115TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 5942

To improve the health of minority individuals, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

May 23, 2018

Ms. Lee (for herself, Mr. Aguilar, Ms. Barragán, Ms. Bass, Ms. Bonamici, Ms. Bordallo, Mr. Brown of Maryland, Mr. Carbajal, Mr. Cárdenas, Mr. Carson of Indiana, Mr. Castro of Texas, Ms. Judy Chu of California, Ms. Clarke of New York, Mr. Correa, Mr. DANNY K. DAVIS of Illinois, Mr. Ellison, Ms. Eshoo, Mr. Espaillat, Ms. Fudge, Mr. Gallego, Mr. Gomez, Mr. Al Green of Texas, Mr. GRIJALVA, Mr. GUTIÉRREZ, Ms. HANABUSA, Mr. HASTINGS, Ms. JAYAPAL, Ms. EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON of Texas, Ms. KELLY of Illinois, Mr. Khanna, Mr. Lewis of Georgia, Mr. Ted Lieu of California, Ms. Lofgren, Mr. Lowenthal, Ms. Michelle Lujan Grisham of New Mexico, Ms. Matsui, Mr. Meeks, Ms. Meng, Mrs. Napolitano, Ms. Norton, Mr. Payne, Mr. Raskin, Mr. Richmond, Ms. Roybal-Allard, Mr. Rush, Mr. Sablan, Ms. Sánchez, Mr. Schiff, Mr. Scott of Virginia, Mr. Serrano, Ms. Sewell of Alabama, Mr. SWALWELL of California, Mr. TAKANO, Mrs. TORRES, Ms. VELÁZQUEZ, Ms. Wilson of Florida, Mrs. Watson Coleman, and Mr. Krishnamoorthi) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committees on Ways and Means, Agriculture, Education and the Workforce, the Budget, the Judiciary, Veterans' Affairs, Armed Services, and Natural Resources, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To improve the health of minority individuals, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Health Equity and
- 5 Accountability Act of 2018".
- 6 SEC. 2. TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 7 The table of contents of this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title.
 - Sec. 2. Table of contents.
 - Sec. 3. Findings.

TITLE I—DATA COLLECTION AND REPORTING

- Sec. 101. Amendment to the Public Health Service Act.
- Sec. 102. Elimination of prerequisite of direct appropriations for data collection and analysis.
- Sec. 103. Collection of race and ethnicity data by the Social Security Administration.
- Sec. 104. Revision of HIPAA claims standards.
- Sec. 105. National Center for Health Statistics.
- Sec. 106. Disparities data collected by the Federal Government.
- Sec. 107. Data collection and analysis grants to minority-serving institutions.
- Sec. 108. Standards for measuring sexual orientation and gender identity in collection of health data.
- Sec. 109. Standards for measuring socioeconomic status in collection of health data.
- Sec. 110. Safety and effectiveness of drugs with respect to racial and ethnic background.
- Sec. 111. Improving health data regarding Native Hawaiians and other Pacific Islanders.
- Sec. 112. Clarification of simplified administrative reporting requirement.

TITLE II—CULTURALLY AND LINGUISTICALLY APPROPRIATE HEALTH AND HEALTH CARE

- Sec. 201. Definitions.
- Sec. 202. Amendment to the Public Health Service Act.
- Sec. 203. Pilot program for improvement and development of State medical interpreting services.
- Sec. 204. Training tomorrow's doctors for culturally and linguistically appropriate care: graduate medical education.
- Sec. 205. Federal reimbursement for culturally and linguistically appropriate services under the Medicare, Medicaid, and State Children's Health Insurance Programs.
- Sec. 206. Increasing understanding of and improving health literacy.
- Sec. 207. Assurances for receiving Federal funds.
- Sec. 208. Report on Federal efforts to provide culturally and linguistically appropriate health care services.

- Sec. 209. English for speakers of other languages.
- Sec. 210. Implementation.
- Sec. 211. Language access services.

TITLE III—HEALTH WORKFORCE DIVERSITY

- Sec. 301. Amendment to the Public Health Service Act.
- Sec. 302. Hispanic-serving health professions schools.
- Sec. 303. Loan repayment program of Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.
- Sec. 304. Cooperative agreements for online degree programs at schools of public health and schools of allied health.
- Sec. 305. Sense of Congress on the mission of the National Health Care Workforce Commission.
- Sec. 306. Scholarship and fellowship programs.
- Sec. 307. McNair Postbaccalaureate Achievement Program.
- Sec. 308. Rules for determination of full-time equivalent residents for cost-reporting periods.
- Sec. 309. Developing and implementing strategies for local health equity.
- Sec. 310. Loan forgiveness for mental and behavioral health social workers.
- Sec. 311. Health Professions Workforce Fund.
- Sec. 312. Findings; sense of Congress relating to graduate medical education.
- Sec. 313. Career support for skilled, internationally educated health professionals.

TITLE IV—IMPROVING HEALTH CARE ACCESS AND QUALITY

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- Sec. 401. Amendment to the Public Health Service Act.
- Sec. 402. Removing citizenship and immigration barriers to access to affordable health care under ACA.
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- Sec. 405. Extension of Medicare secondary payer.
- Sec. 406. Border health grants.
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- Sec. 408. 100 percent FMAP for medical assistance provided by urban Indian health centers.
- Sec. 409. 100 percent FMAP for medical assistance provided to a Native Hawaiian through a federally qualified health center or a Native Hawaiian health care system under the Medicaid program.

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- Sec. 410. Protecting sensitive locations.
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- Sec. 419. Scoring of preventive health savings.
- Sec. 420. Sense of Congress on Maintenance of Effort Provisions Regarding Children's Health.

- Sec. 421. Repeal of requirement for documentation evidencing citizenship or nationality under the Medicaid program.
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- Sec. 603. Integrated Health Care Demonstration Program.
- Sec. 604. Addressing racial and ethnic minority mental health disparities research gaps.
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Sec. 721. Acquired bone marrow failure diseases.

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- Sec. 777. Asthma-related activities of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.
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1 SEC. 3. FINDINGS.

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- 2 The Congress finds as follows:
- 1) The population of racial and ethnic minorities is expected to increase over the next few decades, yet racial and ethnic minorities have the poorest health status and face substantial cultural, social, and economic barriers to obtaining quality health care.
 - (2) Health disparities are a function of not only access to health care, but also the social determinants of health—including the environment, the physical structure of communities, nutrition and food options, educational attainment, employment, race, ethnicity, sex, geography, language preference, immigrant or citizenship status, sexual orientation, gender identity, socioeconomic status, or disability status—that directly and indirectly affect the health, health care, and wellness of individuals and communities.
 - (3) By 2020, the Nation will face a shortage of health care providers and allied health workers and this shortage disproportionately affects health pro-

- fessional shortage areas where many racial and ethnic minority populations reside.
 - (4) All efforts to reduce health disparities and barriers to quality health services require better and more consistent data.
 - (5) A full range of culturally and linguistically appropriate health care and public health services must be available and accessible in every community.
 - (6) Racial and ethnic minorities and underserved populations must be included early and equitably in health reform innovations.
 - (7) Efforts to improve minority health have been limited by inadequate resources in funding, staffing, stewardship, and accountability. Targeted investments that are focused on disparities elimination must be made in providing care and services that are community-based, including prevention and policies addressing social determinants of health.
 - (8) In 2011, the Department of Health and Human Services developed the HHS Action Plan to Reduce Racial and Ethnic Health Disparities and the National Stakeholder Strategy for Achieving Health Equity, two strategic plans that represent the country's first coordinated roadmap to reducing health disparities. Along with the National Preven-

- tion Strategy, Healthy People 2020, and the National Health Care Quality Strategy, as well as critical resources such as the 2012 National Healthcare Quality and Disparities Reports, these comprehensive plans will work to increase the number of Americans who are healthy at every stage of life.
 - (9) The Department of Health and Human Services has also reviewed and advanced updated clinical guidelines and developed other strategic planning documents—
 - (A) to combat health disparities with a high impact on minority populations including the National HIV/AIDS Strategy, the Action Plan for the Prevention, Care, and Treatment of Viral Hepatitis; and
 - (B) to provide high-quality family planning services including recommendations of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and the Office of Population Affairs.
 - (10) The Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, as amended by the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act, represents the biggest advancement for minority health in the last 40 years.

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TITLE I—DATA COLLECTION 1 AND REPORTING 2 SEC. 101. AMENDMENT TO THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE 4 ACT. 5 (a) Purpose.—It is the purpose of this section to promote data collection, analysis, and reporting by race, 7 ethnicity, sex, primary language, sexual orientation, dis-8 ability status, gender identity, and socioeconomic status 9 among federally supported health programs. 10 (b) AMENDMENT.—Title XXXIV of the Public 11 Health Service Act, as added by titles II and III of this 12 Act, is further amended by inserting after subtitle A the following: 13 **B—Strengthening** "Subtitle Data Collection, **Improving** Data 15 Analysis, and Expanding Data 16 Reporting 17 "SEC. 3431. HEALTH DISPARITY DATA. 18 19 "(a) Requirements.— 20 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Each health-related pro-21 gram operated by or that receives funding or reim-22 bursement, in whole or in part, either directly or in-23 directly from the Department of Health and Human 24 Services shall—

1	"(A) require the collection, by the agency
2	or program involved, of data on the race, eth-
3	nicity, sex, primary language, sexual orienta-
4	tion, disability status, gender identity, and so-
5	cioeconomic status of each applicant for and re-
6	cipient of health-related assistance under such
7	program—
8	"(i) using, at a minimum, standards
9	for data collection on race, ethnicity, sex,
10	primary language, sexual orientation, dis-
11	ability status, gender identity, and socio-
12	economic status developed under section
13	3101;
14	"(ii) collecting data for additional
15	population groups if such groups can be
16	aggregated into the race and ethnicity cat-
17	egories outlined by standards developed
18	under section 3101;
19	"(iii) additionally referring, where
20	practicable, to the standards developed by
21	the Institute of Medicine in 'Race, Eth-
22	nicity, and Language Data: Standardiza-
23	tion for Health Care Quality Improve-
24	ment'; and

1	"(iv) where practicable, through self-
2	reporting;
3	"(B) with respect to the collection of the
4	data described in subparagraph (A), for appli-
5	cants and recipients who are minors, require
6	communication assistance in speech or writing,
7	and for applicants and recipients who are other-
8	wise legally incapacitated, require that—
9	"(i) such data be collected from the
10	parent or legal guardian of such an appli-
11	cant or recipient; and
12	"(ii) the primary language of the par-
13	ent or legal guardian of such an applicant
14	or recipient be collected;
15	"(C) systematically analyze such data
16	using the smallest appropriate units of analysis
17	feasible to detect racial and ethnic disparities,
18	as well as disparities along the lines of primary
19	language, sex, disability status, sexual orienta-
20	tion, gender identity, and socioeconomic status
21	in health and health care, and report the results
22	of such analysis to the Secretary, the Director
23	of the Office for Civil Rights, each agency listed
24	in section $3101(c)(1)$, the Committee on
25	Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions and

1	the Committee on Finance of the Senate, and
2	the Committee on Energy and Commerce and
3	the Committee on Ways and Means of the
4	House of Representatives;
5	"(D) provide such data to the Secretary on
6	at least an annual basis; and
7	"(E) ensure that the provision of assist-
8	ance to an applicant or recipient of assistance
9	is not denied or otherwise adversely affected be-
10	cause of the failure of the applicant or recipient
11	to provide race, ethnicity, primary language,
12	sex, sexual orientation, disability status, gender
13	identity, and socioeconomic status data.
14	"(2) Rules of Construction.—Nothing in
15	this subsection shall be construed to—
16	"(A) permit the use of information col-
17	lected under this subsection in a manner that
18	would adversely affect any individual providing
19	any such information; or
20	"(B) diminish existing or future require-
21	ments on health care providers to collect data.
22	"(3) No compelled disclosure of data.—
23	This title does not authorize any health care pro-
24	vider, Federal official, or other entity to compel the
25	disclosure of any data collected under this title. The

- disclosure of any such data by an individual pursu-
- 2 and to this title shall be strictly voluntary.
- 3 "(b) Protection of Data.—The Secretary shall
- 4 ensure (through the promulgation of regulations or other-
- 5 wise) that all data collected pursuant to subsection (a) are
- 6 protected—
- 7 "(1) under the same privacy protections as the
- 8 Secretary applies to other health data under the reg-
- 9 ulations promulgated under section 264(c) of the
- 10 Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act
- of 1996 (Public Law 104–191; 110 Stat. 2033) re-
- lating to the privacy of individually identifiable
- health information and other protections; and
- 14 "(2) from all inappropriate internal use by any
- entity that collects, stores, or receives the data, in-
- cluding use of such data in determinations of eligi-
- bility (or continued eligibility) in health plans, and
- from other inappropriate uses, as defined by the
- 19 Secretary.
- 20 "(c) National Plan of the Data Council.—The
- 21 Secretary shall develop and implement a national plan to
- 22 ensure the collection of data in a culturally appropriate
- 23 and competent manner, to improve the collection, analysis,
- 24 and reporting of racial, ethnic, sex, primary language, sex-
- 25 ual orientation, disability status, gender identity, and so-

- 1 cioeconomic status data at the Federal, State, territorial,
- 2 Tribal, and local levels, including data to be collected
- 3 under subsection (a), and to ensure that data collection
- 4 activities carried out under this section are in compliance
- 5 with standards developed under section 3101. The Data
- 6 Council of the Department of Health and Human Serv-
- 7 ices, in consultation with the National Committee on Vital
- 8 Health Statistics, the Office of Minority Health, Office on
- 9 Women's Health, and other appropriate public and private
- 10 entities, shall make recommendations to the Secretary
- 11 concerning the development, implementation, and revision
- 12 of the national plan. Such plan shall include recommenda-
- 13 tions on how to—
- 14 "(1) implement subsection (a) while minimizing
- the cost and administrative burdens of data collec-
- 16 tion and reporting;
- 17 "(2) expand knowledge among Federal agen-
- cies, States, territories, Indian Tribes, counties, mu-
- nicipalities, health providers, health plans, and the
- 20 general public that data collection, analysis, and re-
- 21 porting by race, ethnicity, primary language, sexual
- orientation, disability status, gender identity, and so-
- cioeconomic status is legal and necessary to assure
- equity and nondiscrimination in the quality of health
- 25 care services;

"(3) ensure that future patient record systems
follow Federal standards promulgated under the
HITECH Act for the collection and meaningful use
of electronic health data on race, ethnicity, primary
language, sexual orientation, disability status, gender identity, and socioeconomic status;

"(4) improve health and health care data collection and analysis for more population groups if such groups can be aggregated into the minimum race and ethnicity categories, including exploring the feasibility of enhancing collection efforts in States, counties, and municipalities for racial and ethnic groups that comprise a significant proportion of the population of the State, county, or municipality;

- "(5) provide researchers with greater access to racial, ethnic, primary language, sexual orientation, disability status, gender identity, and socioeconomic status data, subject to privacy and confidentiality regulations; and
- 20 "(6) safeguard and prevent the misuse of data21 collected under subsection (a).
- "(d) COMPLIANCE WITH STANDARDS.—Data collected under subsection (a) shall be obtained, maintained, and presented (including for reporting purposes) in accordance with standards developed under section 3101.

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1	"(e) Analysis of Health Disparity Data.—The
2	Secretary, acting through the Director of the Agency for
3	Healthcare Research and Quality and in coordination with
4	the Assistant Secretary for Planning and Evaluation, Ad-
5	ministrator of the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Serv-
6	ices, the Director of the National Center for Health Statis-
7	tics, and the Director of the National Institutes of Health
8	shall provide technical assistance to agencies of the De-
9	partment of Health and Human Services in meeting Fed-
10	eral standards for health disparity data collection and for
11	analysis of racial, ethnic, and other disparities in health
12	and health care in public programs by—
13	"(1) identifying appropriate quality assurance
14	mechanisms to monitor for health disparities;
15	"(2) specifying the clinical, diagnostic, or thera-
16	peutic measures which should be monitored;
17	"(3) developing new quality measures relating
18	to racial and ethnic disparities and their overlap
19	with other disparity factors in health and health
20	care;
21	"(4) identifying the level at which data analysis
22	should be conducted; and
23	"(5) sharing data with external organizations
24	for research and quality improvement purposes.

1	"(f) Primary Language.—References in this sec-
2	tion—
3	"(1) to primary language data, include spoken
4	and written primary language data; and
5	"(2) to primary language data collection activi-
6	ties, include identifying, collecting, storing, tracking,
7	and analyzing primary language data and informa-
8	tion on the methods used to meet the language ac-
9	cess needs of limited-English-proficient individuals.
10	"(g) Definition.—In this section, the term 'health-
11	related program' mean a program—
12	"(1) under the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
13	301 et seq.) that pays for health care and services;
14	and
15	"(2) under this Act that provides Federal finan-
16	cial assistance for health care, biomedical research,
17	or health services research and or is designed to im-
18	prove the public's health.
19	"(h) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
20	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
21	such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years
22	2019 through 2024.

"SEC. 3432. ESTABLISHING GRANTS FOR DATA COLLECTION 2 IMPROVEMENT ACTIVITIES. 3 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Director of the Agency for Healthcare Research and 4 5 Quality and in consultation with the Deputy Assistant Secretary for Minority Health, the Director of the Na-6 7 tional Institutes of Health, the Assistant Secretary for 8 Planning and Evaluation, and the Director of the National 9 Center for Health Statistics, shall establish a technical assistance program under which the Secretary provides 10 11 grants to eligible entities to assist such entities in complying with section 3431. 12 13 "(b) Types of Assistance.—Grants provided under this section may include grants to— 15 "(1) enhance or upgrade computer technology 16 that will facilitate racial, ethnic, primary language, 17 sexual orientation, disability status, gender identity, 18 and socioeconomic status data collection, analysis, 19 and reporting; 20 "(2) improve methods for health data collection 21 and analysis, including additional population groups 22 if such groups can be aggregated into the race and 23 ethnicity categories outlined by standards developed

under section 3101;

1	"(3) develop mechanisms for submitting col-
2	lected data subject to existing privacy and confiden-
3	tiality regulations; and
4	"(4) develop educational programs to inform
5	health plans, health providers, health-related agen-
6	cies, and the general public that data collection and
7	reporting by race, ethnicity, primary language, sex-
8	ual orientation, disability status, gender identity,
9	and socioeconomic status are legal and essential for
10	eliminating health and health care disparities.
11	"(c) Eligible Entity.—To be eligible for grants
12	under this section, an entity shall be a State, territory,
13	Indian Tribe, municipality, county, health provider, health
14	care organization, or health plan making a demonstrated
15	effort to bring data collections into compliance with sec-
16	tion 3431.
17	"(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
18	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
19	such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years
20	2019 through 2024.
21	"SEC. 3433. OVERSAMPLING OF UNDERREPRESENTED
22	GROUPS IN FEDERAL HEALTH SURVEYS.
23	"(a) National Strategy.—
24	"(1) In general.—The Secretary of Health

and Human Services, acting through the Director of

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the National Center for Health Statistics of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and other agencies within the Department of Health and Human Services as the Secretary determines appropriate, shall develop and implement an ongoing and sustainable national strategy for oversampling underrepresented populations within the categories of race, ethnicity, sex, primary language, sexual orientation, disability status, gender identity, and socioeconomic status as determined appropriate by the Secretary in Federal health surveys and program data collections. Such national strategy shall include a strategy for oversampling of Asian Americans, Native Hawaiians and Pacific Islanders.

"(2) Consultation.—In developing and implementing a national strategy, as described in paragraph (1), not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of the this section, the Secretary shall—

"(A) consult with representatives of community groups, nonprofit organizations, nongovernmental organizations, and government agencies working with underrepresented populations;

1	"(B) solicit the participation of representa-
2	tives from other Federal departments and agen-
3	cies, including subagencies of the Department
4	of Health and Human Services; and
5	"(C) consult on, and use as models, the
6	2014 National Health Interview Survey over-
7	sample of Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander
8	populations and the 2017 Behavioral Risk Fac-
9	tor Surveillance System oversample of American
10	Indian and Alaska Native communities.
11	"(b) Progress Report.—Not later than 2 years
12	after the date of the enactment of this section, the Sec-
13	retary shall submit to the Congress a progress report,
14	which shall include the national strategy described in sub-
15	section $(a)(1)$.
16	"(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—To
17	carry out this section, there are authorized to be appro-
18	priated such sums as may be necessary for fiscal years
19	2019 through 2024.".
20	SEC. 102. ELIMINATION OF PREREQUISITE OF DIRECT AP-
21	PROPRIATIONS FOR DATA COLLECTION AND
22	ANALYSIS.
23	Section 3101 of the Public Health Service Act (42
24	U.S.C. 300kk) is amended—
25	(1) by striking subsection (h); and

1	(2) by redesignating subsection (i) as subsection
2	(h).
3	SEC. 103. COLLECTION OF RACE AND ETHNICITY DATA BY
4	THE SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION.
5	Part A of title XI of the Social Security Act (42
6	U.S.C. 1301 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end
7	the following:
8	"COLLECTION OF RACE AND ETHNICITY DATA BY THE
9	SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION
10	"Sec. 1150C. (a) Requirement.—The Commis-
11	sioner of Social Security, in consultation with the Admin-
12	istrator of the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services,
13	shall—
14	"(1) require the collection of data on the race,
15	ethnicity, primary language, and disability status of
16	all applicants for Social Security account numbers or
17	benefits under title II or part A of title XVIII and
18	all individuals with respect to whom the Commis-
19	sioner maintains records of wages and self-employ-
20	ment income in accordance with reports received by
21	the Commissioner or the Secretary of the Treas-
22	ury—
23	"(A) using, at a minimum, standards for
24	data collection on race, ethnicity, primary lan-
25	guage, and disability status developed under
26	section 3101 of the Public Health Service Act:

1	"(B) where practicable, collecting data for
2	additional population groups if such groups can
3	be aggregated into the race and ethnicity cat-
4	egories outlined by standards developed under
5	section 3101 of the Public Health Service Act;
6	and
7	"(C) additionally referring, where prac-
8	ticable, to the standards developed by the Insti-
9	tute of Medicine in 'Race, Ethnicity, and Lan-
10	guage Data: Standardization for Health Care
11	Quality Improvement' (released August 31,
12	2009);
13	"(2) with respect to the collection of the data
14	described in paragraph (1) for applicants who are
15	under 18 years of age or otherwise legally incapaci-
16	tated, require that—
17	"(A) such data be collected from the par-
18	ent or legal guardian of such an applicant; and
19	"(B) the primary language of the parent
20	or legal guardian of such an applicant or recipi-
21	ent be used in collecting the data;
22	"(3) require that such data be uniformly ana-
23	lyzed and reported at least annually to the Commis-
24	sioner of Social Security:

1	"(4) be responsible for storing the data re-
2	ported under paragraph (3);
3	"(5) ensure transmission to the Centers for
4	Medicare & Medicaid Services and other Federal
5	health agencies;
6	"(6) provide such data to the Secretary on at
7	least an annual basis; and
8	"(7) ensure that the provision of assistance to
9	an applicant is not denied or otherwise adversely af-
10	fected because of the failure of the applicant to pro-
11	vide race, ethnicity, primary language, and disability
12	status data.
13	"(b) Protection of Data.—The Commissioner of
14	Social Security shall ensure (through the promulgation of
15	regulations or otherwise) that all data collected pursuant
16	to subsection (a) are protected—
17	"(1) under the same privacy protections as the
18	Secretary applies to health data under the regula-
19	tions promulgated under section 264(c) of the
20	Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act
21	of 1996 (Public Law 104–191; 110 Stat. 2033) re-
22	lating to the privacy of individually identifiable
23	health information and other protections; and
24	"(2) from all inappropriate internal use by any
25	entity that collects, stores, or receives the data, in-

- 1 cluding use of such data in determinations of eligi-
- 2 bility (or continued eligibility) in health plans, and
- 3 from other inappropriate uses, as defined by the
- 4 Secretary.
- 5 "(c) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-
- 6 tion shall be construed to permit the use of information
- 7 collected under this section in a manner that would ad-
- 8 versely affect any individual providing any such informa-
- 9 tion.
- 10 "(d) Technical Assistance.—The Secretary may,
- 11 either directly or by grant or contract, provide technical
- 12 assistance to enable any health entity to comply with the
- 13 requirements of this section.
- 14 "(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
- 15 are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
- 16 such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years
- 17 2019 through 2024.".
- 18 SEC. 104. REVISION OF HIPAA CLAIMS STANDARDS.
- 19 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the
- 20 date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health and
- 21 Human Services shall revise the regulations promulgated
- 22 under part C of title XI of the Social Security Act (42)
- 23 U.S.C. 1320d et seq.), relating to the collection of data
- 24 on race, ethnicity, and primary language in a health-re-
- 25 lated transaction, to require—

- 1 (1) the use, at a minimum, of standards for
- 2 data collection on race, ethnicity, primary language,
- disability, sex, sexual orientation, and gender iden-
- 4 tity developed under section 3101 of the Public
- 5 Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300kk); and
- 6 (2) in consultation with the Office of the Na-
- 7 tional Coordinator for Health Information Tech-
- 8 nology, the designation of the appropriate racial,
- 9 ethnic, primary language, disability, sex, and other
- 10 code sets as required for claims and enrollment data.
- 11 (b) DISSEMINATION.—The Secretary of Health and
- 12 Human Services shall disseminate the new standards de-
- 13 veloped under subsection (a) to all health entities that are
- 14 subject to the regulations described in such subsection and
- 15 provide technical assistance with respect to the collection
- 16 of the data involved.
- 17 (c) Compliance.—The Secretary of Health and
- 18 Human Services shall require that health entities comply
- 19 with the new standards developed under subsection (a) not
- 20 later than 2 years after the final promulgation of such
- 21 standards.
- 22 SEC. 105. NATIONAL CENTER FOR HEALTH STATISTICS.
- 23 Section 306(n) of the Public Health Service Act (42)
- 24 U.S.C. 242k(n)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking "2003" and 1 2 inserting "2022"; 3 (2) in paragraph (2), in the first sentence, by 4 striking "2003" and inserting "2022"; and 5 (3) in paragraph (3), by striking "2002" and 6 inserting "2022". 7 SEC. 106. DISPARITIES DATA COLLECTED BY THE FEDERAL 8 GOVERNMENT. 9 (a) Collection; Submission.—Not later than 180 10 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and January 31 of each year thereafter, each department, agency, and office of the Federal Government that has collected 12 13 data on race, ethnicity, sex, primary language, sexual orientation, disability status, gender identity, or socio-14 15 economic status during the preceding calendar year shall submit such data to a centralized electronic repository of 16 Government data on factors related to the health and wellbeing of the American population. 18 19 (b) Analysis; Public Availability; Reporting.— Not later than April 30, 2018, and each April 30 there-20 21 after, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, acting through the Assistant Secretary for Planning and Evaluation, the Assistant Secretary for Health, the Director of the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, the Di-

rector of the National Center for Health Statistics, the

- 1 Administrator of the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid
- 2 Services, the Director of the National Institute on Minor-
- 3 ity Health and Health Disparities, and the Deputy Assist-
- 4 ant Secretary for Minority Health, shall—
- 5 (1) prepare and make available datasets for
- 6 public use that relate to disparities in health status,
- 7 health care access, health care quality, health out-
- 8 comes, public health, and other areas of health and
- 9 well-being by factors that include race, ethnicity,
- sex, primary language, sexual orientation, disability
- status, gender identity, and socioeconomic status;
- 12 (2) ensure that these data sets are publicly
- identified on a centralized electronic repository of
- Government data as "disparities" data; and
- 15 (3) submit a report to the Congress on the
- 16 availability and use of such data by public stake-
- 17 holders.
- 18 SEC. 107. DATA COLLECTION AND ANALYSIS GRANTS TO MI-
- 19 NORITY-SERVING INSTITUTIONS.
- 20 (a) Authority.—The Secretary of Health and
- 21 Human Services, acting through the National Institute on
- 22 Minority Health and Health Disparities and the Deputy
- 23 Assistant Secretary for Minority Health, shall award
- 24 grants to access and analyze racial and ethnic, and where
- 25 possible other health disparity data, to monitor and report

1	on progress to reduce and eliminate disparities in health
2	and health care.
3	(b) Eligible Entity.—In this section, the term "el-
4	igible entity" means a historically Black college or univer-
5	sity, a Hispanic-serving institution, a Tribal college or uni-
6	versity, or an Asian American, Native American, or Pacific
7	Islander-serving institution with an accredited public
8	health, health policy, or health services research program.
9	(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—To carry
10	out this section, there are authorized to be appropriated
11	such sums as may be necessary for fiscal years 2019
12	through 2024.
13	SEC. 108. STANDARDS FOR MEASURING SEXUAL ORIENTA-
14	TION AND GENDER IDENTITY IN COLLECTION
15	OF HEALTH DATA.
16	Section 3101(a) of the Public Health Service Act (42
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	U.S.C. 300kk(a)) is amended—
18	U.S.C. 300kk(a)) is amended— (1) in paragraph (1)(A), by inserting "sexual
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	(1) in paragraph (1)(A), by inserting "sexual
19	(1) in paragraph (1)(A), by inserting "sexual orientation, gender identity," before "and disability

status''; and

1	(3) in paragraph (2)(B), by inserting "sexual
2	orientation, gender identity," before "and disability
3	status''.
4	SEC. 109. STANDARDS FOR MEASURING SOCIOECONOMIC
5	STATUS IN COLLECTION OF HEALTH DATA.
6	Section 3101(a) of the Public Health Service Act (42
7	U.S.C. 300kk(a)), as amended, is amended—
8	(1) in paragraph (1)(A), by inserting "socio-
9	economic status," before "and disability status";
10	(2) in paragraph (1)(C), by inserting "socio-
11	economic status," before "and disability status"; and
12	(3) in paragraph (2)(B), by inserting "socio-
13	economic status," before "and disability status".
14	SEC. 110. SAFETY AND EFFECTIVENESS OF DRUGS WITH
15	RESPECT TO RACIAL AND ETHNIC BACK-
16	GROUND.
17	(a) In General.—Chapter V of the Federal Food,
18	Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 351 et seq.) is amend-
19	ed by adding after section 505F the following:
20	"SEC. 505G. SAFETY AND EFFECTIVENESS OF DRUGS WITH
21	RESPECT TO RACIAL AND ETHNIC BACK-
22	GROUND.
22 23	GROUND. "(a) Preapproval Studies.—If there is evidence

- 1 ethnic background as to the safety or effectiveness of a
- 2 drug, then—
- 3 "(1)(A) the investigations required under sec-
- 4 tion 505(b)(1)(A) shall include adequate and well-
- 5 controlled investigations of the disparity; or
- 6 "(B) the evidence required under section 351(a)
- 7 of the Public Health Service Act for approval of a
- 8 biologics license application for the drug shall in-
- 9 clude adequate and well-controlled investigations of
- the disparity; and
- "(2) if the investigations confirm that there is
- a disparity, the labeling of the drug shall include ap-
- propriate information about the disparity.
- 14 "(b) Postmarket Studies.—
- 15 "(1) IN GENERAL.—If there is evidence that
- there may be a disparity on the basis of racial or
- ethnic background as to the safety or effectiveness
- of a drug for which there is an approved application
- under section 505 or a license under section 351 of
- the Public Health Service Act, the Secretary may by
- order require the holder of the approved application
- or license to conduct, by a date specified by the Sec-
- retary, postmarketing studies to investigate the dis-
- 24 parity.

- 1 "(2) LABELING.—If the Secretary determines 2 that the postmarket studies confirm that there is a 3 disparity described in paragraph (1), the labeling of 4 the drug shall include appropriate information about 5 the disparity.
- 6 "(3) STUDY DESIGN.—The Secretary may 7 specify all aspects of study design, including the 8 number of studies and study participants, and the 9 other demographic characteristics of study partici-10 pants included, in the order requiring postmarket 11 studies of the drug.
 - "(4) Modifications of study design.—The Secretary may by order modify any aspect of the study design as necessary after issuing an order under paragraph (1).
- "(5) STUDY RESULTS.—The results from studies required under paragraph (1) shall be submitted to the Secretary as supplements to the drug application or biological license application.
- 20 "(c) DISPARITY.—The term 'evidence that there may 21 be a disparity on the basis of racial or ethnic background
- 22 for adult and pediatric populations as to the safety or ef-
- 23 fectiveness of a drug' includes—
- 24 "(1) evidence that there is a disparity on the 25 basis of racial or ethnic background as to safety or

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- 1 effectiveness of a drug in the same chemical class as 2 the drug;
- 3 "(2) evidence that there is a disparity on the 4 basis of racial or ethnic background in the way the 5 drug is metabolized; and
- 6 "(3) other evidence as the Secretary may deter-7 mine.
- 8 "(d) Applications Under Sections 505(b)(2)9 and 505(j).—
- 10 "(1) IN GENERAL.—A drug for which an appli-11 cation has been submitted or approved under section 12 505(j) shall not be considered ineligible for approval 13 under that section or misbranded under section 502 14 on the basis that the labeling of the drug omits in-15 formation relating to a disparity on the basis of ra-16 cial or ethnic background as to the safety or effec-17 tiveness of the drug, whether derived from investiga-18 tions or studies required under this section or de-19 rived from other sources, when the omitted informa-20 tion is protected by patent or by exclusivity under 21 clause (iii) or (iv) of section 505(j)(5)(B).
 - "(2) Labeling.—Notwithstanding clauses (iii) and (iv) of section 505(j)(5)(B), the Secretary may require that the labeling of a drug approved under section 505(j) that omits information relating to a

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- disparity on the basis of racial or ethnic background
- as to the safety or effectiveness of the drug include
- a statement of any appropriate contraindications,
- 4 warnings, or precautions related to the disparity
- 5 that the Secretary considers necessary.".
- 6 (b) Enforcement.—Section 502 of the Federal
- 7 Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 352) is amend-
- 8 ed by adding at the end the following:
- 9 "(ee) If it is a drug and the holder of the approved
- 10 application under section 505 or license under section 351
- 11 of the Public Health Service Act for the drug has failed
- 12 to complete the investigations or studies, or comply with
- 13 any other requirement, of section 505G.".
- 14 (c) Drug Fees.—Section 736(a)(1)(A)(ii) of the
- 15 Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 379h)
- 16 is amended by adding after "are required" the following:
- 17 ", including supplements required under section 505G".
- 18 SEC. 111. IMPROVING HEALTH DATA REGARDING NATIVE
- 19 HAWAIIANS AND OTHER PACIFIC ISLANDERS.
- 20 Part B of title III of the Public Health Service Act
- 21 (42 U.S.C. 243 et seq.) is amended by inserting after sec-
- 22 tion 317U, as added, the following:
- 23 "SEC. 317V. NATIVE HAWAIIAN AND OTHER PACIFIC IS-
- 24 LANDER HEALTH DATA.
- 25 "(a) Definitions.—In this section:

- 1 "(1) COMMUNITY GROUP.—The term 'commu-2 nity group' means a group of NHOPI who are orga-3 nized at the community level, and may include a 4 church group, social service group, national advocacy 5 organization, or cultural group.
 - "(2) Nonprofit, nongovernmental organization' means a group of NHOPI with a demonstrated history of addressing NHOPI issues, including a NHOPI coalition.
 - "(3) Designated organization' means an entity established to represent NHOPI populations and which has statutory responsibilities to provide, or has community support for providing, health care.
 - "(4) GOVERNMENT REPRESENTATIVES.—The term 'government representatives' means representatives from Hawaii, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, the Federated States of Micronesia, Guam, the Republic of Palau, and the Republic of the Marshall Islands.
 - "(5) Native Hawahans and other Pacific Islanders (NHOPI).—The term 'Native Hawahans and Other Pacific Islanders' or 'NHOPI' means people having origins in any of the original peoples of

- 1 American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the North-
- 2 ern Mariana Islands, the Federated States of Micro-
- mesia, Guam, Hawaii, the Republic of the Marshall
- 4 Islands, the Republic of Palau, or any other Pacific
- 5 island.
- 6 "(6) Insular area.—The term 'insular area'
- 7 means Guam, the Commonwealth of Northern Mar-
- 8 iana Islands, American Samoa, the United States
- 9 Virgin Islands, the Federated States of Micronesia,
- the Republic of Palau, or the Republic of the Mar-
- shall Islands.
- 12 "(b) National Strategy.—
- 13 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting
- through the Director of the National Center for
- 15 Health Statistics (referred to in this section as
- 16 'NCHS') of the Centers for Disease Control and
- 17 Prevention, and other agencies within the Depart-
- ment of Health and Human Services as the Sec-
- retary determines appropriate, shall develop and im-
- 20 plement an ongoing and sustainable national strat-
- egy for identifying and evaluating the health status
- and health care needs of NHOPI populations living
- in the continental United States, Hawaii, American
- Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana
- 25 Islands, the Federated States of Micronesia, Guam,

1	the Republic of Palau, and the Republic of the Mar-
2	shall Islands.
3	"(2) Consultation.—In developing and imple-
4	menting a national strategy, as described in para-
5	graph (1), not later than 180 days after the date of
6	enactment of the Health Equity and Accountability
7	Act of 2018, the Secretary—
8	"(A) shall consult with representatives of
9	community groups, designated organizations,
10	and nonprofit, nongovernmental organizations
11	and with government representatives of NHOPI
12	populations; and
13	"(B) may solicit the participation of rep-
14	resentatives from other Federal departments.
15	"(c) Preliminary Health Survey.—
16	"(1) In General.—The Secretary, acting
17	through the Director of NCHS, shall conduct a pre-
18	liminary health survey in order to identify the major
19	areas and regions in the continental United States,
20	Hawaii, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the
21	Northern Mariana Islands, the Federated States of
22	Micronesia, Guam, the Republic of Palau, and the
23	Republic of the Marshall Islands in which NHOPI
24	people reside.

1	"(2) Contents.—The health survey described
2	in paragraph (1) shall include health data and any
3	other data the Secretary determines to be—
4	"(A) useful in determining health status
5	and health care needs; or
6	"(B) required for developing or imple-
7	menting a national strategy.
8	"(3) Methodology.—Methodology for the
9	health survey described in paragraph (1), including
10	plans for designing questions, implementation, sam-
11	pling, and analysis, shall be developed in consulta-
12	tion with community groups, designated organiza-
13	tions, nonprofit, nongovernmental organizations, and
14	government representatives of NHOPI populations,
15	as determined by the Secretary.
16	"(4) Timeframe.—The survey required under
17	this subsection shall be completed not later than 18
18	months after the date of enactment of the Health
19	Equity and Accountability Act of 2018.
20	"(d) Progress Report.—Not later than 2 years
21	after the date of enactment of the Health Equity and Ac-
22	countability Act of 2018, the Secretary shall submit to
23	Congress a progress report, which shall include the na-
24	tional strategy described in subsection (b)(1).
25	"(e) STUDY AND REPORT BY THE IOM.—

1	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall enter
2	into an agreement with the Institute of Medicine
3	(IOM) to conduct a study, with input from stake-
4	holders in insular areas, on the following:
5	"(A) The standards and definitions of
6	health care applied to health care systems in in-
7	sular areas and the appropriateness of such
8	standards and definitions.
9	"(B) The status and performance of health
10	care systems in insular areas, evaluated based
11	upon standards and definitions, as the Sec-
12	retary determines.
13	"(C) The effectiveness of donor aid in ad-
14	dressing health care needs and priorities in in-
15	sular areas.
16	"(D) The progress toward implementation
17	of recommendations of the Committee on
18	Health Care Services in the United States—As-
19	sociated Pacific Basin of the Institute of Medi-
20	cine that are set forth in the 1998 report, 'Pa-
21	cific Partnerships for Health: Charting a New
22	Course for the 21st Century'.
23	"(2) Report.—An agreement described in
24	paragraph (1) shall require the Institute of Medicine

to submit to the Secretary and to Congress, not

- later than 2 years after the date of the enactment
- 2 of the Health Equity and Accountability Act of
- 3 2018, a report containing a description of the results
- 4 of the study conducted under paragraph (1), includ-
- 5 ing the conclusions and recommendations of the In-
- 6 stitute of Medicine for each of the items described
- 7 in subparagraphs (A) through (D) of such para-
- 8 graph.
- 9 "(f) Authorization of Appropriations.—To
- 10 carry out this section, there are authorized to be appro-
- 11 priated such sums as may be necessary for fiscal years
- 12 2019 through 2024.".
- 13 SEC. 112. CLARIFICATION OF SIMPLIFIED ADMINISTRATIVE
- 14 REPORTING REQUIREMENT.
- 15 Section 11(a) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008
- 16 (7 U.S.C. 2020(a)) is amended by adding at the end the
- 17 following:
- 18 "(5) Simplified administrative reporting
- 19 REQUIREMENT.—The administrative notification re-
- quirement under section 421(e)(2) of the Personal
- 21 Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation
- 22 Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1631(e)(2)) shall be satisfied
- by the submission by an agency of a report on the
- aggregate number of exceptions granted under such
- section by such agency in each year.".

TITLE II—CULTURALLY AND LIN-

2 GUISTICALLY APPROPRIATE

3 HEALTH AND HEALTH CARE

- 4 SEC. 201. DEFINITIONS.
- 5 In this title, the definitions contained in section 3400
- 6 of the Public Health Service Act, as added by section 202,
- 7 shall apply.
- 8 SEC. 202. AMENDMENT TO THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE
- 9 **ACT.**
- 10 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
- 11 (1) Effective communication is essential to
- meaningful access to quality physical and mental
- health care.
- 14 (2) Research indicates that the lack of appro-
- priate language services creates language barriers
- that result in increased risk of misdiagnosis, ineffec-
- tive treatment plans and poor health outcomes for
- limited-English-proficient individuals and individuals
- with communication disabilities such as hearing, vi-
- sion, or print impairments.
- 21 (3) The number of limited-English-speaking
- residents in the United States who speak English
- less than very well and, therefore, cannot effectively
- communicate with health and social service providers
- continues to increase significantly.

- 1 (4) The responsibility to fund language services
 2 in the provision of health care and health-care-re3 lated services to limited-English-proficient individ4 uals and individuals with communication disabilities
 5 such as hearing, vision, or print impairments is a so6 cietal one that cannot fairly be visited solely upon
 7 the health care, public health, or social services community.
 - (5) Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 prohibits discrimination based on the grounds of race, color, or national origin by any entity receiving Federal financial assistance. In order to avoid discrimination on the grounds of national origin, all programs or activities administered by the Department must take adequate steps to ensure that their policies and procedures do not deny or have the effect of denying limited-English-proficient individuals with equal access to benefits and services for which such persons qualify.
 - (6) Both the Americans with Disabilities Act and the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 prohibit discrimination on the basis of disability and require the provision of appropriate auxiliary aids and services necessary to ensure effective communication with individuals with disabilities. The type of auxiliary aid or

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service necessary to ensure effective communication will vary in accordance with the method of communication used by the individual; the nature, length, and complexity of the communication involved; and the context in which the communication is taking place. A public accommodation should consult with individuals with disabilities whenever possible to determine what type of auxiliary aid is needed to ensure effective communication, but the ultimate decision as to what measures to take rests with the public accommodation, provided that the method chosen results in effective communication. In order to be effective, auxiliary aids and services must be provided in accessible formats, in a timely manner, and in such a way as to protect the privacy and independence of the individual with a disability.

