-
- 21 ties laws unless the publicly available text of the order ap-
- 22 proving the seeking or imposition of such penalty contains
- 23 findings, supported by an analysis by the Division of Eco-
- 24 nomic and Risk Analysis and certified by the Chief Econo-
- 25 mist, of whether—

1	"(1) the alleged violation resulted in direct eco-
2	nomic benefit to the issuer; and
3	"(2) the penalty will harm the shareholders of
4	the issuer.".
5	SEC. 420. REPEAL OF AUTHORITY OF THE COMMISSION TO
6	PROHIBIT PERSONS FROM SERVING AS OFFI-
7	CERS OR DIRECTORS.
8	(a) Under Securities Act of 1933.—Subsection (f)
9	of section 8A of the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77h-
10	1) is repealed.
11	(b) Under Securities Exchange Act of 1934.—
12	Subsection (f) of section 21C of the Securities Exchange Act
13	of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78u-3) is repealed.
14	SEC. 421. SUBPOENA DURATION AND RENEWAL.
15	Section 21(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
16	(15 U.S.C. 78u(b)) is amended—
17	(1) by inserting "Subpoena.—"after the enu-
18	merator;
19	(2) by striking "For the purpose of" and insert-
20	ing the following:
21	"(1) In General.—For the purpose of"; and
22	(3) by adding at the end the following:
23	"(2) Omnibus orders of investigation.—
24	"(A) Duration and Renewal.—An omni-
25	bus order of investigation shall not be for an in-

1	definite duration and may be renewed only by
2	$Commission\ action.$
3	"(B) Definition.—In paragraph (A), the
4	term 'omnibus order of investigation' means an
5	order of the Commission authorizing 1 of more
6	members of the Commission or its staff to issue
7	subpoenas under paragraph (1) to multiple per-
8	sons in relation to a particular subject matter
9	area.".
10	SEC. 422. ELIMINATION OF AUTOMATIC DISQUALIFICA-
11	TIONS.
12	The Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78a
13	et seq.), as amended by this Act, is further amended by in-
14	serting after section 4F the following:
15	"SEC. 4G. ELIMINATION OF AUTOMATIC DISQUALIFICA-
16	TIONS.
17	"(a) In General.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
18	sion of law, a non-natural person may not be disqualified
19	or otherwise made ineligible to use an exemption or reg-
20	istration provision, engage in an activity, or qualify for
21	any similar treatment under a provision of the securities
22	laws or the rules issued by the Commission under the securi-
23	ties laws by reason of having, or a person described in sub-
24	section (b) having, been convicted of any felony or mis-
25	demeanor or made the subject of any judicial or adminis-

- 1 trative order, judgment, or decree arising out of a govern-
- 2 mental action (including an order, judgment, or decree
- 3 agreed to in a settlement), or having, or a person described
- 4 in subsection (b) having, been suspended or expelled from
- 5 membership in, or suspended or barred from association
- 6 with a member of, a registered national securities exchange
- 7 or a registered national or affiliated securities association
- 8 for any act or omission to act constituting conduct incon-
- 9 sistent with just and equitable principles of trade, unless
- 10 the Commission, by order, on the record after notice and
- 11 an opportunity for hearing, makes a determination that
- 12 such non-natural person should be so disqualified or other-
- 13 wise made ineligible for purposes of such provision.
- 14 "(b) Person Described in
- 15 this subsection if the person is—
- 16 "(1) a natural person who is a director, officer,
- 17 employee, partner, member, or shareholder of the non-
- natural person referred to in subsection (a) or is oth-
- 19 erwise associated or affiliated with such non-natural
- 20 person in any way; or
- 21 "(2) a non-natural person who is associated or
- 22 affiliated with the non-natural person referred to in
- subsection (a) in any way.
- 24 "(c) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-
- 25 tion shall be construed to limit any authority of the Com-

1	mission, by order, on the record after notice and an oppor-
2	tunity for hearing, to prohibit a person from using an ex-
3	emption or registration provision, engaging in an activity,
4	or qualifying for any similar treatment under a provision
5	of the securities laws, or the rules issued by the Commission
6	under the securities laws, by reason of a circumstance re-
7	ferred to in subsection (a) or any similar circumstance.".
8	SEC. 423. CONFIDENTIALITY OF RECORDS OBTAINED FROM
9	FOREIGN SECURITIES AND LAW ENFORCE-
10	MENT AUTHORITIES.
11	Section 24(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
12	(15 U.S.C. $78x(d)$) is amended to read as follows:
13	"(d) Records Obtained From Foreign Securities
14	AND LAW Enforcement Authorities.—Except as pro-
15	vided in subsection (g), the Commission shall not be com-
16	pelled to disclose records obtained from a foreign securities
17	authority, or from a foreign law enforcement authority as
18	defined in subsection (f)(4), if—
19	"(1) the foreign securities authority or foreign
20	law enforcement authority has in good faith deter-
21	mined and represented to the Commission that the
22	records are confidential under the laws of the country
23	of such authority; and
24	"(2) the Commission obtains such records pursu-
25	ant to—

1	"(A) such procedure as the Commission
2	may authorize for use in connection with the ad-
3	ministration or enforcement of the securities
4	laws; or
5	"(B) a memorandum of understanding.
6	For purposes of section 552 of title 5, United States Code,
7	this subsection shall be considered a statute described in
8	subsection $(b)(3)(B)$ of such section 552.".
9	SEC. 424. CLARIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO IMPOSE SANC-
10	TIONS ON PERSONS ASSOCIATED WITH A
11	BROKER OR DEALER.
12	Section 15(b)(6)(A)(i) of the Securities Exchange Act
13	of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 780(b)(6)(A)(i)) is amended by striking
14	"enumerated" and all that follows and inserting "enumer-
15	ated in subparagraph (A), (D), (E), (G), or (H) of para-
16	graph (4) of this subsection;".
17	SEC. 425. CONGRESSIONAL ACCESS TO INFORMATION HELD
18	BY THE PUBLIC COMPANY ACCOUNTING
19	OVERSIGHT BOARD.
20	Section 105(b)(5) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
21	(15 U.S.C. 7215(b)(5)) is amended—
22	(1) in subparagraph (A), by striking "subpara-
23	graphs (B) and (C)" and inserting "subparagraphs
24	(B), (C) and (D)"; and
25	(2) by adding at the end the following:

1	"(D) Availability to the congressional
2	committees.—The Board shall make available
3	to the Committees specified under section
4	101(h)—
5	"(i) such information as the Commit-
6	tees shall request; and
7	"(ii) with respect to any confidential
8	or privileged information provided in re-
9	sponse to a request under clause (i), includ-
10	ing any information subject to section
11	104(g) and subparagraph (A), or any con-
12	fidential or privileged information provided
13	orally in response to such a request, such
14	information shall maintain the protections
15	provided in subparagraph (A), and shall re-
16	tain its confidential and privileged status
17	in the hands of the Board and the Commit-
18	tees.".
19	SEC. 426. REPEAL OF REQUIREMENT FOR PUBLIC COMPANY
20	ACCOUNTING OVERSIGHT BOARD TO USE
21	CERTAIN FUNDS FOR MERIT SCHOLARSHIP
22	PROGRAM.
23	(a) In General.—Section 109(c) of the Sarbanes-
24	Oxley Act of 2002 (15 U.S.C. 7219(c)) is amended by strik-
25	ing paragraph (2).

1	(b) Conforming Amendments.—Section 109 of the
2	Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (15 U.S.C. 7219) is amended—
3	(1) in subsection (c), by striking "USES OF
4	FUNDS" and all that follows through "The budget"
5	and inserting "USES OF FUNDS.—The budget"; and
6	(2) in subsection (f), by striking "subsection
7	(c)(1)" and inserting "subsection (c)".
8	SEC. 427. REALLOCATION OF FINES FOR VIOLATIONS OF
9	RULES OF MUNICIPAL SECURITIES RULE-
10	MAKING BOARD.
11	(a) In General.—Section $15B(c)(9)$ of the Securities
12	Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 780-4(c)(9)) is amended
13	to read as follows:
14	"(9) Fines collected for violations of the rules of the
15	Board shall be deposited and credited as general revenue
16	of the Treasury, except as otherwise provided in section 308
17	of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 or section 21F of this
18	title.".
19	(b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by sub-
20	section (a) shall apply to fines collected after the date of
21	enactment of this Act.

1	Subtitle B—Eliminating Excessive
2	Government Intrusion in the
3	Capital Markets
4	SEC. 441. REPEAL OF DEPARTMENT OF LABOR FIDUCIARY
5	RULE AND REQUIREMENTS PRIOR TO RULE-
6	MAKING RELATING TO STANDARDS OF CON-
7	DUCT FOR BROKERS AND DEALERS.
8	(a) Repeal of Department of Labor Fiduciary
9	Rule.—The final rule of the Department of Labor titled
10	"Definition of the Term 'Fiduciary'; Conflict of Interest
11	Rule—Retirement Investment Advice" and related prohib-
12	ited transaction exemptions published April 8, 2016 (81
13	Fed. Reg. 20946) shall have no force or effect.
14	(b) Stay on Rules Defining Certain Fidu-
15	CIARIES.—After the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-
16	retary of Labor shall not prescribe any regulation under
17	the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29
18	U.S.C. 1001 et seq.) defining the circumstances under which
19	an individual is considered a fiduciary until the date that
20	is 60 days after the Securities and Exchange Commission
21	issues a final rule relating to standards of conduct for bro-
22	kers and dealers pursuant to the second subsection (k) of
23	section 15 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C.
24	780(k))

1	(c) Requirements Prior to Rulemaking Relating
2	TO STANDARDS OF CONDUCT FOR BROKERS AND DEAL-
3	ERS.—The second subsection (k) of section 15 of the Securi-
4	ties Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78o(k)), as added by
5	section $913(g)(1)$ of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform
6	and Consumer Protection Act (12 U.S.C. 5301 et seq.), is
7	amended by adding at the end the following:
8	"(3) Requirements prior to rulemaking.—
9	The Commission shall not promulgate a rule pursu-
10	ant to paragraph (1) before providing a report to the
11	Committee on Financial Services of the House of Rep-
12	resentatives and the Committee on Banking, Housing,
13	and Urban Affairs of the Senate describing whether—
14	"(A) retail investors (and such other cus-
15	tomers as the Commission may provide) are
16	being harmed due to brokers or dealers operating
17	under different standards of conduct than those
18	that apply to investment advisors under section
19	211 of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15
20	U.S.C. 80b–11);
21	"(B) alternative remedies will reduce any
22	confusion or harm to retail investors due to bro-
23	kers or dealers operating under different stand-
24	ards of conduct than those standards that apply
25	to investment advisors under section 211 of the

1	Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80b-
2	11), including—
3	"(i) simplifying the titles used by bro-
4	kers, dealers, and investment advisers; and
5	"(ii) enhancing disclosure surrounding
6	the different standards of conduct currently
7	applicable to brokers, dealers, and invest-
8	ment advisers;
9	"(C) the adoption of a uniform fiduciary
10	standard of conduct for brokers, dealers, and in-
11	vestment advisors would adversely impact the
12	commissions of brokers and dealers, the avail-
13	ability of proprietary products offered by brokers
14	and dealers, and the ability of brokers and deal-
15	ers to engage in principal transactions with cus-
16	tomers; and
17	"(D) the adoption of a uniform fiduciary
18	standard of conduct for brokers or dealers and
19	investment advisors would adversely impact re-
20	tail investor access to personalized and cost-effec-
21	tive investment advice, recommendations about
22	securities, or the availability of such advice and
23	recommendations.

1	"(4) Economic analysis.—The Commission's
2	conclusions contained in the report described in para-
3	graph (3) shall be supported by economic analysis.
4	"(5) Requirements for promulgating a
5	RULE.—The Commission shall publish in the Federal
6	Register alongside the rule promulgated pursuant to
7	paragraph (1) formal findings that such rule would
8	reduce confusion or harm to retail customers (and
9	such other customers as the Commission may by rule
10	provide) due to different standards of conduct appli-
11	cable to brokers, dealers, and investment advisors.
12	"(6) Requirements under investment advis-
13	ERS ACT OF 1940.—In proposing rules under para-
14	graph (1) for brokers or dealers, the Commission shall
15	consider the differences in the registration, super-
16	vision, and examination requirements applicable to
17	brokers, dealers, and investment advisors.".
18	SEC. 442. EXEMPTION FROM RISK RETENTION REQUIRE-
19	MENTS FOR NONRESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE.
20	(a) In General.—Section 15G of the Securities Ex-
21	change Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 780–11) is amended—
22	(1) in subsection (a)—
23	(A) in paragraph (3)(B), by striking "and"
24	at the end;

1	(B) in paragraph $(4)(B)$, by striking the pe-
2	riod and inserting "; and"; and
3	(C) by adding at the end the following:
4	"(5) the term 'asset-backed security' refers only
5	to an asset-backed security that is comprised wholly
6	of residential mortgages.";
7	(2) in subsection (b)—
8	(A) by striking paragraph (1); and
9	(B) by striking "(2) Residential mort-
10	GAGES.—";
11	(3) by striking subsection (h) and redesignating
12	subsection (i) as subsection (h); and
13	(4) in subsection (h) (as so redesignated)—
14	(A) by striking "effective—" and all that
15	follows through "(1) with respect to" and insert-
16	ing "effective with respect to";
17	(B) in paragraph (1), by striking "; and"
18	and inserting a period; and
19	(C) by striking paragraph (2).
20	(b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 941 of the
21	Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection
22	Act is amended by striking subsection (c).".

1	SEC. 443. FREQUENCY OF SHAREHOLDER APPROVAL OF EX-
2	ECUTIVE COMPENSATION.
3	Section 14A(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
4	(15 U.S.C. 78n-1(a)) is amended—
5	(1) in paragraph (1), by striking "Not less fre-
6	quently than once every 3 years" and inserting "Each
7	year in which there has been a material change to the
8	compensation of executives of an issuer from the pre-
9	vious year"; and
10	(2) by striking paragraph (2) and redesignating
11	paragraph (3) as paragraph (2).
12	SEC. 444. REQUIREMENT FOR MUNICIPAL ADVISOR FOR
13	ISSUERS OF MUNICIPAL SECURITIES.
14	Section 15 $B(d)$ of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
15	(15 U.S.C. 780-4(d)) is amended by adding at the end the
16	following:
17	"(3) An issuer of municipal securities shall not be re-
18	quired to retain a municipal advisor prior to issuing any
19	such securities.".
20	SEC. 445. SMALL ISSUER EXEMPTION FROM INTERNAL CON-
21	TROL EVALUATION.
22	Section 404(c) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (15
23	$U.S.C.\ 7262(c))$ is amended to read as follows:
24	"(c) Exemption for Smaller Issuers.—Subsection
25	(b) shall not apply with respect to any audit report pre-
26	pared for an issuer that has total market capitalization of

1	less	than	\$250,000,000,	nor	to	any	issuer	that	$\imath s$	a	deposi-

- 2 tory institution with assets of less than \$1,000,000,000.".
- 3 SEC. 446. EXEMPTIVE AUTHORITY FOR CERTAIN PROVI-
- 4 SIONS RELATING TO REGISTRATION OF NA-
- 5 TIONALLY RECOGNIZED STATISTICAL RATING
- 6 **ORGANIZATIONS**.
- 7 Section 15E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
- 8 (15 U.S.C. 780-7) is amended by adding at the end the
- 9 following:
- 10 "(w) Commission Exemptive Authority.—The
- 11 Commission, by rules and regulations upon its own motion,
- 12 or by order upon application, may conditionally or uncon-
- 13 ditionally exempt any person from any provision or provi-
- 14 sions of this title or of any rule or regulation thereunder,
- 15 if and to the extent it determines that such rule, regulation,
- 16 or requirement is creating a barrier to entry into the mar-
- 17 ket for nationally recognized statistical rating organiza-
- 18 tions or impeding competition among such organizations,
- 19 or that such an exemption is necessary or appropriate in
- 20 the public interest and is consistent with the protection of
- 21 investors.".
- 22 SEC. 447. RESTRICTION ON RECOVERY OF ERRONEOUSLY
- 23 AWARDED COMPENSATION.
- 24 Section 10D(b)(2) of the Securities Exchange Act of
- 25 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78j-4(b)(2)) is amended by inserting before

the period the following: ", where such executive officer had control or authority over the financial reporting that resulted in the accounting restatement". 3 SEC. 448. RISK-BASED EXAMINATIONS OF NATIONALLY REC-5 OGNIZED STATISTICAL RATING ORGANIZA-6 TIONS. 7 Section 15E(p)(3)(B) of the Securities Exchange Act 8 of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 780–7(p)(3)(B)) is amended in the matter preceding clause (i), by inserting ", as appropriate," after "Each examination under subparagraph (A) shall in-11 clude". SEC. 449. REPEALS. 13 (a) Repeals.—The following provisions of title IX of 14 the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act are repealed, and the provisions of law amended or repealed by such sections are restored or revived as if 16 such sections had not been enacted: 18 (1) Section 912. 19 (2) Section 914. 20 (3) Section 917. 21 (4) Section 918. 22 (5) Section 919A. 23 (6) Section 919B. 24 (7) Section 919C. 25 (8) Section 921.

1	(9) Section 929T.
2	(10) Section 929X.
3	(11) Section 929Y.
4	(12) Section 929 Z .
5	(13) Section 931.
6	(14) Section 933.
7	(15) Section 937.
8	(16) Section 939B.
9	(17) Section 939C.
10	(18) Section 939D.
11	(19) Section 939E.
12	(20) Section 939F.
13	(21) Section 939G.
14	(22) Section 939H.
15	(23) Section 946.
16	(24) Subsection (b) of section 953
17	(25) Section 955.
18	(26) Section 956.
19	(27) Section 964.
20	(28) Section 965.
21	(29) Section 968.
22	(30) Section 971.
23	(31) Section 972.
24	(32) Section 976.
25	(33) Section 977.