- (7) Linguistic diversity in the health care and health-care-related-services workforce is important for providing all patients the environment most conducive to positive health outcomes.
- (8) All members of the health care and healthcare-related-services community should continue to educate their staff and constituents about limited-English-proficient and disability communication issues and help them identify resources to improve

1	access to quality care for limited-English-proficient
2	individuals and individuals with communication dis-
3	abilities such as hearing, vision, or print impair-
4	ments.
5	(9) Access to English as a second language, and
6	sign language instructions, readers, and other auxil-
7	iary aids and services, are essential to ensure effec-
8	tive communication and eliminate the language bar-
9	riers that impede access to health care.
10	(10) Competent language services in health care
11	settings should be available as a matter of course.
12	(b) AMENDMENT.—The Public Health Service Act
13	(42 U.S.C. 201 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end
14	the following:
15	"TITLE XXXIV—CULTURALLY
16	AND LINGUISTICALLY APPRO-
17	PRIATE HEALTH CARE
18	"SEC. 3400. DEFINITIONS.
19	"In this title:
20	"(1) BILINGUAL.—The term 'bilingual' with re-
21	spect to an individual means a person who has suffi-
22	cient degree of proficiency in two languages.
23	"(2) Cultural competence.—The term 'cul-
24	tural competence' means a set of congruent behav-
25	iors, attitudes, and policies that come together in a

system, agency, or among professionals that enables effective work in cross-cultural situations. In the preceding sentence—

"(A) the term 'cultural' refers to integrated patterns of human behavior that include the language, thoughts, communications, actions, customs, beliefs, values, and institutions of racial, ethnic, religious, or social groups, including lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer, and questioning individuals, and individuals with physical and mental disabilities; and

"(B) the term 'competence' implies having the capacity to function effectively as an individual and an organization within the context of the cultural beliefs, behaviors, and needs presented by consumers and their communities.

"(3) Effective communication' means an exchange of information between the provider of health care or health-care-related services and the recipient of such services who is limited in English proficiency, or has a communication impairment such as a hearing, vision, speaking, or learning impairment, that enables access, understanding, and benefit from health care

- or health-care-related services, and full participation in the development of their treatment plan.
 - "(4) GRIEVANCE RESOLUTION PROCESS.—The term 'grievance resolution process' means all aspects of dispute resolution including filing complaints, grievance and appeal procedures, and court action.
 - "(5) HEALTH CARE GROUP.—The term 'health care group' means a group of physicians organized, at least in part, for the purposes of providing physicians' services under the Medicaid, SCHIP, or Medicare programs and may include a hospital and any other individual or entity furnishing services covered under the Medicaid, SCHIP, or Medicare programs that is affiliated with the health care group.
 - "(6) Health educator.—The term 'health educator' includes a baccalaureate prepared professional responsible for designing, implementing, and evaluating individual and population health promotion and chronic disease prevention programs.
 - "(7) Health care services.—The term 'health care services' means services that address physical as well as mental health conditions in all care settings.
- 24 "(8) Health-care-related services.—The 25 term 'health-care-related services' means human or

social services programs or activities that provide access, referrals or links to health care.

"(9) Indian Tribe, band, nation, or other organized group or community, including any Alaska Native village or group or regional or village corporation as defined in or established pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (85 Stat. 688) (43 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.), which is recognized as eligible for the special programs and services provided by the United States to Indians because of their status as Indians.

"(10) Integrated health care delivery system.—The term 'integrated health care delivery system' means an interdisciplinary system that brings together providers from the primary health, mental health, substance use and related disciplines to improve the health outcomes of an individual. Providers may include but are not limited to hospitals, health, mental health or substance use clinics and providers, home health agencies, ambulatory surgery centers, skilled nursing facilities, rehabilitation centers, and employed, independent, or contracted physicians.

- "(11) Individual with a disability' means any individual who has a disability as defined for the purpose of section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973. Where this title references regulatory provisions applicable to a 'handicapped individual', the term 'handicapped individual' in such provisions shall be treated to have the same meaning as the term 'individual with a disability' as defined in this section.
 - "(12) Individual with Limited-English Proficiency.—The term 'individual with limited-English proficiency' means an individual whose primary language for communication is not English and who has a limited ability to read, write, speak, or understand English.
 - "(13) Interpreting; interpretation.—The terms 'interpreting' and 'interpretation' mean the transmission of a spoken, written, or signed message from one language or format into another, faithfully, accurately, and objectively.
 - "(14) Language access.—The term 'language access' means the provision of language services to an individual with limited-English proficiency or an individual with communication disabilities designed

1	to enhance that individual's access to, understanding
2	of, or benefit from health care or health-care-related
3	services.
4	"(15) Language assistance services.—The
5	term 'language assistance services' includes—
6	"(A) oral language assistance, including in-
7	terpretation in non-English languages provided
8	in-person or remotely by a qualified interpreter
9	for an individual with limited-English pro-
10	ficiency, and the use of qualified bilingual or
11	multilingual staff to communicate directly with
12	individuals with limited-English proficiency;
13	"(B) written translation, performed by a
14	qualified translator, of written content in paper
15	or electronic form into languages other than
16	English; and
17	"(C) taglines.
18	"(16) Medicare, medicaid, and schip.—The
19	terms 'Medicare', 'Medicaid', and 'SCHIP' mean the
20	respective programs under titles XVIII, XIX, and
21	XXI of the Social Security Act.
22	"(17) Minority.—
23	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The terms 'minority'
24	and 'minorities' refer to individuals from a mi-
25	nority group.

1	"(B) POPULATIONS.—The term 'minority',
2	with respect to populations, refers to racial and
3	ethnic minority groups, members of sexual and
4	gender minority groups, and individuals with a
5	disability.
6	"(18) Minority Group.—The term 'minority
7	group' has the meaning given the term 'racial and
8	ethnic minority group'.
9	"(19) Qualified interpreter for an indi-
10	VIDUAL WITH LIMITED-ENGLISH PROFICIENCY.—
11	The term 'qualified interpreter for an individual with
12	limited-English proficiency' means an interpreter
13	who via a remote interpreting service or an on-site
14	appearance—
15	"(A) adheres to generally accepted inter-
16	preter ethics principles, including client con-
17	fidentiality;
18	"(B) has demonstrated proficiency in
19	speaking and understanding both spoken
20	English and one or more other spoken lan-
21	guages; and
22	"(C) is able to interpret effectively, accu-
23	rately, and impartially, both receptively and ex-
24	pressly, to and from such languages and

1	English, using any necessary specialized vocab-
2	ulary, terminology, and phraseology.
3	"(20) QUALIFIED TRANSLATOR.—The term
4	'qualified translator' means a translator who—
5	"(A) adheres to generally accepted trans-
6	lator ethics principles, including client confiden-
7	tiality;
8	"(B) has demonstrated proficiency in writ-
9	ing and understanding both written English
10	and one or more other written non-English lan-
11	guages; and
12	"(C) is able to translate effectively, accu-
13	rately, and impartially to and from such lan-
14	guages and English, using any necessary spe-
15	cialized vocabulary, terminology, and phrase-
16	ology.
17	"(21) Racial and ethnic minority group.—
18	The term 'racial and ethnic minority group' means
19	American Indians and Alaska Natives, African
20	Americans (including Caribbean Blacks, Africans,
21	and other Blacks), Asian Americans, Hispanics (in-
22	cluding Latinos), and Native Hawaiians and other
23	Pacific Islanders.
24	"(22) Sexual and Gender minority
25	GROUP.—The term 'sexual and gender minority

- group' encompasses lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender populations, as well as those whose sexual orientation, gender identity and expression, or reproductive development varies from traditional, societal, cultural, or physiological norms.
 - "(23) Onsite interpretation.—The term 'onsite interpretation' means a method of interpreting or interpretation for which the interpreter is in the physical presence of the provider of health care or health-care-related services and the recipient of such services who is limited in English proficiency or has a communication impairment such as hearing, vision, or learning.
 - "(24) Secretary.—The term 'Secretary' means the Secretary of Health and Human Services.
 - "(25) SIGHT TRANSLATION.—The term 'sight translation' means the transmission of a written message in one language into a spoken or signed message in another language, or an alternative format in English or another language.
 - "(26) STATE.—The term 'State' means each of the several States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Indian Tribes, the United States Virgin Islands, Guam, American

- Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the Northern
 Mariana Islands.
- 3 "(27) TELEPHONIC INTERPRETATION.—The 4 term 'telephonic interpretation' (also known as over 5 the phone interpretation or OPI) means a method of 6 interpretation for which the interpreter is not in the 7 physical presence of the provider of health care or 8 related services and the limited-English-proficient re-9 cipient of such services but is connected via tele-10 phone.
 - "(28) Translation.—The term 'translation' means the transmission of a written message in one language into a written or signed message in another language, and includes translation into another language or alternative format, such as large print font, Braille, audio recording, or CD.
 - "(29) VIDEO REMOTE INTERPRETING SERVICES.—The term 'video remote interpreting services'
 means the provision, through a qualified interpreter
 for an individual with limited-English proficiency, of
 video remote interpreting services in health programs and activities.
- 23 "(A) in real-time, full-motion video, and 24 audio over a dedicated high-speed, wide-band-25 width video connection or wireless connection

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that delivers high quality video images that do
not produce lags, choppy, blurry, or grainy images, or irregular pauses in communication; and
"(B) in a sharply delineated image that is
large enough to display.

"(30) VITAL DOCUMENT.—The term 'vital document' includes but is not limited to applications for government programs that provide health care services, medical or financial consent forms, financial assistance documents, letters containing important information regarding patient instructions (such as prescriptions, referrals to other providers, and discharge plans) and participation in a program (such as a Medicaid managed care program), notices pertaining to the reduction, denial, or termination of services or benefits, notices of the right to appeal such actions, and notices advising limited-Englishproficient individuals and individuals with communication disabilities of the availability of free language services, alternative formats, and other outreach materials.

22 "SEC. 3401. IMPROVING ACCESS TO SERVICES FOR INDIVID-

- 23 UALS WITH LIMITED-ENGLISH PROFICIENCY.
- 24 "(a) Purpose.—As provided in Executive Order
- 25 13166, it is the purpose of this section—

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- "(1) to improve Federal agency performance regarding access to federally conducted and federally assisted programs and activities for individuals who are limited in their English proficiency;
 - "(2) to require each Federal agency to examine the services it provides and develop and implement a system by which limited-English-proficient individuals can obtain cultural competence and meaningful access to those services consistent with, and without substantially burdening, the fundamental mission of the agency;
 - "(3) to require each Federal agency to ensure that recipients of Federal financial assistance provide cultural competence and meaningful access to their limited-English-proficient applicants and beneficiaries;
 - "(4) to ensure that recipients of Federal financial assistance take reasonable steps, consistent with the guidelines set forth in the limited-English proficient Guidance of the Department of Justice (as issued on June 12, 2002), to ensure cultural competence and meaningful access to their programs and activities by limited-English-proficient individuals; and

1	"(5) to ensure compliance with title VI of the
2	Civil Rights Act of 1964 and that health care pro-
3	viders and organizations do not discriminate in the
4	provision of services.
5	"(b) Federally Conducted Programs and Ac-
6	TIVITIES.—
7	"(1) In general.—Not later than 120 days
8	after the date of enactment of this title, each Fed-
9	eral agency that carries out health-care-related ac-
10	tivities shall prepare a plan to improve access cul-
11	tural competence to the federally conducted, health-
12	care-related programs and activities of the agency by
13	limited-English-proficient individuals. Not later than
14	one year after the date of enactment of this title,
15	each such Federal agency shall ensure that such
16	plan is fully implemented.
17	"(2) Plan requirement.—Each plan under
18	paragraph (1) shall include—
19	"(A) the steps the agency will take to en-
20	sure that limited-English-proficient individuals
21	have access to the agency's federally conducted
22	health care and health-care-related programs
23	and activities;
24	"(B) the policies and procedures for identi-
25	fying assessing and meeting the language

needs and cultural competence needs of its limited-English-proficient beneficiaries served by federally conducted programs and activities;

"(C) the steps the agency will take for its federally conducted programs and activities to improve cultural competence to provide a range of language assistance options, notice to limited-English-proficient individuals of the right to competent language services, periodic training of staff, monitoring and quality assessment of the language services and, in appropriate circumstances, the translation of written materials;

"(D) the steps the agency will take to ensure that applications, forms, and other relevant documents for its federally conducted programs and activities are competently translated into the primary language of a limited-English-proficient client where such materials are needed to improve access to federally conducted and federally assisted programs and activities for such a limited-English-proficient individual;

"(E) the resources the agency will provide to improve cultural competence to assist recipients of Federal funds to improve access to

1	health care or health-care-related programs and
2	activities for limited-English-proficient individ-
3	uals;
4	"(F) the resources the agency will provide
5	to ensure that competent language assistance is
6	provided to limited-English-proficient patients
7	by interpreters or trained bilingual staff; and
8	"(G) the resources the agency will provide
9	to ensure that family, particularly minor chil-
10	dren, and friends are not used to provide inter-
11	pretation services, except—
12	"(i) in the case of a medical emer-
13	gency where delay directly associated with
14	obtaining a competent interpreter would
15	jeopardize the health of the patient; or
16	"(ii) on request of the patient, who
17	has been informed in his or her preferred
18	language of the availability of free inter-
19	pretation services, if the health care serv-
20	ices provider has determined that the fam-
21	ily or friend can provide competent inter-
22	preter services as defined in section 3400.
23	"(3) Submission of Plan to Doj.—Each
24	agency that is required to prepare a plan under
25	paragraph (1) shall send a copy of such plan to the

- Department of Justice, which shall serve as the central repository of such plans.
- "(4) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Paragraph
 (2)(G)(i) shall not be construed to mean that emergency rooms or similar entities that regularly provide health care services in medical emergencies are
 exempt from legal or regulatory requirements related
 to competent interpreter services.
- 9 "(c) Federally Assisted Programs and Activi-10 ties.—

"(1) In General.—Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this title, each Federal agency providing health-care-related Federal financial assistance shall ensure that the guidance for recipients of Federal financial assistance developed by the agency to ensure compliance with title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.) is specifically tailored to the recipients of such assistance. Each agency shall send a copy of such guidance to the Department of Justice which shall serve as the central repository of the agency's plans. After approval by the Department of Justice, each agency shall publish its guidance document in the Federal Register for public comment.

- 1 "(2) Requirements.—The agency-specific 2 guidance developed under paragraph (1) shall take 3 into account the types of health care services pro-4 vided by the recipients, the individuals served by the 5 recipients, and other factors set out in such stand-6 ards.
 - "(3) Existing guidances.—A Federal agency that has developed a guidance for purposes of title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 shall examine such existing guidance, as well as the programs and activities to which such guidance applies, to determine if modification of such guidance is necessary to comply with this subsection.
 - "(4) Consultation.—Each Federal agency shall consult with the Department of Justice in establishing the guidances under this subsection.

"(d) Consultations.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out this section, each Federal agency that carriers out health care and health-care-related activities shall ensure that stakeholders, such as limited-English-proficient individuals and their representative organizations, recipients of Federal assistance, and other appropriate individuals or entities, have an adequate op-

1	portunity to provide input with respect to the actions
2	of the agency.
3	"(2) EVALUATION.—Each Federal agency de-
4	scribed in paragraph (1) shall evaluate the—
5	"(A) particular needs of the limited-
6	English-proficient individuals served by the
7	agency;
8	"(B) particular needs of the limited-
9	English-proficient individuals served by the
10	agency's recipients of Federal financial assist-
11	ance; and
12	"(C) burdens of compliance with the agen-
13	cy guidance and this section for the agency and
14	its recipients.
15	"SEC. 3402. NATIONAL STANDARDS FOR CULTURALLY AND
16	LINGUISTICALLY APPROPRIATE SERVICES IN
17	HEALTH CARE.
18	"(a) Applicability.—This section applies to any
19	health program or activity, any part of which is receiving
20	Federal financial assistance, including credits, subsidies,
21	or contracts of insurance, or any program or activity that
22	is administered by an executive agency or any entity estab-
23	lished under title I of the Patient Protection and Afford-
24	able Care Act (or amendments made thereby), as such
25	programs, activities, agencies, and entities are described

- 1 in section 1557(a) of the Patient Protection and Afford-
- 2 able Care Act.
- 3 "(b) STANDARDS.—The programs, activities, agen-
- 4 cies, and entities described in subsection (a)—
- 5 "(1) shall implement strategies to recruit, re-
- 6 tain, and promote individuals at all levels to main-
- 7 tain a diverse staff and leadership that can provide
- 8 culturally and linguistically appropriate health care
- 9 to patient populations of the service area of the pro-
- 10 grams, activities, agencies, and entities;
- 11 "(2) shall educate and train governance, leader-
- ship, and workforce at all levels and across all dis-
- ciplines of the programs, activities, agencies, and en-
- tities in culturally and linguistically appropriate poli-
- cies and practices on an ongoing basis;
- 16 "(3) shall offer and provide language assist-
- ance, including trained bilingual staff and inter-
- preter services, to individuals who have limited-
- 19 English proficiency or other communication needs,
- at no cost to them at all points of contact, and dur-
- 21 ing all hours of operation, to facilitate timely access
- 22 to all health care and services;
- 23 "(4) shall notify patients, in a culturally appro-
- priate manner, of their right to receive language as-

1	sistance services in their primary language, verbally
2	and in writing;
3	"(5) shall not—
4	"(A) require an individual with limited-
5	English proficiency to provide his or her own
6	interpreter;
7	"(B) rely on an adult accompanying an in-
8	dividual with limited-English proficiency to in-
9	terpret or facilitate communication, except—
10	"(i) in an emergency involving an im-
11	minent threat to the safety or welfare of
12	an individual or the public where there is
13	no qualified interpreter for the individual
14	with limited-English proficiency imme-
15	diately available; or
16	"(ii) where the individual with limited-
17	English proficiency specifically requests
18	that the accompanying adult interpret or
19	facilitate communication, the accom-
20	panying adult agrees to provide such as-
21	sistance, and reliance on that adult for
22	such assistance is appropriate under the
23	circumstances;
24	"(C) rely on a minor child to interpret or
25	facilitate communication, except in an emer-

1	gency involving an imminent threat to the safe-
2	ty or welfare of an individual or the public
3	where there is no qualified interpreter for the
4	individual with limited-English proficiency im-
5	mediately available; or
6	"(D) rely on staff other than qualified bi-
7	lingual or multilingual staff to communicate di-
8	rectly with individuals;
9	"(6) shall for each eligible LEP language group
10	that constitutes 5 percent or 500 individuals, which-
11	ever is less, of the population of persons eligible to
12	be served or likely to be affected or encountered in
13	the service area of the organization, make avail-
14	able—
15	"(A) easily understood patient-related ma-
16	terials, including print and multimedia mate-
17	rials;
18	"(B) information or notices about termi-
19	nation of benefits; and
20	"(C) signage;
21	"(7) shall develop and implement clear goals,
22	policies, operational plans, and management, ac-
23	countability, and oversight mechanisms to provide
24	culturally and linguistically appropriate services and

1	infuse them throughout the organization's planning
2	and operations;
3	"(8) shall conduct initial and ongoing organiza-
4	tional assessments of culturally and linguistically ap-
5	propriate services-related activities and integrate
6	valid linguistic, competence-related National Stand-
7	ards for Culturally and Linguistically Appropriate
8	Services (CLAS) measures into the internal audits,
9	performance improvement programs, patient satis-
10	faction assessments, continuous quality improvement
11	activities, and outcomes-based evaluations of the or-
12	ganization and develop ways to standardize the as-
13	sessments;
14	"(9) shall ensure that, consistent with the pri-
15	vacy protections provided for under the regulations
16	promulgated under section 264(e) of the Health In-
17	surance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996,
18	data on an individual required to be collected pursu-
19	ant to section 3101, including the individual's alter-
20	native format preferences and policy modification
21	needs, are—
22	"(A) collected in health records;
23	"(B) integrated into the organization's
24	management information systems; and
25	"(C) periodically updated;

"(10) shall maintain a current demographic, cultural, and epidemiological profile of the community, conduct regular assessments of community health assets and needs, and use the results to accurately plan for and implement services that respond to the cultural and linguistic characteristics of the service area of the organization;

"(11) shall develop participatory, collaborative partnerships with communities and utilize a variety of formal and informal mechanisms to facilitate community and patient involvement in designing, implementing, and evaluating policies and practices to ensure culturally and linguistically appropriate service-related activities;

"(12) shall ensure that conflict and grievance resolution processes are culturally and linguistically sensitive and capable of identifying, preventing, and resolving cross-cultural conflicts or complaints by patients;

"(13) shall regularly make available to the public information about their progress and successful innovations in implementing the standards under this section and provide public notice in their communities about the availability of this information; and

1	"(14) shall, if requested, regularly make avail-
2	able to the head of each Federal entity from which
3	Federal funds are received, information about their
4	progress and successful innovations in implementing
5	the standards under this section as required by the
6	head of such entity.
7	"SEC. 3403. ROBERT T. MATSUI CENTER FOR CULTURAL
8	AND LINGUISTIC COMPETENCE IN HEALTH
9	CARE.
10	"(a) Establishment.—The Secretary, acting
11	through the Director of the Agency for Healthcare Re-
12	search and Quality, shall establish and support a center
13	to be known as the 'Robert T. Matsui Center for Cultural
14	and Linguistic Competence in Health Care' (referred to
15	in this section as the 'Center') to carry out the following
16	activities:
17	"(1) Interpretation services.—The Center
18	shall provide resources via the internet to identify
19	and link health care providers to competent inter-
20	preter and translation services.
21	"(2) Translation of written material.—
22	"(A) The Center shall provide, directly or
23	through contract, vital documents from com-
24	petent translation services for providers of
25	health care and health-care-related services at

no cost to such providers. Materials may be submitted for translation into non-English languages. Translation services shall be provided in a timely and reasonable manner. The quality of such translation services shall be monitored and reported publicly.

"(B) For each form developed or revised by the Secretary that will be used by LEP individuals in health care or health-care-related settings, the Center shall translate the form, at a minimum, into the top 15 non-English languages in the United States according to the most recent data from the American Community Survey or its replacement. The translation must be completed within 45 days of the Secretary receiving final approval of the form from the Office of Management and Budget.

"(3) Toll-free customer service tele-Phone number.—The Center shall provide, through a toll-free number, a customer service line for LEP individuals—

"(A) to obtain information about federally conducted or funded health programs, including Medicare, Medicaid, and SCHIP;

1	"(B) to obtain assistance with applying for
2	or accessing these programs and understanding
3	Federal notices written in English; and
4	"(C) to learn how to access language serv-
5	ices.
6	"(4) Health information clearing-
7	HOUSE.—
8	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Center shall de-
9	velop and maintain an information clearing-
10	house to facilitate the provision of language
11	services by providers of health care and health-
12	care-related services to reduce medical errors,
13	improve medical outcomes, to improve cultural
14	competence, reduce health care costs caused by
15	miscommunication with individuals with lim-
16	ited-English proficiency, and reduce or elimi-
17	nate the duplication of effort to translate mate-
18	rials. The clearinghouse shall make such infor-
19	mation available on the internet and in print.
20	Such information shall include the information
21	described in the succeeding provisions of this
22	paragraph.
23	"(B) DOCUMENT TEMPLATES.—The Cen-
24	ter shall collect and evaluate for accuracy, de-
25	velop, and make available templates for stand-

1	ard documents that are necessary for patients
2	and consumers to access and make educated de-
3	cisions about their health care, including the
4	following:
5	"(i) Administrative and legal docu-
6	ments, including—
7	"(I) intake forms;
8	"(II) Medicare, Medicaid, and
9	SCHIP forms, including eligibility in-
10	formation;
11	"(III) forms informing patient of
12	HIPAA compliance and consent; and
13	"(IV) documents concerning in-
14	formed consent, advanced directives,
15	and waivers of rights.
16	"(ii) Clinical information, such as how
17	to take medications, how to prevent trans-
18	mission of a contagious disease, and other
19	prevention and treatment instructions.
20	"(iii) Public health, patient education,
21	and outreach materials, such as immuniza-
22	tion notices, health warnings, or screening
23	notices.

1	"(iv) Additional health or health-care-
2	related materials as determined appro-
3	priate by the Director of the Center.
4	"(C) STRUCTURE OF FORMS.—In oper-
5	ating the clearinghouse, the Center shall—
6	"(i) ensure that the documents posted
7	in English and non-English languages are
8	culturally appropriate;
9	"(ii) allow public review of the docu-
10	ments before dissemination in order to en-
11	sure that the documents are understand-
12	able and culturally appropriate for the tar-
13	get populations;
14	"(iii) allow health care providers to
15	customize the documents for their use;
16	"(iv) facilitate access to these docu-
17	ments;
18	"(v) provide technical assistance with
19	respect to the access and use of such infor-
20	mation; and
21	"(vi) carry out any other activities the
22	Secretary determines to be useful to fulfill
23	the purposes of the clearinghouse.
24	"(D) Language assistance pro-
25	GRAMS.—The Center shall provide for the col-

1	lection and dissemination of information on cur-
2	rent examples of language assistance programs
3	and strategies to improve language services for
4	LEP individuals, including case studies using
5	de-identified patient information, program sum-
6	maries, and program evaluations.
7	"(E) CULTURAL AND LINGUISTIC COM-
8	PETENCE MATERIALS.—The Center shall pro-
9	vide information relating to culturally and lin-
10	guistically competent health care for minority
11	populations residing in the United States to all
12	health care providers and health-care-related
13	services at no cost. Such information shall in-
14	clude—
15	"(i) tenets of culturally and linguis-
16	tically competent care;
17	"(ii) cultural and linguistic com-
18	petence self-assessment tools;
19	"(iii) cultural and linguistic com-
20	petence training tools;
21	"(iv) strategic plans to increase cul-
22	tural and linguistic competence in different
23	types of providers of health care and
24	health-care-related services, including re-

1	gional collaborations among health care or-
2	ganizations; and
3	"(v) cultural and linguistic com-
4	petence information for educators, practi-
5	tioners, and researchers.
6	"(F) Information about progress.—
7	The Center shall regularly collect and make
8	publicly available information about the
9	progress of entities receiving grants under sec-
10	tion 3404 regarding successful innovations in
11	implementing the obligations under this sub-
12	section and provide public notice in the entities'
13	communities about the availability of this infor-
14	mation.
15	"(b) DIRECTOR.—The Center shall be headed by a
16	Director who shall be appointed by, and who shall report
17	to, the Director of the Agency for Healthcare Research
18	and Quality.
19	"(c) AVAILABILITY OF LANGUAGE ACCESS.—The Di-
20	rector shall collaborate with the Deputy Assistant Sec-
21	retary for Minority Health, the Administrator of the Cen-
22	ters for Medicare & Medicaid Services, and the Adminis-
23	trator of the Health Resources and Services Administra-
24	tion to notify health care providers and health care organi-

- 1 zations about the availability of language access services
- 2 by the Center.
- 3 "(d) Education.—The Secretary, directly or
- 4 through contract, shall undertake a national education
- 5 campaign to inform providers, LEP individuals, health
- 6 professionals, graduate schools, and community health
- 7 centers about—
- 8 "(1) Federal and State laws and guidelines gov-
- 9 erning access to language services;
- 10 "(2) the value of using trained interpreters and
- 11 the risks associated with using family members,
- friends, minors, and untrained bilingual staff;
- "(3) funding sources for developing and imple-
- menting language services; and
- 15 "(4) promising practices to effectively provide
- language services.
- 17 "(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—In ad-
- 18 dition to the amounts authorized under subsection
- 19 (e)(8)(F), there are authorized to be appropriated to carry
- 20 out this section \$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019
- 21 through 2023.
- 22 "SEC. 3404. INNOVATIONS IN CULTURAL AND LINGUISTIC
- 23 COMPETENCE GRANTS.
- 24 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through
- 25 the Director of the Agency for Healthcare Research and

1	Quality, shall award grants to eligible entities to enable
2	such entities to design, implement, and evaluate innova-
3	tive, cost-effective programs to improve cultural com-
4	petence and language access in health care for individuals
5	with limited-English proficiency. The Director of the
6	Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality shall coordi-
7	nate with, and ensure the participation of, other agencies
8	including the Health Resources and Services Administra-
9	tion, the Center on Minority Health and Health Dispari-
10	ties at the National Institutes of Health, and the Office
11	of Minority Health, regarding the design and evaluation
12	of the grants program.
13	"(b) Eligibility.—To be eligible to receive a grant
14	under subsection (a) an entity shall—
15	"(1) be—
16	"(A) a city, county, Indian Tribe, State,
17	territory, or subdivision thereof;
18	"(B) an organization described in section
19	501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
20	and exempt from tax under section 501(a) of
21	such Code;
22	"(C) a community health, mental health,
23	or substance use center or clinic;
24	"(D) a solo or group physician practice;

1	"(E) an integrated health care delivery
2	system;
3	"(F) a public hospital;
4	"(G) a health care group, university, or
5	college; or
6	"(H) other entity designated by the Sec-
7	retary; and
8	"(2) prepare and submit to the Secretary an
9	application, at such time, in such manner, and ac-
10	companied by such additional information as the
11	Secretary may require.
12	"(c) Use of Funds.—An entity shall use funds re-
13	ceived under a grant under this section to—
14	"(1) develop, implement, and evaluate models of
15	providing competent interpretation services through
16	onsite interpretation, telephonic interpretation, or
17	video interpretation;
18	"(2) implement strategies to recruit, retain, and
19	promote individuals at all levels of the organization
20	to maintain a diverse staff and leadership that can
21	promote and provide language services to patient
22	populations of the service area of the organization;
23	"(3) develop and maintain a needs assessment
24	that identifies the current demographic, cultural,
25	and epidemiological profile of the community to ac-

1	curately plan for and implement language services
2	needed in service area of the organization;
3	"(4) develop a strategic plan to implement lan-
4	guage services;
5	"(5) develop participatory, collaborative part
6	nerships with communities encompassing the LEF
7	patient populations being served to gain input in de-
8	signing and implementing language services;
9	"(6) develop and implement grievance resolu-
10	tion processes that are culturally and linguistically
11	sensitive and capable of identifying, preventing, and
12	resolving complaints by LEP individuals;
13	"(7) develop short-term medical mental health
14	interpretation training courses and incentives for bi-
15	lingual health care staff who are asked to interpret
16	in the workplace;
17	"(8) develop formal training programs, includ-
18	ing continued professional development and edu-
19	cation programs as well as supervision, for individ-
20	uals interested in becoming dedicated health care in
21	terpreters and culturally competent providers;
22	"(9) provide staff language training instruction
23	which shall include information on the practical limit

tations of such instruction for nonnative speakers;

1 "(10) develop policies that address compensa-2 tion in salary for staff who receive training to be-3 come either a staff interpreter or bilingual provider;

- "(11) develop other language assistance services as determined appropriate by the Secretary;
- "(12) develop, implement, and evaluate models of improving cultural competence, including cultural competence programs for community health workers; and
- "(13) ensure that, consistent with the privacy protections provided for under the regulations promulgated under section 264(c) of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (42 U.S.C. 1320d–2 note) and any applicable State privacy laws, data on the individual patient or recipient's race, ethnicity, and primary language are collected (and periodically updated) in health records and integrated into the organization's information management systems or any similar system used to store and retrieve data.
- "(d) Priority.—In awarding grants under this section, the Secretary shall give priority to entities that primarily engage in providing direct care and that have developed partnerships with community organizations or with agencies with experience in improving language access.

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1 "(e) EVALUATION.—

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"(1) By Grantees.—An entity that receives a grant under this section shall submit to the Secretary an evaluation that describes, in the manner and to the extent required by the Secretary, the activities carried out with funds received under the grant, and how such activities improved access to health and health-care-related services and the quality of health care for individuals with limited-English proficiency. Such evaluation shall be collected and disseminated through the Robert T. Matsui Center for Cultural and Linguistic Competence in Health Care established under section 3403. The Director of the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality shall notify grantees of the availability of technical assistance for the evaluation and provide such assistance upon request.

- "(2) By Secretary.—The Director of the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality shall evaluate or arrange with other individuals or organizations to evaluate projects funded under this section.
- "(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section, \$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023.

1	"SEC. 3405. RESEARCH ON CULTURAL AND LANGUAGE COM-
2	PETENCE.
3	"(a) In General.—The Secretary, acting through
4	the Director of the Agency for Healthcare Research and
5	Quality, shall expand research concerning language access
6	in the provision of health care.
7	"(b) Eligibility.—The Director of the Agency for
8	Healthcare Research and Quality may conduct the re-
9	search described in subsection (a) or enter into contracts
10	with other individuals or organizations to do so.
11	"(c) Use of Funds.—Research under this section
12	shall be designed to do one or more of the following:
13	"(1) To identify the barriers to mental and be-
14	havioral services that are faced by LEP individuals.
15	"(2) To identify health care providers' and
16	health administrators' attitudes, knowledge, and
17	awareness of the barriers to quality health care serv-
18	ices that are faced by LEP individuals.
19	"(3) To identify optimal approaches for deliv-
20	ering language access.
21	"(4) To identify best practices for data collec-
22	tion, including—
23	"(A) the collection by providers of health
24	care and health-care-related services of data on
25	the race, ethnicity, and primary language of re-
26	cipients of such services, taking into account ex-

1	isting research conducted by the Government or
2	private sector;
3	"(B) the development and implementation
4	of data collection and reporting systems; and
5	"(C) effective privacy safeguards for col-
6	lected data.
7	"(5) To develop a minimum data collection set
8	for primary language.
9	"(6) To evaluate the most effective ways in
10	which the Department can create or coordinate, and
11	then subsidize or otherwise fund telephonic interpre-
12	tation providers for health care providers, taking
13	into consideration, among other factors, the flexi-
14	bility necessary for such a system to accommodate
15	variations in—
16	"(A) provider type;
17	"(B) languages needed and their frequency
18	of use;
19	"(C) type of encounter;
20	"(D) time of encounter, including regular
21	business hours and after hours; and
22	"(E) location of encounter.
23	"(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
24	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
25	\$5.000.000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023.".

1	SEC. 203. PILOT PROGRAM FOR IMPROVEMENT AND DE-
2	VELOPMENT OF STATE MEDICAL INTER
3	PRETING SERVICES.
4	(a) Grants Authorized.—The Secretary shall
5	award one grant in accordance with this section to each
6	of three States to assist each such State in designing, im-
7	plementing, and evaluating a statewide program to provide
8	onsite interpreter services under Medicaid.
9	(b) Grant Period.—A grant awarded under this
10	section is authorized for a period of three fiscal years be-
11	ginning on October 1, 2019.
12	(c) Preference.—In awarding a grant under this
13	section, the Secretary shall give preference to a State—
14	(1) that has a high proportion of qualified LEP
15	enrollees, as determined by the Secretary;
16	(2) that has a large number of qualified LEP
17	enrollees, as determined by the Secretary;
18	(3) that has a high growth rate of the popu-
19	lation of LEP individuals, as determined by the Sec-
20	retary; and
21	(4) that has a population of qualified LEP en-
22	rollees that is linguistically diverse, requiring inter-
23	preter services in at least 200 non-English lan-
24	guages.
25	(d) Use of Funds.—A State receiving a grant under
26	this section shall use the grant funds to—

1	(1) ensure that all health care providers in the
2	State participating in the State plan under Medicaid
3	have access to onsite interpreter services, for the
4	purpose of enabling effective communication between
5	such providers and qualified LEP enrollees during
6	the furnishing of items and services and administra-
7	tive interactions;
8	(2) establish, expand, procure, or contract for—
9	(A) a statewide health care information
10	technology system that is designed to achieve
11	efficiencies and economies of scale with respect
12	to onsite interpreter services provided to health
13	care providers in the State participating in the
14	State plan under Medicaid; and
15	(B) an entity to administer such system,
16	the duties of which shall include—
17	(i) procuring and scheduling inter-
18	preter services for qualified LEP enrollees;
19	(ii) procuring and scheduling inter-
20	preter services for LEP individuals seeking
21	to enroll in the State plan under Medicaid;
22	(iii) ensuring that interpreters receive
23	payment for interpreter services rendered
24	under the system; and

1	(iv) consulting regularly with organi-
2	zations representing consumers, inter-
3	preters, and health care providers; and
4	(3) develop mechanisms to establish, improve,
5	and strengthen the competency of the medical inter-
6	pretation workforce that serves qualified LEP enroll-
7	ees in the State, including a national certification
8	process that is valid, credible, and vendor-neutral.
9	(e) APPLICATION.—To receive a grant under this sec-
10	tion, a State shall submit an application at such time and
11	containing such information as the Secretary may require,
12	which shall include the following:
13	(1) A description of the language access needs
14	of individuals in the State enrolled in the State plan
15	under Medicaid.
16	(2) A description of the extent to which the
17	program will—
18	(A) use the grant funds for the purposes
19	described in subsection (d);
20	(B) meet the health care needs of rural
21	populations of the State; and
22	(C) collect information that accurately
23	tracks the language services requested by con-
24	sumers as compared to the language services

1	provided by health care providers in the State
2	participating in the State plan under Medicaid.
3	(3) A description of how the program will be
4	evaluated, including a proposal for collaboration with
5	organizations representing interpreters, consumers,
6	and LEP individuals.
7	(f) Definitions.—In this section:
8	(1) QUALIFIED LEP ENROLLEE.—The term
9	"qualified LEP enrollee" means an individual—
10	(A) who is limited-English proficient; and
11	(B) who is enrolled in a State plan under
12	Medicaid.
13	(2) State.—The term "State" has the mean-
14	ing given the term in section 1101(a)(1) of the So-
15	cial Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1301(a)(1)), for pur-
16	poses of title XIX of such Act.
17	(3) United states.—The term "United
18	States" has the meaning given the term in section
19	1101(a)(2) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
20	1301(a)(2)), for purposes of title XIX of such Act.
21	(g) Funding.—
22	(1) Authorization of appropriations.—
23	There is authorized to be appropriated \$5,000,000
24	to carry out this section.

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1	(2) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—The funds au-
2	thorized by paragraph (1) shall be available without
3	fiscal year limitation.
4	(3) Increased federal financial partici-
5	PATION.—Section 1903(a)(2)(E) of the Social Secu-
6	rity Act (42 U.S.C. 1396b(a)(2)(E)), as amended by
7	section 205(d)(1) of this Act, is further amended by
8	inserting "(or, in the case of a State receiving a
9	grant under section 203 of the Health Equity and
10	Accountability Act of 2018, 100 percent for each
11	quarter occurring during the grant period)" after
12	"90 percent".
13	(h) Limitation.—No Federal funds under this sec-
14	tion may be used to provide interpreter services from a
15	location outside the United States.
16	SEC. 204. TRAINING TOMORROW'S DOCTORS FOR CUL-
17	TURALLY AND LINGUISTICALLY APPRO-
18	PRIATE CARE: GRADUATE MEDICAL EDU-

- 20 (a) DIRECT GRADUATE MEDICAL EDUCATION.—Sec-
- 21 tion 1886(h)(4) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
- 22 1395ww(h)(4)) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 23 lowing new subparagraph:

CATION.

- 24 "(L) Treatment of culturally com-
- 25 PETENCY TRAINING.—In determining a hos-

- pital's number of full-time equivalent residents
 for purposes of this subsection, all the time that
 is spent by an intern or resident in an approved
 medical residency training program for education and training in cultural competency and
 linguistically appropriate service delivery shall
 be counted toward the determination of full-
- 9 (b) Indirect Medical Education.—Section 10 1886(d)(5)(B) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 11 1395ww(d)(5)(B)) is amended—

time equivalency.".

- 12 (1) by redesignating the clause (x) added by 13 section 5505(b) of the Patient Protection and Af-14 fordable Care Act as clause (xi); and
- 15 (2) by adding at the end the following new clause:
- "(xii) The provisions of subparagraph (L) of subsection (h)(4) shall apply under this subparagraph in the same manner as they apply under such subsection.".
- 21 (c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by 22 subsections (a) and (b) shall apply with respect to pay-23 ments made to hospitals on or after the date that is one 24 year after the date of the enactment of this Act.

1	SEC. 205. FEDERAL REIMBURSEMENT FOR CULTURALLY
2	AND LINGUISTICALLY APPROPRIATE SERV-
3	ICES UNDER THE MEDICARE, MEDICAID, AND
4	STATE CHILDREN'S HEALTH INSURANCE
5	PROGRAMS.
6	(a) Language Access Grants for Medicare
7	Providers.—
8	(1) Establishment.—
9	(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 6
10	months after the date of the enactment of this
11	Act, the Secretary of Health and Human Serv-
12	ices, acting through the Centers for Medicare &
13	Medicaid Services and in consultation with the
14	Center for Medicare and Medicaid Innovation,
15	shall establish a demonstration program under
16	which the Secretary shall award grants to eligi-
17	ble Medicare service providers to improve com-
18	munication between such providers and Medi-
19	care beneficiaries who are English learners, in-
20	cluding beneficiaries who live in diverse and un-
21	derserved communities.
22	(B) APPLICATION OF INNOVATION
23	RULES.—The demonstration project under sub-
24	paragraph (A) shall be conducted in a manner
25	that is consistent with the applicable provisions

1	of subsections (b), (c), and (d) of section 1115A
2	of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1315a).
3	(C) Number of grants.—To the extent
4	practicable, the Secretary shall award not less
5	than 24 grants under this subsection.
6	(D) Grant Period.—Except as provided
7	under paragraph (2)(D), each grant awarded
8	under this subsection shall be for a 3-year pe-
9	riod.
10	(2) Eligibility requirements.—To be eligi-
11	ble for a grant under this subsection, an entity must
12	meet the following requirements:
13	(A) Medicare provider.—The entity
14	must be—
15	(i) a provider of services under part A
16	of title XVIII of the Social Security Act;
17	(ii) a provider of services under part
18	B of such title;
19	(iii) a Medicare Advantage organiza-
20	tion offering a Medicare Advantage plan
21	under part C of such title; or
22	(iv) a PDP sponsor offering a pre-
23	scription drug plan under part D of such
24	title.

- 1 (B) UNDERSERVED COMMUNITIES.—The
 2 entity must serve a community that, with re3 spect to necessary language services for improv4 ing access and utilization of health care among
 5 English learners, is disproportionally under6 served.
 - (C) APPLICATION.—The entity must prepare and submit to the Secretary an application, at such time, in such manner, and accompanied by such additional information as the Secretary may require.
 - (D) Reporting.—In the case of a grantee that received a grant under this subsection in a previous year, such grantee is only eligible for continued payments under a grant under this subsection if the grantee met the reporting requirements under paragraph (9) for such year. If a grantee fails to meet the requirement of such paragraph for the first year of a grant, the Secretary may terminate the grant and solicit applications from new grantees to participate in the demonstration program.
 - (3) DISTRIBUTION.—To the extent feasible, the Secretary shall award—

1	(A) at least 6 grants to providers of serv-
2	ices described in paragraph (2)(A)(i);
3	(B) at least 6 grants to service providers
4	described in paragraph (2)(A)(ii);
5	(C) at least 6 grants to organizations de-
6	scribed in paragraph (2)(A)(iii); and
7	(D) at least 6 grants to sponsors described
8	in paragraph (2)(A)(iv).
9	(4) Considerations in awarding grants.—
10	(A) Variation in grantees.—In award-
11	ing grants under this subsection, the Secretary
12	shall select grantees to ensure the following:
13	(i) The grantees provide many dif-
14	ferent types of language services.
15	(ii) The grantees serve Medicare bene-
16	ficiaries who speak different languages,
17	and who, as a population, have differing
18	needs for language services.
19	(iii) The grantees serve Medicare
20	beneficiaries in both urban and rural set-
21	tings.
22	(iv) The grantees serve Medicare
23	beneficiaries in at least two geographic re-
24	gions, as defined by the Secretary.

1	(v) The grantees serve Medicare bene-
2	ficiaries in at least two large metropolitan
3	statistical areas with racial, ethnic, sexual,
4	gender, disability, and economically diverse
5	populations.
6	(B) Priority for partnerships with
7	COMMUNITY ORGANIZATIONS AND AGENCIES.—
8	In awarding grants under this subsection, the
9	Secretary shall give priority to eligible entities
10	that have a partnership with—
11	(i) a community organization; or
12	(ii) a consortia of community organi-
13	zations, State agencies, and local agencies,
14	that has experience in providing language serv-
15	ices.
16	(5) Use of funds for competent language
17	SERVICES.—
18	(A) In general.—Subject to subpara-
19	graph (E), a grantee may only use grant funds
20	received under this subsection to pay for the
21	provision of competent language services to
22	Medicare beneficiaries who are English learn-
23	ers.

1	(B) Competent language services de-
2	FINED.—For purposes of this subsection, the
3	term "competent language services" means—
4	(i) interpreter and translation services
5	that—
6	(I) subject to the exceptions
7	under subparagraph (C)—
8	(aa) if the grantee operates
9	in a State that has statewide
10	health care interpreter standards,
11	meet the State standards cur-
12	rently in effect; or
13	(bb) if the grantee operates
14	in a State that does not have
15	statewide health care interpreter
16	standards, utilizes competent in-
17	terpreters who follow the Na-
18	tional Council on Interpreting in
19	Health Care's Code of Ethics and
20	Standards of Practice; and
21	(II) that, in the case of inter-
22	preter services, are provided
23	through—
24	(aa) onsite interpretation;

1	(bb) telephonic interpreta-
2	tion; or
3	(cc) video interpretation;
4	and
5	(ii) the direct provision of health care
6	or health-care-related services by a com-
7	petent bilingual health care provider.
8	(C) Exceptions.—The requirements of
9	subparagraph (B)(i)(I) do not apply, with re-
10	spect to interpreter and translation services and
11	a grantee—
12	(i) in the case of a Medicare bene-
13	ficiary who is an English learner if—
14	(I) such beneficiary has been in-
15	formed, in the beneficiary's primary
16	language, of the availability of free in-
17	terpreter and translation services and
18	the beneficiary instead requests that a
19	family member, friend, or other per-
20	son provide such services; and
21	(II) the grantee documents such
22	request in the beneficiary's medical
23	record; or
24	(ii) in the case of a medical emergency
25	where the delay directly associated with ob-

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taining a competent interpreter or translation services would jeopardize the health of the patient.

> Clause (ii) shall not be construed to exempt emergency rooms or similar entities that regularly provide health care services in medical emergencies to patients who are English learners from any applicable legal or regulatory requirements related to providing competent interpreter and translation services without undue delay.

> (D)MEDICARE ADVANTAGE ORGANIZA-TIONS AND PDP SPONSORS.—If a grantee is a Medicare Advantage organization offering a Medicare Advantage plan under part C of title XVIII of the Social Security Act or a PDP sponsor offering a prescription drug plan under part D of such title, such entity must provide at least 50 percent of the grant funds that the entity receives under this subsection directly to the entity's network providers (including all health providers and pharmacists) for the purpose of providing support for such providers to provide competent language services to Medicare beneficiaries who are English learners.

1	(E) Administrative and reporting
2	COSTS.—A grantee may use up to 10 percent of
3	the grant funds to pay for administrative costs
4	associated with the provision of competent lan-
5	guage services and for reporting required under
6	paragraph (9).
7	(6) Determination of amount of grant
8	PAYMENTS.—
9	(A) In general.—Payments to grantees
10	under this subsection shall be calculated based
11	on the estimated numbers of Medicare bene-
12	ficiaries who are English learners in a grantee's
13	service area utilizing—
14	(i) data on the numbers of English
15	learners who speak English less than "very
16	well" from the most recently available data
17	from the Bureau of the Census or other
18	State-based study the Secretary determines
19	likely to yield accurate data regarding the
20	number of such individuals in such service
21	area; or
22	(ii) data provided by the grantee, if
23	the grantee routinely collects data on the
24	primary language of the Medicare bene-
25	ficiaries that the grantee serves and the

1	Secretary determines that the data is accu-
2	rate and shows a greater number of
3	English learners than would be estimated
4	using the data under clause (i).
5	(B) Discretion of Secretary.—Subject
6	to subparagraph (C), the amount of payment
7	made to a grantee under this subsection may be
8	modified annually at the discretion of the Sec-
9	retary, based on changes in the data under sub-
10	paragraph (A) with respect to the service area
11	of a grantee for the year.
12	(C) LIMITATION ON AMOUNT.—The
13	amount of a grant made under this subsection
14	to a grantee may not exceed \$500,000 for the
15	period under paragraph (1)(D).
16	(7) Assurances.—Grantees under this sub-
17	section shall, as a condition of receiving a grant
18	under this subsection—
19	(A) ensure that clinical and support staff
20	receive appropriate ongoing education and
21	training in linguistically appropriate service de-
22	livery;
23	(B) ensure the linguistic competence of bi-
24	lingual providers;

1	(C) offer and provide appropriate language
2	services at no additional charge to each patient
3	who is an English learner for all points of con-
4	tact between the patient and the grantee, in a
5	timely manner during all hours of operation;
6	(D) notify Medicare beneficiaries of their
7	right to receive language services in their pri-
8	mary language;
9	(E) post signage in the primary languages
10	commonly used by the patient population in the
11	service area of the organization; and
12	(F) ensure that—
13	(i) primary language data are col-
14	lected for recipients of language services
15	and such data are consistent with stand-
16	ards developed under title XXXIV of the
17	Public Health Service Act, as added by
18	section 202 of this Act, to the extent such
19	standards are available upon the initiation
20	of the demonstration program; and
21	(ii) consistent with the privacy protec-
22	tions provided under the regulations pro-
23	mulgated pursuant to section 264(c) of the
24	Health Insurance Portability and Account-
25	ability Act of 1996 (42 U.S.C. 1320d–2

1	note), if the recipient of language services
2	is a minor or is incapacitated, primary lan-
3	guage data are collected on the parent or
4	legal guardian of such recipient.
5	(8) No cost sharing.—Medicare beneficiaries
6	who are English learners shall not have to pay cost
7	sharing or co-payments for competent language serv-
8	ices provided under this demonstration program.
9	(9) Reporting requirements for grant-
10	EES.—Not later than the end of each calendar year,
11	a grantee that receives funds under this subsection
12	in such year shall submit to the Secretary a report
13	that includes the following information:
14	(A) The number of Medicare beneficiaries
15	to whom competent language services are pro-
16	vided.
17	(B) The primary languages of those Medi-
18	care beneficiaries.
19	(C) The types of language services pro-
20	vided to such beneficiaries.
21	(D) Whether such language services were
22	provided by employees of the grantee or
23	through a contract with external contractors or
24	agencies.

1	(E) The types of interpretation services
2	provided to such beneficiaries, and the approxi-
3	mate length of time such service is provided to
4	such beneficiaries.
5	(F) The costs of providing competent lan-
6	guage services.
7	(G) An account of the training or accredi-
8	tation of bilingual staff, interpreters, and trans-
9	lators providing services funded by the grant
10	under this subsection.
11	(10) Evaluation and report to con-
12	GRESS.—Not later than 1 year after the completion
13	of a 3-year grant under this subsection, the Sec-
14	retary shall conduct an evaluation of the demonstra-
15	tion program under this subsection and shall submit
16	to the Congress a report that includes the following:
17	(A) An analysis of the patient outcomes
18	and the costs of furnishing care to the Medicare
19	beneficiaries who are English learners partici-
20	pating in the project as compared to such out-
21	comes and costs for such Medicare beneficiaries
22	not participating, based on the data provided
23	under paragraph (9) and any other information

available to the Secretary.

1	(B) The effect of delivering language serv-
2	ices on—
3	(i) Medicare beneficiary access to care
4	and utilization of services;
5	(ii) the efficiency and cost effective-
6	ness of health care delivery;
7	(iii) patient satisfaction;
8	(iv) health outcomes; and
9	(v) the provision of culturally appro-
10	priate services provided to such bene-
11	ficiaries.
12	(C) The extent to which bilingual staff, in-
13	terpreters, and translators providing services
14	under such demonstration were trained or ac-
15	credited and the nature of accreditation or
16	training needed by type of provider, service, or
17	other category as determined by the Secretary
18	to ensure the provision of high-quality interpre-
19	tation, translation, or other language services to
20	Medicare beneficiaries if such services are ex-
21	panded pursuant to subsection (c) of section
22	1907 of this Act.
23	(D) Recommendations, if any, regarding
24	the extension of such project to the entire Medi-
25	care Program, subject to the provisions of sec-

1	tion 1115A(c) of the Social Security Act (42
2	U.S.C. 1315a(e)).
3	(11) Appropriations.—There is appropriated
4	to carry out this subsection, in equal parts from the
5	Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund under sec-
6	tion 1817 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C
7	1395i) and the Federal Supplementary Medical In-
8	surance Trust Fund under section 1841 of such Act
9	(42 U.S.C. 1395t), \$16,000,000 for each fiscal year
10	of the demonstration program.
11	(12) English learner defined.—In this
12	subsection, the term "English learner" has the
13	meaning given such term in section 8101(20) of the
14	Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965
15	except that subparagraphs (A), (B), and (D) of such
16	section shall not apply.
17	(b) Language Services Under the Medicare
18	Program.—
19	(1) Inclusion as rural health clinic
20	SERVICES.—Section 1861 of the Social Security Act
21	(42 U.S.C. 1395x) is amended—
22	(A) in subsection (aa)(1)—
23	(i) in subparagraph (B), by striking
24	"and" at the end;

1	(ii) by adding "and" at the end of
2	subparagraph (C); and
3	(iii) by inserting after subparagraph
4	(C) the following new subparagraph:
5	"(D) language assistance services as defined in
6	subsection (iii)(1),"; and
7	(B) by adding at the end the following new
8	subsection:
9	"Language Assistance Services and Related Terms
10	"(iii)(1) The term 'language assistance services' has
11	the same meaning given the term 'language or language
12	assistance services' in section 3400 of the Public Health
13	Service Act.
14	"(2) The term 'interpreter services' has the meaning
15	given the term 'qualified interpreter for an individual with
16	limited-English proficiency' in section 3400(3) of the Pub-
17	lic Health Service Act.
18	"(3) The term 'qualified interpreter for an individual
19	with limited-English proficiency' means an interpreter who
20	via a remote interpreting service or an onsite appear-
21	ance—
22	"(A) adheres to generally accepted interpreter
23	ethics principles, including client confidentiality;

1	"(B) has demonstrated proficiency in speaking
2	and understanding both spoken English and at least
3	one other spoken language; and
4	"(C) is able to interpret effectively, accurately,
5	and impartially and in a culturally competent man-
6	ner, both receptively and expressly, to and from such
7	language(s) and English, using any necessary spe-
8	cialized vocabulary, terminology, and phraseology.
9	"(4) The term 'qualified translator' means a trans-
10	lator who—
11	"(A) adheres to generally accepted translator
12	ethics principles, including client confidentiality;
13	"(B) has demonstrated proficiency in writing
14	and understanding both written English and at least
15	one other written non-English language; and
16	"(C) is able to translate effectively, accurately,
17	and impartially to and from such language(s) and
18	English, using any necessary specialized vocabulary,
19	terminology, and phraseology.
20	"(5) The term 'English learner' has the meaning
21	given such term in section 8101(20) of the Elementary
22	and Secondary Education Act of 1965, except that sub-
23	paragraphs (A), (B), and (D) of such section shall not
24	apply.".

1	(2) Coverage.—Section 1832(a)(2) of the So-
2	cial Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395k(a)(2)) is amend-
3	ed—
4	(A) by striking "and" at the end of sub-
5	paragraph (I);
6	(B) by striking the period at the end of
7	subparagraph (J) and inserting "; and"; and
8	(C) by adding at the end the following new
9	subparagraph:
10	"(K) language services (as defined in para-
11	graph (1) of section 1861(iii)) furnished by an
12	interpreter (as defined in paragraph (3) of such
13	section) or translator.".
14	(3) Payment.—Section 1833(a) of the Social
15	Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395l(a)) is amended—
16	(A) by striking "and" at the end of para-
17	graph (8);
18	(B) by striking the period at the end of
19	paragraph (9) and inserting "; and; and
20	(C) by inserting after paragraph (9) the
21	following new paragraph:
22	"(10) in the case of language services described
23	in section 1861(iii)(1), 100 percent of the reasonable
24	charges for such services, as determined in consulta-

- tion with the Medicare Payment Advisory Commis-sion; and".
- 3 (4) Waiver of Budget Neutrality.—For 4 the 3-year period beginning on the date of enact-5 ment of this section, the budget neutrality provision 6 of section 1848(c)(2)(B)(ii) of the Social Security 7 Act (42 U.S.C. 1395w-4(c)(2)(B)(ii)) shall not 8 apply with respect to language services (as such 9 term is defined in section 1861(iii)(1) of such Act). 10 (c) Medicare Parts C and D.—
 - (1) IN GENERAL.—Medicare Advantage plans under part C of the Social Security Act and prescription drug plans under part D of such Act shall comply with title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and section 1557 of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (42 U.S.C. 18116) to provide effective language services to enrollees of such plans.
 - (2) MEDICARE ADVANTAGE PLANS AND PRE-SCRIPTION DRUG PLANS REPORTING REQUIRE-MENT.—Section 1857(e) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395w–27(e)) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
 - "(5) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO EFFECTIVE LANGUAGE SERVICES.—A contract under this part shall require a Medicare Advantage organi-

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- 1 zation (and, through application of section 1860D-2 12(b)(3)(D), a contract under section 1860D-12shall require a PDP sponsor) to annually submit 3 (for each year of the contract) a report that contains 5 information on the plan's internal policies and proce-6 dures related to recruitment and retention efforts di-7 rected to workforce diversity and linguistically and 8 culturally appropriate provision of services in each of 9 the following contexts: 10 "(A) The collection of data in a manner 11
 - "(A) The collection of data in a manner that meets the requirements of title I of the Health Equity and Accountability Act of 2018, regarding the enrollee population.
 - "(B) Education of staff and contractors who have routine contact with enrollees regarding the various needs of the diverse enrollee population.
 - "(C) Evaluation of the health plan's language services programs and services with respect to the plan's enrollee population, such as through analysis of complaints or satisfaction survey results.
 - "(D) Methods by which the plan provides to the Secretary information regarding the ethnic diversity of the plan's enrollee population.

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1	"(E) The periodic provision of educational
2	information to plan enrollees on the plan's lan-
3	guage services and programs.".
4	(d) Improving Language Services in Medicaid
5	AND CHIP.—
6	(1) Payments to states.—Section
7	1903(a)(2)(E) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
8	1396b(a)(2)(E)) is amended by—
9	(A) striking "75" and inserting "90";
10	(B) striking "translation or interpretation
11	services" and inserting "language services";
12	and
13	(C) striking "children of families" and in-
14	serting "individuals".
15	(2) STATE PLAN REQUIREMENTS.—Section
16	1902(a)(10)(A) of the Social Security Act (42
17	U.S.C. 1396a(a)(10)(A)) is amended by striking
18	"and (28)" and inserting "(28), and (29)".
19	(3) Definition of Medical Assistance.—
20	Section 1905(a) of the Social Security Act (42
21	U.S.C. 1396d(a)) is amended by—
22	(A) in paragraph (28), by striking "and"
23	at the end;
24	(B) by redesignating paragraph (29) as
25	paragraph (30); and

1	(C) by inserting after paragraph (28) the
2	following new paragraph:
3	"(29) language services, as such term is defined
4	in section 1861(iii)(1), provided in a timely manner
5	to English learners (as defined in section
6	1861(iii)(5)) who need such services; and".
7	(4) Use of deductions and cost shar-
8	ING.—Section 1916(a)(2) of the Social Security Act
9	(42 U.S.C. 1396o(2)) is amended by—
10	(A) by striking "or" at the end of subpara-
11	graph (D);
12	(B) by striking "; and" at the end of sub-
13	paragraph (E) and inserting ", or"; and
14	(C) by adding at the end the following new
15	subparagraph:
16	"(F) language services described in section
17	1905(a)(29); and".
18	(5) CHIP COVERAGE REQUIREMENTS.—Section
19	2103 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1397cc)
20	is amended—
21	(A) in subsection (a), in the matter before
22	paragraph (1), by striking "and (7)" and in-
23	serting " (7) , and (9) "; and
24	(B) in subsection (c), by adding at the end
25	the following new paragraph:

1	"(9) Language services.—The child health
2	assistance provided to a targeted low-income child
3	shall include coverage of language services, as such
4	term is defined in section 1861(iii)(1), provided in a
5	timely manner to English learners (as defined in
6	section 1861(iii)(5)) who need such services."; and
7	(C) in subsection (e)(2)—
8	(i) in the heading, by striking "PRE-
9	VENTIVE" and inserting "CERTAIN"; and
10	(ii) by inserting "or subsection (c)(9)"
11	after "subsection $(c)(1)(D)$ ".
12	(6) Definition of Child Health Assist-
13	ANCE.—Section 2110(a)(27) of the Social Security
14	Act (42 U.S.C. 1397jj) is amended by striking
15	"translation" and inserting "language services as
16	described in section $2103(c)(9)$ ".
17	(7) State data collection.—Pursuant to
18	the reporting requirement described in section
19	2107(b)(1) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
20	1397gg(b)(1)), the Secretary of Health and Human
21	Services shall require that States collect data on—
22	(A) the primary language of individuals re-
23	ceiving child health assistance under title XXI
24	of the Social Security Act; and

1	(B) in the case of such individuals who are
2	minors or incapacitated, the primary language
3	of the individual's parent or guardian.
4	(8) CHIP PAYMENTS TO STATES.—Section
5	2105 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
6	1397ee(c)) is amended—
7	(A) in subsection (a)(1), by striking "75"
8	and inserting "90"; and
9	(B) in subsection (c)(2)(A), by inserting
10	before the period at the end the following: ",
11	except that expenditures pursuant to clause (iv)
12	of subparagraph (D) of such paragraph shall
13	not count towards this total".
14	(e) Funding Language Services Furnished by
15	PROVIDERS OF HEALTH CARE AND HEALTH-CARE-RE-
16	LATED SERVICES THAT SERVE HIGH RATES OF UNIN-
17	SURED LEP INDIVIDUALS.—
18	(1) Payment of costs.—
19	(A) In general.—Subject to subpara-
20	graph (B), the Secretary of Health and Human
21	Services shall make payments (on a quarterly
22	basis) directly to eligible entities to support the
23	provision of language services to English learn-
24	ers in an amount equal to an eligible entity's el-
25	igible costs for such services for the quarter.

1	(B) Funding.—Out of any funds in the
2	Treasury not otherwise appropriated, there are
3	appropriated to the Secretary of Health and
4	Human Services such sums as may be nec-
5	essary for each of fiscal years 2017 through
6	2021.
7	(C) RELATION TO MEDICAID DSH.—Pay-
8	ments under this subsection shall not offset or
9	reduce payments under section 1923 of the So-
10	cial Security Act, nor shall payments under
11	such section be considered when determining
12	uncompensated costs associated with the provi-
13	sion of language services.
14	(2) Methodology for payment of
15	CLAIMS.—
16	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall es-
17	tablish a methodology to determine the average
18	per person cost of language services.
19	(B) DIFFERENT ENTITIES.—In estab-
20	lishing such methodology, the Secretary may es-
21	tablish different methodologies for different
22	types of eligible entities.
23	(C) NO INDIVIDUAL CLAIMS.—The Sec-
24	retary may not require eligible entities to sub-
25	mit individual claims for language services for

- individual patients as a requirement for payment under this subsection.
 - (3) Data collection instrument.—For purposes of this subsection, the Secretary shall create a standard data collection instrument that is consistent with any existing reporting requirements by the Secretary or relevant accrediting organizations regarding the number of individuals to whom language access are provided.
 - (4) GUIDELINES.—Not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall establish and distribute guidelines concerning the implementation of this subsection.

(5) Reporting requirements.—

(A) Report to secretary.—Entities receiving payment under this subsection shall provide the Secretary with a quarterly report on how the entity used such funds. Such report shall contain aggregate (and may not contain individualized) data collected using the instrument under paragraph (3) and shall otherwise be in a form and manner determined by the Secretary.

1	(B) Report to congress.—Not later
2	than 2 years after the date of enactment of this
3	Act, and every 2 years thereafter, the Secretary
4	shall submit a report to Congress concerning
5	the implementation of this subsection.
6	(6) Definitions.—In this subsection:
7	(A) ELIGIBLE COSTS.—The term "eligible
8	costs" means, with respect to an eligible entity
9	that provides language services to English
10	learners, the product of—
11	(i) the average per person cost of lan-
12	guage services, determined according to
13	the methodology devised under paragraph
14	(2); and
15	(ii) the number of English learners
16	who are provided language services by the
17	entity and for whom no reimbursement is
18	available for such services under the
19	amendments made by subsections (a), (b),
20	(c), or (d) or by private health insurance.
21	(B) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term "eligible
22	entity" means an entity that—
23	(i) is a Medicaid provider that is—
24	(I) a physician;

1	(II) a hospital with a low-income
2	utilization rate (as defined in section
3	1923(b)(3) of the Social Security Act
4	(42 U.S.C. 1396r-4(b)(3))) of greater
5	than 25 percent; or
6	(III) a federally qualified health
7	center (as defined in section
8	1905(l)(2)(B) of the Social Security
9	Act (42 U.S.C. 1396d(l)(2)(B)));
10	(ii) provide language services to at
11	least 8 percent of the entity's total number
12	of patients, not later than 6 months after
13	the date of the enactment of the Act; and
14	(iii) prepare and submit an applica-
15	tion to the Secretary, at such time, in such
16	manner, and accompanied by such infor-
17	mation as the Secretary may require to as-
18	certain the entity's eligibility for funding
19	under this subsection.
20	(C) ENGLISH LEARNER.—The term
21	"English learner" has the meaning given such
22	term in section 8101(20) of the Elementary
23	and Secondary Education Act of 1965, except
24	that subparagraphs (A), (B), and (D) of such
25	section shall not apply.

- 1 (D) LANGUAGE SERVICES.—The term
 2 "language services" has the meaning given such
 3 term in section 1861(iii)(1) of the Social Secu4 rity Act.
- rity Act.

 (f) Application of Civil Rights Act of 1964 and Other Laws.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit otherwise existing obligations of recipients of Federal financial assistance under title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000(d) et seq.) or other laws
- 10 that protect the civil rights of individuals.
- 11 (g) Effective Date.—
- 12 (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as otherwise pro-13 vided and subject to paragraph (2), the amendments 14 made by this section shall take effect on January 1, 15 2017.
- 16 (2) Exception if state legislation re-17 QUIRED.—In the case of a State plan for medical as-18 sistance under title XIX of the Social Security Act 19 which the Secretary of Health and Human Services 20 determines requires State legislation (other than leg-21 islation appropriating funds) in order for the plan to 22 meet the additional requirement imposed by the 23 amendments made by this section, the State plan 24 shall not be regarded as failing to comply with the 25 requirements of such title solely on the basis of its

1	failure to meet this additional requirement before
2	the first day of the first calendar quarter beginning
3	after the close of the first regular session of the
4	State legislature that begins after the date of the en-
5	actment of this Act. For purposes of the previous
6	sentence, in the case of a State that has a 2-year
7	legislative session, each year of such session shall be
8	deemed to be a separate regular session of the State
9	legislature.
10	SEC. 206. INCREASING UNDERSTANDING OF AND IMPROV-
11	ING HEALTH LITERACY.
12	(a) In General.—The Secretary, acting through the
13	Director of the Agency for Healthcare Research and Qual-
14	ity and the Administrator of the Health Resources and
15	Services Administration, in consultation with the Director
16	of the National Institute on Minority Health and Health
17	Disparities and the Deputy Assistant Secretary for Minor-
18	ity Health, shall award grants to eligible entities to im-
19	prove health care for patient populations that have low
20	functional health literacy.
21	(b) Eligibility.—To be eligible to receive a grant
22	under subsection (a), an entity shall—
23	(1) be a hospital, health center or clinic, health
24	plan, or other health entity (including a nonprofit
25	minority health organization or association); and

1	(2) prepare and submit to the Secretary an ap-
2	plication at such time, in such manner, and con-
3	taining such information as the Secretary may re-
4	quire.
5	(c) USE OF FUNDS.—
6	(1) AGENCY FOR HEALTHCARE RESEARCH AND
7	QUALITY.—Grants awarded under subsection (a)
8	through the Agency for Healthcare Research and
9	Quality shall be used—
10	(A) to define and increase the under-
11	standing of health literacy;
12	(B) to investigate the correlation between
13	low health literacy and health and health care;
14	(C) to clarify which aspects of health lit-
15	eracy have an effect on health outcomes; and
16	(D) for any other activity determined ap-
17	propriate by the Director of the Agency.
18	(2) Health resources and services admin-
19	ISTRATION.—Grants awarded under subsection (a)
20	through the Health Resources and Services Adminis-
21	tration shall be used to conduct demonstration
22	projects for interventions for patients with low
23	health literacy that may include—

1	(A) the development of new disease man-
2	agement programs for patients with low health
3	literacy;
4	(B) the tailoring of existing disease man-
5	agement programs addressing mental, physical,
6	oral, and behavioral health conditions for pa-
7	tients with low health literacy;
8	(C) the translation of written health mate-
9	rials for patients with low health literacy;
10	(D) the identification, implementation, and
11	testing of low health literacy screening tools;
12	(E) the conduct of educational campaigns
13	for patients and providers about low health lit-
14	eracy; and
15	(F) other activities determined appropriate
16	by the Administrator of the Health Resources
17	and Services Administration.
18	(d) Definitions.—In this section, the term "low
19	health literacy" means the inability of an individual to ob-
20	tain, process, and understand basic health information
21	and services needed to make appropriate health decisions.
22	(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
23	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section,
24	such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years
25	2019 through 2023.

1 SEC. 207. ASSURANCES FOR RECEIVING FEDERAL FUNDS.

2	(a) In General.—Any health program or activity,
3	any part of which is receiving Federal financial assistance,
4	including credits, subsidies, or contracts of insurance, and
5	any program or activity that is administered by an execu-
6	tive agency or any entity established under title I of the
7	Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (or amend-
8	ments made thereby), as such programs, activities, agen-
9	cies, and entities are described in section 1557(a) of the
10	Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (42 U.S.C.
11	18116), in order to ensure the right of LEP individuals
12	to receive access to quality health care, shall—
13	(1) ensure that appropriate clinical and support
14	staff receive ongoing education and training in lin-
15	guistically appropriate service delivery;
16	(2) offer and provide appropriate language as-
17	sistance services at no additional charge to each pa-
18	tient with limited-English-proficiency at all points of
19	contact, in a timely manner during all hours of oper-
20	ation;
21	(3) notify patients of their right to receive lan-
22	guage services in their primary language; and
23	(4) utilize only qualified interpreters for an in-
24	dividual with limited-English proficiency or qualified
25	translators, as defined in section 3400 of the Public
26	Health Service Act.

1	(b) Exemptions.—The requirements of subsection
	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2	(a)(4) shall not apply as follows:
3	(1) When a patient (who has been informed in
4	his or her primary language of the availability of
5	free interpreter and translation services) requests
6	the use of family, friends, or other persons untrained
7	in interpretation or translation if the following con-
8	ditions are met:
9	(A) The interpreter requested by the pa-
10	tient is over the age of 18.
11	(B) The recipient informs the patient that
12	he or she has the option of having the recipient
13	provide an interpreter for him or her without
14	charge, or of using his or her own interpreter.
15	(C) The recipient informs the patient that
16	the recipient may not require an LEP person to
17	use a family member or friend as an inter-
18	preter.
19	(D) The recipient evaluates whether the
20	person the patient wishes to use as an inter-
21	preter is competent. If the recipient has reason
22	to believe that the interpreter is not competent,
23	the recipient provides the recipient's own inter-

preter to protect the recipient from liability if

- the patient's interpreter is later found not competent.
 - (E) If the recipient has reason to believe that there is a conflict of interest between the interpreter and patient, the recipient may not use the patient's interpreter.
 - (F) The recipient has the patient sign a waiver, witnessed by at least 1 individual not related to the patient, that includes the information stated in subparagraphs (A) through (E) and is translated into the patient's language.
 - (2) When a medical emergency exists and the delay directly associated with obtaining competent interpreter or translation services would jeopardize the health of the patient, but only until a competent interpreter or translation service is available.
- 18 (c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Subsection (b)(2)
 19 shall not be construed to mean that emergency rooms or
 20 similar entities that regularly provide health care services
 21 in medical emergencies are exempt from legal or regu22 latory requirements related to competent interpreter serv23 ices.

1	SEC. 208. REPORT ON FEDERAL EFFORTS TO PROVIDE CUL-
2	TURALLY AND LINGUISTICALLY APPRO-
3	PRIATE HEALTH CARE SERVICES.
4	(a) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the date
5	of enactment of this Act and annually thereafter, the Sec-
6	retary of Health and Human Services shall enter into a
7	contract with the National Academy of Medicine for the
8	preparation and publication of a report that describes
9	Federal efforts to ensure that all individuals with limited-
10	English proficiency have meaningful access culturally com-
11	petent to health care and health-care-related services.
12	Such report shall include—
13	(1) a description and evaluation of the activities
14	carried out under this Act;
15	(2) a description and analysis of best practices,
16	model programs, guidelines, and other effective
17	strategies for providing access to culturally and lin-
18	guistically appropriate health care services;
19	(3) recommendations on the development and
20	implementation of policies and practices by providers
21	of health care and health-care-related services for
22	limited-English-proficient individuals;
23	(4) recommend guidelines or standards for
24	health literacy and plain language, informed consent,
25	discharge instructions, and written communications,
26	and for improvement of health care access;

- 1 (5) a description of the effect of providing lan-2 guage services on quality of health care and access 3 to care; and
- 4 (6) a description of the costs associated with or 5 savings related to the provision of language services.
- 6 (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
 7 are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
 8 such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years
 9 2019 through 2023.

10 SEC. 209. ENGLISH FOR SPEAKERS OF OTHER LANGUAGES.

- 11 (a) Grants Authorized.—The Secretary of Edu-
- 12 cation is authorized to provide grants to eligible entities
- 13 for the provision of English as a second language (in this
- 14 section referred to "ESL") instruction and shall deter-
- 15 mine, after consultation with appropriate stakeholders, the
- 16 mechanism for administering and distributing such
- 17 grants.
- 18 (b) Eligible Entity Defined.—For purposes of
- 19 this section, the term "eligible entity" means a State or
- 20 community-based organization that employs, and serves,
- 21 minority populations.
- 22 (c) APPLICATION.—An eligible entity may apply for
- 23 a grant under this section by submitting such information
- 24 as the Secretary may require and in such form and man-
- 25 ner as the Secretary may require.

1	(d) Use of Grant.—As a condition of receiving a
2	grant under this section, an eligible entity shall—
3	(1) develop and implement a plan for assuring
4	the availability of ESL instruction that effectively
5	integrates information about the nature of the
6	United States health care system, how to access
7	care, and any special language skills that may be re-
8	quired for them to access and regularly negotiate the
9	system effectively;
10	(2) develop a plan, including, where appro-
11	priate, public-private partnerships, for making ESL
12	instruction progressively available to all individuals
13	seeking instruction; and
14	(3) maintain current ESL instruction efforts by
15	using the additional funds to supplement rather
16	than supplant any funds expended for ESL instruc-
17	tion in the State as of January 1, 2019.
18	(e) Additional Duties of the Secretary.—The
19	Secretary of Education shall—
20	(1) collect and publicize annual data on how
21	much Federal, State, and local governments spend
22	on ESL instruction;
23	(2) collect data from State and local govern-
24	ments to identify the unmet needs of English lan-

1	guage learners for appropriate ESL instruction, in-
2	cluding—
3	(A) the preferred written and spoken lan-
4	guage of such English language learners;
5	(B) the extent of waiting lists including
6	how many programs maintain waiting lists and
7	for programs that do not have waiting lists, the
8	reasons why not;
9	(C) the availability of programs to geo-
10	graphically isolated communities;
11	(D) the impact of course enrollment poli-
12	cies, including open enrollment, on the avail-
13	ability of ESL instruction;
14	(E) the number individuals in the State
15	and each participating locality;
16	(F) the effectiveness of the instruction in
17	meeting the needs of individuals receiving in-
18	struction and those needing instruction;
19	(G) as assessment of the need for pro-
20	grams that integrate job training and ESL in-
21	struction, to assist individuals to obtain better
22	jobs; and
23	(H) the availability of ESL slots by State
24	and locality:

1	(3) determine the cost and most appropriate
2	methods of making ESL instruction available to all
3	English language learners seeking instruction; and
4	(4) not later than 1 year after the date of en-

- (4) not later than I year after the date of enactment of this Act, issue a report to Congress that assesses the information collected in paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) and makes recommendations on steps that should be taken to progressively realize the goal of making ESL instruction available to all English language learners seeking instruction.
- 11 (f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There 12 are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Edu-13 cation \$250,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 14 2022 to carry out this section.

15 SEC. 210. IMPLEMENTATION.

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16 (a) General Provisions.—

- 17 (1) A State shall not be immune under the
 18 Eleventh Amendment of the Constitution of the
 19 United States from suit in Federal court for failing
 20 to provide the language access funded pursuant to
 21 this title.
- (2) In a suit against a State for a violation of this title, remedies (including remedies at both at law and in equity) are available for such a violation to the same extent as such remedies are available for

1	such a violation in the suit against any public or pri-
2	vate entity other than a State.
3	(b) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this title
4	shall be construed to limit otherwise existing obligations
5	of recipients of Federal financial assistance under title VI
6	of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000(d) et
7	seq.) or any other statute.
8	SEC. 211. LANGUAGE ACCESS SERVICES.
9	(a) Essential Benefits.—Section 1302(b)(1) of
10	the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (42
11	U.S.C. 18022(b)(1)) is amended by adding at the end the
12	following:
13	"(K) Language access services, including
14	oral interpretation and written translations.".
15	(b) Employer-Sponsored Minimum Essential
16	Coverage.—
17	(1) In general.—Section 36B(c)(2)(C) of the
18	Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by redes-
19	ignating clauses (iii) and (iv) as clauses (iv) and (v),
20	respectively, and by inserting after clause (ii) the fol-
21	lowing new clause:
22	"(iii) Coverage must include lan-
23	GUAGE ACCESS AND SERVICES.—Except as
24	provided in clause (iv), an employee shall
25	not be treated as eligible for minimum es-

1	sential coverage if such coverage consists
2	of an eligible employer-sponsored plan (as
3	defined in section $5000A(f)(2)$) and the
4	plan does not provide coverage for lan-
5	guage access services, including oral inter-
6	pretation and written translations.".
7	(2) Conforming amendments.—
8	(A) Section 36B(c)(2)(C) of such Code is
9	amended by striking "clause (iii)" each place it
10	appears in clauses (i) and (ii) and inserting
11	"clause (iv)".
12	(B) Section 36B(c)(2)(C)(iv) of such Code
13	as redesignated by this subsection, is amended
14	by striking "(i) and (ii)" and inserting "(i), (ii)
15	and (iii)".
16	(c) Quality Reporting.—Section 2717(a)(1) of the
17	Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300gg-17(a)(1)) is
18	amended—
19	(1) by striking "and" at the end of subpara-
20	graph (C);
21	(2) by striking the period at the end of sub-
22	paragraph (D) and inserting "; and"; and
23	(3) by adding at the end the following new sub-
24	paragraph:

1	"(E) reduce health disparities through the
2	provision of language access services, including
3	oral interpretation and written translations.".
4	(d) REGULATIONS REGARDING INTERNAL CLAIMS
5	AND APPEALS AND EXTERNAL REVIEW PROCESSES FOR
6	HEALTH PLANS AND HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS.—
7	The Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Labor,
8	and the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall
9	amend the regulations in section 54.9815–2719T(e) of
10	title 26, Code of Federal Regulations, section 2590.715-
11	2719(e) of title 29, Code of Federal Regulations, and sec-
12	tion 147.136(e) of title 45, Code of Federal Regulations,
13	respectively, to require group health plans and health in-
14	surance issuers offering group or individual health insur-
15	ance coverage to which such sections apply—
16	(1) to provide oral interpretation services with-
17	out any threshold requirements;
18	(2) to provide in the English versions of all no-
19	tices a statement prominently displayed in not less
20	than 15 non-English languages clearly indicating
21	how to access the language services provided by the
22	plan or issuer; and
23	(3) with respect to written translations of no-
24	tices, to apply a threshold that 5 percent of the pop-
25	ulation or at least 500 individuals per service area

- 1 are literate only in the same non-English language
- 2 in lieu of 10 percent or more residing in a county.
- 3 (e) Data Collection and Reporting.—The Sec-
- 4 retary of Health and Human Services shall—
- 5 (1) amend the single streamlined application 6 form developed pursuant to section 1413 of the Pa-7 tient Protection and Affordable Care Act (42 U.S.C. 8 18083) to collect the preferred spoken and written
- 9 language for each household member applying for
- anguage for each household member applying for
- 10 coverage under a qualified health plan through an
- Exchange under title I of the Patient Protection and
- 12 Affordable Care Act;
- 13 (2) require navigators, certified application 14 counselors, and other enrollment assisters to collect
- and report requests for language assistance; and
- 16 (3) require the Federal and State call centers
- established pursuant to section 1311(d)(4)(b) of the
- Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (42)
- U.S.C. 18031(d)(4)(b)) to submit an annual report
- documenting the number of language assistance re-
- 21 quests, the types of languages requested, the range
- and average wait time for a consumer to speak with
- an interpreter, and any steps the call center and lan-
- 24 guage line have taken to actively address some of
- 25 the consumer complaints.

1	(f) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
2	this section shall apply to plan years beginning after the
3	date of the enactment of this Act.
4	TITLE III—HEALTH WORKFORCE
5	DIVERSITY
6	SEC. 301. AMENDMENT TO THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE
7	ACT.
8	Title XXXIV of the Public Health Service Act, as
9	added by section 202, is amended by adding at the end
10	the following:
11	"Subtitle A—Diversifying the
12	Health Care Workplace
13	"SEC. 3411. NATIONAL WORKING GROUP ON WORKFORCE
14	DIVERSITY.
1 7	
15	"(a) In General.—The Secretary, acting through
	"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Bureau of Health Workforce within the Health Re-
15	
15 16 17	the Bureau of Health Workforce within the Health Re-
15 16 17	the Bureau of Health Workforce within the Health Resources and Services Administration, shall award a grant
15 16 17 18	the Bureau of Health Workforce within the Health Resources and Services Administration, shall award a grant to an entity determined appropriate by the Secretary for
15 16 17 18	the Bureau of Health Workforce within the Health Resources and Services Administration, shall award a grant to an entity determined appropriate by the Secretary for the establishment of a national working group on work-
115 116 117 118 119 220	the Bureau of Health Workforce within the Health Resources and Services Administration, shall award a grant to an entity determined appropriate by the Secretary for the establishment of a national working group on workforce diversity.
115 116 117 118 119 220 221	the Bureau of Health Workforce within the Health Resources and Services Administration, shall award a grant to an entity determined appropriate by the Secretary for the establishment of a national working group on workforce diversity. "(b) Representation.—In establishing the national

1	"(A) The Health Resources and Services
2	Administration.
3	"(B) The Department of Health and
4	Human Services Data Council.
5	"(C) The Office of Minority Health of the
6	Department of Health and Human Services.
7	"(D) The Substance Abuse and Mental
8	Health Services Administration.
9	"(E) The Bureau of Labor Statistics of
10	the Department of Labor.
11	"(F) The Public Health Practice Program
12	Office—Office of Workforce Policy and Plan-
13	ning.
14	"(G) The National Institute on Minority
15	Health and Health Disparities.
16	"(H) The Agency for Healthcare Research
17	and Quality.
18	"(I) The Institute of Medicine Study Com-
19	mittee for the 2004 workforce diversity report.
20	"(J) The Indian Health Service.
21	"(K) The Department of Education.
22	"(L) Minority-serving academic institu-
23	tions.
24	"(M) Consumer organizations.

1	"(N) Health professional associations, in-
2	cluding those that represent underrepresented
3	minority populations.
4	"(O) Researchers in the area of health
5	workforce.
6	"(P) Health workforce accreditation enti-
7	ties.
8	"(Q) Private (including nonprofit) founda-
9	tions that have sponsored workforce diversity
10	initiatives.
11	"(R) Local and State health departments.
12	"(S) Representatives of community mem-
13	bers to be included on admissions committees
14	for health profession schools pursuant to sub-
15	section (e)(8).
16	"(T) National community-based organiza-
17	tions that serve as a national intermediary to
18	their urban affiliate members and have dem-
19	onstrated capacity to train health care profes-
20	sionals.
21	"(U) Other entities determined appropriate
22	by the Secretary.
23	"(V) The Veterans Health Administration.
24	"(2) The grantee shall ensure that, in addition
25	to the representatives under paragraph (1), the

1	group has not less than 5 health professions stu-
2	dents representing various health profession fields
3	and levels of training.
4	"(c) Activities.—The working group established
5	under subsection (a) shall convene at least twice each year
6	to complete the following activities:
7	"(1) Review current public and private health
8	workforce diversity initiatives.
9	"(2) Identify successful health workforce diver-
10	sity programs and practices.
11	"(3) Examine challenges relating to the devel-
12	opment and implementation of health workforce di-
13	versity initiatives.
14	"(4) Draft a national strategic work plan for
15	health workforce diversity, including recommenda-
16	tions for public and private sector initiatives.
17	"(5) Develop a framework and methods for the
18	evaluation of current and future health workforce di-
19	versity initiatives.
20	"(6) Develop recommended standards for work-
21	force diversity that could be applicable to all health
22	professions programs and programs funded under
23	this Act.
24	"(7) Develop guidelines to train health profes-
25	sionals to care for a diverse population.

1	"(8) Develop a workforce data collection or
2	tracking system to identify where racial and ethnic
3	minority health professionals practice.
4	"(9) Develop a strategy for the inclusion of
5	community members on admissions committees for
6	health profession schools.
7	"(10) Helping with monitoring and implementa-
8	tion of standards for diversity, equity, and inclusion
9	"(11) Other activities determined appropriate
10	by the Secretary.
11	"(d) Annual Report.—Not later than 1 year after
12	the establishment of the working group under subsection
13	(a), and annually thereafter, the working group shall pre-
14	pare and make available to the general public for com-
15	ment, an annual report on the activities of the working
16	group. Such report shall include the recommendations of
17	the working group for improving health workforce diver-
18	sity.
19	"(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
20	is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
21	such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years

22 2019 through 2024.