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1
             (34) Section 978.
 2
             (35) Section 984.
             (36) Section 989.
 3
             (37) Section 989A.
 4
             (38) Section 989F.
 5
 6
             (39) Subsection (b) of section 989G.
 7
             (40) Section 989I.
 8
        (b) Conforming Amendments.—The Dodd-Frank
   Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (12
   U.S.C. 5301) is amended—
10
11
             (1) in the table of contents in section 1(b), by
12
        striking the items relating to the sections described
13
        under paragraphs (1) through (23), (25) through (38),
14
        and (40) of subsection (a);
15
             (2) in section 953, by striking "(a) DISCLOSURE
        of Pay Versus Performance.—"; and
16
17
             (3) in section 989G, by striking "(a) Exemp-
18
        TION.—".
   SEC. 450. EXEMPTION OF AND REPORTING BY PRIVATE EQ-
19
20
                UITY FUND ADVISERS.
21
        Section 203 of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15
   U.S.C. 80b-3) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
23
   lowing:
24
        "(0) Exemption of and Reporting by Private Eq-
25 UITY FUND ADVISERS.—
```

1	"(1) In general.—Except as provided in this
2	subsection, no investment adviser shall be subject to
3	the registration or reporting requirements of this title
4	with respect to the provision of investment advice re-
5	lating to a private equity fund.
6	"(2) Maintenance of records and access by
7	COMMISSION.—Not later than 6 months after the date
8	of enactment of this subsection, the Commission shall
9	issue final rules—
10	"(A) to require investment advisers de-
11	scribed in paragraph (1) to maintain such
12	records and provide to the Commission such an-
13	nual or other reports as the Commission, taking
14	into account fund size, governance, investment
15	strategy, risk, and other factors, determines nec-
16	essary and appropriate in the public interest
17	and for the protection of investors; and
18	"(B) to define the term 'private equity fund'
19	for purposes of this subsection.".
20	SEC. 451. RECORDS AND REPORTS OF PRIVATE FUNDS.
21	The Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80b-
22	1 et seq.) is amended—
23	(1) in section 204(b)—
24	(A) in paragraph (1)—

1	(i) in subparagraph (A), by striking
2	"investors," and all that follows and insert-
3	ing "investors.";
4	(ii) by striking subparagraph (B); and
5	(iii) by striking "this title—" and all
6	that follows through "to maintain" and in-
7	serting "this title to maintain";
8	(B) in paragraph (3)(H)—
9	(i) by striking ", in consultation with
10	the Council,"; and
11	(ii) by striking "or for the assessment
12	of systemic risk";
13	(C) in paragraph (4), by striking ", or for
14	the assessment of systemic risk";
15	(D) in paragraph (5), by striking "or for
16	the assessment of systemic risk";
17	(E) in paragraph (6)(A)(ii), by striking ",
18	or for the assessment of systemic risk";
19	(F) by striking paragraph (7) and redesig-
20	nating paragraphs (8) through (11) as para-
21	graphs (7) through (10), respectively; and
22	(G) in paragraph (8) (as so redesignated),
23	by striking "paragraph (8)" and inserting
24	"paragraph (7)"; and
25	(2) in section 211(e)—

1	(A) by striking "after consultation with the
2	Council but"; and
3	(B) by striking "subsection 204(b)" and in-
4	serting "section 204(b)".
5	SEC. 452. DEFINITION OF ACCREDITED INVESTOR.
6	(a) In General.—Section 2(a)(15) of the Securities
7	Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77b(a)(15)) is amended—
8	(1) by redesignating clauses (i) and (ii) as sub-
9	paragraphs (A) and (F), respectively; and
10	(2) in subparagraph (A) (as so redesignated), by
11	striking "; or" at the end and inserting a semicolon,
12	and inserting after such subparagraph the following:
13	"(B) any natural person whose individual
14	net worth, or joint net worth with that person's
15	spouse, exceeds \$1,000,000 (which amount, along
16	with the amounts set forth in subparagraph (C),
17	shall be adjusted for inflation by the Commission
18	every 5 years to the nearest \$10,000 to reflect the
19	change in the Consumer Price Index for All
20	Urban Consumers published by the Bureau of
21	Labor Statistics) where, for purposes of calcu-
22	lating net worth under this subparagraph—
23	"(i) the person's primary residence
24	shall not be included as an asset:

1	"(ii) indebtedness that is secured by
2	the person's primary residence, up to the es-
3	timated fair market value of the primary
4	residence at the time of the sale of securities,
5	shall not be included as a liability (except
6	that if the amount of such indebtedness out-
7	standing at the time of sale of securities ex-
8	ceeds the amount outstanding 60 days be-
9	fore such time, other than as a result of the
10	acquisition of the primary residence, the
11	amount of such excess shall be included as
12	a liability); and
13	"(iii) indebtedness that is secured by
14	the person's primary residence in excess of
15	the estimated fair market value of the pri-
16	mary residence at the time of the sale of se-
17	curities shall be included as a liability;
18	"(C) any natural person who had an indi-
19	vidual income in excess of \$200,000 in each of
20	the 2 most recent years or joint income with that
21	person's spouse in excess of \$300,000 in each of
22	those years and has a reasonable expectation of
23	reaching the same income level in the current
24	year;

"(D) any natural person who is currently licensed or registered as a broker or investment adviser by the Commission, the Financial Indus-try Regulatory Authority, or an equivalent self-regulatory organization (as defined in section 3(a)(26) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934), or the securities division of a State or the equiv-alent State division responsible for licensing or registration of individuals in connection with se-curities activities:

"(E) any natural person the Commission determines, by regulation, to have demonstrable education or job experience to qualify such person as having professional knowledge of a subject related to a particular investment, and whose education or job experience is verified by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority or an equivalent self-regulatory organization (as defined in section 3(a)(26) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934); or".

(b) REPEAL.—

(1) In GENERAL.—Section 413 of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (Public Law 111–203) is hereby repealed.

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of con-1 2 tents in section 1(b) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street 3 Reform and Consumer Protection Act is amended by 4 striking the items relating to section 413. SEC. 453. REPEAL OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS REQUIRING A 6 STUDY AND REPORT TO CONGRESS. 7 (a) Repeal.—The following provisions of the Dodd-8 Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act are repealed: 10 (1) Section 412. 11 (2) Section 415. 12 (3) Section 416. 13 (4) Section 417. 14 (b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of contents in section 1(b) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act is amended by striking the items relating to sections 412, 415, 416, and 417. SEC. 454. TECHNICAL CORRECTION. 19 Section 224 of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15 20 U.S.C. 80b–18c) is amended by striking "COMMODITIES" 21 and inserting "COMMODITY". SEC. 455. REPEAL. 23 (a) Repeal.—The following sections of title XV of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection 25 Act are repealed, and the provisions of law amended or re-

1	pealed by such sections are restored or revived as if such
2	sections had not been enacted:
3	(1) Section 1502.
4	(2) Section 1503.
5	(3) Section 1504.
6	(4) Section 1505.
7	(5) Section 1506.
8	(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of contents in
9	section 1(b) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and
10	Consumer Protection Act is amended by striking the items
11	relating to sections 1502, 1503, 1504, 1505, and 1506.
12	Subtitle C—Commodity Futures
13	Trading Commission Reforms
14	SEC. 461. DIVISION DIRECTORS.
15	Section $2(a)(6)(C)$ of the Commodity Exchange Act (7
16	$U.S.C.\ 2(a)(6)(C))$ is amended by inserting ", and the heads
17	of the units shall serve at the pleasure of the Commission"
18	before the period.
19	SEC. 462. PROCEDURES GOVERNING ACTIONS TAKEN BY
20	COMMISSION STAFF.
21	Section 2(a)(12) of the Commodity Exchange Act (7
22	U.S.C. 2(a)(12)) is amended—
23	(1) by striking "(12) The" and inserting the fol-
24	lowing:
25	"(12) Rules and regulations.—

1	"(A) In General.—Subject to the other
2	provisions of this paragraph, the"; and
3	(2) by adding after and below the end the fol-
4	lowing new subparagraph:
5	"(B) Notice to commissioners.—The
6	Commission shall develop and publish internal
7	procedures governing the issuance by any divi-
8	sion or office of the Commission of any response
9	to a formal, written request or petition from any
10	member of the public for an exemptive, a no-ac-
11	tion, or an interpretive letter and such proce-
12	dures shall provide that the commissioners be
13	provided with the final version of the matter to
14	be issued with sufficient notice to review the
15	matter prior to its issuance.".
16	SEC. 463. STRATEGIC TECHNOLOGY PLAN.
17	Section 2(a) of the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C.
18	2(a)), is amended by adding at the end the following:
19	"(16) Strategic technology plan.—
20	"(A) In GENERAL.—Every 5 years, the
21	Commission shall develop and submit to the
22	Committee on Agriculture of the House of Rep-
23	resentatives and the Committee on Agriculture,
24	Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate a detailed

1	plan focused on the acquisition and use of tech-
2	nology by the Commission.
3	"(B) Contents.—The plan shall—
4	"(i) include for each related division or
5	office a detailed technology strategy focused
6	on market surveillance and risk detection,
7	market data collection, aggregation, inter-
8	pretation, standardization, harmonization,
9	normalization, validation, streamlining or
10	other data analytic processes, and internal
11	management and protection of data col-
12	lected by the Commission, including a de-
13	tailed accounting of how the funds provided
14	for technology will be used and the prior-
15	ities that will apply in the use of the funds;
16	"(ii) set forth annual goals to be ac-
17	complished and annual budgets needed to
18	accomplish the goals; and
19	"(iii) include a summary of any plan
20	of action and milestones to address any
21	known information security vulnerability,
22	as identified pursuant to a widely accepted
23	industry or Government standard, includ-
24	ing—

1	"(I) specific information about
2	the industry or Government standard
3	used to identify the known information
4	$security\ vulnerability;$
5	"(II) a detailed time line with
6	specific deadlines for addressing the
7	known information security vulner-
8	ability; and
9	"(III) an update of any such time
10	line and the rationale for any devi-
11	ation from the time line.".
12	SEC. 464. INTERNAL RISK CONTROLS.
13	(a) In General.—Section 2(a)(12) of the Commodity
14	Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 2(a)(12)), as amended by section
15	462, is further amended by adding at the end the following:
16	"(C) Internal risk controls.—The Com-
17	mission, in consultation with the Chief Econo-
18	mist, shall develop comprehensive internal risk
19	control mechanisms to safeguard and govern the
20	storage of all market data by the Commission,
21	all market data sharing agreements of the Com-
22	mission, and all academic research performed at
23	the Commission using market data.".
24	(b) Definition of Chief Economist.—Section 1a of
25	the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1a) is amended—

1	(1) by redesignating paragraphs (8) through (51)
2	as paragraphs (9) through (52); and
3	(2) by inserting after paragraph (7) the fol-
4	lowing:
5	"(8) Chief Economist.—The term 'Chief Econ-
6	omist' means the Chief Economist of the Commission,
7	or an employee of the Commission with comparable
8	authority, as determined by the Commission.".
9	SEC. 465. SUBPOENA DURATION AND RENEWAL.
10	Section $6(c)(5)$ of the Commodity Exchange Act (7)
11	U.S.C. 9(5)) is amended—
12	(1) by striking "For the purpose of securing"
13	and inserting the following:
14	"(A) In general.—For the purpose of se-
15	curing"; and
16	(2) by adding after and below the end the fol-
17	lowing:
18	"(B) Omnibus orders of investiga-
19	TION.—
20	"(i) Duration and Renewal.—An
21	omnibus order of investigation shall not be
22	for an indefinite duration and may be re-
23	newed only by Commission action.
24	"(ii) Definition.—In clause (i), the
25	term 'omnibus order of investigation' means

1	an order of the Commission authorizing 1 of
2	more members of the Commission or its staff
3	to issue subpoenas under subparagraph (A)
4	to multiple persons in relation to a par-
5	ticular subject matter area.".
6	SEC. 466. APPLICABILITY OF NOTICE AND COMMENT RE-
7	QUIREMENTS OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE PRO-
8	CEDURE ACT TO GUIDANCE VOTED ON BY
9	THE COMMISSION.
10	Section 2(a)(12) of the Commodity Exchange Act (7
11	U.S.C. 2(a)(12)), as amended by section 464, is further
12	amended by adding at the end the following:
13	"(D) Applicability of notice and com-
14	MENT RULES TO GUIDANCE VOTED ON BY THE
15	COMMISSION.—The notice and comment require-
16	ments of section 553 of title 5, United States
17	Code, shall also apply with respect to any Com-
18	mission statement or guidance, including inter-
19	pretive rules, general statements of policy, or
20	rules of Commission organization, procedure, or
21	practice, that has the effect of implementing, in-
22	terpreting or prescribing law or policy and that
23	is voted on by the Commission.".

1 SEC. 467. JUDICIAL REVIEW OF COMMISSION RULES.

- 2 The Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1 et seq.) is
- 3 amended by adding at the end the following:
- 4 "SEC. 24. JUDICIAL REVIEW OF COMMISSION RULES.
- 5 "(a) A person adversely affected by a rule of the Com-
- 6 mission promulgated under this Act may obtain review of
- 7 the rule in the United States Court of Appeals for the Dis-
- 8 trict of Columbia Circuit or the United States Court of Ap-
- 9 peals for the circuit where the party resides or has the prin-
- 10 cipal place of business, by filing in the court, within 60
- 11 days after publication in the Federal Register of the entry
- 12 of the rule, a written petition requesting that the rule be
- 13 set aside.
- 14 "(b) A copy of the petition shall be transmitted forth-
- 15 with by the clerk of the court to an officer designated by
- 16 the Commission for that purpose. Thereupon the Commis-
- 17 sion shall file in the court the record on which the rule com-
- 18 plained of is entered, as provided in section 2112 of title
- 19 28, United States Code, and the Federal Rules of Appellate
- 20 Procedure.
- 21 "(c) On the filing of the petition, the court has juris-
- 22 diction, which becomes exclusive on the filing of the record,
- 23 to affirm and enforce or to set aside the rule in whole or
- 24 in part.
- 25 "(d) The court shall affirm and enforce the rule unless
- 26 the Commission's action in promulgating the rule is found

1	to be arbitrary, capricious, an abuse of discretion, or other-
2	wise not in accordance with law; contrary to constitutional
3	right, power, privilege, or immunity; in excess of statutory
4	jurisdiction, authority, or limitations, or short of statutory
5	right; or without observance of procedure required by law.".
6	SEC. 468. CROSS-BORDER REGULATION OF DERIVATIVES
7	TRANSACTIONS.
8	(a) RULEMAKING REQUIRED.—Within 1 year after the
9	date of the enactment of this subtitle, the Commodity Fu-
10	tures Trading Commission shall issue a rule that address-
11	es—
12	(1) the nature of the connections to the United
13	States that require a non-United States person to reg-
14	ister as a swap dealer or a major swap participant
15	under the Commodity Exchange Act and the regula-
16	tions issued under such Act;
17	(2) which of the United States swaps require-
18	ments apply to the swap activities of non-United
19	States persons and United States persons and their
20	branches, agencies, subsidiaries, and affiliates outside
21	of the United States, and the extent to which the re-
22	quirements apply; and
23	(3) the circumstances under which a United
24	States person or non-United States person in compli-
25	ance with the swaps regulatory requirements of a for-

1	eign jurisdiction shall be exempt from United States
2	swaps requirements.
3	(b) Content of the Rule.—
4	(1) Criteria.—In the rule, the Commission
5	shall establish criteria for determining that 1 or more
6	categories of the swaps regulatory requirements of a
7	foreign jurisdiction are comparable to and as com-
8	prehensive as United States swaps requirements. The
9	criteria shall include—
10	(A) the scope and objectives of the swaps
11	regulatory requirements of the foreign jurisdic-
12	tion;
13	(B) the effectiveness of the supervisory com-
14	$pliance\ program\ administered;$
15	(C) the enforcement authority exercised by
16	the foreign jurisdiction; and
17	(D) such other factors as the Commission,
18	by rule, determines to be necessary or appro-
19	priate in the public interest.
20	(2) Comparability.—In the rule, the Commis-
21	sion shall—
22	(A) provide that any non-United States
23	person or any transaction between 2 non-United
24	States persons shall be exempt from United
25	States swaps requirements if the person or trans-

- action is in compliance with the swaps regulatory requirements of a foreign jurisdiction which the Commission has determined to be comparable to and as comprehensive as United States swaps requirements; and
 - (B) set forth the circumstances in which a United States person or a transaction between a United States person and a non-United States person shall be exempt from United States swaps requirements if the person or transaction is in compliance with the swaps regulatory requirements of a foreign jurisdiction which the Commission has determined to be comparable to and as comprehensive as United States swaps requirements.
- (3) Outcomes-based comparison.—In developing and applying the criteria, the Commission shall emphasize the results and outcomes of, rather than the design and construction of, foreign swaps regulatory requirements.
- (4) RISK-BASED RULEMAKING.—In the rule, the Commission shall not take into account, for the purposes of determining the applicability of United States swaps requirements, the location of personnel that arrange, negotiate, or execute swaps.

1	(5) Preservation of Antifraud and
2	Antimanipulation authority.—No part of any
3	rulemaking under this section shall limit the Commis-
4	sion's antifraud or antimanipulation authority.
5	(c) Application of the Rule.—
6	(1) Assessments of foreign jurisdic-
7	TIONS.—Beginning on the date on which a final rule
8	is issued under this section, the Commission shall
9	begin to assess the swaps regulatory requirements of
10	foreign jurisdictions, in the order the Commission de-
11	termines appropriate, in accordance with the criteria
12	established pursuant to subsection (b)(1). Following
13	each assessment, the Commission shall determine, by
14	rule or by order, whether the swaps regulatory re-
15	quirements of the foreign jurisdiction are comparable
16	to and as comprehensive as United States swaps re-
17	quirements.
18	(2) Substituted compliance for unassessed

- (2) Substituted compliance for unassessed major markets.—Beginning 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act—
 - (A) the swaps regulatory requirements of each of the 8 foreign jurisdictions with the largest swaps markets, as calculated by notional value during the 12-month period ending with such date of enactment, except those with respect

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1	to which a determination has been made under
2	paragraph (1), shall be considered to be com-
3	parable to and as comprehensive as United
4	States swaps requirements; and
5	(B) a non-United States person or a trans-
6	action between 2 non-United States persons shall
7	be exempt from United States swaps require-
8	ments if the person or transaction is in compli-
9	ance with the swaps regulatory requirements of
10	any of such unexcepted foreign jurisdictions.
11	(3) Suspension of substituted compli-
12	ANCE.—If the Commission determines, by rule or by
13	order, that—
14	(A) the swaps regulatory requirements of a
15	foreign jurisdiction are not comparable to and as
16	comprehensive as United States swaps require-
17	ments, using the categories and criteria estab-
18	$lished\ under\ subsection\ (b)(1);$
19	(B) the foreign jurisdiction does not exempt
20	from its swaps regulatory requirements United
21	States persons who are in compliance with
22	United States swaps requirements; or
23	(C) the foreign jurisdiction is not providing
24	equivalent recognition of, or substituted compli-
25	ance for, registered entities (as defined in section

1	1a(41) of the Commodity Exchange Act) domi-
2	ciled in the United States,
3	the Commission may suspend, in whole or in part, a
4	determination made under paragraph (1) or a consid-
5	eration granted under paragraph (2).
6	(d) Petition for Review of Foreign Jurisdiction
7	Practices.—A registered entity, commercial market par-
8	ticipant (as defined in section 1a(7) of the Commodity Ex-
9	change Act), or Commission registrant (within the meaning
10	of such Act) who petitions the Commission to make or
11	change a determination under subsection $(c)(1)$ or $(c)(3)$ of
12	this section shall be entitled to expedited consideration of
13	the petition. A petition shall include any evidence or other
14	supporting materials to justify why the petitioner believes
15	the Commission should make or change the determination.
16	Petitions under this section shall be considered by the Com-
17	mission any time following the enactment of this Act. With
18	in 180 days after receipt of a petition for a rulemaking
19	under this section, the Commission shall take final action
20	on the petition. Within 90 days after receipt of a petition
21	to issue an order or change an order issued under this sec-
22	tion, the Commission shall take final action on the petition
23	(e) Report to Congress.—If the Commission makes
24	a determination described in this section through an order,
25	the Commission shall articulate the basis for the determina-

1	tion in a written report published in the Federal Register
2	and transmitted to the Committee on Agriculture of the
3	House of Representatives and Committee on Agriculture,
4	Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate within 15 days of
5	the determination. The determination shall not be effective
6	until 15 days after the committees receive the report.
7	(f) Definitions.—As used in this section and for pur-
8	poses of the rules issued pursuant to this section, the fol-
9	lowing definitions apply:
10	(1) United states person.—The term "United
11	States person"—
12	(A) means—
13	(i) any natural person resident in the
14	United States;
15	(ii) any partnership, corporation,
16	trust, or other legal person organized or in-
17	corporated under the laws of the United
18	States or having its principal place of busi-
19	ness in the United States;
20	(iii) any account (whether discre-
21	tionary or non-discretionary) of a United
22	States person; and
23	(iv) any other person as the Commis-
24	sion may further define to more effectively
25	carry out the purposes of this section: and

- (B) does not include the International Mon-etary Fund, the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the Inter-American Development Bank, the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, the United Nations, their agencies or pension plans, or any other similar international organizations or their agencies or pension plans.
 - (2) United States swaps requirements" means the provisions relating to swaps contained in the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1a et seq.) that were added by title VII of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (15 U.S.C. 8301 et seq.) and any rules or regulations prescribed by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission pursuant to such provisions.
 - (3) Foreign Jurisdiction.—The term "foreign jurisdiction" means any national or supranational political entity with common rules governing swaps transactions.
 - (4) Swaps regulatory requirements" means any provisions of law, and any rules or regulations pursu-

1	ant to the provisions, governing swaps transactions or
2	the counterparties to swaps transactions.
3	(g) Conforming Amendment.—Section 4(c)(1)(A) of
4	the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 6(c)(1)(A)) is
5	amended by inserting "or except as necessary to effectuate
6	the purposes of the Commodity End-User Relief Act," after
7	"to grant exemptions,".
8	Subtitle D—Harmonization of
9	Derivatives Rules
10	SEC. 471. AGENCY REVIEW AND HARMONIZATION OF RULES
11	RELATING TO THE REGULATION OF OVER-
12	THE-COUNTER SWAPS MARKETS.
13	The Securities and Exchange Commission and the
14	Commodity Futures Trading Commission shall review each
15	rule, order, and interpretive guidance issued by either such
16	Commission pursuant to title VII of the Dodd-Frank Wall
17	Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (15 U.S.C.
18	8301 et seq.) and, where the Commissions find inconsist-
19	encies in any such rules, orders, or interpretive guidance,
20	shall jointly issue new rules, orders, or interpretive guid-
21	ance to resolve such inconsistencies.

1	TITLE V—IMPROVING INSUI	?-
2	ANCE COORDINATIO	N
3	THROUGH AN INDEPENDEN	T
4	ADVOCATE	
5	SEC. 501. REPEAL OF THE FEDERAL INSURANCE OFFICE	C E ;
6	CREATION OF THE OFFICE OF THE INI) <i>E-</i>
7	PENDENT INSURANCE ADVOCATE.	
8	(a) Establishment.—Section 313 of title 31, Unit	ted
9	States Code, is amended to read as follows (and conformi	ing
10	the table of contents for chapter 3 of such title accordingly	<i>y)</i> :
11	"§ 313. Office of the Independent Insurance Advoca	ıte
12	"(a) Establishment.—There is established in the I	Эe-
13	partment of the Treasury a bureau to be known as the Off	$\ddot{i}ce$
14	of the Independent Insurance Advocate (in this section	re-
15	ferred to as the 'Office').	
16	"(b) Independent Insurance Advocate.—	
17	"(1) Establishment of position.—The ch	ief
18	officer of the Office of the Independent Insurance A	1 <i>d</i> -
19	vocate shall be known as the Independent Insurar	ice
20	Advocate. The Independent Insurance Advocate sh	all
21	perform the duties of such office under the general	di-
22	rection of the Secretary of the Treasury.	
23	"(2) Appointment.—The Independent Insuran	ice
24	Advocate shall be appointed by the President, by a	nd

1	with the advice and consent of the Senate, from
2	among persons having insurance expertise.
3	"(3) TERM.—
4	"(A) In General.—The Independent Insur-
5	ance Advocate shall serve a term of 6 years, un-
6	less sooner removed by the President upon rea-
7	sons which shall be communicated to the Senate.
8	"(B) Service after expiration.—If a
9	successor is not nominated and confirmed by the
10	end of the term of service of the Independent In-
11	surance Advocate, the person serving as Inde-
12	pendent Insurance Advocate shall continue to
13	serve until such time a successor is appointed
14	and confirmed.
15	"(C) Vacancy.—An Independent Insurance
16	Advocate who is appointed to serve the remain-
17	der of a predecessor's uncompleted term shall be
18	eligible thereafter to be appointed to a full 6 year
19	term.
20	"(D) ACTING OFFICIAL ON FINANCIAL STA-
21	BILITY OVERSIGHT COUNCIL.—In the event of a
22	vacancy in the office of the Independent Insur-
23	ance Advocate, and pending the appointment
24	and confirmation of a successor, or during the

absence or disability of the Independent Insur-

1 ance Advocate, the Independent Member shall ap-2 point a federal official appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate from a mem-3 4 ber agency of the Financial Stability Oversight 5 Council, not otherwise serving on the Council, 6 who shall serve as a member of the Council and 7 act in the place of the Independent Insurance 8 Advocate until such vacancy, absence, or dis-9 ability concludes.

> "(4) EMPLOYMENT.—The Independent Insurance Advocate shall be an employee of the Federal Government within the definition of employee under section 2105 of title 5, United States Code.

"(c) Independence; Oversight.—

- "(1) Independence.—The Secretary of the Treasury may not delay or prevent the issuance of any rule or the promulgation of any regulation by the Independent Insurance Advocate, and may not intervene in any matter or proceeding before the Independent Insurance Advocate, unless otherwise specifically provided by law.
- "(2) Oversight by inspector general.—The
 Office of the Independent Insurance Advocate shall be
 an office in the establishment of the Department of

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1	the Treasury for purposes of the Inspector General
2	Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.).
3	"(d) Retention of Existing State Regulatory
4	Authority.—Nothing in this section or section 314 shall
5	be construed to establish or provide the Office or the Depart-
6	ment of the Treasury with general supervisory or regulatory
7	authority over the business of insurance.
8	"(e) Budget.—
9	"(1) Annual transmittal.—For each fiscal
10	year, the Independent Insurance Advocate shall trans-
11	mit a budget estimate and request to the Secretary of
12	the Treasury, which shall specify the aggregate
13	amount of funds requested for such fiscal year for the
14	operations of the Office of the Independent Insurance
15	Advocate.
16	"(2) Inclusions.—In transmitting the proposed
17	budget to the President for approval, the Secretary of
18	the Treasury shall include—
19	"(A) an aggregate request for the Inde-
20	pendent Insurance Advocate; and
21	"(B) any comments of the Independent In-
22	surance Advocate with respect to the proposal.
23	"(3) President's budget.—The President shall
24	include in each budget of the United States Govern-
25	ment submitted to the Congress—

1	"(A) a separate statement of the budget esti-
2	mate prepared in accordance with paragraph
3	(1);
4	"(B) the amount requested by the President
5	for the Independent Insurance Advocate; and
6	"(C) any comments of the Independent In-
7	surance Advocate with respect to the proposal if
8	the Independent Insurance Advocate concludes
9	that the budget submitted by the President would
10	substantially inhibit the Independent Insurance
11	Advocate from performing the duties of the office.
12	"(f) Assistance.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall
13	provide the Independent Insurance Advocate such services,
14	funds, facilities and other support services as the Inde-
15	pendent Insurance Advocate may request and as the Sec-
16	retary may approve.
17	"(g) Personnel.—
18	"(1) Employees.—The Independent Insurance
19	Advocate may fix the number of, and appoint and di-
20	rect, the employees of the Office, in accordance with
21	the applicable provisions of title 5, United States
22	Code. The Independent Insurance Advocate is author-
23	ized to employ attorneys, analysts, economists, and
24	other employees as may be deemed necessary to assist
25	the Independent Insurance Advocate to carry out the

- duties and functions of the Office. Unless otherwise
 provided expressly by law, any individual appointed
 under this paragraph shall be an employee as defined
 in section 2105 of title 5, United States Code, and
 subject to the provisions of such title and other laws
 generally applicable to the employees of the Executive
 Branch.
 - "(2) Compensation.—Employees of the Office shall be paid in accordance with the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of title 5, United States Code, relating to classification and General Schedule pay rates.
 - "(3) PROCUREMENT OF TEMPORARY AND INTER-MITTENT SERVICES.—The Independent Insurance Advocate may procure temporary and intermittent services under section 3109(b) of title 5, United States Code, at rates for individuals which do not exceed the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay prescribed for Level V of the Executive Schedule under section 5316 of such title.
 - "(4) Details.—Any employee of the Federal Government may be detailed to the Office with or without reimbursement, and such detail shall be without interruption or loss of civil service status or privilege. An employee of the Federal Government de-

- tailed to the Office shall report to and be subject to oversight by the Independent Insurance Advocate during the assignment to the office, and may be compensated by the branch, department, or agency from which the employee was detailed.
 - "(5) Intergovernmental personnel.—The Independent Insurance Advocate may enter into agreements under subchapter VI of chapter 33 of title 5, United States Code, with State and local governments, institutions of higher education, Indian tribal governments, and other eligible organizations for the assignment of intermittent, part-time, and full-time personnel, on a reimbursable or non-reimbursable basis.

"(h) ETHICS.—

- "(1) Designated ethics official of the Council, or in the absence of a Legal Counsel of the Council, the designated ethics official of any Council member agency, as chosen by the Independent Insurance Advocate, shall be the ethics official for the Independent Insurance Advocate.
- "(2) RESTRICTION ON REPRESENTATION.—In addition to any restriction under section 205(c) of title18, United States Code, except as provided in

1	subsections (d) through (i) of section 205 of such title,
2	the Independent Insurance Advocate (except in the
3	proper discharge of official duties) shall not, with or
4	without compensation, represent anyone to or before
5	any officer or employee of—
6	"(A) the Financial Stability Oversight
7	Council on any matter; or
8	"(B) the Department of Justice with respect
9	to litigation involving a matter described in sub-
10	paragraph (A).
11	"(3) Compensation for services provided by
12	ANOTHER.—For purposes of section 203 of title 18,
13	United States Code, and if a special government em-
14	ployee—
15	"(A) the Independent Insurance Advocate
16	shall not be subject to the restrictions of sub-
17	section (a)(1) of section 203,of title 18, United
18	States Code, for sharing in compensation earned
19	by another for representations on matters covered
20	by such section; and
21	"(B) a person shall not be subject to the re-
22	strictions of subsection $(a)(2)$ of such section for
23	sharing such compensation with the Independent
24	Insurance Advocate.

1	"(i) Advisory, Technical, and Professional Com-
2	MITTEES.—The Independent Insurance Advocate may ap-
3	point such special advisory, technical, or professional com-
4	mittees as may be useful in carrying out the functions of
5	the Office and the members of such committees may be staff
6	of the Office, or other persons, or both.
7	"(j) Mission and Functions.—
8	"(1) Mission.—In carrying out the functions
9	under this subsection, the mission of the Office shall
10	be to act as an independent advocate on behalf of the
11	interests of United States policyholders on prudential
12	aspects of insurance matters of importance, and to
13	provide perspective on protecting their interests, sepa-
14	rate and apart from any other Federal agency or
15	State insurance regulator.
16	"(2) Office shall have the author-
17	ity—
18	"(A) to coordinate Federal efforts on pru-
19	dential aspects of international insurance mat-
20	ters, including representing the United States, as
21	appropriate, in the International Association of
22	Insurance Supervisors (or a successor entity)
23	and assisting the Secretary in negotiating cov-
24	ered agreements (as such term is defined in sub-
25	section (q)) in coordination with States (includ-

1	ing State insurance commissioners) and the
2	United States Trade Representative;
3	"(B) to consult with the States (including
4	State insurance regulators) regarding insurance
5	matters of national importance and prudential
6	$in surance\ matters\ of\ international\ importance;$
7	"(C) to assist the Secretary in admin-
8	istering the Terrorism Insurance Program estab-
9	lished in the Department of the Treasury under
10	the Terrorism Risk Insurance Act of 2002 (15
11	$U.S.C.\ 6701\ note);$
12	"(D) to observe all aspects of the insurance
13	industry, including identifying issues or gaps in
14	the regulation of insurers that could contribute
15	to a systemic crisis in the insurance industry or
16	the United States financial system; and
17	"(E) to make determinations and exercise
18	the authority under subsection (m) with respect
19	to covered agreements and State insurance meas-
20	ures.
21	"(3) Membership on financial stability
22	OVERSIGHT COUNCIL.—
23	"(A) In general.—The Independent Insur-
24	ance Advocate shall serve, pursuant to section
25	111(b)(1)(J) of the Financial Stability Act of

1	2010 (12 U.S.C. $5321(b)(1)(J)$), as a member on
2	the Financial Stability Oversight Council.
3	"(B) Authority.—To assist the Financial
4	Stability Oversight Council with its responsibil-
5	ities to monitor international insurance develop-
6	ments, advise the Congress, and make rec-
7	ommendations, the Independent Insurance Advo-
8	cate shall have the authority—
9	"(i) to regularly consult with inter-
10	national insurance supervisors and inter-
11	$national\ financial\ stability\ counterparts;$
12	"(ii) to consult with the Board of Gov-
13	ernors of the Federal Reserve System and
14	the States with respect to representing the
15	United States, as appropriate, in the Inter-
16	national Association of Insurance Super-
17	visors (including to become a non-voting
18	member thereof), particularly on matters of
19	systemic risk;
20	"(iii) to participate at the Financial
21	Stability Board of The Group of Twenty
22	and to join with other members from the
23	United States including on matters related
24	to insurance: and

1	"(iv) to participate with the United
2	States delegation to the Organization for
3	Economic Cooperation and Development
4	and observe and participate at the Insur-
5	ance and Private Pensions Committee.
6	"(4) Limitations on participation in super-
7	VISORY COLLEGES.—The Office may not engage in
8	any activities that it is not specifically authorized to
9	engage in under this section or any other provision
10	of law, including participation in any supervisory
11	college or other meetings or fora for cooperation and
12	communication between the involved insurance super-
13	visors established for the fundamental purpose of fa-
14	cilitating the effectiveness of supervision of entities
15	which belong to an insurance group.
16	"(k) Scope.—The authority of the Office as specified
17	and limited in this section shall extend to all lines of insur-
18	ance except—
19	"(1) health insurance, as determined by the Sec-
20	retary in coordination with the Secretary of Health
21	and Human Services based on section 2791 of the
22	Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300gg-91);
23	"(2) long-term care insurance, except long-term
24	care insurance that is included with life or annuity
25	insurance components, as determined by the Secretary

1	in coordination with the Secretary of Health and
2	Human Services, and in the case of long-term care
3	insurance that is included with such components, the
4	Secretary shall coordinate with the Secretary of
5	Health and Human Services in performing the func-
6	tions of the Office; and
7	"(3) crop insurance, as established by the Fed-
8	eral Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.).
9	"(l) Access to Information.—In carrying out the
10	functions required under subsection (j), the Office may co-
11	ordinate with any relevant Federal agency and any State
12	insurance regulator (or other relevant Federal or State reg-
13	ulatory agency, if any, in the case of an affiliate of an in-
14	surer) and any publicly available sources for the provision
15	to the Office of publicly available information. Notwith-
16	standing any other provision of law, each such relevant
17	Federal agency and State insurance regulator or other Fed-
18	eral or State regulatory agency is authorized to provide to
19	the Office such data or information.
20	"(m) Preemption Pursuant to Covered Agree-
21	MENTS.—
22	"(1) Standards.—A State insurance measure
23	shall be preempted pursuant to this section or section
24	314 if, and only to the extent that the Independent

1	Insurance Advocate determines, in accordance with
2	this subsection, that the measure—
3	"(A) results in less favorable treatment of a
4	non-United States insurer domiciled in a foreign
5	jurisdiction that is subject to a covered agree-
6	ment than a United States insurer domiciled, li-
7	censed, or otherwise admitted in that State; and
8	"(B) is inconsistent with a covered agree-
9	ment.
10	"(2) Determination.—
11	"(A) Notice of Potential inconsist-
12	ENCY.—Before making any determination under
13	paragraph (1), the Independent Insurance Advo-
14	cate shall—
15	"(i) notify and consult with the appro-
16	priate State regarding any potential incon-
17	sistency or preemption;
18	"(ii) notify and consult with the
19	United States Trade Representative regard-
20	ing any potential inconsistency or preemp-
21	tion;
22	"(iii) cause to be published in the Fed-
23	eral Register notice of the issue regarding
24	the potential inconsistency or preemption,
25	including a description of each State insur-

1	ance measure at issue and any applicable
2	$covered\ agreement;$
3	"(iv) provide interested parties a rea-
4	sonable opportunity to submit written com-
5	ments to the Office; and
6	"(v) consider any comments received.
7	"(B) Scope of review.—For purposes of
8	this subsection, any determination of the Inde-
9	pendent Insurance Advocate regarding State in-
10	surance measures, and any preemption under
11	paragraph (1) as a result of such determination,
12	shall be limited to the subject matter contained
13	within the covered agreement involved and shall
14	achieve a level of protection for insurance or re-
15	insurance consumers that is substantially equiv-
16	alent to the level of protection achieved under
17	State insurance or reinsurance regulation.
18	"(C) Notice of Determination of incon-
19	SISTENCY.—Upon making any determination
20	under paragraph (1), the Director shall—
21	"(i) notify the appropriate State of the
22	determination and the extent of the incon-
23	sistency;
24	"(ii) establish a reasonable period of
25	time, which shall not be less than 30 days,

1	before the determination shall become effec-
2	$tive;\ and$
3	"(iii) notify the Committees on Finan-
4	cial Services and Ways and Means of the
5	House of Representatives and the Commit-
6	tees on Banking, Housing, and Urban Af-
7	fairs and Finance of the Senate.
8	"(3) Notice of Effectiveness.—Upon the
9	conclusion of the period referred to in paragraph
10	(2)(C)(ii), if the basis for such determination still ex-
11	ists, the determination shall become effective and the
12	Independent Insurance Advocate shall—
13	"(A) cause to be published a notice in the
14	Federal Register that the preemption has become
15	effective, as well as the effective date; and
16	"(B) notify the appropriate State.
17	"(4) Limitation.—No State may enforce a State
18	insurance measure to the extent that such measure
19	has been preempted under this subsection.
20	"(5) Applicability of administrative proce-
21	DURES ACT.—Determinations of inconsistency made
22	pursuant to paragraph (2) shall be subject to the ap-
23	plicable provisions of subchapter II of chapter 5 of
24	title 5, United States Code (relating to administrative
25	procedure), and chapter 7 of such title (relating to ju-

1	dicial review), except that in any action for judicial
2	review of a determination of inconsistency, the court
3	shall determine the matter de novo.
4	"(n) Consultation.—The Independent Insurance Ad-
5	vocate shall consult with State insurance regulators, indi-
6	vidually or collectively, to the extent the Independent Insur-
7	ance Advocate determines appropriate, in carrying out the
8	functions of the Office.
9	"(o) Notices and Requests for Comment.—In ad-
10	dition to the other functions and duties specified in this
11	section, the Independent Insurance Advocate may prescribe
12	such notices and requests for comment in the Federal Reg-
13	ister as are deemed necessary related to and governing the
14	manner in which the duties and authorities of the Inde-
15	pendent Insurance Advocate are carried out;
16	"(p) Savings Provisions.—Nothing in this section
17	shall—
18	"(1) preempt—
19	"(A) any State insurance measure that gov-
20	erns any insurer's rates, premiums, under-
21	writing, or sales practices;
22	"(B) any State coverage requirements for
23	insurance;
24	"(C) the application of the antitrust laws of
25	any State to the business of insurance; or

1	"(D) any State insurance measure gov-
2	erning the capital or solvency of an insurer, ex-
3	cept to the extent that such State insurance
4	measure results in less favorable treatment of a
5	non-United State insurer than a United States
6	insurer; or
7	"(2) affect the preemption of any State insur-
8	ance measure otherwise inconsistent with and pre-
9	empted by Federal law.
10	"(q) Retention of Authority of Federal Finan-
11	CIAL REGULATORY AGENCIES.—Nothing in this section or
12	section 314 shall be construed to limit the authority of any
13	Federal financial regulatory agency, including the author-
14	ity to develop and coordinate policy, negotiate, and enter
15	into agreements with foreign governments, authorities, reg-
16	ulators, and multinational regulatory committees and to
17	preempt State measures to affect uniformity with inter-
18	national regulatory agreements.
19	"(r) Retention of Authority of United States
20	Trade Representative.—Nothing in this section or sec-
21	tion 314 shall be construed to affect the authority of the
22	Office of the United States Trade Representative pursuant
23	to section 141 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2171)
24	or any other provision of law, including authority over the
25	development and coordination of United States inter-

1	national trade policy and the administration of the United
2	States trade agreements program.
3	"(s) Congressional Testimony.—The Independent
4	Insurance Advocate shall appear before the Committee on
5	Financial Services of the House of Representatives and the
6	Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs at
7	semi-annual hearings and shall provide testimony, which
8	shall include submitting written testimony in advance of
9	such appearances to such committees and to the Committee
10	on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and
11	the Committee on Finance of the Senate, on the following
12	matters:
13	"(1) Office activities.—The efforts, activities,
14	objectives, and plans of the Office.
15	"(2) Section 313(L) Actions.—Any actions
16	taken by the Office pursuant to subsection (1) (regard-
17	ing preemption pursuant to covered agreements).
18	"(3) Insurance industry.—The state of, and
19	developments in, the insurance industry.
20	"(4) U.S. AND GLOBAL INSURANCE AND REIN-
21	SURANCE MARKETS.—The breadth and scope of the
22	global insurance and reinsurance markets and the
23	critical role such markets plays in supporting insur-
24	ance in the United States and the ongoing impacts of
25	part II of the Nonadmitted and Reinsurance Reform

1	Act of 2010 on the ability of State regulators to access
2	reinsurance information for regulated companies in
3	$their\ jurisdictions.$
4	"(5) Other.—Any other matters as deemed rel-
5	evant by the Independent Insurance Advocate or re-
6	quested by such Committees.
7	"(t) Report Upon End of Term of Office.—Not
8	later than two months prior to the expiration of the term
9	of office, or discontinuation of service, of each individual
10	serving as the Independent Insurance Advocate, the Inde-
11	pendent Insurance Advocate shall submit a report to the
12	Committees on Financial Services and Ways and Means
13	of the House of Representatives and the Committees on
14	Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs and Finance of the
15	Senate setting forth recommendations regarding the Finan-
16	cial Stability Oversight Council and the role, duties, and
17	$functions\ of\ the\ Independent\ Insurance\ Advocate.$
18	"(u) Definitions.—In this section and section 314,
19	the following definitions shall apply:
20	"(1) Affiliate.—The term 'affiliate' means,
21	with respect to an insurer, any person who controls,
22	is controlled by, or is under common control with the
23	in surer.
24	"(2) Covered agreement.—The term 'covered
25	agreement' means a written bilateral or multilateral

1	agreement regarding prudential measures with respect
2	to the business of insurance or reinsurance that—
3	"(A) is entered into between the United
4	States and one or more foreign governments, au-
5	thorities, or regulatory entities; and
6	"(B) relates to the recognition of prudential
7	measures with respect to the business of insur-
8	ance or reinsurance that achieves a level of pro-
9	tection for insurance or reinsurance consumers
10	that is substantially equivalent to the level of
11	protection achieved under State insurance or re-
12	insurance regulation.
13	"(3) Insurer.—The term 'insurer' means any
14	person engaged in the business of insurance, includ-
15	ing reinsurance.
16	"(4) FEDERAL FINANCIAL REGULATORY AGEN-
17	CY.—The term 'Federal financial regulatory agency'
18	means the Department of the Treasury, the Board of
19	Governors of the Federal Reserve System, the Office of
20	the Comptroller of the Currency, the Office of Thrift
21	Supervision, the Securities and Exchange Commis-
22	sion, the Commodity Futures Trading Commission,
23	the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Fed-
24	eral Housing Finance Agency, or the National Credit
25	Union Administration.

1	"(5) Financial stability oversight coun-
2	CIL.—The term 'Financial Stability Oversight Coun-
3	cil' means the Financial Stability Oversight Council
4	established under section 111(a) of the Dodd-Frank
5	Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (12
6	$U.S.C. \ 5321(a)).$
7	"(6) Member agency.—The term 'member
8	agency' has the meaning given such term in section
9	111(a) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and
10	Consumer Protection Act (12 U.S.C. 5321(a)).
11	"(7) Non-united states insurer.—The term
12	'non-United States insurer' means an insurer that is
13	organized under the laws of a jurisdiction other than
14	a State, but does not include any United States
15	branch of such an insurer.
16	"(8) Office.—The term 'Office' means the Office
17	of the Independent Insurance Advocate established by
18	this section.
19	"(9) State insurance measure.—The term
20	'State insurance measure' means any State law, regu-
21	lation, administrative ruling, bulletin, guideline, or
22	practice relating to or affecting prudential measures
23	applicable to insurance or reinsurance.
24	"(10) State insurance regulator.—The term
25	'State insurance regulator' means any State regu-

1	latory authority responsible for the supervision of in-
2	surers.
3	"(11) Substantially equivalent to the
4	LEVEL OF PROTECTION ACHIEVED.—The term 'sub-
5	stantially equivalent to the level of protection
6	achieved' means the prudential measures of a foreign
7	government, authority, or regulatory entity achieve a
8	similar outcome in consumer protection as the out-
9	come achieved under State insurance or reinsurance
10	regulation.
11	"(12) United states insurer.—The term
12	'United States insurer' means—
13	"(A) an insurer that is organized under the
14	laws of a State; or
15	"(B) a United States branch of a non-
16	United States insurer.".
17	(b) Pay at Level III of Executive Schedule.—
18	Section 5314 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by
19	adding at the end the following new item:
20	"Independent Insurance Advocate, Department
21	of the Treasury.".
22	(c) Voting Member of FSOC.—Paragraph (1) of sec-
23	tion 111(b) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Con-
24	sumer Protection Act (19 USC 5391(h)(1)) is amended

by striking subparagraph (I) and inserting the following 2 new subparagraph: 3 "(J) the Independent Insurance Advocate 4 appointed pursuant to section 313 of title 31, 5 United States Code.". 6 (d) Independence.—Section 111 of Public Law 93-7 495 (12 U.S.C. 250) is amended— 8 (1) by inserting "the Independent Insurance Ad-9 vocate of the Department of the Treasury," after "Federal Housing Finance Agency,"; and 10 11 (2) by inserting "or official" before "submitting 12 them". 13 (e) Transfer of Employees of the Department of Treasury who are performing staff functions 14 for the independent member of the Financial Stability Oversight Council under section 111(b)(2)(J) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act $(12\ U.S.C.\ 5321(b)(2)(J))$ on a full-time equivalent basis 18 19 as of the date of enactment of this Act shall be eligible for transfer to the Office of the Independent Insurance Advocate 21 established pursuant to the amendment made by subsection (a) of this section for appointment as an employee and shall be transferred at the joint discretion of the Independent Insurance Advocate and the eligible employee. Any employee eligible for transfer that is not appointed within 360 days

- 1 from the date of enactment of this Act shall be eligible for
- 2 detail under section 313(f)(4) of title 31, United States
- 3 Code.
- 4 (f) Temporary Service; Transition.—Notwith-
- 5 standing the amendment made by subsection (a) of this sec-
- 6 tion, during the period beginning on the date of the enact-
- 7 ment of this Act and ending on the date on which the Inde-
- 8 pendent Insurance Advocate is appointed and confirmed
- 9 pursuant to section 313(b)(2) of title 31, United States
- 10 Code, as amended by such amendment, the person serving,
- 11 on such date of enactment, as the independent member of
- 12 the Financial Stability Oversight Council pursuant to sec-
- 13 tion 111(b)(1)(J) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform
- 14 and Consumer Protection Act (12 U.S.C. 5321(b)(1)(J))
- 15 shall act for all purposes as, and with the full powers of,
- 16 the Independent Insurance Advocate.
- 17 (g) Comparability in Compensation Schedules.—
- 18 Subsection (a) of section 1206 of the Financial Institutions
- 19 Reform, Recovery, and Enforcement Act of 1989 (12 U.S.C.
- 20 1833b(a)) is amended by inserting "and the Office of the
- 21 Independent Insurance Advocate of the Department of the
- 22 Treasury," after "Farm Credit Administration,".
- 23 (h) Senior Executives.—Subparagraph (D) of sec-
- 24 tion 3132(a)(1) of title 5, United States Code, is amended
- 25 by inserting "the Office of the Independent Insurance Advo-

1	cate of the Department of the Treasury," after "Finance
2	Agency,".
3	SEC. 502. TREATMENT OF COVERED AGREEMENTS.
4	Subsection (c) of section 314 of title 31, United States
5	Code is amended—
6	(1) by designating paragraphs (1) and (2) as
7	paragraphs (2) and (3), respectively; and
8	(2) by inserting before paragraph (2), as so re-
9	designated, the following new paragraph:
10	"(1) the Secretary of the Treasury and the
11	United States Trade Representative have caused to be
12	published in the Federal Register, and made available
13	for public comment for a period of not fewer than 30
14	days and not greater than 90 days (which period
15	may run concurrently with the 90-day period for the
16	covered agreement referred to in paragraph (3)), the
17	proposed text of the covered agreement;".
18	TITLE VI—DEMANDING AC-
19	COUNTABILITY FROM FINAN-
20	CIAL REGULATORS AND DE-
21	VOLVING POWER AWAY FROM
22	WASHINGTON
23	Subtitle A—Cost-Benefit Analyses
24	SEC. 611. DEFINITIONS.
25	As used in this subtitle—

1	(1) the term "agency" means the Board of Gov-
2	ernors of the Federal Reserve System, the Consumer
3	Financial Opportunity Commission, the Commodity
4	Futures Trading Commission, the Federal Deposit In-
5	surance Corporation, the Federal Housing Finance
6	Agency, the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency,
7	the National Credit Union Administration, and the
8	Securities and Exchange Commission;
9	(2) the term "chief economist" means—
10	(A) with respect to the Board of Governors
11	of the Federal Reserve System, the Director of the
12	Division of Research and Statistics, or an em-
13	ployee of the agency with comparable authority;
14	(B) with respect to the Consumer Financial
15	Opportunity Commission, the Head of the Office
16	of Economic Analysis, or an employee of the
17	agency with comparable authority;
18	(C) with respect to the Commodity Futures
19	Trading Commission, the Chief Economist, or an
20	employee of the agency with comparable author-
21	ity;
22	(D) with respect to the Federal Deposit In-
23	surance Corporation, the Director of the Division
24	of Insurance and Research, or an employee of the
25	agency with comparable authority;

1	(E) with respect to the Federal Housing Fi-
2	nance Agency, the Chief Economist, or an em-
3	ployee of the agency with comparable authority;
4	(F) with respect to the Office of the Comp-
5	troller of the Currency, the Director for Policy
6	Analysis, or an employee of the agency with
7	$comparable\ authority;$
8	(G) with respect to the National Credit
9	Union Administration, the Chief Economist, or
10	an employee of the agency with comparable au-
11	thority; and
12	(H) with respect to the Securities and Ex-
13	change Commission, the Director of the Division
14	of Economic and Risk Analysis, or an employee
15	of the agency with comparable authority;
16	(3) the term "Council" means the Chief Econo-
17	mists Council established under section 618; and
18	(4) the term "regulation"—
19	(A) means an agency statement of general
20	applicability and future effect that is designed to
21	implement, interpret, or prescribe law or policy
22	or to describe the procedure or practice require-
23	ments of an agency, including rules, orders of
24	general applicability, interpretive releases, and
25	other statements of general applicability that the

1	agency intends to have the force and effect of
2	law; and
3	(B) does not include—
4	(i) a regulation issued in accordance
5	with the formal rulemaking provisions of
6	section 556 or 557 of title 5, United States
7	Code;
8	(ii) a regulation that is limited to
9	agency organization, management, or per-
10	sonnel matters;
11	(iii) a regulation promulgated pursu-
12	ant to statutory authority that expressly
13	prohibits compliance with this provision;
14	(iv) a regulation that is certified by
15	the agency to be an emergency action, if
16	such certification is published in the Fed-
17	eral Register;
18	(v) a regulation that is promulgated by
19	the Board of Governors of the Federal Re-
20	serve System or the Federal Open Market
21	Committee under section 10A, 10B, 13,
22	13A, or 19 of the Federal Reserve Act, or
23	any of subsections (a) through (f) of section
24	14 of that Act; or

1	(vi) a regulation filed with the Com-
2	mission by a self-regulatory organization—
3	(I) that meets the criteria for im-
4	mediate effectiveness under section
5	240.19b-4(f) of title 17, Code of Federal
6	$Regulations;\ or$
7	(II) for which the self-regulatory
8	organization has itself conducted the
9	cost-benefit analysis and otherwise
10	complied with the requirements of sec-
11	tion 612.
12	SEC. 612. REQUIRED REGULATORY ANALYSIS.
13	(a) Requirements for Notices of Proposed
14	Rulemaking.—An agency may not issue a notice of pro-
15	posed rulemaking unless the agency includes in the notice
16	of proposed rulemaking an analysis that contains, at a
17	minimum, with respect to each regulation that is being pro-
18	posed—
19	(1) an identification of the need for the regula-
20	tion and the regulatory objective, including identifica-
21	tion of the nature and significance of the market fail-
22	ure, regulatory failure, or other problem that neces-
23	sitates the regulation;

1	(2) an explanation of why the private market or
2	State, local, or tribal authorities cannot adequately
3	address the identified market failure or other problem;
4	(3) an analysis of the adverse impacts to regu-
5	lated entities, other market participants, economic ac-
6	tivity, or agency effectiveness that are engendered by
7	the regulation and the magnitude of such adverse im-
8	pacts;
9	(4) a quantitative and qualitative assessment of
10	all anticipated direct and indirect costs and benefits
11	of the regulation (as compared to a benchmark that
12	assumes the absence of the regulation), including—
13	(A) compliance costs;
14	(B) effects on economic activity, net job cre-
15	ation (excluding jobs related to ensuring compli-
16	ance with the regulation), efficiency, competi-
17	tion, and capital formation;
18	(C) regulatory administrative costs; and
19	(D) costs imposed by the regulation on
20	State, local, or tribal governments or other regu-
21	latory authorities;
22	(5) if quantified benefits do not outweigh quan-
23	titative costs, a justification for the regulation;
24	(6) an identification and assessment of all avail-
25	able alternatives to the regulation, including modi-

1	fication of an existing regulation or statute, together
2	with—
3	(A) an explanation of why the regulation
4	meets the objectives of the regulation more effec-
5	tively than the alternatives, and if the agency is
6	proposing multiple alternatives, an explanation
7	of why a notice of proposed rulemaking, rather
8	than an advanced notice of proposed rulemaking,
9	is appropriate; and
10	(B) if the regulation is not a pilot program,
11	an explanation of why a pilot program is not
12	appropriate;
13	(7) if the regulation specifies the behavior or
14	manner of compliance, an explanation of why the
15	agency did not instead specify performance objectives;
16	(8) an assessment of how the burden imposed by
17	the regulation will be distributed among market par-
18	ticipants, including whether consumers, investors, or
19	small businesses will be disproportionately burdened;
20	(9) an assessment of the extent to which the regu-
21	lation is inconsistent, incompatible, or duplicative
22	with the existing regulations of the agency or those of
23	other domestic and international regulatory authori-
24	ties with overlapping jurisdiction;

1	(10) a description of any studies, surveys, or
2	other data relied upon in preparing the analysis;
3	(11) an assessment of the degree to which the key
4	assumptions underlying the analysis are subject to
5	uncertainty; and
6	(12) an explanation of predicted changes in
7	market structure and infrastructure and in behavior
8	by market participants, including consumers and in-
9	vestors, assuming that they will pursue their economic
10	interests.
11	(b) Requirements for Notices of Final Rule-
12	MAKING.—
13	(1) In GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other
14	provision of law, an agency may not issue a notice
15	of final rulemaking with respect to a regulation un-
16	less the agency—
17	(A) has issued a notice of proposed rule-
18	making for the relevant regulation;
19	(B) has conducted and includes in the no-
20	tice of final rulemaking an analysis that con-
21	tains, at a minimum, the elements required
22	under subsection (a); and
23	(C) includes in the notice of final rule-
24	makina regulatory impact metrics selected by the

1	chief economist to be used in preparing the re-
2	port required pursuant to section 615.
3	(2) Consideration of comments.—The agency
4	shall incorporate in the elements described in para-
5	graph (1)(B) the data and analyses provided to the
6	agency by commenters during the comment period, or
7	explain why the data or analyses are not being incor-
8	porated.
9	(3) Comment Period.—An agency shall not
10	publish a notice of final rulemaking with respect to
11	a regulation, unless the agency—
12	(A) has allowed at least 90 days from the
13	date of publication in the Federal Register of the
14	notice of proposed rulemaking for the submission
15	of public comments; or
16	(B) includes in the notice of final rule-
17	making an explanation of why the agency was
18	not able to provide a 90-day comment period.
19	(4) Prohibited rules.—
20	(A) In general.—An agency may not pub-
21	lish a notice of final rulemaking if the agency,
22	in its analysis under paragraph (1)(B), deter-
23	mines that the quantified costs are greater than
24	the quantified benefits under subsection $(a)(5)$.

- 1 (B) PUBLICATION OF ANALYSIS.—If the
 2 agency is precluded by subparagraph (A) from
 3 publishing a notice of final rulemaking, the
 4 agency shall publish in the Federal Register and
 5 on the public website of the agency its analysis
 6 under paragraph (1)(B), and provide the anal7 ysis to each House of Congress.
 - (C) Congressional Waiver.—If the agency is precluded by subparagraph (A) from publishing a notice of final rulemaking, Congress, by joint resolution pursuant to the procedures set forth for joint resolutions in section 802 of title 5, United States Code, may direct the agency to publish a notice of final rulemaking notwithstanding the prohibition contained in subparagraph (A). In applying section 802 of title 5, United States Code, for purposes of this paragraph, section 802(e)(2) shall not apply and the terms—
 - (i) "joint resolution" or "joint resolution described in subsection (a)" means only a joint resolution introduced during the period beginning on the submission or publication date and ending 60 days thereafter (excluding days either House of Congress is

1	adjourned for more than 3 days during a
2	session of Congress), the matter after the re-
3	solving clause of which is as follows: "That
4	Congress directs, notwithstanding the prohi-
5	bition contained in section $612(b)(4)(A)$ of
6	the Financial CHOICE Act of 2016, the
7	to publish the notice of final rule-
8	making for the regulation or regulations
9	that were the subject of the analysis sub-
10	mitted by the to Congress on"
11	(The blank spaces being appropriately filled
12	in.); and
13	(ii) "submission or publication date"
14	means—
15	(I) the date on which the analysis
16	under paragraph $(1)(B)$ is submitted
17	to Congress under paragraph $(4)(B)$;
18	or
19	(II) if the analysis is submitted to
20	Congress less than 60 session days or
21	60 legislative days before the date on
22	which the Congress adjourns a session
23	of Congress, the date on which the
24	same or succeeding Congress first con-
25	venes its next session.

1 SEC. 613. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.

- 2 For purposes of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44)
- 3 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.), obtaining, causing to be obtained, or
- 4 soliciting information for purposes of complying with sec-
- 5 tion 612 with respect to a proposed rulemaking shall not
- 6 be construed to be a collection of information, provided that
- 7 the agency has first issued an advanced notice of proposed
- 8 rulemaking in connection with the regulation, identifies
- 9 that advanced notice of proposed rulemaking in its solicita-
- 10 tion of information, and informs the person from whom the
- 11 information is obtained or solicited that the provision of
- 12 information is voluntary.
- 13 SEC. 614. PUBLIC AVAILABILITY OF DATA AND REGULATORY
- 14 ANALYSIS.
- 15 (a) In General.—At or before the commencement of
- 16 the public comment period with respect to a regulation, the
- 17 agency shall make available on its public website sufficient
- 18 information about the data, methodologies, and assump-
- 19 tions underlying the analyses performed pursuant to section
- 20 612 so that the analytical results of the agency are capable
- 21 of being substantially reproduced, subject to an acceptable
- 22 degree of imprecision or error.
- 23 (b) Confidentiality.—The agency shall comply with
- 24 subsection (a) in a manner that preserves the confiden-
- 25 tiality of nonpublic information, including confidential
- 26 trade secrets, confidential commercial or financial informa-

- 1 tion, and confidential information about positions, trans-
- 2 actions, or business practices.

3 SEC. 615. FIVE-YEAR REGULATORY IMPACT ANALYSIS.

- 4 (a) In General.—Not later than 5 years after the
- 5 date of publication in the Federal Register of a notice of
- 6 final rulemaking, the chief economist of the agency shall
- 7 issue a report that examines the economic impact of the
- 8 subject regulation, including the direct and indirect costs
- 9 and benefits of the regulation.
- 10 (b) REGULATORY IMPACT METRICS.—In preparing the
- 11 report required by subsection (a), the chief economist shall
- 12 employ the regulatory impact metrics included in the notice
- 13 of final rulemaking pursuant to section 612(b)(1)(C).
- 14 (c) Reproducibility.—The report shall include the
- 15 data, methodologies, and assumptions underlying the eval-
- 16 uation so that the agency's analytical results are capable
- 17 of being substantially reproduced, subject to an acceptable
- 18 degree of imprecision or error.
- 19 (d) Confidentiality.—The agency shall comply with
- 20 subsection (c) in a manner that preserves the confidentiality
- 21 of nonpublic information, including confidential trade se-
- 22 crets, confidential commercial or financial information,
- 23 and confidential information about positions, transactions,
- 24 or business practices.

- 1 (e) Report.—The agency shall submit the report re-
- 2 quired by subsection (a) to the Committee on Banking,
- 3 Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate and the Com-
- 4 mittee on Financial Services of the House of Representa-
- 5 tives and post it on the public website of the agency. The
- 6 Commodity Futures Trading Commission shall also submit
- 7 its report to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and
- 8 Forestry of the Senate and the Committee on Agriculture
- 9 of the House of Representatives.

10 SEC. 616. RETROSPECTIVE REVIEW OF EXISTING RULES.

- 11 (a) Regulatory Improvement Plan.—Not later
- 12 than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act and
- 13 every 5 years thereafter, each agency shall develop, submit
- 14 to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs
- 15 of the Senate and the Committee on Financial Services of
- 16 the House of Representatives, and post on the public website
- 17 of the agency a plan, consistent with law and its resources
- 18 and regulatory priorities, under which the agency will mod-
- 19 ify, streamline, expand, or repeal existing regulations so as
- 20 to make the regulatory program of the agency more effective
- 21 or less burdensome in achieving the regulatory objectives.
- 22 The Commodity Futures Trading Commission shall also
- 23 submit its plan to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition,
- 24 and Forestry of the Senate and the Committee on Agri-
- 25 culture of the House of Representatives.

- 1 (b) Implementation Progress Report.—Two
- 2 years after the date of submission of each plan required
- 3 under subsection (a), each agency shall develop, submit to
- 4 the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs
- 5 of the Senate and the Committee on Financial Services of
- 6 the House of Representatives, and post on the public website
- 7 of the agency a report of the steps that it has taken to imple-
- 8 ment the plan, steps that remain to be taken to implement
- 9 the plan, and, if any parts of the plan will not be imple-
- 10 mented, reasons for not implementing those parts of the
- 11 plan. The Commodity Futures Trading Commission shall
- 12 also submit its plan to the Committee on Agriculture, Nu-
- 13 trition, and Forestry of the Senate and the Committee on
- 14 Agriculture of the House of Representatives.

15 SEC. 617. JUDICIAL REVIEW.

- 16 (a) In General.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
- 17 sion of law, during the period beginning on the date on
- 18 which a notice of final rulemaking for a regulation is pub-
- 19 lished in the Federal Register and ending 1 year later, a
- 20 person that is adversely affected or aggrieved by the regula-
- 21 tion is entitled to bring an action in the United States
- 22 Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit for
- 23 judicial review of agency compliance with the requirements
- 24 of section 612.

- 1 (b) STAY.—The court may stay the effective date of the
- 2 regulation or any provision thereof.
- 3 (c) Relief.—If the court finds that an agency has not
- 4 complied with the requirements of section 612, the court