1	"SEC. 3412. TECHNICAL CLEARINGHOUSE FOR HEALTH
2	WORKFORCE DIVERSITY.
3	"(a) In General.—The Secretary, acting through
4	the Deputy Assistant Secretary for Minority Health, and
5	in collaboration with the Bureau of Health Workforce
6	within the Health Resources and Services Administration,
7	the National Institute on Minority Health and Health Dis-
8	parities, shall establish a technical clearinghouse on health
9	workforce diversity within the Office of Minority Health
10	and coordinate current and future clearinghouses.
11	"(b) Information and Services.—The clearing-
12	house established under subsection (a) shall offer the fol-
13	lowing information and services:
14	"(1) Information on the importance of health
15	workforce diversity.
16	"(2) Statistical information relating to under-
17	represented minority representation in health and al-
18	lied health professions and occupations.
19	"(3) Model health workforce diversity practices
20	and programs, including integrated models of care.
21	"(4) Admissions policies that promote health
22	workforce diversity and are in compliance with Fed-
23	eral and State laws.
24	"(5) Retainment policies that promote comple-
25	tion of health profession degrees for underserved
26	nonulations

1	"(6) Lists of scholarship, loan repayment, and
2	loan cancellation grants as well as fellowship infor-
3	mation for underserved populations for health pro-
4	fessions schools.
5	"(7) Foundation and other large organizationa
6	initiatives relating to health workforce diversity.
7	"(c) Consultation.—In carrying out this section
8	the Secretary shall consult with non-Federal entities which
9	may include minority health professional associations and
10	minority sections of major health professional associations
11	to ensure the adequacy and accuracy of information.
12	"(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
13	is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
14	such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years
15	2019 through 2024.
16	"SEC. 3413. SUPPORT FOR INSTITUTIONS COMMITTED TO
17	WORKFORCE DIVERSITY, EQUITY, AND IN
18	CLUSION.
19	"(a) In General.—The Secretary, acting through
20	the Administrator of the Health Resources and Services
21	Administration and the Centers for Disease Control and
22	Prevention, shall award grants to eligible entities that
23	demonstrate a commitment to health workforce diversity
24	"(b) Eligibility.—To be eligible to receive a grant

25 under subsection (a), an entity shall—

1	"(1) be an educational institution or entity that
2	historically produces or trains meaningful numbers
3	of underrepresented minority health professionals,
4	including—
5	"(A) historically Black colleges and univer-
6	sities;
7	"(B) Hispanic-serving health professions
8	schools;
9	"(C) Hispanic-serving institutions;
10	"(D) Tribal colleges and universities;
11	"(E) Asian-American, Native American,
12	and Pacific Islander-serving institutions;
13	"(F) institutions that have programs to re-
14	cruit and retain underrepresented minority
15	health professionals, in which a significant
16	number of the enrolled participants are under-
17	represented minorities;
18	"(G) health professional associations,
19	which may include underrepresented minority
20	health professional associations; and
21	"(H) institutions, including national and
22	regional community-based organizations with
23	demonstrated commitment to a diversified
24	workforce—

1	"(i) located in communities with pre-
2	dominantly underrepresented minority pop-
3	ulations;
4	"(ii) with whom partnerships have
5	been formed for the purpose of increasing
6	workforce diversity; and
7	"(iii) in which at least 20 percent of
8	the enrolled participants are underrep-
9	resented minorities; and
10	"(2) submit to the Secretary an application at
11	such time, in such manner, and containing such in-
12	formation as the Secretary may require.
13	"(c) USE OF FUNDS.—Amounts received under a
14	grant under subsection (a) shall be used to expand existing
15	workforce diversity programs, implement new workforce
16	diversity programs, or evaluate existing or new workforce
17	diversity programs, including with respect to mental
18	health care professions. Such programs shall enhance di-
19	versity by considering minority status as part of an indi-
20	vidualized consideration of qualifications. Possible activi-
21	ties may include—
22	"(1) educational outreach programs relating to
23	opportunities in the health professions;
24	"(2) scholarship, fellowship, grant, loan repay-
25	ment, and loan cancellation programs;

1	"(3) postbaccalaureate programs;
2	"(4) academic enrichment programs, particu-
3	larly targeting those who would not be competitive
4	for health professions schools;
5	"(5) kindergarten through 12th grade and
6	other health pipeline programs;
7	"(6) mentoring programs;
8	"(7) internship or rotation programs involving
9	hospitals, health systems, health plans, and other
10	health entities;
11	"(8) community partnership development for
12	purposes relating to workforce diversity; or
13	"(9) leadership training.
14	"(d) Reports.—Not later than 1 year after receiving
15	a grant under this section, and annually for the term of
16	the grant, a grantee shall submit to the Secretary a report
17	that summarizes and evaluates all activities conducted
18	under the grant.
19	"(e) Definition.—In this section, the term 'Asian-
20	American, Native American, and Pacific Islander-serving
21	institutions' has the same meaning as the term 'Asian
22	American and Native American Pacific Islander-serving
23	institution' as defined in section 371(c) of the Higher
24	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1067a(c))

- 1 "(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 2 is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section,
- 3 such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years
- 4 2019 through 2024.
- 5 "SEC. 3414. CAREER DEVELOPMENT FOR SCIENTISTS AND
- 6 RESEARCHERS.
- 7 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through
- 8 the Director of the National Institutes of Health, the Di-
- 9 rector of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention,
- 10 the Commissioner of Food and Drugs, the Director of the
- 11 Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, and the Ad-
- 12 ministrator of the Health Resources and Services Admin-
- 13 istration, shall award grants that expand existing opportu-
- 14 nities for scientists and researchers and promote the inclu-
- 15 sion of underrepresented minorities in the health profes-
- 16 sions.
- 17 "(b) Research Funding.—The head of each entity
- 18 within the Department of Health and Human Services
- 19 shall establish or expand existing programs to provide re-
- 20 search funding to scientists and researchers in training.
- 21 Under such programs, the head of each such entity shall
- 22 give priority in allocating research funding to support
- 23 health research in traditionally underserved communities,
- 24 including underrepresented minority communities, and re-
- 25 search classified as community or participatory.

- 1 "(c) Data Collection.—The head of each entity
- 2 within the Department of Health and Human Services
- 3 shall collect data on the number (expressed as an absolute
- 4 number and a percentage) of underrepresented minority
- 5 and nonminority applicants who receive and are denied
- 6 agency funding at every stage of review. Such data shall
- 7 be reported annually to the Secretary and the appropriate
- 8 committees of Congress.
- 9 "(d) STUDENT LOAN REIMBURSEMENT.—The Sec-
- 10 retary shall establish a student loan reimbursement pro-
- 11 gram to provide student loan reimbursement assistance to
- 12 researchers who focus on racial and ethnic disparities in
- 13 health. The Secretary shall promulgate regulations to de-
- 14 fine the scope and procedures for the program under this
- 15 subsection.
- 16 "(e) STUDENT LOAN CANCELLATION.—The Sec-
- 17 retary shall establish a student loan cancellation program
- 18 to provide student loan cancellation assistance to research-
- 19 ers who focus on racial and ethnic disparities in health.
- 20 Students participating in the program shall make a min-
- 21 imum 5-year commitment to work at an accredited health
- 22 profession school. The Secretary shall promulgate addi-
- 23 tional regulations to define the scope and procedures for
- 24 the program under this subsection.

1	"(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
2	is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section,
3	such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years
4	2019 through 2024.
5	"SEC. 3415. CAREER SUPPORT FOR NONRESEARCH HEALTH
6	PROFESSIONALS.
7	"(a) In General.—The Secretary, acting through
8	the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Pre-
9	vention, the Administrator of the Substance Abuse and
10	Mental Health Services Administration, the Administrator
11	of the Health Resources and Services Administration, and
12	the Administrator of the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid
13	Services, shall establish a program to award grants to eli-
14	gible individuals for career support in nonresearch-related
15	health and wellness professions.
16	"(b) Eligibility.—To be eligible to receive a grant
17	under subsection (a), an individual shall—
18	"(1) be a student in a health professions school,
19	a graduate of such a school who is working in a
20	health profession, an individual working in a health
21	or wellness profession (including mental and behav-
22	ioral health), or a faculty member of such a school;
23	and

1	"(2) submit to the Secretary an application at
2	such time, in such manner, and containing such in-
3	formation as the Secretary may require.
4	"(c) USE OF FUNDS.—An individual shall use
5	amounts received under a grant under this section to—
6	"(1) support the individual's health activities or
7	projects that involve underserved communities, in-
8	cluding racial and ethnic minority communities;
9	"(2) support health-related career advancement
10	activities;
11	"(3) to pay, or as reimbursement for payments
12	of, student loans or training or credentialing costs
13	for individuals who are health professionals and are
14	focused on health issues affecting underserved com-
15	munities, including racial and ethnic minority com-
16	munities; and
17	"(4) to establish and promote leadership train-
18	ing programs to decrease health disparities and to
19	increase cultural competence with the goal of in-
20	creasing diversity in leadership positions.
21	"(d) Definition.—In this section, the term 'career
22	in nonresearch-related health and wellness professions'
23	means employment or intended employment in the field
24	of public health, health policy, health management, health
25	administration, medicine, nursing, pharmacy, psychology,

- 1 social work, psychiatry, other mental and behavioral
- 2 health, allied health, community health, social work, or
- 3 other fields determined appropriate by the Secretary,
- 4 other than in a position that involves research.
- 5 "(e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 6 is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
- 7 such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years
- 8 2019 through 2024.

9 "SEC. 3416. RESEARCH ON THE EFFECT OF WORKFORCE DI-

- 10 VERSITY ON QUALITY.
- 11 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the Agency for
- 12 Healthcare Research and Quality, in collaboration with
- 13 the Deputy Assistant Secretary for Minority Health and
- 14 the Director of the National Institute on Minority Health
- 15 and Health Disparities, shall award grants to eligible enti-
- 16 ties to expand research on the link between health work-
- 17 force diversity and quality health care.
- 18 "(b) Eligibility.—To be eligible to receive a grant
- 19 under subsection (a), an entity shall—
- 20 "(1) be a clinical, public health, or health serv-
- 21 ices research entity or other entity determined ap-
- propriate by the Director; and
- 23 "(2) submit to the Secretary an application at
- such time, in such manner, and containing such in-
- formation as the Secretary may require.

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1
        "(c) Use of Funds.—Amounts received under a
 2
    grant awarded under subsection (a) shall be used to sup-
    port research that investigates the effect of health work-
 3
 4
    force diversity on—
 5
             "(1) language access;
             "(2) cultural competence;
 6
 7
             "(3) patient satisfaction:
             "(4) timeliness of care;
 8
 9
             "(5) safety of care;
             "(6) effectiveness of care;
10
             "(7) efficiency of care;
11
             "(8) patient outcomes;
12
             "(9) community engagement;
13
             "(10) resource allocation;
14
             "(11) organizational structure;
15
             "(12) compliance of care; or
16
17
             "(13) other topics determined appropriate by
18
        the Director.
        "(d) Priority.—In awarding grants under sub-
19
20
    section (a), the Director shall give individualized consider-
21
    ation to all relevant aspects of the applicant's background.
    Consideration of prior research experience involving the
23
    health of underserved communities shall be such a factor.
        "(e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
24
   is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
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- 1 such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years
- 2 2019 through 2024.
- 3 "SEC. 3417. HEALTH DISPARITIES EDUCATION PROGRAM.
- 4 "(a) Establishment.—The Secretary, acting
- 5 through the National Institute on Minority Health and
- 6 Health Disparities and in collaboration with the Office of
- 7 Minority Health, the Office for Civil Rights, the Centers
- 8 for Disease Control and Prevention, the Centers for Medi-
- 9 care & Medicaid Services, the Health Resources and Serv-
- 10 ices Administration, and other appropriate public and pri-
- 11 vate entities, shall establish and coordinate a health and
- 12 health care disparities education program to support, de-
- 13 velop, and implement educational initiatives and outreach
- 14 strategies that inform health care professionals and the
- 15 public about the existence of and methods to reduce racial
- 16 and ethnic disparities in health and health care.
- 17 "(b) Activities.—The Secretary, through the edu-
- 18 cation program established under subsection (a), shall,
- 19 through the use of public awareness and outreach cam-
- 20 paigns targeting the general public and the medical com-
- 21 munity at large—
- "(1) disseminate scientific evidence for the ex-
- 23 istence and extent of racial and ethnic disparities in
- health care, including disparities that are not other-
- 25 wise attributable to known factors such as access to

- 1 care, patient preferences, or appropriateness of 2 intervention, as described in the 2002 Institute of 3 Medicine Report entitled 'Unequal Treatment: Con-4 fronting Racial and Ethnic Disparities in Health 5 Care', as well as the impact of disparities related to 6 age, disability status, socioeconomic status, sex, gen-7 der identity, and sexual orientation on racial and 8 ethnic minorities;
 - "(2) disseminate new research findings to health care providers and patients to assist them in understanding, reducing, and eliminating health and health care disparities;
 - "(3) disseminate information about the impact of linguistic and cultural barriers on health care quality and the obligation of health providers who receive Federal financial assistance to ensure that people with limited-English proficiency have access to language access services;
 - "(4) disseminate information about the importance and legality of racial, ethnic, disability status, socioeconomic status, sex, gender identity, and sexual orientation, and primary language data collection, analysis, and reporting;

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1	"(5) design and implement specific educational
2	initiatives to health care providers relating to health
3	and health care disparities;
4	"(6) assess the impact of the programs estab-
5	lished under this section in raising awareness of
6	health and health care disparities and providing in-
7	formation on available resources; and
8	"(7) design and implement specific educational
9	initiatives to educate the health care workforce relat-
10	ing to unconscious bias.
11	"(c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
12	is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
13	such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years
14	2019 through 2024.".
15	SEC. 302. HISPANIC-SERVING HEALTH PROFESSIONS
13	SEC. 302. HISFANIC-SERVING HEALTH FROFESSIONS
16	SCHOOLS.
16 17	SCHOOLS.
161718	SCHOOLS. Part B of title VII of the Public Health Service Act
161718	SCHOOLS. Part B of title VII of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 293 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end
16 17 18 19	SCHOOLS. Part B of title VII of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 293 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:
16 17 18 19 20	SCHOOLS. Part B of title VII of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 293 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following: "SEC. 742. HISPANIC-SERVING INSTITUTIONS, HISTORI-
16 17 18 19 20 21	SCHOOLS. Part B of title VII of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 293 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following: "SEC. 742. HISPANIC-SERVING INSTITUTIONS, HISTORI-CALLY BLACK COLLEGES & UNIVERSITIES,
16171819202122	Part B of title VII of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 293 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following: "SEC. 742. HISPANIC-SERVING INSTITUTIONS, HISTORICALLY BLACK COLLEGES & UNIVERSITIES, AND TRIBAL COLLEGES.

1	the Department of Education to Hispanic-serving Institu-
2	tions, Historically Black Colleges & Universities, and Trib-
3	al Colleges, including Regional community based organiza-
4	tions and national minority medical associations, for schol-
5	arships and counseling services to prepare underrep-
6	resented minority individuals to enroll in and graduate
7	from health professional schools and to increase services
8	for qualified students, including—
9	"(1) mentoring with underrepresented health
10	professionals; and
11	"(2) providing financial assistance information
12	for continued education and applications to health
13	professional schools.
14	"(b) Eligibility.—In subsection (a), the term 'His-
15	panic-serving Institutions' means an entity that—
16	"(1) is a school or program under section
17	799B;
18	"(2) has an enrollment of full-time equivalent
19	students that is made up of at least 9 percent His-
20	panic students;
21	"(3) has been effective in carrying out pro-
22	grams to recruit Hispanic individuals to enroll in
23	and graduate from the school;
24	"(4) has been effective in recruiting and retain-
25	ing Hispanic faculty members;

1	"(5) has a significant number of graduates who
2	are providing health services to medically under-
3	served populations or to individuals in health profes-
4	sional shortage areas; and
5	"(6) is a Regional Hispanic Center of Excel-
6	lence.
7	"(c) Certain Loan Repayment Programs.—In
8	carrying out the National Health Service Corps loan re-
9	payment program and loan repayment programs of the
10	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the Secretary
11	shall ensure that loan repayments of not less than \$50,000
12	per year are awarded for repayment of loans incurred for
13	enrollment or participation in schools and programs de-
14	scribed in this section.".
15	SEC. 303. LOAN REPAYMENT PROGRAM OF CENTERS FOR
16	DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVENTION.
17	Section 317F(c) of the Public Health Service Act (42
18	U.S.C. 247b-7(c)) is amended—
19	(1) by striking "and" after "1994,"; and
20	(2) by inserting before the period at the end the
21	following: ", \$750,000 for fiscal year 2019, and such
22	sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal
23	years 2020 through 2024".

1	SEC.	304.	COOPERATIVE	AGREEMENTS	FOR	ONLINE	DE-
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- 2 GREE PROGRAMS AT SCHOOLS OF PUBLIC
- 3 HEALTH AND SCHOOLS OF ALLIED HEALTH.
- 4 Part B of title VII of the Public Health Service Act
- 5 (42 U.S.C. 293 et seq.), as amended by section 302, is
- 6 further amended by adding at the end the following:
- 7 "SEC. 743. COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS FOR ONLINE DE-
- 8 GREE PROGRAMS.
- 9 "(a) Cooperative Agreements.—The Secretary,
- 10 acting through the Administrator of the Health Resources
- 11 and Services Administration, in consultation with the Di-
- 12 rector of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention,
- 13 the Director of the Agency for Healthcare Research and
- 14 Quality, and the Deputy Assistant Secretary for Minority
- 15 Health, shall award cooperative agreements to schools of
- 16 public health and schools of allied health to design and
- 17 implement online degree programs.
- 18 "(b) Priority.—In awarding cooperative agreements
- 19 under this section, the Secretary shall give priority to any
- 20 school of public health or school of allied health that has
- 21 an established track record of serving medically under-
- 22 served communities.
- 23 "(c) Requirements.—Recipients of cooperative
- 24 agreements under this section shall design and implement
- 25 an online degree program that meets the following restric-
- 26 tions:

1	"(1) Enrollment of individuals who have ob-
2	tained a secondary school diploma or its recognized
3	equivalent.
4	"(2) Maintaining a significant enrollment of
5	underrepresented minority or disadvantaged stu-
6	dents.
7	"(3) Achieving a high completion rate of en-
8	rolled underrepresented minority or disadvantaged
9	students.
10	"(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
11	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
12	such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years
12	2019 through 2024.".
13	2013 unrough 2021
14	SEC. 305. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON THE MISSION OF THE
14	SEC. 305. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON THE MISSION OF THE
14 15	SEC. 305. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON THE MISSION OF THE NATIONAL HEALTH CARE WORKFORCE COM-
14151617	SEC. 305. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON THE MISSION OF THE NATIONAL HEALTH CARE WORKFORCE COMMISSION.
14151617	SEC. 305. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON THE MISSION OF THE NATIONAL HEALTH CARE WORKFORCE COM- MISSION. It is the sense of Congress that the National Health
14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 305. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON THE MISSION OF THE NATIONAL HEALTH CARE WORKFORCE COM- MISSION. It is the sense of Congress that the National Health Care Workforce Commission established by section 5101
141516171819	SEC. 305. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON THE MISSION OF THE NATIONAL HEALTH CARE WORKFORCE COM- MISSION. It is the sense of Congress that the National Health Care Workforce Commission established by section 5101 of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (42)
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 305. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON THE MISSION OF THE NATIONAL HEALTH CARE WORKFORCE COM- MISSION. It is the sense of Congress that the National Health Care Workforce Commission established by section 5101 of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (42 U.S.C. 294q) should, in carrying out its assigned duties
1415161718192021	SEC. 305. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON THE MISSION OF THE NATIONAL HEALTH CARE WORKFORCE COM- MISSION. It is the sense of Congress that the National Health Care Workforce Commission established by section 5101 of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (42 U.S.C. 294q) should, in carrying out its assigned duties under that section, give attention to the needs of racial
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	SEC. 305. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON THE MISSION OF THE NATIONAL HEALTH CARE WORKFORCE COM- MISSION. It is the sense of Congress that the National Health Care Workforce Commission established by section 5101 of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (42 U.S.C. 294q) should, in carrying out its assigned duties under that section, give attention to the needs of racial and ethnic minorities, individuals with lower socio-

1	viduals who are members of multiple minority or special
2	population groups.
3	SEC. 306. SCHOLARSHIP AND FELLOWSHIP PROGRAMS.
4	Subtitle A of title XXXIV of the Public Health Serv-
5	ice Act, as added by section 301, is further amended by
6	inserting after section 3417 the following:
7	"SEC. 3418. DAVID SATCHER PUBLIC HEALTH AND HEALTH
8	SERVICES CORPS.
9	"(a) In General.—The Administrator of the Health
10	Resources and Services Administration and the Director
11	of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, in col-
12	laboration with the Deputy Assistant Secretary for Minor-
13	ity Health, shall award grants to eligible entities to in-
14	crease awareness among postprimary and postsecondary
15	students of career opportunities in the health professions.
16	"(b) Eligibility.—To be eligible to receive a grant
17	under subsection (a), an entity shall—
18	"(1) be a clinical, public health, or health serv-
19	ices organization, community-based or nonprofit en-
20	tity, or other entity determined appropriate by the
21	Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Pre-
22	vention;
23	"(2) serve a health professional shortage area,
24	as determined by the Secretary;

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1
             "(3) work with students, including those from
 2
        racial and ethnic minority backgrounds, that have
 3
        expressed an interest in the health professions; and
             "(4) submit to the Secretary an application at
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 5
        such time, in such manner, and containing such in-
 6
        formation as the Secretary may require.
        "(c) Use of Funds.—Grant awards under sub-
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   section (a) shall be used to support internships that will
   increase awareness among students of non-research-based,
   career opportunities in the following health professions:
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             "(1) Medicine.
             "(2) Nursing.
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             "(3) Public Health.
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             "(4) Pharmacy.
             "(5) Health administration and management.
15
             "(6) Health policy.
16
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             "(7) Psychology.
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             "(8) Dentistry.
             "(9) International health.
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             "(10) Social work.
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             "(11) Allied health.
21
22
             "(12) Psychiatry.
             "(13) Hospice care.
23
             "(14) Community health, patient navigation,
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25
        and peer support.
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1	"(15) Other professions deemed appropriate by
2	the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and
3	Prevention.
4	"(d) Priority.—In awarding grants under sub-
5	section (a), the Director of the Centers for Disease Con-
6	trol and Prevention shall give priority to those entities
7	that—
8	"(1) serve a high proportion of individuals from
9	disadvantaged backgrounds;
10	"(2) have experience in health disparity elimi-
11	nation programs;
12	"(3) facilitate the entry of disadvantaged indi-
13	viduals into institutions of higher education; and
14	"(4) provide counseling or other services de-
15	signed to assist disadvantaged individuals in success-
16	fully completing their education at the postsecondary
17	level.
18	"(e) Stipends.—The Secretary may approve sti-
19	pends under this section for individuals for any period of
20	education in student-enhancement programs (other than
21	regular courses) at health professions schools, programs,
22	or entities, except that such a stipend may not be provided
23	to an individual for more than 6 months, and such a sti-
24	pend may not exceed \$20 per day (notwithstanding any
25	other provision of law regarding the amount of stipends).

1	"(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
2	is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
3	such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years
4	2019 through 2024.
5	"SEC. 3419. LOUIS STOKES PUBLIC HEALTH SCHOLARS
6	PROGRAM.
7	"(a) In General.—The Director of the Centers for
8	Disease Control and Prevention, in collaboration with the
9	Deputy Assistant Secretary for Minority Health, shall
10	award scholarships to postsecondary students who seek a
11	career in public health.
12	"(b) Eligibility.—To be eligible to receive a schol-
13	arship under subsection (a), an individual shall—
14	"(1) have interest, knowledge, or skill in public
15	health research or public health practice, or other
16	health professions as determined appropriate by the
17	Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Pre-
18	vention;
19	"(2) reside in a health professional shortage
20	area as determined by the Secretary;
21	"(3) demonstrate promise for becoming a leader
22	in public health;
23	"(4) secure admission to a 4-year institution of
24	higher education;
25	"(5) comply with subsection (e); and

1	"(6) submit to the Secretary an application at
2	such time, in such manner, and containing such in-
3	formation as the Secretary may require.
4	"(c) USE OF FUNDS.—Amounts received under an
5	award under subsection (a) shall be used to support oppor-
6	tunities for students to become public health professionals.
7	"(d) Priority.—In awarding grants under sub-
8	section (a), the Director shall give priority to those stu-
9	dents that—
10	"(1) are from disadvantaged backgrounds;
11	"(2) have secured admissions to a minority-
12	serving institution; and
13	"(3) have identified a health professional as a
14	mentor at their school or institution and an aca-
15	demic advisor to assist in the completion of their
16	baccalaureate degree.
17	"(e) Scholarships.—The Secretary may approve
18	payment of scholarships under this section for such indi-
19	viduals for any period of education in student under-
20	graduate tenure, except that such a scholarship may not
21	be provided to an individual for more than 4 years, and
22	such scholarships may not exceed \$10,000 per academic
23	year (notwithstanding any other provision of law regard-

24~ ing the amount of scholarship).

1	"(f) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
2	is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
3	such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years
4	2019 through 2024.
5	"SEC. 3420. PATSY MINK HEALTH AND GENDER RESEARCH
6	FELLOWSHIP PROGRAM.
7	"(a) In General.—The Director of the Centers for
8	Disease Control and Prevention, in collaboration with the
9	Deputy Assistant Secretary for Minority Health, the Ad-
10	ministrator of the Substance Abuse and Mental Health
11	Services Administration, and the Director of the Indian
12	Health Services, shall award research fellowships to post-
13	baccalaureate students to conduct research that will exam-
14	ine gender and health disparities and to pursue a career
15	in the health professions.
16	"(b) Eligibility.—To be eligible to receive a fellow-
17	ship under subsection (a) an individual shall—
18	"(1) have experience in health research or pub-
19	lic health practice;
20	"(2) reside in a health professional shortage
21	area as determined by the Secretary;
22	"(3) have expressed an interest in the health
23	professions;
24	"(4) demonstrate promise for becoming a leader
25	in the field of women's health;

1	"(5) secure admission to a health professions
2	school or graduate program with an emphasis in
3	gender studies;
4	"(6) comply with subsection (f); and
5	"(7) submit to the Secretary an application at
6	such time, in such manner, and containing such in-
7	formation as the Secretary may require.
8	"(c) USE OF FUNDS.—Amounts received under an
9	award under subsection (a) shall be used to support oppor-
10	tunities for students to become researchers and advance
11	the research base on the intersection between gender and
12	health.
13	"(d) Priority.—In awarding grants under sub-
14	section (a), the Director of the Centers for Disease Con-
15	trol and Prevention shall give priority to those applicants
16	that—
17	"(1) are from disadvantaged backgrounds; and
18	"(2) have identified a mentor and academic ad-
19	visor who will assist in the completion of their grad-
20	uate or professional degree and have secured a re-
21	search assistant position with a researcher working
22	in the area of gender and health.
23	"(e) Fellowships.—The Director of the Centers for
24	Disease Control and Prevention may approve fellowships
25	for individuals under this section for any period of edu-

- 1 cation in the student's graduate or health profession ten-
- 2 ure, except that such a fellowship may not be provided
- 3 to an individual for more than 3 years, and such a fellow-
- 4 ship may not exceed \$18,000 per academic year (notwith-
- 5 standing any other provision of law regarding the amount
- 6 of fellowship).
- 7 "(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 8 is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
- 9 such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years
- 10 2019 through 2024.
- 11 "SEC. 3420A. PAUL DAVID WELLSTONE INTERNATIONAL
- 12 HEALTH FELLOWSHIP PROGRAM.
- 13 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the Agency for
- 14 Healthcare Research and Quality, in collaboration with
- 15 the Deputy Assistant Secretary for Minority Health, shall
- 16 award research fellowships to college students or recent
- 17 graduates to advance their understanding of international
- 18 health.
- 19 "(b) Eligibility.—To be eligible to receive a fellow-
- 20 ship under subsection (a) an individual shall—
- 21 "(1) have educational experience in the field of
- 22 international health;
- 23 "(2) reside in a health professional shortage
- area as determined by the Secretary;

1	"(3) demonstrate promise for becoming a leader
2	in the field of international health;
3	"(4) be a college senior or recent graduate of
4	a four-year higher education institution;
5	"(5) comply with subsection (e); and
6	"(6) submit to the Secretary an application at
7	such time, in such manner, and containing such in-
8	formation as the Secretary may require.
9	"(c) USE OF FUNDS.—Amounts received under an
10	award under subsection (a) shall be used to support oppor-
11	tunities for students to become health professionals and
12	to advance their knowledge about international issues re-
13	lating to health care access and quality.
14	"(d) Priority.—In awarding grants under sub-
15	section (a), the Director shall give priority to those appli-
16	cants that—
17	"(1) are from a disadvantaged background; and
18	"(2) have identified a mentor at a health pro-
19	fessions school or institution, an academic advisor to
20	assist in the completion of their graduate or profes-
21	sional degree, and an advisor from an international
22	health non-governmental organization, private volun-
23	teer organization, or other international institution
24	or program that focuses on increasing health care

- 1 access and quality for residents in developing coun-
- 2 tries.
- 3 "(e) Fellowships.—The Secretary shall approve
- 4 fellowships for college seniors or recent graduates, except
- 5 that such a fellowship may not be provided to an indi-
- 6 vidual for more than 6 months, may not be awarded to
- 7 a graduate that has not been enrolled in school for more
- 8 than 1 year, and may not exceed \$4,000 per academic year
- 9 (notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the
- 10 amount of fellowship).
- 11 "(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 12 is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section,
- 13 such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years
- 14 2019 through 2024.
- 15 "SEC. 3420B. EDWARD R. ROYBAL HEALTH SCHOLAR PRO-
- GRAM.
- 17 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the Agency for
- 18 Healthcare Research and Quality, the Director of the Cen-
- 19 ters for Medicare and Medicaid Services, and the Adminis-
- 20 trator for Health Resources and Services Administration,
- 21 in collaboration with the Deputy Assistant Secretary for
- 22 Minority Health, shall award grants to eligible entities to
- 23 expose entering graduate students to the health profes-
- 24 sions.

1	"(b) Eligibility.—To be eligible to receive a grant
2	under subsection (a), an entity shall—
3	"(1) be a clinical, public health, or health serv-
4	ices organization, community-based, academic, or
5	nonprofit entity, or other entity determined appro-
6	priate by the Director of the Agency for Healthcare
7	Research and Quality;
8	"(2) serve in a health professional shortage
9	area as determined by the Secretary;
10	"(3) work with students obtaining a degree in
11	the health professions; and
12	"(4) submit to the Secretary an application at
13	such time, in such manner, and containing such in-
14	formation as the Secretary may require.
15	"(c) USE OF FUNDS.—Amounts received under a
16	grant awarded under subsection (a) shall be used to sup-
17	port opportunities that expose students to non-research-
18	based health professions, including—
19	"(1) public health policy;
20	"(2) health care and pharmaceutical policy;
21	"(3) health care administration and manage-
22	ment;
23	"(4) health economics; and
24	"(5) other professions determined appropriate
25	by the Director of the Agency for Healthcare Re-

- 1 search and Quality, the Director of the Centers for
- 2 Medicare and Medicaid Services, and the Adminis-
- 3 trator for Health Resources and Services Adminis-
- 4 tration.
- 5 "(d) Priority.—In awarding grants under sub-
- 6 section (a), the Director of the Agency for Healthcare Re-
- 7 search and Quality shall give priority to those entities
- 8 that—
- 9 "(1) have experience with health disparity elimi-
- nation programs;
- 11 "(2) facilitate training in the fields described in
- subsection (c); and
- 13 "(3) provide counseling or other services de-
- signed to assist such individuals in successfully com-
- pleting their education at the postsecondary level.
- 16 "(e) STIPENDS.—The Secretary may approve the
- 17 payment of stipends for individuals under this section for
- 18 any period of education in student-enhancement programs
- 19 (other than regular courses) at health professions schools
- 20 or entities, except that such a stipend may not be provided
- 21 to an individual for more than 2 months, and such a sti-
- 22 pend may not exceed \$100 per day (notwithstanding any
- 23 other provision of law regarding the amount of stipends).
- 24 "(f) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
- 25 is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section

- 1 such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years
- 2 2019 through 2024.
- 3 "SEC. 3420C. LEADERSHIP FELLOWSHIP PROGRAMS.
- 4 "The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall
- 5 award grants to entities to develop leadership fellowship
- 6 programs for underrepresented health professionals to be-
- 7 come future leaders in public health and health care deliv-
- 8 ery institutions.".
- 9 SEC. 307. MCNAIR POSTBACCALAUREATE ACHIEVEMENT
- 10 **PROGRAM.**
- 11 Section 402E of the Higher Education Act of 1965
- 12 (20 U.S.C. 1070a–15) is amended by striking subsection
- 13 (g) and inserting the following:
- 14 "(g) Collaboration in Health Profession Di-
- 15 VERSITY TRAINING PROGRAMS.—The Secretary shall co-
- 16 ordinate with the Secretary of Health and Human Serv-
- 17 ices to ensure that there is collaboration between the goals
- 18 of the program under this section and programs of the
- 19 Health Resources and Services Administration that pro-
- 20 mote health workforce diversity. The Secretary of Edu-
- 21 cation shall take such measures as may be necessary to
- 22 encourage students participating in projects assisted
- 23 under this section to consider health profession careers.
- 24 "(h) Funding.—From amounts appropriated pursu-
- 25 ant to the authority of section 402A(g), the Secretary

1	shall, to the extent practicable, allocate funds for projects
2	authorized by this section in an amount which is not less
3	than \$31,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2019
4	through 2025.".
5	SEC. 308. RULES FOR DETERMINATION OF FULL-TIME
6	EQUIVALENT RESIDENTS FOR COST-REPORT-
7	ING PERIODS.
8	(a) DGME DETERMINATIONS.—Section 1886(h)(4)
9	of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395ww(h)(4)), as
10	amended by section 204(a), is amended—
11	(1) in subparagraph (E), by striking "Subject
12	to subparagraphs (J) and (K), such rules" and in-
13	serting "Subject to subparagraphs (J), (K), and
14	(M), such rules";
15	(2) in subparagraph (J), by striking "Such
16	rules" and inserting "Subject to subparagraph (M),
17	such rules";
18	(3) in subparagraph (K), by striking "In deter-
19	mining" and inserting "Subject to subparagraph
20	(M), in determining"; and
21	(4) by adding at the end the following new sub-
22	paragraph:
23	"(M) Treatment of certain residents
24	AND INTERNS.—For purposes of cost-reporting
25	periods beginning on or after October 1, 2016,

1	in determining the hospital's number of full-
2	time equivalent residents for purposes of this
3	paragraph, all the time spent by an intern or
4	resident in an approved medical residency train-
5	ing program shall be counted toward the deter-
6	mination of full-time equivalency if the hos-
7	pital—
8	"(i) is recognized as a subsection (d)
9	hospital;
10	"(ii) is recognized as a subsection (d)
11	Puerto Rico hospital;
12	"(iii) is reimbursed under a reim-
13	bursement system authorized under section
14	1814(b)(3); or
15	"(iv) is a provider-based hospital out-
16	patient department.".
17	(b) IME DETERMINATIONS.—Section
18	1886(d)(5)(B)(x) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
19	1395ww(d)(5)(B)(x)) is amended—
20	(1) in subclause (II), by striking "In deter-
21	mining" and inserting "Subject to subclause (IV), in
22	determining";
23	(2) in subclause (III), by striking "In deter-
24	mining" and inserting "Subject to subclause (IV), in
25	determining"; and

1	(3) by inserting after subclause (III) the fol-
2	lowing new subclause:
3	"(IV) The provisions of subparagraph (L)
4	of subsection (h)(4) shall apply under this sub-
5	paragraph in the same manner as they apply
6	under such subsection.".
7	SEC. 309. DEVELOPING AND IMPLEMENTING STRATEGIES
8	FOR LOCAL HEALTH EQUITY.
9	(a) Grants.—The Secretaries of Health and Human
10	Services, Education, and Labor, acting jointly, shall make
11	grants to academic institutions for the purposes of—
12	(1) in accordance with subsection (b), devel-
13	oping capacity—
14	(A) to build an evidence base for successful
15	strategies for increasing local health equity; and
16	(B) to serve as national models of driving
17	local health equity;
18	(2) in accordance with subsection (c), devel-
19	oping a strategic partnership with the community in
20	which the academic institution is located; and
21	(3) collecting data on, and periodically evalu-
22	ating, the effectiveness of the institution's programs
23	funded through this section to enable the institution
24	to adapt accordingly for maximum efficiency and
25	Success

1	(b) Developing Capacity for Increasing Local
2	HEALTH EQUITY.—As a condition on receipt of a grant
3	under subsection (a), an academic institution shall agree
4	to use the grant to build an evidence base for successful
5	strategies for increasing local health equity, and to serve
6	as a national model of driving local health equity, by sup-
7	porting—
8	(1) resources to strengthen institutional metrics
9	and capacity to execute institutionwide health work-
10	force goals that can serve as models for increasing
11	health equity in communities across the country;
12	(2) collaborations among a cohort of institu-
13	tions in implementing systemic change, partnership
14	development, and programmatic efforts supportive of
15	health equity goals across disciplines and popu-
16	lations; and
17	(3) enhanced or newly developed data systems
18	and research infrastructure capable of informing
19	current and future workforce efforts and building a
20	foundation for a broader research agenda targeting
21	urban health disparities.

22 (c) STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIPS.—As a condition on 23 receipt of a grant under subsection (a), an academic insti-24 tution shall agree to use the grant to develop a strategic

1	partnership with the community in which the institution
2	is located for the purposes of—
3	(1) strengthening connections between the insti-
4	tution and the community—
5	(A) to improve evaluation of and address
6	the community's health and health workforce
7	needs; and
8	(B) to engage the community in health
9	workforce development;
10	(2) developing, enhancing, or accelerating inno-
11	vative undergraduate and graduate programs in the
12	biomedical sciences and health professions; and
13	(3) strengthening pipeline programs in the bio-
14	medical sciences and health professions, including by
15	developing partnerships between institutions of high-
16	er education and elementary and secondary schools
17	to recruit the next generation of health professionals
18	earlier in the pipeline to a health care career.
19	SEC. 310. LOAN FORGIVENESS FOR MENTAL AND BEHAV-
20	IORAL HEALTH SOCIAL WORKERS.
21	Section 455 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20
22	U.S.C. 1087e) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
23	lowing new subsection:
24	"(r) Repayment Plan for Mental and Behav-
25	IORAL HEALTH SOCIAL WORKERS.—

1	"(1) In General.—The Secretary shall cancel
2	the balance of interest and principal due on any eli-
3	gible Federal Direct Loan not in default for a bor-
4	rower who—
5	"(A) has made 120 monthly payments on
6	the eligible Federal Direct Loan after October
7	1, 2016, pursuant to any one or a combination
8	of the following—
9	"(i) payments under an income-based
10	repayment plan under section 493C;
11	"(ii) payments under a standard re-
12	payment plan under subsection (d)(1)(A),
13	based on a 10-year repayment period;
14	"(iii) monthly payments under a re-
15	payment plan under subsection $(d)(1)$ or
16	(g) of not less than the monthly amount
17	calculated under subsection $(d)(1)(A)$,
18	based on a 10-year repayment period; or
19	"(iv) payments under an income con-
20	tingent repayment plan under subsection
21	(d)(1)(D); and
22	"(B)(i) is employed as a mental health or
23	behavioral health social worker, as defined by
24	the Secretary by regulation, at the time of such
25	forgiveness; and

1 "(ii) has been employed as such a mental
2 health or behavioral health social worker during
3 the period in which the borrower makes each of
4 the 120 payments as described in subparagraph
5 (A).

- "(2) Loan cancellation amount.—After the conclusion of the employment period described in paragraph (1), the Secretary shall cancel the obligation to repay the balance of principal and interest due as of the time of such cancellation, on the eligible Federal Direct Loans made to the borrower under this part.
- "(3) Ineligibility for double benefits.—

 No borrower may, for the same employment as a mental health or behavioral health social worker, receive a reduction of loan obligations under both this subsection and subsection (m), 428J, 428K, 428L, or 460.
- "(4) DEFINITION OF ELIGIBLE FEDERAL DI-RECT LOAN.—In this subsection, the term 'eligible Federal Direct Loan' means a Federal Direct Stafford Loan, Federal Direct PLUS Loan, Federal Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loan, or a Federal Direct Consolidation Loan.".

1 SEC. 311. HEALTH PROFESSIONS WORKFORCE FUND.

2 (a) Purpose.—It is the purpose of this section to 3 establish a Health Professions Workforce Fund to be administered through the Health Resources and Services Ad-4 5 ministration within the Department of Health and Human Services to provide for expanded and sustained national 7 investment in the health professions and nursing workforce development programs under title VII and title VIII 9 of the Public Health Service Act. 10 ESTABLISHING THE HEALTH Professions Workforce Fund.—There is authorized to be appro-11 priated, and there is appropriated, out of any monies in 13 the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to the Health Professions Workforce Fund— 15 (1) \$355,000,000 for fiscal year 2019; 16 (2) \$375,000,000 for fiscal year 2020; 17 (3) \$392,000,000 for fiscal year 2021; 18 (4) \$412,000,000 for fiscal year 2022; 19 (5) \$432,000,000 for fiscal year 2023; 20 (6) \$454,000,000 for fiscal year 2024; 21 (7) \$476,000,000 for fiscal year 2025; 22 (8) \$500,000,000 for fiscal year 2026; 23 (9) \$525,000,000 for fiscal year 2027; and 24 (10) \$552,000,000 for fiscal year 2028.

(c) Funding.—

25

1	(1) For the purpose of carrying out health pro-
2	fessions education programs authorized under title
3	VII of the Public Health Service Act, in addition to
4	any other amounts authorized to be appropriated for
5	such purpose, there is authorized to be appropriated
6	out of any monies in the Health Professions Work-
7	force Fund, the following:
8	(A) \$240,000,000 for fiscal year 2019.
9	(B) \$253,000,000 for fiscal year 2020.
10	(C) $$265,000,000$ for fiscal year 2021.
11	(D) \$278,000,000 for fiscal year 2022.
12	(E) \$292,000,000 for fiscal year 2023.
13	(F) \$307,000,000 for fiscal year 2024.
14	(G) $$322,000,000$ for fiscal year 2025.
15	(H) \$338,000,000 for fiscal year 2026.
16	(I) $$355,000,000$ for fiscal year 2027.
17	(J) $$373,000,000$ for fiscal year 2028.
18	(2) For the purpose of carrying out nursing
19	workforce development programs authorized under
20	Title VIII of the Public Health Service Act, in addi-
21	tion to any other amounts authorized to be appro-
22	priated for such purpose, there is authorized to be
23	appropriated out of any monies in the Health Pro-
24	fessions Workforce Fund, the following:
25	(A) \$115,000,000 for fiscal year 2019.

1

(B) \$122,000,000 for fiscal year 2020.

2	(C) $$127,000,000$ for fiscal year 2021.
3	(D) \$134,000,000 for fiscal year 2022.
4	(E) $$140,000,000$ for fiscal year 2023.
5	(F) $$147,000,000$ for fiscal year 2024.
6	(G) $$154,000,000$ for fiscal year 2025.
7	(H) $$162,000,000$ for fiscal year 2026.
8	(I) $$170,000,000$ for fiscal year 2027.
9	(J) $$179,000,000$ for fiscal year 2028.
10	SEC. 312. FINDINGS; SENSE OF CONGRESS RELATING TO
11	GRADUATE MEDICAL EDUCATION.
12	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
13	(1) Projections by the Association of American
14	Medical Colleges (AAMC) and other expert entities
15	such as the Health Resources and Services Adminis-
16	tration (HRSA), have indicated a nationwide short-
17	age of up to 104,900 physicians, split evenly be-
18	tween primary care and specialists, by 2030.
19	(2) Primarily due to the growing and aging
20	population, over the next decade, physician demand
21	is expected to grow up to 17 percent.
22	(3) The United States Census Bureau estimates
23	that the United States population will grow from
24	321 million in 2015 to 347 million in 2025. Further
25	the number of Medicare beneficiaries is estimated to

- 1 increase from 47.8 million in 2015 to approximately 2 66 million in 2025.
 - (4) Approximately 36 percent of practicing physicians are over the age of 55 and are likely to retire within the next decade.
 - (5) A nationwide physician shortage will result in many Americans waiting longer and traveling farther for health care; seeking nonemergent care in emergency departments; and delaying treatment until their health care needs become more serious, complex, and costly.
 - (6) Changing demographics (such as an aging population), new health care delivery models (such as medical homes), and other factors (such as disaster preparedness) are contributing to a shortage of both generalist and specialist physicians.
 - (7) These shortages will have the most severe impact on vulnerable and underserved populations, including racial/ethnic minorities and the approximately 20 percent of Americans who live in rural or inner-city locations designated as health professional shortage areas.
 - (8) The AAMC's Health Care Utilization Equity model estimates that if racial and ethnic minorities and individuals from rural areas utilized health

- care in a similar way to their Caucasian counterparts living in metropolitan areas, the physician shortage would require an additional 96,000 physicians.
 - (9) To address the physician shortage, medical education and training need to be accessible for students and physicians from all backgrounds. International graduates play an important role in U.S. health care, representing roughly 25 percent of the health care workforce. Immigration pathways like student, exchange-visitor, and employment visas, and programs like the National Interest Waiver and Conrad 30 J–1 Visa Waiver, help improve health access across the country.
 - (10) United States medical schools have committed to and have initiated a 30 percent increase in enrollment by 2017 to help reduce the Nation's shortage of quality physicians.
 - (11) An increase in United States medical school graduates must be accompanied by an increase of 4,000 graduate medical education (GME) training positions each year.
 - (12) Graduate medical education programs and teaching hospitals provide venues in which the next generation of physicians learns to work collabo-

- ratively with other physicians and health professionals, adopt more efficient care delivery models
 (such as care coordination and medical homes), incorporate health information technology and electronic health records in every aspect of their work,
 apply new methods of assuring quality and safety,
 and participate in groundbreaking clinical and public
 health research.
 - (13) The Medicare Program under title XVIII of the Social Security Act (having more beneficiaries than any other health care program), supports its "fair share" of the costs associated with graduate medical education (GME).
 - (14) In general, the level of support of graduate medical education by the Medicare Program has been capped since 1997 and has not been increased to support the expansion of graduate medical education programs needed to avert the projected physician shortage or to accommodate the increase in United States medical school graduates.
- 21 (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-22 gress that eliminating the limit of the number of residency 23 positions that receive some level of Medicare support 24 under section 1886(h) of the Social Security Act (42)

1	U.S.C. 1395ww(h)), also referred to as the Medical grad-
2	uate medical education cap, is critical to—
3	(1) ensuring an appropriate supply of physi-
4	cians to meet the Nation's health care needs;
5	(2) facilitating equitable access for all who seek
6	health care; and
7	(3) mitigating disparities in health and health
8	care.
9	SEC. 313. CAREER SUPPORT FOR SKILLED, INTERNATION-
10	ALLY EDUCATED HEALTH PROFESSIONALS.
11	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
12	(1) According to the Association of Schools of
13	Public Health, projections indicate a nationwide
14	shortage of up to 250,000 public health workers
15	needed by 2020.
16	(2) Similar trends are projected for other health
17	professions indicating shortages across disciplines,
18	including within the fields of nursing (500,000 by
19	2025), dentistry (15,000 by 2025), pharmacy
20	(38,000 by 2030), mental and behavioral health, pri-
21	mary care (46,000 by 2025), and community and al-
22	lied health.
23	(3) A nationwide health workforce shortage will
24	result in serious health threats and more severe and
25	costly health care needs, due to, in part, a delayed

- response to food-borne outbreaks, emerging infectious diseases, natural disasters, fewer cancer screenings, and delayed treatment.
 - (4) Vulnerable and underserved populations and health professional shortage areas will be most severely impacted by the health workforce shortage.
 - (5) According to the Migration Policy Institute, over 2,000,000 college-educated immigrants in the United States today are unemployed or underemployed in low- or semi-skilled jobs that fail to draw on their education and expertise.
 - (6) Approximately 2 out of every 5 internationally educated immigrants are unemployed or underemployed.
 - (7) According to Drexel University Center for Labor Markets and Policy, underemployment for internationally educated immigrant women is 28 percent higher than for their male counterparts.
 - (8) According to the Drexel University Center for labor markets and policy, the mean annual earnings of underemployed immigrants were \$32,000, or 43 percent less than United States born college graduates employed in the college labor market.
 - (9) According to Upwardly Global and the Welcome Back Initiative, with proper guidance and sup-

- port, underemployed skilled immigrants typically increase their income by 215 percent to 900 percent.
 - (10) According to the Brookings Institution and the Partnership for a New American Economy, immigrants working in the health workforce are, on average, better educated than United States-born workers in the health workforce.

(b) Grants to Eligible Entities.—

- (1) Authority to provide grants.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services acting through the Bureau of Health Workforce within the Health Resources and Services Administration, the National Institute on Minority Health and Health Disparities, or the Office of Minority Health (in this section referred to as the "Secretary") may award grants to eligible entities to carry out activities described in subsection (c).
- (2) ELIGIBILITY.—To be eligible to receive a grant under this section, an entity shall—
- (A) be a clinical, public health, or health services organization, a community-based or nonprofit entity, an academic institution, a faith-based organization, a State, county, or local government, an Area Health Education

1	Center, or another entity determined appro-
2	priate by the Secretary; and
3	(B) submit to the Secretary an application
4	at such time, in such manner, and containing
5	such information as the Secretary may require
6	(c) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES.—A grant awarded
7	under this section shall be used—
8	(1) to provide services to assist unemployed and
9	underemployed skilled immigrants, residing in the
10	United States, who have legal, permanent work au-
11	thorization and who are internationally educated
12	health professionals, enter into the American health
13	workforce with employment matching their health
14	professional skills and education, and advance in em-
15	ployment to positions that better match their health
16	professional education and expertise;
17	(2) to provide training opportunities to reduce
18	barriers to entry and advancement in the health
19	workforce for skilled, internationally educated immi-
20	grants;
21	(3) to educate employers regarding the abilities
22	and capacities of internationally educated health
23	professionals;
24	(4) to assist in the evaluation of foreign creden-
25	tials;

1	(5) to support preceptorships for international
2	medical graduates in hospital primary care training;
3	and
4	(6) to facilitate access to contextualized and ac-
5	celerated courses on English as a second language.
6	TITLE IV—IMPROVING HEALTH
7	CARE ACCESS AND QUALITY
8	Subtitle A—Expansion of Coverage
9	SEC. 401. AMENDMENT TO THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE
10	ACT.
11	Title XXXIV of the Public Health Service Act, as
12	amended by titles I, II, III, and IX of this Act, is further
13	amended by inserting after subtitle C the following:
14	"Subtitle D-Reconstruction and
15	Improvement Grants for Public
16	Health Care Facilities Serving
17	Pacific Islanders and the Insu-
18	lar Areas
19	"SEC. 3451. GRANT SUPPORT FOR QUALITY IMPROVEMENT
20	INITIATIVES.
21	"(a) In General.—The Secretary, in collaboration
22	with the Administrator of the Health Resources and Serv-
23	ices Administration, the Director of the Agency for
24	Healthcare Research and Quality, and the Administrator
25	of the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, shall

1	award grants to eligible entities for the conduct of dem-
2	onstration projects to improve the quality of and access
3	to health care.
4	"(b) Eligibility.—To be eligible to receive a grant
5	under subsection (a), an entity shall—
6	"(1) be a health center, hospital, health plan,
7	health system, community clinic. or other health en-
8	tity determined appropriate by the Secretary—
9	"(A) that, by legal mandate or explicitly
10	adopted mission, provides patients with access
11	to services regardless of their ability to pay;
12	"(B) that provides care or treatment for a
13	substantial number of patients who are unin-
14	sured, are receiving assistance under a State
15	program under title XIX of the Social Security
16	Act, or are members of vulnerable populations,
17	as determined by the Secretary; and
18	"(C)(i) with respect to which, not less than
19	50 percent of the entity's patient population is
20	made up of racial and ethnic minorities; or
21	"(ii) that—
22	"(I) serves a disproportionate percent-
23	age of local, minority racial and ethnic pa-
24	tients, or that has a patient population, at

1	least 50 percent of which is limited-
2	English-proficient; and
3	"(II) provides an assurance that
4	amounts received under the grant will be
5	used only to support quality improvement
6	activities in the racial and ethnic popu-
7	lation served; and
8	"(2) prepare and submit to the Secretary an
9	application at such time, in such manner, and con-
10	taining such information as the Secretary may re-
11	quire.
12	"(c) Priority.—In awarding grants under sub-
13	section (a), the Secretary shall give priority to applicants
14	under subsection (b)(2) that—
15	"(1) demonstrate an intent to operate as part
16	of a health care partnership, network, collaborative,
17	coalition, or alliance where each member entity con-
18	tributes to the design, implementation, and evalua-
19	tion of the proposed intervention; or
20	"(2) intend to use funds to carry out system-
21	wide changes with respect to health care quality im-
22	provement, including—
23	"(A) improved systems for data collection
24	and reporting;

1	"(B) innovative collaborative or similar
2	processes;
3	"(C) group programs with behavioral or
4	self-management interventions;
5	"(D) case management services;
6	"(E) physician or patient reminder sys-
7	tems;
8	"(F) educational interventions; or
9	"(G) other activities determined appro-
10	priate by the Secretary.
11	"(d) Use of Funds.—An entity shall use amounts
12	received under a grant under subsection (a) to support
13	the implementation and evaluation of health care quality
14	improvement activities or minority health and health care
15	disparity reduction activities that include—
16	"(1) with respect to health care systems, activi-
17	ties relating to improving—
18	"(A) patient safety;
19	"(B) timeliness of care;
20	"(C) effectiveness of care;
21	"(D) efficiency of care;
22	"(E) patient centeredness; and
23	"(F) health information technology; and
24	"(2) with respect to patients, activities relating
25	to—

1	"(A) staying healthy;
2	"(B) getting well, mentally and physically;
3	"(C) living effectively with illness or dis-
4	ability;
5	"(D) coping with end-of-life issues; and
6	"(E) shared decisionmaking.
7	"(e) COMMON DATA SYSTEMS.—The Secretary shall
8	provide financial and other technical assistance to grant-
9	ees under this section for the development of common data
10	systems.
11	"(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
12	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
13	such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years
14	2019 through 2024.
15	"SEC. 3452. CENTERS OF EXCELLENCE.
16	"(a) In General.—The Secretary, acting through
17	the Administrator of the Health Resources and Services
18	Administration, shall designate centers of excellence at
19	public hospitals, and other health systems serving large
20	numbers of minority patients, that—
21	"(1) meet the requirements of section
22	3451(b)(1);
23	"(2) demonstrate excellence in providing care to
24	minority populations; and

1	"(3) demonstrate excellence in reducing dispari-
2	ties in health and health care.
3	"(b) Requirements.—A hospital or health system
4	that serves as a center of excellence under subsection (a)
5	shall—
6	"(1) design, implement, and evaluate programs
7	and policies relating to the delivery of care in ra-
8	cially, ethnically, and linguistically diverse popu-
9	lations;
10	"(2) provide training and technical assistance
11	to other hospitals and health systems relating to the
12	provision of quality health care to minority popu-
13	lations; and
14	"(3) develop activities for graduate or con-
15	tinuing medical education that institutionalize a
16	focus on cultural competence training for health care
17	providers.
18	"(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
19	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
20	such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years
21	2019 through 2024.

1	"SEC. 3453. RECONSTRUCTION AND IMPROVEMENT GRANTS
2	FOR PUBLIC HEALTH CARE FACILITIES SERV
3	ING PACIFIC ISLANDERS AND THE INSULAR
4	AREAS.
5	"(a) In General.—The Secretary shall provide di-
6	rect financial assistance to designated health care pro-
7	viders and community health centers in American Samoa
8	Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Is-
9	lands, the United States Virgin Islands, Puerto Rico, and
10	Hawaii for the purposes of reconstructing and improving
11	health care facilities and services in a culturally competent
12	and sustainable manner.
13	"(b) Eligibility.—To be eligible to receive direct fi-
14	nancial assistance under subsection (a), an entity shall be
15	a public health facility or community health center located
16	in American Samoa, Guam, the Commonwealth of the
17	Northern Mariana Islands, the United States Virgin Is-
18	lands, Puerto Rico, or Hawaii that—
19	"(1) is owned or operated by—
20	"(A) the Government of American Samoa
21	Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern
22	Mariana Islands, the United States Virgin Is-
23	lands, Puerto Rico, or Hawaii or a unit of local
24	government; or
2.5	"(B) a nonprofit organization; and

1	"(2)(A) provides care or treatment for a sub-
2	stantial number of patients who are uninsured, re-
3	ceiving assistance under a State program under a
4	title XVIII of the Social Security Act, or a State
5	program under title XIX of such Act, or who are
6	members of a vulnerable population, as determined
7	by the Secretary; or
8	"(B) serves a disproportionate percentage of
9	local, minority racial and ethnic patients.
10	"(c) Report.—Not later than 180 days after the
11	date of enactment of this title and annually thereafter, the
12	Secretary shall submit to the Congress and the President
13	a report that includes an assessment of health resources
14	and facilities serving populations in American Samoa,
15	Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Is-
16	lands, the United States Virgin Islands, Puerto Rico, and
17	Hawaii. In preparing such report, the Secretary shall—
18	"(1) consult with and obtain information on all
19	health care facilities needs from the entities de-
20	scribed in subsection (b);
21	"(2) include all amounts of Federal assistance
22	received by each entity in the preceding fiscal year;
23	"(3) review the total unmet needs of each juris-
24	diction for health care facilities, including needs for
25	renovation and expansion of existing facilities:

1	"(4) include a strategic plan for addressing the
2	needs of each jurisdiction identified in the report;
3	and
4	"(5) evaluate the effectiveness of the care pro-
5	vided by measuring patient outcomes and cost meas-
6	ures.
7	"(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
8	are authorized to be appropriated such sums as necessary
9	to carry out this section.".
10	SEC. 402. REMOVING CITIZENSHIP AND IMMIGRATION BAR-
11	RIERS TO ACCESS TO AFFORDABLE HEALTH
12	CARE UNDER ACA.
13	(a) In General.—
14	(1) Premium tax credits.—Section 36B of
15	the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended—
16	(A) in subsection $(c)(1)(B)$ —
17	(i) by amending the heading to read
18	as follows: "Special rule for certain
19	INDIVIDUALS INELIGIBLE FOR MEDICAID
20	DUE TO STATUS", and
21	(ii) in clause (ii), by striking "lawfully
22	present in the United States, but" and in-
23	serting "who", and
	sorving who , who

- 1 (2) Cost-sharing reductions.—Section 1402 2 of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act 3 (42 U.S.C. 18071) is amended by striking sub-4 section (e).
- 5 (3) Basic Health Program eligibility.—
 6 Section 1331(e)(1)(B) of the Patient Protection and
 7 Affordable Care Act (42 U.S.C. 18051(e)(1)(B)) is
 8 amended by striking "lawfully present in the United
 9 States".
 - (4) RESTRICTIONS ON FEDERAL PAYMENTS.—
 Section 1412 of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (42 U.S.C. 18082) is amended by striking subsection (d).
 - (5) REQUIREMENT TO MAINTAIN MINIMUM ESSENTIAL COVERAGE.—Section 5000A(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking paragraph (3) and by redesignating paragraph (4) as paragraph (3).

(b) Conforming Amendments.—

(1) Section 1411(a) of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (42 U.S.C. 18081(a)) is amended by striking paragraph (1) and redesignating paragraphs (2), (3), and (4) as paragraphs (1), (2), and (3), respectively.

1	(2) Section 1312(f) of the Patient Protection
2	and Affordable Care Act (42 U.S.C. 18032(f)) is
3	amended—
4	(A) in the heading, by striking "; Access
5	LIMITED TO CITIZENS AND LAWFUL RESI-
6	DENTS''; and
7	(B) by striking paragraph (3).
8	SEC. 403. STUDY ON THE UNINSURED.
9	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Health and
10	Human Services (in this section referred to as the "Sec-
11	retary") shall—
12	(1) conduct a study, in accordance with the
13	standards under section 3101 of the Public Health
14	Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300kk), on the demographic
15	characteristics of the population of individuals who
16	do not have health insurance coverage or oral health
17	coverage; and
18	(2) predict, based on such study, the demo-
19	graphic characteristics of the population of individ-
20	uals who would remain without health insurance cov-
21	erage after the end of any annual open enrollment
22	or any special enrollment period or upon enactment
23	and implementation of any legislative changes to the
24	Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act that af-
25	fect the number of persons eligible for coverage.

(b) Reporting Requirements.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 12 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the Congress the results of the study under subsection (a)(1) and the prediction made under subsection (a)(2).
- (2) Reporting of Demographic Character-ISTICS.—The Secretary shall—
 - (A) report the demographic characteristics under paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a) on the basis of racial and ethnic group, and shall stratify the reporting on each racial and ethnic group by other demographic characteristics that can impact access to health insurance coverage, such as sexual orientation, gender identity, primary language, disability status, sex, socioeconomic status, age group, and citizenship and immigration status, in a manner consistent with title I of this Act; and
 - (B) not use such report to engage in or anticipate any deportation or immigration related enforcement action by any entity, including the Department of Homeland Security.

1 SEC. 404. MEDICAID IN THE TERRITORIES.

2	(a) Elimination of General Medicaid Funding
3	Limitations ("cap") for Territories.—
4	(1) In general.—Section 1108 of the Social
5	Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1308) is amended—
6	(A) in subsection (f), in the matter before
7	paragraph (1), by striking "subsection (g)" and
8	inserting "subsections (g) and (h)";
9	(B) in subsection $(g)(2)$, in the matter be-
10	fore subparagraph (A), by inserting "and sub-
11	section (h)" after "paragraphs (3) and (5)";
12	and
13	(C) by adding at the end the following new
14	subsection:
15	"(h) Sunset of Medicaid Funding Limitations
16	FOR PUERTO RICO, THE VIRGIN ISLANDS OF THE
17	UNITED STATES, GUAM, THE NORTHERN MARIANA IS-
18	LANDS, AND AMERICAN SAMOA.—Subsections (f) and (g)
19	shall not apply to Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands of the
20	United States, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, and
21	American Samoa beginning with fiscal year 2019.".
22	(2) Conforming amendments.—
23	(A) Section 1902(j) of the Social Security
24	Act (42 U.S.C. 1396a(j)) is amended by strik-
25	ing ", the limitation in section 1108(f),".

1	(B) Section 1903(u) of the Social Security
2	Act (42 U.S.C. 1396b(u)) is amended by strik-
3	ing paragraph (4).
4	(C) Section 1323(c)(1) of the Patient Pro-
5	tection and Affordable Care Act (42 U.S.C.
6	18043(c)(1)) is amended by striking "2019"
7	and inserting "2018".
8	(3) Effective date.—The amendments made
9	by this section shall apply beginning with fiscal year
10	2019.
11	(b) Elimination of Specific Federal Medical
12	Assistance Percentage (FMAP) Limitation for
13	Territories.—Section 1905(b) of the Social Security
14	Act (42 U.S.C. 1396d(b)) is amended, in clause (2), by
15	inserting "for fiscal years before fiscal year 2019" after
16	"American Samoa".
17	(c) Application of Medicaid Waiver Authority
18	TO ALL OF THE TERRITORIES.—
19	(1) In general.—Section 1902(j) of the Social
20	Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396a(j)) is amended—
21	(A) by striking "American Samoa and the
22	Northern Mariana Islands" and inserting
23	"Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands of the United
24	States, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands,
25	and American Samoa";

1	(B) by striking "American Samoa or the					
2	Northern Mariana Islands' and inserting					
3	"Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands of the United					
4	States, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands,					
5	or American Samoa'';					
6	(C) by inserting "(1)" after "(j)";					
7	(D) by inserting "except as otherwise pro-					
8	vided in this subsection," after "Notwith-					
9	standing any other requirement of this title";					
10	and					
11	(E) by adding at the end the following:					
12	"(2) The Secretary may not waive under this sub-					
13	section the requirement of subsection (a)(10)(A)(i)(IX)					
14	(relating to coverage of adults formerly under foster care)					
15	with respect to any territory.".					
16	(2) Effective date.—The amendments made					
17	by this section shall apply beginning October 1,					
18	2018.					
19	(d) Permitting Medicaid DSH Allotments for					
20	TERRITORIES.—Section 1923(f) of the Social Security Act					
21	(42 U.S.C. 1396) is amended—					
22	(1) in paragraph (6), by adding at the end the					
23	following new subparagraph:					
24	"(C) Territories.—					

1	"(i) FISCAL YEAR 2019.—For fiscal
2	year 2019, the DSH allotment for Puerto
3	Rico, the Virgin Islands of the United
4	States, Guam, the Northern Mariana Is-
5	lands, and American Samoa shall bear the
6	same ratio to \$150,000,000 as the ratio of
7	the number of individuals who are low-in-
8	come or uninsured and residing in such re-
9	spective territory (as estimated from time
10	to time by the Secretary) bears to the
11	sums of the number of such individuals re-
12	siding in all of the territories.
13	"(ii) Subsequent fiscal year.—
14	For each subsequent fiscal year, the DSH
15	allotment for each such territory is subject
16	to an increase in accordance with para-
17	graph (2)."; and
18	(2) in paragraph (9), by inserting before the pe-
19	riod at the end the following: ", and includes, begin-
20	ning with fiscal year 2019, Puerto Rico, the Virgin
21	Islands of the United States, Guam, the Northern
22	Mariana Islands, and American Samoa''.

1 SEC. 405. EXTENSION OF MEDICARE SECONDARY PAYER.

- 2 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1862(b)(1)(C) of the So-
- 3 cial Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395y(b)(1)(C)) is amend-
- 4 ed—
- 5 (1) in the last sentence, by inserting ", and be-
- 6 fore January 1, 2019" after "prior to such date)";
- 7 and
- 8 (2) by adding at the end the following new sen-
- 9 tence: "Effective for items and services furnished on
- or after January 1, 2019 (with respect to periods
- beginning on or after the date that is 42 months
- prior to such date), clauses (i) and (ii) shall be ap-
- plied by substituting '42-month' for '12-month' each
- place it appears in the first sentence.".
- (b) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
- 16 this section shall take effect on the date of enactment of
- 17 this Act. For purposes of determining an individual's sta-
- 18 tus under section 1862(b)(1)(C) of the Social Security Act
- 19 (42 U.S.C. 1395y(b)(1)(C)), as amended by subsection
- 20 (a), an individual who is within the coordinating period
- 21 as of the date of enactment of this Act shall have that
- 22 period extended to the full 42 months described in the last
- 23 sentence of such section, as added by the amendment
- 24 made by subsection (a)(2).

1 SEC. 406. BORDER HEALTH GRANTS.

2	(a)	Eligible	Entity	DEFINED.	—In	this	section.
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- 3 the term "eligible entity" means a State, public institution
- 4 of higher education, local government, Tribal government,
- 5 nonprofit health organization, community health center, or
- 6 community clinic receiving assistance under section 330
- 7 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 254b), that
- 8 is located in the border area.
- 9 (b) AUTHORIZATION.—From funds appropriated
- 10 under subsection (f), the Secretary of Health and Human
- 11 Services (in this section referred to as the "Secretary"),
- 12 acting through the United States members of the United
- 13 States-Mexico Border Health Commission, shall award
- 14 grants to eligible entities to address priorities and rec-
- 15 ommendations to improve the health of border area resi-
- 16 dents that are established by—
- 17 (1) the United States members of the United
- 18 States-Mexico Border Health Commission;
- 19 (2) the State border health offices; and
- 20 (3) the Secretary.
- 21 (c) Application.—An eligible entity that desires a
- 22 grant under subsection (b) shall submit an application to
- 23 the Secretary at such time, in such manner, and con-
- 24 taining such information as the Secretary may require.

1	(d) Use of Funds.—An eligible entity that receives
2	a grant under subsection (b) shall use the grant funds
3	for—
4	(1) programs relating to—
5	(A) maternal and child health;
6	(B) primary care and preventative health;
7	(C) public health and public health infra-
8	structure;
9	(D) musculoskeletal health and obesity;
10	(E) health education and promotion;
11	(F) oral health;
12	(G) mental and behavioral health;
13	(H) substance abuse;
14	(I) health conditions that have a high prev-
15	alence in the border area;
16	(J) medical and health services research;
17	(K) workforce training and development;
18	(L) community health workers, patient
19	navigators, and promotoras;
20	(M) health care infrastructure problems in
21	the border area (including planning and con-
22	struction grants);
23	(N) health disparities in the border area;
24	(O) environmental health; and

1	(P) outreach and enrollment services with
2	respect to Federal programs (including pro-
3	grams authorized under titles XIX and XXI of
4	the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396 and
5	1397aa)); and
6	(2) other programs determined appropriate by
7	the Secretary.
8	(e) Supplement, Not Supplant.—Amounts pro-
9	vided to an eligible entity awarded a grant under sub-
10	section (b) shall be used to supplement and not supplant
11	other funds available to the eligible entity to carry out the
12	activities described in subsection (d).
13	(f) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
14	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section,
15	\$200,000,000 for fiscal year 2019, and such sums as may
16	be necessary for each succeeding fiscal year.
17	SEC. 407. REMOVING MEDICARE BARRIER TO HEALTH
18	CARE.
19	(a) Part A.—Section 1818(a)(3) of the Social Secu-
20	rity Act (42 U.S.C. 1395i–2(a)(3)) is amended by striking
21	"an alien" and all that follows through "under this sec-
22	tion" and inserting "an individual who is lawfully present
23	in the United States".
24	(b) Part B.—Section 1836(2) of the Social Security

25 Act (42 U.S.C. 1395o(2)) is amended by striking "an

- 1 alien" and all that follows through "under this part" and
- 2 inserting "an individual who is lawfully present in the
- 3 United States".
- 4 SEC. 408. 100 PERCENT FMAP FOR MEDICAL ASSISTANCE
- 5 PROVIDED BY URBAN INDIAN HEALTH CEN-
- 6 TERS.
- 7 (a) In General.—The third sentence of section
- 8 1905(b) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396(b))
- 9 is amended by inserting "or are received through a pro-
- 10 gram operated by an urban Indian organization through
- 11 a grant or contract under title V of such Act" after "(as
- 12 defined in section 4 of the Indian Health Care Improve-
- 13 ment Act)".
- 14 (b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by
- 15 this section shall apply to medical assistance provided on
- 16 or after the date of enactment of this Act.
- 17 SEC. 409. 100 PERCENT FMAP FOR MEDICAL ASSISTANCE
- 18 PROVIDED TO A NATIVE HAWAIIAN THROUGH
- 19 A FEDERALLY QUALIFIED HEALTH CENTER
- OR A NATIVE HAWAIIAN HEALTH CARE SYS-
- 21 TEM UNDER THE MEDICAID PROGRAM.
- 22 (a) IN GENERAL.—The third sentence of section
- 23 1905(b) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396d(b)),
- 24 as amended by section 418(a), is amended by inserting
- 25 before the period the following: "; and, with respect to

1	medical assistance provided to a Native Hawaiian (as de-
2	fined in section 12(2) of the Native Hawaiian Health Care
3	Improvement Act) through a federally qualified health
4	center or a Native Hawaiian health care system (as de-
5	fined in section 12(6) of such Act), whether directly, by
6	referral, or under contract or other arrangement between
7	such federally qualified health center or Native Hawaiian
8	health care system and another health care provider".
9	(b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by
10	this section shall apply to medical assistance provided on
11	or after the date of enactment of this Act.
12	Subtitle B—Expansion of Access
13	SEC. 410. PROTECTING SENSITIVE LOCATIONS.
14	Section 287 of the Immigration and Nationality Act
15	(8 U.S.C. 1357) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
16	lowing:
17	"(i)(1) In this subsection:
18	"(A) The term 'appropriate committees of Con-
19	gress' means—
20	
	"(i) the Committee on Homeland Security
21	"(i) the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate;
21 22	
	and Governmental Affairs of the Senate;
22	and Governmental Affairs of the Senate; "(ii) the Committee on the Judiciary of the

1	"(iv) the Committee on the Judiciary of				
2	the House of Representatives.				
3	"(B) The term 'enforcement action'—				
4	"(i) means an apprehension, arrest, inter-				
5	view, request for identification, search, or sur-				
6	veillance for the purposes of immigration en				
7	forcement; and				
8	"(ii) includes an enforcement action at, or				
9	focused on, a sensitive location that is part of				
10	a joint case led by another law enforcement				
11	agency.				
12	"(C) The term 'exigent circumstances' means a				
13	situation involving—				
14	"(i) the imminent risk of death, violence,				
15	or physical harm to any person or property, in-				
16	cluding a situation implicating terrorism or the				
17					
17	national security of the United States;				
18	national security of the United States; "(ii) the immediate arrest or pursuit of a				
18					
	"(ii) the immediate arrest or pursuit of a				
18 19	"(ii) the immediate arrest or pursuit of a dangerous felon, terrorist suspect, or other indi-				
18 19 20	"(ii) the immediate arrest or pursuit of a dangerous felon, terrorist suspect, or other individual presenting an imminent danger; or				
18 19 20 21	"(ii) the immediate arrest or pursuit of a dangerous felon, terrorist suspect, or other individual presenting an imminent danger; or "(iii) the imminent risk of destruction of				

1	"(i) in the case of officers and agents of
2	U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement,
3	prior written approval to carry out an enforce-
4	ment action involving a specific individual or in-
5	dividuals authorized by—
6	"(I) the Assistant Director of Oper-
7	ations, Homeland Security Investigations;
8	"(II) the Executive Associate Director
9	of Homeland Security Investigations;
10	"(III) the Assistant Director for Field
11	Operations, Enforcement and Removal Op-
12	erations; or
13	"(IV) the Executive Associate Direc-
14	tor for Field Operations, Enforcement and
15	Removal Operations;
16	"(ii) in the case of officers and agents of
17	U.S. Customs and Border Protection, prior
18	written approval to carry out an enforcement
19	action involving a specific individual or individ-
20	uals authorized by—
21	"(I) a Chief Patrol Agent;
22	"(II) the Director of Field Operations;
23	"(III) the Director of Air and Marine
24	Operations; or

1	"(IV) the Internal Affairs Special
2	Agent in Charge; and
3	"(iii) in the case of other Federal, State,
4	or local law enforcement officers, to carry out
5	an enforcement action involving a specific indi-
6	vidual or individuals authorized by—
7	"(I) the head of the Federal agency
8	carrying out the enforcement action; or
9	"(II) the head of the State or local
10	law enforcement agency carrying out the
11	enforcement action.
12	"(E) The term 'sensitive location' includes all of
13	the physical space located within 1,000 feet of—
14	"(i) any medical treatment or health care
15	facility, including any hospital, doctor's office,
16	accredited health clinic, alcohol or drug treat-
17	ment center, or emergent or urgent care facil-
18	ity;
19	"(ii) any public or private school, including
20	any known and licensed day care facility, pre-
21	school, other early learning program facility,
22	primary school, secondary school, postsecondary
23	school (including colleges and universities), or
24	other institution of learning (including voca-
25	tional or trade schools);

1	"(iii) any scholastic or education-related
2	activity or event, including field trips and inter-
3	scholastic events;
4	"(iv) any school bus or school bus stop
5	during periods when school children are present
6	on the bus or at the stop;
7	"(v) any organization that—
8	"(I) assists children, pregnant women,
9	victims of crime or abuse, or individuals
10	with significant mental or physical disabil-
11	ities; or
12	"(II) provides disaster or emergency
13	social services and assistance;
14	"(vi) any church, synagogue, mosque, or
15	other place of worship, including buildings
16	rented for the purpose of religious services, re-
17	treats, counseling, workshops, instruction, and
18	education;
19	"(vii) any Federal, State, or local court-
20	house, including the office of an individual's
21	legal counsel or representative, and a probation,
22	parole, or supervised release office;
23	"(viii) the site of a funeral, wedding, or
24	other religious ceremony or observance;

1	"(ix) any public demonstration, such as a
2	march, rally, or parade;
3	"(x) any domestic violence shelter, rape
4	crisis center, supervised visitation center, family
5	justice center, or victim services provider; or
6	"(xi) any other location specified by the
7	Secretary of Homeland Security for purposes of
8	this subsection.
9	"(2)(A) An enforcement action may not take place
10	at, or be focused on, a sensitive location unless—
11	"(i) the action involves exigent circumstances;
12	and
13	"(ii) prior approval for the enforcement action
14	was obtained from the appropriate official.
15	"(B) If an enforcement action is initiated pursuant
16	to subparagraph (A) and the exigent circumstances per-
17	mitting the enforcement action cease, the enforcement ac-
18	tion shall be discontinued until such exigent circumstances
19	reemerge.
20	"(C) If an enforcement action is carried out in viola-
21	tion of this subsection—
22	"(i) no information resulting from the enforce-
23	ment action may be entered into the record or re-
24	ceived into evidence in a removal proceeding result-
25	ing from the enforcement action; and

1	"(ii) the alien who is the subject of such re-
2	moval proceeding may file a motion for the imme-
3	diate termination of the removal proceeding.
4	"(3)(A) This subsection shall apply to any enforce-
5	ment action by officers or agents of the Department of
6	Homeland Security, including—
7	"(i) officers or agents of U.S. Immigration and
8	Customs Enforcement;
9	"(ii) officers or agents of U.S. Customs and
10	Border Protection; and
11	"(iii) any individual designated to perform im-
12	migration enforcement functions pursuant to sub-
13	section (g).
14	"(B) While carrying out an enforcement action at a
15	sensitive location, officers and agents referred to in sub-
16	paragraph (A) shall make every effort—
17	"(i) to limit the time spent at the sensitive loca-
18	tion;
19	"(ii) to limit the enforcement action at the sen-
20	sitive location to the person or persons for whom
21	prior approval was obtained; and
22	"(iii) to conduct themselves discreetly.
23	"(C) If, while carrying out an enforcement action
24	that is not initiated at or focused on a sensitive location,
25	officers or agents are led to a sensitive location, and no

1	exigent circumstance and prior approval with respect to
2	the sensitive location exists, such officers or agents shall—
3	"(i) cease before taking any further enforce-
4	ment action;
5	"(ii) conduct themselves in a discreet manner;
6	"(iii) maintain surveillance; and
7	"(iv) immediately consult their supervisor in
8	order to determine whether such enforcement action
9	should be discontinued.
10	"(D) The limitations under this paragraph shall not
11	apply to the transportation of an individual apprehended
12	at or near a land or sea border to a hospital or health
13	care provider for the purpose of providing medical care
14	to such individual.
15	"(4)(A) Each official specified in subparagraph (B)
16	shall ensure that the employees under his or her super-
17	vision receive annual training on compliance with—
18	"(i) the requirements under this subsection in
19	enforcement actions at or focused on sensitive loca-
20	tions and enforcement actions that lead officers or
21	agents to a sensitive location; and
22	"(ii) the requirements under section 239 of this
23	Act and section 384 of the Illegal Immigration Re-
24	form and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (8
25	U.S.C. 1367).

1	"(B) The officials specified in this subparagraph
2	are—
3	"(i) the Chief Counsel of U.S. Immigration and
4	Customs Enforcement;
5	"(ii) the Field Office Directors of U.S. Immi-
6	gration and Customs Enforcement;
7	"(iii) each Special Agent in Charge of U.S. Im-
8	migration and Customs Enforcement;
9	"(iv) each Chief Patrol Agent of U.S. Customs
10	and Border Protection;
11	"(v) the Director of Field Operations of U.S.
12	Customs and Border Protection;
13	"(vi) the Director of Air and Marine Operations
14	of U.S. Customs and Border Protection;
15	"(vii) the Internal Affairs Special Agent in
16	Charge of U.S. Customs and Border Protection; and
17	"(viii) the chief law enforcement officer of each
18	State or local law enforcement agency that enters
19	into a written agreement with the Department of
20	Homeland Security pursuant to subsection (g).
21	"(5) The Secretary of Homeland Security shall mod-
22	ify the Notice to Appear form (I–862)—
23	"(A) to provide the subjects of an enforcement
24	action with information, written in plain language,
25	summarizing the restrictions against enforcement

1	actions at sensitive locations set forth in this sub-
2	section and the remedies available to the alien if
3	such action violates such restrictions;
4	"(B) so that the information described in sub-
5	paragraph (A) is accessible to individuals with lim-
6	ited-English proficiency; and
7	"(C) so that subjects of an enforcement action
8	are not permitted to verify that the officers or
9	agents that carried out such action complied with
10	the restrictions set forth in this subsection.
11	"(6)(A) The Director of U.S. Immigration and Cus-
12	toms Enforcement and the Commissioner of U.S. Customs
13	and Border Protection shall each submit an annual report
14	to the appropriate committees of Congress that includes
15	the information set forth in subparagraph (B) with respect
16	to the respective agency.
17	"(B) Each report submitted under subparagraph (A)
18	shall include, with respect to the submitting agency during
19	the reporting period—
20	"(i) the number of enforcement actions that
21	were carried out at, or focused on, a sensitive loca-
22	tion;
23	"(ii) the number of enforcement actions in
24	which officers or agents were subsequently led to a
25	sensitive location; and

1	"(iii) for each enforcement action described in
2	clause (i) or (ii)—
3	"(I) the date on which it occurred;
4	"(II) the specific site, city, county, and
5	State in which it occurred;
6	"(III) the components of the agency in-
7	volved in the enforcement action;
8	"(IV) a description of the enforcement ac-
9	tion, including the nature of the criminal activ-
10	ity of its intended target;
11	"(V) the number of individuals, if any, ar-
12	rested or taken into custody;
13	"(VI) the number of collateral arrests, if
14	any, and the reasons for each such arrest;
15	"(VII) a certification whether the location
16	administrator was contacted before, during, or
17	after the enforcement action; and
18	"(VIII) the percentage of all of the staff
19	members and supervisors reporting to the offi-
20	cials listed in paragraph (4)(B) who completed
21	the training required under paragraph $(4)(A)$.
22	"(7) Nothing in the subsection may be construed—
23	"(A) to affect the authority of Federal, State,
24	or local law enforcement agencies—

1	"(i) to enforce generally applicable Federal
2	or State criminal laws unrelated to immigra-
3	tion; or
4	"(ii) to protect residents from imminent
5	threats to public safety; or
6	"(B) to limit or override the protections pro-
7	vided in—
8	"(i) section 239; or
9	"(ii) section 384 of the Illegal Immigration
10	Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of
11	1996 (8 U.S.C. 1367).".
12	SEC. 411. GRANTS FOR RACIAL AND ETHNIC APPROACHES
13	TO COMMUNITY HEALTH.
14	(a) Purpose.—It is the purpose of this section to
15	provide for the awarding of grants to assist communities
	provide for the awarding of grants to assist communities in mobilizing and organizing resources in support of effec-
16	
16 17	in mobilizing and organizing resources in support of effec-
16 17	in mobilizing and organizing resources in support of effec- tive and sustainable programs that will reduce or eliminate
16 17 18	in mobilizing and organizing resources in support of effec- tive and sustainable programs that will reduce or eliminate disparities in health and health care experienced by racial
16 17 18 19	in mobilizing and organizing resources in support of effec- tive and sustainable programs that will reduce or eliminate disparities in health and health care experienced by racial and ethnic minority individuals.
16 17 18 19 20	in mobilizing and organizing resources in support of effective and sustainable programs that will reduce or eliminate disparities in health and health care experienced by racial and ethnic minority individuals. (b) Authority To Award Grants.—The Secretary
116 117 118 119 220 221	in mobilizing and organizing resources in support of effective and sustainable programs that will reduce or eliminate disparities in health and health care experienced by racial and ethnic minority individuals. (b) Authority To Award Grants.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services, acting through the Ad-
116 117 118 119 220 221 222 223	in mobilizing and organizing resources in support of effective and sustainable programs that will reduce or eliminate disparities in health and health care experienced by racial and ethnic minority individuals. (b) Authority To Award Grants.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services, acting through the Administrator of the Health Resources and Services Admin-

1	driven sustainable strategies to eliminate racial and ethnic
2	health and health care disparities.
3	(c) Eligible Entities.—To be eligible to receive a
4	grant under this section, an entity shall—
5	(1) represent a coalition—
6	(A) whose principal purpose is to develop
7	and implement interventions to reduce or elimi-
8	nate a health or health care disparity in a tar-
9	geted racial or ethnic minority group in the
10	community served by the coalition; and
11	(B) that includes—
12	(i) members selected from among—
13	(I) public health departments;
14	(II) community-based organiza-
15	tions;
16	(III) university and research or-
17	ganizations;
18	(IV) American Indian Tribal or-
19	ganizations, national American Indian
20	organizations, Indian Health Service,
21	or organizations serving Alaska Na-
22	tives; and
23	(V) interested public or private
24	health care providers or organizations

1	as deemed appropriate by the Sec-
2	retary; and
3	(ii) at least 1 member from a commu-
4	nity-based organization that represents the
5	targeted racial or ethnic minority group;
6	and
7	(2) submit to the Secretary an application at
8	such time, in such manner, and containing such in-
9	formation as the Secretary may require, which shall
10	include—
11	(A) a description of the targeted racial or
12	ethnic populations in the community to be
13	served under the grant;
14	(B) a description of at least 1 health dis-
15	parity that exists in the racial or ethnic tar-
16	geted populations, including health issues such
17	as infant mortality, breast and cervical cancer
18	screening and management, musculoskeletal
19	diseases and obesity, prostate cancer screening
20	and management, cardiovascular disease, diabe-
21	tes, child and adult immunization levels, oral
22	disease, or other health priority areas as des-
23	ignated by the Secretary; and
24	(C) a demonstration of a proven record of
25	accomplishment of the coalition members in

- 1 serving and working with the targeted commu-
- 2 nity.
- 3 (d) Sustainability.—The Secretary shall give pri-
- 4 ority to an eligible entity under this section if the entity
- 5 agrees that, with respect to the costs to be incurred by
- 6 the entity in carrying out the activities for which the grant
- 7 was awarded, the entity (and each of the participating
- 8 partners in the coalition represented by the entity) will
- 9 maintain its expenditures of non-Federal funds for such
- 10 activities at a level that is not less than the level of such
- 11 expenditures during the fiscal year immediately preceding
- 12 the first fiscal year for which the grant is awarded.
- 13 (e) Nonduplication.—Funds provided through this
- 14 grant program should supplement, not supplant, existing
- 15 Federal funding, and the funds should not be used to du-
- 16 plicate the activities of the other health disparity grant
- 17 programs in this Act.
- 18 (f) Technical Assistance.—The Secretary may,
- 19 either directly or by grant or contract, provide any entity
- 20 that receives a grant under this section with technical and
- 21 other nonfinancial assistance necessary to meet the re-
- 22 quirements of this section.
- 23 (g) DISSEMINATION.—The Secretary shall encourage
- 24 and enable grantees to share best practices, evaluation re-
- 25 sults, and reports with communities not affiliated with

1	grantees using the Internet, conferences, and other perti-
2	nent information regarding the projects funded by this
3	section, including the outreach efforts of the Office of Mi-
4	nority Health and Health Disparity Elimination and the
5	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.
6	(h) Administrative Burdens.—The Secretary
7	shall make every effort to minimize duplicative or unneces-
8	sary administrative burdens on grantees.
9	(i) Definition.—In this section, the term "Sec-
10	retary" means the Secretary of Health and Human Serv-
11	ices.
12	(j) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
13	are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be
14	necessary to carry out this section.
15	SEC. 412. CRITICAL ACCESS HOSPITAL IMPROVEMENTS.
16	(a) Elimination of Isolation Test for Cost-
17	Based Ambulance Reimbursement.—
18	
	(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 1834(l)(8) of the
19	(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 1834(l)(8) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395m(l)(8)) is
19 20	
	Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395m(l)(8)) is
20	Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395m(l)(8)) is amended—
2021	Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395m(l)(8)) is amended— (A) in subparagraph (B)—

1	under an arrangement with the hospital)"
2	after "hospital"; and
3	(B) by striking the comma at the end of
4	subparagraph (B) and all that follows and in-
5	serting a period.
6	(2) Effective date.—The amendments made
7	by this subsection shall apply to services furnished
8	on or after January 1, 2015.
9	(b) Provision of a More Flexible Alternative
10	TO THE CAH DESIGNATION 25 INPATIENT BED LIMIT
11	REQUIREMENT.—
12	(1) In General.—Section 1820(c)(2) of the
13	Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. $1395i-4(c)(2)$) is
14	amended—
15	(A) in subparagraph (B)(iii), by striking
16	"provides not more than" and inserting "sub-
17	ject to subparagraph (F), provides not more
18	than"; and
19	(B) by adding at the end the following new
20	subparagraph:
21	"(F) Alternative to 25 inpatient bed
22	LIMIT REQUIREMENT.—
23	"(i) In General.—A State may elect
24	to treat a facility, with respect to the des-
25	ignation of the facility for a cost-reporting

period, as satisfying the requirement of subparagraph (B)(iii) relating to a maximum number of acute care inpatient beds if the facility elects, in accordance with a method specified by the Secretary and before the beginning of the cost reporting period, to meet the requirement under clause (ii).

"(ii) ALTERNATE REQUIREMENT.—
The requirement under this clause, with respect to a facility and a cost-reporting period, is that the total number of inpatient bed days described in subparagraph (B)(iii) during such period will not exceed 7,300. For purposes of this subparagraph, an individual who is an inpatient in a bed in the facility for a single day shall be counted as one inpatient bed day.