- 5 shall vacate the subject regulation, unless the agency shows
- 6 by clear and convincing evidence that vacating the regula-
- 7 tion would result in irreparable harm. Nothing in this sec-
- 8 tion affects other limitations on judicial review or the power
- 9 or duty of the court to dismiss any action or deny relief
- 10 on any other appropriate legal or equitable ground.

11 SEC. 618. CHIEF ECONOMISTS COUNCIL.

- 12 (a) Establishment.—There is established the Chief
- 13 Economists Council.
- 14 (b) Membership.—The Council shall consist of the
- 15 chief economist of each agency. The members of the Council
- 16 shall select the first chairperson of the Council. Thereafter
- 17 the position of Chairperson shall rotate annually among the
- 18 members of the Council.
- 19 (c) Meetings.—The Council shall meet at the call of
- 20 the Chairperson, but not less frequently than quarterly.
- 21 (d) Report.—One year after the effective date of this
- 22 Act and annually thereafter, the Council shall prepare and
- 23 submit to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban
- 24 Affairs and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and
- 25 Forestry of the Senate and the Committee on Financial

1	Services and the Committee on Agriculture of the House
2	of Representatives a report on—
3	(1) the benefits and costs of regulations adopted
4	by the agencies during the past 12 months;
5	(2) the regulatory actions planned by the agen-
6	cies for the upcoming 12 months;
7	(3) the cumulative effect of the existing regula-
8	tions of the agencies on economic activity, innovation,
9	international competitiveness of entities regulated by
10	the agencies, and net job creation (excluding jobs re-
11	lated to ensuring compliance with the regulation);
12	(4) the training and qualifications of the persons
13	who prepared the cost-benefit analyses of each agency
14	during the past 12 months;
15	(5) the sufficiency of the resources available to
16	the chief economists during the past 12 months for the
17	conduct of the activities required by this subtitle; and
18	(6) recommendations for legislative or regulatory
19	action to enhance the efficiency and effectiveness of fi-
20	nancial regulation in the United States.
21	SEC. 619. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.
22	Section 15(a) of the Commodity Exchange Act (7
23	U.S.C. 19(a)) is amended—
24	(1) by striking paragraph (1);

1	(2) in paragraph (2), by striking "(2)" and all
2	that follows through "light of—" and inserting the
3	following:
4	"(1) Considerations.—Before promulgating a
5	regulation under this chapter or issuing an order (ex-
6	cept as provided in paragraph (2)), the Commission
7	shall take into consideration—";
8	(3) in paragraph (1), as so redesignated—
9	(A) in subparagraph (B), by striking "fu-
10	tures" and inserting "the relevant";
11	(B) in subparagraph (C), by adding "and"
12	at the end;
13	(C) in subparagraph (D), by striking ";
14	and" and inserting a period; and
15	(D) by striking subparagraph (E); and
16	(4) by redesignating paragraph (3) as para-
17	graph(2).
18	SEC. 620. OTHER REGULATORY ENTITIES.
19	(a) Securities and Exchange Commission.—Not
20	later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act,
21	the Securities and Exchange Commission shall provide to
22	the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs
23	of the Senate and the Committee on Financial Services of
24	the House of Representatives a report setting forth a plan
25	for subjecting the Public Company Accounting Oversight

- 1 Board, the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board, and
- 2 any national securities association registered under section
- 3 15A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78o-
- 4 4(a)) to the requirements of this subtitle, other than direct
- 5 representation on the Council.
- 6 (b) Commodity Futures Trading Commission.—
- 7 Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this
- 8 Act, the Commodity Futures Trading Commission shall
- 9 provide to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban
- 10 Affairs of the Senate, the Committee on Financial Services
- 11 of the House of Representatives, the Committee on Agri-
- 12 culture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate, and the
- 13 Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives
- 14 a report setting forth a plan for subjecting any futures asso-
- 15 ciation registered under section 17 of the Commodity Ex-
- 16 change Act (7 U.S.C. 21) to the requirements of this subtitle,
- 17 other than direct representation on the Council.
- 18 SEC. 621. AVOIDANCE OF DUPLICATIVE OR UNNECESSARY
- 19 ANALYSES.
- 20 An agency may perform the analyses required by this
- 21 subtitle in conjunction with, or as a part of, any other agen-
- 22 da or analysis required by any other provision of law, if
- 23 such other analysis satisfies the provisions of this subtitle.

1	Subtitle B—Congressional Review
2	of Federal Financial Agency
3	Rulemaking
4	SEC. 631. CONGRESSIONAL REVIEW.
5	(a)(1)(A) Before a rule may take effect, a Federal fi-
6	nancial agency shall publish in the Federal Register a list
7	of information on which the rule is based, including data,
8	scientific and economic studies, and cost-benefit analyses,
9	and identify how the public can access such information
10	online, and shall submit to each House of the Congress and
11	to the Comptroller General a report containing—
12	(i) a copy of the rule;
13	(ii) a concise general statement relating to the
14	rule;
15	(iii) a classification of the rule as a major or
16	nonmajor rule, including an explanation of the classi-
17	fication specifically addressing each criteria for a
18	major rule contained within subparagraphs (A)
19	through (C) of section $634(2)$;
20	(iv) a list of any other related regulatory actions
21	intended to implement the same statutory provision
22	or regulatory objective as well as the individual and
23	aggregate economic effects of those actions; and
24	(v) the proposed effective date of the rule.

1	(B) On the date of the submission of the report under
2	subparagraph (A), the Federal financial agency shall sub-
3	mit to the Comptroller General and make available to each
4	House of Congress—
5	(i) a complete copy of the cost-benefit analysis of
6	the rule, if any, including an analysis of any jobs
7	added or lost, differentiating between public and pri-
8	$vate\ sector\ jobs;$
9	(ii) the Federal financial agency's actions pursu-
10	ant to sections 603, 604, 605, 607, and 609 of title
11	5, United States Code;
12	(iii) the Federal financial agency's actions pur-
13	suant to sections 202, 203, 204, and 205 of the Un-
14	funded Mandates Reform Act of 1995; and
15	(iv) any other relevant information or require-
16	ments under any other Act and any relevant Execu-
17	tive orders.
18	(C) Upon receipt of a report submitted under subpara-
19	graph (A), each House shall provide copies of the report
20	to the chairman and ranking member of each standing com-
21	$mittee\ with\ jurisdiction\ under\ the\ rules\ of\ the\ House\ of\ Rep-$
22	resentatives or the Senate to report a bill to amend the pro-
23	vision of law under which the rule is issued.
24	(2)(A) The Comptroller General shall provide a report
25	on each major rule to the committees of jurisdiction by the

- 1 end of 15 calendar days after the submission or publication
- 2 date. The report of the Comptroller General shall include
- 3 an assessment of the Federal financial agency's compliance
- 4 with procedural steps required by paragraph (1)(B) and
- 5 an assessment of whether the major rule imposes any new
- 6 limits or mandates on private-sector activity.
- 7 (B) Federal financial agencies shall cooperate with the
- 8 Comptroller General by providing information relevant to
- 9 the Comptroller General's report under subparagraph (A).
- 10 (3) A major rule relating to a report submitted under
- 11 paragraph (1) shall take effect upon enactment of a joint
- 12 resolution of approval described in section 632 or as pro-
- 13 vided for in the rule following enactment of a joint resolu-
- 14 tion of approval described in section 632, whichever is later.
- 15 (4) A nonmajor rule shall take effect as provided by
- 16 section 633 after submission to Congress under paragraph
- 17 (1).
- 18 (5) If a joint resolution of approval relating to a major
- 19 rule is not enacted within the period provided in subsection
- 20 (b)(2), then a joint resolution of approval relating to the
- 21 same rule may not be considered under this subtitle in the
- 22 same Congress by either the House of Representatives or the
- 23 Senate.

1	$(b)(1)\ A$ major rule shall not take effect unless the Con-
2	gress enacts a joint resolution of approval described under
3	section 632.
4	(2) If a joint resolution described in subsection (a) is
5	not enacted into law by the end of 70 session days or legisla-
6	tive days, as applicable, beginning on the date on which
7	the report referred to in subsection (a)(1)(A) is received by
8	Congress (excluding days either House of Congress is ad-
9	journed for more than 3 days during a session of Congress),
10	then the rule described in that resolution shall be deemed
11	not to be approved and such rule shall not take effect.
12	(c)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this sec-
13	tion (except subject to paragraph (3)), a major rule may
14	take effect for one 90-calendar-day period if the President
15	makes a determination under paragraph (2) and submits
16	written notice of such determination to the Congress.
17	(2) Paragraph (1) applies to a determination made
18	by the President by Executive order that the major rule
19	should take effect because such rule is—
20	(A) necessary because of an imminent threat to
21	health or safety or other emergency;
22	(B) necessary for the enforcement of criminal
23	laws;
24	(C) necessary for national security; or

1	(D) issued pursuant to any statute implementing
2	an international trade agreement.
3	(3) An exercise by the President of the authority under
4	this subsection shall have no effect on the procedures under
5	section 632.
6	(d)(1) In addition to the opportunity for review other-
7	wise provided under this subtitle, in the case of any rule
8	for which a report was submitted in accordance with sub-
9	section (a)(1)(A) during the period beginning on the date
10	occurring—
11	(A) in the case of the Senate, 60 session days; or
12	(B) in the case of the House of Representatives,
13	60 legislative days,
14	before the date the Congress is scheduled to adjourn a session
15	of Congress through the date on which the same or suc-
16	ceeding Congress first convenes its next session, sections 632
17	and 633 shall apply to such rule in the succeeding session
18	of Congress.
19	(2)(A) In applying sections 632 and 633 for purposes
20	of such additional review, a rule described under paragraph
21	(1) shall be treated as though—
22	(i) such rule were published in the Federal Reg-
23	ister on—
24	(I) in the case of the Senate, the 15th ses-
25	sion day; or

1	(II) in the case of the House of Representa-
2	tives, the 15th legislative day,
3	after the succeeding session of Congress first convenes;
4	and
5	(ii) a report on such rule were submitted to Con-
6	gress under subsection $(a)(1)$ on such date.
7	(B) Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to
8	affect the requirement under subsection (a)(1) that a report
9	shall be submitted to Congress before a rule can take effect.
10	(3) A rule described under paragraph (1) shall take
11	effect as otherwise provided by law (including other sub-
12	sections of this section).
13	SEC. 632. CONGRESSIONAL APPROVAL PROCEDURE FOR
13 14	SEC. 632. CONGRESSIONAL APPROVAL PROCEDURE FOR MAJOR RULES.
14	MAJOR RULES.
14 15	MAJOR RULES. (a)(1) For purposes of this section, the term "joint resolution" means only a joint resolution addressing a report
14 15 16 17	MAJOR RULES. (a)(1) For purposes of this section, the term "joint resolution" means only a joint resolution addressing a report
14 15 16 17	MAJOR RULES. (a)(1) For purposes of this section, the term "joint resolution" means only a joint resolution addressing a report classifying a rule as major pursuant to section
14 15 16 17 18	MAJOR RULES. (a)(1) For purposes of this section, the term "joint resolution" means only a joint resolution addressing a report classifying a rule as major pursuant to section $631(a)(1)(A)(iii)$ that—
14 15 16 17 18	MAJOR RULES. (a)(1) For purposes of this section, the term "joint resolution" means only a joint resolution addressing a report classifying a rule as major pursuant to section 631(a)(1)(A)(iii) that— (A) bears no preamble;
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	MAJOR RULES. (a)(1) For purposes of this section, the term "joint resolution" means only a joint resolution addressing a report classifying a rule as major pursuant to section 631(a)(1)(A)(iii) that— (A) bears no preamble; (B) bears the following title (with blanks filled as
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	MAJOR RULES. (a)(1) For purposes of this section, the term "joint resolution" means only a joint resolution addressing a report classifying a rule as major pursuant to section 631(a)(1)(A)(iii) that— (A) bears no preamble; (B) bears the following title (with blanks filled as appropriate): "Approving the rule submitted by

1	Congress approves the rule submitted by re-
2	lating to"; and
3	(D) is introduced pursuant to paragraph (2).
4	(2) After a House of Congress receives a report
5	classifying a rule as major pursuant to section
6	631(a)(1)(A)(iii), the majority leader of that House (or his
7	or her respective designee) shall introduce (by request, if ap-
8	propriate) a joint resolution described in paragraph (1)—
9	(A) in the case of the House of Representatives,
10	within 3 legislative days; and
11	(B) in the case of the Senate, within 3 session
12	days.
13	(3) A joint resolution described in paragraph (1) shall
14	not be subject to amendment at any stage of proceeding.
15	(b) A joint resolution described in subsection (a) shall
16	be referred in each House of Congress to the committees hav-
17	ing jurisdiction over the provision of law under which the
18	rule is issued.
19	(c) In the Senate, if the committee or committees to
20	which a joint resolution described in subsection (a) has been
21	referred have not reported it at the end of 15 session days
22	after its introduction, such committee or committees shall
23	be automatically discharged from further consideration of
24	the resolution and it shall be placed on the calendar. A vote
25	on final passage of the resolution shall be taken on or before

- 1 the close of the 15th session day after the resolution is re-
- 2 ported by the committee or committees to which it was re-
- 3 ferred, or after such committee or committees have been dis-
- 4 charged from further consideration of the resolution.
- 5 (d)(1) In the Senate, when the committee or commit-
- 6 tees to which a joint resolution is referred have reported,
- 7 or when a committee or committees are discharged (under
- 8 subsection (c)) from further consideration of a joint resolu-
- 9 tion described in subsection (a), it is at any time thereafter
- 10 in order (even though a previous motion to the same effect
- 11 has been disagreed to) for a motion to proceed to the consid-
- 12 eration of the joint resolution, and all points of order
- 13 against the joint resolution (and against consideration of
- 14 the joint resolution) are waived. The motion is not subject
- 15 to amendment, or to a motion to postpone, or to a motion
- 16 to proceed to the consideration of other business. A motion
- 17 to reconsider the vote by which the motion is agreed to or
- 18 disagreed to shall not be in order. If a motion to proceed
- 19 to the consideration of the joint resolution is agreed to, the
- 20 joint resolution shall remain the unfinished business of the
- 21 Senate until disposed of.
- 22 (2) In the Senate, debate on the joint resolution, and
- 23 on all debatable motions and appeals in connection there-
- 24 with, shall be limited to not more than 2 hours, which shall
- 25 be divided equally between those favoring and those oppos-

- 1 ing the joint resolution. A motion to further limit debate
- 2 is in order and not debatable. An amendment to, or a mo-
- 3 tion to postpone, or a motion to proceed to the consideration
- 4 of other business, or a motion to recommit the joint resolu-
- 5 tion is not in order.
- 6 (3) In the Senate, immediately following the conclu-
- 7 sion of the debate on a joint resolution described in sub-
- 8 section (a), and a single quorum call at the conclusion of
- 9 the debate if requested in accordance with the rules of the
- 10 Senate, the vote on final passage of the joint resolution shall
- 11 occur.
- 12 (4) Appeals from the decisions of the Chair relating
- 13 to the application of the rules of the Senate to the procedure
- 14 relating to a joint resolution described in subsection (a)
- 15 shall be decided without debate.
- 16 (e) In the House of Representatives, if any committee
- 17 to which a joint resolution described in subsection (a) has
- 18 been referred has not reported it to the House at the end
- 19 of 15 legislative days after its introduction, such committee
- 20 shall be discharged from further consideration of the joint
- 21 resolution, and it shall be placed on the appropriate cal-
- 22 endar. On the second and fourth Thursdays of each month
- 23 it shall be in order at any time for the Speaker to recognize
- 24 a Member who favors passage of a joint resolution that has
- 25 appeared on the calendar for at least 5 legislative days to

- 1 call up that joint resolution for immediate consideration
- 2 in the House without intervention of any point of order.
- 3 When so called up a joint resolution shall be considered as
- 4 read and shall be debatable for 1 hour equally divided and
- 5 controlled by the proponent and an opponent, and the pre-
- 6 vious question shall be considered as ordered to its passage
- 7 without intervening motion. It shall not be in order to re-
- 8 consider the vote on passage. If a vote on final passage of
- 9 the joint resolution has not been taken by the third Thurs-
- 10 day on which the Speaker may recognize a Member under
- 11 this subsection, such vote shall be taken on that day.
- 12 (f)(1) If, before passing a joint resolution described in
- 13 subsection (a), one House receives from the other a joint
- 14 resolution having the same text, then—
- 15 (A) the joint resolution of the other House shall
- 16 not be referred to a committee; and
- 17 (B) the procedure in the receiving House shall be
- 18 the same as if no joint resolution had been received
- 19 from the other House until the vote on passage, when
- 20 the joint resolution received from the other House
- 21 shall supplant the joint resolution of the receiving
- 22 House.
- 23 (2) This subsection shall not apply to the House of
- 24 Representatives if the joint resolution received from the Sen-
- 25 ate is a revenue measure.

1	(g) If either House has not taken a vote on final pas-
2	sage of the joint resolution by the last day of the period
3	described in section 631(b)(2), then such vote shall be taken
4	on that day.
5	(h) This section and section 633 are enacted by Con-
6	gress—
7	(1) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of the
8	Senate and House of Representatives, respectively,
9	and as such is deemed to be part of the rules of each
10	House, respectively, but applicable only with respect
11	to the procedure to be followed in that House in the
12	case of a joint resolution described in subsection (a)
13	and superseding other rules only where explicitly so;
14	and
15	(2) with full recognition of the Constitutional
16	right of either House to change the rules (so far as
17	they relate to the procedure of that House) at any
18	time, in the same manner and to the same extent as
19	in the case of any other rule of that House.
20	SEC. 633. CONGRESSIONAL DISAPPROVAL PROCEDURE FOR
21	NONMAJOR RULES.
22	(a) For purposes of this section, the term "joint resolu-
23	tion" means only a joint resolution introduced in the period
24	beginning on the date on which the report referred to in
25	section 631(a)(1)(A) is received by Congress and ending 60

- 1 days thereafter (excluding days either House of Congress is
- 2 adjourned for more than 3 days during a session of Con-
- 3 gress), the matter after the resolving clause of which is as
- 4 follows: "That Congress disapproves the nonmajor rule sub-
- 5 mitted by the _____ relating to ____, and such rule
- 6 shall have no force or effect." (The blank spaces being appro-
- 7 priately filled in).
- 8 (b) A joint resolution described in subsection (a) shall
- 9 be referred to the committees in each House of Congress with
- 10 jurisdiction.
- 11 (c) In the Senate, if the committee to which is referred
- 12 a joint resolution described in subsection (a) has not re-
- 13 ported such joint resolution (or an identical joint resolu-
- 14 tion) at the end of 15 session days after the date of introduc-
- 15 tion of the joint resolution, such committee may be dis-
- 16 charged from further consideration of such joint resolution
- 17 upon a petition supported in writing by 30 Members of the
- 18 Senate, and such joint resolution shall be placed on the cal-
- 19 endar.
- 20 (d)(1) In the Senate, when the committee to which a
- 21 joint resolution is referred has reported, or when a com-
- 22 mittee is discharged (under subsection (c)) from further con-
- 23 sideration of a joint resolution described in subsection (a),
- 24 it is at any time thereafter in order (even though a previous
- 25 motion to the same effect has been disagreed to) for a motion

- 1 to proceed to the consideration of the joint resolution, and
- 2 all points of order against the joint resolution (and against
- 3 consideration of the joint resolution) are waived. The mo-
- 4 tion is not subject to amendment, or to a motion to post-
- 5 pone, or to a motion to proceed to the consideration of other
- 6 business. A motion to reconsider the vote by which the mo-
- 7 tion is agreed to or disagreed to shall not be in order. If
- 8 a motion to proceed to the consideration of the joint resolu-
- 9 tion is agreed to, the joint resolution shall remain the unfin-
- 10 ished business of the Senate until disposed of.
- 11 (2) In the Senate, debate on the joint resolution, and
- 12 on all debatable motions and appeals in connection there-
- 13 with, shall be limited to not more than 10 hours, which
- 14 shall be divided equally between those favoring and those
- 15 opposing the joint resolution. A motion to further limit de-
- 16 bate is in order and not debatable. An amendment to, or
- 17 a motion to postpone, or a motion to proceed to the consid-
- 18 eration of other business, or a motion to recommit the joint
- 19 resolution is not in order.
- 20 (3) In the Senate, immediately following the conclu-
- 21 sion of the debate on a joint resolution described in sub-
- 22 section (a), and a single quorum call at the conclusion of
- 23 the debate if requested in accordance with the rules of the
- 24 Senate, the vote on final passage of the joint resolution shall
- 25 occur.

1	(4) Appeals from the decisions of the Chair relating
2	to the application of the rules of the Senate to the procedure
3	relating to a joint resolution described in subsection (a)
4	shall be decided without debate.
5	(e) In the Senate, the procedure specified in subsection
6	(c) or (d) shall not apply to the consideration of a joint
7	resolution respecting a nonmajor rule—
8	(1) after the expiration of the 60 session days be-
9	ginning with the applicable submission or publication
10	date; or
11	(2) if the report under section 631(a)(1)(A) was
12	submitted during the period referred to in section
13	631(d)(1), after the expiration of the 60 session days
14	beginning on the 15th session day after the succeeding
15	session of Congress first convenes.
16	(f) If, before the passage by one House of a joint resolu-
17	tion of that House described in subsection (a), that House
18	receives from the other House a joint resolution described
19	in subsection (a), then the following procedures shall apply:
20	(1) The joint resolution of the other House shall
21	not be referred to a committee.
22	(2) With respect to a joint resolution described in
23	subsection (a) of the House receiving the joint resolu-
24	tion—

1	(A) the procedure in that House shall be the
2	same as if no joint resolution had been received
3	from the other House; but
4	(B) the vote on final passage shall be on the
5	joint resolution of the other House.
6	SEC. 634. DEFINITIONS.
7	For purposes of this subtitle:
8	(1) The term "Federal financial agency" means
9	the Consumer Financial Opportunity Commission,
10	Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, the
11	Commodity Futures Trading Commission, the Federal
12	Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Housing
13	Finance Agency, the Office of the Comptroller of the
14	Currency, the National Credit Union Administration,
15	and the Securities and Exchange Commission.
16	(2) The term "major rule" means any rule, in-
17	cluding an interim final rule, that the Administrator
18	of the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs of
19	the Office of Management and Budget finds has re-
20	sulted in or is likely to result in—
21	(A) an annual effect on the economy of \$100
22	million or more;
23	(B) a major increase in costs or prices for
24	consumers, individual industries, Federal, State,

1	or local government agencies, or geographic re-
2	gions; or
3	(C) significant adverse effects on competi-
4	tion, employment, investment, productivity, in-
5	novation, or on the ability of United States-
6	based enterprises to compete with foreign-based
7	enterprises in domestic and export markets.
8	(3) The term "nonmajor rule" means any rule
9	that is not a major rule.
10	(4) The term "rule" has the meaning given such
11	term in section 551 of title 5, United States Code, ex-
12	cept that such term does not include—
13	(A) any rule of particular applicability, in-
14	cluding a rule that approves or prescribes for the
15	future rates, wages, prices, services, or allow-
16	ances therefore, corporate or financial structures,
17	reorganizations, mergers, or acquisitions thereof,
18	or accounting practices or disclosures bearing on
19	any of the foregoing;
20	(B) any rule relating to agency manage-
21	ment or personnel; or
22	(C) any rule of agency organization, proce-
23	dure, or practice that does not substantially af-
24	fect the rights or obligations of non-agency par-
25	ties.

1	(5) The term "submission date or publication
2	date", except as otherwise provided in this subtitle,
3	means—
4	(A) in the case of a major rule, the date on
5	which the Congress receives the report submitted
6	under section $631(a)(1)(A)$; and
7	(B) in the case of a nonmajor rule, the later
8	of—
9	(i) the date on which the Congress re-
10	ceives the report submitted under section
11	631(a)(1)(A); and
12	(ii) the date on which the nonmajor
13	rule is published in the Federal Register, if
14	$so\ published.$
15	SEC. 635. JUDICIAL REVIEW.
16	(a) No determination, finding, action, or omission
17	under this subtitle shall be subject to judicial review.
18	(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a), a court may deter-
19	mine whether a Federal financial agency has completed the
20	necessary requirements under this subtitle for a rule to take
21	effect.
22	(c) The enactment of a joint resolution of approval
23	under section 632 shall not be interpreted to serve as a
24	grant or modification of statutory authority by Congress
25	for the promulgation of a rule, shall not extinguish or affect

1	any claim, whether substantive or procedural, against any
2	alleged defect in a rule, and shall not form part of the record
3	before the court in any judicial proceeding concerning a
4	rule except for purposes of determining whether or not the
5	rule is in effect.
6	SEC. 636. EFFECTIVE DATE OF CERTAIN RULES.
7	Notwithstanding section 631—
8	(1) any rule that establishes, modifies, opens,
9	closes, or conducts a regulatory program for a com-
10	mercial, recreational, or subsistence activity related to
11	hunting, fishing, or camping; or
12	(2) any rule other than a major rule which the
13	Federal financial agency for good cause finds (and
14	incorporates the finding and a brief statement of rea-
15	sons therefore in the rule issued) that notice and pub-
16	lic procedure thereon are impracticable, unnecessary,
17	or contrary to the public interest,
18	shall take effect at such time as the Federal financial agency
19	promulgating the rule determines.
20	SEC. 637. BUDGETARY EFFECTS OF RULES SUBJECT TO
21	SECTION 632 OF THE FINANCIAL CHOICE ACT
22	OF 2016.
23	Section 257(b)(2) of the Balanced Budget and Emer-
24	gency Deficit Control Act of 1985 is amended by adding
25	at the end the following new subparagraph:

1	"(E) Budgetary effects of rules subject
2	TO SECTION 632 OF THE FINANCIAL CHOICE ACT OF
3	2016.—Any rules subject to the congressional approval
4	procedure set forth in section 632 of the Financial
5	CHOICE Act of 2016 affecting budget authority, out-
6	lays, or receipts shall be assumed to be effective unless
7	it is not approved in accordance with such section.".
8	Subtitle C—Judicial Review of
9	Agency Actions
10	SEC. 641. SCOPE OF JUDICIAL REVIEW OF AGENCY AC-
11	TIONS.
12	(a) In General.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
13	sion of law, in any judicial review of an agency action pur-
14	suant to chapter 7 of title 5, United States Code, to the
15	extent necessary to decision and when presented, the review-
16	ing court shall determine the meaning or applicability of
17	the terms of an agency action and decide de novo all rel-
18	evant questions of law, including the interpretation of con-
19	stitutional and statutory provisions, and rules made by an
20	agency. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, this
21	section shall apply in any action for judicial review of
22	agency action authorized under any provision of law. No
23	law may exempt any such civil action from the application
24	of this section except by specific reference to this section.

1	(b) AGENCY DEFINED.—For purposes of this section,
2	the term "agency" means the Consumer Financial Oppor-
3	tunity Commission, the Board of Governors of the Federal
4	Reserve System, the Commodity Futures Trading Commis-
5	sion, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Fed-
6	eral Housing Finance Agency, the Office of the Comptroller
7	of the Currency, the National Credit Union Administration,
8	and the Securities and Exchange Commission.
9	Subtitle D—Leadership of
10	Financial Regulators
11	SEC. 651. FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION.
12	Section 2 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12
13	U.S.C. 1812) is amended—
14	(1) in subsection (a)(1), by striking "5 members"
15	and all that follows through "3 of whom" and insert-
16	ing the following: "5 members, who";
17	(2) by amending subsection (d) to read as fol-
18	lows:
19	"(d) Vacancy.—Any vacancy on the Board of Direc-
20	tors shall be filled in the manner in which the original ap-
21	pointment was made."; and
22	(3) in subsection (f)—
23	(A) by striking paragraph (2); and
24	(B) by redesignating paragraph (3) as
25	paragraph (2).

1	SEC. 652. FEDERAL HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY.
2	(a) Establishment of Board.—Section 1312 of the
3	Federal Housing Enterprises Financial Safety and Sound-
4	ness Act of 1992 (12 U.S.C. 4512) is amended—
5	(1) in the heading of such section, by striking
6	"DIRECTOR" and inserting "BOARD OF DIREC-
7	TORS"; and
8	(2) by striking subsections (a) and (b) and in-
9	serting the following:
10	"(a) Establishment.—There is established the Board
11	of Directors of the Agency, which shall serve as the head
12	of the Agency.
13	"(b) Board of Directors.—
14	"(1) Composition of the board.—
15	"(A) In General.—The Board shall be
16	composed of 5 members who shall be appointed
17	by the President, by and with the advice and
18	consent of the Senate, from among individuals
19	who—
20	"(i) are citizens of the United States;
21	and
22	"(ii) have a demonstrated under-
23	standing of financial management or over-
24	sight, and have a demonstrated under-
25	standing of capital markets, including the

1	mortgage securities markets and housing fi-
2	nance.
3	"(B) Staggering.—The members of the
4	Board shall serve staggered terms, which ini-
5	tially shall be established by the President for
6	terms of 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 years, respectively.
7	"(C) TERMS.—
8	"(i) In general.—Each member of
9	the Board, including the Chair, shall serve
10	for a term of 5 years.
11	"(ii) Removal.—The President may
12	remove any member of the Board for ineffi-
13	ciency, neglect of duty, or malfeasance in
14	office.
15	"(iii) VACANCIES.—Any member of the
16	Board appointed to fill a vacancy occurring
17	before the expiration of the term to which
18	that member's predecessor was appointed
19	(including the Chair) shall be appointed
20	only for the remainder of the term.
21	"(iv) Continuation of Service.—
22	Each member of the Board may continue to
23	serve after the expiration of the term of of-
24	fice to which that member was appointed
25	until a successor has been appointed by the

1	President and confirmed by the Senate, ex-
2	cept that a member may not continue to
3	serve more than 1 year after the date on
4	which that member's term would otherwise
5	expire.
6	"(v) Other employment prohib-
7	ited.—No member of the Board shall en-
8	gage in any other business, vocation, or em-
9	ployment.
10	"(2) Affiliation.—Not more than 3 members of
11	the Board shall be members of any one political
12	party.
13	"(3) Chair of the board.—
14	"(A) Appointment.—The Chair of the
15	Board shall be appointed by the President.
16	"(B) AUTHORITY.—The Chair shall be the
17	principal executive officer of the Agency, and
18	shall exercise all of the executive and administra-
19	tive functions of the Agency, including with re-
20	spect to—
21	"(i) the appointment and supervision
22	of personnel employed under the Agency
23	(other than personnel employed regularly
24	and full time in the immediate offices of
25	members of the Board other than the Chair):

1	"(ii) the distribution of business
2	among personnel appointed and supervised
3	by the Chair and among administrative
4	units of the Agency; and
5	"(iii) the use and expenditure of funds.
6	"(C) Limitation.—In carrying out any of
7	the Chair's functions under the provisions of this
8	paragraph the Chair shall be governed by general
9	policies of the Agency and by such regulatory de-
10	cisions, findings, and determinations as the
11	Agency may by law be authorized to make.
12	"(4) No impairment by reason of vacan-
13	CIES.—No vacancy in the members of the Board shall
14	impair the right of the remaining members of the
15	Board to exercise all the powers of the Board. Three
16	members of the Board shall constitute a quorum for
17	the transaction of business, except that if there are
18	only 3 members serving on the Board because of va-
19	cancies in the Board, 2 members of the Board shall
20	constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. If
21	there are only 2 members serving on the Board be-
22	cause of vacancies in the Board, 2 members shall con-
23	stitute a quorum for the 6-month period beginning on
24	the date of the vacancy which caused the number of
25	Board members to decline to 2.

1	"(5) Compensation.—
2	"(A) Chair.—The Chair shall receive com-
3	pensation at the rate prescribed for level I of the
4	Executive Schedule under section 5313 of title 5,
5	United States Code.
6	"(B) Other members of the board.—
7	The 4 other members of the Board shall each re-
8	ceive compensation at the rate prescribed for
9	level II of the Executive Schedule under section
10	5314 of title 5, United States Code.
11	"(6) Initial quorum established.—During
12	any time period prior to the confirmation of at least
13	two members of the Board, one member of the Board
14	shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of busi-
15	ness. Following the confirmation of at least 2 addi-
16	tional members of the Board, the quorum require-
17	ments of paragraph (4) shall apply.".
18	(b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 5313 of title
19	5, United States Code, is amended by striking "Director
20	of the Federal Housing Finance Agency.".
21	(c) Deeming.—Any reference in a law, regulation,
22	document, paper, or other record of the United States to
23	the position of the Director of the Federal Housing Finance
24	Agency shall be deemed a reference to the Board of Directors
25	of the Federal Housing Finance Agency.

1	SEC. 653. NATIONAL CREDIT UNION ADMINISTRATION.
2	Section 102 of the Federal Credit Union Act (12
3	U.S.C. 1752a) is amended—
4	(1) in subsection $(b)(1)$ —
5	(A) by striking "three" and inserting
6	"five"; and
7	(B) by striking "two" and inserting
8	"three"; and
9	(2) by amending subsection (c) to read as fol-
10	lows:
11	"(c) Terms.—The term of office of each member of the
12	Board shall be five years, and the members shall serve stag-
13	gered terms. Board members shall not be appointed to suc-
14	ceed themselves. Any Board member may continue to serve
15	as such after the expiration of said member's term until
16	a successor has qualified.".
17	SEC. 654. OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CUR-
18	RENCY.
19	(a) Establishment of Board.—Subsection (b) of
20	section 324 of the Revised Statutes of the United States (12
21	U.S.C. 1) is amended to read as follows:
22	"(b) Board of Directors.—
23	"(1) Establishment.—There is established the
24	Board of Directors of the Office of the Comptroller of
25	the Currency (hereinafter referred to as the 'Board'),
26	which shall serve as the head of the Office.

1	"(2) Composition of the board.—
2	"(A) In general.—The Board shall be
3	composed of 5 members who shall be appointed
4	by the President, by and with the advice and
5	consent of the Senate, from among individuals
6	who—
7	"(i) are citizens of the United States;
8	and
9	"(ii) have strong competencies and ex-
10	periences related to the banking industry.
11	"(B) Staggering.—The members of the
12	Board shall serve staggered terms, which ini-
13	tially shall be established by the President for
14	terms of 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 years, respectively.
15	"(C) TERMS.—
16	"(i) In General.—Each member of
17	the Board, including the Chair, shall serve
18	for a term of 5 years.
19	"(ii) Removal.—The President may
20	remove any member of the Board for ineffi-
21	ciency, neglect of duty, or malfeasance in
22	of fice.
23	"(iii) Vacancies.—Any member of the
24	Board appointed to fill a vacancy occurring
25	before the expiration of the term to which

1	that member's predecessor was appointed
2	(including the Chair) shall be appointed
3	only for the remainder of the term.
4	"(iv) Continuation of Service.—
5	Each member of the Board may continue to
6	serve after the expiration of the term of of-
7	fice to which that member was appointed
8	until a successor has been appointed by the
9	President and confirmed by the Senate, ex-
10	cept that a member may not continue to
11	serve more than 1 year after the date on
12	which that member's term would otherwise
13	expire.
14	"(v) Other employment prohib-
15	ITED.—No member of the Board shall en-
16	gage in any other business, vocation, or em-
17	ployment.
18	"(3) Affiliation.—Not more than 3 members of
19	the Board shall be members of any one political
20	party.
21	"(4) Chair of the board.—
22	"(A) Appointment.—The Chair of the
23	Board shall be appointed by the President.
24	"(B) AUTHORITY.—The Chair shall be the
25	principal executive officer of the Office, and shall

1	exercise all of the executive and administrative
2	functions of the Office, including with respect
3	to—
4	"(i) the appointment and supervision
5	of personnel employed under the Office
6	(other than personnel employed regularly
7	and full time in the immediate offices of
8	members of the Board other than the Chair);
9	"(ii) the distribution of business
10	among personnel appointed and supervised
11	by the Chair and among administrative
12	units of the Office; and
13	"(iii) the use and expenditure of funds.
14	"(C) Limitation.—In carrying out any of
15	the Chair's functions under the provisions of this
16	paragraph the Chair shall be governed by general
17	policies of the Office and by such regulatory deci-
18	sions, findings, and determinations as the Office
19	may by law be authorized to make.
20	"(5) No impairment by reason of vacan-
21	CIES.—No vacancy in the members of the Board shall
22	impair the right of the remaining members of the
23	Board to exercise all the powers of the Board. Three
24	members of the Board shall constitute a quorum for
25	the transaction of business, except that if there are

only 3 members serving on the Board because of vacancies in the Board, 2 members of the Board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. If there are only 2 members serving on the Board because of vacancies in the Board, 2 members shall constitute a quorum for the 6-month period beginning on the date of the vacancy which caused the number of Board members to decline to 2.

"(6) Compensation.—

"(A) CHAIR.—The Chair shall receive compensation at the rate prescribed for level I of the Executive Schedule under section 5313 of title 5, United States Code.

"(B) OTHER MEMBERS OF THE BOARD.—
The 4 other members of the Board shall each receive compensation at the rate prescribed for level II of the Executive Schedule under section 5314 of title 5, United States Code.

"(7) Initial quorum established.—During any time period prior to the confirmation of at least two members of the Board, one member of the Board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. Following the confirmation of at least 2 additional members of the Board, the quorum requirements of paragraph (5) shall apply.".

1	(b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 5314 of title
2	5, United States Code, is amended by striking "Comptroller
3	of the Currency.".
4	(c) Deeming.—Any reference in a law, regulation,
5	document, paper, or other record of the United States to
6	the position of the Comptroller of the Currency shall be
7	deemed a reference to the Board of Directors of the Office
8	of the Comptroller of the Currency.
9	$Subtitle \ E-\!\!\!-\!\!\!Congressional$
10	Oversight of Appropriations
11	SEC. 661. BRINGING THE FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE
12	CORPORATION INTO THE REGULAR APPRO-
13	PRIATIONS PROCESS.
14	(a) In General.—Section 10 of the Federal Deposit
15	Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1820) is amended—
16	(1) in subsection (a)—
17	(A) by striking "(a) The" and inserting the
18	following:
19	"(a) Powers.—
20	"(1) In general.—The";
21	(B) by inserting ", subject to paragraph (2)
22	and subsection (l)," after "The Board of Direc-
23	tors of the Corporation"; and
24	(C) by adding at the end the following new
25	paragraph:

1	"(2) Appropriations requirement.—The Cor-
2	poration may only incur obligations or allow and
3	pay expenses pursuant to an appropriations Act,
4	other than with respect to obligations or expenses
5	paid for with funds from the Deposit Insurance Fund
6	or incurred, allowed, or paid for the purpose of car-
7	rying out the insurance function of the Corporation.";
8	and
9	(2) by adding at the end the following new sub-
10	section:
11	"(l) Non-insurance Fees as Offsetting Collec-
12	TIONS.—Any fees collected by the Corporation, except pur-
13	suant to section 5(d), shall be deposited and credited as off-
14	setting collections to the account providing appropriations
15	to the Corporation.".
16	(b) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
17	section shall apply with respect to expenses paid and fees
18	collected on or after the date that is 90 days after the date
19	of the enactment of the first appropriation Act that provides
20	for appropriations to the Federal Deposit Insurance Cor-
21	poration and that is enacted after the date of the enactment

22 of this Act.

1	SEC. 662. BRINGING THE FEDERAL HOUSING FINANCE
2	AGENCY INTO THE REGULAR APPROPRIA-
3	TIONS PROCESS.
4	(a) In General.—Section 1316(f) of the Housing and
5	Community Development Act of 1992 (12 U.S.C. 4516(f))
6	is amended to read as follows:
7	"(f) Appropriations Requirement; Assessments
8	Deposited as Offsetting Collections.—
9	"(1) Appropriations requirement.—The
10	Agency may only incur obligations or allow and pay
11	expenses pursuant to an appropriations Act.
12	"(2) Offsetting collections.—Any assess-
13	ments or other fees collected by the Agency shall be de-
14	posited and credited as offsetting collections to the ac-
15	count providing appropriations to the Agency.".
16	(b) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
17	section shall apply with respect to expenses paid and fees
18	collected on or after the date that is 90 days after the date
19	of the enactment of the first appropriation Act that provides
20	for appropriations to the Federal Housing Finance Agency
21	and that is enacted after the date of the enactment of this
22	Act.

1	SEC. 663. BRINGING THE NATIONAL CREDIT UNION ADMIN-
2	ISTRATION INTO THE REGULAR APPROPRIA-
3	TIONS PROCESS.
4	(a) In General.—Section 105 of the Federal Credit
5	Union Act (12 U.S.C. 1755) is amended by striking sub-
6	sections (d) and (e) and inserting the following:
7	"(d) Appropriations Requirement.—The Adminis-
8	tration may only incur obligations or allow and pay ex-
9	penses pursuant to an appropriations Act, other than with
10	respect to obligations or expenses paid for with funds from
11	the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund or in-
12	curred, allowed, or paid for the purpose of carrying out the
13	$insurance\ function\ of\ the\ Administration.$
14	"(e) Non-insurance Fees as Offsetting Collec-
15	TIONS.—Any fees collected by the Administration, except for
16	insurance fees collected under title II, shall be deposited and
17	credited as offsetting collections to the account providing
18	$appropriations \ to \ the \ Administration.$
19	(b) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
20	section shall apply with respect to expenses paid and fees
21	collected on or after the date that is 90 days after the date
22	of the enactment of the first appropriation Act that provides
23	for appropriations to the National Credit Union Adminis-
24	tration and that is enacted after the date of the enactment
25	of this Act.

1	SEC. 664. BRINGING THE OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER OF
2	THE CURRENCY INTO THE REGULAR APPRO-
3	PRIATIONS PROCESS.
4	(a) In General.—Section 5240A of the Revised Stat-
5	utes of the United States is amended—
6	(1) by striking "Sec. 5240A. The Comptroller of
7	the Currency may" and inserting the following:
8	"SEC. 5240A. APPROPRIATIONS REQUIREMENT; ASSESS-
9	MENTS DEPOSITED AS OFFSETTING COLLEC-
10	TIONS.
11	"(a) In General.—The Board of Directors of the Of-
12	fice of the Comptroller of the Currency may";
13	(2) by striking "Funds derived" and all that fol-
14	lows through the end of the section; and
15	(3) by adding at the end the following:
16	"(b) Appropriations Requirement.—The Chair of
17	the Board of Directors of the Office of the Comptroller of
18	the Currency may only incur obligations or allow and pay
19	expenses pursuant to an appropriations Act.
20	"(c) Offsetting Collections.—Any assessments or
21	other fees collected by the Chair shall be deposited and cred-
22	ited as offsetting collections to the account providing appro-
23	priations to the Board of Directors of the Office of the
24	Comptroller of the Currency.".
25	(b) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
26	section shall apply with respect to expenses paid and fees

1	collected on or after the date that is 90 days after the date
2	of the enactment of the first appropriation Act that provides
3	for appropriations to the Board of Directors of the Office
4	of the Comptroller of the Currency and that is enacted after
5	the date of the enactment of this Act.
6	SEC. 665. BRINGING THE NON-MONETARY POLICY RELATED
7	FUNCTIONS OF THE BOARD OF GOVERNORS
8	OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM INTO
9	THE REGULAR APPROPRIATIONS PROCESS.
10	The Federal Reserve Act is amended by inserting after
11	section 11B the following:
12	"SEC. 11C. APPROPRIATIONS REQUIREMENT FOR NON-MON-
13	ETARY POLICY RELATED ADMINISTRATIVE
14	COSTS.
17	
15	"(a) Appropriations Requirement.—The Board of
15	"(a) Appropriations Requirement.—The Board of
15 16 17	"(a) Appropriations Requirement.—The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and the Federal
15 16 17	"(a) Appropriations Requirement.—The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and the Federal reserve banks may only incur obligations or allow and pay
15 16 17 18	"(a) Appropriations Requirement.—The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and the Federal reserve banks may only incur obligations or allow and pay expenses with respect to non-monetary policy related ad-
15 16 17 18 19	"(a) Appropriations Requirement.—The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and the Federal reserve banks may only incur obligations or allow and pay expenses with respect to non-monetary policy related ad- ministrative costs pursuant to an appropriations Act.
15 16 17 18 19 20	"(a) Appropriations Requirement.—The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and the Federal reserve banks may only incur obligations or allow and pay expenses with respect to non-monetary policy related administrative costs pursuant to an appropriations Act. "(b) Earnings and Assessments Used to Recover
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	"(a) Appropriations Requirement.—The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and the Federal reserve banks may only incur obligations or allow and pay expenses with respect to non-monetary policy related administrative costs pursuant to an appropriations Act. "(b) Earnings and Assessments Used to Recover the Cost of Appropriations.—
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	"(a) Appropriations Requirement.—The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and the Federal reserve banks may only incur obligations or allow and pay expenses with respect to non-monetary policy related administrative costs pursuant to an appropriations Act. "(b) Earnings and Assessments Used to Recover the Cost of Appropriations.— "(1) In General.—Except as provided under

- 1 banks and all amounts collected pursuant to section 2 11(t) that would, absent this section, be used to fund 3 the non-monetary policy related administrative costs of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve Sys-5 tem and each of the Federal reserve banks shall be de-6 posited into the general fund of the Treasury and 7 credited as offsetting collections for the amounts ap-8 propriated to fund such non-monetary policy related 9 administrative costs.
 - "(2) No deposits in excess of appropriate to parations.—The amount deposited pursuant to paragraph (1) with respect to a fiscal year shall not exceed the amount appropriated to fund the non-monetary policy related administrative costs of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and each of the Federal reserve banks for such fiscal year.
 - "(c) Definitions.—For purposes of this section:
 - "(1) Monetary policy.—The term 'monetary policy' means a strategy for producing a generally acceptable exchange medium that supports the productive employment of economic resources by reliably serving as both a unit of account and store of value.
 - "(2) Non-monetary policy related administrative costs' means administrative costs

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1	not related to the conduct of monetary policy, and in-
2	clude—
3	"(A) direct operating expenses for super-
4	vising and regulating entities supervised and
5	regulated by the Board of Governors of the Fed-
6	eral Reserve System, including conducting ex-
7	aminations, conducting stress tests, commu-
8	nicating with the entities regarding supervisory
9	matters and laws, and regulations;
10	"(B) operating expenses for activities inte-
11	gral to carrying out supervisory and regulatory
12	responsibilities, such as training staff in the su-
13	pervisory function, research and analysis func-
14	tions including library subscription services, and
15	collecting and processing regulatory reports filed
16	by supervised institutions; and
17	"(C) support, overhead, and pension ex-
18	penses related to the items described under sub-
19	paragraphs (A) and (B).".
20	$Subtitle \ F-International \ Processes$
21	SEC. 671. REQUIREMENTS FOR INTERNATIONAL PROC-
22	ESSES.
23	(a) Board of Governors Requirements.—Section
24	11 of the Federal Reserve Act (12 U.S.C. 248), as amended

1	by section 706, is further amended by adding at the end
2	the following new subsection:
3	"(w) International Processes.—
4	"(1) Notice of process; consultation.— At
5	least 30 calendar days before any member or em-
6	ployee of the Board of Governors of the Federal Re-
7	serve System participates in a process of setting fi-
8	nancial standards as a part of any foreign or multi-
9	national entity, the Board of Governors shall—
10	"(A) issue a notice of the process, including
11	the subject matter, scope, and goals of the proc-
12	ess, to the Committee on Financial Services of
13	the House of Representatives and the Committee
14	on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the
15	Senate;
16	"(B) make such notice available to the pub-
17	lic, including on the website of the Board of Gov-
18	ernors; and
19	"(C) solicit public comment, and consult
20	with the committees described under subpara-
21	graph (A), with respect to the subject matter,
22	scope, and goals of the process.
23	"(2) Public reports on process.—After the
24	end of any process described under paragraph (1), the
25	Board of Governors shall issue a public report on the

1	topics that were discussed during the process and any
2	new or revised rulemakings or policy changes that the
3	Board of Governors believes should be implemented as
4	a result of the process.
5	"(3) Notice of agreements; consultation.—
6	At least 90 calendar days before any member or em-
7	ployee of the Board of Governors of the Federal Re-
8	serve System participates in a process of setting fi-
9	nancial standards as a part of any foreign or multi-
10	national entity, the Board of Governors shall—
11	"(A) issue a notice of agreement to the Com-
12	mittee on Financial Services of the House of
13	Representatives and the Committee on Banking,
14	Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate;
15	"(B) make such notice available to the pub-
16	lic, including on the website of the Board of Gov-
17	ernors; and
18	"(C) consult with the committees described
19	under subparagraph (A) with respect to the na-
20	ture of the agreement and any anticipated effects
21	such agreement will have on the economy.
22	"(4) Definition.—For purposes of this sub-
23	section, the term 'process' shall include any official
24	proceeding or meeting on financial regulation of a
25	recognized international organization with authority

1	to set financial standards on a global or regional
2	level, including the Financial Stability Board, the
3	Basel Committee on Banking Supervision (or a simi-
4	lar organization), and the International Association
5	of Insurance Supervisors (or a similar organiza-
6	tion).".
7	(b) FDIC REQUIREMENTS.—The Federal Deposit In-
8	surance Act (12 U.S.C. 1811 et seq.) is amended by adding
9	at the end the following new section:
10	"SEC. 51. INTERNATIONAL PROCESSES.
11	"(a) Notice of Process; Consultation.—At least
12	30 calendar days before the Board of Directors participates
13	in a process of setting financial standards as a part of any
14	foreign or multinational entity, the Board of Directors
15	shall—
16	"(1) issue a notice of the process, including the
17	subject matter, scope, and goals of the process, to the
18	Committee on Financial Services of the House of Rep-
19	resentatives and the Committee on Banking, Housing,
20	and Urban Affairs of the Senate;
21	"(2) make such notice available to the public, in-
22	cluding on the website of the Corporation; and
23	"(3) solicit public comment, and consult with the
24	committees described under paragraph (1), with re-

1	spect to the subject matter, scope, and goals of the
2	process.
3	"(b) Public Reports on Process.—After the end of
4	any process described under subsection (a), the Board of
5	Directors shall issue a public report on the topics that were
6	discussed at the process and any new or revised rulemakings
7	or policy changes that the Board of Directors believes should
8	be implemented as a result of the process.
9	"(c) Notice of Agreements; Consultation.—At
10	least 90 calendar days before the Board of Directors partici-
11	pates in a process of setting financial standards as a part
12	of any foreign or multinational entity, the Board of Direc-
13	tors shall—
14	"(1) issue a notice of agreement to the Committee
15	on Financial Services of the House of Representatives
16	and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban
17	Affairs of the Senate;
18	"(2) make such notice available to the public, in-
19	cluding on the website of the Corporation; and
20	"(3) consult with the committees described under
21	paragraph (1) with respect to the nature of the agree-
22	ment and any anticipated effects such agreement will
23	have on the economy.
24	"(d) Definition.—For purposes of this section, the
25	term 'process' shall include any official proceeding or meet-

1	ing on financial regulation of a recognized international
2	organization with authority to set financial standards on
3	a global or regional level, including the Financial Stability
4	Board, the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision (or
5	a similar organization), and the International Association
6	of Insurance Supervisors (or a similar organization).".
7	(c) Treasury Requirements.—Section 325 of title
8	31, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end
9	the following new subsection:
10	"(d) International Processes.—
11	"(1) Notice of process; consultation.—At
12	least 30 calendar days before the Secretary partici-
13	pates in a process of setting financial standards as a
14	part of any foreign or multinational entity, the Sec-
15	retary shall—
16	"(A) issue a notice of the process, including
17	the subject matter, scope, and goals of the proc-
18	ess, to the Committee on Financial Services of
19	the House of Representatives and the Committee
20	on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the
21	Senate;
22	"(B) make such notice available to the pub-
23	lic, including on the website of the Department
24	of the Treasury; and

1	"(C) solicit public comment, and consult
2	with the committees described under subpara-
3	graph (A), with respect to the subject matter,
4	scope, and goals of the process.
5	"(2) Public reports on process.—After the
6	end of any process described under paragraph (1), the
7	Secretary shall issue a public report on the topics
8	that were discussed at the process and any new or re-
9	vised rulemakings or policy changes that the Sec-
10	retary believes should be implemented as a result of
11	the process.
12	"(3) Notice of agreements; consultation.—
13	At least 90 calendar days before the Secretary partici-
14	pates in a process of setting financial standards as a
15	part of any foreign or multinational entity, the Sec-
16	retary shall—
17	"(A) issue a notice of agreement to the Com-
18	mittee on Financial Services of the House of
19	Representatives and the Committee on Banking,
20	Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate;
21	"(B) make such notice available to the pub-
22	lic, including on the website of the Department
23	of the Treasury; and
24	"(C) consult with the committees described
25	under subparagraph (A) with respect to the na-

1	ture of the agreement and any anticipated effects
2	such agreement will have on the economy.
3	"(4) Definition.—For purposes of this sub-
4	section, the term 'process' shall include any official
5	proceeding or meeting on financial regulation of a
6	recognized international organization with authority
7	to set financial standards on a global or regional
8	level, including the Financial Stability Board, the
9	Basel Committee on Banking Supervision (or a simi-
10	lar organization), and the International Association
11	of Insurance Supervisors (or a similar organiza-
12	tion).".
13	(d) OCC Requirements.—Chapter one of title LXII
14	of the Revised Statutes of the United States (12 U.S.C. 21
15	et seq.) is amended—
16	(1) by adding at the end the following new sec-
17	tion:
18	"SEC. 5156B. INTERNATIONAL PROCESSES.
19	"(a) Notice of Process; Consultation.—At least
20	30 calendar days before the Board of Directors of the Office
21	of the Comptroller of the Currency participates in a process
22	of setting financial standards as a part of any foreign or
23	multinational entity, the Board of Directors shall—
24	"(1) issue a notice of the process, including the
25	subject matter, scope, and goals of the process, to the

1	Committee on Financial Services of the House of Rep-
2	resentatives and the Committee on Banking, Housing,
3	and Urban Affairs of the Senate;
4	"(2) make such notice available to the public, in-
5	cluding on the website of the Office of the Comptroller
6	of the Currency; and
7	"(3) solicit public comment, and consult with the
8	committees described under paragraph (1), with re-
9	spect to the subject matter, scope, and goals of the
10	process.
11	"(b) Public Reports on Process.—After the end of
12	any process described under subsection (a), the Board of
13	Directors shall issue a public report on the topics that were
14	discussed at the process and any new or revised rulemakings
15	or policy changes that the Board of Directors believes should
16	be implemented as a result of the process.
17	"(c) Notice of Agreements; Consultation.—At
18	least 90 calendar days before the Board of Directors partici-
19	pates in a process of setting financial standards as a part
20	of any foreign or multinational entity, the Board of Direc-
21	tors shall—
22	"(1) issue a notice of agreement to the Committee
23	on Financial Services of the House of Representatives
24	and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban
25	Affairs of the Senate;

1	"(2) make such notice available to the public, in-
2	cluding on the website of the Office of the Comptroller
3	of the Currency; and
4	"(3) consult with the committees described under
5	paragraph (1) with respect to the nature of the agree-
6	ment and any anticipated effects such agreement will
7	have on the economy.
8	"(d) Definition.—For purposes of this section, the
9	term 'process' shall include any official proceeding or meet-
10	ing on financial regulation of a recognized international
11	organization with authority to set financial standards on
12	a global or regional level, including the Financial Stability
13	Board, the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision (or
14	a similar organization), and the International Association
15	of Insurance Supervisors (or a similar organization)."; and
16	(2) in the table of contents for such chapter, by
17	adding at the end the following new item:
	"5156B. International processes.".
18	(e) Securities and Exchange Commission Re-
19	QUIREMENTS.—Section 4 of the Securities Exchange Act of
20	1934 (15 U.S.C. 78d) is amended by adding at the end the
21	following new subsection:
22	"(j) International Processes.—
23	"(1) Notice of process; consultation.—At
24	least 30 calendar days before the Commission partici-
25	pates in a process of setting financial standards as a

1	part of any foreign or multinational entity, the Com-
2	mission shall—
3	"(A) issue a notice of the process, including
4	the subject matter, scope, and goals of the proc-
5	ess, to the Committee on Financial Services of
6	the House of Representatives and the Committee
7	on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the
8	Senate;
9	"(B) make such notice available to the pub-
10	lic, including on the website of the Commission;
11	and
12	"(C) solicit public comment, and consult
13	with the committees described under subpara-
14	graph (A), with respect to the subject matter,
15	scope, and goals of the process.
16	"(2) Public reports on process.—After the
17	end of any process described under paragraph (1), the
18	Commission shall issue a public report on the topics
19	that were discussed at the process and any new or re-
20	vised rulemakings or policy changes that the Commis-
21	sion believes should be implemented as a result of the
22	process.
23	"(3) Notice of agreements; consultation.—
24	At least 90 calendar days before the Commission par-
25	ticipates in a process of setting financial standards as

1	a part of any foreign or multinational entity, the
2	Commission shall—
3	"(A) issue a notice of agreement to the Com-
4	mittee on Financial Services of the House of
5	Representatives and the Committee on Banking,
6	Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate;
7	"(B) make such notice available to the pub-
8	lic, including on the website of the Commission;
9	and
10	"(C) consult with the committees described
11	under subparagraph (A) with respect to the na-
12	ture of the agreement and any anticipated effects
13	such agreement will have on the economy.
14	"(4) Definition.—For purposes of this sub-
15	section, the term 'process' shall include any official
16	proceeding or meeting on financial regulation of a
17	recognized international organization with authority
18	to set financial standards on a global or regional
19	level, including the Financial Stability Board, the
20	Basel Committee on Banking Supervision (or a simi-
21	lar organization), and the International Association
22	of Insurance Supervisors (or a similar organiza-
23	tion).".

1	(f) Commodity Futures Trading Commission Re-
2	QUIREMENTS.—Section 2 of the Commodity Exchange Act
3	(7 U.S.C. 2) is amended by adding at the end the following:
4	"(k) International Processes.—
5	"(1) Notice of process; consultation.—At
6	least 30 calendar days before the Commission partici-
7	pates in a process of setting financial standards as a
8	part of any foreign or multinational entity, the Com-
9	mission shall—
10	"(A) issue a notice of the process, including
11	the subject matter, scope, and goals of the proc-
12	ess, to—
13	"(i) the Committees on Financial Serv-
14	ices and Agriculture of the House of Rep-
15	resentatives; and
16	"(ii) the Committees on Banking,
17	Housing, and Urban Affairs and Agri-
18	culture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Sen-
19	ate;
20	"(B) make such notice available to the pub-
21	lic, including on the website of the Commission;
22	and
23	"(C) solicit public comment, and consult
24	with the committees described under subpara-

1	graph (A), with respect to the subject matter,
2	scope, and goals of the process.
3	"(2) Public reports on process.—After the
4	end of any process described under paragraph (1), the
5	Commission shall issue a public report on the topics
6	that were discussed during the process and any new
7	or revised rulemakings or policy changes that the
8	Commission believes should be implemented as a re-
9	sult of the process.
10	"(3) Notice of agreements; consultation.—
11	At least 90 calendar days before the Commission par-
12	ticipates in a process of setting financial standards as
13	a part of any foreign or multinational entity, the
14	Commission shall—
15	"(A) issue a notice of agreement to—
16	"(i) the Committees on Financial Serv-
17	ices and Agriculture of the House of Rep-
18	resentatives; and
19	"(ii) the Committees on Banking,
20	Housing, and Urban Affairs and Agri-
21	culture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Sen-
22	ate;
23	"(B) make such notice available to the pub-
24	lic, including on the website of the Commission;
25	and

1	"(C) consult with the committees described
2	under subparagraph (A) with respect to the na-
3	ture of the agreement and any anticipated effects
4	such agreement will have on the economy.
5	"(4) Definition.—For purposes of this sub-
6	section, the term 'process' shall include any official
7	proceeding or meeting on financial regulation of a
8	recognized international organization with authority
9	to set financial standards on a global or regional
10	level, including the Financial Stability Board, the
11	Basel Committee on Banking Supervision (or a simi-
12	lar organization), and the International Association
13	of Insurance Supervisors (or a similar organiza-
14	tion).".
15	TITLE VII—FED OVERSIGHT
16	REFORM AND MODERNIZATION
17	SEC. 701. REQUIREMENTS FOR POLICY RULES OF THE FED-
18	ERAL OPEN MARKET COMMITTEE.
19	The Federal Reserve Act (12 U.S.C. 221 et seq.) is
20	amended by inserting after section 2B the following new
21	section:
22	"SEC. 2C. DIRECTIVE POLICY RULES OF THE FEDERAL
23	OPEN MARKET COMMITTEE.
24	"(a) Definitions.—In this section the following defi-
25	nitions shall apply:

1	"(1) Appropriate congressional commit-
2	TEES.—The term 'appropriate congressional commit-
3	tees' means the Committee on Financial Services of
4	the House of Representatives and the Committee on
5	Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate.
6	"(2) Directive policy rule.—The term 'Direc-
7	tive Policy Rule' means a policy rule developed by the
8	Federal Open Market Committee that meets the re-
9	quirements of subsection (c) and that provides the
10	basis for the Open Market Operations Directive.
11	"(3) GDP.—The term 'GDP' means the gross do-
12	mestic product of the United States as computed and
13	published by the Department of Commerce.
14	"(4) Intermediate policy input.—The term
15	'Intermediate Policy Input'—
16	"(A) may include any variable determined
17	by the Federal Open Market Committee as a nec-
18	essary input to guide open-market operations;
19	"(B) shall include an estimate of, and the
20	method of calculation for, the current rate of in-
21	flation or current inflation expectations; and
22	"(C) shall include, specifying whether the
23	variable or estimate is historical, current, or a
24	forecast and the method of calculation, at least
25	one of—

1	"(i) an estimate of real GDP, nominal
2	GDP, or potential GDP;
3	"(ii) an estimate of the monetary ag-
4	gregate compiled by the Board of Governors
5	of the Federal Reserve System and Federal
6	reserve banks; or
7	"(iii) an interactive variable or a net
8	estimate composed of the estimates described
9	in clauses (i) and (ii).
10	"(5) Legislative day.—The term legislative
11	day' means a day on which either House of Congress
12	is in session.
13	"(6) Open market operations directive.—
14	The term 'Open Market Operations Directive' means
15	an order to achieve a specified Policy Instrument
16	Target provided to the Federal Reserve Bank of New
17	York by the Federal Open Market Committee pursu-
18	ant to powers authorized under section 14 of this Act
19	that guide open-market operations.
20	"(7) Policy instrument.—The term 'Policy In-
21	strument' means—
22	"(A) the nominal Federal funds rate;
23	"(B) the nominal rate of interest paid on
24	nonborrowed reserves; or

1	"(C) the discount window primary credit
2	interest rate most recently published on the Fed-
3	eral Reserve Statistical Release on selected inter-
4	est rates (daily or weekly), commonly referred to
5	as the H.15 release.
6	"(8) Policy instrument target.—The term
7	'Policy Instrument Target' means the target for the
8	Policy Instrument specified in the Open Market Oper-
9	ations Directive.
10	"(9) Reference policy rule.—The term 'Ref-
11	erence Policy Rule' means a calculation of the nomi-
12	nal Federal funds rate as equal to the sum of the fol-
13	lowing:
14	"(A) The rate of inflation over the previous
15	four quarters.
16	"(B) One-half of the percentage deviation of
17	the real GDP from an estimate of potential
18	GDP.
19	"(C) One-half of the difference between the
20	rate of inflation over the previous four quarters
21	and two percent.
22	"(D) Two percent.
23	"(b) Submitting a Directive Policy Rule.—Not
24	later than 48 hours after the end of a meeting of the Federal
25	Open Market Committee, the Chairman of the Federal Open

1	Market Committee shall submit to the appropriate congres-
2	sional committees and the Comptroller General of the
3	United States a Directive Policy Rule and a statement that
4	identifies the members of the Federal Open Market Com-
5	mittee who voted in favor of the Rule.
6	"(c) Requirements for a Directive Policy
7	Rule.—A Directive Policy Rule shall—