"(iii) WITHDRAWAL OF ELECTION.—
The option described in clause (i) shall not apply to a facility for a cost-reporting period if the facility (for any two consecutive cost-reporting periods during the previous 5 cost-reporting periods) was treated under such option and had a total number of in-

1	patient bed days for each of such two cost-
2	reporting periods that exceeded the num-
3	ber specified in such clause.".
4	(2) Effective date.—The amendments made
5	by paragraph (1) shall apply to cost-reporting peri-
6	ods beginning on or after the date of the enactment
7	of this Act.
8	SEC. 413. ESTABLISHMENT OF RURAL COMMUNITY HOS-
9	PITAL (RCH) PROGRAM.
10	(a) In General.—Section 1861 of the Social Secu-
11	rity Act (42 U.S.C. 1395x), as amended by section
12	205(b)(1), is amended by adding at the end of the fol-
13	lowing new subsection:
14	"Rural Community Hospital; Rural Community Hospital
15	Services
16	"(jjj)(1) The term 'rural community hospital' means
17	a hospital (as defined in subsection (e)) that—
18	"(A) is located in a rural area (as defined in
19	section 1886(d)(2)(D)) or treated as being so lo-
20	cated pursuant to section 1886(d)(8)(E);
21	"(B) subject to paragraph (2), has less than 51
22	acute care inpatient beds, as reported in its most re-
23	cent cost report;
24	"(C) makes available 24-hour emergency care
25	services;

1	"(D) subject to paragraph (3), has a provider
2	agreement in effect with the Secretary and is open
3	to the public as of January 1, 2010; and
4	"(E) applies to the Secretary for such designa-
5	tion.
6	"(2) For purposes of paragraph (1)(B), beds in a
7	psychiatric or rehabilitation unit of the hospital which is
8	a distinct part of the hospital shall not be counted.
9	"(3) Paragraph (1)(D) shall not be construed to pro-
10	hibit any of the following from qualifying as a rural com-
11	munity hospital:
12	"(A) A replacement facility (as defined by the
13	Secretary in regulations in effect on January 1,
14	2012) with the same service area (as defined by the
15	Secretary in regulations in effect on such date).
16	"(B) A facility obtaining a new provider num-
17	ber pursuant to a change of ownership.
18	"(C) A facility which has a binding written
19	agreement with an outside, unrelated party for the
20	construction, reconstruction, lease, rental, or financ-
21	ing of a building as of January 1, 2012.
22	"(4) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as
23	prohibiting a critical access hospital from qualifying as a
24	rural community hospital if the critical access hospital

- 1 meets the conditions otherwise applicable to hospitals
- 2 under subsection (e) and section 1866.
- 3 "(5) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as
- 4 prohibiting a rural community hospital participating in
- 5 the demonstration program under section 410A of the
- 6 Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Mod-
- 7 ernization Act of 2003 (Public Law 108–173; 117 Stat.
- 8 2313) from qualifying as a rural community hospital if
- 9 the rural community hospital meets the conditions other-
- 10 wise applicable to hospitals under subsection (e) and sec-
- 11 tion 1866.".
- 12 (b) Payment.—
- 13 (1) Inpatient Hospital Services.—Section
- 14 1814 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395f)
- is amended by adding at the end the following new
- subsection:
- 17 "Payment for Inpatient Services Furnished in Rural
- 18 Community Hospitals
- "(m) The amount of payment under this part for in-
- 20 patient hospital services furnished in a rural community
- 21 hospital, other than such services furnished in a psy-
- 22 chiatric or rehabilitation unit of the hospital which is a
- 23 distinct part, is, at the election of the hospital in the appli-
- 24 cation referred to in section 1861(jjj)(1)(E)—

1	"(1) 101 percent of the reasonable costs of pro-
2	viding such services, without regard to the amount
3	of the customary or other charge, or
4	"(2) the amount of payment provided for under
5	the prospective payment system for inpatient hos-
6	pital services under section 1886(d).".
7	(2) Outpatient services.—Section 1834 of
8	such Act (42 U.S.C. 1395m) is amended by adding
9	at the end the following new subsection:
10	"(p) Payment for Outpatient Services Fur-
11	NISHED IN RURAL COMMUNITY HOSPITALS.—The
12	amount of payment under this part for outpatient services
13	furnished in a rural community hospital is, at the election
14	of the hospital in the application referred to in section
15	1861(jjj)(1)(E)—
16	"(1) 101 percent of the reasonable costs of pro-
17	viding such services, without regard to the amount
18	of the customary or other charge and any limitation
19	under section $1861(v)(1)(U)$, or
20	"(2) the amount of payment provided for under
21	the prospective payment system for covered OPD
22	services under section 1833(t).".
23	(3) Exemption from 30-percent reduction
24	IN REIMBURSEMENT FOR BAD DEBT.—Section
25	1861(v)(1)(T) of such Act (42 U.S.C.

1	1395x(v)(1)(T)) is amended by inserting "(other
2	than for a rural community hospital)" after "In de-
3	termining such reasonable costs for hospitals".
4	(c) Beneficiary Cost-Sharing for Outpatient
5	SERVICES.—Section 1834(p) of such Act (as added by
6	subsection (b)(2)) is amended—
7	(1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) and (2) as
8	subparagraphs (A) and (B), respectively;
9	(2) by inserting "(1)" after "(p)"; and
10	(3) by adding at the end the following:
11	"(2) The amounts of beneficiary cost-sharing for out-
12	patient services furnished in a rural community hospital
13	under this part shall be as follows:
14	"(A) For items and services that would have
15	been paid under section 1833(t) if provided by a
16	hospital, the amount of cost-sharing determined
17	under paragraph (8) of such section.
18	"(B) For items and services that would have
19	been paid under section 1833(h) if furnished by a
20	provider or supplier, no cost-sharing shall apply.
21	"(C) For all other items and services, the
22	amount of cost-sharing that would apply to the item
23	or service under the methodology that would be used
24	to determine payment for such item or service if pro-

1	vided by a physician, provider, or supplier, as the
2	case may be.".
3	(d) Conforming Amendments.—
4	(1) Part a payment.—Section 1814(b) of
5	such Act (42 U.S.C. 1395f(b)) is amended in the
6	matter preceding paragraph (1) by inserting "other
7	than inpatient hospital services furnished by a rural
8	community hospital," after "critical access hospital
9	services,".
10	(2) Part b payment.—Section 1833(a) of
11	such Act (42 U.S.C. 1395l(a)), as amended by sec-
12	tion 205(b)(3), is amended—
13	(A) in paragraph (2), in the matter before
14	subparagraph (A), by striking "and (I)" and in-
15	serting "(I), and (K)";
16	(B) by striking "and" at the end of para-
17	graph (9);
18	(C) by striking the period at the end of
19	paragraph (10) and inserting "; and"; and
20	(D) by adding at the end the following:
21	"(11) in the case of outpatient services fur-
22	nished by a rural community hospital, the amounts
23	described in section 1834(p).".
24	(3) Technical amendments.—

1	(A) Consultation with state agen-
2	CIES.—Section 1863 of such Act (42 U.S.C.
3	1395z) is amended by striking "and $(dd)(2)$ "
4	and inserting " $(dd)(2)$, (mm)(1), and (jjj)(1)".
5	(B) Provider Agreements.—Section
6	1866(a)(2)(A) of such Act (42 U.S.C.
7	1395cc(a)(2)(A)) is amended by inserting "sec-
8	tion 1834(p)(2)," after "section 1833(b),".
9	(e) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
10	this section shall apply to items and services furnished on
11	or after October 1, 2016.
12	SEC. 414. MEDICARE REMOTE MONITORING PILOT
13	PROJECTS.
13 14	PROJECTS. (a) Pilot Projects.—
14	(a) Pilot Projects.—
14 15	(a) Pilot Projects.— (1) In general.—Not later than 9 months
14 15 16	(a) PILOT PROJECTS.—(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 9 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-
14 15 16 17	 (a) PILOT PROJECTS.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 9 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health and Human Services (in this sec-
14 15 16 17	(a) PILOT PROJECTS.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 9 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health and Human Services (in this section referred to as the "Secretary") shall conduct
114 115 116 117 118	(a) PILOT PROJECTS.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 9 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health and Human Services (in this section referred to as the "Secretary") shall conduct pilot projects under title XVIII of the Social Secu-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) PILOT PROJECTS.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 9 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health and Human Services (in this section referred to as the "Secretary") shall conduct pilot projects under title XVIII of the Social Security Act for the purpose of providing incentives to
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) PILOT PROJECTS.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 9 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health and Human Services (in this section referred to as the "Secretary") shall conduct pilot projects under title XVIII of the Social Security Act for the purpose of providing incentives to home health agencies to utilize home monitoring and
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) Pilot Projects.— (1) In general.—Not later than 9 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health and Human Services (in this section referred to as the "Secretary") shall conduct pilot projects under title XVIII of the Social Security Act for the purpose of providing incentives to home health agencies to utilize home monitoring and communications technologies that—

1	(2) Site requirements.—
2	(A) Urban and Rural.—The Secretary
3	shall conduct the pilot projects under this sec-
4	tion in both urban and rural areas.
5	(B) SITE IN A SMALL STATE.—The Sec-
6	retary shall conduct at least 3 of the pilot
7	projects in a State with a population of less
8	than 1,000,000.
9	(3) Definition of Home Health Agency.—
10	In this section, the term "home health agency" has
11	the meaning given that term in section 1861(o) of
12	the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395x(o)).
13	(b) Medicare Beneficiaries Within the Scope
14	OF PROJECTS.—The Secretary shall specify the criteria
15	for identifying those Medicare beneficiaries who shall be
16	considered within the scope of the pilot projects under this
17	section for purposes of the application of subsection (c)
18	and for the assessment of the effectiveness of the home
19	health agency in achieving the objectives of this section.
20	Such criteria may provide for the inclusion in the projects
21	of Medicare beneficiaries who begin receiving home health
22	services under title XVIII of the Social Security Act after
23	the date of the implementation of the projects.
24	(c) Incentives.—

1	(1) Performance targets.—The Secretary
2	shall establish for each home health agency partici-
3	pating in a pilot project under this section a per-
4	formance target using one of the following meth-
5	odologies, as determined appropriate by the Sec-
6	retary:
7	(A) Adjusted historical performance
8	TARGET.—The Secretary shall establish for the
9	agency—
10	(i) a base expenditure amount equal
11	to the average total payments made to the
12	agency under parts A and B of title XVIII
13	of the Social Security Act for Medicare
14	beneficiaries determined to be within the
15	scope of the pilot project in a base period
16	determined by the Secretary; and
17	(ii) an annual per capita expenditure
18	target for such beneficiaries, reflecting the
19	base expenditure amount adjusted for risk
20	and adjusted growth rates.
21	(B) Comparative performance tar-
22	GET.—The Secretary shall establish for the
23	agency a comparative performance target equal
24	to the average total payments under such parts
25	A and B during the pilot project for comparable

- individuals in the same geographic area that are not determined to be within the scope of the pilot project.
- 4 (2) INCENTIVE.—Subject to paragraph (3), the Secretary shall pay to each participating home care agency an incentive payment for each year under the pilot project equal to a portion of the Medicare savings realized for such year relative to the performance target under paragraph (1).
 - (3) LIMITATION ON EXPENDITURES.—The Secretary shall limit incentive payments under this section in order to ensure that the aggregate expenditures under title XVIII of the Social Security Act (including incentive payments under this subsection) do not exceed the amount that the Secretary estimates would have been expended if the pilot projects under this section had not been implemented.
- 18 (d) WAIVER AUTHORITY.—The Secretary may waive 19 such provisions of titles XI and XVIII of the Social Secu-20 rity Act as the Secretary determines to be appropriate for 21 the conduct of the pilot projects under this section.
- (e) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 5 years after the date that the first pilot project under this section is implemented, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a report on the pilot projects. Such report shall contain a

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1	detailed description of issues related to the expansion of
2	the projects under subsection (f) and recommendations for
3	such legislation and administrative actions as the Sec-
4	retary considers appropriate.
5	(f) Expansion.—If the Secretary determines that
6	any of the pilot projects under this section enhance health
7	outcomes for Medicare beneficiaries and reduce expendi-
8	tures under title XVIII of the Social Security Act, the Sec-
9	retary may initiate comparable projects in additional
10	areas.
11	(g) Incentive Payments Have No Effect on
12	OTHER MEDICARE PAYMENTS TO AGENCIES.—An incen-
13	tive payment under this section—
14	(1) shall be in addition to the payments that a
15	home health agency would otherwise receive under
16	title XVIII of the Social Security Act for the provi-
17	sion of home health services; and
18	(2) shall have no effect on the amount of such
19	payments.

- 20 sec. 415. Rural health quality advisory commission
- 21 AND DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS.
- 22 (a) Rural Health Quality Advisory Commis-
- 23 SION.—
- 24 (1) Establishment.—Not later than 6
- 25 months after the date of the enactment of this sec-

1	tion, the Secretary of Health and Human Services
2	(in this section referred to as the "Secretary") shall
3	establish a commission to be known as the Rural
4	Health Quality Advisory Commission (in this section
5	referred to as the "Commission").
6	(2) Duties of commission.—
7	(A) NATIONAL PLAN.—The Commission
8	shall develop, coordinate, and facilitate imple-
9	mentation of a national plan for rural health
10	quality improvement. The national plan shall—
11	(i) identify objectives for rural health
12	quality improvement;
13	(ii) identify strategies to eliminate
14	known gaps in rural health system capacity
15	and improve rural health quality; and
16	(iii) provide for Federal programs to
17	identify opportunities for strengthening
18	and aligning policies and programs to im-
19	prove rural health quality.
20	(B) Demonstration projects.—The
21	Commission shall design demonstration projects
22	to test alternative models for rural health qual-
23	ity improvement, including with respect to both
24	personal and population health.

1	(C) Monitoring.—The Commission shall
2	monitor progress toward the objectives identi-
3	fied pursuant to paragraph (1)(A).
4	(3) Membership.—
5	(A) Number.—The Commission shall be
6	composed of 11 members appointed by the Sec-
7	retary.
8	(B) Selection.—The Secretary shall se-
9	lect the members of the Commission from
10	among individuals with significant rural health
11	care and health care quality expertise, including
12	expertise in clinical health care, health care
13	quality research, population or public health, or
14	purchaser organizations.
15	(4) Contracting authority.—Subject to the
16	availability of funds, the Commission may enter into
17	contracts and make other arrangements, as may be
18	necessary to carry out the duties described in para-
19	graph (2).
20	(5) Staff.—Upon the request of the Commis-
21	sion, the Secretary may detail, on a reimbursable
22	basis, any of the personnel of the Office of Rural
23	Health Policy of the Health Resources and Services
24	Administration, the Agency for Healthcare Quality

and Research, or the Centers for Medicare & Med-

1	icaid Services to the Commission to assist in car-
2	rying out this subsection.
3	(6) Reports to congress.—Not later than 1
4	year after the establishment of the Commission, and
5	annually thereafter, the Commission shall submit a
6	report to the Congress on rural health quality. Each
7	such report shall include the following:
8	(A) An inventory of relevant programs and
9	recommendations for improved coordination and
10	integration of policy and programs.
11	(B) An assessment of achievement of the
12	objectives identified in the national plan devel-
13	oped under paragraph (2) and recommenda-
14	tions for realizing such objectives.
15	(C) Recommendations on Federal legisla-
16	tion, regulations, or administrative policies to
17	enhance rural health quality and outcomes.
18	(b) Rural Health Quality Demonstration
19	Projects.—
20	(1) In General.—Not later than 270 days
21	after the date of the enactment of this section, the
22	Secretary, in consultation with the Rural Health
23	Quality Advisory Commission, the Office of Rural
24	Health Policy of the Health Resources and Services

Administration, the Agency for Healthcare Research

1	and Quality, and the Centers for Medicare & Med-
2	icaid Services, shall make grants to eligible entities
3	for 5 demonstration projects to implement and
4	evaluate methods for improving the quality of health
5	care in rural communities. Each such demonstration
6	project shall include—
7	(A) alternative community models that—
8	(i) will achieve greater integration of
9	personal and population health services;
10	and
l 1	(ii) address safety, effectiveness,
12	patient- or community-centeredness, timeli-
13	ness, efficiency, and equity (the 6 aims
14	identified by the Institute of Medicine of
15	the National Academies in its report enti-
16	tled "Crossing the Quality Chasm: A New
17	Health System for the 21st Century' re-
18	leased on March 1, 2001);
19	(B) innovative approaches to the financing
20	and delivery of health services to achieve rural
21	health quality goals; and
22	(C) development of quality improvement
23	support structures to assist rural health sys-
24	tems and professionals (such as workforce sup-
25	port structures, quality monitoring and report-

1	ing, clinical care protocols, and information
2	technology applications).
3	(2) Eligible entities.—In this subsection,
4	the term "eligible entity" means a consortium
5	that—
6	(A) shall include—
7	(i) at least one health care provider or
8	health care delivery system located in a
9	rural area; and
10	(ii) at least one organization rep-
11	resenting multiple community stakeholders;
12	and
13	(B) may include other partners such as
14	rural research centers.
15	(3) Consultation.—In developing the pro-
16	gram for awarding grants under this subsection, the
17	Secretary shall consult with the Administrator of the
18	Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, rural
19	health care providers, rural health care researchers,
20	and private and nonprofit groups (including national
21	associations) which are undertaking similar efforts.
22	(4) Expedited waivers.—The Secretary shall
23	expedite the processing of any waiver that—

1	(A) is authorized under title XVIII or XIX
2	of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395 et
3	seq.); and
4	(B) is necessary to carry out a demonstra-
5	tion project under this subsection.
6	(5) Demonstration project sites.—The
7	Secretary shall ensure that the 5 demonstration
8	projects funded under this subsection are conducted
9	at a variety of sites representing the diversity of
10	rural communities in the Nation.
11	(6) Duration.—Each demonstration project
12	under this subsection shall be for a period of 4
13	years.
14	(7) Independent evaluation.—The Sec-
15	retary shall enter into an arrangement with an enti-
16	ty that has experience working directly with rural
17	health systems for the conduct of an independent
18	evaluation of the program carried out under this
19	subsection.
20	(8) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the
21	conclusion of all of the demonstration projects fund-
22	ed under this subsection, the Secretary shall submit
23	a report to the Congress on the results of such

projects. The report shall include—

1	(A) an evaluation of patient access to care,
2	patient outcomes, and an analysis of the cost
3	effectiveness of each such project; and
4	(B) recommendations on Federal legisla-
5	tion, regulations, or administrative policies to
6	enhance rural health quality and outcomes.
7	(c) Appropriation.—
8	(1) In general.—Out of funds in the Treas-
9	ury not otherwise appropriated, there are appro-
10	priated to the Secretary to carry out this section
11	\$30,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2019
12	through 2023.
13	(2) Availability.—
14	(A) In General.—Funds appropriated
15	under paragraph (1) shall remain available for
16	expenditure through fiscal year 2023.
17	(B) Report.—For purposes of carrying
18	out subsection (b)(8), funds appropriated under
19	paragraph (1) shall remain available for ex-
20	penditure through fiscal year 2024.
21	(3) Reservation.—Of the amount appro-
22	priated under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall re-
23	serve—
24	(A) \$5,000,000 to carry out subsection (a);
25	and

1	(B) \$25,000,000 to carry out subsection
2	(b), of which—
3	(i) 2 percent shall be for the provision
4	of technical assistance to grant recipients;
5	and
6	(ii) 5 percent shall be for independent
7	evaluation under subsection (b)(7).
8	SEC. 416. RURAL HEALTH CARE SERVICES.
9	Section 330A of the Public Health Service Act (42
10	U.S.C. 254c) is amended to read as follows:
11	"SEC. 330A. RURAL HEALTH CARE SERVICES OUTREACH,
12	RURAL HEALTH NETWORK DEVELOPMENT,
13	DELTA RURAL DISPARITIES AND HEALTH
14	SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT, AND SMALL RURAL
15	HEALTH CARE PROVIDER QUALITY IMPROVE-
16	MENT GRANT PROGRAMS.
17	"(a) Purpose.—The purpose of this section is to
18	provide for grants—
19	"(1) under subsection (b), to promote rural
20	health care services outreach;
21	"(2) under subsection (c), to provide for the
22	planning and implementation of integrated health
23	care networks in rural areas;
24	"(3) under subsection (d), to assist rural com-
25	munities in the Delta Region to reduce health dis-

1	parities and to promote and enhance health system
2	development; and
3	"(4) under subsection (e), to provide for the
4	planning and implementation of small rural health
5	care provider quality improvement activities.
6	"(b) Rural Health Care Services Outreach
7	Grants.—
8	"(1) Grants.—The Director of the Office of
9	Rural Health Policy of the Health Resources and
10	Services Administration may award grants to eligible
11	entities to promote rural health care services out-
12	reach by expanding the delivery of health care serv-
13	ices to include new and enhanced services in rural
14	areas. The Director may award the grants for peri-
15	ods of not more than 3 years.
16	"(2) Eligibility.—To be eligible to receive a
17	grant under this subsection for a project, an enti-
18	ty—
19	"(A) shall be a rural public or rural non-
20	profit private entity, a facility that qualifies as
21	a rural health clinic under title XVIII of the
22	Social Security Act, a public or nonprofit entity
23	existing exclusively to provide services to mi-
24	grant and seasonal farm workers in rural areas,
25	or a Tribal government whose grant-funded ac-

1	tivities will be conducted within federally recog-
2	nized Tribal areas;
3	"(B) shall represent a consortium com-
4	posed of members—
5	"(i) that include 3 or more independ-
6	ently owned health care entities; and
7	"(ii) that may be nonprofit or for-
8	profit entities; and
9	"(C) shall not previously have received a
10	grant under this subsection for the same or a
11	similar project, unless the entity is proposing to
12	expand the scope of the project or the area that
13	will be served through the project.
14	"(3) APPLICATIONS.—To be eligible to receive a
15	grant under this subsection, an eligible entity shall
16	prepare and submit to the Director an application at
17	such time, in such manner, and containing such in-
18	formation as the Director may require, including—
19	"(A) a description of the project that the
20	eligible entity will carry out using the funds
21	provided under the grant;
22	"(B) a description of the manner in which
23	the project funded under the grant will meet
24	the health care needs of rural populations in
25	the local community or region to be served;

1	"(C) a plan for quantifying how health
2	care needs will be met through identification of
3	the target population and benchmarks of service
4	delivery or health status, such as—
5	"(i) quantifiable measurements of
6	health status improvement for projects fo-
7	cusing on health promotion; or
8	"(ii) benchmarks of increased access
9	to primary care, including tracking factors
10	such as the number and type of primary
11	care visits, identification of a medical
12	home, or other general measures of such
13	access;
14	"(D) a description of how the local com-
15	munity or region to be served will be involved
16	in the development and ongoing operations of
17	the project;
18	"(E) a plan for sustaining the project after
19	Federal support for the project has ended;
20	"(F) a description of how the project will
21	be evaluated;
22	"(G) the administrative capacity to submit
23	annual performance data electronically as speci-
24	fied by the Director; and

1	"(H) other such information as the Direc-
2	tor determines to be appropriate.
3	"(c) Rural Health Network Development
4	Grants.—
5	"(1) Grants.—
6	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Director may
7	award rural health network development grants
8	to eligible entities to promote, through planning
9	and implementation, the development of inte-
10	grated health care networks that have combined
11	the functions of the entities participating in the
12	networks in order to—
13	"(i) achieve efficiencies and economies
14	of scale;
15	"(ii) expand access to, coordinate, and
16	improve the quality of the health care de-
17	livery system through development of orga-
18	nizational efficiencies;
19	"(iii) implement health information
20	technology to achieve efficiencies, reduce
21	medical errors, and improve quality;
22	"(iv) coordinate care and manage
23	chronic illness; and
24	"(v) strengthen the rural health care
25	system as a whole in such a manner as to

1	show a quantifiable return on investment
2	to the participants in the network.
3	"(B) Grant Periods.—The Director may
4	award such a rural health network development
5	grant—
6	"(i) for a period of 3 years for imple-
7	mentation activities; or
8	"(ii) for a period of 1 year for plan-
9	ning activities to assist in the initial devel-
10	opment of an integrated health care net-
11	work, if the proposed participants in the
12	network do not have a history of collabo-
13	rative efforts and a 3-year grant would be
14	inappropriate.
15	"(2) Eligibility.—To be eligible to receive a
16	grant under this subsection, an entity—
17	"(A) shall be a rural public or rural non-
18	profit private entity, a facility that qualifies as
19	a rural health clinic under title XVIII of the
20	Social Security Act, a public or nonprofit entity
21	existing exclusively to provide services to mi-
22	grant and seasonal farm workers in rural areas,
23	or a Tribal government whose grant-funded ac-
24	tivities will be conducted within federally recog-
25	nized Tribal areas;

1	"(B) shall represent a network composed
2	of participants—
3	"(i) that include 3 or more independ-
4	ently owned health care entities; and
5	"(ii) that may be nonprofit or for-
6	profit entities; and
7	"(C) shall not previously have received a
8	grant under this subsection (other than a 1-
9	year grant for planning activities) for the same
10	or a similar project.
11	"(3) APPLICATIONS.—To be eligible to receive a
12	grant under this subsection, an eligible entity, in
13	consultation with the appropriate State office of
14	rural health or another appropriate State entity,
15	shall prepare and submit to the Director an applica-
16	tion at such time, in such manner, and containing
17	such information as the Director may require, in-
18	cluding—
19	"(A) a description of the project that the
20	eligible entity will carry out using the funds
21	provided under the grant;
22	"(B) an explanation of the reasons why
23	Federal assistance is required to carry out the
24	project;
25	"(C) a description of—

1	"(i) the history of collaborative activi-
2	ties carried out by the participants in the
3	network;
4	"(ii) the degree to which the partici-
5	pants are ready to integrate their func-
6	tions; and
7	"(iii) how the local community or re-
8	gion to be served will benefit from and be
9	involved in the activities carried out by the
10	network;
11	"(D) a description of how the local com-
12	munity or region to be served will experience in-
13	creased access to quality health care services
14	across the continuum of care as a result of the
15	integration activities carried out by the net-
16	work, including a description of—
17	"(i) return on investment for the com-
18	munity and the network members; and
19	"(ii) other quantifiable performance
20	measures that show the benefit of the net-
21	work activities;
22	"(E) a plan for sustaining the project after
23	Federal support for the project has ended;
24	"(F) a description of how the project will
25	be evaluated;

1	"(G) the administrative capacity to submit
2	annual performance data electronically as speci-
3	fied by the Director; and
4	"(H) other such information as the Direc-
5	tor determines to be appropriate.
6	"(d) Delta Rural Disparities and Health Sys-
7	TEMS DEVELOPMENT GRANTS.—
8	"(1) Grants.—The Director may award grants
9	to eligible entities to support reduction of health dis-
10	parities, improve access to health care, and enhance
11	rural health system development in the Delta Re-
12	gion.
13	"(2) Eligibility.—To be eligible to receive a
14	grant under this subsection, an entity shall be a
15	rural public or rural nonprofit private entity, a facil-
16	ity that qualifies as a rural health clinic under title
17	XVIII of the Social Security Act, a public or non-
18	profit entity existing exclusively to provide services
19	to migrant and seasonal farm workers in rural
20	areas, or a Tribal government whose grant-funded
21	activities will be conducted within federally recog-
22	nized Tribal areas.
23	"(3) APPLICATIONS.—To be eligible to receive a
24	grant under this subsection, an eligible entity shall
25	prepare and submit to the Director an application at

1	such time, in such manner, and containing such in-
2	formation as the Director may require, including—
3	"(A) a description of the project that the
4	eligible entity will carry out using the funds
5	provided under the grant;
6	"(B) an explanation of the reasons why
7	Federal assistance is required to carry out the
8	project;
9	"(C) a description of the manner in which
10	the project funded under the grant will meet
11	the health care needs of the Delta Region;
12	"(D) a description of how the local com-
13	munity or region to be served will experience in-
14	creased access to quality health care services as
15	a result of the activities carried out by the enti-
16	ty;
17	"(E) a description of how health dispari-
18	ties will be reduced or the health system will be
19	improved;
20	"(F) a plan for sustaining the project after
21	Federal support for the project has ended;
22	"(G) a description of how the project will
23	be evaluated including process and outcome
24	measures related to the quality of care provided

1	or how the health care system improves its per-
2	formance;
3	"(H) a description of how the grantee will
4	develop an advisory group made up of rep-
5	resentatives of the communities to be served to
6	provide guidance to the grantee to best meet
7	community need; and
8	"(I) other such information as the Director
9	determines to be appropriate.
10	"(e) Small Rural Health Care Provider Qual-
11	ITY IMPROVEMENT GRANTS.—
12	"(1) Grants.—The Director may award grants
13	to provide for the planning and implementation of
14	small rural health care provider quality improvement
15	activities. The Director may award the grants for
16	periods of 1 to 3 years.
17	"(2) Eligibility.—To be eligible for a grant
18	under this subsection, an entity—
19	"(A) shall be—
20	"(i) a rural public or rural nonprofit
21	private health care provider or provider of
22	health care services, such as a rural health
23	clinic; or
24	"(ii) another rural provider or net-
25	work of small rural providers identified by

1	the Director as a key source of local care;
2	and
3	"(B) shall not previously have received a
4	grant under this subsection for the same or a
5	similar project.
6	"(3) Preference.—In awarding grants under
7	this subsection, the Director shall give preference to
8	facilities that qualify as rural health clinics under
9	title XVIII of the Social Security Act.
10	"(4) APPLICATIONS.—To be eligible to receive a
11	grant under this subsection, an eligible entity shall
12	prepare and submit to the Director an application at
13	such time, in such manner, and containing such in-
14	formation as the Director may require, including—
15	"(A) a description of the project that the
16	eligible entity will carry out using the funds
17	provided under the grant;
18	"(B) an explanation of the reasons why
19	Federal assistance is required to carry out the
20	project;
21	"(C) a description of the manner in which
22	the project funded under the grant will assure
23	continuous quality improvement in the provision
24	of services by the entity:

1	"(D) a description of how the local com-
2	munity or region to be served will experience in-
3	creased access to quality health care services as
4	a result of the activities carried out by the enti-
5	ty;
6	"(E) a plan for sustaining the project after
7	Federal support for the project has ended;
8	"(F) a description of how the project will
9	be evaluated including process and outcome
10	measures related to the quality of care pro-
11	vided; and
12	"(G) other such information as the Direc-
13	tor determines to be appropriate.
14	"(f) General Requirements.—
15	"(1) Prohibited uses of funds.—An entity
16	that receives a grant under this section may not use
17	funds provided through the grant—
18	"(A) to build or acquire real property; or
19	"(B) for construction.
20	"(2) Coordination with other agencies.—
21	The Director shall coordinate activities carried out
22	under grant programs described in this section, to
23	the extent practicable, with Federal and State agen-
24	cies and nonprofit organizations that are operating

- 1 similar grant programs, to maximize the effect of
- 2 public dollars in funding meritorious proposals.
- 3 "(g) Report.—Not later than September 30, 2020,
- 4 the Secretary shall prepare and submit to the appropriate
- 5 committees of Congress a report on the progress and ac-
- 6 complishments of the grant programs described in sub-
- 7 sections (b), (c), (d), and (e).
- 8 "(h) Definitions.—In this section:
- 9 "(1) The term 'Delta Region' has the meaning
- given to the term 'region' in section 382A of the
- 11 Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7
- 12 U.S.C. 2009aa).
- 13 "(2) The term 'Director' means the Director of
- the Office of Rural Health Policy of the Health Re-
- sources and Services Administration.
- 16 "(i) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
- 17 are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
- 18 \$40,000,000 for fiscal year 2019, and such sums as may
- 19 be necessary for each of fiscal years 2020 through 2023.".
- 20 SEC. 417. COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER COLLABORATIVE
- 21 ACCESS EXPANSION.
- Section 330 of the Public Health Service Act (42)
- 23 U.S.C. 254b) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 24 lowing:
- 25 "(s) Miscellaneous Provisions.—

1 "(1) Rule of construction with respect 2 TO RURAL HEALTH CLINICS.—Nothing in this sec-3 tion shall be construed to prevent a community health center from contracting with a federally cer-5 tified rural health clinic (as defined by section 6 1861(aa)(2) of the Social Security Act) for the deliv-7 ery of primary health care and other mental, dental, 8 and physical health services that are available at the 9 rural health clinic to individuals who would other-10 wise be eligible for free or reduced cost care if that 11 individual were able to obtain that care at the com-12 munity health center. Such services may be limited 13 in scope to those primary health care and other 14 mental, dental, and physical health services available 15 in that rural health clinic.

- "(2) Enabling services.—To the extent possible, enabling services such as transportation and language assistance (including translation and interpretation) shall be provided by rural health clinics described in paragraph (1).
- "(3) Assurances.—In order for a rural health clinic to receive funds under this section through a contract with a community health center for the delivery of primary health care and other services de-

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1	scribed in paragraph (1), such rural health clinic
2	shall establish policies to ensure—
3	"(A) nondiscrimination based upon the
4	ability of a patient to pay;
5	"(B) the establishment of a sliding fee
6	scale for low-income patients; and
7	"(C) any such services should be subject to
8	full reimbursement according to the Prospective
9	Payment System scale.".
10	SEC. 418. FACILITATING THE PROVISION OF TELEHEALTH
11	SERVICES ACROSS STATE LINES.
12	(a) In General.—For purposes of expediting the
13	provision of telehealth services, for which payment is made
14	under the Medicare Program, across State lines, the Sec-
15	retary of Health and Human Services shall, in consulta-
16	tion with representatives of States, physicians, health care
17	practitioners, and patient advocates, encourage and facili-
	practitioners, and patient advocates, encourage and facili- tate the adoption of provisions allowing for multistate
18	tate the adoption of provisions allowing for multistate
18 19	tate the adoption of provisions allowing for multistate practitioner practice across State lines.
18 19 20	tate the adoption of provisions allowing for multistate practitioner practice across State lines. (b) Definitions.—In subsection (a):
18 19 20 21	tate the adoption of provisions allowing for multistate practitioner practice across State lines. (b) Definitions.—In subsection (a): (1) Telehealth service.—The term "tele-

1	(2) Physician, practitioner.—The terms
2	"physician" and "practitioner" have the meaning
3	given those terms in subparagraphs (D) and (E), re-
4	spectively, of such section.
5	(3) Medicare Program.—The term "Medicare
6	Program' means the program of health insurance
7	administered by the Secretary of Health and Human
8	Services under title XVIII of the Social Security Act
9	(42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq.).
10	SEC. 419. SCORING OF PREVENTIVE HEALTH SAVINGS.
11	Section 202 of the Congressional Budget and Im-
12	poundment Control Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 602) is amend-
13	ed by adding at the end the following new subsection:
14	"(h) Scoring of Preventive Health Savings.—
15	"(1) Determination by the director.—
16	Upon a request by the chairman or ranking minority
17	member of the Committee on the Budget of the Sen-
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ices.

1	"(2) Projections.—If the Director determines
2	that a measure would result in substantial reduc-
3	tions in budget outlays as described in paragraph
4	(1), the Director—
5	"(A) shall include, in any projection pre-
6	pared by the Director, a description and esti-
7	mate of the reductions in budget outlays in the
8	budgetary outyears and a description of the
9	basis for such conclusions; and
10	"(B) may prepare a budget projection that
11	includes some or all of the budgetary outyears,
12	notwithstanding the time periods for projections
13	described in subsection (e) and sections 308,
14	402, and 424.
15	"(3) Definitions.—As used in this sub-
16	section—
17	"(A) the term 'preventive health' means an
18	action that focuses on the health of the public,
19	individuals, and defined populations in order to
20	protect, promote, and maintain health, wellness,
21	and functional ability, and prevent disease, dis-
22	ability, and premature death that is dem-
23	onstrated by credible and publicly available epi-
24	demiological projection models, incorporating

1	clinical trials or observational studies in hu-
2	mans, to avoid future health care costs; and
3	"(B) the term 'budgetary outyears' means
4	the 2 consecutive 10-year periods beginning
5	with the first fiscal year that is 10 years after
6	the budget year provided for in the most re-
7	cently agreed to concurrent resolution on the
8	budget.".
9	SEC. 420. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON MAINTENANCE OF EF-
10	FORT PROVISIONS REGARDING CHILDREN'S
11	HEALTH.
12	It is the sense of the Congress that—
13	(1) the maintenance of effort provisions added
14	to sections 1902 and 2105(d) of the Social Security
15	Act by sections 2001(b) and 2101(b) of the Patient
16	Protection and Affordable Care Act were written to
17	maintain the eligibility standards for the Medicaid
18	program under title XIX of the Social Security Act
19	and Children's Health Insurance Program under
20	title XXI of such Act until the American Health
21	Benefit Exchanges in the States are fully oper-
22	ational;
23	(2) it is imperative that the maintenance of ef-
24	fort provisions are enforced to the strict standard in-

1	tended by the Congress through September 30.
2	2022;
3	(3) waiving the maintenance of effort provisions
4	should not be permitted, except in the case of a re-
5	quest for a waiver that meets the explicit non-
6	application requirements;
7	(4) the maintenance of effort provisions ensure
8	the continued success of the Medicaid program and
9	Children's Health Insurance Program and were writ-
10	ten deliberately to specifically protect vulnerable and
11	disabled individuals, children, and senior citizens,
12	many of whom are also members of communities of
13	color; and
14	(5) the maintenance of effort provisions must
15	be strictly enforced and proposals to weaken the
16	maintenance of effort provisions must not be consid-
17	ered.
18	SEC. 421. REPEAL OF REQUIREMENT FOR DOCUMENTA
19	TION EVIDENCING CITIZENSHIP OR NATION
20	ALITY UNDER THE MEDICAID PROGRAM.
21	(a) Repeal.—Subsections (i)(22) and (x) of section
22	1903 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396b) are
23	each repealed.
24	(b) Conforming Amendments

1	(1) Section 1902 of the Social Security Act (42)
2	U.S.C. 1396a) is amended—
3	(A) by amending paragraph (46) of sub-
4	section (a) to read as follows:
5	"(46) provide that information is requested and
6	exchanged for purposes of income and eligibility
7	verification in accordance with a State system which
8	meets the requirements of section 1137 of this
9	Act;";
10	(B) in subsection (e)(13)(A)(i)—
11	(i) in the matter preceding subclause
12	(I), by striking "sections 1902(a)(46)(B)
13	and 1137(d)" and inserting "section
14	1137(d)"; and
15	(ii) in subclause (IV), by striking
16	"1902(a)(46)(B) or"; and
17	(C) by striking subsection (ee).
18	(2) Section 1903 of the Social Security Act (42
19	U.S.C. 1396b) is amended—
20	(A) in subsection (i), by redesignating
21	paragraphs (23) through (26) as paragraphs
22	(22) through (25), respectively; and
23	(B) by redesignating subsections (y) and
24	(z) as subsections (x) and (v), respectively.

- 1 (3) Subsection (c) of section 6036 of the Deficit
- 2 Reduction Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 1396b note) is re-
- 3 pealed.
- 4 (c) Effective Date.—The repeals and amend-
- 5 ments made by this section shall take effect as if included
- 6 in the enactment of the Deficit Reduction Act of 2005.

7 SEC. 422. PROTECTION OF THE HHS OFFICES OF MINORITY

- 8 HEALTH.
- 9 (a) In General.—Pursuant to the Patient Protec-
- 10 tion and Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111–148), the
- 11 Offices of Minority Health established within the Centers
- 12 for Disease Control and Prevention, the Health Resources
- 13 and Services Administration, the Substance Abuse and
- 14 Mental Health Services Administration, the Agency for
- 15 Healthcare Research and Quality, the Food and Drug Ad-
- 16 ministration, and the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid
- 17 Services, are offices that, regardless of change in the
- 18 structure of the Department of Health and Human Serv-
- 19 ices, shall report to the Secretary of Health and Human
- 20 Services.
- 21 (b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of the
- 22 Congress that any effort to eliminate or consolidate such
- 23 Offices of Minority Health undermines the progress
- 24 achieved so far.

1	SEC. 423. OFFICE OF MINORITY HEALTH IN VETERANS
2	HEALTH ADMINISTRATION OF DEPARTMENT
3	OF VETERANS AFFAIRS.
4	(a) Establishment and Functions.—Subchapter
5	I of chapter 73 of title 38, United States Code, is amended
6	by adding at the end the following new section:
7	"§ 7310. Office of Minority Health
8	"(a) Establishment.—There is established in the
9	Department within the Office of the Under Secretary for
10	Health an office to be known as the 'Office of Minority
11	Health' (in this section referred to as the 'Office').
12	"(b) Head.—The Director of the Office of Minority
13	Health shall be the head of the Office. The Director of
14	the Office of Minority Health shall be appointed by the
15	Under Secretary of Health from among individuals quali-
16	fied to perform the duties of the position.
17	"(c) Functions.—The functions of the Office are as
18	follows:
19	"(1) To establish short-range and long-range
20	goals and objectives and coordinate all other activi-
21	ties within the Veterans Health Administration that
22	relate to disease prevention, health promotion, health
23	care services delivery, and health care research con-
24	cerning veterans who are members of a racial or eth-
25	nic minority group.

- "(2) To support research, demonstrations, and evaluations to test new and innovative models for the discharge of activities described in paragraph (1).
 - "(3) To increase knowledge and understanding of health risk factors for veterans who are members of a racial or ethnic minority group.
 - "(4) To develop mechanisms that support better health care information dissemination, education, prevention, and services delivery to veterans from disadvantaged backgrounds, including veterans who are members of a racial or ethnic minority group.
 - "(5) To enter into contracts or agreements with appropriate public and nonprofit private entities to develop and carry out programs to provide bilingual or interpretive services to assist veterans who are members of a racial or ethnic minority group and who lack proficiency in speaking the English language in accessing and receiving health care services through the Veterans Health Administration.
 - "(6) To carry out programs to improve access to health care services through the Veterans Health Administration for veterans with limited proficiency in speaking the English language, including the de-

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1	velopment and evaluation of demonstration and pilot
2	projects for that purpose.
3	"(7) To advise the Under Secretary of Health
4	on matters relating to the development, implementa-
5	tion, and evaluation of health professions education
6	in decreasing disparities in health care outcomes be-
7	tween veterans who are members of a racial or eth-
8	nic minority group and other veterans, including cul-
9	tural competency as a method of eliminating such
10	health disparities.
11	"(8) To perform such other functions and du-
12	ties as the Secretary or the Under Secretary for
13	Health considers appropriate.
14	"(d) Definitions.—In this section:
15	"(1) The term 'racial or ethnic minority group'
16	means any of the following:
17	"(A) American Indians (including Alaska
18	Natives, Eskimos, and Aleuts).
19	"(B) Asian Americans.
20	"(C) Native Hawaiians and other Pacific
21	Islanders.
22	"(D) Blacks.
23	"(E) Hispanics.
24	"(2) The term 'Hispanic' means individuals
25	whose origin is Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Cen-

1	tral or South American, or any other Spanish-speak			
2	ing country.".			
3	(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections			
4	at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting			
5	after the item relating to section 7309A the following new			
6	item:			
	"7310. Office of Minority Health.".			
7	SEC. 424. INDIAN DEFINED IN PPACA.			
8	(a) Definition of Indian.—Section 1304 of the			
9	Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (42 U.S.C.			
10	18024) is amended by adding at the end the following:			
11	"(f) Indian.—			
12	"(1) In general.—In this title, the term 'In-			
13	dian' means any individual—			
14	"(A) described in paragraph (13) or (28)			
15	of section 4 of the Indian Health Care Improve-			
16	ment Act (25 U.S.C. 1603);			
17	"(B) who is eligible for health services pro-			
18	vided by the Indian Health Service under sec-			
19	tion 809 of the Indian Health Care Improve-			
20	ment Act (25 U.S.C. 1679);			
21	"(C) who is of Indian descent and belongs			
22	to the Indian community served by the local fa-			
23	cilities and program of the Indian Health Serv-			
24	ice; or			
25	"(D) who is described in paragraph (2).			

1	"(2) Included individuals.—The following
2	individuals shall be considered to be an 'Indian':
3	"(A) A member of a federally recognized
4	Indian Tribe.
5	"(B) A resident of an urban center who
6	meets 1 or more of the following 4 criteria:
7	"(i) Membership in a Tribe, band, or
8	other organized group of Indians, including
9	those Tribes, bands, or groups terminated
10	since 1940 and those recognized as of the
11	date of enactment of the Health Equity
12	and Accountability Act of 2018 or later by
13	the State in which they reside, or being a
14	descendant, in the first or second degree,
15	of any such member.
16	"(ii) Is an Eskimo or Aleut or other
17	Alaska Native.
18	"(iii) Is considered by the Secretary of
19	the Interior to be an Indian for any pur-
20	pose.
21	"(iv) Is determined to be an Indian
22	under regulations promulgated by the Sec-
23	retary.

1	"(C) An individual who is considered by
2	the Secretary of the Interior to be an Indian for
3	any purpose.
4	"(D) An individual who is considered by
5	the Secretary to be an Indian for purposes of
6	eligibility for Indian health care services, includ-
7	ing as a California Indian, Eskimo, Aleut, or
8	other Alaska Native.".
9	(b) Conforming Amendments.—
10	(1) Affordable choices health benefit
11	PLANS.—Section 1311(c)(6)(D) of the Patient Pro-
12	tection and Affordable Care Act (42 U.S.C.
13	18031(c)(6)(D)) is amended by striking "section 4
14	of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act" and
15	inserting "section 1304(f)".
16	(2) Reduced cost-sharing for individuals
17	ENROLLING IN QUALIFIED HEALTH PLANS.—Section
18	1402(d) of the Patient Protection and Affordable
19	Care Act (42 U.S.C. 18071(d)) is amended—
20	(A) in paragraph (1), in the matter pre-
21	ceding subparagraph (A), by striking "section
22	4(d) of the Indian Self-Determination and Edu-
23	cation Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 450b(d))" and
24	inserting "section 1304(f)"; and

1	(B) in paragraph (2), in the matter pre-
2	ceding subparagraph (A), by striking "(as so
3	defined)" and inserting "(as defined in section
4	1304(f))".
5	(3) Exemption from penalty for not
6	MAINTAINING MINIMUM ESSENTIAL COVERAGE.—
7	Section 5000A(e) of the Internal Revenue Code of
8	1986 is amended by striking paragraph (3) and in-
9	serting the following:
10	"(3) Indians.—Any applicable individual who
11	is an Indian (as defined in section 1304(f) of the
12	Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act).".
13	SEC. 425. STUDY OF DSH PAYMENTS TO ENSURE HOSPITAL
1314	SEC. 425. STUDY OF DSH PAYMENTS TO ENSURE HOSPITAL ACCESS FOR LOW-INCOME PATIENTS.
14	ACCESS FOR LOW-INCOME PATIENTS.
141516	ACCESS FOR LOW-INCOME PATIENTS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than January 1, 2019,
14 15 16 17	ACCESS FOR LOW-INCOME PATIENTS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than January 1, 2019, the Comptroller General of the United States shall con-
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14 15 16 17 18 19 20	ACCESS FOR LOW-INCOME PATIENTS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than January 1, 2019, the Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct a study on how certain amendments made by the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111–148) to titles XVIII and XIX of the Social Security Act affect the timely access to health care services for low-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	ACCESS FOR LOW-INCOME PATIENTS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than January 1, 2019, the Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct a study on how certain amendments made by the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111–148) to titles XVIII and XIX of the Social Security Act affect the timely access to health care services for low-income patients. Such study shall—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	ACCESS FOR LOW-INCOME PATIENTS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than January 1, 2019, the Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct a study on how certain amendments made by the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111–148) to titles XVIII and XIX of the Social Security Act affect the timely access to health care services for low-income patients. Such study shall— (1) evaluate and examine whether States elect-

1	States making such an election through a waiver of
2	the State plan) to individuals described in such sec-
3	tion mitigates the need for payments to dispropor-
4	tionate share hospitals under section 1886(d)(5)(F)
5	of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
6	1395ww(d)(5)(F)) and section 1923 of such Act (42)
7	U.S.C. 1396r-4), including the impact of such
8	States electing to make medical assistance available
9	to such individuals on—
10	(A) the number of individuals in the
11	United States who are without health insurance
12	and the distribution of such individuals in rela-
13	tion to areas primarily served by dispropor-
14	tionate share hospitals; and
15	(B) the low-income utilization rate of such
16	hospitals and the resulting fiscal sustainability
17	of such hospitals;
18	(2) evaluate the appropriate level and distribu-
19	tion of such payments among disproportionate hos-
20	pitals for purposes of—
21	(A) sufficiently accounting for the level of
22	uncompensated care provided by such hospitals
23	to low-income patients; and

1	(B) providing timely access to health serv-
2	ices for individuals in medically underserved
3	areas; and
4	(3) assess, with respect to disproportionate hos-
5	pitals—
6	(A) the role played by such hospitals in
7	providing critical access to emergency, inpa-
8	tient, and outpatient health services, as well as
9	the location of such hospitals in relation to
10	medically underserved areas; and
11	(B) the extent to which such hospitals sat-
12	isfy the requirements established for charitable
13	hospital organizations under section 501(r) of
14	the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 with respect
15	to community health needs assessments, finan-
16	cial assistance policy requirements, limitations
17	on charges, and billing and collection require-
18	ments.
19	(b) Reports.—
20	(1) Report to congress.—Not later than
21	180 days after the date on which the study under
22	subsection (a) is completed, the Comptroller General
23	of the United States shall submit to the Committee
24	on Energy and Commerce of the House of Rep-

resentatives and the Committee on Health, Edu-

1	cation, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate a report
2	that contains—
3	(A) the results of the study;
4	(B) recommendations to Congress for any
5	legislative changes to the payments to dis-
6	proportionate share hospitals under section
7	1886(d)(5)(F) of the Social Security Act (42
8	U.S.C. 1395 ww(d)(5)(F)) and section 1923 of
9	such Act (42 U.S.C. 1396r-4) that are needed
10	to ensure access to health services for low-in-
11	come patients that—
12	(i) are based on the number of indi-
13	viduals without health insurance, the
14	amount of uncompensated care provided by
15	such hospitals, and the impact of reduced
16	payments levels on low-income commu-
17	nities; and
18	(ii) takes into account any reports
19	submitted by the Secretary of the Treas-
20	ury, in consultation with the Secretary of
21	Health and Human Services, to Congres-
22	sional committees regarding the costs in-
23	curred by charitable hospital organizations
24	for charity care, bad debt, nonreimbursed
25	expenses for services provided to individ-

1	uals under the Medicare Program under
2	title XVIII of the Social Security Act and
3	the Medicaid Program under title XIX of
4	such Act, and any community benefit ac-
5	tivities provided by such organizations.

- (2) Report to the Secretary of Health and Human Services.—Not later than 180 days after the date on which the study under subsection (a) is completed, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the Secretary of Health and Human Services a report that contains—
 - (A) the results of the study; and
 - (B) any recommendations for purposes of assisting in the development of the methodology for the adjustment of payments to disproportionate share hospitals, as required under section 1886(r) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395ww(r)) and the reduction of such payments section 1923(f)(7) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 1396r–4(f)(7)), taking into account the reports referred to in paragraph (1)(B)(ii).

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ı	SEC.	426.	ASSISTANT	SECRETARY	OF THE	INDIAN	HEALTH

- 2 SERVICE.
- 3 (a) References.—Any reference in a law, regula-
- 4 tion, document, paper, or other record of the United
- 5 States to the Director of the Indian Health Service shall
- 6 be deemed to be a reference to the Assistant Secretary
- 7 of the Indian Health Service.
- 8 (b) EXECUTIVE SCHEDULE.—Section 5315 of title 5,
- 9 United States Code, is amended in the matter relating to
- 10 the Assistant Secretaries of Health and Human Services
- 11 by striking "(6)" and inserting "(7), 1 of whom shall be
- 12 the Assistant Secretary of the Indian Health Service".
- 13 (c) Conforming Amendment.—Section 5316 of
- 14 title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking "Direc-
- 15 tor, Indian Health Service, Department of Health and
- 16 Human Services.".
- 17 SEC. 427. REAUTHORIZATION OF THE NATIVE HAWAIIAN
- 18 HEALTH CARE IMPROVEMENT ACT.
- 19 (a) Native Hawahan Health Care Systems.—
- 20 Section 6(h)(1) of the Native Hawaiian Health Care Im-
- 21 provement Act (42 U.S.C. 11705(h)(1)) is amended by
- 22 striking "may be necessary for fiscal years 1993 through
- 23 2019" and inserting "are necessary".
- 24 (b) Administrative Grant for Papa Ola
- 25 Lokahi.—Section 7(b) of the Native Hawaiian Health
- 26 Care Improvement Act (42 U.S.C. 11706(b)) is amended

- 1 by striking "may be necessary for fiscal years 1993
- 2 through 2019" and inserting "are necessary".
- 3 (c) Native Hawahian Health Scholarships.—
- 4 Section 10(c) of the Native Hawaiian Health Care Im-
- 5 provement Act (42 U.S.C. 11709(c)) is amended by strik-
- 6 ing "may be necessary for fiscal years 1993 through
- 7 2019" and inserting "are necessary".
- 8 SEC. 428. AVAILABILITY OF NON-ENGLISH LANGUAGE
- 9 SPEAKING PROVIDERS.
- 10 (a) In General.—Section 1311(c)(1)(B) of the Pa-
- 11 tient Protection and Affordable Care Act (42 U.S.C.
- 12 18031(c)(1)(B)) is amended by inserting before the semi-
- 13 colon the following: "and, with respect to such providers,
- 14 a provider's ability to provide care in a language other
- 15 than English either through the provider speaking such
- 16 language or by the provider having a trained medical in-
- 17 terpreter, as defined in subsection (b) of this section, who
- 18 speaks such language available during office hours".
- 19 (b) Qualified Interpreter for an Individual
- 20 WITH LIMITED-ENGLISH PROFICIENCY, DEFINED.—The
- 21 term "Qualified interpreter for an individual with limited-
- 22 English proficiency" means an interpreter who via a re-
- 23 mote interpreting service or an on-site appearance—
- 24 (1) adheres to generally accepted interpreter
- ethics principles, including client confidentiality;

1	(2) has demonstrated proficiency in speaking
2	and understanding both spoken English and at least
3	one other spoken language; and
4	(3) is able to interpret effectively, accurately,
5	and impartially, both receptively and expressly, to
6	and from such language(s) and English, using any
7	necessary specialized vocabulary, terminology and
8	phraseology.
9	(c) Effective Date.—The amendment made by
10	subsection (a) shall apply for plan years beginning more
11	than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act.
12	SEC. 429. ACCESS TO ESSENTIAL COMMUNITY PROVIDERS.
13	(a) Essential Community Providers.—Section
14	1311(c)(1)(C) of the Patient Protection and Affordable
15	Care Act (42 U.S.C. 18031(e)(1)(C)) is amended—
16	(1) by inserting "(i)" after "(C)"; and
17	(2) by adding at the end the following new
18	clauses:
19	"(ii) not later than 2018, increase the per-
20	centage of essential community providers in-
21	cluded in its network by 10 percent annually
22	(based on the level in the plan for 2016) until
23	90 percent of all federally qualified health cen-
24	ters and 75 percent of all other essential com-

1	munity providers in the contract service area
2	are in-network; and
3	"(iii) include one of each type of essential
4	community provider in network in each county
5	in their service area, where available;".
6	(b) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—Section
7	1311(e)(3) of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care
8	Act (42 U.S.C. 18031(e)(3)(A)) is amended by adding at
9	the end the following new subparagraph:
10	"(E) Data on essential community
11	PROVIDERS.—The Secretary shall require quali-
12	fied health plans to submit annually to the Sec-
13	retary data on the percentage of essential com-
14	munity providers, by county, that contract with
15	each qualified health plan offered in that county
16	and the percentage of essential community pro-
17	viders, by type, that contract with each quali-
18	fied health plan offered in that county. Data so
19	submitted shall be made available to the general
20	public''.
21	(c) Essential Community Provider Provisions
22	APPLIED UNDER MEDICARE AND MEDICAID.—
23	(1) Medicare.—Section 1852(d)(1) of the So-
24	cial Security Act (42 U.S.C.1395w-22(d)(1)) is
25	amended—

1	(A) by striking "and" at the end of sub-
2	paragraph (D);
3	(B) by striking the period at the end of
4	subparagraph (E) and inserting "; and; and
5	(C) by adding at the end the following new
6	subparagraph:
7	"(F) the plan meets the requirements of
8	clauses (ii) and (iii) of section $1311(c)(1)(C)$ of
9	the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act
10	(relating to inclusion in networks of essential
11	community providers).".
12	(2) Medicaid.—Section 1932(b)(5) of the So-
13	cial Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396u–2(b)(5)) is
14	amended—
15	(A) by striking "and" at the end of sub-
16	paragraph (A);
17	(B) by striking the period at the end of
18	subparagraph (B) and inserting "; and; and
19	(C) by adding at the end the following new
20	subparagraph:
21	"(C) the plan meets the requirements of
22	clauses (ii) and (iii) of section $1311(c)(1)(C)$ of
23	the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act
24	(relating to inclusion in networks of essential

1	community providers) with respect to services
2	offered in the service area involved.".
3	SEC. 430. PROVIDER NETWORK ADEQUACY IN COMMU-
4	NITIES OF COLOR.
5	(a) In General.—Section 1311(c)(1)(B) of the Pa-
6	tient Protection and Affordable Care Act (42 U.S.C.
7	18031(c)(1)(B)) is amended—
8	(1) by inserting "(i)" after "(B)"; and
9	(2) by adding at the end the following the fol-
10	lowing new clauses:
11	"(ii) meet such network adequacy
12	standards as the Secretary may establish
13	with regard to—
14	"(I) appointment wait time;
15	"(II) travel time and distance to
16	health care provider facilities and pro-
17	viders by public and private transit;
18	"(III) hours of operation to ac-
19	commodate individuals who cannot
20	come to provider appointments during
21	standard business hours; and
22	"(IV) other network adequacy
23	standards to ensure that care through
24	these plans is accessible to diverse

1	communities, including those who are
2	limited-English proficient; and
3	"(iii) provide coverage for services for
4	enrollees through out-of-network providers
5	at no additional cost to the enrollees in
6	cases where in-network providers are un-
7	able to comply with the standards estab-
8	lished under clause subclause (III) or (IV)
9	of clause (ii) for such services and the out-
10	of-network providers can deliver such serv-
11	ices in compliance with such standards.
12	"(b) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
13	subsection (a) shall apply to plan years beginning more
14	than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act.".
15	SEC. 431. IMPROVING ACCESS TO DENTAL CARE.
16	(a) Reports to Congress.—
17	(1) GAO REPORT ON DENTAL THERAPIST PRO-
18	GRAMS.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the
19	enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of
20	the United States shall submit to Congress a report
21	on the Alaska Dental Health Aide Therapists Pro-
22	gram and the Dental Therapist and Advanced Den-
23	tal Therapist programs in Minnesota, to assess den-
24	tal therapists' effectiveness in—

1	(A) improving access to timely dental care
2	among communities of color;
3	(B) providing high quality care; and
4	(C) providing culturally competent care.
5	(2) GAO REPORT OF EXPANDING SCOPE OF
6	CERTAIN PRACTICES.—The GAO shall also report on
7	state variations in use of dental hygienists and as-
8	sess the effectiveness of expanding the scope of prac-
9	tice for hygienists in—
10	(A) improving access to timely dental care
11	among communities of color;
12	(B) providing high quality care; and
13	(C) providing culturally competent care.
14	(3) HRSA REPORT ON DENTAL SHORTAGE
15	AREAS.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the
16	enactment of this Act, the Secretary, acting through
17	the Administrator of the Health Resources Service
18	Administration, shall submit to Congress a report
19	which details geographic dental access shortages and
20	the preparedness of dental providers to offer cul-
21	turally and linguistically appropriate, affordable, ac-
22	cessible, and timely services.
23	(b) Expansion of Dental Health Aid Thera-
24	PISTS IN TRIBAL COMMUNITIES.—Section 119(d) of the

1	Indian Health Care Improvement Act (U.S.C. 1616l(d))
2	is amended—
3	(1) in paragraph (2), by striking "Subject to"
4	and all that follows and inserting "Subject to para-
5	graph (3), in establishing a national program under
6	paragraph (1), the Secretary shall not reduce the
7	amounts provided for the Community Health Aide
8	Program described in subsections (a) and (b).";
9	(2) by striking paragraph (3); and
10	(3) by redesignating paragraph (4) as para-
11	graph (3).
12	(e) Coverage of Dental Services Under the
13	Medicare Program.—
14	(1) Coverage.—Section 1861(s)(2) of the So-
15	cial Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395x(s)(2)) is amend-
16	ed —
17	(A) in subparagraph (EE), by striking
18	"and" after the semicolon at the end;
19	(B) in subparagraph (FF), by adding
20	"and" after the semicolon at the end; and
21	(C) by adding at the end the following new
22	subparagraph:
23	"(GG) oral health services (as defined in
24	subsection (kkk);".

1	(2) Oral Health Services Defined.—Sec-
2	tion 1861 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
3	1395x), as amended by sections 205(b) and 433(a),
4	is amended by adding at the end the following new
5	subsection:
6	"Oral Health Services
7	"(kkk)(1) The term 'oral health services' means serv-
8	ices (as defined by the Secretary) that are necessary to
9	prevent disease and promote oral health, restore oral
10	structures to health and function, and treat emergency
11	conditions.
12	"(2) For purposes of paragraph (1), such term shall
13	include mobile and portable oral health services (as de-
14	fined by the Secretary) that—
15	"(A) are provided for the purpose of over-
16	coming mobility, transportation, and access barriers
17	for individuals; and
18	"(B) satisfy the standards and certification re-
19	quirements established under section 1902(a)(82)(B)
20	for the State in which the services are provided.".
21	(3) Payment and coinsurance.—Section
22	1833(a)(1) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
23	1395l(a)(1)) is amended—
24	(A) by striking "and" before "(Z)" and

1	(B) by inserting before the semicolon at
2	the end the following: ", and (AA) with respect
3	to oral health services (as defined in section
4	1861(kkk)), the amount paid shall be (i) in the
5	case of such services that are preventive, 100
6	percent of the lesser of the actual charge for
7	the services or the amount determined under
8	the payment basis determined under section
9	1848, and (ii) in the case of all other such serv-
10	ices, 80 percent of the lesser of the actual
11	charge for the services or the amount deter-
12	mined under the payment basis determined
13	under section 1848".
14	(4) Payment under physician fee sched-
15	ULE.—Section 1848(j)(3) of the Social Security Act
16	(42 U.S.C. $1395w-4(j)(3)$) is amended by inserting
17	"(2)(GG)," after "risk assessment),".
18	(5) Dentures.—Section 1861(s)(8) of the So-
19	cial Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395x(s)(8)) is amend-
20	ed —
21	(A) by striking "(other than dental)" and
22	inserting "(including dentures)"; and
23	(B) by striking "internal body".
24	(6) Repeal of ground for exclusion.—
25	Section 1862(a) of the Social Security Act (42

1	U.S.C. 1395y) is amended by striking paragraph
2	(12).
3	(7) Effective date.—The amendments made
4	by this section shall apply to services furnished on
5	or after January 1, 2019.
6	(d) Coverage of Dental Services Under the
7	Medicaid Program.—
8	(1) In general.—Section 1905 of the Social
9	Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396d) is amended—
10	(A) in subsection (a)(10), by striking "den-
11	tal services" and inserting "oral health services
12	(as defined in subsection (ee)(1))"; and
13	(B) by adding at the end the following new
14	subsection:
15	"(ee)(1) Subject to paragraphs (2) and (3), for pur-
16	poses of this title, the term 'oral health services' means
17	services (as defined by the Secretary) that are necessary
18	to prevent disease and promote oral health, restore oral
19	structures to health and function, and treat emergency
20	conditions. These services shall include, in the case of
21	pregnant or postpartum women, such services as are nec-
22	essary to address oral health conditions that exist or are
23	exacerbated by pregnancy or childbirth or which, if left
24	untreated, could adversely affect fetal or child develop-
25	ment

1	"(2) For purposes of paragraph (1), such term shall
2	include—
3	"(A) dentures; and
4	"(B) mobile and portable oral health services
5	(as defined by the Secretary) that—
6	"(i) are provided for the purpose of over-
7	coming mobility, transportation, and access bar-
8	riers for individuals; and
9	"(ii) satisfy the standards and certification
10	requirements established under section
11	1902(a)(82)(C) for the State in which the serv-
12	ices are provided.
13	"(3) For purposes of paragraph (1), such term shall
14	not apply to dental care or services provided to individuals
15	under the age of 21 under subsection $(r)(3)$.".
16	(2) Conforming amendments.—
17	(A) STATE PLAN REQUIREMENTS.—Section
18	1902(a) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
19	1396a(a)) is amended—
20	(i) in paragraph (10)(A), in the mat-
21	ter preceding clause (i), by inserting
22	"(10)," after "(5),";
23	(ii) in paragraph (80), by striking
24	"and" at the end;

1	(iii) in paragraph (81), by striking the
2	period at the end and inserting "; and";
3	and
4	(iv) by inserting after paragraph (81)
5	the following:
6	"(82) provide for—
7	"(A) informing, in writing, all individuals
8	who have been determined to be eligible for
9	medical assistance of the availability of oral
10	health services (as defined in section 1905(ee));
11	"(B) conducting targeted outreach to preg-
12	nant women who have been determined to be el-
13	igible for medical assistance about the avail-
14	ability of medical assistance for such dental
15	services and the importance of receiving dental
16	care while pregnant; and
17	"(C) establishing and maintaining stand-
18	ards for and certification of mobile and portable
19	oral health services (as described in subsections
20	(r)(3)(C) and (ee)(2)(B) of section 1905).".
21	(B) Definition of Medical Assist-
22	ANCE.—Section 1905(a)(12) of the Social Secu-
23	rity Act (42 U.S.C. 1396d(a)(12)) is amended
24	by striking ", dentures,".

1	(3) Mobile and Portable oral Health
2	SERVICES UNDER EPSDT.—Section $1905(r)(3)$ of the
3	Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396d(r)(3)) is
4	amended—
5	(A) in subparagraph (A)(ii), by striking ";
6	and" and inserting a semicolon;
7	(B) in subparagraph (B), by striking the
8	period at the end and inserting "; and; and
9	(C) by adding at the end the following new
10	subparagraph:
11	"(C) which shall include mobile and port-
12	able or al health services (as defined by the Sec-
13	retary) that—
14	"(i) are provided for the purpose of
15	overcoming mobility, transportation, or ac-
16	cess barriers for children; and
17	"(ii) satisfy the standards and certifi-
18	cation requirements established under sec-
19	tion 1902(a)(82)(C) for the State in which
20	the services are provided.".
21	(e) Oral Health Services as an Essential
22	Health Benefit.—Section 1302(b) of the Patient Pro-
23	tection and Affordable Care Act (42 U.S.C. 18022(b)) is
24	amended—
25	(1) in paragraph (1)—

1	(A) in subparagraph (J), by striking "oral
2	and"; and
3	(B) by adding at the end the following:
4	"(K) Oral health services for children and
5	adults."; and
6	(2) by adding at the end the following:
7	"(6) Oral health services.—For purposes
8	of paragraph (1)(K), the term 'oral health services'
9	means services (as defined by the Secretary), that
10	are necessary to prevent disease and promote oral
11	health, restore oral structures to health and func-
12	tion, and treat emergency conditions.".
13	(f) Demonstration Program on Training and
14	EMPLOYMENT OF ALTERNATIVE DENTAL HEALTH CARE
15	PROVIDERS FOR DENTAL HEALTH CARE SERVICES FOR
16	VETERANS IN RURAL AND OTHER UNDERSERVED COM-
17	MUNITIES.—
18	(1) Demonstration program authorized.—
19	The Secretary of Veterans Affairs may carry out a
20	demonstration program to establish programs to
21	train and employ alternative dental health care pro-
22	viders in order to increase access to dental health
23	care services for veterans who are entitled to such
24	services from the Department of Veterans Affairs

- 1 and reside in rural and other underserved commu-2 nities.
 - (2) Telehealth.—For purposes of alternative dental health care providers and other dental care providers who are licensed to provide clinical care, dental services provided under the demonstration program under this section may be administered by such providers through telehealth-enabled collaboration and supervision when appropriate and feasible.
 - (3) ALTERNATIVE DENTAL HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS DEFINED.—In this section, the term "alternative dental health care providers" has the meaning given that term in section 340G–1(a)(2) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 256g–1(a)(2)).
 - (4) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
 There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out the demonstration program under this subsection.
- 19 (g) Demonstration Program on Training and
- 20 Employment of Alternative Dental Health Care
- 21 Providers for Dental Health Care Services for
- 22 Members of the Armed Forces and Dependents
- 23 Lacking Ready Access to Such Services.—
- 24 (1) Demonstration program authorized.—
- The Secretary of Defense may carry out a dem-

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- onstration program to establish programs to train and employ alternative dental health care providers in order to increase access to dental health care services for members of the Armed Forces and their dependents who lack ready access to such services, including the following:
 - (A) Members and dependents who reside in rural areas or areas otherwise underserved by dental health care providers.
 - (B) Members of the National Guard and Reserves in active status who are potentially deployable.
 - (2) Telehealth.—For purposes of alternative dental health care providers and other dental care providers who are licensed to provide clinical care, dental services provided under the demonstration program under this section may be administered by such providers through telehealth-enabled collaboration and supervision when appropriate and feasible.
 - (3) ALTERNATIVE DENTAL HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS DEFINED.—In this section, the term "alternative dental health care providers" has the meaning given that term in section 340G–1(a)(2) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 256g–1(a)(2)).

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1	(4) Authorization of appropriations.—
2	There are authorized to be appropriated such sums
3	as are necessary to carry out the demonstration pro-
4	gram under this subsection.
5	(h) Demonstration Program on Training and
6	EMPLOYMENT OF ALTERNATIVE DENTAL HEALTH CARE
7	PROVIDERS FOR DENTAL HEALTH CARE SERVICES FOR
8	PRISONERS WITHIN THE CUSTODY OF THE BUREAU OF
9	Prisons.—
10	(1) Demonstration program authorized.—
11	The Attorney General, acting through the Director
12	of the Bureau of Prisons, may carry out a dem-
13	onstration program to establish programs to train
14	and employ alternative dental health care providers
15	in order to increase access to dental health services
16	for prisoners within the custody of the Bureau of
17	Prisons.
18	(2) Telehealth.—For purposes of alternative
19	dental health care providers and any other dental
20	care providers who are licensed to provide clinical
21	care, dental services provided under the demonstra-
22	tion program under this section may be administered
23	by such providers through telehealth-enabled collabo-

ration and supervision when deemed appropriate and

feasible.

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- 1 (3) ALTERNATIVE DENTAL HEALTH CARE PRO-2 VIDERS DEFINED.—In this section, the term "alter-3 native dental health care providers" has the meaning 4 given that term in section 340G–1(a)(2) of the Pub-5 lie Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 256g–1(a)(2)).
- 6 (4) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
 7 There are authorized to be appropriated such sums
 8 as are necessary to carry out the demonstration pro9 gram under this subsection.
- 10 (i) Demonstration Program on Training and 11 Employment of Alternative Dental Health Care 12 Providers for Dental Health Care Services 13 Under the Indian Health Service.—

(1) Demonstration program authorized.—
The Secretary of Health and Human Services, acting through the Indian Health Service, may carry out a demonstration program to establish programs to train and employ alternative dental health care providers in order to help eliminate oral health disparities and increase access to dental services through health programs operated by the Indian Health Service, Indian Tribes, Tribal organizations, and urban Indian organizations (as those terms are defined in section 4 of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act (25 U.S.C. 1603)).

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- 1 (2) TELEHEALTH.—For purposes of alternative 2 dental health care providers and any other dental 3 care providers who are licensed to provide clinical 4 care, dental services provided under the demonstra-5 tion program under this section may be administered 6 by such providers through telehealth-enabled collabo-7 ration and supervision when deemed appropriate and 8 feasible.
- 9 (3) ALTERNATIVE DENTAL HEALTH CARE PRO-10 VIDERS DEFINED.—In this section, the term "alter-11 native dental health care providers" has the meaning 12 given that term in section 340G–1(a)(2) of the Pub-13 lie Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 256g–1(a)(2)).
 - (4) Authorization of appropriations.—
 There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out the demonstration program under this subsection.

Subtitle C—Advancing Health Eq uity Through Payment and De livery Reform

- 21 SEC. 441. SENSE OF CONGRESS.
- It is the Sense of Congress that the sustainability of
- 23 the U.S. health care system hinges on restructuring how
- 24 health care is paid for, shifting away from paying for the
- 25 volume of services provided to the value the services pro-

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- 1 vide. High value care is care that provides higher quality
- 2 care more efficiently, achieving greater health improve-
- 3 ment and better health outcomes at lower cost (per patient
- 4 and overall). A high value health care system must deliver
- 5 timely, accessible, well-coordinated, high quality, culturally
- 6 centered, and language appropriate care to everyone.
- 7 Therefore, eliminating health disparities and achieving
- 8 health equity must be central to efforts to achieve a high
- 9 value health care system. This will require tailored inter-
- 10 ventions and targeted investments to address inequities in
- 11 health and health care to make sure that health care deliv-
- 12 ery and payment efforts are responsive to and inclusive
- 13 of the needs of communities of color and other commu-
- 14 nities experiencing disparities. New models of value-based
- 15 payment and care delivery should consider the holistic
- 16 needs of the patient population, including social deter-
- 17 minants of health and behavioral health needs.
- 18 SEC. 442. CENTERS FOR MEDICARE & MEDICAID SERVICES
- 19 QUALITY PAYMENT PROGRAM.
- 20 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Centers for Medicare & Med-
- 21 icaid Services Quality Payment Program, developed
- 22 through implementation of the Medicare Access and CHIP
- 23 Reauthorization Act of 2015, should explicitly integrate
- 24 "achieving health equity" across all measures and activi-
- 25 ties, including the Merit-based Payment Incentive System

- 1 and Alternative Payment Models. In addition, CMS should
- 2 identify limited-English proficient (LEP) persons as a spe-
- 3 cific underserved group within the program and give high
- 4 weight to providing language services for non-English
- 5 speakers. Clinicians can demonstrate performance in this
- 6 category by developing language assistance plans, pro-
- 7 viding oral interpretation services, and providing trans-
- 8 lated documents for the population served or eligible to
- 9 be served.
- 10 (b) STRATIFIED DATA.—CMS should include an ex-
- 11 plicit reference that data stratification and reporting is
- 12 one way of working to achieve health equity. CMS should
- 13 require that in reporting this measure, clinicians should
- 14 stratify clinical quality measures by disparity variables, in-
- 15 cluding race, ethnicity, preferred language, disability sta-
- 16 tus, sexual orientation, and gender identity, psychological
- 17 and behavioral status. Clinicians can use existing demo-
- 18 graphic data collection fields in CEHRT to do this. Strati-
- 19 fied data can help clinicians identify and distinguish ef-
- 20 forts to improve quality from efforts to reduce disparities,
- 21 which may not correlate without dedicated work. All par-
- 22 ticipating entities in the Quality Payment Program should
- 23 adopt 2015 Certified Electronic Health Records Tech-
- 24 nology as a condition of participating in the program.

- 1 (c) QUALITY IMPROVEMENT ACTIVITIES.—Further,
- 2 CMS, upon yearly review of the Quality Payment Pro-
- 3 gram, should add quality improvement activities that im-
- 4 plement the Culturally and Linguistically Accessible
- 5 Standards (CLAS) standards as Improvement Activities.
- 6 SEC. 443. DEVELOPMENT AND TESTING OF DISPARITY RE-
- 7 DUCING DELIVERY AND PAYMENT MODELS.
- 8 (a) In General.—The Center for Medicaid and
- 9 Medicare Innovation (CMMI) will establish a dedicated
- 10 fund to identify, pilot, evaluate and scale delivery and pay-
- 11 ment models that target health disparities among racial
- 12 and ethnic minorities, including models that support high-
- 13 value non-medical services that address socially-deter-
- 14 mined barriers to health including: English proficiency,
- 15 health literacy, case management, transportation and en-
- 16 rollment assistance which will help to reduce disparities
- 17 and impact the overall cost of care.
- 18 (b) PILOT PROGRAMS.—Pilot and demonstration pro-
- 19 grams that include partnerships with entities including
- 20 community based organizations or other non-profit entities
- 21 to help address socially determined barriers to health and
- 22 health care will be given priority.
- 23 (c) Alternatives.—Require all CMMI funded alter-
- 24 native delivery and payment models to include measures
- 25 to assess and track their impact on health disparities,

1	using	existing	measures	such	as,	but	not	limited	to,	the

- 2 National Quality Forum Healthcare Disparities and Cul-
- 3 tural Competency Measures, and stratified by race, eth-
- 4 nicity, English proficiency, gender identity, sexual orienta-
- 5 tion, and disability status.
- 6 SEC. 444. SUPPORTING SAFETY NET AND COMMUNITY-
- 7 BASED PROVIDERS TO COMPETE IN VALUE-
- 8 BASED PAYMENT SYSTEMS.
- 9 (a) In General.—All proposed pay for performance
- 10 and alternative payment models, developed and tested by
- 11 CMMI, or any other HHS agency should be assessed for
- 12 potential impact on safety net, community based, and crit-
- 13 ical access providers, including federally qualified health
- 14 centers.
- 15 (b) New Models.—The rollout of new payment
- 16 models should include training and additional up front re-
- 17 sources for community based and safety net providers to
- 18 enable them to participate in them.

19 Subtitle D—Health Empowerment

- Zones
- 21 SEC. 451. SHORT TITLE.
- This subtitle may be cited as the "Health Empower-
- 23 ment Zone Act of 2018".
- 24 SEC. 452. FINDINGS.
- The Congress finds the following:

- 1 (1) Numerous studies and reports, including
 2 the 2015 National Healthcare Disparities Report of
 3 the Administration on Healthcare Research and
 4 Quality and the 2002 Unequal Treatment Report of
 5 the Institute of Medicine, document the extensive6 ness to which health disparities exist across the
 7 country.
 - (2) These studies have found that, on average, racial and ethnic minorities are disproportionately afflicted with chronic and acute conditions—such as cancer, diabetes, musculoskeletal disease, obesity, and hypertension—and suffer worse health outcomes, worse health status, and higher mortality rates than their White counterparts.
 - (3) Several recent studies also show that health disparities are a function of not only access to health care, but also the social determinants of health—including the environment, the physical structure of communities, nutrition and food options, educational attainment and health literacy, employment, race, ethnicity, immigration status, geography, and language preference—that directly and indirectly affect the health, health care, and wellness of individuals and communities.

- 1 (4) Integrally involving and fully supporting the 2 communities most affected by health inequities in 3 the assessment, planning, launch, and evaluation of 4 health disparity elimination efforts are among the 5 leading recommendations made to adequately ad-6 dress and ultimately reduce health disparities.
- 7 (5) Recommendations also include supporting 8 the efforts of community stakeholders from a broad 9 cross section—including, but not limited to local 10 businesses, local departments of commerce, edu-11 cation, labor, urban planning, and transportation, 12 and community-based and other nonprofit organiza-13 tions, including national and regional intermediaries 14 with demonstrated capacity to serve low-income 15 urban communities—to find areas of common 16 ground around health disparity elimination and col-17 laborate to improve the overall health and wellness 18 of a community and its residents.

19 SEC. 453. DESIGNATION OF HEALTH EMPOWERMENT

- 20 ZONES.
- 21 (a) IN GENERAL.—At the request of an eligible com-
- 22 munity partnership, the Secretary may designate an eligi-
- 23 ble area as a health empowerment zone.
- 24 (b) ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA.—

1	(1) Eligible community partnership.—A
2	community partnership is eligible to submit a re-
3	quest under this section if the partnership—
4	(A) demonstrates widespread public sup-
5	port from key individuals and entities in the eli-
6	gible area, including members of the target
7	community, State and local governments, non-
8	profit organizations including national and re-
9	gional intermediaries with demonstrated capac-
10	ity to serve low-income urban communities, and
11	community and industry leaders, for designa-
12	tion of the eligible area as a health empower-
13	ment zone; and
14	(B) includes representatives of—
15	(i) a broad cross section of stake-
16	holders and residents from communities in
17	the eligible area experiencing dispropor-
18	tionate disparities in health status and
19	health care; and
20	(ii) organizations, facilities, and insti-
21	tutions that have a history of working
22	within and serving such communities.
23	(2) Eligible Area.—An area is eligible to be
24	designated as a health empowerment zone under this
25	section if one or more communities in the area expe-

1	rience disproportionate disparities in health status
2	and health care. In determining whether a commu-
3	nity experiences such disparities, the Secretary shall
4	consider the data collected by the Department of
5	Health and Human Services focusing on the fol-
6	lowing areas:
7	(A) Access to affordable, high-quality
8	health services.
9	(B) The prevalence of disproportionate
10	rates of certain illnesses or diseases including
11	the following:
12	(i) Arthritis, osteoporosis, chronic
13	back conditions, and other musculoskeletal
14	diseases.
15	(ii) Cancer.
16	(iii) Chronic kidney disease.
17	(iv) Diabetes.
18	(v) Injury (intentional and uninten-
19	tional).
20	(vi) Violence (intimate and non-
21	intimate).
22	(vii) Maternal and paternal illnesses
23	and diseases.
24	(viii) Infant mortality.

1	(ix) Mental illness and other disabil-
2	ities.
3	(x) Substance abuse treatment and
4	prevention, including underage drinking.
5	(xi) Nutrition, obesity, and overweight
6	conditions.
7	(xii) Heart disease.
8	(xiii) Hypertension.
9	(xiv) Cerebrovascular disease or
10	stroke.
11	(xv) Tuberculosis.
12	(xvi) HIV/AIDS and other sexually
13	transmitted infections.
14	(xvii) Viral hepatitis.
15	(xviii) Asthma.
16	(xix) Tooth decay and other oral
17	health issues.
18	(C) Within the target community, the his-
19	torical and persistent presence of conditions
20	that have been found to contribute to health
21	disparities including any such conditions re-
22	specting the following:
23	(i) Poverty.
24	(ii) Educational status and the quality
25	of community schools.

1	(iii) Income.
2	(iv) Access to high-quality affordable
3	health care.
4	(v) Work and work environment.
5	(vi) Environmental conditions in the
6	community, including with respect to clean
7	water, clean air, and the presence or ab-
8	sence of pollutants.
9	(vii) Language and English pro-
10	ficiency.
11	(viii) Access to affordable healthy
12	food.
13	(ix) Access to ethnically and culturally
14	diverse health and human service providers
15	and practitioners.
16	(x) Access to culturally and linguis-
17	tically competent health and human serv-
18	ices and health and human service pro-
19	viders.
20	(xi) Health-supporting infrastructure.
21	(xii) Health insurance that is ade-
22	quate and affordable.
23	(xiii) Race, racism, and bigotry (con-
24	scious and unconscious).
25	(xiv) Sexual orientation.

1	(xv) Health literacy.
2	(xvi) Place of residence (such as
3	urban areas, rural areas, and Tribal res-
4	ervations).
5	(xvii) Stress.
6	(c) Procedure.—
7	(1) Request.—A request under subsection (a)
8	shall—
9	(A) describe the bounds of the area to be
10	designated as a health empowerment zone and
11	the process used to select those bounds;
12	(B) demonstrate that the partnership sub-
13	mitting the request is an eligible community
14	partnership described in subsection (b)(1);
15	(C) demonstrate that the area is an eligible
16	area described in subsection (b)(2);
17	(D) include a comprehensive assessment of
18	disparities in health status and health care ex-
19	perience by one or more communities in the
20	area;
21	(E) set forth—
22	(i) a vision and a set of values for the
23	area; and
24	(ii) a comprehensive and holistic set of
25	goals to be achieved in the area through

1	designation as a health empowerment zone;
2	and
3	(F) include a strategic plan and an action
4	plan for achieving the goals described in sub-
5	paragraph (E)(ii).
6	(2) APPROVAL.—Not later than 60 days after
7	the receipt of a request for designation of an area
8	as a health empowerment zone under this section,
9	the Secretary shall approve or disapprove the re-
10	quest.
11	(d) MINIMUM NUMBER.—The Secretary—
12	(1) shall designate not more than 110 health
13	empowerment zones under this section; and
14	(2) shall designate at least one health empower-
15	ment zone in each of the several States, the District
16	of Columbia, and each territory or possession of the
17	United States.
18	SEC. 454. ASSISTANCE TO THOSE SEEKING DESIGNATION.
19	At the request of any organization or entity seeking
20	to submit a request under section 453(a), the Secretary
21	shall provide technical assistance, and may award a grant,
22	to assist such organization or entity—
23	(1) to form an eligible community partnership
24	described in section 453(b)(1);

1	(2) to complete a health assessment, including
2	an assessment of health disparities under section
3	453(c)(1)(D); or
4	(3) to prepare and submit a request, including
5	a strategic plan, in accordance with section 453.
6	SEC. 455. BENEFITS OF DESIGNATION.
7	(a) Priority.—In awarding any competitive grant,
8	a Federal official shall give priority to any applicant
9	that—
10	(1) meets the eligibility criteria for the grant;
11	(2) proposes to use the grant for activities in a
12	health empowerment zone; and
13	(3) demonstrates that such activities will di-
14	rectly and significantly further the goals of the stra-
15	tegic plan approved for such zone under section 453.
16	(b) Grants for Initial Implementation of
17	STRATEGIC PLAN.—
18	(1) In general.—Upon designating an eligible
19	area as a health empowerment zone at the request
20	of an eligible community partnership, the Secretary
21	shall, subject to the availability of appropriations,
22	make a grant to the community partnership for im-
23	plementation of the strategic plan for such zone.
24	(2) Grant period.—A grant under paragraph
25	(1) for a health empowerment zone shall be for a ne-

- riod of 2 years and may be renewed, except that the total period of grants under paragraph (1) for such zone may not exceed 10 years.
 - (3) LIMITATION.—In awarding grants under this subsection, the Secretary shall not give less priority to an applicant or reduce the amount of a grant because the Secretary rendered technical assistance or made a grant to the same applicant under section 454.
- 10 (4) Reporting.—The Secretary shall establish
 11 metrics for measuring the progress of grantees
 12 under this subsection and, based on such metrics,
 13 require each such grantee to report to the Secretary
 14 not less than every 6 months on the progress in im15 plementing the strategic plan for the health em16 powerment zone.

17 SEC. 456. DEFINITION.

- In this subtitle, the term "Secretary" means the Sec-19 retary of Health and Human Services, acting through the 20 Administrator of the Health Resources and Services Ad-
- 21 ministration and the Deputy Assistant Secretary for Mi-
- 22 nority Health, and in cooperation with the Director of the
- 23 Office of Community Services and the Director of the Na-
- 24 tional Institute for Minority Health and Health Dispari-
- 25 ties.