8	"(1) identify the Policy Instrument the Directive
9	Policy Rule is designed to target;
10	"(2) describe the strategy or rule of the Federal
11	Open Market Committee for the systematic quan-
12	titative adjustment of the Policy Instrument Target to
13	respond to a change in the Intermediate Policy In-
14	puts;
15	"(3) include a function that comprehensively
16	models the interactive relationship between the Inter-
17	mediate Policy Inputs;
18	"(4) include the coefficients of the Directive Pol-
19	icy Rule that generate the current Policy Instrument
20	Target and a range of predicted future values for the
21	Policy Instrument Target if changes occur in any In-
22	termediate Policy Input;
23	"(5) describe the procedure for adjusting the sup-
24	ply of bank reserves to achieve the Policy Instrument
25	Target;

1	"(6) include a statement as to whether the Direc-
2	tive Policy Rule substantially conforms to the Ref-
3	erence Policy Rule and, if applicable—
4	"(A) an explanation of the extent to which
5	it departs from the Reference Policy Rule;
6	"(B) a detailed justification for that depar-
7	ture; and
8	"(C) a description of the circumstances
9	under which the Directive Policy Rule may be
10	amended in the future;
11	"(7) include a certification that such Rule is ex-
12	pected to support the economy in achieving stable
13	prices and maximum natural employment over the
14	long term;
15	"(8) include a calculation that describes with
16	mathematical precision the expected annual inflation
17	rate over a 5-year period; and
18	"(9) include a plan to use the most accurate
19	data, subject to all historical revisions, for inputs into
20	the Directive Policy Rule and the Reference Policy
21	Rule.
22	"(d) GAO REPORT.—The Comptroller General of the
23	United States shall compare the Directive Policy Rule sub-
24	mitted under subsection (b) with the rule that was most
25	recently submitted to determine whether the Directive Pol-

- 1 icy Rule has materially changed. If the Directive Policy
- 2 Rule has materially changed, the Comptroller General shall,
- 3 not later than 7 days after each meeting of the Federal Open
- 4 Market Committee, prepare and submit a compliance report
- 5 to the appropriate congressional committees specifying
- 6 whether the Directive Policy Rule submitted after that meet-
- 7 ing and the Federal Open Market Committee are in compli-
- 8 ance with this section.

9 "(e) Changing Market Conditions.—

10 "(1) Rule of construction.—Nothing in this 11 Act shall be construed to require that the plans with 12 respect to the systematic quantitative adjustment of 13 the Policy Instrument Target described under sub-14 section (c)(2) be implemented if the Federal Open 15 Market Committee determines that such plans cannot or should not be achieved due to changing market con-16 17 ditions.

"(2) GAO APPROVAL OF UPDATE.—Upon determining that plans described in paragraph (1) cannot or should not be achieved, the Federal Open Market Committee shall submit an explanation for that determination and an updated version of the Directive Policy Rule to the Comptroller General of the United States and the appropriate congressional committees not later than 48 hours after making the determina-

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- 1 tion. The Comptroller General shall, not later than 48
- 2 hours after receiving such updated version, prepare
- 3 and submit to the appropriate congressional commit-
- 4 tees a compliance report determining whether such
- 5 updated version and the Federal Open Market Com-
- 6 mittee are in compliance with this section.
- 7 "(f) Directive Policy Rule and Federal Open
- 8 Market Committee Not in Compliance.—
- 9 "(1) In general.—If the Comptroller General of
- 10 the United States determines that the Directive Policy
- 11 Rule and the Federal Open Market Committee are not
- in compliance with this section in the report sub-
- mitted pursuant to subsection (d), or that the updated
- version of the Directive Policy Rule and the Federal
- 15 Open Market Committee are not in compliance with
- this section in the report submitted pursuant to sub-
- 17 section (e)(2), the Chairman of the Board of Gov-
- 18 ernors of the Federal Reserve System shall, if re-
- 19 quested by the chairman of either of the appropriate
- 20 congressional committees, not later than 7 legislative
- 21 days after such request, testify before such committee
- as to why the Directive Policy Rule, the updated
- version, or the Federal Open Market Committee is not
- 24 in compliance.

1	$\it ``(2)\ GAO\ AUDITNotwithstanding\ subsection$
2	(b) of section 714 of title 31, United States Code,
3	upon submitting a report of noncompliance pursuant
4	to subsection (d) or subsection (e)(2) and after the pe-
5	riod of 7 legislative days described in paragraph (1),
6	the Comptroller General shall audit the conduct of
7	monetary policy by the Board of Governors of the
8	Federal Reserve System and the Federal Open Market
9	Committee upon request of the appropriate congres-
10	sional committee. Such committee may specify the pa-
11	rameters of such audit.
12	"(g) Congressional Hearings.—The Chairman of
13	the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System shall,
14	if requested by the chairman of either of the appropriate
15	congressional committees and not later than 7 legislative
16	days after such request, appear before such committee to ex-
17	plain any change to the Directive Policy Rule.".
18	SEC. 702. FEDERAL OPEN MARKET COMMITTEE BLACKOUT
19	PERIOD.
20	Section 12A of the Federal Reserve Act (12 U.S.C. 263)
21	is amended by adding at the end the following new sub-
22	section:
23	"(d) Blackout Period.—
24	"(1) In General.—During a blackout period,
25	the only public communications that may be made by

1	members and staff of the Committee with respect to
2	macroeconomic or financial developments or about
3	current or prospective monetary policy issues are the
4	following:
5	"(A) The dissemination of published data,
6	surveys, and reports that have been cleared for
7	publication by the Board of Governors of the
8	Federal Reserve System.
9	"(B) Answers to technical questions specific
10	to a data release.
11	"(C) Communications with respect to the
12	prudential or supervisory functions of the Board
13	of Governors.
14	"(2) Blackout period defined.—For pur-
15	poses of this subsection, and with respect to a meeting
16	of the Committee described under subsection (a), the
17	term 'blackout period' means the time period that—
18	"(A) begins immediately after midnight on
19	the day that is one week prior to the date on
20	which such meeting takes place; and
21	"(B) ends at midnight on the day after the
22	date on which such meeting takes place.
23	"(3) Exemption for chairman of the board
24	of governors.—Nothing in this section shall pro-
25	hibit the Chairman of the Board of Governors of the

1	Federal Reserve System from participating in or
2	issuing public communications.".
3	SEC. 703. MEMBERSHIP OF FEDERAL OPEN MARKET COM-
4	MITTEE.
5	Section 12A(a) of the Federal Reserve Act (12 U.S.C.
6	263(a)) is amended—
7	(1) in the first sentence, by striking "five" and
8	inserting "six";
9	(2) in the second sentence, by striking "One by
10	the board of directors" and all that follows through
11	the period at the end and inserting the following:
12	"One by the boards of directors of the Federal Reserve
13	Banks of New York and Boston; one by the boards of
14	directors of the Federal Reserve Banks of Philadelphia
15	and Cleveland; one by the boards of directors of the
16	Federal Reserve Banks of Richmond and Atlanta; one
17	by the boards of directors of the Federal Reserve
18	Banks of Chicago and St. Louis; one by the boards of
19	directors of the Federal Reserve Banks of Minneapolis
20	and Kansas City; and one by the boards of directors
21	of the Federal Reserve Banks of Dallas and San
22	Francisco."; and
23	(3) by inserting after the second sentence the fol-
24	lowing: "In odd numbered calendar years, one rep-
25	resentative shall be elected from each of the Federal

I	Reserve Banks of Boston, Philadelphia, Richmond,
2	Chicago, Minneapolis, and Dallas. In even-numbered
3	calendar years, one representative shall be elected
4	from each of the Federal Reserve Banks of New York,
5	Cleveland, Atlanta, St. Louis, Kansas City, and San
6	Francisco.".
7	SEC. 704. FREQUENCY OF TESTIMONY OF THE CHAIRMAN
8	OF THE BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF THE FED-
9	ERAL RESERVE SYSTEM TO CONGRESS.
10	(a) In General.—Section 2B of the Federal Reserve
11	Act (12 U.S.C. 225b) is amended—
12	(1) by striking "semi-annual" each place it ap-
13	pears and inserting "quarterly"; and
14	(2) in subsection $(a)(2)$ —
15	(A) by inserting "and October 20" after
16	"July 20" each place it appears; and
17	(B) by inserting "and May 20" after "Feb-
18	ruary 20" each place it appears.
19	(b) Conforming Amendment.—Paragraph (12) of
20	section 10 of the Federal Reserve Act (12 U.S.C. 247b(12))
21	is amended by striking "semi-annual" and inserting "quar-
22	terly".

1	SEC. 705. VICE CHAIRMAN FOR SUPERVISION REPORT RE-
2	QUIREMENT.
3	Paragraph (12) of section 10 of the Federal Reserve
4	Act (12 U.S.C. 247(b)) is amended—
5	(1) by redesignating such paragraph as para-
6	graph (11); and
7	(2) in such paragraph, by adding at the end the
8	following: "In each such appearance, the Vice Chair-
9	man for Supervision shall provide written testimony
10	that includes the status of all pending and antici-
11	pated rulemakings that are being made by the Board
12	of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. If, at the
13	time of any appearance described in this paragraph,
14	the position of Vice Chairman for Supervision is va-
15	cant, the Vice Chairman for the Board of Governors
16	of the Federal Reserve System (who has the responsi-
17	bility to serve in the absence of the Chairman) shall

appear instead and provide the required written testi-

mony. If, at the time of any appearance described in

this paragraph, both Vice Chairman positions are va-

cant, the Chairman of the Board of Governors of the

Federal Reserve System shall appear instead and pro-

vide the required written testimony.".

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1	SEC. 706. SALARIES, FINANCIAL DISCLOSURES, AND OFFICE
2	STAFF OF THE BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF
3	THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM.
4	(a) In General.—Section 11 of the Federal Reserve
5	Act (12 U.S.C. 248) is amended—
6	(1) by redesignating the second subsection (s)
7	(relating to "Assessments, Fees, and Other Charges for
8	Certain Companies") as subsection (t); and
9	(2) by adding at the end the following new sub-
10	sections:
11	"(u) Ethics Standards for Members and Em-
12	PLOYEES.—
13	"(1) Prohibited and restricted financial
14	INTERESTS AND TRANSACTIONS.—The members and
15	employees of the Board of Governors of the Federal
16	Reserve System shall be subject to the provisions
17	under section 4401.102 of title 5, Code of Federal
18	Regulations, to the same extent as such provisions
19	apply to an employee of the Securities and Exchange
20	Commission.
21	"(2) Treatment of brokerage accounts and
22	AVAILABILITY OF ACCOUNT STATEMENTS.—The mem-
23	bers and employees of the Board of Governors of the
24	Federal Reserve System shall—
25	"(A) disclose all brokerage accounts that
26	they maintain, as well as those in which they

1	control trading or have a financial interest (in-
2	cluding managed accounts, trust accounts, in-
3	vestment club accounts, and the accounts of
4	spouses or minor children who live with the
5	member or employee); and
6	"(B) with respect to any securities account
7	that the member or employee is required to dis-
8	close to the Board of Governors, authorize their
9	brokers and dealers to send duplicate account
10	statements directly to Board of Governors.
11	"(3) Prohibitions related to outside em-
12	PLOYMENT AND ACTIVITIES.—The members and em-
13	ployees of the Board of Governors of the Federal Re-
14	serve System shall be subject to the prohibitions re-
15	lated to outside employment and activities described
16	under section 4401.103(c) of title 5, Code of Federal
17	Regulations, to the same extent as such prohibitions
18	apply to an employee of the Securities and Exchange
19	Commission.
20	"(4) Additional ethics standards.—The
21	members and employees of the Board of Governors of
22	the Federal Reserve System shall be subject to—
23	"(A) the employee responsibilities and con-
24	duct regulations of the Office of Personnel Man-

1	agement under part 735 of title 5, Code of Fed-
2	eral Regulations;
3	"(B) the canons of ethics contained in sub-
4	part C of part 200 of title 17, Code of Federal
5	Regulations, to the same extent as such subpart
6	applies to the employees of the Securities and
7	Exchange Commission; and
8	"(C) the regulations concerning the conduct
9	of members and employees and former members
10	and employees contained in subpart M of part
11	200 of title 17, Code of Federal Regulations, to
12	the same extent as such subpart applies to the
13	employees of the Securities and Exchange Com-
14	mission.
15	"(v) Disclosure of Staff Salaries and Financial
16	Information.—The Board of Governors of the Federal Re-
17	serve System shall make publicly available, on the website
18	of the Board of Governors, a searchable database that con-
19	tains the names of all members, officers, and employees of
20	the Board of Governors who receive an annual salary in
21	excess of the annual rate of basic pay for GS-15 of the Gen-
22	eral Schedule, and—
23	"(1) the yearly salary information for such indi-
24	viduals, along with any nonsalary compensation re-
25	ceived by such individuals; and

1	"(2) any financial disclosures required to be
2	made by such individuals.".
3	(b) Office Staff for Each Member of the Board
4	OF GOVERNORS.—Subsection (l) of section 11 of the Federal
5	Reserve Act (12 U.S.C. 248) is amended by adding at the
6	end the following: "Each member of the Board of Governors
7	of the Federal Reserve System may employ, at a minimum,
8	2 individuals, with such individuals selected by such mem-
9	ber and the salaries of such individuals set by such member.
10	A member may employ additional individuals as deter-
11	mined necessary by the Board of Governors.".
12	SEC. 707. AMENDMENTS TO POWERS OF THE BOARD OF
13	GOVERNORS OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYS-
13 14	GOVERNORS OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM.
14	TEM.
14 15	TEM. (a) In General.—Section 13(3) of the Federal Re-
14 15 16	TEM. (a) In General.—Section 13(3) of the Federal Reserve Act (12 U.S.C. 343(3)), as amended by section 221,
14 15 16 17	TEM. (a) In General.—Section 13(3) of the Federal Reserve Act (12 U.S.C. 343(3)), as amended by section 221, is further amended—
14 15 16 17 18	TEM. (a) In General.—Section 13(3) of the Federal Reserve Act (12 U.S.C. 343(3)), as amended by section 221, is further amended— (1) in subparagraph (A)—
14 15 16 17 18	TEM. (a) In General.—Section 13(3) of the Federal Reserve Act (12 U.S.C. 343(3)), as amended by section 221, is further amended— (1) in subparagraph (A)— (A) by inserting "that pose a threat to the
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	TEM. (a) In General.—Section 13(3) of the Federal Reserve Act (12 U.S.C. 343(3)), as amended by section 221, is further amended— (1) in subparagraph (A)— (A) by inserting "that pose a threat to the financial stability of the United States" after
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	TEM. (a) In General.—Section 13(3) of the Federal Reserve Act (12 U.S.C. 343(3)), as amended by section 221, is further amended— (1) in subparagraph (A)— (A) by inserting "that pose a threat to the financial stability of the United States" after "unusual and exigent circumstances"; and
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	TEM. (a) In General.—Section 13(3) of the Federal Reserve Act (12 U.S.C. 343(3)), as amended by section 221, is further amended— (1) in subparagraph (A)— (A) by inserting "that pose a threat to the financial stability of the United States" after "unusual and exigent circumstances"; and (B) by inserting "and by the affirmative

1	(A) in clause (i), by inserting at the end the
2	following: "Federal reserve banks may not accept
3	equity securities issued by the recipient of any
4	loan or other financial assistance under this
5	paragraph as collateral. Not later than 6 months
6	after the date of enactment of this sentence, the
7	Board shall, by rule, establish—
8	"(I) a method for determining the
9	sufficiency of the collateral required
10	under this paragraph;
11	"(II) acceptable classes of collat-
12	eral;
13	"(III) the amount of any discount
14	of such value that the Federal reserve
15	banks will apply for purposes of calcu-
16	lating the sufficiency of collateral
17	under this paragraph; and
18	"(IV) a method for obtaining
19	independent appraisals of the value of
20	collateral the Federal reserve banks re-
21	ceive."; and
22	(B) in clause (ii)—
23	(i) by striking the second sentence; and
24	(ii) by inserting after the first sentence
25	the following: "A borrower shall not be eligi-

1	ble to borrow from any emergency lending
2	program or facility unless the Board and
3	all federal banking regulators with jurisdic-
4	tion over the borrower certify that, at the
5	time the borrower initially borrows under
6	the program or facility, the borrower is not
7	in solvent.";
8	(3) by inserting "financial institution" before
9	"participant" each place such term appears;
10	(4) in subparagraph $(D)(i)$, by inserting "finan-
11	cial institution" before "participants"; and
12	(5) by adding at the end the following new sub-
13	paragraphs:
14	"(E) Penalty rate.—
15	"(i) In general.—Not later than 6
16	months after the date of enactment of this
17	subparagraph, the Board shall, with respect
18	to a recipient of any loan or other financial
19	assistance under this paragraph, establish
20	by rule a minimum interest rate on the
21	principal amount of any loan or other fi-
22	$nancial\ assistance.$
23	"(ii) Minimum interest rate de-
24	FINED.—In this subparagraph, the term

1	'minimum interest rate' shall mean the sum
2	of—
3	"(I) the average of the secondary
4	discount rate of all Federal Reserve
5	banks over the most recent 90-day pe-
6	riod; and
7	"(II) the average of the difference
8	between a distressed corporate bond
9	yield index (as defined by rule of the
10	Board) and a bond yield index of debt
11	issued by the United States (as defined
12	by rule of the Board) over the most re-
13	cent 90-day period.
14	"(F) Financial institution participant
15	DEFINED.—For purposes of this paragraph, the
16	term 'financial institution participant'—
17	"(i) means a company that is pre-
18	dominantly engaged in financial activities
19	(as defined in section 102(a) of the Dodd-
20	Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer
21	Protection Act (12 U.S.C. 5311(a))); and
22	"(ii) does not include an agency de-
23	scribed in subparagraph (W) of section
24	5312(a)(2) of title 31, United States Code,

1	or an entity controlled or sponsored by such
2	an agency.".
3	(b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 11(r)(2)(A)
4	of such Act is amended—
5	(1) in clause (ii)(IV), by striking "; and" and
6	inserting a semicolon;
7	(2) in clause (iii), by striking the period at the
8	end and inserting "; and"; and
9	(3) by adding at the end the following new
10	clause:
11	"(iv) the available members secure the affirma-
12	tive vote of not less than nine presidents of the Fed-
13	eral reserve banks.".
14	SEC. 708. INTEREST RATES ON BALANCES MAINTAINED AT
15	A FEDERAL RESERVE BANK BY DEPOSITORY
16	INSTITUTIONS ESTABLISHED BY FEDERAL
17	OPEN MARKET COMMITTEE.
18	Subparagraph (A) of section 19(b)(12) of the Federal
19	Reserve Act (12 U.S.C. 461(b)(12)(A)) is amended by in-
20	serting "established by the Federal Open Market Com-
21	mittee" after "rate or rates".

1	SEC. 709. AUDIT REFORM AND TRANSPARENCY FOR THE
2	BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF THE FEDERAL RE-
3	SERVE SYSTEM.
4	(a) In General.—Notwithstanding section 714 of title
5	31, United States Code, or any other provision of law, the
6	Comptroller General of the United States shall annually
7	complete an audit of the Board of Governors of the Federal
8	Reserve System and the Federal reserve banks under sub-
9	section (b) of such section 714 within 12 months after the
10	date of the enactment of this Act.
11	(b) Report.—
12	(1) In general.—Not later than 90 days after
13	each audit required pursuant to subsection (a) is
14	completed, the Comptroller General—
15	(A) shall submit to Congress a report on
16	such audit; and
17	(B) shall make such report available to the
18	Speaker of the House, the majority and minority
19	leaders of the House of Representatives, the ma-
20	jority and minority leaders of the Senate, the
21	Chairman and Ranking Member of the com-
22	mittee and each subcommittee of jurisdiction in
23	the House of Representatives and the Senate, and
24	any other Member of Congress who requests the
25	report.

1	(2) Contents.—The report under paragraph (1)
2	shall include a detailed description of the findings
3	and conclusion of the Comptroller General with re-
4	spect to the audit that is the subject of the report, to-
5	gether with such recommendations for legislative or
6	administrative action as the Comptroller General
7	may determine to be appropriate.
8	(c) Repeal of Certain Limitations.—Subsection
9	(b) of section 714 of title 31, United States Code, is amend-
10	ed by striking the second sentence.
11	(d) Technical and Conforming Amendments.—
12	(1) In General.—Section 714 of title 31,
13	United States Code, is amended—
14	(A) in subsection (d)(3), by striking "or (f)"
15	each place such term appears;
16	(B) in subsection (e), by striking "the third
17	undesignated paragraph of section 13" and in-
18	serting "section 13(3)"; and
19	(C) by striking subsection (f).
20	(2) Federal reserve act.—Subsection (s) (re-
21	lating to "Federal Reserve Transparency and Release
22	of Information") of section 11 of the Federal Reserve
23	Act (12 U.S.C. 248) is amended—
24	(A) in paragraph (4)(A), by striking "has
25	the same meaning as in section $714(f)(1)(A)$ of

1	title 31, United States Code" and inserting
2	"means a program or facility, including any
3	special purpose vehicle or other entity established
4	by or on behalf of the Board of Governors of the
5	Federal Reserve System or a Federal reserve
6	bank, authorized by the Board of Governors
7	under section 13(3), that is not subject to audit
8	under section 714(e) of title 31, United States
9	Code";
10	(B) in paragraph (6), by striking "or in
11	section $714(f)(3)(C)$ of title 31, United States
12	Code, the information described in paragraph
13	(1) and information concerning the transactions
14	described in section 714(f) of such title," and in-
15	serting "the information described in paragraph
16	(1)"; and
17	(C) in paragraph (7), by striking "and sec-
18	tion $13(3)(C)$, section $714(f)(3)(C)$ of title 31,
19	United States Code, and" and inserting ", sec-
20	tion $13(3)(C)$, and".
21	SEC. 710. ESTABLISHMENT OF A CENTENNIAL MONETARY
22	COMMISSION.
23	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
24	(1) The Constitution endows Congress with the
25	power "to coin money, regulate the value thereof".

- 1 (2) Following the financial crisis known as the 2 Panic of 1907, Congress established the National 3 Monetary Commission to provide recommendations 4 for the reform of the financial and monetary systems 5 of the United States.
 - (3) Incorporating several of the recommendations of the National Monetary Commission, Congress created the Federal Reserve System in 1913. As currently organized, the Federal Reserve System consists of the Board of Governors in Washington, District of Columbia, and the Federal Reserve Banks organized into 12 districts around the United States. The stockholders of the 12 Federal Reserve Banks include national and certain State-chartered commercial banks, which operate on a fractional reserve basis.
 - (4) Originally, Congress gave the Federal Reserve System a monetary mandate to provide an elastic currency, within the context of a gold standard, in response to seasonal fluctuations in the demand for currency.
 - (5) Congress also gave the Federal Reserve System a financial stability mandate to serve as the lender of last resort to solvent but illiquid banks during a financial crisis.

- (6) In 1977, Congress changed the monetary mandate of the Federal Reserve System to a dual mandate for maximum employment and stable prices.
 - (7) Empirical studies and historical evidence, both within the United States and in other countries, demonstrate that price stability is desirable because both inflation and deflation damage the economy.
 - (8) The economic challenge of recent years—most notably the bursting of the housing bubble, the financial crisis of 2008, and the ensuing anemic recovery—have occurred at great cost in terms of lost jobs and output.
 - (9) Policymakers are reexamining the structure and functioning of financial institutions and markets to determine what, if any, changes need to be made to place the financial system on a stronger, more sustainable path going forward.
 - (10) The Federal Reserve System has taken extraordinary actions in response to the recent economic challenges.
 - (11) The Federal Open Market Committee has engaged in multiple rounds of quantitative easing, providing unprecedented liquidity to financial markets, while committing to holding short-term interest rates low for a seemingly indefinite period, and pur-

1	suing a policy of credit allocation by purchasing Fed-
2	eral agency debt and mortgage-backed securities.
3	(12) In the wake of the recent extraordinary ac-
4	tions of the Federal Reserve System, Congress—con-
5	sistent with its constitutional responsibilities and as
6	it has done periodically throughout the history of the
7	United States—has once again renewed its examina-
8	tion of monetary policy.
9	(13) Central in such examination has been a re-
10	newed look at what is the most proper mandate for
11	the Federal Reserve System to conduct monetary pol-
12	icy in the 21st century.
13	(b) Establishment of a Centennial Monetary
14	Commission.—There is established a commission to be
15	known as the "Centennial Monetary Commission" (in this
16	section referred to as the "Commission").
17	(c) Study and Report on Monetary Policy.—
18	(1) Study.—The Commission shall—
19	(A) examine how United States monetary
20	policy since the creation of the Board of Gov-
21	ernors of the Federal Reserve System in 1913 has
22	affected the performance of the United States
23	economy in terms of output, employment, prices,
24	and financial stability over time;

1	(B) evaluate various operational regimes
2	under which the Board of Governors of the Fed-
3	eral Reserve System and the Federal Open Mar-
4	ket Committee may conduct monetary policy in
5	terms achieving the maximum sustainable level
6	of output and employment and price stability
7	over the long term, including—
8	(i) discretion in determining monetary
9	policy without an operational regime;
10	(ii) price level targeting;
11	(iii) inflation rate targeting;
12	(iv) nominal gross domestic product
13	targeting (both level and growth rate);
14	(v) the use of monetary policy rules;
15	and
16	(vi) the gold standard;
17	(C) evaluate the use of macro-prudential su-
18	pervision and regulation as a tool of monetary
19	policy in terms of achieving the maximum sus-
20	tainable level of output and employment and
21	price stability over the long term;
22	(D) evaluate the use of the lender-of-last-re-
23	sort function of the Board of Governors of the
24	Federal Reserve System as a tool of monetary
25	policy in terms of achieving the maximum sus-

1	tainable level of output and employment and
2	price stability over the long term;
3	(E) recommend a course for United States
4	monetary policy going forward, including—
5	(i) the legislative mandate;
6	(ii) the operational regime;
7	(iii) the securities used in open market
8	operations; and
9	(iv) transparency issues; and
10	(F) consider the effects of the GDP output
11	and employment targets of the "dual mandate"
12	(both from the creation of the dual mandate in
13	1977 until the present time and estimates of the
14	future effect of the dual mandate) on—
15	(i) United States economic activity;
16	(ii) Federal Reserve actions; and
17	(iii) Federal debt.
18	(2) Report.—Not later than December 1, 2017,
19	the Commission shall submit to Congress and make
20	publicly available a report containing a statement of
21	the findings and conclusions of the Commission in
22	carrying out the study under paragraph (1), together
23	with the recommendations the Commission considers
24	appropriate. In making such report, the Commission

1	shall specifically report on the considerations required
2	$under\ paragraph\ (1)(F).$
3	(d) Membership.—
4	(1) Number and appointment.—
5	(A) APPOINTED VOTING MEMBERS.—The
6	Commission shall contain 12 voting members as
7	follows:
8	(i) Six members appointed by the
9	Speaker of the House of Representatives,
10	with four members from the majority party
11	and two members from the minority party.
12	(ii) Six members appointed by the
13	President Pro Tempore of the Senate, with
14	four members from the majority party and
15	two members from the minority party.
16	(B) Chairman.—The Speaker of the House
17	of Representatives and the majority leader of the
18	Senate shall jointly designate one of the members
19	of the Commission as Chairman.
20	(C) Non-voting members.—The Commis-
21	sion shall contain 2 non-voting members as fol-
22	lows:
23	(i) One member appointed by the Sec-
24	retary of the Treasury.

1	(ii) One member who is the president
2	of a district Federal reserve bank appointed
3	by the Chair of the Board of Governors of
4	the Federal Reserve System.
5	(2) Period of Appointment.—Each member
6	shall be appointed for the life of the Commission.
7	(3) Timing of appointment.—All members of
8	the Commission shall be appointed not later than 30
9	days after the date of the enactment of this section.
10	(4) Vacancies.—A vacancy in the Commission
11	shall not affect its powers, and shall be filled in the
12	manner in which the original appointment was
13	made.
14	(5) Meetings.—
15	(A) Initial meeting.—The Commission
16	shall hold its initial meeting and begin the oper-
17	ations of the Commission as soon as is prac-
18	ticable.
19	(B) Further meetings.—The Commission
20	shall meet upon the call of the Chair or a major-
21	ity of its members.
22	(6) Quorum.—Seven voting members of the
23	Commission shall constitute a quorum but a lesser
24	number may hold hearings.

1 (7) Member of congress defined.—In this 2 subsection, the term "Member of Congress" means a 3 Senator or a Representative in, or Delegate or Resi-4 dent Commissioner to, the Congress.

(e) Powers.—

- (1) Hearings and sessions.—The Commission or, on the authority of the Commission, any sub-committee or member thereof, may, for the purpose of carrying out this section, hold hearings, sit and act at times and places, take testimony, receive evidence, or administer oaths as the Commission or such sub-committee or member thereof considers appropriate.
- (2) Contract authority.—To the extent or in the amounts provided in advance in appropriation Acts, the Commission may contract with and compensate government and private agencies or persons to enable the Commission to discharge its duties under this section, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (41 U.S.C. 5).

(3) Obtaining official data.—

(A) In General.—The Commission is authorized to secure directly from any executive department, bureau, agency, board, commission, office, independent establishment, or instrumentality of the Government, any information, in-

1	cluding suggestions, estimates, or statistics, for
2	the purposes of this section.
3	(B) Requesting official data.—The
4	head of such department, bureau, agency, board,
5	commission, office, independent establishment, or
6	instrumentality of the government shall, to the
7	extent authorized by law, furnish such informa-
8	tion upon request made by—
9	(i) the Chair;
10	(ii) the Chair of any subcommittee cre-
11	ated by a majority of the Commission; or
12	(iii) any member of the Commission
13	designated by a majority of the commission
14	to request such information.
15	(4) Assistance from federal agencies.—
16	(A) General services administra-
17	TION.—The Administrator of General Services
18	shall provide to the Commission on a reimburs-
19	able basis administrative support and other serv-
20	ices for the performance of the functions of the
21	Commission.
22	(B) Other departments and agen-
23	CIES.—In addition to the assistance prescribed
24	in subparagraph (A), at the request of the Com-
25	mission, departments and agencies of the United

1	States shall provide such services, funds, facili-
2	ties, staff, and other support services as may be
3	authorized by law.
4	(5) Postal service.—The Commission may use
5	the United States mails in the same manner and
6	under the same conditions as other departments and
7	agencies of the United States.
8	(f) Commission Personnel.—
9	(1) Appointment and compensation of
10	STAFF.—
11	(A) In general.—Subject to rules pre-
12	scribed by the Commission, the Chair may ap-
13	point and fix the pay of the executive director
14	and other personnel as the Chair considers ap-
15	propriate.
16	(B) Applicability of civil service
17	LAWS.—The staff of the Commission may be ap-
18	pointed without regard to the provisions of title
19	5, United States Code, governing appointments
20	in the competitive service, and may be paid
21	without regard to the provisions of chapter 51
22	and subchapter III of chapter 53 of that title re-
23	lating to classification and General Schedule pay

rates, except that an individual so appointed

1	may	not	receive	pay	in	excess	of	level	V	of th
2	Exec	utive	Schedu	ıle.						

- (2) Consultants.—The Commission may procure temporary and intermittent services under section 3109(b) of title 5, United States Code, but at rates for individuals not to exceed the daily equivalent of the rate of pay for a person occupying a position at level IV of the Executive Schedule.
- (3) STAFF OF FEDERAL AGENCIES.—Upon request of the Commission, the head of any Federal department or agency may detail, on a reimbursable basis, any of the personnel of such department or agency to the Commission to assist it in carrying out its duties under this section.

15 (g) Termination of Commission.—

- 16 (1) In General.—The Commission shall termi-17 nate on June 1, 2017.
- 18 (2) ADMINISTRATIVE ACTIVITIES BEFORE TERMI19 NATION.—The Commission may use the period be20 tween the submission of its report and its termination
 21 for the purpose of concluding its activities, including
 22 providing testimony to the committee of Congress con23 cerning its report.
- 24 (h) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is 25 authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section

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1	\$1,000,000, which shall remain available until the date on
2	which the Commission terminates.
3	SEC. 711. PUBLIC TRANSCRIPTS OF FOMC MEETINGS.
4	Section 12A of the Federal Reserve Act (12 U.S.C.
5	263), as amended by this Act, is further amended by adding
6	at the end the following:
7	"(e) Public Transcripts of Meetings.—The Com-
8	mittee shall—
9	"(1) record all meetings of the Committee; and
10	"(2) make the full transcript of such meetings
11	available to the public.".
12	TITLE VIII—DEMANDING AC-
13	COUNTABILITY FROM WALL
13 14	COUNTABILITY FROM WALL STREET
14	STREET
14 15	STREET Subtitle A—SEC Penalties
14 15 16	STREET Subtitle A—SEC Penalties Modernization
14 15 16 17	STREET Subtitle A—SEC Penalties Modernization SEC. 801. ENHANCEMENT OF CIVIL PENALTIES FOR SECURI-
14 15 16 17	STREET Subtitle A—SEC Penalties Modernization SEC. 801. ENHANCEMENT OF CIVIL PENALTIES FOR SECURITIES LAWS VIOLATIONS.
114 115 116 117 118	STREET Subtitle A—SEC Penalties Modernization SEC. 801. ENHANCEMENT OF CIVIL PENALTIES FOR SECURITIES LAWS VIOLATIONS. (a) Updated Civil Money Penalties.—
114 115 116 117 118 119 220	STREET Subtitle A—SEC Penalties Modernization SEC. 801. ENHANCEMENT OF CIVIL PENALTIES FOR SECURITIES LAWS VIOLATIONS. (a) Updated Civil Money Penalties.— (1) Securities act of 1933.—
114 115 116 117 118 119 220 221	STREET Subtitle A—SEC Penalties Modernization SEC. 801. Enhancement of civil penalties for securities laws violations. (a) Updated Civil Money Penalties.— (1) Securities act of 1933.— (A) Money Penalties in Administrative

1	(I) by striking "\$7,500" and in-
2	serting "\$10,000"; and
3	(II) by striking "\$75,000" and in-
4	serting "\$100,000";
5	(ii) in subparagraph (B)—
6	(I) by striking "\$75,000" and in-
7	serting "\$100,000"; and
8	(II) by striking "\$375,000" and
9	inserting "\$500,000"; and
10	(iii) by striking subparagraph (C) and
11	inserting the following:
12	"(C) Third tier.—
13	"(i) In General.—Notwithstanding
14	subparagraphs (A) and (B), the amount of
15	penalty for each such act or omission shall
16	not exceed the amount specified in clause
17	(ii) if—
18	"(I) the act or omission described
19	in paragraph (1) involved fraud, de-
20	ceit, manipulation, or deliberate or
21	reckless disregard of a regulatory re-
22	quirement; and
23	"(II) such act or omission directly
24	or indirectly resulted in—

1	"(aa) substantial losses or
2	created a significant risk of sub-
3	stantial losses to other persons; or
4	"(bb) substantial pecuniary
5	gain to the person who committed
6	the act or omission.
7	"(ii) Maximum amount of pen-
8	ALTY.—The amount referred to in clause (i)
9	is the greatest of—
10	"(I) \$300,000 for a natural per-
11	son or \$1,450,000 for any other person;
12	"(II) 3 times the gross amount of
13	pecuniary gain to the person who com-
14	mitted the act or omission; or
15	"(III) the amount of losses in-
16	curred by victims as a result of the act
17	or omission.".
18	(B) Money penalties in civil actions.—
19	Section $20(d)(2)$ of the Securities Act of 1933 (15
20	U.S.C. 77 $t(d)(2)$) is amended—
21	(i) in subparagraph (A)—
22	(I) by striking "\$5,000" and in-
23	serting "\$10,000"; and
24	(II) by striking "\$50,000" and in-
25	serting "\$100,000";

1	(ii) in subparagraph (B)—
2	(I) by striking "\$50,000" and in-
3	serting "\$100,000"; and
4	(II) by striking "\$250,000" and
5	inserting "\$500,000"; and
6	(iii) by striking subparagraph (C) and
7	inserting the following:
8	"(C) Third tier.—
9	"(i) In General.—Notwithstanding
10	subparagraphs (A) and (B), the amount of
11	penalty for each such violation shall not ex-
12	ceed the amount specified in clause (ii) if—
13	"(I) the violation described in
14	paragraph (1) involved fraud, deceit,
15	manipulation, or deliberate or reckless
16	disregard of a regulatory requirement;
17	and
18	"(II) such violation directly or in-
19	directly resulted in substantial losses
20	or created a significant risk of substan-
21	tial losses to other persons.
22	"(ii) Maximum amount of pen-
23	ALTY.—The amount referred to in clause (i)
24	is the greatest of—

1	"(I) \$300,000 for a natural per-
2	son or \$1,450,000 for any other person;
3	"(II) 3 times the gross amount of
4	pecuniary gain to such defendant as a
5	result of the violation; or
6	"(III) the amount of losses in-
7	curred by victims as a result of the vio-
8	lation.".
9	(2) Securities exchange act of 1934.—
10	(A) Money penalties in civil actions.—
11	Section $21(d)(3)(B)$ of the Securities Exchange
12	Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. $78u(d)(3)(B)$) is amend-
13	ed—
14	(i) in clause (i)—
15	(I) by striking "\$5,000" and in-
16	serting "\$10,000"; and
17	(II) by striking "\$50,000" and in-
18	serting "\$100,000";
19	(ii) in clause (ii)—
20	(I) by striking "\$50,000" and in-
21	serting "\$100,000"; and
22	(II) by striking "\$250,000" and
23	inserting "\$500,000"; and
24	(iii) by striking clause (iii) and insert-
25	ing the following:

1	"(iii) Third tier.—
2	"(I) In General.—Notwithstanding
3	clauses (i) and (ii), the amount of penalty
4	for each such violation shall not exceed the
5	amount specified in subclause (II) if—
6	"(aa) the violation described in
7	subparagraph (A) involved fraud, de-
8	ceit, manipulation, or deliberate or
9	reckless disregard of a regulatory re-
10	quirement; and
11	"(bb) such violation directly or
12	indirectly resulted in substantial losses
13	or created a significant risk of substan-
14	tial losses to other persons.
15	"(II) MAXIMUM AMOUNT OF PEN-
16	ALTY.—The amount referred to in subclause
17	(I) is the greatest of—
18	"(aa) \$300,000 for a natural per-
19	son or \$1,450,000 for any other person;
20	"(bb) 3 times the gross amount of
21	pecuniary gain to such defendant as a
22	result of the violation; or
23	"(cc) the amount of losses in-
24	curred by victims as a result of the vio-
25	lation.".

1	(B) Money penalties in administrative
2	ACTIONS.—Section 21B(b) of the Securities Ex-
3	change Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78u-2(b)) is
4	amended—
5	(i) in paragraph (1)—
6	(I) by striking "\$5,000" and in-
7	serting "\$10,000"; and
8	(II) by striking "\$50,000" and in-
9	serting "\$100,000";
10	(ii) in paragraph (2)—
11	(I) by striking "\$50,000" and in-
12	serting "\$100,000"; and
13	(II) by striking "\$250,000" and
14	inserting "\$500,000"; and
15	(iii) by striking paragraph (3) and in-
16	serting the following:
17	"(3) Third tier.—
18	"(A) In general.—Notwithstanding para-
19	graphs (1) and (2), the amount of penalty for
20	each such act or omission shall not exceed the
21	amount specified in subparagraph (B) if—
22	"(i) the act or omission described in
23	subsection (a) involved fraud, deceit, ma-
24	nipulation, or deliberate or reckless dis-
25	regard of a regulatory requirement; and

1	"(ii) such act or omission directly or
2	indirectly resulted in substantial losses or
3	created a significant risk of substantial
4	losses to other persons or resulted in sub-
5	stantial pecuniary gain to the person who
6	committed the act or omission.
7	"(B) Maximum amount of penalty.—The
8	amount referred to in subparagraph (A) is the
9	greatest of—
10	"(i) \$300,000 for a natural person or
11	\$1,450,000 for any other person;
12	"(ii) 3 times the gross amount of pecu-
13	niary gain to the person who committed the
14	act or omission; or
15	"(iii) the amount of losses incurred by
16	victims as a result of the act or omission.".
17	(3) Investment company act of 1940.—
18	(A) Money penalties in administrative
19	ACTIONS.—Section $9(d)(2)$ of the Investment
20	Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-9(d)(2)) is
21	amended—
22	(i) in subparagraph (A)—
23	(I) by striking "\$5,000" and in-
24	serting "\$10,000"; and

1	(II) by striking "\$50,000" and in-
2	serting "\$100,000";
3	(ii) in subparagraph (B)—
4	(I) by striking "\$50,000" and in-
5	serting "\$100,000"; and
6	(II) by striking "\$250,000" and
7	inserting "\$500,000"; and
8	(iii) by striking subparagraph (C) and
9	inserting the following:
10	"(C) Third tier.—
11	``(i) In General.—Notwith standing
12	subparagraphs (A) and (B), the amount of
13	penalty for each such act or omission shall
14	not exceed the amount specified in clause
15	(ii) if—
16	"(I) the act or omission described
17	in paragraph (1) involved fraud, de-
18	ceit, manipulation, or deliberate or
19	reckless disregard of a regulatory re-
20	quirement; and
21	"(II) such act or omission directly
22	or indirectly resulted in substantial
23	losses or created a significant risk of
24	substantial losses to other persons or
25	resulted in substantial pecuniary gain

1	to the person who committed the act or
2	omission.
3	"(ii) Maximum amount of pen-
4	ALTY.—The amount referred to in clause (i)
5	is the greatest of—
6	"(I) \$300,000 for a natural per-
7	son or \$1,450,000 for any other person;
8	"(II) 3 times the gross amount of
9	pecuniary gain to the person who com-
10	mitted the act or omission; or
11	"(III) the amount of losses in-
12	curred by victims as a result of the act
13	or omission.".
14	(B) Money penalties in civil actions.—
15	Section 42(e)(2) of the Investment Company Act
16	of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-41(e)(2)) is amended—
17	(i) in subparagraph (A)—
18	(I) by striking "\$5,000" and in-
19	serting "\$10,000"; and
20	(II) by striking "\$50,000" and in-
21	serting "\$100,000";
22	(ii) in subparagraph (B)—
23	(I) by striking "\$50,000" and in-
24	serting "\$100,000"; and

1	(II) by striking "\$250,000" and
2	inserting "\$500,000"; and
3	(iii) by striking subparagraph (C) and
4	inserting the following:
5	"(C) Third tier.—
6	"(i) In General.—Notwithstanding
7	subparagraphs (A) and (B), the amount of
8	penalty for each such violation shall not ex-
9	ceed the amount specified in clause (ii) if—
10	"(I) the violation described in
11	paragraph (1) involved fraud, deceit,
12	manipulation, or deliberate or reckless
13	disregard of a regulatory requirement;
14	and
15	"(II) such violation directly or in-
16	directly resulted in substantial losses
17	or created a significant risk of substan-
18	tial losses to other persons.
19	"(ii) Maximum amount of pen-
20	ALTY.—The amount referred to in clause (i)
21	is the greatest of—
22	"(I) \$300,000 for a natural per-
23	son or \$1,450,000 for any other person:

1	"(II) 3 times the gross amount of
2	pecuniary gain to such defendant as a
3	result of the violation; or
4	"(III) the amount of losses in-
5	curred by victims as a result of the vio-
6	lation.".
7	(4) Investment advisers act of 1940.—
8	(A) Money penalties in administrative
9	ACTIONS.—Section 203(i)(2) of the Investment
10	Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80b-3(i)(2)) is
11	amended—
12	(i) in subparagraph (A)—
13	(I) by striking "\$5,000" and in-
14	serting "\$10,000"; and
15	(II) by striking "\$50,000" and in-
16	serting "\$100,000";
17	(ii) in subparagraph (B)—
18	(I) by striking "\$50,000" and in-
19	serting "\$100,000"; and
20	(II) by striking "\$250,000" and
21	inserting "\$500,000"; and
22	(iii) by striking subparagraph (C) and
23	inserting the following:
24	"(C) Third tier.—

1	"(i) In General.—Notwithstanding
2	subparagraphs (A) and (B), the amount of
3	penalty for each such act or omission shall
4	not exceed the amount specified in clause
5	(ii) if—
6	"(I) the act or omission described
7	in paragraph (1) involved fraud, de-
8	ceit, manipulation, or deliberate or
9	reckless disregard of a regulatory re-
10	quirement; and
11	"(II) such act or omission directly
12	or indirectly resulted in substantial
13	losses or created a significant risk of
14	substantial losses to other persons or
15	resulted in substantial pecuniary gain
16	to the person who committed the act or
17	omission.
18	"(ii) Maximum amount of pen-
19	ALTY.—The amount referred to in clause (i)
20	is the greatest of—
21	"(I) \$300,000 for a natural per-
22	son or \$1,450,000 for any other person;
23	"(II) 3 times the gross amount of
24	pecuniary gain to the person who com-
25	mitted the act or omission; or

1	"(III) the amount of losses in-
2	curred by victims as a result of the act
3	or omission.".
4	(B) Money penalties in civil actions.—
5	Section 209(e)(2) of the Investment Advisers Act
6	of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80b–9(e)(2)) is amended—
7	(i) in subparagraph (A)—
8	(I) by striking "\$5,000" and in-
9	serting "\$10,000"; and
10	(II) by striking "\$50,000" and in-
11	serting "\$100,000";
12	(ii) in subparagraph (B)—
13	(I) by striking "\$50,000" and in-
14	serting "\$100,000"; and
15	(II) by striking "\$250,000" and
16	inserting "\$500,000"; and
17	(iii) by striking subparagraph (C) and
18	inserting the following:
19	"(C) Third tier.—
20	"(i) In General.—Notwithstanding
21	subparagraphs (A) and (B), the amount of
22	penalty for each such violation shall not ex-
23	ceed the amount specified in clause (ii) if—
24	"(I) the violation described in
25	paragraph (1) involved fraud, deceit,

1	manipulation, or deliberate or reckless
2	disregard of a regulatory requirement;
3	and
4	"(II) such violation directly or in-
5	directly resulted in substantial losses
6	or created a significant risk of substan-
7	tial losses to other persons.
8	"(ii) Maximum amount of pen-
9	ALTY.—The amount referred to in clause (i)
10	is the greatest of—
11	"(I) \$300,000 for a natural per-
12	son or \$1,450,000 for any other person;
13	"(II) 3 times the gross amount of
14	pecuniary gain to such defendant as a
15	result of the violation; or
16	"(III) the amount of losses in-
17	curred by victims as a result of the vio-
18	lation.".
19	(b) Penalties for Recidivists.—
20	(1) Securities act of 1933.—
21	(A) Money penalties in administrative
22	ACTIONS.—Section $8A(g)(2)$ of the Securities Act
23	of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77h-1(g)(2)) is amended by
24	adding at the end the following:

1 "(D) FOURTH TIER.—Notwithstanding sub-2 paragraphs (A), (B), and (C), the maximum amount of penalty for each such act or omission 3 4 shall be 3 times the otherwise applicable amount 5 in such subparagraphs if, within the 5-year pe-6 riod preceding such act or omission, the person 7 who committed the act or omission was crimi-8 nally convicted for securities fraud or became 9 subject to a judgment or order imposing mone-10 tary, equitable, or administrative relief in any Commission action alleging fraud by that per-12 son.".

> (B) Money penalties in civil actions.— Section 20(d)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933 (15) U.S.C. 77t(d)(2)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

> "(D) FOURTH TIER.—Notwithstanding subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C), the maximum amount of penalty for each such violation shall be 3 times the otherwise applicable amount in such subparagraphs if, within the 5-year period preceding such violation, the defendant was criminally convicted for securities fraud or became subject to a judgment or order imposing monetary, equitable, or administrative relief in

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1	any Commission action alleging fraud by that
2	defendant.".
3	(2) Securities exchange act of 1934.—
4	(A) Money penalties in civil actions.—
5	Section $21(d)(3)(B)$ of the Securities Exchange
6	Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. $78u(d)(3)(B)$) is amended
7	by adding at the end the following:
8	"(iv) Fourth tier.—Notwithstanding
9	clauses (i), (ii), and (iii), the maximum
10	amount of penalty for each such violation
11	shall be 3 times the otherwise applicable
12	amount in such clauses if, within the 5-year
13	period preceding such violation, the defend-
14	ant was criminally convicted for securities
15	fraud or became subject to a judgment or
16	order imposing monetary, equitable, or ad-
17	ministrative relief in any Commission ac-
18	tion alleging fraud by that defendant.".
19	(B) Money penalties in administrative
20	ACTIONS.—Section 21B(b) of the Securities Ex-
21	change Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78u-2(b)) is
22	amended by adding at the end the following:
23	"(4) Fourth tier.—Notwithstanding para-
24	graphs (1), (2), and (3), the maximum amount of
25	penalty for each such act or omission shall be 3 times

the otherwise applicable amount in such paragraphs if, within the 5-year period preceding such act or omission, the person who committed the act or omission was criminally convicted for securities fraud or became subject to a judgment or order imposing monetary, equitable, or administrative relief in any Commission action alleging fraud by that person."

(3) Investment company act of 1940.—

(A) Money penalties in administrative Actions.—Section 9(d)(2) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-9(d)(2)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(D) Fourth tier.—Notwithstanding subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C), the maximum amount of penalty for each such act or omission shall be 3 times the otherwise applicable amount in such subparagraphs if, within the 5-year period preceding such act or omission, the person who committed the act or omission was criminally convicted for securities fraud or became subject to a judgment or order imposing monetary, equitable, or administrative relief in any Commission action alleging fraud by that person.".

1	(B) Money penalties in civil actions.—
2	Section 42(e)(2) of the Investment Company Act
3	of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-41(e)(2)) is amended by
4	adding at the end the following:
5	"(D) Fourth tier.—Notwithstanding sub-
6	paragraphs (A), (B), and (C), the maximum
7	amount of penalty for each such violation shall
8	be 3 times the otherwise applicable amount in
9	such subparagraphs if, within the 5-year period
10	preceding such violation, the defendant was
11	criminally convicted for securities fraud or be-
12	came subject to a judgment or order imposing
13	monetary, equitable, or administrative relief in
14	any Commission action alleging fraud by that
15	defendant.".
16	(4) Investment advisers act of 1940.—
17	(A) Money penalties in administrative
18	ACTIONS.—Section $203(i)(2)$ of the Investment
19	Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80b-3(i)(2)) is
20	amended by adding at the end the following:
21	"(D) Fourth tier.—Notwithstanding sub-
22	paragraphs (A), (B), and (C), the maximum
23	amount of penalty for each such act or omission
24	shall be 3 times the otherwise applicable amount

in such subparagraphs if, within the 5-year pe-

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riod preceding such act or omission, the person who committed the act or omission was criminally convicted for securities fraud or became subject to a judgment or order imposing monetary, equitable, or administrative relief in any Commission action alleging fraud by that person.".

- (B) Money penalties in civil actions.—
 Section 209(e)(2) of the Investment Advisers Act
 of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80b-9(e)(2)) is amended by
 adding at the end the following:
- "(D) FOURTH TIER.—Notwithstanding subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C), the maximum
 amount of penalty for each such violation shall
 be 3 times the otherwise applicable amount in
 such subparagraphs if, within the 5-year period
 preceding such violation, the defendant was
 criminally convicted for securities fraud or became subject to a judgment or order imposing
 monetary, equitable, or administrative relief in
 any Commission action alleging fraud by that
 defendant.".
- 23 (c) Violations of Injunctions and Bars.—

1	(1) Securities act of 1933.—Section $20(d)$ of
2	the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77t(d)) is
3	amended—
4	(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting after
5	"the rules or regulations thereunder," the fol-
6	lowing: "a Federal court injunction or a bar ob-
7	tained or entered by the Commission under this
8	title,"; and
9	(B) by striking paragraph (4) and inserting
10	$the\ following:$
11	"(4) Special provisions relating to a viola-
12	TION OF AN INJUNCTION OR CERTAIN ORDERS.—
13	"(A) In general.—Each separate violation
14	of an injunction or order described in subpara-
15	graph (B) shall be a separate offense, except that
16	in the case of a violation through a continuing
17	failure to comply with such injunction or order,
18	each day of the failure to comply with the in-
19	junction or order shall be deemed a separate of-
20	fense.
21	"(B) Injunctions and orders.—Subpara-
22	graph (A) shall apply with respect to any action
23	to enforce—
24	"(i) a Federal court injunction ob-
25	tained pursuant to this title;

1	"(ii) an order entered or obtained by
2	the Commission pursuant to this title that
3	bars, suspends, places limitations on the ac-
4	tivities or functions of, or prohibits the ac-
5	tivities of, a person; or
6	"(iii) a cease-and-desist order entered
7	by the Commission pursuant to section
8	8A.".
9	(2) Securities exchange act of 1934.—Sec-
10	tion 21(d)(3) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
11	(15 U.S.C. 78u(d)(3)) is amended—
12	(A) in subparagraph (A), by inserting after
13	"the rules or regulations thereunder," the fol-
14	lowing: "a Federal court injunction or a bar ob-
15	tained or entered by the Commission under this
16	title,"; and
17	(B) by striking subparagraph (D) and in-
18	serting the following:
19	"(D) Special provisions relating to a vio-
20	LATION OF AN INJUNCTION OR CERTAIN ORDERS.—
21	"(i) In general.—Each separate violation
22	of an injunction or order described in clause (ii)
23	shall be a separate offense, except that in the case
24	of a violation through a continuing failure to
25	comply with such injunction or order, each day

1	of the failure to comply with the injunction or
2	order shall be deemed a separate offense.
3	"(ii) Injunctions and orders.—Clause
4	(i) shall apply with respect to an action to en-
5	force—
6	"(I) a Federal court injunction ob-
7	tained pursuant to this title;
8	"(II) an order entered or obtained by
9	the Commission pursuant to this title that
10	bars, suspends, places limitations on the ac-
11	tivities or functions of, or prohibits the ac-
12	tivities of, a person; or
13	"(III) a cease-and-desist order entered
14	by the Commission pursuant to section
15	21C.".
16	(3) Investment company act of 1940.—Section
17	42(e) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15
18	U.S.C. 80a-41(e)) is amended—
19	(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting after
20	"the rules or regulations thereunder," the fol-
21	lowing: "a Federal court injunction or a bar ob-
22	tained or entered by the Commission under this
23	title,"; and
24	(B) by striking paragraph (4) and inserting
25	$the\ following:$

1	"(4) Special provisions relating to a viola-
2	TION OF AN INJUNCTION OR CERTAIN ORDERS.—
3	"(A) In general.—Each separate violation
4	of an injunction or order described in subpara-
5	graph (B) shall be a separate offense, except that
6	in the case of a violation through a continuing
7	failure to comply with such injunction or order,
8	each day of the failure to comply with the in-
9	junction or order shall be deemed a separate of-
10	fense.
11	"(B) Injunctions and orders.—Subpara-
12	graph (A) shall apply with respect to any action
13	to enforce—
14	"(i) a Federal court injunction ob-
15	tained pursuant to this title;
16	"(ii) an order entered or obtained by
17	the Commission pursuant to this title that
18	bars, suspends, places limitations on the ac-
19	tivities or functions of, or prohibits the ac-
20	tivities of, a person; or
21	"(iii) a cease-and-desist order entered
22	by the Commission pursuant to section
23	9(f).".

1	(4) Investment advisers act of 1940.—Sec-
2	tion 209(e) of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15
3	$U.S.C.\ 80b-9(e))$ is amended—
4	(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting after
5	"the rules or regulations thereunder," the fol-
6	lowing: "a Federal court injunction or a bar ob-
7	tained or entered by the Commission under this
8	title,"; and
9	(B) by striking paragraph (4) and inserting
10	$the\ following:$
11	"(4) Special provisions relating to a viola-
12	TION OF AN INJUNCTION OR CERTAIN ORDERS.—
13	"(A) In general.—Each separate violation
14	of an injunction or order described in subpara-
15	graph (B) shall be a separate offense, except that
16	in the case of a violation through a continuing
17	failure to comply with such injunction or order,
18	each day of the failure to comply with the in-
19	junction or order shall be deemed a separate of-
20	fense.
21	"(B) Injunctions and orders.—Subpara-
22	graph (A) shall apply with respect to any action
23	to enforce—
24	"(i) a Federal court injunction ob-
25	tained pursuant to this title;

1	"(ii) an order entered or obtained by
2	the Commission pursuant to this title that
3	bars, suspends, places limitations on the ac-
4	tivities or functions of, or prohibits the ac-
5	tivities of, a person; or
6	"(iii) a cease-and-desist order entered
7	by the Commission pursuant to section
8	203(k).".
9	(d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
10	section shall apply with respect to conduct that occurs after
11	the date of the enactment of this Act.
12	SEC. 802. UPDATED CIVIL MONEY PENALTIES OF PUBLIC
13	COMPANY ACCOUNTING OVERSIGHT BOARD.
1314	COMPANY ACCOUNTING OVERSIGHT BOARD. (a) In General.—Section $105(c)(4)(D)$ of the Sar-
14	(a) In General.—Section 105(c)(4)(D) of the Sar-
14 15	(a) In General.—Section $105(c)(4)(D)$ of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (15 U.S.C. $7215(c)(4)(D)$) is
141516	(a) In General.—Section $105(c)(4)(D)$ of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (15 U.S.C. $7215(c)(4)(D)$) is amended—
14151617	(a) In General.—Section 105(c)(4)(D) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (15 U.S.C. 7215(c)(4)(D)) is amended— (1) in clause (i)—
14 15 16 17 18	(a) In General.—Section 105(c)(4)(D) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (15 U.S.C. 7215(c)(4)(D)) is amended— (1) in clause (i)— (A) by striking "\$100,000" and inserting
14 15 16 17 18 19	(a) In General.—Section 105(c)(4)(D) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (15 U.S.C. 7215(c)(4)(D)) is amended— (1) in clause (i)— (A) by striking "\$100,000" and inserting "\$200,000"; and
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) In General.—Section 105(c)(4)(D) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (15 U.S.C. 7215(c)(4)(D)) is amended— (1) in clause (i)— (A) by striking "\$100,000" and inserting "\$200,000"; and (B) by striking "\$2,000,000" and inserting
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) In General.—Section 105(c)(4)(D) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (15 U.S.C. 7215(c)(4)(D)) is amended— (1) in clause (i)— (A) by striking "\$100,000" and inserting "\$200,000"; and (B) by striking "\$2,000,000" and inserting "\$4,000,000"; and

1	(B) by striking "\$15,000,000" and inserting
2	"\$20,000,000".
3	(b) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
4	section shall apply with respect to conduct that occurs after
5	the date of the enactment of this Act.
6	SEC. 803. UPDATED CIVIL MONEY PENALTY FOR CONTROL-
7	LING PERSONS IN CONNECTION WITH IN-
8	SIDER TRADING.
9	(a) In General.—Section 21A(a)(3) of the Securities
10	Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78u-1(a)(3)) is amended
11	by striking "\$1,000,000" and inserting "\$2,000,000".
12	(b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by this
13	section shall apply with respect to conduct that occurs after
14	the date of the enactment of this Act.
15	SEC. 804. UPDATE OF CERTAIN OTHER PENALTIES.
16	(a) In General.—Section 32 of the Securities Ex-
17	change Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78ff) is amended—
18	(1) in subsection (a), by striking "\$5,000,000"
19	and inserting "\$7,000,000"; and
20	(2) in subsection (c)—
21	(A) in paragraph (1)—
22	(i) in subparagraph (A), by striking
23	"\$2,000,000" and inserting "\$4,000,000";
24	and

1	(ii) in subparagraph (B), by striking
2	"\$10,000" and inserting "\$50,000"; and
3	(B) in paragraph (2)—
4	(i) in subparagraph (A), by striking
5	"\$100,000" and inserting "\$250,000"; and
6	(ii) in subparagraph (B), by striking
7	"\$10,000" and inserting "\$50,000".
8	(b) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
9	section shall apply with respect to conduct that occurs after
10	the date of the enactment of this Act.
11	SEC. 805. MONETARY SANCTIONS TO BE USED FOR THE RE-
12	LIEF OF VICTIMS.
13	(a) In General.—Section 308(a) of the Sarbanes-
14	Oxley Act of 2002 (15 U.S.C. 7246(a)) is amended to read
15	as follows:
16	"(a) Monetary Sanctions to Be Used for the
17	Relief of Victims.—If, in any judicial or administrative
18	action brought by the Commission under the securities laws,
19	the Commission obtains a monetary sanction (as defined
20	in section 21F(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934)
21	against any person for a violation of such laws, or such
22	person agrees, in settlement of any such action, to such
23	monetary sanction, the amount of such monetary sanction
24	shall, on the motion or at the direction of the Commission,
25	be added to and become part of a disgorgement fund or other

- 1 fund established for the benefit of the victims of such viola-
- 2 *tion*.".
- 3 (b) Monetary Sanction Defined.—Section
- 4 21F(a)(4)(A) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
- 5 U.S.C. 78u-6(a)(4)(A)) is amended by striking "ordered"
- 6 and inserting "required".
- 7 (c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
- 8 section apply with respect to any monetary sanction or-
- 9 dered or required to be paid before or after the date of enact-
- 10 ment of this Act.
- 11 SEC. 806. GAO REPORT ON USE OF CIVIL MONEY PENALTY
- 12 AUTHORITY BY COMMISSION.
- 13 (a) In General.—Not later than 2 years after the
- 14 date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General
- 15 of the United States shall submit to the Committee on Fi-
- 16 nancial Services of the House of Representatives and the
- 17 Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the
- 18 Senate a report on the use by the Commission of the author-
- 19 ity to impose or obtain civil money penalties for violations
- 20 of the securities laws during the period beginning on June
- 21 1, 2010, and ending on the date of the enactment of this
- 22 *Act*.
- 23 (b) Matters Required to Be Included.—The mat-
- 24 ters covered by the report required by subsection (a) shall
- 25 include the following:

1	(1) The types of violations for which civil money
2	penalties were imposed or obtained.
3	(2) The types of persons on whom civil money
4	penalties were imposed or from whom such penalties
5	$were\ obtained.$
6	(3) The number and dollar amount of civil
7	money penalties imposed or obtained, disaggregated
8	as follows:
9	(A) Penalties imposed in administrative ac-
10	tions and penalties obtained in judicial actions.
11	(B) Penalties imposed on or obtained from
12	issuers (individual and aggregate filers) and
13	penalties imposed on or obtained from other per-
14	sons.
15	(C) Penalties permitted to be retained for
16	use by the Commission and penalties deposited
17	in the general fund of the Treasury of the United
18	States.
19	(4) For penalties imposed on or obtained from
20	issuers:
21	(A) Whether the violations involved resulted
22	in direct economic benefit to the issuers.
23	(B) The impact of the penalties on the
24	shareholders of the issuers.

1	(c) Definitions.—In this section, the terms "Commis-
2	sion", "issuer", and "securities laws" have the meanings
3	given such terms in section 3(a) of the Securities Exchange
4	Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78c(a)).
5	Subtitle B—FIRREA Penalties
6	${\it Modernization}$
7	SECTION 811. INCREASE OF CIVIL AND CRIMINAL PEN-
8	ALTIES ORIGINALLY ESTABLISHED IN THE FI-
9	NANCIAL INSTITUTIONS REFORM, RECOVERY,
10	AND ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1989.
11	(a) Amendments to FIRREA.— Section 951(b) of
12	the Financial Institutions Reform, Recovery, and Enforce-
13	ment Act of 1989 (12 U.S.C. 1833a(b)) is amended—
14	(1) in paragraph (1), by striking "\$1,000,000"
15	and inserting "\$1,500,000"; and
16	(2) in paragraph (2), by striking "\$1,000,000
17	per day or \$5,000,000" and inserting "\$1,500,000 per
18	day or \$7,500,000".
19	(b) Amendments to the Home Owners' Loan
20	Act.—The Home Owners' Loan Act (12 U.S.C. 1461 et
21	seq.) is amended—
22	(1) in section $5(v)(6)$, by striking "\$1,000,000"
23	and inserting "\$1,500,000"; and
24	(2) in section 10—

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1
                 (A)
                           subsection (r)(3), by striking
                       in
 2
             "$1,000,000" and inserting "$1,500,000"; and
 3
                 (B) in subsection (i)(1)(B), by striking
             "$1,000,000" and inserting "$1,500,000".
 4
 5
        (c) Amendments to the Federal Deposit Insur-
   ANCE ACT.—The Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C.
   1811 et seg.) is amended—
 8
             (1) in section 7—
 9
                 (A) in subsection (a)(1), by striking
10
             "$1,000,000" and inserting "$1,500,000"; and
11
                 (B) in subsection (j)(16)(D), by striking
12
             "$1,000,000" each place such term appears and
13
             inserting "$1,500,000":
14
             (2) in section 8—
15
                 (A) in subsection (i)(2)(D), by striking
             "$1,000,000" each place such term appears and
16
17
             inserting "$1,500,000"; and
18
                 (B)
                       in
                            subsection
                                         (j),
                                              by
                                                   striking
19
             "$1,000,000" and inserting "$1,500,000"; and
20
             (3) in section 19(b), by striking "$1,000,000"
21
        and inserting "$1,500,000".
22
        (d) Amendments to the Federal Credit Union
23 Act.—The Federal Credit Union Act (12 U.S.C. 1751 et
24 seq.) is amended—
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1
                        section
             (1)
                   in
                                  202(a)(3),
                                                     striking
                                               by
 2
        "$1,000,000" and inserting "$1,500,000";
 3
             (2)
                   in
                        section
                                  205(d)(3).
                                               by
                                                     striking
        "$1,000,000" and inserting "$1,500,000"; and
 4
 5
             (3) in section 206—
 6
                  (A) in subsection (k)(2)(D), by striking
             "$1,000,000" each place such term appears and
 7
 8
             inserting "$1,500,000"; and
 9
                             subsection
                  (B)
                        in
                                          (l),
                                               by
                                                    striking
             "$1,000,000" and inserting "$1,500,000".
10
11
        (e) Amendments to the Revised Statutes of the
    United States.—Title LXII of the Revised Statutes of the
12
    United States is amended—
13
14
             (1) in section 5213(c), by striking "$1,000,000"
15
        and inserting "$1,500,000"; and
16
             (2)
                   in
                        section
                                 5239(b)(4), by
                                                     striking
17
        "$1,000,000" each place such term appears and in-
18
        serting "$1,500,000".
19
        (f) Amendments to the Federal Reserve Act.—
20
    The Federal Reserve Act (12 U.S.C. 221 et seq.) is amend-
21 ed—
22
             (1) in the 6th undesignated paragraph of section
                            "$1,000,000"
23
        9,
             by
                  striking
                                             and
                                                    inserting
        "$1,500,000":
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```
(2) in section 19(l)(4), by striking "$1,000,000"
 1
 2
        each place such term appears and inserting
 3
        "$1,500,000"; and
            (3) in section 29(d), by striking "$1,000,000"
 4
 5
        each place such term appears and inserting
        "$1,500,000".
 6
 7
        (a) Amendments to the Bank Holding Company
   ACT AMENDMENTS OF 1970.—Section 106(b)(2)(F)(iv) of
   the Bank Holding Company Act Amendments of 1970 (12
           1978(b)(2)(F)(iv) is amended by striking
10
   U.S.C.
   "$1,000,000" each place such term appears and inserting
12
   "$1,500,000".
13
        (h) Amendments to the Bank Holding Company
14 ACT OF 1956.—Section 8 of the Bank Holding Company
   Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1847) is amended—
                       subsection
16
            (1)
                  in
                                    (a)(2),
                                             by
                                                  striking
17
        "$1,000,000" and inserting "$1,500,000"; and
18
                  in
                       subsection
             (2)
                                    (d)(3),
                                             by
                                                  striking
19
        "$1,000,000" and inserting "$1,500,000".
20
        (i) Amendments to Title 18, United States
21
   Code.—Title 18, United States Code, is amended—
22
            (1) in section 215(a) of chapter 11, by striking
        "$1,000,000" and inserting "$1,500,000";
23
            (2) in chapter 31—
24
```

1	(A) in section 656, by striking "\$1,000,000"
2	and inserting "\$1,500,000"; and
3	(B) in section 657, by striking "\$1,000,000"
4	and inserting "\$1,500,000";
5	(3) in chapter 47—
6	(A) in section 1005, by striking
7	"\$1,000,000" and inserting "\$1,500,000";
8	(B) in section 1006, by striking
9	"\$1,000,000" and inserting "\$1,500,000";
10	(C) in section 1007, by striking
11	"\$1,000,000" and inserting "\$1,500,000"; and
12	(D) in section 1014, by striking
13	"\$1,000,000" and inserting "\$1,500,000"; and
14	(4) in chapter 63—
15	(A) in section 1341, by striking
16	"\$1,000,000" and inserting "\$1,500,000";
17	(B) in section 1343, by striking
18	"\$1,000,000" and inserting "\$1,500,000"; and
19	(C) in section 1344, by striking
20	"\$1,000,000" and inserting "\$1,500,000".

1 TITLE IX—REPEAL OF THE

2 **VOLCKER RULE AND OTHER**

- 3 **PROVISIONS**
- 4 SEC. 901. REPEALS.
- 5 (a) In General.—The following sections of title VI
- 6 of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Pro-
- 7 tection Act are repealed, and the provisions of law amended
- 8 or repealed by such sections are restored or revived as if
- 9 such sections had not been enacted:
- 10 (1) Section 603.
- 11 (2) Section 618.
- 12 (3) Section 619.
- 13 (4) Section 620.
- 14 (5) Section 621.
- 15 (b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of contents
- 16 under section 1(b) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform
- 17 and Consumer Protection Act is amended by striking the
- 18 items relating to sections 603, 618, 619, 620, and 621.

1	TITLE X—UNLEASHING OPPOR-
2	TUNITIES FOR SMALL BUSI-
3	NESSES, INNOVATORS, AND
4	JOB CREATORS BY FACILI-
5	TATING CAPITAL FORMATION
6	Subtitle A—Small Business Merg-
7	ers, Acquisitions, Sales, and Bro-
8	kerage Simplification
9	SEC. 1001. REGISTRATION EXEMPTION FOR MERGER AND
10	ACQUISITION BROKERS.
11	Section 15(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
12	(15 U.S.C. 780(b)) is amended by adding at the end the
13	following:
14	"(13) Registration exemption for merger
15	AND ACQUISITION BROKERS.—
16	"(A) In general.—Except as provided in
17	subparagraph (B), an M&A broker shall be ex-
18	empt from registration under this section.
19	"(B) Excluded activities.—An M&A
20	broker is not exempt from registration under this
21	paragraph if such broker does any of the fol-
22	lowing:
23	"(i) Directly or indirectly, in connec-
24	tion with the transfer of ownership of an el-
25	igible privately held company, receives,

1	holds, transmits, or has custody of the funds
2	or securities to be exchanged by the parties
3	to the transaction.
4	"(ii) Engages on behalf of an issuer in
5	a public offering of any class of securities
6	that is registered, or is required to be reg-
7	istered, with the Commission under section
8	12 or with respect to which the issuer files,
9	or is required to file, periodic information,
10	documents, and reports under subsection
11	(d).
12	"(iii) Engages on behalf of any party
13	in a transaction involving a public shell
14	company.
15	"(C) Disqualifications.—An M&A broker
16	is not exempt from registration under this para-
17	graph if such broker is subject to—
18	"(i) suspension or revocation of reg-
19	istration under paragraph (4);
20	"(ii) a statutory disqualification de-
21	scribed in section 3(a)(39);
22	"(iii) a disqualification under the
23	rules adopted by the Commission under sec-
24	tion 926 of the Investor Protection and Se-

1	curities Reform Act of 2010 (15 U.S.C. 77d
2	note); or
3	"(iv) a final order described in para-
4	graph (4)(H).
5	"(D) Rule of construction.—Nothing in
6	this paragraph shall be construed to limit any
7	other authority of the Commission to exempt any
8	person, or any class of persons, from any provi-
9	sion of this title, or from any provision of any
10	rule or regulation thereunder.
11	"(E) Definitions.—In this paragraph:
12	"(i) Control.—The term 'control'
13	means the power, directly or indirectly, to
14	direct the management or policies of a com-
15	pany, whether through ownership of securi-
16	ties, by contract, or otherwise. There is a
17	presumption of control for any person
18	who—
19	"(I) is a director, general partner,
20	member or manager of a limited liabil-
21	ity company, or officer exercising exec-
22	utive responsibility (or has similar sta-
23	$tus\ or\ functions);$
24	"(II) has the right to vote 20 per-
25	cent or more of a class of voting securi-

1	ties or the power to sell or direct the
2	sale of 20 percent or more of a class of
3	voting securities; or
4	"(III) in the case of a partnership
5	or limited liability company, has the
6	right to receive upon dissolution, or
7	has contributed, 20 percent or more of
8	$the\ capital.$
9	"(ii) Eligible privately held com-
10	PANY.—The term 'eligible privately held
11	company' means a privately held company
12	that meets both of the following conditions:
13	"(I) The company does not have
14	any class of securities registered, or re-
15	quired to be registered, with the Com-
16	mission under section 12 or with re-
17	spect to which the company files, or is
18	required to file, periodic information,
19	documents, and reports under sub-
20	section (d).
21	"(II) In the fiscal year ending im-
22	mediately before the fiscal year in
23	which the services of the M&A broker
24	are initially engaged with respect to
25	the securities transaction, the company

1	meets either or both of the following
2	conditions (determined in accordance
3	with the historical financial account-
4	ing records of the company):
5	"(aa) The earnings of the
6	company before interest, taxes, de-
7	preciation, and amortization are
8	less than \$25,000,000.
9	"(bb) The gross revenues of
10	the company are less than
11	\$250,000,000.
12	"(iii) M&A BROKER.—The term 'M&A
13	broker' means a broker, and any person as-
14	sociated with a broker, engaged in the busi-
15	ness of effecting securities transactions sole-
16	ly in connection with the transfer of owner-
17	ship of an eligible privately held company,
18	regardless of whether the broker acts on be-
19	half of a seller or buyer, through the pur-
20	chase, sale, exchange, issuance, repurchase,
21	or redemption of, or a business combination
22	involving, securities or assets of the eligible
23	privately held company, if the broker rea-
24	sonably believes that—

1	"(I) upon consummation of the
2	transaction, any person acquiring se-
3	curities or assets of the eligible pri-
4	vately held company, acting alone or
5	in concert, will control and, directly or
6	indirectly, will be active in the man-
7	agement of the eligible privately held
8	company or the business conducted
9	with the assets of the eligible privately
10	held company; and
11	"(II) if any person is offered secu-
12	rities in exchange for securities or as-
13	sets of the eligible privately held com-
14	pany, such person will, prior to becom-
15	ing legally bound to consummate the
16	transaction, receive or have reasonable
17	access to the most recent fiscal year-
18	end financial statements of the issuer
19	of the securities as customarily pre-
20	pared by the management of the issuer
21	in the normal course of operations and,
22	if the financial statements of the issuer
23	are audited, reviewed, or compiled, any
24	related statement by the independent

accountant, a balance sheet dated not

25

1	more than 120 days before the date of
2	the offer, and information pertaining
3	to the management, business, results of
4	operations for the period covered by the
5	foregoing financial statements, and
6	material loss contingencies of the
7	issuer.
8	"(iv) Public shell company.—The
9	term 'public shell company' is a company
10	that at the time of a transaction with an el-
11	igible privately held company—
12	"(I) has any class of securities
13	registered, or required to be registered,
14	with the Commission under section 12
15	or that is required to file reports pur-
16	suant to subsection (d);
17	"(II) has no or nominal oper-
18	ations; and
19	"(III) has—
20	"(aa) no or nominal assets;
21	"(bb) assets consisting solely
22	of cash and cash equivalents; or
23	"(cc) assets consisting of any
24	amount of cash and cash equiva-
25	lents and nominal other assets.

1	"(F) Inflation adjustment.—
2	"(i) In general.—On the date that is
3	5 years after the date of the enactment of
4	this paragraph, and every 5 years there-
5	after, each dollar amount in subparagraph
6	(E)(ii)(II) shall be adjusted by—
7	"(I) dividing the annual value of
8	the Employment Cost Index For Wages
9	and Salaries, Private Industry Work-
10	ers (or any successor index), as pub-
11	lished by the Bureau of Labor Statis-
12	tics, for the calendar year preceding
13	the calendar year in which the adjust-
14	ment is being made by the annual
15	value of such index (or successor) for
16	the calendar year ending December 31,
17	2012; and
18	"(II) multiplying such dollar
19	amount by the quotient obtained under
20	subclause(I).
21	"(ii) Rounding.—Each dollar amount
22	determined under clause (i) shall be round-
23	ed to the nearest multiple of \$100,000"

SEC	1002	EFFECTIVE	DATE

2	This	subtitle	and	anu	amendment	made	bu	this	sub-
_	1000	0000000	00100	00.00	Correction		0.9	01000	0000

- 3 title shall take effect on the date that is 90 days after the
- 4 date of the enactment of this Act.

Subtitle B—Encouraging Employee Ownership

- 7 SEC. 1006. INCREASED THRESHOLD FOR DISCLOSURES RE-
- 8 LATING TO COMPENSATORY BENEFIT PLANS.
- 9 Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment
- 10 of this Act, the Securities and Exchange Commission shall
- 11 revise section 230.701(e) of title 17, Code of Federal Regula-
- 12 tions, so as to increase from \$5,000,000 to \$10,000,000 the
- 13 aggregate sales price or amount of securities sold during
- 14 any consecutive 12-month period in excess of which the
- 15 issuer is required under such section to deliver an addi-
- 16 tional disclosure to investors. The Commission shall index
- 17 for inflation such aggregate sales price or amount every 5
- 18 years to reflect the change in the Consumer Price Index for
- 19 All Urban Consumers published by the Bureau of Labor
- 20 Statistics, rounding to the nearest \$1,000,000.

1	Subtitle C—Small Company
2	${\it Disclosure \ Simplification}$
3	SEC. 1011. EXEMPTION FROM XBRL REQUIREMENTS FOR
4	EMERGING GROWTH COMPANIES AND OTHER
5	SMALLER COMPANIES.
6	(a) Exemption for Emerging Growth Compa-
7	NIES.—Emerging growth companies are exempted from the
8	requirements to use Extensible Business Reporting Lan-
9	guage (XBRL) for financial statements and other periodic
10	reporting required to be filed with the Commission under
11	the securities laws. Such companies may elect to use XBRL
12	for such reporting.
13	(b) Exemption for Other Smaller Companies.—
14	Issuers with total annual gross revenues of less than
15	\$250,000,000 are exempt from the requirements to use
16	$XBRL\ for\ financial\ statements\ and\ other\ periodic\ reporting$
17	required to be filed with the Commission under the securi-
18	ties laws. Such issuers may elect to use XBRL for such re-
19	porting. An exemption under this subsection shall continue
20	in effect until—
21	(1) the date that is five years after the date of
22	enactment of this Act; or
23	(2) the date that is two years after a determina-
24	tion by the Commission, by order after conducting the
25	analysis required by section 3, that the benefits of

1	such requirements to such issuers outweigh the costs,
2	but no earlier than three years after enactment of this
3	Act.
4	(c) Modifications to Regulations.—Not later than
5	60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commis-
6	sion shall revise its regulations under parts 229, 230, 232,
7	239, 240, and 249 of title 17, Code of Federal Regulations,
8	to reflect the exemptions set forth in subsections (a) and
9	<i>(b)</i> .
10	SEC. 1012. ANALYSIS BY THE SEC.
11	The Commission shall conduct an analysis of the costs
12	and benefits to issuers described in section 1011(b) of the
13	requirements to use XBRL for financial statements and
14	other periodic reporting required to be filed with the Com-
15	mission under the securities laws. Such analysis shall in-
16	clude an assessment of—
17	(1) how such costs and benefits may differ from
18	the costs and benefits identified by the Commission in
19	the order relating to interactive data to improve fi-
20	nancial reporting (dated January 30, 2009; 74 Fed.
21	Reg. 6776) because of the size of such issuers;
22	(2) the effects on efficiency, competition, capital
23	formation, and financing and on analyst coverage of
24	such issuers (including any such effects resulting from
25	use of XBRL by investors);

1	(3) the costs to such issuers of—
2	(A) submitting data to the Commission in
3	XBRL;
4	(B) posting data on the website of the issuer
5	in~XBRL;
6	(C) software necessary to prepare, submit,
7	or post data in XBRL; and
8	(D) any additional consulting services or
9	filing agent services;
10	(4) the benefits to the Commission in terms of
11	improved ability to monitor securities markets, assess
12	the potential outcomes of regulatory alternatives, and
13	enhance investor participation in corporate govern-
14	ance and promote capital formation; and
15	(5) the effectiveness of standards in the United
16	States for interactive filing data relative to the stand-
17	$ards\ of\ international\ counterparts.$
18	SEC. 1013. REPORT TO CONGRESS.
19	Not later than one year after the date of enactment
20	of this Act, the Commission shall provide the Committee
21	on Financial Services of the House of Representatives and
22	the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs
23	of the Senate a report regarding—
24	(1) the progress in implementing XBRL report-
25	ing within the Commission;

1	(2) the use of XBRL data by Commission offi-
2	cials;
3	(3) the use of XBRL data by investors;
4	(4) the results of the analysis required by section
5	1012; and
6	(5) any additional information the Commission
7	considers relevant for increasing transparency, de-
8	creasing costs, and increasing efficiency of regulatory
9	filings with the Commission.
10	SEC. 1014. DEFINITIONS.
11	As used in this subtitle, the terms "Commission",
12	"emerging growth company", "issuer", and "securities
13	laws" have the meanings given such terms in section 3 of
14	the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78c).
15	Subtitle D—Securities and Ex-
16	change Commission Overpay-
17	ment Credit
18	SEC. 1016. REFUNDING OR CREDITING OVERPAYMENT OF
19	SECTION 31 FEES.
20	(a) In General.—Section 31 of the Securities Ex-
21	change Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78ee) is amended by adding
22	at the end the following:
23	"(n) Overpayment.—If a national securities ex-
24	change or national securities association pays to the Com-
25	mission an amount in excess of fees and assessments due

- 1 under this section and informs the Commission of such
- 2 amount paid in excess within 10 years of the date of the
- 3 payment, the Commission shall offset future fees and assess-
- 4 ments due by such exchange or association in an amount
- 5 equal to such excess amount.".
- 6 (b) APPLICABILITY.—The amendment made by this
- 7 section shall apply to any fees and assessments paid before,
- 8 on, or after the date of enactment of this section.