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SEC. 457. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

2	To carry out this subtitle, there is authorized to be
3	appropriated \$100,000,000 for fiscal year 2019.

Subtitle E—At-Risk Community

5 Coverage

6 SEC. 461. MEDICAID COVERAGE FOR CITIZENS OF FREELY

7 ASSOCIATED STATES.

8 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 402(b)(2) of the Personal 9 Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act 10 of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1612(b)(2)) is amended by adding at

11 the end the following new subparagraph:

"(G) Medicaid exception for citizens of freely associated states.—With respect to eligibility for benefits for the designated Federal program defined in paragraph (3)(C) (relating to the Medicaid program), section 401(a) and paragraph (1) shall not apply to any individual who lawfully resides in 1 of the 50 States or the District of Columbia in accordance with the Compacts of Free Association between the Government of the United States and the Governments of the Federated States of Micronesia, the Republic of the Marshall Islands, and the Republic of Palau and shall not apply, at the option of the Governor of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, the Northern Mariana

1	Islands, or American Samoa as communicated
2	to the Secretary of Health and Human Services
3	in writing, to any individual who lawfully re-
4	sides in the respective territory in accordance
5	with such Compacts.".
6	(b) Exception to 5-Year Limited Eligibility.—
7	Section 403(d) of such Act (8 U.S.C. 1613(d)) is amend-
8	ed—
9	(1) in paragraph (1), by striking "or" at the
10	end;
11	(2) in paragraph (2), by striking the period at
12	the end and inserting "; or"; and
13	(3) by adding at the end the following new
14	paragraph:
15	"(3) an individual described in section
16	402(b)(2)(G), but only with respect to the des-
17	ignated Federal program defined in section
18	402(b)(3)(C).".
19	(c) Definition of Qualified Alien.—Section
20	431(b) of such Act (8 U.S.C. 1641(b)) is amended—
21	(1) in paragraph (6), by striking "; or" at the
22	end and inserting a comma;
23	(2) in paragraph (7), by striking the period at
24	the end and inserting ", or"; and

1	(3) by adding at the end the following new
2	paragraph:
3	"(8) an individual who lawfully resides in the
4	United States in accordance with a Compact of Free
5	Association referred to in section 402(b)(2)(G), but
6	only with respect to the designated Federal program
7	defined in section 402(b)(3)(C) (relating to the Med-
8	icaid program).".
9	(d) Conforming Amendments.—Section 1108 of
10	the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1308) is amended—
11	(1) in subsection (f), in the matter preceding
12	paragraph (1), by striking "subsection (g)" and in-
13	serting "subsections (g) and (h)"; and
14	(2) by adding at the end the following:
15	"(h) Expenditures for medical assistance provided to
16	an individual described in section 431(b)(8) of the Per-
17	sonal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation
18	Act of 1996 shall not be taken into account for purposes
19	of applying payment limits under subsections (f) and
20	(g).".
21	(e) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
22	this section shall apply to benefits for items and services
23	furnished on or after the date of the enactment of this
24	Act.

1	SEC. 462. AT-RISK YOUTH MEDICALD PROTECTION.
2	(a) In General.—Section 1902 of the Social Secu-
3	rity Act (42 U.S.C. 1396a) is amended—
4	(1) in subsection (a)—
5	(A) by striking "and" at the end of para-
6	graph (82);
7	(B) by striking the period at the end of
8	paragraph (83) and inserting "; and; and
9	(C) by inserting after paragraph (83) the
10	following new paragraph:
11	"(84) provide that—
12	"(A) the State shall not terminate eligi-
13	bility for medical assistance under a State plan
14	for an individual who is an eligible juvenile (as
15	defined in subsection (nn)(2)) because the juve-
16	nile is an inmate of a public institution (as de-
17	fined in subsection (nn)(3)), but may suspend
18	coverage during the period the juvenile is such
19	an inmate;
20	"(B) the State shall restore coverage for
21	such medical assistance to such an individual
22	upon the individual's release from any such
23	public institution, without requiring a new ap-
24	plication from the individual, unless (and until

such date as) there is a determination that the

1	individual no longer meets the eligibility re-
2	quirements for such medical assistance; and
3	"(C) the State shall process any applica-
4	tion for medical assistance submitted by, or on
5	behalf of, a juvenile who is an inmate of a pub-
6	lic institution notwithstanding that the juvenile
7	is such an inmate."; and
8	(2) by adding at the end the following new sub-
9	section:
10	"(nn) Juvenile; Eligible Juvenile; Public In-
11	STITUTION.—For purposes of subsection (a)(84) and this
12	subsection:
13	"(1) JUVENILE.—The term 'juvenile' means an
14	individual who is—
15	"(A) under 21 years of age; or
16	"(B) is described in subsection
17	(a)(10)(A)(i)(IX).
18	"(2) ELIGIBLE JUVENILE.—The term 'eligible
19	juvenile' means a juvenile who is an inmate of a
20	public institution and was eligible for medical assist-
21	ance under the State plan immediately before be-
22	coming an inmate of such a public institution or who
23	becomes eligible for such medical assistance while an
24	inmate of a public institution.

1	"(3) Inmate of a public institution.—The
2	term 'inmate of a public institution' has the meaning
3	given such term for purposes of applying the sub-
4	division (A) following paragraph (29) of section
5	1905(a), taking into account the exception in such
6	subdivision for a patient of a medical institution.".
7	(b) No Change in Exclusion From Medical As-
8	SISTANCE FOR INMATES OF PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.—
9	Nothing in this section shall be construed as changing the
10	exclusion from medical assistance under the subdivision
11	(A) following paragraph (29) of section 1905(a) of the So-
12	cial Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396d(a)), including any ap-
13	plicable restrictions on a State submitting claims for Fed-
14	eral financial participation under title XIX of such Act
15	for such assistance.
16	(e) No Change in Continuity of Eligibility Be-
17	FORE ADJUDICATION OR SENTENCING.—Nothing in this
18	section shall be construed to mandate, encourage, or sug-
19	gest that a State suspend or terminate coverage for indi-
20	viduals before they have been adjudicated or sentenced.
21	(d) Effective Date.—
22	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
23	graph (2), the amendments made by subsection (a)
24	shall apply to eligibility of juveniles who become in-

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mates of public institutions on or after the date that is 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(2) Rule for changes requiring state LEGISLATION.—In the case of a State plan for medical assistance under title XIX of the Social Security Act which the Secretary of Health and Human Services determines requires State legislation (other than legislation appropriating funds) in order for the plan to meet the additional requirements imposed by the amendments made by subsection (a), the State plan shall not be regarded as failing to comply with the requirements of such title solely on the basis of its failure to meet these additional requirements before the first day of the first calendar quarter beginning after the close of the first regular session of the State legislature that begins after the date of the enactment of this Act. For purposes of the previous sentence, in the case of a State that has a 2-year legislative session, each year of such session shall be deemed to be a separate regular session of the State legislature.

1	TITLE V—IMPROVING HEALTH
2	OUTCOMES FOR WOMEN,
3	CHILDREN, AND FAMILIES
4	Subtitle A—In General
5	SEC. 501. GRANTS TO PROMOTE HEALTH FOR UNDER-
6	SERVED COMMUNITIES.
7	Part Q of title III of the Public Health Service Act
8	(42 U.S.C. 280g et seq.) is amended by adding at the end
9	the following:
10	"SEC. 399Z-3. GRANTS TO PROMOTE HEALTH FOR UNDER-
11	SERVED COMMUNITIES.
12	"(a) Grants Authorized.—The Secretary, in col-
13	laboration with the Administrator of the Health Resources
14	and Services Administration and other Federal officials
15	determined appropriate by the Secretary, is authorized to
16	award grants to eligible entities—
17	"(1) to promote health for underserved commu-
18	nities, with preference given to projects that benefit
19	racial and ethnic minority women, racial and ethnic
20	minority children, adolescents, and lesbian, gay, bi-
21	sexual, transgender, queer, or questioning commu-
22	nities; and
23	"(2) to strengthen health outreach initiatives in
24	medically underserved communities, including lin-
25	guistically isolated populations.

1	"(b) Use of Funds.—Grants awarded pursuant to
2	subsection (a) may be used to support the activities of
3	community health workers, including such activities—
4	"(1) to educate and provide outreach regarding
5	enrollment in health insurance including the State
6	Children's Health Insurance Program under title
7	XXI of the Social Security Act, Medicare under title
8	XVIII of such Act, and Medicaid under title XIX of
9	such Act;
10	"(2) to educate and provide outreach in a com-
11	munity setting regarding health problems prevalent
12	among underserved communities, and especially
13	among racial and ethnic minority women, racial and
14	ethnic minority children, adolescents, and lesbian,
15	gay, bisexual, transgender, queer, or questioning
16	communities;
17	"(3) to educate and provide experiential learn-
18	ing opportunities and target risk factors and healthy
19	behaviors that impede or contribute to achieving
20	positive health outcomes, including—
21	"(A) healthy nutrition;
22	"(B) physical activity;
23	"(C) overweight or obesity;
24	"(D) tobacco use;
25	"(E) alcohol and substance use:

1	"(F) injury and violence;
2	"(G) sexual health;
3	"(H) mental health;
4	"(I) musculoskeletal health and arthritis;
5	"(J) dental and oral health;
6	"(K) understanding informed consent; and
7	"(L) stigma;
8	"(4) to promote community wellness and aware-
9	ness; and
10	"(5) to educate and refer target populations to
11	appropriate health care agencies and community-
12	based programs and organizations in order to in-
13	crease access to quality health care services, includ-
14	ing preventive health services.
15	"(c) Application.—
16	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Each eligible entity that
17	desires to receive a grant under subsection (a) shall
18	submit an application to the Secretary, at such time,
19	in such manner, and accompanied by such additional
20	information as the Secretary may require.
21	"(2) Contents.—Each application submitted
22	pursuant to paragraph (1) shall—
23	"(A) describe the activities for which as-
24	sistance under this section is sought;

1	"(B) contain an assurance that, with re-
2	spect to each community health worker pro-
3	gram receiving funds under the grant awarded,
4	such program provides in-language training and
5	supervision to community health workers to en-
6	able such workers to provide authorized pro-
7	gram activities in (at least) the most commonly
8	used languages within a particular geographic
9	region;
10	"(C) contain an assurance that the appli-
11	cant will evaluate the effectiveness of commu-
12	nity health worker programs receiving funds
13	under the grant;
14	"(D) contain an assurance that each com-
15	munity health worker program receiving funds
16	under the grant will provide culturally com-
17	petent services in the linguistic context most
18	appropriate for the individuals served by the
19	program;
20	"(E) contain a plan to document and dis-
21	seminate project descriptions and results to
22	other States and organizations as identified by
23	the Secretary; and
24	"(F) describe plans to enhance the capac-
25	ity of individuals to utilize health services and

1	health-related social services under Federal,
2	State, and local programs by—
3	"(i) assisting individuals in estab-
4	lishing eligibility under the programs and
5	in receiving the services or other benefits
6	of the programs; and
7	"(ii) providing other services, as the
8	Secretary determines to be appropriate,
9	which may include transportation and
10	translation services.
11	"(d) Priority.—In awarding grants under sub-
12	section (a), the Secretary shall give priority to those appli-
13	cants—
14	"(1) who propose to target geographic areas
15	that—
16	"(A)(i) have a high percentage of residents
17	who are uninsured or underinsured (if the tar-
18	geted geographic area is located in a State that
19	has elected to make medical assistance available
20	under section 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(VIII) of the
21	Social Security Act to individuals described in
22	such section);
23	"(ii) have a high percentage of under-
24	insured residents in a particular geographic

1	area (if the targeted geographic area is located
2	in a State that has not so elected); or
3	"(iii) have a high number of households ex-
4	periencing extreme poverty; and
5	"(B) have a high percentage of families for
6	whom English is not their primary language or
7	including smaller limited-English-proficient
8	communities within the region that are not oth-
9	erwise reached by linguistically appropriate
10	health services;
11	"(2) with experience in providing health or
12	health-related social services to individuals who are
13	underserved with respect to such services; and
14	"(3) with documented community activity and
15	experience with community health workers.
16	"(e) Collaboration With Academic Institu-
17	TIONS.—The Secretary shall encourage community health
18	worker programs receiving funds under this section to col-
19	laborate with academic institutions, including minority-
20	serving institutions. Nothing in this section shall be con-
21	strued to require such collaboration.
22	"(f) QUALITY ASSURANCE AND COST EFFECTIVE-
23	NESS.—The Secretary shall establish guidelines for ensur-
24	ing the quality of the training and supervision of commu-
25	nity health workers under the programs funded under this

1	section and for ensuring the cost effectiveness of such pro-
2	grams.
3	"(g) Monitoring.—The Secretary shall monitor
4	community health worker programs identified in approved
5	applications and shall determine whether such programs
6	are in compliance with the guidelines established under
7	subsection (f).
8	"(h) Technical Assistance.—The Secretary may
9	provide technical assistance to community health worker
10	programs identified in approved applications with respect
11	to planning, developing, and operating programs under the
12	grant.
13	"(i) Report to Congress.—
14	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 4 years
15	after the date on which the Secretary first awards
16	grants under subsection (a), the Secretary shall sub-
17	mit to Congress a report regarding the grant
18	project.
19	"(2) Contents.—The report required under
20	paragraph (1) shall include the following:
21	"(A) A description of the programs for
22	which grant funds were used.
23	"(B) The number of individuals served.
24	"(C) An evaluation of—

1	"(i) the effectiveness of these pro-
2	grams;
3	"(ii) the cost of these programs; and
4	"(iii) the impact of the project on the
5	health outcomes of the community resi-
6	dents.
7	"(D) Recommendations for sustaining the
8	community health worker programs developed
9	or assisted under this section.
10	"(E) Recommendations regarding training
11	to enhance career opportunities for community
12	health workers.
13	"(j) Definitions.—In this section:
14	"(1) COMMUNITY HEALTH WORKER.—The term
15	'community health worker' means an individual who
16	promotes health or nutrition within the community
17	in which the individual resides—
18	"(A) by serving as a liaison between com-
19	munities and health care agencies;
20	"(B) by providing guidance and social as-
21	sistance to community residents;
22	"(C) by enhancing community residents"
23	ability to effectively communicate with health
24	care providers;

1	"(D) by providing culturally and linguis-
2	tically appropriate health or nutrition edu-
3	cation;
4	"(E) by advocating for individual and com-
5	munity health, including dental, oral, mental,
6	and environmental health, or nutrition needs;
7	"(F) by taking into consideration the
8	needs of the communities served, including the
9	prevalence rates of risk factors that impede
10	achieving positive healthy outcomes among
11	women and children, especially among racial
12	and ethnic minority women and children; and
13	"(G) by providing referral and followup
14	services.
15	"(2) COMMUNITY SETTING.—The term 'commu-
16	nity setting' means a home or a community organi-
17	zation that serves a population.
18	"(3) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term 'eligible en-
19	tity' means—
20	"(A) a unit of State, territorial, local, or
21	Tribal government (including a federally recog-
22	nized Tribe or Alaska Native village); or
23	"(B) a community-based organization.

1	"(4) Medically underserved community.—
2	The term 'medically underserved community' means
3	a community—
4	"(A) that has a substantial number of in-
5	dividuals who are members of a medically un-
6	derserved population, as defined by section
7	330(b)(3);
8	"(B) a significant portion of which is a
9	health professional shortage area as designated
10	under section 332; and
11	"(C) that includes populations that are lin-
12	guistically isolated, such as geographic areas
13	with a shortage of health professionals able to
14	provide linguistically appropriate services.
15	"(5) Support.—The term 'support' means the
16	provision of training, supervision, and materials
17	needed to effectively deliver the services described in
18	subsection (b), reimbursement for services, and
19	other benefits.
20	"(6) Target Population.—The term 'target
21	population means' women of reproductive age, per-
22	sons who identify as lesbian, gay, bisexual,
23	transgender, and/or queer, and people under age 25.

1	"(k) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
2	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
3	\$15,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023.".
4	SEC. 502. REMOVING BARRIERS TO HEALTH CARE AND NU-
5	TRITION ASSISTANCE FOR CHILDREN, PREG-
6	NANT PERSONS, AND LAWFULLY PRESENT IN-
7	DIVIDUALS.
8	(a) Medicaid.—Section 1903(v) of the Social Secu-
9	rity Act (42 U.S.C. 1396b(v)) is amended by striking
10	paragraph (4) and inserting the following new paragraph:
11	"(4)(A) Notwithstanding sections 401(a), 402(b),
12	403, and 421 of the Personal Responsibility and Work Op-
13	portunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 and paragraph (1),
14	payment shall be made to a State under this section for
15	medical assistance furnished to an alien under this title
16	(including an alien described in such paragraph) who
17	meets any of the following conditions:
18	"(i) The alien is otherwise eligible for such as-
19	sistance under the State plan approved under this
20	title (other than the requirement of the receipt of
21	aid or assistance under title IV, supplemental secu-
22	rity income benefits under title XVI, or a State sup-
23	plementary payment) within either or both of the
24	following eligibility categories:

1	"(I) Children under 21 years of age, in-
2	cluding any optional targeted low-income child
3	(as such term is defined in section
4	1905(u)(2)(B)).
5	"(II) Pregnant persons during pregnancy
6	and during the 60-day period beginning on the
7	last day of the pregnancy.
8	"(ii) The alien is lawfully present in the United
9	States.
10	"(B) No debt shall accrue under an affidavit of sup-
11	port against any sponsor of an alien who meets the condi-
12	tions specified in subparagraph (A) on the basis of the
13	provision of medical assistance to such alien under this
14	paragraph and the cost of such assistance shall not be con-
15	sidered as an unreimbursed cost.".
16	(b) SCHIP.—Subparagraph (J) of section
17	2107(e)(1) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
18	1397gg(e)(1)) is amended to read as follows:
19	"(J) Paragraph (4) of section 1903(v) (re-
20	lating to coverage of categories of children,
21	pregnant persons, and other lawfully present in-
22	dividuals).".
23	(c) Supplemental Nutrition Assistance.—Not-
24	withstanding sections 401(a), 402(a), and 403(a) of the
25	Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconcili-

1	ation Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1611(a); 1612(a); 1613(a))
2	and section 6(f) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008
3	(7 U.S.C. 2015(f)), persons who are lawfully present in
4	the United States shall be not be ineligible for benefits
5	under the supplemental nutrition assistance program on
6	the basis of their immigration status or date of entry into
7	the United States.
8	(d) Eligibility for Families With Children.—
9	Section 421(d)(3) of the Personal Responsibility and
10	Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C.
11	1631(d)(3)) is amended by striking "to the extent that
12	a qualified alien is eligible under section $402(a)(2)(J)$ "
13	and inserting, "to the extent that a child is a member of
14	a household under the supplemental nutrition assistance
15	program".
16	(e) Ensuring Proper Screening.—Section
17	11(e)(2)(B) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7
18	U.S.C. 2020(e)(2)(B)) is amended—
19	(1) by redesignating clauses (vi) and (vii) as
20	clauses (vii) and (viii); and
21	(2) by inserting after clause (v) the following:
22	"(vi) shall provide a method for imple-
23	menting section 421 of the Personal Re-
24	sponsibility and Work Opportunity Rec-
25	onciliation Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1631)

1	that does not require any unnecessary in-
2	formation from persons who may be ex-
3	empt from that provision;".
4	SEC. 503. REPEAL OF DENIAL OF BENEFITS.
5	Section 115 of the Personal Responsibility and Work
6	Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 (21 U.S.C. 862a)
7	is amended—
8	(1) in subsection (a), by striking paragraph (2);
9	(2) in subsection (b), by striking paragraph (2);
10	and
11	(3) in subsection (e), by striking paragraph (2).
12	SEC. 504. BIRTH DEFECTS PREVENTION, RISK REDUCTION,
13	AND AWARENESS.
	and awareness. (a) In General.—The Secretary shall establish and
14	
14 15	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall establish and
14 15 16	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall establish and implement a birth defects prevention and public awareness
14 15 16 17	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall establish and implement a birth defects prevention and public awareness program, consisting of the activities described in sub-
14 15 16 17	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish and implement a birth defects prevention and public awareness program, consisting of the activities described in subsections (c) and (d).
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish and implement a birth defects prevention and public awareness program, consisting of the activities described in subsections (c) and (d). (b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish and implement a birth defects prevention and public awareness program, consisting of the activities described in subsections (c) and (d). (b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) The term "maternal" refers to persons who
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish and implement a birth defects prevention and public awareness program, consisting of the activities described in subsections (c) and (d). (b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) The term "maternal" refers to persons who are pregnant or breastfeeding of all gender identi-
14 15 16 17 18	 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish and implement a birth defects prevention and public awareness program, consisting of the activities described in subsections (c) and (d). (b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) The term "maternal" refers to persons who are pregnant or breastfeeding of all gender identities.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish and implement a birth defects prevention and public awareness program, consisting of the activities described in subsections (c) and (d). (b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) The term "maternal" refers to persons who are pregnant or breastfeeding of all gender identities. (2) The term "pregnancy and breastfeeding in-

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1	garding maternal exposures during pregnancy
2	that may be associated with birth defects or
3	other health risks, such as exposures to medica-
4	tions, chemicals, infections, foodborne patho-
5	gens, illnesses, nutrition, or lifestyle factors;
6	(B) information services to provide accu-
7	rate, evidence-based, clinical information re-
8	garding maternal exposures during breast-
9	feeding that may be associated with health risks
10	to a breast-fed infant, such as exposures to
11	medications, chemicals, infections, foodborne
12	pathogens, illnesses, nutrition, or lifestyle fac-
13	tors;
14	(C) the provision of accurate, evidence-
15	based information weighing risks of exposures
16	during breastfeeding against the benefits of
17	breastfeeding; and
18	(D) the provision of information described
19	in subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) through coun-
20	selors, Web sites, fact sheets, telephonic or elec-
21	tronic communication, community outreach ef-
22	forts, or other appropriate means.

(3) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary

of Health and Human Services, acting through the

23

1	Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Pre-
2	vention.
3	(c) Nationwide Media Campaign.—In carrying out
4	subsection (a), the Secretary shall conduct or support a
5	nationwide media campaign to increase awareness among
6	health care providers and at-risk populations about preg-
7	nancy and breastfeeding information services.
8	(d) Grants for Pregnancy and Breastfeeding
9	Information Services.—
10	(1) In general.—In carrying out subsection
11	(a), the Secretary shall award grants to State or re-
12	gional agencies or organizations for any of the fol-
13	lowing:
14	(A) Information services.—The provi-
15	sion of, or campaigns to increase awareness
16	about, pregnancy and breastfeeding information
17	services.
18	(B) SURVEILLANCE AND RESEARCH.—The
19	conduct or support of—
20	(i) surveillance of or research on—
21	(I) maternal exposures and ma-
22	ternal health conditions that may in-
23	fluence the risk of birth defects, pre-
24	maturity, or other adverse pregnancy
25	outcomes: and

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1	(II) maternal exposures that may
2	influence health risks to a breastfed
3	infant; or
4	(ii) networking to facilitate surveil-
5	lance or research described in this sub-
6	paragraph.
7	(2) Preference for certain states.—The
8	Secretary, in making any grant under this sub-
9	section, shall give preference to States, otherwise
10	equally qualified, that have a pregnancy and
11	breastfeeding information service in place.
12	(3) MATCHING FUNDS.—The Secretary may
13	only award a grant under this subsection to a State
14	or regional agency or organization that agrees, with
15	respect to the costs to be incurred in carrying out
16	the grant activities, to make available (directly or
17	through donations from public or private entities)
18	non-Federal funds toward such costs in an amount
19	equal to not less than 25 percent of the amount of
20	the grant.
21	(4) COORDINATION.—The Secretary shall en-
22	sure that activities funded through a grant under
23	this subsection are coordinated, to the maximum ex-
24	tent practicable, with other birth defects prevention

and environmental health activities of the Federal

1	Government, including with respect to pediatric envi-
2	ronmental health specialty units and children's envi-
3	ronmental health centers.
4	(e) EVALUATION.—In furtherance of the program
5	under subsection (a), the Secretary shall provide for an
6	evaluation of pregnancy and breastfeeding information
7	services to identify efficient and effective models of—
8	(1) providing information;
9	(2) raising awareness and increasing knowledge
10	about birth defects prevention measures and tar-
11	geting education to at-risk groups;
12	(3) modifying risk behaviors; or
13	(4) other outcome measures as determined ap-
14	propriate by the Secretary.
15	(f) Authorization of Appropriations.—To carry
16	out this section, there are authorized to be appropriated
17	\$5,000,000 for fiscal year 2019, \$6,000,000 for fiscal year
18	2020, \$7,000,000 for fiscal year 2021, \$8,000,000 for fis-
19	cal year 2022, and $$9,000,000$ for fiscal year 2023.
20	SEC. 505. PREVENTING MATERNAL DEATHS.
21	(a) Program Authorized.—
22	(1) In General.—The Secretary of Health and
23	Human Services, through the Director of the Cen-
24	ters for Disease Control and Prevention, shall estab-

1	lish a grant program under which the Secretary may
2	make grants to States for the purpose of—
3	(A) carrying out the activities described in
4	subsection (b)(1);
5	(B) establishing and sustaining a State
6	maternal mortality review committee, in accord-
7	ance with subsection (b)(2);
8	(C) ensuring that the State department of
9	health carries out the activities described in
10	subsection (b)(3);
11	(D) disseminating the case abstraction
12	form developed under subsection (c); and
13	(E) providing for the public disclosure of
14	information, in accordance with subsection (d).
15	(2) Criteria.—The Secretary shall establish
16	criteria for determining eligibility for, and the
17	amount of a grant awarded to, a State under para-
18	graph (1). Such criteria shall provide that in the
19	case of a State that receives a grant under para-
20	graph (1) for a fiscal year and is determined by the
21	Secretary to have not used such grant in accordance
22	with this section, such State may not be eligible for
23	such a grant for any subsequent fiscal year.
24	(b) Use of Funds.—

1	(1) Review of pregnancy-related and
2	PREGNANCY-ASSOCIATED DEATHS.—With respect to
3	a State that receives a grant under subsection
4	(a)(1), the following shall apply:
5	(A) Process for mandatory reporting
6	OF PREGNANCY-RELATED AND PREGNANCY-AS-
7	SOCIATED DEATHS.—
8	(i) IN GENERAL.—The State, through
9	the State maternal mortality review com-
10	mittee established under subsection $(a)(1)$,
11	shall develop a process that provides for
12	mandatory and confidential case reporting
13	to the State department of health by indi-
14	viduals and entities described in clause (ii)
15	with respect to pregnancy-related and
16	pregnancy-associated deaths.
17	(ii) Individuals and entities de-
18	SCRIBED.—Individuals and entities de-
19	scribed in this clause include each of the
20	following:
21	(I) Health care professionals.
22	(II) Medical examiners.
23	(III) Medical coroners.
24	(IV) Hospitals.
25	(V) Birth centers.

1	(VI) Other health care facilities.
2	(VII) Other individuals respon-
3	sible for completing death records.
4	(VIII) Other appropriate individ-
5	uals or entities specified by the Sec-
6	retary.
7	(B) Process for voluntary reporting
8	OF PREGNANCY-RELATED AND PREGNANCY-AS-
9	SOCIATED DEATHS.—The State, through the
10	State maternal mortality review committee es-
11	tablished under subsection (a)(1), shall develop
12	a process that provides for voluntary and con-
13	fidential case reporting to the State department
14	of health by family members of the deceased
15	and other individuals on possible pregnancy-re-
16	lated and pregnancy-associated deaths. Such
17	process shall include—
18	(i) making publicly available on the
19	website of the State department of health
20	a telephone number, Internet web link, and
21	email address for such reporting; and
22	(ii) publicizing to local professional or-
23	ganizations, community organizations, and
24	social services agencies the availability of
25	the telephone number, Internet web link,

1	and email address made available under
2	clause (i).
3	(C) Identification of pregnancy-re-
4	LATED AND PREGNANCY-ASSOCIATED DEATHS
5	BY STATE VITAL STATISTICS UNIT.—The State,
6	through the vital statistics unit of the State,
7	shall annually identify pregnancy-related and
8	pregnancy-associated deaths occurring in such
9	State in the year involved by—
10	(i) matching each death record of a
11	person in such year to a live birth certifi-
12	cate or an infant death record for the pur-
13	pose of identifying deaths of persons that
14	occurred during pregnancy and within one
15	year after the end of a pregnancy;
16	(ii) identifying each death of a person
17	reported during such year as having an un-
18	derlying or contributing cause of death re-
19	lated to pregnancy, regardless of the time
20	that has passed between the end of the
21	pregnancy and the death;
22	(iii) collecting data from medical ex-
23	aminer and coroner reports; and
24	(iv) using any other method the State
25	may devise to identify maternal deaths

such as reviewing a random sample of reported deaths of persons who could have
been pregnant to ascertain cases of pregnancy-related and pregnancy-associated
deaths that are not discernable from a review of death records alone.

For purposes of effectively collecting and obtaining data on pregnancy-related and pregnancy-associated deaths, the State shall adopt the most recent standardized birth and death records, as issued by the National Center for Vital Health Statistics, including the recommended checkbox section for pregnancy on each death record.

- (D) CASE INVESTIGATION AND DEVELOP-MENT OF CASE SUMMARIES.—
 - (i) IN GENERAL.—Following the receipt of reports by the State department of health pursuant to subparagraph (A) or (B) and the collection of cases of pregnancy-related and pregnancy-associated deaths by the vital statistics unit of the State under subparagraph (C), the State, through the State maternal mortality review committee established under sub-

1	section (a)(1), shall investigate each case,
2	using the case abstraction form described
3	in subsection (e), and prepare a de-identi-
4	fied case summary for each case, which
5	shall be reviewed by the committee and in-
6	cluded in applicable reports. The State de-
7	partment of health or vital statistics unit
8	of the State, as the case may be, shall pro-
9	vide the State maternal mortality review
10	committee with access to the information
11	collected pursuant to subparagraph (A) or
12	(B), or under subparagraph (C), as nec-
13	essary to carry out this subparagraph.
14	(ii) Mandatory data and informa-
15	TION.—Each case investigation under this
16	subparagraph shall, subject to availability,
17	include data and information obtained
18	through—
19	(I) medical examiner and autopsy
20	reports of the person involved;
21	(II) medical records of the per-
22	son, including such records related to
23	health care prior to pregnancy, pre-
24	natal and postnatal care, labor and
25	delivery care, emergency room care,

1	hospital discharge records, and any
2	care delivered up until the time of
3	death of the person;
4	(III) oral and written interviews
5	of individuals directly involved in the
6	maternal care of the person during
7	and immediately following the preg-
8	nancy of the person, including health
9	care, mental health, and social service
10	providers, as applicable;
11	(IV) socioeconomic and other rel-
12	evant background information about
13	the person;
14	(V) any information collected
15	under subparagraph (C)(i); and
16	(VI) any other information on
17	the cause of death of the person, such
18	as social services and child welfare re-
19	ports.
20	(iii) Discretionary data and in-
21	FORMATION.—Each case investigation
22	under this subparagraph may include data
23	and information obtained through oral or
24	written interviews of the family of the per-
25	son.

1	(2) State maternal mortality review
2	COMMITTEES.—
3	(A) MANDATORY ACTIVITIES.—A State
4	maternal mortality review committee established
5	under subsection (a)(1) shall carry out the fol-
6	lowing activities:
7	(i) Develop the processes described in
8	subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph
9	(1).
10	(ii) Review the data and information
11	collected by the vital statistics unit of the
12	State under paragraph (1)(C) regarding
13	pregnancy-related and pregnancy-associ-
14	ated deaths to identify trends, patterns,
15	and disparities in adverse outcomes and
16	address medical, non-medical, and system-
17	related factors that may have contributed
18	to such pregnancy-related and pregnancy-
19	associated deaths and disparities.
20	(iii) Carry out the activities described
21	in paragraph (1)(D).
22	(iv) Develop recommendations, based
23	on the case summaries prepared under
24	paragraph (1)(D) and the data and infor-
25	mation collected under paragraph (1)(C),

1	to improve maternal care, social and health
2	services, and public health policy and insti-
3	tutions, including improving access to ma-
4	ternal care and social and health services
5	and identifying disparities in maternal care
6	and outcomes.
7	(B) DISCRETIONARY ACTIVITIES.—
8	(i) In General.—A State maternal
9	mortality review committee established
10	under subsection (a)(1) may, while subject
11	to confidentiality requirements, present
12	findings and recommendations based on
13	the case summaries prepared under para-
14	graph (1)(D) directly to a health care facil-
15	ity or its local or State professional organi-
16	zation for the purpose of—
17	(I) instituting policy changes,
18	educational activities, and improve-
19	ments in the quality of care provided
20	by the facility; and
21	(II) exploring and forming re-
22	gional collaborations.
23	(ii) Investigation of cases of se-
24	VERE MATERNAL MORBIDITY.—A State
25	maternal mortality review committee may

1	investigate cases of severe maternal mor-
2	bidity and any such investigation may in-
3	clude data and information obtained
4	through—
5	(I) identified patient registries;
6	or
7	(II) oral or written interviews of
8	the person concerned and the family
9	of such person.
10	(C) Composition of state maternal
11	MORTALITY REVIEW COMMITTEES.—
12	(i) In General.—A State maternal
13	mortality review committee established
14	under subsection (a)(1) shall be multidisci-
15	plinary and diverse. Membership on the
16	State maternal mortality review committee
17	shall be reviewed annually by the State de-
18	partment of health to ensure that member-
19	ship representation requirements are being
20	fulfilled in accordance with this subpara-
21	graph.
22	(ii) Required membership.—Each
23	State maternal mortality review committee
24	shall include—

1	(I) representatives from medical
2	specialties providing care to pregnant
3	and postpartum patients, including
4	obstetricians (including generalists
5	and maternal fetal medicine special-
6	ists) and family practice physicians;
7	(II) certified nurse midwives, cer-
8	tified midwives, and advanced practice
9	nurses;
10	(III) hospital-based registered
11	nurses;
12	(IV) representatives of the ma-
13	ternal and child health department of
14	the State department of health;
15	(V) social service providers or so-
16	cial workers, including those with ex-
17	perience working with communities di-
18	verse with respect to race, ethnicity,
19	and limited-English proficiency;
20	(VI) chief medical examiners or
21	designees;
22	(VII) facility representatives,
23	such as from hospitals or birth cen-
24	ters;

1	(VIII) patient advocates, commu-
2	nity maternal health organizations,
3	and minority advocacy groups that
4	represent those diverse racial and eth-
5	nic communities within the State that
6	are the most affected by pregnancy-
7	related or pregnancy-associated deaths
8	and by a lack of access to maternal
9	health care services; and
10	(IX) representatives of the de-
11	partments of health or public health
12	of major cities in the State.
13	(iii) Discretionary membership.—
14	Each State maternal mortality review com-
15	mittee may also include representatives
16	from other relevant academic, health, so-
17	cial service, or policy professions or com-
18	munity organizations on an ongoing basis,
19	or as needed, as determined beneficial by
20	the committee, including—
21	(I) anesthesiologists;
22	(II) emergency physicians;
23	(III) pathologists;
24	(IV) epidemiologists;
25	(V) intensivists;

1	(VI) nutritionists;
2	(VII) mental health professionals;
3	(VIII) substance use disorder
4	treatment specialists;
5	(IX) representatives of relevant
6	patient and provider advocacy groups;
7	(X) academics;
8	(XI) paramedics; and
9	(XII) risk management special-
10	ists.
11	(iv) Staff of each State ma-
12	ternal mortality review committee shall in-
13	clude—
14	(I) vital health statisticians, ma-
15	ternal child health statisticians, or
16	epidemiologists;
17	(II) a coordinator of the State
18	maternal mortality review committee,
19	to be designated by the State; and
20	(III) administrative staff.
21	(D) OPTION FOR STATES TO ESTABLISH
22	REGIONAL MATERNAL MORTALITY REVIEW COM-
23	MITTEES.—States may choose to partner with
24	one or more neighboring States to carry out the
25	activities required of a State maternal mortality

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review committee under this section. In such a case, with respect to the States in such a partnership, any requirement under this section relating to the reporting of information related to such activities shall be deemed to be fulfilled by each such State if a single such report is submitted for the partnership.

(E) Treatment as public health au-THORITY FOR PURPOSES OF HIPAA.—For purposes of applying HIPAA privacy and security law (as defined in section 3009(a)(2) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300jj-19)), each State maternal mortality review committee and regional maternal mortality review committee established under subsection (a)(1) or subsection (b)(2)(D), as the case may be, shall be deemed to be a public health authority described in section 164.501 (and referenced in section 164.512(b)(1)(i) of title 45, Code of Federal Regulations (or any successor regulation), carrying out public health activities and purposes described in such section 164.512(b)(1)(i) (or any such successor regulation).

1	(3) State department of health activi-
2	TIES.—With respect to a State that receives a grant
3	under subsection (a)(1), the State department of
4	health shall—
5	(A) in consultation with the State maternal
6	mortality review committee and in conjunction
7	with relevant professional organizations and pa-
8	tient advocacy organizations, develop a plan for
9	ongoing health care provider education, based
10	on the findings and recommendations of the
11	committee, in order to improve the quality of
12	maternal care; and
13	(B) take steps to widely disseminate the
14	findings and recommendations of the State ma-
15	ternal mortality review committee and imple-
16	ment the recommendations of the committee.
17	(c) Case Abstraction Form.—
18	(1) DISSEMINATION.—The Director of the Cen-
19	ters for Disease Control and Prevention shall dis-
20	seminate a uniform case abstraction form to States
21	and State maternal mortality review committees for
22	the purpose of—
23	(A) ensuring that the data and information
24	collected and reviewed by such committees can
25	be pooled for review by the Department of

1	Health	and	Human	Services	and	its	agencies;
2	and						

- (B) preserving the uniformity of the information collected for Federal public health purposes.
- (2) PERMISSIBLE STATE MODIFICATION.—Each State may modify the form developed under paragraph (1) for implementation and use by such State or by the State maternal mortality review committee of such State by including on such form additional information to be collected, but may not alter the standard questions on such form, in order to ensure that the information can be collected and reviewed centrally at the Federal level.

(d) Public Disclosure of Information.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—For fiscal year 2019, or a subsequent fiscal year, each State receiving a grant under this section for such year shall, subject to paragraph (3), provide for the public disclosure, and submission to the information clearinghouse established under paragraph (2), of the information included in the report of the State under subsection (f)(1) for such year.
- (2) Information clearinghouse.—The Secretary shall establish an information clearinghouse,

- 1 to be administered by the Director of the Centers for 2 Disease Control and Prevention, that will maintain 3 findings and recommendations submitted pursuant 4 to paragraph (1) and provide such findings and rec-5 ommendations for public review and research pur-6 poses by State departments of health, State mater-7 nal mortality review committees, health providers 8 and institutions, and national patient and provider 9 advocacy groups.
- 10 (3) Confidentiality of information.—In no case may any individually identifiable health in-12 formation be provided to the public, or submitted to 13 the information clearinghouse, under this subsection.
- 14 (e) Confidentiality of Proceedings of State 15 Maternal Mortality Review Committees.—
 - (1) IN GENERAL.—All proceedings and activities of a State maternal mortality review committee established under subsection (a)(1), opinions of members of such a committee formed as a result of such proceedings and activities, and records obtained, created, or maintained pursuant to this section, including records of interviews, written reports, and statements procured by the Department of Health and Human Services or by any other person, agency, or organization acting jointly with the De-

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- partment, in connection with morbidity and mortality reviews under this section, shall be confidential and may not be subject to discovery, subpoena, or introduction into evidence in any civil, criminal, legislative, or other proceeding. Such records shall not be open to public inspection.
 - (2) Testimony of members of committee.—
 - (A) IN GENERAL.—Members of a State maternal mortality review committee established under subsection (a)(1) may not be questioned in any civil, criminal, legislative, or other proceeding regarding information presented in, or opinions formed as a result of, a meeting or communication of the committee.
 - (B) CLARIFICATION.—Nothing in this subsection may be construed to prevent a member of a State maternal mortality review committee established under subsection (a)(1) from testifying regarding information that was obtained independent of such member's participation on the committee, or public information.
 - (3) AVAILABILITY OF INFORMATION FOR RE-SEARCH PURPOSES.—Nothing in this subsection may prohibit a State maternal mortality review com-

- mittee established under subsection (a)(1) or the Department of Health and Human Services from publishing statistical compilations and research reports that—
 - (A) are based on confidential information, relating to morbidity and mortality reviews under this section; and
 - (B) do not contain identifying information or any other information that could be used to ultimately identify the individuals concerned.

(f) Reports.—

- (1) STATE REPORTS.—Not later than one year after the end of fiscal year 2019, and each subsequent fiscal year, each State maternal mortality review committee established under subsection (a)(1) and receiving a grant under this section for such year, shall submit to the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention a report on the findings and recommendations of such committee and information on the implementation of such recommendations during such year.
- (2) Annual Reports to congress.—Not later than 60 days after the deadline for State reports under paragraph (1) for fiscal year 2019, and each subsequent fiscal year, the Secretary of Health

1	and Human Services shall submit to Congress a re-
2	port on—
3	(A) the findings, recommendations, and
4	implementation information submitted by any
5	State pursuant to paragraph (1); and
6	(B) the status of pregnancy-related and
7	pregnancy-associated deaths in the United
8	States, including recommendations on methods
9	to prevent such deaths in the United States.
10	(g) Definitions.—In this section:
11	(1) The term "pregnancy-associated death"
12	means the death of a person while pregnant or dur-
13	ing the one-year period following the date of the end
14	of pregnancy, irrespective of the cause of such death.
15	(2) The term "pregnancy-related death" means
16	the death of a person while pregnant or during the
17	one-year period following the date of the end of
18	pregnancy, irrespective of the duration of the preg-
19	nancy, from any cause related to, or aggravated by,
20	the pregnancy or its management, excluding any ac-
21	cidental or incidental cause.
22	(3) The term "severe maternal morbidity"
23	means the physical and psychological conditions that
24	result from, or are aggravated by, pregnancy and

have an adverse effect on the health of a person.

1	(4) The term "State" means each of the 50
2	States, the District of Columbia, and each of the
3	territories.
4	(5) The term "vital statistics unit" means the
5	entity that is responsible for maintaining vital
6	records for a State, including official records of live
7	births, deaths, fetal deaths, marriages, divorces, and
8	annulments.
9	(h) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
10	authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
11	\$7,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023.
12	SEC. 506. ELIMINATING DISPARITIES IN MATERNITY
13	HEALTH OUTCOMES.
13 14	HEALTH OUTCOMES. Part B of title III of the Public Health Service Act
14 15	Part B of title III of the Public Health Service Act
14 15 16	Part B of title III of the Public Health Service Act is amended by inserting after section 317V of such Act,
14 15 16	Part B of title III of the Public Health Service Act is amended by inserting after section 317V of such Act, as added, the following new section:
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14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Part B of title III of the Public Health Service Act is amended by inserting after section 317V of such Act, as added, the following new section: "SEC. 317W. ELIMINATING DISPARITIES IN MATERNAL HEALTH OUTCOMES. "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall, in consultation with relevant national stakeholder organizations, such
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Part B of title III of the Public Health Service Act is amended by inserting after section 317V of such Act, as added, the following new section: "SEC. 317W. ELIMINATING DISPARITIES IN MATERNAL HEALTH OUTCOMES. "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall, in consultation with relevant national stakeholder organizations, such as national medical specialty organizations, national materials.

25 parities in maternal health outcomes:

1	"(1) Conduct research into the determinants
2	and the distribution of disparities in maternal care,
3	health risks, and health outcomes, and improve the
4	capacity of the performance measurement infrastruc-
5	ture to measure such disparities.
6	"(2) Expand access to health care services, re-
7	sources, and information that have been dem-
8	onstrated to improve the quality and outcomes of
9	maternity care for vulnerable populations.
10	"(3) Establish a demonstration project to com-
11	pare the effectiveness of interventions to reduce dis-
12	parities in maternity services and outcomes and to
13	implement and assess effective interventions.
14	"(b) Scope and Selection of States for Dem-
15	ONSTRATION PROJECT.—The demonstration project
16	under subsection (a)(3) shall be conducted in no more
17	than 8 States, which shall be selected by the Secretary
18	based on—
19	"(1) applications submitted by States, which
20	specify which regions and populations the State in-
21	volved will serve under the demonstration project;
22	"(2) criteria designed by the Secretary to en-
23	sure that, as a whole, the demonstration project is,

to the greatest extent possible, representative of the

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1	demographic and geographic composition of commu-
2	nities most affected by disparities;
3	"(3) criteria designed by the Secretary to en-
4	sure that a variety of models are tested through the
5	demonstration project and that such models include
6	interventions that have an existing evidence base for
7	effectiveness; and
8	"(4) criteria designed by the Secretary to en-
9	sure that the demonstration projects and models will
10	be carried out in consultation with local and regional
11	provider organizations, such as community health
12	centers, hospital systems, and medical societies rep-
13	resenting providers of maternity services.
14	"(c) Duration of Demonstration Project.—
15	The demonstration project under subsection (a)(