9 Subtitle E—Fair Access to

10 Investment Research

- 11 SEC. 1021. SAFE HARBOR FOR INVESTMENT FUND RE-
- 12 SEARCH.
- 13 (a) Expansion of the Safe Harbor.—Not later
- 14 than the end of the 45-day period beginning on the date
- 15 of enactment of this Act, the Securities and Exchange Com-
- 16 mission shall propose, and not later than the end of the
- 17 180-day period beginning on such date, the Commission
- 18 shall adopt, upon such terms, conditions, or requirements
- 19 as the Commission may determine necessary or appropriate
- 20 in the public interest, for the protection of investors, and
- 21 for the promotion of capital formation, revisions to section
- 22 230.139 of title 17, Code of Federal Regulations, to provide
- 23 that a covered investment fund research report that is pub-
- 24 lished or distributed by a broker or dealer—

- 1 (1) shall be deemed, for purposes of sections 2 2(a)(10) and 5(c) of the Securities Act of 1933 (15) U.S.C. 77b(a)(10), 77e(c)), not to constitute an offer 3 4 for sale or an offer to sell a security that is the subject 5 of an offering pursuant to a registration statement 6 that is effective, even if the broker or dealer is partici-7 pating or will participate in the registered offering of 8 the covered investment fund's securities; and
- 9 (2) shall be deemed to satisfy the conditions of 10 subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) of section 230.139 of title 11 17, Code of Federal Regulations, or any successor pro-12 visions, for purposes of the Commission's rules and 13 regulations under the Federal securities laws and the 14 rules of any self-regulatory organization.
- 15 (b) Implementation of Safe Harbor.—In imple-16 menting the safe harbor pursuant to subsection (a), the 17 Commission shall—
 - (1) not, in the case of a covered investment fund with a class of securities in substantially continuous distribution, condition the safe harbor on whether the broker's or dealer's publication or distribution of a covered investment fund research report constitutes such broker's or dealer's initiation or reinitiation of research coverage on such covered investment fund or its securities;

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1	(2) not—
2	(A) require the covered investment fund to
3	have been registered as an investment company
4	under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15
5	U.S.C. 80a-1 et seq.) or subject to the reporting
6	requirements of section 13 or 15(d) of the Securi-
7	ties Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m,
8	78o(d)) for any period exceeding the period of
9	time referenced under paragraph $(a)(1)(i)(A)(1)$
10	of section 230.139 of title 17, Code of Federal
11	Regulations; or
12	(B) impose a minimum float provision ex-
13	ceeding that referenced in paragraph
14	(a)(1)(i)(A)(1)(i) of section 230.139 of title 17,
15	Code of Federal Regulations;
16	(3) provide that a self-regulatory organization
17	may not maintain or enforce any rule that would—
18	(A) prohibit the ability of a member to pub-
19	lish or distribute a covered investment fund re-
20	search report solely because the member is also
21	participating in a registered offering or other
22	distribution of any securities of such covered in-
23	vestment fund; or
24	(B) prohibit the ability of a member to par-
25	ticinate in a registered offering or other distribu-

- tion of securities of a covered investment fund solely because the member has published or distributed a covered investment fund research report about such covered investment fund or its securities; and
- 6 (4) provide that a covered investment fund re-7 search report shall not be subject to section 24(b) of 8 the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-9 24(b)) or the rules and regulations thereunder, except 10 that such report may still be subject to such section 11 and the rules and regulations thereunder to the extent 12 that it is otherwise not subject to the content stand-13 ards in the rules of any self-regulatory organization 14 related to research reports, including those contained 15 in the rules governing communications with the pub-16 lic regarding investment companies or substantially 17 similar standards.
- 18 (c) Rules of Construction.—Nothing in this Act
 19 shall be construed as in any way limiting—
- 20 (1) the applicability of the antifraud or 21 antimanipulation provisions of the Federal securities 22 laws and rules adopted thereunder to a covered invest-23 ment fund research report, including section 17 of the 24 Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77q), section 34(b) 25 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C.

- 1 80a-33), and sections 9 and 10 of the Securities Ex-2 change Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78i, 78j); or
 - (2) the authority of any self-regulatory organization to examine or supervise a member's practices in connection with such member's publication or distribution of a covered investment fund research report for compliance with applicable provisions of the Federal securities laws or self-regulatory organization rules related to research reports, including those contained in rules governing communications with the public.

(d) Interim Effectiveness of Safe Harbor.—

(1) In General.—From and after the 180-day period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act, if the Commission has not adopted revisions to section 230.139 of title 17, Code of Federal Regulations, as required by subsection (a), and until such time as the Commission has done so, a broker or dealer distributing or publishing a covered investment fund research report after such date shall be able to rely on the provisions of section 230.139 of title 17, Code of Federal Regulations, and the broker or dealer's publication of such report shall be deemed to satisfy the conditions of subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) of section 230.139 of title 17, Code of Federal Regulations, if the

- covered investment fund that is the subject of such report satisfies the reporting history requirements
 (without regard to Form S-3 or Form F-3 eligibility) and minimum float provisions of such subsections for purposes of the Commission's rules and
 regulations under the Federal securities laws and the
 rules of any self-regulatory organization, as if revised
 and implemented in accordance with subsections (a)
 and (b).
 - After such period and until the Commission has adopted revisions to section 230.139 and FINRA has revised rule 2210, for purposes of subsection (c)(7)(0) of such rule, a covered investment fund shall be deemed to be a security that is listed on a national securities exchange and that is not subject to section 24(b) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-24(b)). Communications concerning only covered investment funds that fall within the scope of such section shall not be required to be filed with FINRA.
- 22 (e) Definitions.—For purposes of this section:
 - (1) The term "covered investment fund research report" means a research report published or distributed by a broker or dealer about a covered investment

1	fund or any securities issued by the covered invest-
2	ment fund, but not including a research report to the
3	extent that it is published or distributed by the cov-
4	ered investment fund or any affiliate of the covered
5	investment fund.
6	(2) The term "covered investment fund" means—
7	(A) an investment company registered
8	under, or that has filed an election to be treated
9	as a business development company under, the
10	Investment Company Act of 1940 and that has
11	filed a registration statement under the Securi-
12	ties Act of 1933 for the public offering of a class
13	of its securities, which registration statement has
14	been declared effective by the Commission; and
15	(B) a trust or other person—
16	(i) issuing securities in an offering
17	registered under the Securities Act of 1933
18	and which class of securities is listed for
19	trading on a national securities exchange;
20	(ii) the assets of which consist pri-
21	marily of commodities, currencies, or deriv-
22	ative instruments that reference commod-
23	ities or currencies, or interests in the fore-
24	going; and

1	(iii) that provides in its registration
2	statement under the Securities Act of 1933
3	that a class of its securities are purchased
4	or redeemed, subject to conditions or limita-
5	tions, for a ratable share of its assets.
6	(3) The term "FINRA" means the Financial In-
7	dustry Regulatory Authority.
8	(4) The term "research report" has the meaning
9	given that term under section 2(a)(3) of the Securities
10	Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. $77b(a)(3)$), except that such
11	term shall not include an oral communication.
12	(5) The term "self-regulatory organization" has
13	the meaning given to that term under section $3(a)(26)$
14	of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C.
15	78c(a)(26)).
16	Subtitle F—Accelerating Access to
17	Capital
18	SEC. 1026. EXPANDED ELIGIBILITY FOR USE OF FORM S-3.
19	Not later than 45 days after the date of the enactment
20	of this Act, the Securities and Exchange Commission shall
21	revise Form S-3—
22	(1) so as to permit securities to be registered
23	pursuant to General Instruction I.B.1. of such form
24	provided that either—

1	(A) the aggregate market value of the voting
2	and non-voting common equity held by non-af-
3	filiates of the registrant is \$75,000,000 or more;
4	or
5	(B) the registrant has at least one class of
6	common equity securities listed and registered on
7	a national securities exchange; and
8	(2) so as to remove the requirement of paragraph
9	(c) from General Instruction I.B.6. of such form.
10	Subtitle G—SEC Small Business
11	Advocate
12	SEC. 1031. ESTABLISHMENT OF OFFICE OF THE ADVOCATE
13	FOR SMALL BUSINESS CAPITAL FORMATION
14	AND SMALL BUSINESS CAPITAL FORMATION
15	ADVISORY COMMITTEE.
16	(a) Office of the Advocate for Small Business
17	Capital Formation.—Section 4 of the Securities Ex-
18	change Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78d), as amended by title
19	VI, is further amended by adding at the end the following:
20	"(k) Office of the Advocate for Small Business
21	Capital Formation.—
22	"(1) Office established.—There is established
23	within the Commission the Office of the Advocate for
24	Small Business Capital Formation (hereafter in this
25	subsection referred to as the 'Office').

1	"(2) Advocate for small business capital
2	FORMATION.—
3	"(A) In general.—The head of the Office
4	shall be the Advocate for Small Business Capital
5	Formation, who shall—
6	"(i) report directly to the Commission;
7	and
8	"(ii) be appointed by the Commission,
9	from among individuals having experience
10	in advocating for the interests of small busi-
11	nesses and encouraging small business cap-
12	$it al\ formation.$
13	"(B) Compensation.—The annual rate of
14	pay for the Advocate for Small Business Capital
15	Formation shall be equal to the highest rate of
16	annual pay for other senior executives who re-
17	port directly to the Commission.
18	"(C) No current employee of the com-
19	MISSION.—An individual may not be appointed
20	as the Advocate for Small Business Capital For-
21	mation if the individual is currently employed
22	by the Commission.
23	"(3) Staff of Office.—The Advocate for Small
24	Business Capital Formation, after consultation with
25	the Commission, may retain or employ independent

1	counsel, research staff, and service staff, as the Advo-
2	cate for Small Business Capital Formation deter-
3	mines to be necessary to carry out the functions of the
4	$O\!f\!f\!ice.$
5	"(4) Functions of the advocate for small
6	BUSINESS CAPITAL FORMATION.—The Advocate for
7	Small Business Capital Formation shall—
8	"(A) assist small businesses and small busi-
9	ness investors in resolving significant problems
10	such businesses and investors may have with the
11	Commission or with self-regulatory organiza-
12	tions;
13	"(B) identify areas in which small busi-
14	nesses and small business investors would benefit
15	from changes in the regulations of the Commis-
16	sion or the rules of self-regulatory organizations;
17	"(C) identify problems that small businesses
18	have with securing access to capital, including
19	any unique challenges to minority-owned and
20	women-owned small businesses;
21	"(D) analyze the potential impact on small
22	businesses and small business investors of—
23	"(i) proposed regulations of the Com-
24	mission that are likely to have a significant

1	economic impact on small businesses and
2	small business capital formation; and
3	"(ii) proposed rules that are likely to
4	have a significant economic impact on
5	small businesses and small business capital
6	formation of self-regulatory organizations
7	registered under this title;
8	"(E) conduct outreach to small businesses
9	and small business investors, including through
10	regional roundtables, in order to solicit views on
11	relevant capital formation issues;
12	"(F) to the extent practicable, propose to the
13	Commission changes in the regulations or orders
14	of the Commission and to Congress any legisla-
15	tive, administrative, or personnel changes that
16	may be appropriate to mitigate problems identi-
17	fied under this paragraph and to promote the in-
18	terests of small businesses and small business in-
19	vestors;
20	"(G) consult with the Investor Advocate on
21	proposed recommendations made under subpara-
22	graph (F); and
23	"(H) advise the Investor Advocate on issues
24	related to small businesses and small business in-
25	vestors.

1	"(5) Access to documents.—The Commission
2	shall ensure that the Advocate for Small Business
3	Capital Formation has full access to the documents
4	and information of the Commission and any self-reg-
5	ulatory organization, as necessary to carry out the
6	functions of the Office.
7	"(6) Annual report on activities.—
8	"(A) In general.—Not later than Decem-
9	ber 31 of each year after 2015, the Advocate for
10	Small Business Capital Formation shall submit
11	to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and
12	Urban Affairs of the Senate and the Committee
13	on Financial Services of the House of Represent-
14	atives a report on the activities of the Advocate
15	for Small Business Capital Formation during
16	the immediately preceding fiscal year.
17	"(B) Contents.—Each report required
18	under subparagraph (A) shall include—
19	"(i) appropriate statistical informa-
20	tion and full and substantive analysis;
21	"(ii) information on steps that the Ad-
22	vocate for Small Business Capital Forma-
23	tion has taken during the reporting period
24	to improve small business services and the
25	responsiveness of the Commission and self-

1	regulatory organizations to small business
2	and small business investor concerns;
3	"(iii) a summary of the most serious
4	issues encountered by small businesses and
5	small business investors, including any
6	unique issues encountered by minority-
7	owned and women-owned small businesses
8	and their investors, during the reporting pe-
9	riod;
10	"(iv) an inventory of the items sum-
11	marized under clause (iii) (including items
12	summarized under such clause for any prior
13	reporting period on which no action has
14	been taken or that have not been resolved to
15	the satisfaction of the Advocate for Small
16	Business Capital Formation as of the begin-
17	ning of the reporting period covered by the
18	report) that includes—
19	"(I) identification of any action
20	taken by the Commission or the self-
21	regulatory organization and the result
22	of such action;
23	"(II) the length of time that each
24	item has remained on such inventory;
25	and

1	"(III) for items on which no ac-
2	tion has been taken, the reasons for in-
3	action, and an identification of any of-
4	ficial who is responsible for such ac-
5	tion;
6	"(v) recommendations for such changes
7	to the regulations, guidance and orders of
8	the Commission and such legislative actions
9	as may be appropriate to resolve problems
10	with the Commission and self-regulatory or-
11	ganizations encountered by small businesses
12	and small business investors and to encour-
13	age small business capital formation; and
14	"(vi) any other information, as deter-
15	mined appropriate by the Advocate for
16	Small Business Capital Formation.
17	"(C) Confidentiality.—No report re-
18	quired by subparagraph (A) may contain con-
19	fidential information.
20	"(D) Independence.—Each report re-
21	quired under subparagraph (A) shall be provided
22	directly to the committees of Congress listed in
23	such subparagraph without any prior review or
24	comment from the Commission, any commis-
25	sioner, any other officer or employee of the Com-

1	mission, or the Office of Management and Budg-
2	et.
3	"(7) Regulations.—The Commission shall es-
4	tablish procedures requiring a formal response to all
5	recommendations submitted to the Commission by the
6	Advocate for Small Business Capital Formation, not
7	later than 3 months after the date of such submission.
8	"(8) Government-business forum on small
9	BUSINESS CAPITAL FORMATION.—The Advocate for
10	Small Business Capital Formation shall be respon-
11	sible for planning, organizing, and executing the an-
12	nual Government-Business Forum on Small Business
13	Capital Formation described in section 503 of the
14	Small Business Investment Incentive Act of 1980 (15
15	U.S.C. 80c-1).
16	"(9) Rule of construction.—Nothing in this
17	subsection may be construed as replacing or reducing
18	the responsibilities of the Investor Advocate with re-
19	spect to small business investors.".
20	(b) Small Business Capital Formation Advisory
21	Committee.—The Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
22	U.S.C. 78a et seq.) is amended by inserting after section
23	39 the following:

1	"SEC. 40. SMALL BUSINESS CAPITAL FORMATION ADVISORY
2	COMMITTEE.
3	"(a) Establishment and Purpose.—
4	"(1) Establishment.—There is established
5	within the Commission the Small Business Capital
6	Formation Advisory Committee (hereafter in this sec-
7	tion referred to as the 'Committee').
8	"(2) Functions.—
9	"(A) In General.—The Committee shall
10	provide the Commission with advice on the Com-
11	mission's rules, regulations, and policies with re-
12	gard to the Commission's mission of protecting
13	investors, maintaining fair, orderly, and effi-
14	cient markets, and facilitating capital forma-
15	tion, as such rules, regulations, and policies re-
16	late to—
17	"(i) capital raising by emerging, pri-
18	vately held small businesses ('emerging com-
19	panies') and publicly traded companies
20	with less than \$250,000,000 in public mar-
21	ket capitalization ('smaller public compa-
22	nies') through securities offerings, including
23	private and limited offerings and initial
24	and other public offerings:

1	"(ii) trading in the securities of emerg-
2	ing companies and smaller public compa-
3	nies; and
4	"(iii) public reporting and corporate
5	governance requirements of emerging com-
6	panies and smaller public companies.
7	"(B) Limitation.—The Committee shall
8	not provide any advice with respect to any poli-
9	cies, practices, actions, or decisions concerning
10	the Commission's enforcement program.
11	"(b) Membership.—
12	"(1) In General.—The members of the Com-
13	mittee shall be—
14	"(A) the Advocate for Small Business Cap-
15	ital Formation;
16	"(B) not fewer than 10, and not more than
17	20, members appointed by the Commission, from
18	among individuals—
19	"(i) who represent—
20	"(I) emerging companies engaging
21	in private and limited securities offer-
22	ings or considering initial public offer-
23	ings ('IPO') (including the companies'
24	officers and directors);

1	"(II) the professional advisors of
2	such companies (including attorneys,
3	accountants, investment bankers, and
4	financial advisors); and
5	"(III) the investors in such com-
6	panies (including angel investors, ven-
7	ture capital funds, and family offices);
8	"(ii) who are officers or directors of
9	minority-owned small businesses and
10	women-owned small businesses;
11	"(iii) who represent—
12	"(I) smaller public companies (in-
13	cluding the companies' officers and di-
14	rectors);
15	"(II) the professional advisors of
16	such companies (including attorneys,
17	auditors, underwriters, and financial
18	advisors); and
19	"(III) the pre-IPO and post-IPO
20	investors in such companies (both in-
21	stitutional, such as venture capital
22	funds, and individual, such as angel
23	investors); and
24	"(iv) who represent participants in the
25	marketplace for the securities of emerging

1	companies and smaller public companies,
2	such as securities exchanges, alternative
3	trading systems, analysts, information proc-
4	essors, and transfer agents; and
5	"(C) 3 non-voting members—
6	"(i) 1 of whom shall be appointed by
7	$the\ Investor\ Advocate;$
8	"(ii) 1 of whom shall be appointed by
9	the North American Securities Administra-
10	tors Association; and
11	"(iii) 1 of whom shall be appointed by
12	the Administrator of the Small Business
13	Administration.
14	"(2) TERM.—Each member of the Committee ap-
15	pointed under subparagraph (B), (C)(ii), or (C)(iii)
16	of paragraph (1) shall serve for a term of 4 years.
17	"(3) Members not commission employees.—
18	Members appointed under subparagraph (B), (C)(ii),
19	or (C)(iii) of paragraph (1) shall not be treated as
20	employees or agents of the Commission solely because
21	of membership on the Committee.
22	"(c) Chairman; Vice Chairman; Secretary; As-
23	SISTANT SECRETARY.—

1	"(1) In General.—The members of the Com-
2	mittee shall elect, from among the members of the
3	Committee
4	"(A) a chairman;
5	"(B) a vice chairman;
6	"(C) a secretary; and
7	"(D) an assistant secretary.
8	"(2) Term.—Each member elected under para-
9	graph (1) shall serve for a term of 3 years in the ca-
10	pacity for which the member was elected under para-
11	graph (1).
12	"(d) Meetings.—
13	"(1) Frequency of meetings.—The Committee
14	shall meet—
15	"(A) not less frequently than four times an-
16	nually, at the call of the chairman of the Com-
17	mittee; and
18	"(B) from time to time, at the call of the
19	Commission.
20	"(2) Notice.—The chairman of the Committee
21	shall give the members of the Committee written no-
22	tice of each meeting, not later than 2 weeks before the
23	date of the meeting.

1	"(e) Compensation and Travel Expenses.—Each
2	member of the Committee who is not a full-time employee
3	of the United States shall—
4	"(1) be entitled to receive compensation at a rate
5	not to exceed the daily equivalent of the annual rate
6	of basic pay in effect for a position at level V of the
7	Executive Schedule under section 5316 of title 5,
8	United States Code, for each day during which the
9	member is engaged in the actual performance of the
10	duties of the Committee; and
11	"(2) while away from the home or regular place
12	of business of the member in the performance of serv-
13	ices for the Committee, be allowed travel expenses, in-
14	cluding per diem in lieu of subsistence, in the same
15	manner as persons employed intermittently in the
16	Government service are allowed expenses under sec-
17	tion 5703 of title 5, United States Code.
18	"(f) STAFF.—The Commission shall make available to
19	the Committee such staff as the chairman of the Committee
20	determines are necessary to carry out this section.
21	"(g) Review by Commission.—The Commission
22	shall—
23	"(1) review the findings and recommendations of
24	the Committee; and

1	"(2) each time the Committee submits a finding
2	or recommendation to the Commission, promptly
3	issue a public statement—
4	"(A) assessing the finding or recommenda-
5	tion of the Committee; and
6	"(B) disclosing the action, if any, the Com-
7	mission intends to take with respect to the find-
8	ing or recommendation.".
9	(c) Annual Government-Business Forum on
10	Small Business Capital Formation.—Section 503(a) of
11	the Small Business Investment Incentive Act of 1980 (15
12	U.S.C. 80c-1(a)) is amended by inserting "(acting through
13	the Office of the Advocate for Small Business Capital For-
14	mation and in consultation with the Small Business Cap-
15	ital Formation Advisory Committee)" after "Securities and
16	Exchange Commission".
17	Subtitle H—Small Business Credit
18	Availability
19	SEC. 1036. BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT COMPANY OWNERSHIP
20	OF SECURITIES OF INVESTMENT ADVISERS
21	AND CERTAIN FINANCIAL COMPANIES.
22	(a) In General.—
23	(1) In General.—Not later than 1 year after
24	the date of enactment of this Act, the Securities and
25	Exchange Commission shall promulgate regulations to

- 1 codify the order in Investment Company Act Release
- No. 30024, dated March 30, 2012. If the Commission
- 3 fails to complete the regulations as required by this
- 4 subsection, a business development company shall be
- 5 entitled to treat such regulations as having been com-
- 6 pleted in accordance with the actions required to be
- 7 taken by the Commission until such time as such reg-
- 8 ulations are completed by the Commission.
- 9 (2) Rule of construction.—Nothing in this
- 10 subsection shall prevent the Commission from issuing
- 11 rules to address potential conflicts of interest between
- business development companies and investment ad-
- 13 visers.
- 14 (b) Permissible Assets of an Eligible Portfolio
- 15 Company.—Section 55 of the Investment Company Act of
- 16 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-54) is amended by adding at the end
- 17 the following:
- 18 "(c) Securities Deemed To Be Permissible As-
- 19 SETS.—Notwithstanding subsection (a), securities that
- 20 would be described in paragraphs (1) through (6) of such
- 21 subsection except that the issuer is a company described in
- 22 paragraph (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), or (9) of section 3(c) may
- 23 be deemed to be assets described in paragraphs (1) through
- 24 (6) of subsection (a) to the extent necessary for the sum of
- 25 the assets to equal 70 percent of the value of a business de-

1	velopment company's total assets (other than assets de-
2	scribed in paragraph (7) of subsection (a)), provided that
3	the aggregate value of such securities counting toward such
4	70 percent shall not exceed 20 percent of the value of the
5	business development company's total assets.".
6	SEC. 1037. EXPANDING ACCESS TO CAPITAL FOR BUSINESS
7	DEVELOPMENT COMPANIES.
8	(a) In General.—Section 61(a) of the Investment
9	Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-60(a)) is amended—
10	(1) by redesignating paragraphs (2) through (4)
11	as paragraphs (3) through (5), respectively;
12	(2) by striking paragraph (1) and inserting the
13	following:
14	"(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the
15	asset coverage requirements of subparagraphs (A) and
16	(B) of section 18(a)(1) (and any related rule promul-
17	gated under this Act) applicable to business develop-
18	ment companies shall be 200 percent.
19	"(2) The asset coverage requirements of subpara-
20	graphs (A) and (B) of section 18(a)(1) and of sub-
21	paragraphs (A) and (B) of section 18(a)(2) (and any
22	related rule promulgated under this Act) applicable to
23	a business development company shall be 150 percent
24	if—

1	"(A) within five business days of the ap-
2	proval of the adoption of the asset coverage re-
3	quirements described in clause (ii), the business
4	development company discloses such approval
5	and the date of its effectiveness in a Form 8– K
6	filed with the Commission and in a notice on its
7	website and discloses in its periodic filings made
8	under section 13 of the Securities Exchange Act
9	of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m)—
10	"(i) the aggregate value of the senior
11	securities issued by such company and the
12	asset coverage percentage as of the date of
13	such company's most recent financial state-
14	ments; and
15	"(ii) that such company has adopted
16	the asset coverage requirements of this sub-
17	paragraph and the effective date of such re-
18	quirements;
19	"(B) with respect to a business development
20	company that issues equity securities that are
21	registered on a national securities exchange, the
22	periodic filings of the company under section
23	13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
24	U.S.C. 78m) include disclosures reasonably de-

1	signed to ensure that shareholders are informed
2	of—
3	"(i) the amount of indebtedness and
4	asset coverage ratio of the company, deter-
5	mined as of the date of the financial state-
6	ments of the company dated on or most re-
7	cently before the date of such filing; and
8	"(ii) the principal risk factors associ-
9	ated with such indebtedness, to the extent
10	such risk is incurred by the company; and
11	"(C)(i) the application of this paragraph to
12	the company is approved by the required major-
13	ity (as defined in section 57(0)) of the directors
14	of or general partners of such company who are
15	not interested persons of the business develop-
16	ment company, which application shall become
17	effective on the date that is 1 year after the date
18	of the approval, and, with respect to a business
19	development company that issues equity securi-
20	ties that are not registered on a national securi-
21	ties exchange, the company extends, to each per-
22	son who is a shareholder as of the date of the ap-
23	proval, an offer to repurchase the equity securi-
24	ties held by such person as of such approval date,
25	with 25 percent of such securities to be repur-

1	chased in each of the four quarters following such
2	approval date; or
3	"(ii) the company obtains, at a special or
4	annual meeting of shareholders or partners at
5	which a quorum is present, the approval of more
6	than 50 percent of the votes cast of the applica-
7	tion of this paragraph to the company, which
8	application shall become effective on the date im-
9	mediately after the date of the approval.";
10	(3) in paragraph (3) (as redesignated), by in-
11	serting "or which is a stock, provided that all such
12	stock is issued in accordance with paragraph (6)"
13	after "indebtedness";
14	(4) in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (4) (as re-
15	designated)—
16	(A) in the matter preceding clause (i), by
17	striking "voting"; and
18	(B) by amending clause (iii) to read as fol-
19	lows:
20	"(iii) the exercise or conversion price
21	at the date of issuance of such warrants, op-
22	tions, or rights is not less than—
23	"(I) the market value of the secu-
24	rities issuable upon the exercise of such
25	warrants, options, or rights at the date

1	of issuance of such warrants, options,
2	or rights; or
3	"(II) if no such market value ex-
4	ists, the net asset value of the securities
5	issuable upon the exercise of such war-
6	rants, options, or rights at the date of
7	issuance of such warrants, options, or
8	rights; and"; and
9	(5) by adding at the end the following:
10	"(6)(A) Qualified institutional buyer.—Ex-
11	cept as provided in subparagraph (B), the following
12	shall not apply to a senior security which is a stock
13	and which is issued to and held by a qualified insti-
14	tutional buyer (as defined in section 3(a)(64) of the
15	Securities Exchange Act of 1934):
16	"(i) Subparagraphs (C) and (D) of section
17	18(a)(2).
18	"(ii) Subparagraph (E) of section 18(a)(2),
19	to the extent such subparagraph requires any
20	priority over any other class of stock as to dis-
21	tribution of assets upon liquidation.
22	"(iii) With respect to a senior security
23	which is a stock, subsections (c) and (i) of sec-
24	tion 18.

1	"(B) Individual investors who are not
2	QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL BUYERS.—Subparagraph
3	(A) shall not apply with respect to a senior security
4	which is a stock and which is issued to a person who
5	is not known by the business development company to
6	be a qualified institutional buyer (as defined in sec-
7	tion 3(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934).
8	"(7) Rule of construction.—Notwithstanding
9	any other provision of law, any additional class of
10	stock issued pursuant to this section must be issued
11	in accordance with all investor protections contained
12	in all applicable federal securities laws administered
13	by the Commission.".
14	(b) Conforming Amendments.—The Investment
15	Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-1 et seq.) is amend-
16	ed—
17	(1) in section 57—
18	(A) in subsection $(j)(1)$, by striking "section
19	61(a)(3)(B)" and inserting "section
20	61(a)(4)(B)"; and
21	(B) in subsection $(n)(2)$, by striking "sec-
22	tion 61(a)(3)(B)" and inserting "section
23	61(a)(4)(B)"; and
24	(2) in section 63(3), by striking "section
25	61(a)(3)" and inserting "section $61(a)(4)$ ".

1	SEC. 1038. PARITY FOR BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT COMPA-
2	NIES REGARDING OFFERING AND PROXY
3	RULES.
4	(a) REVISION TO RULES.—Not later than 1 year after
5	the date of enactment of this Act, the Securities and Ex-
6	change Commission shall revise any rules to the extent nec-
7	essary to allow a business development company that has
8	filed an election pursuant to section 54 of the Investment
9	Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-53) to use the securi-
10	ties offering and proxy rules that are available to other
11	issuers that are required to file reports under section 13
12	or section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
13	U.S.C. 78m; 78o(d)). Any action that the Commission takes
14	pursuant to this subsection shall include the following:
15	(1) The Commission shall revise rule 405 under
16	the Securities Act of 1933 (17 C.F.R. 230.405)—
17	(A) to remove the exclusion of a business de-
18	velopment company from the definition of a
19	well-known seasoned issuer provided by that rule;
20	and
21	(B) to add registration statements filed on
22	Form N -2 to the definition of automatic shelf
23	registration statement provided by that rule.
24	(2) The Commission shall revise rules 168 and
25	169 under the Securities Act of 1933 (17 C.F.R.
26	230.168 and 230.169) to remove the exclusion of a

- business development company from an issuer that
 can use the exemptions provided by those rules.
 - (3) The Commission shall revise rules 163 and 163A under the Securities Act of 1933 (17 C.F.R. 230.163 and 230.163A) to remove a business development company from the list of issuers that are ineligible to use the exemptions provided by those rules.
 - (4) The Commission shall revise rule 134 under the Securities Act of 1933 (17 C.F.R. 230.134) to remove the exclusion of a business development company from that rule.
 - (5) The Commission shall revise rules 138 and 139 under the Securities Act of 1933 (17 C.F.R. 230.138 and 230.139) to specifically include a business development company as an issuer to which those rules apply.
 - (6) The Commission shall revise rule 164 under the Securities Act of 1933 (17 C.F.R. 230.164) to remove a business development company from the list of issuers that are excluded from that rule.
 - (7) The Commission shall revise rule 433 under the Securities Act of 1933 (17 C.F.R. 230.433) to specifically include a business development company that is a well-known seasoned issuer as an issuer to which that rule applies.

1	(8) The Commission shall revise rule 415 under
2	the Securities Act of 1933 (17 C.F.R. 230.415)—
3	(A) to state that the registration for securi-
4	ties provided by that rule includes securities reg-
5	istered by a business development company on
6	Form N-2; and
7	(B) to provide an exception for a business
8	development company from the requirement that
9	a Form N-2 registrant must furnish the under-
10	takings required by item 34.4 of Form N-2.
11	(9) The Commission shall revise rule 497 under
12	the Securities Act of 1933 (17 C.F.R. 230.497) to in-
13	clude a process for a business development company
14	to file a form of prospectus that is parallel to the
15	process for filing a form of prospectus under rule
16	424(b).
17	(10) The Commission shall revise rules 172 and
18	173 under the Securities Act of 1933 (17 C.F.R.
19	230.172 and 230.173) to remove the exclusion of an
20	offering of a business development company from
21	those rules.
22	(11) The Commission shall revise rule 418 under
23	the Securities Act of 1933 (17 C.F.R. 230.418) to pro-
24	vide that a business development company that would
25	otherwise meet the eligibility requirements of General

1	Instruction I.A of Form S-3 shall be exempt from
2	paragraph $(a)(3)$ of that rule.
3	(12) The Commission shall revise rule 14a–101
4	under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (17 C.F.R.
5	240.14a-101) to provide that a business development
6	company that would otherwise meet the requirements
7	of General Instruction I.A of Form S-3 shall be
8	deemed to meet the requirements of Form S-3 for
9	purposes of Schedule 14A.
10	(13) The Commission shall revise rule 103 under
11	Regulation FD (17 C.F.R. 243.103) to provide that
12	paragraph (a) of that rule applies for purposes of
13	Form N –2.
14	(b) Revision to Form N-2.—Not later than 1 year
15	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commission shall
16	revise Form N–2—
17	(1) to include an item or instruction that is
18	similar to item 12 on Form S-3 to provide that a
19	business development company that would otherwise
20	meet the requirements of Form S-3 shall incorporate
21	by reference its reports and documents filed under the
22	Securities Exchange Act of 1934 into its registration
23	statement filed on Form N-2; and
24	(2) to include an item or instruction that is
25	similar to the instruction regarding automatic shelf

1	offerings by well-known seasoned issuers on Form S-
2	3 to provide that a business development company
3	that is a well-known seasoned issuer may file auto-
4	matic shelf offerings on Form N-2.
5	(c) Treatment if Revisions Not Completed in
6	Timely Manner.—If the Commission fails to complete the
7	revisions required by subsections (a) and (b) by the time
8	required by such subsections, a business development com-
9	pany shall be entitled to treat such revisions as having been
10	completed in accordance with the actions required to be
11	taken by the Commission by such subsections until such
12	time as such revisions are completed by the Commission.
13	(d) Rule of Construction.—Any reference in this
14	section to a rule or form means such rule or form or any
15	successor rule or form.
16	Subtitle I—Fostering Innovation
17	SEC. 1041. TEMPORARY EXEMPTION FOR LOW-REVENUE
18	ISSUERS.
19	Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (15
20	U.S.C. 7262) is amended by adding at the end the following:
21	"(d) Temporary Exemption for Low-Revenue
22	Issuers.—
23	"(1) Low-revenue exemption.—Subsection (b)
24	shall not apply with respect to an audit report pre-
25	pared for an issuer that—

1	"(A) ceased to be an emerging growth com-
2	pany on the last day of the fiscal year of the
3	issuer following the fifth anniversary of the date
4	of the first sale of common equity securities of
5	the issuer pursuant to an effective registration
6	statement under the Securities Act of 1933;
7	"(B) had average annual gross revenues of
8	less than \$50,000,000 as of its most recently
9	completed fiscal year; and
10	"(C) is not a large accelerated filer.
11	"(2) Expiration of temporary exemption.—
12	An issuer ceases to be eligible for the exemption de-
13	scribed under paragraph (1) at the earliest of—
14	"(A) the last day of the fiscal year of the
15	issuer following the tenth anniversary of the date
16	of the first sale of common equity securities of
17	the issuer pursuant to an effective registration
18	statement under the Securities Act of 1933;
19	"(B) the last day of the fiscal year of the
20	issuer during which the average annual gross
21	revenues of the issuer exceed \$50,000,000; or
22	"(C) the date on which the issuer becomes a
23	large accelerated filer.
24	"(3) Definitions.—For purposes of this sub-
25	section:

1	"(A) Average annual gross reve-
2	NUES.—The term 'average annual gross revenues'
3	means the total gross revenues of an issuer over
4	its most recently completed three fiscal years di-
5	vided by three.
6	"(B) Emerging growth company.—The
7	term 'emerging growth company' has the mean-
8	ing given such term under section 3 of the Secu-
9	rities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78c).
10	"(C) Large accelerated filer.—The
11	term 'large accelerated filer' has the meaning
12	given that term under section 240.12b-2 of title
13	17, Code of Federal Regulations, or any successor
14	thereto.".
15	Subtitle J—Small Business Capital
16	Formation Enhancement
17	SEC. 1046. ANNUAL REVIEW OF GOVERNMENT-BUSINESS
18	FORUM ON CAPITAL FORMATION.
19	Section 503 of the Small Business Investment Incen-
20	tive Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 80c-1) is amended by adding
21	at the end the following:
22	"(e) The Commission shall—
23	"(1) review the findings and recommendations of
24	the forum: and

1	"(2) each time the forum submits a finding or
2	recommendation to the Commission, promptly issue a
3	public statement—
4	"(A) assessing the finding or recommenda-
5	tion of the forum; and
6	"(B) disclosing the action, if any, the Com-
7	mission intends to take with respect to the find-
8	ing or recommendation.".
9	Subtitle K—Helping Angels Lead
10	Our Startups
11	SEC. 1051. DEFINITION OF ANGEL INVESTOR GROUP.
12	As used in this subtitle, the term "angel investor
13	group" means any group that—
14	(1) is composed of accredited investors interested
15	in investing personal capital in early-stage compa-
16	nies;
17	(2) holds regular meetings and has defined proc-
18	esses and procedures for making investment decisions,
19	either individually or among the membership of the
20	group as a whole; and
21	(3) is neither associated nor affiliated with bro-
22	kers, dealers, or investment advisers.
23	SEC. 1052. CLARIFICATION OF GENERAL SOLICITATION.
24	(a) In General.—Not later than 6 months after the
25	date of enactment of this Act, the Securities and Exchange

1	Commission shall revise Regulation D of its rules (17)
2	C.F.R. 230.500 et seq.) to require that in carrying out the
3	prohibition against general solicitation or general adver-
4	tising contained in section 230.502(c) of title 17, Code of
5	Federal Regulations, the prohibition shall not apply to a
6	presentation or other communication made by or on behalf
7	of an issuer which is made at an event—
8	(1) sponsored by—
9	(A) the United States or any territory
10	thereof, by the District of Columbia, by any
11	State, by a political subdivision of any State or
12	territory, or by any agency or public instrumen-
13	tality of any of the foregoing;
14	(B) a college, university, or other institu-
15	tion of higher education;
16	(C) a nonprofit organization;
17	(D) an angel investor group;
18	(E) a venture forum, venture capital asso-
19	ciation, or trade association; or
20	(F) any other group, person or entity as the
21	Securities and Exchange Commission may deter-
22	mine by rule;
23	(2) where any advertising for the event does not
24	reference any specific offering of securities by the
25	issuer;

1	(3) the sponsor of which—
2	(A) does not make investment recommenda-
3	tions or provide investment advice to event
4	attendees;
5	(B) does not engage in an active role in any
6	investment negotiations between the issuer and
7	investors attending the event;
8	(C) does not charge event attendees any fees
9	other than administrative fees; and
10	(D) does not receive any compensation with
11	respect to such event that would require registra-
12	tion of the sponsor as a broker or a dealer under
13	the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or as an in-
14	vestment advisor under the Investment Advisers
15	$Act\ of\ 1940;\ and$
16	(4) where no specific information regarding an
17	offering of securities by the issuer is communicated or
18	distributed by or on behalf of the issuer, other than—
19	(A) that the issuer is in the process of offer-
20	ing securities or planning to offer securities;
21	(B) the type and amount of securities being
22	offered;
23	(C) the amount of securities being offered
24	that have already been subscribed for; and

1	(D) the intended use of proceeds of the offer-
2	ing.
3	(b) Rule of Construction.—Subsection (a) may
4	only be construed as requiring the Securities and Exchange
5	Commission to amend the requirements of Regulation D
6	with respect to presentations and communications, and not
7	with respect to purchases or sales.
8	Subtitle L—Main Street Growth
9	SEC. 1056. VENTURE EXCHANGES.
10	(a) Securities Exchange Act of 1934.—Section 6
11	of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78f) is
12	amended by adding at the end the following:
13	"(m) Venture Exchange.—
14	"(1) Registration.—
15	"(A) In General.—A national securities
16	exchange may elect to be treated (or for a listing
17	tier of such exchange to be treated) as a venture
18	exchange by notifying the Commission of such
19	election, either at the time the exchange applies
20	to be registered as a national securities exchange
21	or after registering as a national securities ex-
22	change.
23	"(B) Determination time period.—With
24	respect to a securities exchange electing to be

treated (or for a listing tier of such exchange to
be treated) as a venture exchange—
"(i) at the time the exchange applies to
be registered as a national securities ex-
change, such application and election shall
be deemed to have been approved by the
Commission unless the Commission denies
such application before the end of the 6-
month period beginning on the date the
Commission received such application; and
"(ii) after registering as a national se-
curities exchange, such election shall be
deemed to have been approved by the Com-
mission unless the Commission denies such
approval before the end of the 6-month pe-
riod beginning on the date the Commission
received notification of such election.
"(2) Powers and restrictions.—A venture
exchange—
"(A) may only constitute, maintain, or pro-
vide a market place or facilities for bringing to-
gether purchasers and sellers of venture securi-
ties;

1	"(B) may determine the increment to be
2	used for quoting and trading venture securities
3	on the exchange;
4	"(C) shall disseminate last sale and
5	quotation information on terms that are fair
6	and reasonable and not unreasonably discrimi-
7	natory;
8	"(D) may choose to carry out periodic auc-
9	tions for the sale of a venture security instead of
10	providing continuous trading of the venture se-
11	curity; and
12	"(E) may not extend unlisted trading privi-
13	leges to any venture security.
14	"(3) Exemptions from certain national se-
15	CURITY EXCHANGE REGULATIONS.—A venture ex-
16	change shall not be required to—
17	"(A) comply with any of sections 242.600
18	through 242.612 of title 17, Code of Federal Reg-
19	ulations;
20	"(B) comply with any of sections 242.300
21	through 242.303 of title 17, Code of Federal Reg-
22	ulations;
23	"(C) submit any data to a securities infor-
24	mation processor; or
25	"(D) use decimal pricing.

1	"(4) Treatment of certain exempted secu-
2	RITIES.—A security that is exempt from registration
3	pursuant to section 3(b) of the Securities Act of 1933
4	shall be exempt from section 12(a) of this title with
5	respect to the trading of such security on a venture
6	exchange, if the issuer of such security is in compli-
7	ance with all disclosure obligations of such section
8	3(b) and the regulations issued under such section.
9	"(5) Definitions.—For purposes of this sub-
10	section:
11	"(A) Early-stage, growth company.—
12	"(i) In General.—The term 'early-
13	stage, growth company' means an issuer—
14	"(I) that has not made an initial
15	public offering of any securities of the
16	issuer; and
17	"(II) with a market capitalization
18	of \$1,000,000,000 (as such amount is
19	indexed for inflation every 5 years by
20	the Commission to reflect the change in
21	the Consumer Price Index for All
22	Urban Consumers published by the Bu-
23	reau of Labor Statistics, setting the
24	threshold to the nearest \$1,000,000) or
25	less.

1	"(ii) Treatment when market cap-
2	ITALIZATION EXCEEDS THRESHOLD.—
3	"(I) In general.—In the case of
4	an issuer that is an early-stage, growth
5	company the securities of which are
6	traded on a venture exchange, such
7	issuer shall not cease to be an early-
8	stage, growth company by reason of the
9	market capitalization of such issuer ex-
10	ceeding the threshold specified in clause
11	(i)(II) until the end of the period of 24
12	consecutive months during which the
13	market capitalization of such issuer ex-
14	ceeds \$2,000,000,000 (as such amount
15	is indexed for inflation every 5 years
16	by the Commission to reflect the change
17	in the Consumer Price Index for All
18	Urban Consumers published by the Bu-
19	reau of Labor Statistics, setting the
20	threshold to the nearest \$1,000,000).
21	"(II) Exemptions.—If an issuer
22	would cease to be an early-stage,
23	growth company under subclause (I),
24	the venture exchange may, at the re-
25	quest of the issuer, exempt the issuer

1	from the market capitalization require-
2	ments of this subparagraph for the 1-
3	year period that begins on the day
4	after the end of the 24-month period
5	described in such subclause. The ven-
6	ture exchange may, at the request of
7	the issuer, extend the exemption for 1
8	$additional\ year.$
9	"(B) Venture Security.—The term 'ven-
10	ture security' means—
11	"(i) securities of an early-stage, growth
12	company that are exempt from registration
13	pursuant to section 3(b) of the Securities
14	Act of 1933; and
15	"(ii) securities of an emerging growth
16	company.".
17	(b) Securities Act of 1933.—Section 18(b)(1) of the
18	Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77r(b)(1)) is amended—
19	(1) in subparagraph (B), by striking "or" at the
20	end;
21	(2) in subparagraph (C), by striking the period
22	and inserting "; or"; and
23	(3) by adding at the end the following:

1	"(D) a venture security, as defined under
2	section 6(m)(5) of the Securities Exchange Act of
3	1934.".
4	(c) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of the Con-
5	gress that the Securities and Exchange Commission
6	should—
7	(1) when necessary or appropriate in the public
8	interest and consistent with the protection of inves-
9	tors, make use of the Commission's general exemptive
10	authority under section 36 of the Securities Exchange
11	Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78mm) with respect to the
12	provisions added by this section; and
13	(2) if the Commission determines appropriate,
14	create an Office of Venture Exchanges within the
15	Commission's Division of Trading and Markets.
16	(d) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this section
17	or the amendments made by this section shall be construed
18	to impair or limit the construction of the antifraud provi-
19	sions of the securities laws (as defined in section 3(a) of
20	the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78c(a)))
21	or the authority of the Securities and Exchange Commis-
22	sion under those provisions.
23	(e) Effective Date for Tiers of Existing Na-
24	TIONAL SECURITIES EXCHANGES.—In the case of a securi-
25	ties exchange that is registered as a national securities ex-

1	change under section 6 of the Securities Exchange Act of
2	1934 (15 U.S.C. 78f) on the date of the enactment of this
3	Act, any election for a listing tier of such exchange to be
4	treated as a venture exchange under subsection (m) of such
5	section shall not take effect before the date that is 180 days
6	after such date of enactment.
7	Subtitle M—Micro Offering Safe
8	Harbor
9	SEC. 1061. EXEMPTIONS FOR MICRO-OFFERINGS.
10	(a) In General.—Section 4 of the Securities Act of
11	1933 (15 U.S.C. 77d) is amended—
12	(1) in subsection (a), by adding at the end the
13	following:
14	"(8) transactions meeting the requirements of
15	subsection (f)."; and
16	(2) by adding at the end the following:
17	"(f) Certain Micro-Offerings.—The transactions
18	referred to in subsection (a)(8) are transactions involving
19	the sale of securities by an issuer (including all entities con-
20	trolled by or under common control with the issuer) that
21	meet all of the following requirements:
22	"(1) Pre-existing relationship.—Each pur-
23	chaser has a substantive pre-existing relationship
24	with an officer of the issuer, a director of the issuer.

1	or a shareholder holding 10 percent or more of the
2	shares of the issuer.
3	"(2) 35 OR FEWER PURCHASERS.—There are no
4	more than, or the issuer reasonably believes that there
5	are no more than, 35 purchasers of securities from the
6	issuer that are sold in reliance on the exemption pro-
7	vided under subsection (a)(8) during the 12-month
8	period preceding such transaction.
9	"(3) Small offering amount.—The aggregate
10	amount of all securities sold by the issuer, including
11	any amount sold in reliance on the exemption pro-
12	vided under subsection (a)(8), during the 12-month
13	period preceding such transaction, does not exceed
14	\$500,000.".
15	(b) Exemption Under State Regulations.—Sec-
16	tion 18(b)(4) of the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C.
17	77r(b)(4)) is amended—
18	(1) in subparagraph (F), by striking "or" at the
19	end;
20	(2) in subparagraph (G), by striking the period
21	and inserting "; or"; and
22	(3) by adding at the end the following:
23	"(H) section $4(a)(8)$.".

Subtitle N—Private Placement Improvement

3 SEC. 1066. REVISIONS TO SEC REGULATION D.

Not later than 45 days following the date of the enactment of this Act, the Securities and Exchange Commission shall revise Regulation D (17 C.F.R. 501 et seq.) in accordance with the following:

(1) The Commission shall revise Form D filing requirements to require an issuer offering or selling securities in reliance on an exemption provided under Rule 506 of Regulation D to file with the Commission a single notice of sales containing the information required by Form D for each new offering of securities no earlier than 15 days after the date of the first sale of securities in the offering. The Commission shall not require such an issuer to file any notice of sales containing the information required by Form D except for the single notice described in the previous sentence.

(2) The Commission shall make the information contained in each Form D filing available to the securities commission (or any agency or office performing like functions) of each State and territory of the United States and the District of Columbia.

- 1 (3) The Commission shall not condition the 2 availability of any exemption for an issuer under 3 Rule 506 of Regulation D (17 C.F.R. 230.506) on the 4 issuer's or any other person's filing with the Commis-5 sion of a Form D or any similar report.
 - (4) The Commission shall not require issuers to submit written general solicitation materials to the Commission in connection with a Rule 506(c) offering, except when the Commission requests such materials pursuant to the Commission's authority under section 8A or section 20 of the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77h-1 or 77t) or section 9, 10(b), 21A, 21B, or 21C of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78i, 78j(b), 78u-1, 78u-2, or 78u-3).
 - (5) The Commission shall not extend the requirements contained in Rule 156 to private funds.
 - (6) The Commission shall revise Rule 501(a) of Regulation D to provide that a person who is a "knowledgeable employee" of a private fund or the fund's investment adviser, as defined in Rule 3c–5(a)(4) (17 C.F.R. 270.3c–5(a)(4)), shall be an accredited investor for purposes of a Rule 506 offering of a private fund with respect to which the person is a knowledgeable employee.

1	Subtitle U—Supporting America's
2	Innovators
3	SEC. 1071. INVESTOR LIMITATION FOR QUALIFYING VEN-
4	TURE CAPITAL FUNDS.
5	Section $3(c)(1)$ of the Investment Company Act of 1940
6	(15 U.S.C. 80a-3(c)(1)) is amended—
7	(1) by inserting after "one hundred persons" the
8	following: "(or, with respect to a qualifying venture
9	capital fund, 250 persons)"; and
10	(2) by adding at the end the following:
11	"(C) The term 'qualifying venture capital
12	fund' means any venture capital fund (as de-
13	fined pursuant to section 203(l)(1) of the Invest-
14	ment Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80b-
15	3(l)(1)) with no more than \$10,000,000 in in-
16	vested capital, as such dollar amount is annu-
17	ally adjusted by the Commission to reflect the
18	change in the Consumer Price Index for All
19	Urban Consumers published by the Bureau of
20	Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor.".
21	Subtitle P—Fix Crowdfunding
22	SEC. 1076. CROWDFUNDING VEHICLES.
23	(a) Amendments to the Securities Act of
24	1933.—The Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77a et seq.)
25	is amended—

1	(1) in section $4A(f)(3)$, by inserting 'by any of
2	paragraphs (1) through (14) of" before "section 3(c)";
3	and
4	(2) in section $4(a)(6)(B)$, by inserting after "any
5	investor" the following: ", other than a crowdfunding
6	vehicle (as defined in section 2(a) of the Investment
7	Company Act of 1940),".
8	(b) Amendments to the Investment Company Act
9	OF 1940.—The Investment Company Act of 1940 (15
10	U.S.C. 80a-1 et seq.) is amended—
11	(1) in section 2(a), by adding at the end the fol-
12	lowing:
13	"(55) The term 'crowdfunding vehicle' means a
14	company—
15	"(A) whose purpose (as set forth in its orga-
16	nizational documents) is limited to acquiring,
17	holding, and disposing securities issued by a sin-
18	gle company in one or more transactions and
19	made pursuant to section 4(a)(6) of the Securi-
20	ties Act of 1933;
21	"(B) which issues only one class of securi-
22	ties;
23	"(C) which receives no compensation in
24	connection with such acquisition, holding, or dis-
25	position of securities;

1	"(D) no associated person of which receives
2	any compensation in connection with such ac-
3	quisition, holding or disposition of securities un-
4	less such person is acting as or on behalf of an
5	investment adviser registered under the Invest-
6	ment Advisers Act of 1940 or registered as an in-
7	vestment adviser in the State in which the in-
8	vestment adviser maintains its principal office
9	and place of business;
10	"(E) the securities of which have been issued
11	in a transaction made pursuant to section
12	4(a)(6) of the Securities Act of 1933, where both
13	the crowdfunding vehicle and the company whose
14	securities it holds are co-issuers;
15	"(F) which is current in its ongoing disclo-
16	sure obligations under Rule 202 of Regulation
17	Crowdfunding (17 C.F.R. 227.202);
18	"(G) the company whose securities it holds
19	is current in its ongoing disclosure obligations
20	under Rule 202 of Regulation Crowdfunding (17
21	C.F.R. 227.202); and
22	"(H) is advised by an investment adviser
23	registered under the Investment Advisers Act of
24	1940 or registered as an investment adviser in

the State in which the investment adviser main-

1	tains its principal office and place of business.";
2	and
3	(2) in section 3(c), by adding at the end the fol-
4	lowing:
5	"(15) Any crowdfunding vehicle.".
6	SEC. 1077. CROWDFUNDING EXEMPTION FROM REGISTRA-
7	TION.
8	Section $12(g)(6)$ of the Securities Exchange Act of
9	1934 (15 U.S.C. 78l(g)(6)) is amended—
10	(1) by striking "The Commission" and inserting
11	$the\ following:$
12	"(A) In General.—The Commission";
13	(2) by striking "section 4(6)" and inserting "sec-
14	tion $4(a)(6)$ "; and
15	(3) by adding at the end the following:
16	"(B) Treatment of securities issued
17	By Certain Issuers.—An exemption under sub-
18	paragraph (A) shall be unconditional for securi-
19	ties offered by an issuer that had a public float
20	of less than \$75,000,000 as of the last business
21	day of the issuer's most recently completed semi-
22	annual period, computed by multiplying the ag-
23	gregate worldwide number of shares of the
24	issuer's common equity securities held by non-af-
25	filiates by the price at which such securities were

1 last sold (or the average bid and asked prices of 2 such securities) in the principal market for such 3 securities or, in the event the result of such pub-4 lic float calculation is zero, had annual revenues 5 of less than \$50,000,000 as of the issuer's most 6 recently completed fiscal year.". Subtitle Q—Corporate Governance 7 Reform and Transparency 8 SEC. 1081. DEFINITIONS. 10 (a) Securities Exchange Act of 1934.—Section 3(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 12 78c(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following new 13 paragraphs: 14 "(83) Proxy Advisory firm.—The term 'proxy 15 advisory firm' means any person who is primarily 16 engaged in the business of providing proxy voting re-17 search, analysis, or recommendations to clients, which 18 conduct constitutes a solicitation within the meaning 19 of section 14 and the Commission's rules and regula-20 tions thereunder, except to the extent that the person 21 is exempted by such rules and regulations from re-22 quirements otherwise applicable to persons engaged in 23 a solicitation.

"(84) Person associated with a proxy advi-

SORY FIRM.—The term 'person associated with' a

24

1	proxy advisory firm means any partner, officer, or
2	director of a proxy advisory firm (or any person oc-
3	cupying a similar status or performing similar func-
4	tions), any person directly or indirectly controlling,
5	controlled by, or under common control with a proxy
6	advisory firm, or any employee of a proxy advisory
7	firm, except that persons associated with a proxy ad-
8	visory firm whose functions are clerical or ministerial
9	shall not be included in the meaning of such term.
10	The Commission may by rules and regulations clas-
11	sify, for purposes or any portion or portions of this
12	Act, persons, including employees controlled by a
13	proxy advisory firm.".
14	(b) APPLICABLE DEFINITIONS.—As used in this sub-
15	title—
16	(1) the term "Commission" means the Securities
17	and Exchange Commission; and
18	(2) the term "proxy advisory firm" has the same
19	meaning as in section $3(a)(83)$ of the Securities Ex-
20	change Act of 1934, as added by this subtitle.
21	SEC. 1082. REGISTRATION OF PROXY ADVISORY FIRMS.

- 22 (a) Amendment.—The Securities Exchange Act of
- 23 1934 is amended by inserting after section 15G the fol-
- 24 lowing new section:

1 "SEC. 15H. REGISTRATION OF PROXY ADVISORY FIRMS.

2	"(a) Conduct Prohibited.—It shall be unlawful for
3	a proxy advisory firm to make use of the mails or any
4	means or instrumentality of interstate commerce to provide
5	proxy voting research, analysis, or recommendations to any
6	client, unless such proxy advisory firm is registered under
7	this section.
8	"(b) Registration Procedures.—
9	"(1) Application for registration.—
10	"(A) In general.—A proxy advisory firm
11	must file with the Commission an application
12	for registration, in such form as the Commission
13	shall require, by rule or regulation, and con-
14	taining the information described in subpara-
15	graph(B).
16	"(B) Required information.—An appli-
17	cation for registration under this section shall
18	contain information regarding—
19	"(i) a certification that the applicant
20	has adequate financial and managerial re-
21	sources to consistently provide proxy advice
22	based on accurate information;
23	"(ii) the procedures and methodologies
24	that the applicant uses in developing proxy
25	voting recommendations, including whether
26	and how the applicant considers the size of

1	a company when making proxy voting rec-
2	ommendations;
3	"(iii) the organizational structure of
4	$the \ applicant;$
5	"(iv) whether or not the applicant has
6	in effect a code of ethics, and if not, the rea-
7	sons therefor;
8	"(v) any potential or actual conflict of
9	interest relating to the ownership structure
10	of the applicant or the provision of proxy
11	advisory services by the applicant, includ-
12	ing whether the proxy advisory firm en-
13	gages in services ancillary to the provision
14	of proxy advisory services such as con-
15	sulting services for corporate issuers, and if
16	so the revenues derived therefrom;
17	"(vi) the policies and procedures in
18	place to manage conflicts of interest under
19	subsection (f); and
20	"(vii) any other information and docu-
21	ments concerning the applicant and any
22	person associated with such applicant as the
23	Commission, by rule, may prescribe as nec-
24	essary or appropriate in the public interest
25	or for the protection of investors.

1	"(2) Review of Application.—
2	"(A) Initial determination.—Not later
3	than 90 days after the date on which the appli-
4	cation for registration is filed with the Commis-
5	sion under paragraph (1) (or within such longer
6	period as to which the applicant consents) the
7	Commission shall—
8	"(i) by order, grant registration; or
9	"(ii) institute proceedings to determine
10	whether registration should be denied.
11	"(B) Conduct of Proceedings.—
12	"(i) Content.—Proceedings referred to
13	in subparagraph (A)(ii) shall—
14	"(I) include notice of the grounds
15	for denial under consideration and an
16	opportunity for hearing; and
17	"(II) be concluded not later than
18	120 days after the date on which the
19	application for registration is filed
20	with the Commission under paragraph
21	(1).
22	"(ii) Determination.—At the conclu-
23	sion of such proceedings, the Commission,
24	by order, shall grant or deny such applica-
25	tion for registration.

1	"(iii) Extension authorized.—The
2	Commission may extend the time for con-
3	clusion of such proceedings for not longer
4	than 90 days, if it finds good cause for such
5	extension and publishes its reasons for so
6	finding, or for such longer period as to
7	which the applicant consents.
8	"(C) Grounds for decision.—The Com-
9	mission shall grant registration under this sub-
10	section—
11	"(i) if the Commission finds that the
12	requirements of this section are satisfied;
13	and
14	"(ii) unless the Commission finds (in
15	which case the Commission shall deny such
16	registration) that—
17	"(I) the applicant has failed to
18	certify to the Commission's satisfaction
19	that it has adequate financial and
20	managerial resources to consistently
21	provide proxy advice based on accurate
22	information and to materially comply
23	with the procedures and methodologies
24	disclosed under paragraph $(1)(B)$ and
25	with subsections (f) and (g); or

1 "(II) if the applicant were so reg-2 istered, its registration would be sub-3 ject to suspension or revocation under 4 subsection (e).

"(3) Public Availability of information.—
Subject to section 24, the Commission shall make the information and documents submitted to the Commission by a proxy advisory firm in its completed application for registration, or in any amendment submitted under paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (c), publicly available on the Commission's website, or through another comparable, readily accessible means.

"(a) Upplate of Protestal apply

"(c) UPDATE OF REGISTRATION.—

"(1) UPDATE.—Each registered proxy advisory firm shall promptly amend and update its application for registration under this section if any information or document provided therein becomes materially inaccurate, except that a registered proxy advisory firm is not required to amend the information required to be filed under subsection (b)(1)(B)(i) by filing information under this paragraph, but shall amend such information in the annual submission of the organization under paragraph (2) of this subsection.

1	"(2) Certification.—Not later than 90 cal-
2	endar days after the end of each calendar year, each
3	registered proxy advisory firm shall file with the
4	Commission an amendment to its registration, in
5	such form as the Commission, by rule, may prescribe
6	as necessary or appropriate in the public interest or
7	for the protection of investors—
8	"(A) certifying that the information and
9	documents in the application for registration of
10	such registered proxy advisory firm continue to
11	be accurate in all material respects; and
12	"(B) listing any material change that oc-
13	curred to such information or documents during
14	the previous calendar year.
15	"(d) Censure, Denial, or Suspension of Reg-
16	ISTRATION; NOTICE AND HEARING.—The Commission, by
17	order, shall censure, place limitations on the activities,
18	functions, or operations of, suspend for a period not exceed-
19	ing 12 months, or revoke the registration of any registered
20	proxy advisory firm if the Commission finds, on the record
21	after notice and opportunity for hearing, that such censure,
22	placing of limitations, suspension, or revocation is nec-
23	essary for the protection of investors and in the public inter-
24	est and that such registered proxy advisory firm, or any

1	person associated with such an organization, whether prior
2	to or subsequent to becoming so associated—
3	"(1) has committed or omitted any act, or is
4	subject to an order or finding, enumerated in sub-
5	paragraph (A), (D), (E), (H), or (G) of section
6	15(b)(4), has been convicted of any offense specified in
7	section $15(b)(4)(B)$, or is enjoined from any action,
8	conduct, or practice specified in subparagraph (C) of
9	section 15(b)(4), during the 10-year period preceding
10	the date of commencement of the proceedings under
11	this subsection, or at any time thereafter;
12	"(2) has been convicted during the 10-year pe-
13	riod preceding the date on which an application for
14	registration is filed with the Commission under this
15	section, or at any time thereafter, of—
16	"(A) any crime that is punishable by im-
17	prisonment for one or more years, and that is
18	not described in section $15(b)(4)(B)$; or
19	"(B) a substantially equivalent crime by a
20	foreign court of competent jurisdiction;
21	"(3) is subject to any order of the Commission
22	barring or suspending the right of the person to be as-
23	sociated with a registered proxy advisory firm;
24	"(4) fails to furnish the certifications required
25	under subsections $(b)(2)(C)(ii)(I)$ and $(c)(2)$:

- 1 "(5) has engaged in one or more prohibited acts 2 enumerated in paragraph (1); or
 - "(6) fails to maintain adequate financial and managerial resources to consistently offer advisory services with integrity, including by failing to comply with subsections (f) or (g).

"(e) Termination of Registration.—

- "(1) Voluntary withdrawal.—A registered proxy advisory firm may, upon such terms and conditions as the Commission may establish as necessary in the public interest or for the protection of investors, which terms and conditions shall include at a minimum that the registered proxy advisory firm will no longer conduct such activities as to bring it within the definition of proxy advisory firm in section 3(a)(83) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, withdrawal to the Commission.
- "(2) COMMISSION AUTHORITY.—In addition to any other authority of the Commission under this title, if the Commission finds that a registered proxy advisory firm is no longer in existence or has ceased to do business as a proxy advisory firm, the Commission, by order, shall cancel the registration under this section of such registered proxy advisory firm.

1	"(f) Management of Conflicts of Interest.—
2	"(1) Organization policies and proce-
3	DURES.—Each registered proxy advisory firm shall
4	establish, maintain, and enforce written policies and
5	procedures reasonably designed, taking into consider-
6	ation the nature of the business of such registered
7	proxy advisory firm and associated persons, to ad-
8	dress and manage any conflicts of interest that can
9	arise from such business.
10	"(2) Commission Authority.—The Commission
11	shall issue final rules to prohibit, or require the man-
12	agement and disclosure of, any conflicts of interest re-
13	lating to the offering of proxy advisory services by a
14	registered proxy advisory firm, including, without
15	limitation, conflicts of interest relating to—
16	"(A) the manner in which a registered
17	proxy advisory firm is compensated by the cli-
18	ent, or any affiliate of the client, for providing
19	proxy advisory services;
20	"(B) the provision of consulting, advisory,
21	or other services by a registered proxy advisory
22	firm, or any person associated with such reg-
23	istered proxy advisory firm, to the client;
24	"(C) business relationships, ownership in-
25	terests, or any other financial or personal inter-

1	ests between a registered proxy advisory firm, or
2	any person associated with such registered proxy
3	advisory firm, and any client, or any affiliate of
4	such client;
5	"(D) transparency around the formulation
6	of proxy voting policies;
7	"(E) the execution of proxy votes if such
8	votes are based upon recommendations made by
9	the proxy advisory firm in which someone other
10	than the issuer is a proponent;
11	"(F) issuing recommendations where proxy
12	advisory firms provide advisory services to a
13	company; and
14	"(G) any other potential conflict of interest,
15	as the Commission deems necessary or appro-
16	priate in the public interest or for the protection
17	$of\ investors.$
18	"(g) Reliability of Proxy Advisory Firm Serv-
19	ICES.—
20	"(1) In general.—Each registered proxy advi-
21	sory firm shall have staff sufficient to produce proxy
22	voting recommendations that are based on accurate
23	and current information. Each registered proxy advi-
24	sory firm shall detail procedures sufficient to permit
25	companies receiving proxy advisory firm rec-

ommendations access in a reasonable time to the draft recommendations, with an opportunity to provide meaningful comment thereon, including the opportunity to present details to the person responsible for developing the recommendation in person or telephonically. Each registered proxy advisory firm shall employ an ombudsman to receive complaints about the accuracy of voting information used in making recommendations from the subjects of the proxy advisory firm's voting recommendations, and shall resolve those complaints in a timely fashion and in any event prior to voting on the matter to which the recommendation relates.

"(2) Draft recommendations defined.—For purposes of this subsection, the term 'draft recommendations'—

"(A) means the overall conclusions of proxy voting recommendations prepared for the clients of a proxy advisory firm, including any public data cited therein, any company information or substantive analysis impacting the recommendation, and the specific voting recommendations on individual proxy ballot issues; and

"(B) does not include the entirety of the proxy advisory firm's final report to its clients.

1	"(h) Designation of Compliance Officer.—Each
2	registered proxy advisory firm shall designate an indi-
3	vidual responsible for administering the policies and proce-
4	dures that are required to be established pursuant to sub-
5	sections (f) and (g), and for ensuring compliance with the
6	securities laws and the rules and regulations thereunder,
7	including those promulgated by the Commission pursuant
8	to this section.
9	"(i) Prohibited Conduct.—
10	"(1) Prohibited acts and practices.—The
11	Commission shall issue final rules to prohibit any act
12	or practice relating to the offering of proxy advisory
13	services by a registered proxy advisory firm that the
14	Commission determines to be unfair or coercive, in-
15	cluding any act or practice relating to—
16	"(A) conditioning a voting recommendation
17	or other proxy advisory firm recommendation on
18	the purchase by an issuer or an affiliate thereof
19	of other services or products, of the registered
20	proxy advisory firm or any person associated
21	with such registered proxy advisory firm; and
22	"(B) modifying a voting recommendation or
23	otherwise departing from its adopted systematic
24	procedures and methodologies in the provision of
25	proxy advisory services, based on whether an

- issuer, or affiliate thereof, subscribes or will subscribe to other services or product of the registered proxy advisory firm or any person associated with such organization.
- "(2) Rule of construction.—Nothing in 5 6 paragraph (1), or in any rules or regulations adopted 7 thereunder, may be construed to modify, impair, or 8 supersede the operation of any of the antitrust laws 9 (as defined in the first section of the Clayton Act, except that such term includes section 5 of the Federal 10 11 Trade Commission Act, to the extent that such section 12 5 applies to unfair methods of competition).
- 13 "(j) Statements of Financial Condition.—Each registered proxy advisory firm shall, on a confidential 14 15 basis, file with the Commission, at intervals determined by the Commission, such financial statements, certified (if re-16 17 quired by the rules or regulations of the Commission) by an independent public auditor, and information concerning 18 19 its financial condition, as the Commission, by rule, may prescribe as necessary or appropriate in the public interest 21 or for the protection of investors.
- "(k) Annual Report.—Each registered proxy advi-23 sory firm shall, at the beginning of each fiscal year of such 24 firm, report to the Commission on the number of share-25 holder proposals its staff reviewed in the prior fiscal year,

- 1 the number of recommendations made in the prior fiscal
- 2 year, the number of staff who reviewed and made rec-
- 3 ommendations on such proposals in the prior fiscal year,
- 4 and the number of recommendations made in the prior fis-
- 5 cal year where the proponent of such recommendation was
- 6 a client of or received services from the proxy advisory firm.
- 7 "(1) Transparent Policies.—Each registered proxy
- 8 advisory firm shall file with the Commission and make
- 9 publicly available its methodology for the formulation of
- 10 proxy voting policies and voting recommendations.
- 11 "(m) Rules of Construction.—
- 12 "(1) No waiver of rights, privileges, or de-
- 13 Fenses.—Registration under and compliance with
- this section does not constitute a waiver of, or other-
- 15 wise diminish, any right, privilege, or defense that a
- 16 registered proxy advisory firm may otherwise have
- 17 under any provision of State or Federal law, includ-
- ing any rule, regulation, or order thereunder.
- 19 "(2) NO PRIVATE RIGHT OF ACTION.—Nothing in
- this section may be construed as creating any private
- 21 right of action, and no report filed by a registered
- 22 proxy advisory firm in accordance with this section
- or section 17 shall create a private right of action
- 24 under section 18 or any other provision of law.
- 25 "(n) REGULATIONS.—

1	"(1) NEW PROVISIONS.—Such rules and regula-
2	tions as are required by this section or are otherwise
3	necessary to carry out this section, including the ap-
4	plication form required under subsection (a)—
5	"(A) shall be issued by the Commission, not
6	later than 180 days after the date of enactment
7	of this section; and
8	"(B) shall become effective not later than 1
9	year after the date of enactment of this section.
10	"(2) Review of existing regulations.—Not
11	later than 270 days after the date of enactment of this
12	section, the Commission shall—
13	"(A) review its existing rules and regula-
14	tions which affect the operations of proxy advi-
15	sory firms;
16	"(B) amend or revise such rules and regula-
17	tions in accordance with the purposes of this sec-
18	tion, and issue such guidance, as the Commis-
19	sion may prescribe as necessary or appropriate
20	in the public interest or for the protection of in-
21	vestors; and
22	"(C) direct Commission staff to withdraw
23	the Egan Jones Proxy Services (May 27, 2004)
24	and Institutional Shareholder Services, Inc.
25	(September 15, 2004) no-action letters.

1	"(o) Applicability.—This section, other than sub-
2	section (n), which shall apply on the date of enactment of
3	this section, shall apply on the earlier of—
4	"(1) the date on which regulations are issued in
5	final form under subsection $(n)(1)$; or
6	"(2) 270 days after the date of enactment of this
7	section.".
8	(b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 17(a)(1) of
9	the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78q(a)(1))
10	is amended by inserting "proxy advisory firm," after "na-
11	tionally recognized statistical rating organization,".
12	SEC. 1083. COMMISSION ANNUAL REPORT.
13	The Commission shall make an annual report publicly
14	available on the Commission's Internet website. Such report
15	shall, with respect to the year to which the report relates—
16	(1) identify applicants for registration under
17	section 15H of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934,
18	as added by this subtitle;
19	(2) specify the number of and actions taken on
20	such applications;
21	(3) specify the views of the Commission on the
22	state of competition, transparency, policies and meth-
23	odologies, and conflicts of interest among proxy advi-
24	sory firms;

1	(4) include the determination of the Commission
2	with regard to—
3	(A) the quality of proxy advisory services
4	issued by proxy advisory firms;
5	(B) the financial markets;
6	(C) competition among proxy advisory
7	firms;
8	(D) the incidence of undisclosed conflicts of
9	interest by proxy advisory firms;
10	(E) the process for registering as a proxy
11	advisory firm; and
12	(F) such other matters relevant to the im-
13	plementation of this subtitle and the amend-
14	ments made by this subtitle, as the Commission
15	determines necessary to bring to the attention of
16	the Congress;
17	(5) identify problems, if any, that have resulted
18	from the implementation of this subtitle and the
19	amendments made by this subtitle; and
20	(6) recommend solutions, including any legisla-
21	tive or regulatory solutions, to any problems identi-
22	fied under paragraphs (4) and (5).
23	Subtitle R—Senior Safe
24	SEC. 1091. IMMUNITY.
25	(a) Definitions.—In this subtitle—

1	(1) the term "Bank Secrecy Act Officer" means
2	an individual responsible for ensuring compliance
3	with the requirements mandated by subchapter II of
4	chapter 53 of title 31, United States Code;
5	(2) the term "broker-dealer" means a broker or
6	dealer, as those terms are defined, respectively, in sec-
7	tion 3(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
8	$U.S.C. \ 78c(a));$
9	(3) the term "covered agency" means—
10	(A) a State financial regulatory agency, in-
11	cluding a State securities or law enforcement au-
12	thority and a State insurance regulator;
13	(B) each of the Federal financial institu-
14	tions regulatory agencies;
15	(C) the Securities and Exchange Commis-
16	sion;
17	(D) a law enforcement agency;
18	(E) and State or local agency responsible
19	for administering adult protective service laws;
20	and
21	(F) a State attorney general.
22	(4) the term "covered financial institution"
23	means—
24	(A) a credit union;
25	(B) a depository institution;

1	(C) an investment advisor;
2	(D) a broker-dealer;
3	(E) an insurance company; and
4	(F) a State attorney general.
5	(5) the term "credit union" means a Federal
6	credit union, State credit union, or State-chartered
7	credit union, as those terms are defined in section 101
8	of the Federal Credit Union Act (12 U.S.C. 1752);
9	(6) the term "depository institution" has the
10	meaning given the term in section 3(c) of the Federal
11	Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1813(c));
12	(7) the term "exploitation" means the fraudulent
13	or otherwise illegal, unauthorized, or improper act or
14	process of an individual, including a caregiver or fi-
15	duciary, that—
16	(A) uses the resources of a senior citizen for
17	monetary personal benefit, profit, or gain; or
18	(B) results in depriving a senior citizen of
19	rightful access to or use of benefits, resources, be-
20	longings or assets;
21	(8) the term "Federal financial institutions reg-
22	ulatory agencies" has the meaning given the term in
23	section 1003 of the Federal Financial Institutions Ex-
24	amination Council Act of 1978 (12 U.S.C. 3302);

1	(9) the term "investment adviser" has the mean-
2	ing given the term in section 202 of the Investment
3	Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80b-2);
4	(10) the term "insurance company" has the
5	meaning given the term in section 2(a) of the Invest-
6	ment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-2(a));
7	(11) the term "registered representative" means
8	an individual who represents a broker-dealer in effect-
9	ing or attempting to affect a purchase or sale of secu-
10	rities;
11	(12) the term "senior citizen" means an indi-
12	vidual who is not less than 65 years of age;
13	(13) the term "State insurance regulator" has
14	the meaning given such term in section 315 of the
15	Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act (15 U.S.C. 6735); and
16	(14) the term "State securities or law enforce-
17	ment authority" has the meaning given the term in
18	section 24(f)(4) of the Securities Exchange Act of
19	1934 (15 U.S.C. $78x(f)(4)$).
20	(b) Immunity From Suit.—
21	(1) Immunity for individuals.—An individual
22	who has received the training described in section
23	1092 shall not be liable, including in any civil or ad-
24	ministrative proceeding, for disclosing the possible ex-

1	ploitation of a senior citizen to a covered agency if
2	the individual, at the time of the disclosure—
3	(A) served as a supervisor, compliance offi-
4	cer (including a Bank Secrecy Act Officer), or
5	registered representative for a covered financial
6	institution; and
7	(B) made the disclosure with reasonable
8	care including reasonable efforts to avoid disclo-
9	sure other than to a covered agency.
10	(2) Immunity for covered financial institu-
11	TIONS.—A covered financial institution shall not be
12	liable, including in any civil or administrative pro-
13	ceeding, for a disclosure made by an individual de-
14	scribed in paragraph (1) if—
15	(A) the individual was employed by, or, in
16	the case of a registered representative, affiliated
17	or associated with, the covered financial institu-
18	tion at the time of the disclosure; and
19	(B) before the time of the disclosure, the cov-
20	ered financial institution provided the training
21	described in section 1092 to each individual de-
22	scribed in section $1092(a)$.
23	SEC. 1092. TRAINING REQUIRED.
24	(a) In General.—A covered financial institution
25	may provide training described in subsection (b)(1) to each

1	officer or employee of, or registered representative affiliated
2	or associated with, the covered financial institution who—
3	(1) is described in section $1091(b)(1)(A)$;
4	(2) may come into contact with a senior citizen
5	as a regular part of the duties of the officer, employee,
6	or registered representative; or
7	(3) may review or approve the financial docu-
8	ments, records, or transactions of a senior citizen in
9	connection with providing financial services to a sen-
10	ior citizen.
11	(b) Training.—
12	(1) In General.—The training described in this
13	paragraph shall—
14	(A) instruct any individual attending the
15	training on how to identify and report the sus-
16	pected exploitation of a senior citizen;
17	(B) discuss the need to protect the privacy
18	and respect the integrity of each individual cus-
19	tomer of a covered financial institution; and
20	(C) be appropriate to the job responsibilities
21	of the individual attending the training.
22	(2) Timing.—The training required under sub-
23	section (a) shall be provided as soon as reasonably
24	practicable but not later than 1 year after the date
25	on which an officer, employee, or registered represent-

1	ative begins employment with or becomes affiliated or
2	associated with the covered financial institution.
3	(3) Bank secrecy act officer.—An indi-
4	vidual who is designated as a compliance officer
5	under an anti-money laundering program established
6	pursuant to section 5318(h) of title 31, United States
7	Code, shall be deemed to have received the training
8	described under this subsection.
9	SEC. 1093. RELATIONSHIP TO STATE LAW.
10	Nothing in this Act shall be construed to preempt or
11	limit any provision of State law, except only to the extent
12	that section 1091 provides a greater level of protection
13	against liability to an individual described in section
14	1091(b)(1) or to a covered financial institution described
15	in section 1091(b)(2) than is provided under State law.
16	Subtitle S—National Securities
17	Exchange Regulatory Parity
18	SEC. 1096. APPLICATION OF EXEMPTION.
19	Section 18(b)(1) of the Securities Act of 1933 (15
20	U.S.C. 77r(b)(1)), as amended by section 1056(b) of this
21	Act, is further amended—
22	(1) by striking subparagraph (A);
23	(2) in subparagraph (B), by striking "that the
24	Commission determines by rule (on its own initiative
25	or on the basis of a petition) are substantially similar

1	to the listing standards applicable to securities de-
2	scribed in subparagraph (A)" and inserting "that
3	have been approved by the Commission";
4	(3) in subparagraph (C), by striking "or (B)";
5	and
6	(4) by redesignating subparagraphs (B), (C),
7	and (D) as subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C), respec-
8	tively.
9	TITLE XI—REGULATORY RELIEF
10	FOR MAIN STREET AND COM-
11	MUNITY FINANCIAL INSTITU-
12	TIONS
13	Subtitle A—Preserving Access to
14	Manufactured Housing
15	SEC. 1101. MORTGAGE ORIGINATOR DEFINITION.
16	Section 103 of the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C.
17	1602) is amended—
18	(1) by redesignating the second subsection (cc)
19	and subsection (dd) as subsections (dd) and (ee), re-
20	spectively; and
21	(2) in paragraph (2)(C) of subsection (dd), as so
22	redesignated, by striking "an employee of a retailer of
23	manufactured homes who is not described in clause
24	(i) or (iii) of subparagraph (A) and who does not ad-
25	vise a consumer on loan terms (including rates, fees,

1	and other costs)" and inserting "a retailer of manu-
2	factured or modular homes or its employees unless
3	such retailer or its employees receive compensation or
4	gain for engaging in activities described in subpara-
5	graph (A) that is in excess of any compensation or
6	gain received in a comparable cash transaction".
7	SEC. 1102. HIGH-COST MORTGAGE DEFINITION.
8	Section 103 of the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C.
9	1602), as amended by section 1101, is further amended—
10	(1) by redesignating subsection (aa) (relating to
11	disclosure of greater amount or percentage), as so des-
12	ignated by section 1100A of the Consumer Financial
13	Protection Act of 2010, as subsection (bb);
14	(2) by redesignating subsection (bb) (relating to
15	high cost mortgages), as so designated by section
16	1100A of the Consumer Financial Protection Act of
17	2010, as subsection (aa), and moving such subsection
18	to immediately follow subsection (z); and
19	(3) in subsection $(aa)(1)(A)$, as so redesig-
20	nated—
21	(A) in clause (i)(I), by striking "(8.5 per-
22	centage points, if the dwelling is personal prop-
23	erty and the transaction is for less than
24	\$50,000)" and inserting "(10 percentage points
25	if the dwelling is personal property or is a trans-

1	action that does not include the purchase of real
2	property on which a dwelling is to be placed,
3	and the transaction is for less than \$75,000 (as
4	such amount is adjusted by the Consumer Fi-
5	nancial Opportunity Commission to reflect the
6	change in the Consumer Price Index))"; and
7	(B) in clause (ii)—
8	(i) in subclause (I), by striking "or" at
9	the end; and
10	(ii) by adding at the end the following:
11	"(III) in the case of a transaction
12	for less than \$75,000 (as such amount
13	is adjusted by the Consumer Financial
14	Opportunity Commission to reflect the
15	change in the Consumer Price Index)
16	in which the dwelling is personal prop-
17	erty (or is a consumer credit trans-
18	action that does not include the pur-
19	chase of real property on which a
20	dwelling is to be placed) the greater of
21	5 percent of the total transaction
22	amount or \$3,000 (as such amount is
23	adjusted by the Consumer Financial
24	Opportunity Commission to reflect the

1	change in the Consumer Price Index);
2	or".
3	Subtitle B—Mortgage Choice
4	SEC. 1106. DEFINITION OF POINTS AND FEES.
5	(a) Amendment to Section 103 of TILA.—Para-
6	graph (4) of section 103(aa) of the Truth in Lending Act,
7	as redesignated by section 1102, is amended—
8	(1) by striking "paragraph (1)(B)" and insert-
9	ing "paragraph (1)(A) and section 129C";
10	(2) in subparagraph (C)—
11	(A) by inserting "and insurance" after
12	"taxes";
13	(B) in clause (ii), by inserting ", except as
14	retained by a creditor or its affiliate as a result
15	of their participation in an affiliated business
16	arrangement (as defined in section 3(7) of the
17	Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act of 1974
18	(12 U.S.C. 2602(7))" after "compensation"; and
19	(C) by striking clause (iii) and inserting
20	$the\ following:$
21	"(iii) the charge is—
22	"(I) a bona fide third-party charge not
23	retained by the mortgage originator, cred-
24	itor, or an affiliate of the creditor or mort-
25	gage originator; or

1	"(II) a charge set forth in section
2	106(e)(1);"; and
3	(3) in subparagraph (D)—
4	(A) by striking "accident,"; and
5	(B) by striking "or any payments" and in-
6	serting "and any payments".
7	(b) Amendment to Section 129C of TILA.—Section
8	129C of the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1639c) is
9	amended—
10	(1) in subsection $(a)(5)(C)$, by striking "103"
11	and all that follows through "or mortgage originator"
12	and inserting "103(aa)(4)"; and
13	(2) in subsection $(b)(2)(C)(i)$, by striking "103"
14	and all that follows through "or mortgage origi-
15	nator)" and inserting "103(aa)(4)".
16	Subtitle C—Financial Institution
17	Customer Protection
18	SEC. 1111. REQUIREMENTS FOR DEPOSIT ACCOUNT TERMI-
19	NATION REQUESTS AND ORDERS.
20	(a) Termination Requests or Orders Must Be
21	Material.—
22	(1) In general.—An appropriate Federal bank-
23	ing agency may not formally or informally request or
24	order a depository institution to terminate a specific
25	customer account or group of customer accounts or to

1	otherwise restrict or discourage a depository institu-
2	tion from entering into or maintaining a banking re-
3	lationship with a specific customer or group of cus-
4	tomers unless—
5	(A) the agency has a material reason for
6	such request or order; and
7	(B) such reason is not based solely on rep-
8	utation risk.
9	(2) Treatment of national security
10	THREATS.—If an appropriate Federal banking agen-
11	cy believes a specific customer or group of customers
12	is, or is acting as a conduit for, an entity which—
13	(A) poses a threat to national security;
14	(B) is involved in terrorist financing;
15	(C) is an agency of the government of Iran,
16	North Korea, Syria, or any country listed from
17	time to time on the State Sponsors of Terrorism
18	list;
19	(D) is located in, or is subject to the juris-
20	diction of, any country specified in subpara-
21	graph (C); or
22	(E) does business with any entity described
23	in subparagraph (C) or (D), unless the appro-
24	priate Federal banking agency determines that
25	the customer or group of customers has used due

1	diligence to avoid doing business with any entity
2	described in subparagraph (C) or (D),
3	such belief shall satisfy the requirement under para-
4	graph(1).
5	(b) Notice Requirement.—
6	(1) In general.—If an appropriate Federal
7	banking agency formally or informally requests or or-
8	ders a depository institution to terminate a specific
9	customer account or a group of customer accounts, the
10	agency shall—
11	(A) provide such request or order to the in-
12	stitution in writing; and
13	(B) accompany such request or order with
14	a written justification for why such termination
15	is needed, including any specific laws or regula-
16	tions the agency believes are being violated by
17	the customer or group of customers, if any.
18	(2) Justification requirement.—A justifica-
19	tion described under paragraph (1)(B) may not be
20	based solely on the reputation risk to the depository
21	institution.
22	(c) Customer Notice.—
23	(1) Notice required.—Except as provided
24	under paragraph (2), if an appropriate Federal bank-
25	ing agency orders a depository institution to termi-

- nate a specific customer account or a group of customer accounts, the depository institution shall inform the customer or customers of the justification for the customer's account termination described under subsection (b).
- 6 (2) Notice prohibited in cases of national 7 SECURITY.—If an appropriate Federal banking agen-8 cy requests or orders a depository institution to ter-9 minate a specific customer account or a group of cus-10 tomer accounts based on a belief that the customer or 11 customers pose a threat to national security, or are 12 otherwise described under subsection (a)(2), neither the depository institution nor the appropriate Federal 13 14 banking agency may inform the customer or cus-15 tomers of the justification for the customer's account termination. 16
- 17 (d) Reporting Requirement.—Each appropriate 18 Federal banking agency shall issue an annual report to the 19 Congress stating—
- 20 (1) the aggregate number of specific customer ac-21 counts that the agency requested or ordered a deposi-22 tory institution to terminate during the previous 23 year; and
- 24 (2) the legal authority on which the agency re-25 lied in making such requests and orders and the fre-

1	quency on which the agency relied on each such au-
2	thority.
3	(e) Definitions.—For purposes of this section:
4	(1) Appropriate federal banking agency.—
5	The term "appropriate Federal banking agency"
6	means—
7	(A) the appropriate Federal banking agen-
8	cy, as defined under section 3 of the Federal De-
9	posit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1813); and
10	(B) the National Credit Union Administra-
11	tion, in the case of an insured credit union.
12	(2) Depository institution.—The term "de-
13	pository institution" means—
14	(A) a depository institution, as defined
15	under section 3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance
16	Act (12 U.S.C. 1813); and
17	(B) an insured credit union.
18	SEC. 1112. AMENDMENTS TO THE FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS
19	REFORM, RECOVERY, AND ENFORCEMENT
20	ACT OF 1989.
21	Section 951 of the Financial Institutions Reform, Re-
22	covery, and Enforcement Act of 1989 (12 U.S.C. 1833a) is
23	amended—
24	(1) in subsection $(c)(2)$, by striking "affecting a
25	federally insured financial institution" and inserting

1	"against a federally insured financial institution or
2	by a federally insured financial institution against
3	an unaffiliated third person"; and
4	(2) in subsection (g)—
5	(A) in the heading, by striking "Sub-
6	POENAS" and inserting "Investigations"; and
7	(B) by amending paragraph (1)(C) to read
8	as follows:
9	"(C) summon witnesses and require the pro-
10	duction of any books, papers, correspondence,
11	memoranda, or other records which the Attorney
12	General deems relevant or material to the in-
13	quiry, if the Attorney General—
14	"(i) requests a court order from a court
15	of competent jurisdiction for such actions
16	and offers specific and articulable facts
17	showing that there are reasonable grounds
18	to believe that the information or testimony
19	sought is relevant and material for con-
20	ducting an investigation under this section;
21	or
22	"(ii) either personally or through dele-
23	gation no lower than the Deputy Attorney
24	General, issues and signs a subpoena for
25	such actions and such subpoena is sup-

1	ported by specific and articulable facts
2	showing that there are reasonable grounds
3	to believe that the information or testimony
4	sought is relevant for conducting an inves-
5	tigation under this section.".
6	Subtitle D—Portfolio Lending and
7	Mortgage Access
8	SEC. 1116. SAFE HARBOR FOR CERTAIN LOANS HELD ON
9	PORTFOLIO.
10	(a) In General.—Section 129C of the Truth in Lend-
11	ing Act (15 U.S.C. 1639c) is amended by adding at the
12	end the following:
13	"(j) Safe Harbor for Certain Loans Held on
14	Portfolio.—
15	"(1) Safe harbor for creditors that are
16	DEPOSITORY INSTITUTIONS.—
17	"(A) In general.—A creditor that is a de-
18	pository institution shall not be subject to suit
19	for failure to comply with subsection (a), $(c)(1)$,
20	or (f)(2) of this section or section 129H with re-
21	spect to a residential mortgage loan, and the
22	banking regulators shall treat such loan as a
23	qualified mortgage, if—

1	"(i) the creditor has, since the origina-
2	tion of the loan, held the loan on the bal-
3	ance sheet of the creditor; and
4	"(ii) all prepayment penalties with re-
5	spect to the loan comply with the limita-
6	tions described under subsection $(c)(3)$.
7	"(B) Exception for certain trans-
8	FERS.—In the case of a depository institution
9	that transfers a loan originated by that institu-
10	tion to another depository institution by reason
11	of the bankruptcy or failure of the originating
12	depository institution or the purchase of the
13	originating depository institution, the depository
14	institution transferring such loan shall be
15	deemed to have complied with the requirement
16	$under\ subparagraph\ (A)(i).$
17	"(2) Safe harbor for mortgage origina-
18	TORS.—A mortgage originator shall not be subject to
19	suit for a violation of section $129B(c)(3)(B)$ for steer-
20	ing a consumer to a residential mortgage loan if—
21	"(A) the creditor of such loan is a deposi-
22	tory institution and has informed the mortgage
23	originator that the creditor intends to hold the
24	loan on the balance sheet of the creditor for the
25	life of the loan; and

1	"(B) the mortgage originator informs the
2	consumer that the creditor intends to hold the
3	loan on the balance sheet of the creditor for the
4	life of the loan.
5	"(3) Definitions.—For purposes of this sub-
6	section:
7	"(A) Banking regulators.—The term
8	banking regulators' means the Federal banking
9	agencies, the Consumer Financial Opportunity
10	Commission, and the National Credit Union Ad-
11	ministration.
12	"(B) Depository institution.—The term
13	'depository institution' has the meaning given
14	that term under section 19(b)(1) of the Federal
15	Reserve Act (12 U.S.C. $505(b)(1)$).
16	"(C) FEDERAL BANKING AGENCIES.—The
17	term 'Federal banking agencies' has the meaning
18	given that term under section 3 of the Federal
19	Deposit Insurance Act.".
20	(b) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in the amend-
21	ment made by this section may be construed as preventing
22	a balloon loan from qualifying for the safe harbor provided
23	under section 129C(j) of the Truth in Lending Act if the
24	balloon loan otherwise meets all of the requirements under
25	such subsection (i), regardless of whether the balloon loan

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meets the requirements described under clauses (i) through
   (iv) of section 129C(b)(2)(E) of such Act.
        Subtitle E—Application of the
 3
     Expedited Funds Availability Act
 4
   SEC. 1121. APPLICATION OF THE EXPEDITED FUNDS AVAIL-
 6
                ABILITY ACT.
 7
        (a) In General.—The Expedited Funds Availability
   Act (12 U.S.C. 4001 et seq.) is amended—
 9
             (1) in section 602(20) (12 U.S.C. 4001(20)) by
10
        inserting ", located in the United States," after
11
        "ATM";
12
             (2) in section 602(21) (12 U.S.C. 4001(21)) by
13
        inserting "American Samoa, the Commonwealth of
        the Northern Mariana Islands," after "Puerto Rico,";
14
15
             (3) in section 602(23) (12 U.S.C. 4001(23)) by
16
        inserting "American Samoa, the Commonwealth of
        the Northern Mariana Islands," after "Puerto Rico,";
17
18
        and
19
                      section
                               603(d)(2)(A)
                                              (12)
                                                    U.S.C.
20
        4002(d)(2)(A)), by inserting "American Samoa, the
21
        Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands,"
22
        after "Puerto Rico,".
23
        (b) Effective Date.—This section shall take effect
   on January 1, 2017.
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1	Subtitle F—Small Bank Holding
2	Company Policy Statement
3	SEC. 1126. CHANGES REQUIRED TO SMALL BANK HOLDING
4	COMPANY POLICY STATEMENT ON ASSESS-
5	MENT OF FINANCIAL AND MANAGERIAL FAC-
6	TORS.
7	(a) In General.—Before the end of the 6-month pe-
8	riod beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act,
9	the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System shall
10	revise the Small Bank Holding Company Policy Statement
11	on Assessment of Financial and Managerial Factors (12
12	C.F.R. part 225—appendix C) to raise the consolidated
13	asset threshold under such policy statement from
14	\$1,000,000,000 (as adjusted by Public Law 113–250) to
15	\$5,000,000,000.
16	(b) Conforming Amendment.—Subparagraph (C) of
17	section 171(b)(5) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform
18	and Consumer Protection Act (12 U.S.C. 5371(b)(5)) is
19	amended to read as follows:
20	"(C) any bank holding company or savings
21	and loan holding company that is subject to the
22	application of the Small Bank Holding Com-
23	pany Policy Statement on Assessment of Finan-
24	cial and Managerial Factors of the Board of
25	Governors (12 C.F.R. part 225—appendix C).".

1	Subtitle G—Community Institution
2	Mortgage Relief
3	SEC. 1131. COMMUNITY FINANCIAL INSTITUTION MORT-
4	GAGE RELIEF.
5	(a) Exemption From Escrow Requirements for
6	Loans Held by Smaller Creditors.—Section 129D of
7	the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1639d) is amended—
8	(1) by adding at the end the following:
9	"(k) Safe Harbor for Loans Held by Smaller
10	Creditors.—
11	"(1) In general.—A creditor shall not be in
12	violation of subsection (a) with respect to a loan if—
13	"(A) the creditor has consolidated assets of
14	\$10,000,000,000 or less; and
15	"(B) the creditor holds the loan on the bal-
16	ance sheet of the creditor for the 3-year period
17	beginning on the date of the origination of the
18	loan.
19	"(2) Exception for certain transfers.—In
20	the case of a creditor that transfers a loan to another
21	person by reason of the bankruptcy or failure of the
22	creditor, the purchase of the creditor, or a supervisory
23	act or recommendation from a State or Federal regu-
24	lator, the creditor shall be deemed to have complied
25	with the requirement under paragraph (1)(B).": and

1	(2) by striking the term "Board" each place such
2	term appears and inserting "Consumer Financial
3	Opportunity Commission".
4	(b) Modification to Exemption for Small
5	Servicers of Mortgage Loans.—Section 6 of the Real
6	Estate Settlement Procedures Act of 1974 (12 U.S.C. 2605)
7	is amended by adding at the end the following:
8	"(n) Small Servicer Exemption.—The Consumer
9	Financial Opportunity Commission shall, by regulation,
10	provide exemptions to, or adjustments for, the provisions
11	of this section for a servicer that annually services 20,000
12	or fewer mortgage loans, in order to reduce regulatory bur-
13	dens while appropriately balancing consumer protections.".
14	Subtitle H—Financial Institutions
15	Examination Fairness and Reform
16	SEC. 1136. TIMELINESS OF EXAMINATION REPORTS.
17	SEC. 1130. TIMELINESS OF EXAMINATION REPORTS.
. /	(a) In General.—The Federal Financial Institutions
18	(a) In General.—The Federal Financial Institutions
18	(a) In General.—The Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council Act of 1978 (12 U.S.C. 3301 et seq.)
18	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council Act of 1978 (12 U.S.C. 3301 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:
18 19 20	(a) In General.—The Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council Act of 1978 (12 U.S.C. 3301 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following: "SEC. 1012. TIMELINESS OF EXAMINATION REPORTS.
18 19 20 21	(a) In General.—The Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council Act of 1978 (12 U.S.C. 3301 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following: "SEC. 1012. TIMELINESS OF EXAMINATION REPORTS. "(a) In General.—
18 19 20 21 22	(a) In General.—The Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council Act of 1978 (12 U.S.C. 3301 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following: "SEC. 1012. TIMELINESS OF EXAMINATION REPORTS. "(a) In General.— "(1) Final Examination Report.—A Federal

1	"(A) the exit interview for an examination
2	of the institution; or
3	"(B) the provision of additional informa-
4	tion by the institution relating to the examina-
5	tion.
6	"(2) Exit interview.—If a financial institu-
7	tion is not subject to a resident examiner program,
8	the exit interview shall occur not later than the end
9	of the 9-month period beginning on the commence-
10	ment of the examination, except that such period may
11	be extended by the Federal financial institutions regu-
12	latory agency by providing written notice to the insti-
13	tution and the Independent Examination Review Di-
14	rector describing with particularity the reasons that
15	a longer period is needed to complete the examina-
16	tion.
17	"(b) Examination Materials.—Upon the request of
18	a financial institution, the Federal financial institutions
19	regulatory agency shall include with the final report an ap-
20	pendix listing all examination or other factual information
21	relied upon by the agency in support of a material super-
22	visory determination.
23	"SEC. 1013. EXAMINATION STANDARDS.
24	"(a) In General.—In the examination of a financial
25	institution—

1	"(1) a commercial loan shall not be placed in
2	non-accrual status solely because the collateral for
3	such loan has deteriorated in value;
4	"(2) a modified or restructured commercial loan
5	shall be removed from non-accrual status if the bor-
6	rower demonstrates the ability to perform on such
7	loan over a maximum period of 6 months, except that
8	with respect to loans on a quarterly, semiannual, or
9	longer repayment schedule such period shall be a
10	maximum of 3 consecutive repayment periods;
11	"(3) a new appraisal on a performing commer-
12	cial loan shall not be required unless an advance of
13	new funds is involved; and
14	"(4) in classifying a commercial loan in which
15	there has been deterioration in collateral value, the

- "(4) in classifying a commercial loan in which there has been deterioration in collateral value, the amount to be classified shall be the portion of the deficiency relating to the decline in collateral value and repayment capacity of the borrower.
- "(b) Well Capitalized Institutions.—The Federal 20 financial institutions regulatory agencies may not require 21 a financial institution that is well capitalized to raise additional capital in lieu of an action prohibited under sub-23 section (a).
- "(c) Consistent Loan Classifications.—The Fed eral financial institutions regulatory agencies shall develop

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1	and apply identical definitions and reporting requirements
2	for non-accrual loans.
3	"SEC. 1014. OFFICE OF INDEPENDENT EXAMINATION RE-
4	VIEW.
5	"(a) Establishment.—There is established in the
6	Council an Office of Independent Examination Review (the
7	'Office').
8	"(b) Head of Office.—There is established the posi-
9	tion of the Independent Examination Review Director (the
10	'Director'), as the head of the Office. The Director shall be
11	appointed by the Council and shall be independent from
12	any member agency of the Council.
13	"(c) Staffing.—The Director is authorized to hire
14	staff to support the activities of the Office.
15	"(d) Duties.—The Director shall—
16	"(1) receive and, at the Director's discretion, in-
17	vestigate complaints from financial institutions, their
18	representatives, or another entity acting on behalf of
19	such institutions, concerning examinations, examina-
20	tion practices, or examination reports;
21	"(2) hold meetings, at least once every three
22	months and in locations designed to encourage par-
23	ticipation from all sections of the United States, with
24	financial institutions, their representatives, or an-
25	other entity acting on behalf of such institutions, to

- discuss examination procedures, examination prac tices, or examination policies;
- "(3) review examination procedures of the Federal financial institutions regulatory agencies to ensure that the written examination policies of those agencies are being followed in practice and adhere to the standards for consistency established by the Council;
 - "(4) conduct a continuing and regular review of examination quality assurance for all examination types conducted by the Federal financial institutions regulatory agencies;
 - "(5) adjudicate any supervisory appeal initiated under section 1015; and
 - "(6) report annually to the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives, the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate, and the Council, on the reviews carried out pursuant to paragraphs (3) and (4), including compliance with the requirements set forth in section 1012 regarding timeliness of examination reports, and the Council's recommendations for improvements in examination procedures, practices, and policies.

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1	"(e) Confidentiality.—The Director shall keep con-
2	fidential all meetings with, discussions with, and informa-
3	tion provided by financial institutions.
4	"SEC. 1015. RIGHT TO INDEPENDENT REVIEW OF MATERIAL
5	SUPERVISORY DETERMINATIONS.
6	"(a) In General.—A financial institution shall have
7	the right to obtain an independent review of a material su-
8	pervisory determination contained in a final report of ex-
9	amination.
10	"(b) Notice.—
11	"(1) Timing.—A financial institution seeking re-
12	view of a material supervisory determination under
13	this section shall file a written notice with the Inde-
14	pendent Examination Review Director (the 'Director')
15	within 60 days after receiving the final report of ex-
16	amination that is the subject of such review.
17	"(2) Identification of determination.—The
18	written notice shall identify the material supervisory
19	determination that is the subject of the independent
20	examination review, and a statement of the reasons
21	why the institution believes that the determination is
22	incorrect or should otherwise be modified.
23	"(3) Information to be provided to institu-
24	TION.—Any information relied upon by the agency in
25	the final report that is not in the possession of the fi-

nancial institution may be requested by the financial institution and shall be delivered promptly by the agency to the financial institution.

"(c) Right to Hearing.—

- "(1) In GENERAL.—The Director shall determine the merits of the appeal on the record or, at the financial institution's election, shall refer the appeal to an Administrative Law Judge to conduct a confidential hearing pursuant to the procedures set forth under sections 556 and 557 of title 5, United States Code, which hearing shall take place not later than 60 days after the petition for review was received by the Director, and to issue a proposed decision to the Director based upon the record established at such hearing.
- "(2) STANDARD OF REVIEW.—In rendering a determination or recommendation under this subsection, neither the Administrative Law Judge nor the Director shall defer to the opinions of the examiner or agency, but shall conduct a de novo review to independently determine the appropriateness of the agency's decision based upon the relevant statutes, regulations, and other appropriate guidance, as well as evidence adduced at any hearing.
- 24 "(d) Final Decision.—A decision by the Director on 25 an independent review under this section shall—

1	"(1) be made not later than 60 days after the
2	record has been closed; and
3	"(2) be deemed final agency action and shall
4	bind the agency whose supervisory determination was
5	the subject of the review and the financial institution
6	requesting the review.
7	"(e) Right to Judicial Review.—A financial insti-
8	tution shall have the right to petition for review of final
9	agency action under this section by filing a Petition for
10	Review within 60 days of the Director's decision in the
11	United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia
12	Circuit or the Circuit in which the financial institution
13	is located.
14	"(f) Report.—The Director shall report annually to
15	the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Rep-
16	resentatives and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and
17	Urban Affairs of the Senate on actions taken under this
18	section, including the types of issues that the Director has
19	reviewed and the results of those reviews. In no case shall
20	such a report contain information about individual finan-
21	cial institutions or any confidential or privileged informa-
22	tion shared by financial institutions.
23	"(g) Retaliation Prohibited.—A Federal financial
24	institutions regulatory agency may not—

1	"(1) retaliate against a financial institution, in-
2	cluding service providers, or any institution-affiliated
3	party (as defined under section 3 of the Federal De-
4	posit Insurance Act), for exercising appellate rights
5	under this section; or
6	"(2) delay or deny any agency action that would
7	benefit a financial institution or any institution-af-
8	filiated party on the basis that an appeal under this
9	section is pending under this section.
10	"(h) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-
11	tion may be construed—
12	"(1) to affect the right of a Federal financial in-
13	stitutions regulatory agency to take enforcement or
14	other supervisory actions related to a material super-
15	visory determination under review under this section;
16	or
17	"(2) to prohibit the review under this section of
18	a material supervisory determination with respect to
19	which there is an ongoing enforcement or other super-
20	visory action.".
21	(b) Additional Amendments.—
22	(1) Riegle community development and
23	REGULATORY IMPROVEMENT ACT OF 1994.—Section
24	309 of the Riegle Community Development and Regu-

1	latory Improvement Act of 1994 (12 U.S.C. 4806) is
2	amended—
3	(A) in subsection (a), by inserting after
4	"appropriate Federal banking agency" the fol-
5	lowing: ", the Consumer Financial Opportunity
6	Commission,";
7	(B) in subsection (b)—
8	(i) in paragraph (2), by striking "the
9	appellant from retaliation by agency exam-
10	iners" and inserting "the insured depository
11	institution or insured credit union from re-
12	taliation by the agencies referred to in sub-
13	section (a)"; and
14	(ii) by adding at the end the following
15	flush-left text:
16	"For purposes of this subsection and subsection (e), retalia-
17	tion includes delaying consideration of, or withholding ap-
18	proval of, any request, notice, or application that otherwise
19	would have been approved, but for the exercise of the institu-
20	tion's or credit union's rights under this section.";
21	(C) in subsection $(e)(2)$ —
22	(i) in subparagraph (B), by striking
23	"and" at the end;
24	(ii) in subparagraph (C), by striking
25	the period and inserting "; and"; and

1	(iii) by adding at the end the fol-
2	lowing:
3	"(D) ensure that appropriate safeguards
4	exist for protecting the insured depository insti-
5	tution or insured credit union from retaliation
6	by any agency referred to in subsection (a) for
7	exercising its rights under this subsection."; and
8	(D) in subsection $(f)(1)(A)$ —
9	(i) in clause (ii), by striking "and" at
10	$the\ end;$
11	(ii) in clause (iii), by striking "and"
12	at the end; and
13	(iii) by adding at the end the fol-
14	lowing:
15	"(iv) any issue specifically listed in an
16	exam report as a matter requiring attention
17	by the institution's management or board of
18	directors; and
19	"(v) any suspension or removal of an
20	institution's status as eligible for expedited
21	processing of applications, requests, notices,
22	or filings on the grounds of a supervisory or
23	compliance concern, regardless of whether
24	that concern has been cited as a basis for
25	another material supervisory determination

1	or matter requiring attention in an exam-
2	ination report, provided that the conduct at
3	issue did not involve violation of any crimi-
4	nal law; and".
5	(2) FEDERAL CREDIT UNION ACT.—Section
6	205(j) of the Federal Credit Union Act (12 U.S.C.
7	1785(j)) is amended by inserting "the Consumer Fi-
8	nancial Opportunity Commission," before "the Ad-
9	ministration" each place such term appears.
10	(3) Federal financial institutions examina-
11	TION COUNCIL ACT OF 1978.—The Federal Financial
12	Institutions Examination Council Act of 1978 (12
13	U.S.C. 3301 et seq.) is amended—
14	(A) in section 1003, by amending para-
15	graph (1) to read as follows:
16	"(1) the term 'Federal financial institutions reg-
17	ulatory agencies'—
18	"(A) means the Office of the Comptroller of
19	the Currency, the Board of Governors of the Fed-
20	eral Reserve System, the Federal Deposit Insur-
21	ance Corporation, and the National Credit
22	Union Administration; and
23	"(B) for purposes of sections 1012, 1013,
24	1014, and 1015, includes the Consumer Finan-
25	cial Opportunity Commission;"; and

1	(B) in section 1005, by striking "One-fifth"
2	and inserting "One-fourth".
3	Subtitle I—National Credit Union
4	Administration Budget Trans-
5	parency
6	SEC. 1141. BUDGET TRANSPARENCY FOR THE NCUA.
7	Section 209(b) of the Federal Credit Union Act (12
8	U.S.C. 1789) is amended—
9	(1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) and (2) as
10	paragraphs (2) and (3), respectively;
11	(2) by inserting before paragraph (2), as so re-
12	designated, the following:
13	"(1) on an annual basis and prior to the sub-
14	mission of the detailed business-type budget required
15	under paragraph (2)—
16	"(A) make publicly available and cause to
17	be printed in the Federal Register a draft of such
18	detailed business-type budget; and
19	"(B) hold a public hearing, with public no-
20	tice provided of such hearing, wherein the public
21	can submit comments on the draft of such de-
22	tailed business-type budget;"; and
23	(3) in paragraph (2), as so redesignated—
24	(A) by inserting "detailed" after "submit
25	a"; and

1	(B) by inserting ", and where such budget
2	shall address any comments submitted by the
3	public pursuant to paragraph (1)(B)" after
4	"Control Act".
5	Subtitle J—Taking Account of Insti-
6	tutions With Low Operation Risk
7	SEC. 1146. REGULATIONS APPROPRIATE TO BUSINESS MOD-
8	ELS.
9	(a) In General.—For any regulatory action occur-
10	ring subsequent to enactment of this section, and notwith-
11	standing any other provision of law, the Federal financial
12	institutions regulatory agencies shall—
13	(1) take into consideration the risk profile and
14	business models of the various institutions or classes
15	of institutions subject to the regulatory action;
16	(2) determine the necessity, appropriateness, and
17	impact of applying such regulatory action to such in-
18	stitutions or classes of institutions; and
19	(3) tailor such regulatory action applicable to
20	such institutions or class of institutions in a manner
21	that limits the regulatory compliance impact, cost, li-
22	ability risk, and other burdens as is appropriate for
23	the risk profile and business model involved.
24	(b) Other Considerations.—In satisfying the re-
25	quirements of subsection (a) and when implementing such

1	regulatory action, the Federal financial institutions regu-
2	latory agencies shall also consider—
3	(1) the impact that such regulatory action, both
4	by itself and in conjunction with the aggregate effect
5	of other regulations, has on the ability of the institu-
6	tion or class of institutions to flexibly serve evolving
7	and diverse customer needs;
8	(2) the potential unintended impact of examina-
9	tion manuals or other regulatory directives that work
10	in conflict with the tailoring of such regulatory action
11	described in subsection $(a)(3)$; and
12	(3) the underlying policy objectives of the regu-
13	latory action and statutory scheme involved.
14	(c) Notice of Proposed and Final Rulemaking.—
15	The Federal financial institutions regulatory agencies shall
16	disclose in every notice of proposed rulemaking and in any
17	final rulemaking for a regulatory action how the agency
18	has applied subsections (a) and (b).
19	(d) Reports to Congress.—
20	(1) Individual agency reports.—
21	(A) In General.—The Federal financial
22	institutions regulatory agencies shall individ-
23	ually report to the Committee on Financial
24	Services of the House of Representatives and the
25	Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Af-

1	fairs of the Senate, within twelve months of en-
2	actment of this section and annually thereafter,
3	on the specific actions taken to tailor the agen-
4	cy's regulatory actions pursuant to the require-
5	ments of this section.
6	(B) Appearance before the commit-
7	TEES.—The head of each Federal financial insti-
8	tution regulatory agency shall appear before the
9	Committee on Financial Services of the House of
10	Representatives and the Committee on Banking,
11	Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate after
12	each report is made pursuant to subparagraph
13	(A), to testify on the contents of such report.
14	(2) FIEC REPORTS.—
15	(A) In general.—The Financial Institu-
16	tions Examination Council shall report to the
17	Committee on Financial Services of the House of
18	Representatives and the Committee on Banking,
19	Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate, with-
20	in three months after the reports required under
21	paragraph (1)—
22	(i) on the extent to which regulatory
23	actions tailored pursuant to this section re-

sult in differential regulation of similarly-

24

1	situated institutions of diverse charter types
2	with respect to comparable regulations; and
3	(ii) the reasons for such differential
4	treatment.
5	(B) Appearance before the commit-
6	TEES.—The Chairman of the Financial Institu-
7	tions Examination Council shall appear before
8	the Committee on Financial Services of the
9	House of Representatives and the Committee on
10	Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the
11	Senate after each report is made pursuant to
12	subparagraph (A), to testify on the contents of
13	such report.
14	(e) Limited Look-Back Application.—The Federal
15	financial institutions regulatory agencies shall conduct a
16	review of all regulations adopted during the period begin-
17	ning on the date that is five years before the date of the
18	introduction of this Act in the House of Representatives and
19	ending on the date of the enactment of this Act and apply
20	the requirements of this section to such regulations. If the
21	application of the requirements of this section to any such

22 regulation requires such regulation to be revised, the agency

23 shall revise such regulation within three years of the enact-

24 ment of this section.

1	(f) Definitions.—For purposes of this section, the fol-
2	lowing definitions shall apply:
3	(1) FEDERAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS REGU-
4	LATORY AGENCIES.—The term "Federal financial in-
5	stitutions regulatory agencies" means the Office of the
6	Comptroller of the Currency, the Board of Governors
7	of the Federal Reserve System, the Federal Deposit
8	Insurance Corporation, the National Credit Union
9	Administration, and the Consumer Financial Oppor-
10	tunity Commission.
11	(2) REGULATORY ACTION.—The term "regulatory
12	action" means any proposed, interim, or final rule or
13	regulation, guidance, or published interpretation.
14	Subtitle K—Federal Savings
15	Association Charter Flexibility
16	SEC. 1151. OPTION FOR FEDERAL SAVINGS ASSOCIATIONS
17	TO OPERATE AS A COVERED SAVINGS ASSO-
18	CIATION.
19	The Home Owners' Loan Act is amended by inserting
20	after section 5 (12 U.S.C. 1464) the following:
21	"SEC. 5A. ELECTION TO OPERATE AS A COVERED SAVINGS
22	ASSOCIATION.
23	"(a) Definition.—In this section, the term 'covered
24	savings association' means a Federal savings association
25	that makes an election approved under subsection (b).

1	"(b) Election.—
2	"(1) In general.—Upon issuance of the rules
3	described in subsection (f), a Federal savings associa-
4	tion may elect to operate as a covered savings associa-
5	tion by submitting a notice to the Comptroller of such
6	election.
7	"(2) APPROVAL.—A Federal savings association
8	shall be deemed to be approved to operate as a covered
9	savings association on the date that is 60 days after
10	the date on which the Comptroller receives the notice
11	under paragraph (1), unless the Comptroller notifies
12	the Federal savings association otherwise.
13	"(c) RIGHTS AND DUTIES.—Notwithstanding any
14	other provision of law and except as otherwise provided in
15	this section, a covered savings association shall—
16	"(1) have the same rights and privileges as a na-
17	tional bank that has its main office situated in the
18	same location as the home office of the covered savings
19	association; and
20	"(2) be subject to the same duties, restrictions,
21	penalties, liabilities, conditions, and limitations that
22	would apply to such a national bank.
23	"(d) Treatment of Covered Savings Associa-
24	TIONS.—A covered savings association shall be treated as
25	a Federal savings association for the purposes—

1	"(1) of governance of the covered savings associa-
2	tion, including incorporation, bylaws, boards of direc-
3	tors, shareholders, and distribution of dividends;
4	"(2) of consolidation, merger, dissolution, conver-
5	sion (including conversion to a stock bank or to an-
6	other charter), conservatorship, and receivership; and
7	"(3) determined by regulation of the Comptroller.
8	"(e) Existing Branches.—A covered savings associa-
9	tion may continue to operate any branch or agency the cov-
10	ered savings association operated on the date on which an
11	election under subsection (b) is approved.
12	"(f) Rulemaking.—The Comptroller shall issue rules
13	to carry out this section—
14	"(1) that establish streamlined standards and
15	procedures that clearly identify required documenta-
16	tion or timelines for an election under subsection (b);
17	"(2) that require a Federal savings association
18	that makes an election under subsection (b) to iden-
19	tify specific assets and subsidiaries—
20	"(A) that do not conform to the require-
21	ments for assets and subsidiaries of a national
22	bank; and
23	"(B) that are held by the Federal savings
24	association on the date on which the Federal sav-
25	ings association submits a notice of such election;

1	"(3) that establish—
2	"(A) a transition process for bringing such
3	assets and subsidiaries into conformance with
4	the requirements for a national bank; and
5	"(B) procedures for allowing the Federal
6	savings association to provide a justification for
7	grandfathering such assets and subsidiaries after
8	electing to operate as a covered savings associa-
9	tion;
10	"(4) that establish standards and procedures to
11	allow a covered savings association to terminate an
12	election under subsection (b) after an appropriate pe-
13	riod of time or to make a subsequent election;
14	"(5) that clarify requirements for the treatment
15	of covered savings associations, including the provi-
16	sions of law that apply to covered savings associa-
17	tions; and
18	"(6) as the Comptroller deems necessary and in
19	the interests of safety and soundness.".

1	$Subtitle \ L\!\!-\!\!SAFE \ Transitional$
2	Licensing
3	SEC. 1156. ELIMINATING BARRIERS TO JOBS FOR LOAN
4	ORIGINATORS.
5	(a) In General.—The S.A.F.E. Mortgage Licensing
6	Act of 2008 (12 U.S.C. 5101 et seq.) is amended by adding
7	at the end the following:
8	"SEC. 1518. EMPLOYMENT TRANSITION OF LOAN ORIGINA-
9	TORS.
10	"(a) Temporary Authority to Originate Loans
11	FOR LOAN ORIGINATORS MOVING FROM A DEPOSITORY IN-
12	STITUTION TO A NON-DEPOSITORY INSTITUTION.—
13	"(1) In general.—Upon employment by a
14	State-licensed mortgage company, an individual who
15	is a registered loan originator shall be deemed to have
16	temporary authority to act as a loan originator in an
17	application State for the period described in para-
18	graph (2) if the individual—
19	"(A) has not had an application for a loan
20	originator license denied, or had such a license
21	revoked or suspended in any governmental juris-
22	diction;
23	"(B) has not been subject to or served with
24	a cease and desist order in any governmental ju-
25	risdiction or as described in section 1514(c);

1	"(C) has not been convicted of a felony that
2	would preclude licensure under the law of the ap-
3	plication State;
4	"(D) has submitted an application to be a
5	State-licensed loan originator in the application
6	State; and
7	"(E) was registered in the Nationwide
8	Mortgage Licensing System and Registry as a
9	loan originator during the 12-month period pre-
10	ceding the date of submission of the information
11	required under section $1505(a)$.
12	"(2) Period.—The period described in para-
13	graph (1) shall begin on the date that the individual
14	submits the information required under section
15	1505(a) and shall end on the earliest of—
16	"(A) the date that the individual withdraws
17	the application to be a State-licensed loan origi-
18	nator in the application State;
19	"(B) the date that the application State de-
20	nies, or issues a notice of intent to deny, the ap-
21	plication;
22	"(C) the date that the application State
23	grants a State license; or
24	"(D) the date that is 120 days after the date
25	on which the individual submits the application.

1	if the application is listed on the Nationwide
2	Mortgage Licensing System and Registry as in-
3	complete.
4	"(b) Temporary Authority to Originate Loans
5	FOR STATE-LICENSED LOAN ORIGINATORS MOVING INTER-
6	STATE.—
7	"(1) In general.—A State-licensed loan origi-
8	nator shall be deemed to have temporary authority to
9	act as a loan originator in an application State for
10	the period described in paragraph (2) if the State-li-
11	censed loan originator—
12	"(A) meets the requirements of subpara-
13	graphs (A), (B), (C), and (D) of subsection
14	(a)(1);
15	"(B) is employed by a State-licensed mort-
16	gage company in the application State; and
17	"(C) was licensed in a State that is not the
18	application State during the 30-day period pre-
19	ceding the date of submission of the information
20	required under section 1505(a) in connection
21	with the application submitted to the application
22	State.
23	"(2) Period.—The period described in para-
24	graph (1) shall begin on the date that the State-li-
25	censed loan originator submits the information re-

1	quired under section 1505(a) in connection with the
2	application submitted to the application State and
3	end on the earliest of—
4	"(A) the date that the State-licensed loan
5	originator withdraws the application to be a
6	State-licensed loan originator in the application
7	State;
8	"(B) the date that the application State de-
9	nies, or issues a notice of intent to deny, the ap-
10	plication;
11	"(C) the date that the application State
12	grants a State license; or
13	"(D) the date that is 120 days after the date
14	on which the State-licensed loan originator sub-
15	mits the application, if the application is listed
16	on the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System
17	and Registry as incomplete.
18	"(c) Applicability.—
19	"(1) Any person employing an individual who is
20	deemed to have temporary authority to act as a loan
21	originator in an application State pursuant to this
22	section shall be subject to the requirements of this title
23	and to applicable State law to the same extent as if
24	such individual was a State-licensed loan originator
25	licensed by the application State.

1	"(2) Any individual who is deemed to have tem-
2	porary authority to act as a loan originator in an
3	application State pursuant to this section and who
4	engages in residential mortgage loan origination ac-
5	tivities shall be subject to the requirements of this title
6	and to applicable State law to the same extent as if
7	such individual was a State-licensed loan originator
8	licensed by the application State.
9	"(d) Definitions.—In this section, the following defi-
10	nitions shall apply:
11	"(1) State-licensed mortgage company.—
12	The term 'State-licensed mortgage company' means
13	an entity licensed or registered under the law of any
14	State to engage in residential mortgage loan origina-
15	tion and processing activities.
16	"(2) Application state.—The term 'applica-
17	tion State' means a State in which a registered loan
18	originator or a State-licensed loan originator seeks to
19	be licensed.".
20	(b) Table of Contents Amendment.—The table of
21	contents in section 1(b) of the Housing and Economic Re-
22	covery Act of 2008 (42 U.S.C. 4501 note) is amended by

"Sec. 1518. Employment transition of loan originators.".

23 inserting after the item relating to section 1517 the fol-

24 lowing:

1	(c) Amendment to Civil Liability of the Con-
2	SUMER FINANCIAL OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION AND OTHER
3	Officials.—Section 1513 of the S.A.F.E. Mortgage Licens-
4	ing Act of 2008 (12 U.S.C. 5112) is amended by striking
5	"are loan originators or are applying for licensing or reg-
6	istration as loan originators" and inserting "are applying
7	for licensing or registration using the Nationwide Mortgage
8	Licensing System and Registry".
9	Subtitle M—Right to Lend
10	SEC. 1161. SMALL BUSINESS LOAN DATA COLLECTION RE-
11	QUIREMENT.
12	(a) Repeal.—Section 704B of the Equal Credit Op-
13	portunity Act (15 U.S.C. 1691c-2) is repealed.
14	(b) Conforming Amendments.—Section 701(b) of the
15	Equal Credit Opportunity Act (15 U.S.C. 1691(b)) is
16	amended—
17	(1) in paragraph (3), by inserting "or" at the
18	end;
19	(2) in paragraph (4), by striking "; or" and in-
20	serting a period; and
21	(3) by striking paragraph (5).
22	(c) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections for
23	title VII of the Consumer Credit Protection Act is amended
24	by striking the item relating to section 704B.

Subtitle N—Community Bank 1 Reporting Relief 2 3 SEC. 1166. SHORT FORM CALL REPORT. (a) In General.—Section 7(a) of the Federal Deposit 4 Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(a)) is amended by adding 5 at the end the following: 7 "(12) Short form reporting.— 8 "(A) In General.—The appropriate Fed-9 eral banking agencies shall issue regulations al-10 lowing for a reduced reporting requirement for 11 covered depository institutions when making the 12 first and third report of condition for a year, as 13 required pursuant to paragraph (3). 14 "(B) Covered depository institution 15 DEFINED.—For purposes of this paragraph, the 16 term 'covered depository institution' means an 17 insured depository institution that— 18 "(i) is highly rated and well capital-19 ized (as defined under section 38(b)); and 20 "(ii) satisfies such other criteria as the 21 appropriate Federal banking agencies deter-22 mine appropriate.". 23 (b) Report to Congress.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and every 365

days thereafter until the appropriate Federal banking agen-

1	cies (as defined under section 3 of the Federal Deposit In-
2	surance Act) have issued the regulations required under sec-
3	tion 7(a)(12)(A) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, such
4	agencies shall submit to the Committee on Financial Serv-
5	ices of the House of Representatives and the Committee on
6	Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate a re-
7	port describing the progress made in issuing such regula-
8	tions.
9	Subtitle O—Homeowner
10	Information Privacy Protection
11	SEC. 1171. STUDY REGARDING PRIVACY OF INFORMATION
12	COLLECTED UNDER THE HOME MORTGAGE
13	DISCLOSURE ACT OF 1975.
14	(a) Study.—The Comptroller General of the United
15	States shall conduct a study to determine whether the data
16	required to be published, made available, or disclosed under
17	the final rule, in connection with other publicly available
18	data sources, including data made publicly available under
19	Regulation C (12 C.F.R. 1003) before the effective date of
20	the final rule, could allow for or increase the probability
21	of—
22	(1) exposure of the identity of mortgage appli-
23	cants or mortagaors through reverse engineering:

1	(2) exposure of mortgage applicants or mortga-
2	gors to identity theft or the loss of sensitive personal
3	$financial\ information;$
4	(3) the marketing or sale of unfair or deceptive
5	financial products to mortgage applicants or mortga-
6	gors based on such data;
7	(4) personal financial loss or emotional distress
8	resulting from the exposure of mortgage applicants or
9	mortgagors to identify theft or the loss of sensitive
10	personal financial information; and
11	(5) the potential legal liability facing the Con-
12	sumer Financial Opportunity Commission and mar-
13	ket participants in the event the data required to be
14	published, made available, or disclosed under the final
15	rule leads or contributes to identity theft or the cap-
16	ture of sensitive personal financial information.
17	(b) Report.—The Comptroller General of the United
18	States shall submit to the Committee on Financial Services
19	of the House of Representatives and the Committee on
20	Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate a re-
21	port that includes—
22	(1) the findings and conclusions of the Comp-
23	troller General with respect to the study required
24	under subsection (a); and

1	(2) any recommendations for legislative or regu-
2	latory actions that—
3	(A) would enhance the privacy of a con-
4	sumer when accessing mortgage credit; and
5	(B) are consistent with consumer protec-
6	tions and safe and sound banking operations.
7	(c) Suspension of Data Sharing Require-
8	MENTS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in-
9	cluding the final rule—
10	(1) depository institutions shall not be required
11	to publish, disclose, or otherwise make available to the
12	public, pursuant to the Home Mortgage Disclosure
13	Act of 1975 (or regulations issued under such Act)
14	any data that was not required to be published, dis-
15	closed, or otherwise made available pursuant to such
16	Act (or regulations issued under such Act) on the day
17	before the date of the enactment of the Dodd-Frank
18	Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act;
19	and
20	(2) the Consumer Financial Opportunity Com-
21	mission and the Financial Institutions Examination
22	Council shall not publish, disclose, or otherwise make
23	available to the public any such information received
24	from a depository institution pursuant to the final
25	rule.

1	(d) Definitions.—For purposes of this section:				
2	(1) Depository institution.—The term "de-				
3	pository institution" has the meaning given that term				
4	under section 303 of the Home Mortgage Disclosure				
5	Act of 1975 (12 U.S.C. 2802).				
6	(2) Final rule.—The term "final rule" means				
7	the final rule issued by the Bureau of Consumer Fi				
8	nancial Protection titled "Home Mortgage Disclosur				
9	(Regulation C)" (October 28, 2015; 80 Fed. Reg.				
10	66128).				
11	Subtitle P—Home Mortgage				
12	Disclosure Adjustment				
13	SEC. 1176. DEPOSITORY INSTITUTIONS SUBJECT TO MAIN-				
14	TENANCE OF RECORDS AND DISCLOSURE RE-				
15	QUIREMENTS.				
16	(a) In General.—Section 304 of the Home Mortgage				
17	Disclosure Act of 1975 (12 U.S.C. 2803) is amended—				
18	(1) by redesignating subsection (i) as paragraph				
19	(2) and adjusting the margin appropriately; and				
20	(2) by inserting before such paragraph (2) the				
21	following:				
22	"(i) Exemptions.—				
23	"(1) In general.—With respect to a depository				
24	institution, the requirements of subsections (a) and				
25	(b) shall not apply—				

1	"(A) with respect to closed-end mortgage				
2	loans, if such depository institution originated				
3	less than 100 closed-end mortgage loans in each				
4	of the two preceding calendar years; and				
5	"(B) with respect to open-end lines of cred-				
6	it, if such depository institution originated less				
7	than 200 open-end lines of credit in each of the				
8	two preceding calendar years.".				
9	(b) Technical Correction.—Section 304(i)(2) of				
10	such Act, as redesignated by subsection (a), is amended by				
11	striking "section $303(2)(A)$ " and inserting "section				
12	303(3)(A)".				
13	Subtitle Q—National Credit Union				
14	Administration Advisory Council				
15	SEC. 1181. CREDIT UNION ADVISORY COUNCIL.				
16	Section 102 of the Federal Credit Union Act (12				
17	U.S.C. 1752a) is amended by adding at the end the fol-				
18	lowing:				
19	"(g) Credit Union Advisory Council.—				
20	"(1) Establishment.—The Board shall estab-				
21					
	lish the Credit Union Advisory Council to advise and				
22	lish the Credit Union Advisory Council to advise and consult with the Board in the exercise of the Board's				
22 23					
	consult with the Board in the exercise of the Board's				

1	"(2) Membership.—The Board shall appoint no
2	fewer than 15 and no more than 20 members to the
3	Credit Union Advisory Council. In appointing such
4	members, the Board shall include members rep-
5	resenting credit unions predominantly serving tradi-
6	tionally underserved communities and populations
7	and their interests, without regard to party affili-
8	ation.
9	"(3) Meetings.—The Credit Union Advisory
10	Council—
11	"(A) shall meet from time to time at the
12	call of the Board; and
13	"(B) shall meet at least twice each year.
14	"(4) Compensation and travel expenses.—
15	Members of the Credit Union Advisory Council who
16	are not full-time employees of the United States
17	shall—
18	"(A) be entitled to receive compensation at
19	a rate fixed by the Board, while attending meet-
20	ings of the Credit Union Advisory Council; and
21	"(B) be allowed travel expenses, including
22	transportation and subsistence, while away from
23	their homes or regular places of business.".

1	Subtitle R—Credit Union
2	Examination Reform
3	SEC. 1186. EXTENSION OF EXAMINATION CYCLE OF THE NA-
4	TIONAL CREDIT UNION ADMINISTRATION TO
5	18 MONTHS OR LONGER.
6	(a) Federal Credit Union Examinations.—Sec-
7	tion 106 of the Federal Credit Union Act (12 U.S.C. 1756)
8	is amended—
9	(1) by striking "Federal credit unions" and in-
10	serting the following:
11	"(a) In General.—Federal credit unions"; and
12	(2) by adding at the end the following:
13	"(b) 18-month or Longer Examination Cycle for
14	Certain Credit Unions.—
15	"(1) In general.—An examination of a Federal
16	credit union described under subsection (a) may only
17	be carried out once during each 18-month period with
18	respect to a Federal credit union that—
19	"(A) has total assets of less than
20	\$1,000,000,000;
21	"(B) is well capitalized, as such term is de-
22	fined under section $216(c)(1)$;
23	"(C) was found in its most recent examina-
24	tion to be well managed, and its composite rat-
25	ing (under the Uniform Financial Institutions

1	Rating System or an equivalent rating under a			
2	comparable rating system)—			
3	"(i) was a 1, in the case of a Federal			
4	credit union that has total assets of more			
5	than \$200,000,000; or			
6	"(ii) was a 1 or a 2, in the case of			
7	Federal credit union that has total assets of			
8	not more than \$200,000,000; and			
9	"(D) is not currently subject to a formal en-			
10	forcement proceeding or order by the Adminis-			
11	tration.			
12	"(2) Safety and soundness exception.—			
13	Paragraph (1) shall not apply to a Federal credit			
14	union if the Administration determines—			
15	"(A) that such credit union should be exam-			
16	ined more often than every 18 months because of			
17	safety and soundness concerns; or			
18	"(B) that such credit union has violated the			
19	law.".			
20	(b) Insured Credit Union Examinations.—Section			
21	204 of the Federal Credit Union Act (12 U.S.C. 1784) is			
22	amended by adding at the end the following:			
23	"(h) 18-month or Longer Examination Cycle for			
24	Certain Credit Unions.—			

1	"(1) In general.—An examination of an in-					
2	sured credit union described under subsection (a) may					
3	only be carried out once during each 18-month period					
4	with respect to an insured credit union that—					
5	"(A) has total assets of less than					
6	\$1,000,000,000;					
7	"(B) is well capitalized or adequately cap-					
8	italized, as such terms are defined, respectively,					
9	$under\ section\ 216(c)(1);$					
10	"(C) was found in its most recent examina-					
11	tion to be well managed, and its composite rat-					
12	ing (under the Uniform Financial Institutions					
13	Rating System or an equivalent rating under a					
14	comparable rating system)—					
15	"(i) was a 1, in the case of an insured					
16	credit union that has total assets of more					
17	than \$200,000,000; or					
18	"(ii) was a 1 or a 2, in the case of an					
19	insured credit union that has total assets of					
20	not more than \$200,000,000; and					
21	"(D) is not currently subject to a formal en-					
22	forcement proceeding or order by the Adminis-					
23	tration.					

1	"(2) Safety and soundness exception.—				
2	Paragraph (1) shall not apply to an insured credit				
3	union if the Administration determines—				
4	"(A) that such credit union should be exam-				
5	ined more often than every 18 months because of				
6	safety and soundness concerns; or				
7	"(B) that such credit union has violated the				
8	law.".				
9	(c) Budget Savings Report.—Not later than the				
10	end of the 180-day period beginning on the date of the en-				
11	actment of this Act, the National Credit Union Administra-				
12	tion shall issue a report to the Congress analyzing how the				
13	amendments made by this section affect the budget of the				
14	Administration.				
15	(d) Rulemaking.—Not later than the end of the 100-				
16	day period beginning on the date of the enactment of this				
17	Act, the National Credit Union Administration shall issue				
18	regulations to carry out the amendments made by this sec-				
19	tion.				
20	Subtitle S—NCUA Overhead				
21	Transparency				
22	SEC. 1191. FUND TRANSPARENCY.				
23	Section 203 of the Federal Credit Union Act (12				
24	U.S.C. 1783) is amended by adding at the end the following:				
25	"(g) Fund Transparency.—				

1	"(1) In general.—The Board shall accompany
2	each annual budget submitted pursuant to section
3	209(b) with a report containing—
4	"(A) a detailed analysis of how the expenses
5	of the Administration are assigned between pru-
6	dential activities and insurance-related activities
7	and the extent to which those expenses are paid
8	from the fees collected pursuant to section 105 or
9	from the Fund; and
10	"(B) the Board's supporting rationale for
11	any proposed use of amounts in the Fund con-
12	tained in such budget, including detailed break-
13	downs and supporting rationales for any such
14	proposed use related to titles of this Act other
15	than this title.
16	"(2) Public disclosure.—The Board shall
17	make each report described under paragraph (1)
18	available to the public.".

Union Calendar No. 693

114TH CONGRESS H. R. 5983

[Report No. 114-883, Part I]

BILL

To create hope and opportunity for consumers, investors, and entrepreneurs by ending bailouts and Too Big to Fail, holding Washington and Wall Street accountable, eliminating red tape to increase access to capital and credit, and repealing the provisions of the Dodd-Frank Act that make America less prosperous, less stable, and less free, and for other purposes.

December 20, 2016

Reported from the Committee on Financial Services with an amendment

December 20, 2016

The Committees on Agriculture, Ways and Means, the Judiciary, Oversight and Government Reform, Transportation and Infrastructure, Rules, the Budget, and Education and the Workforce discharged; committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed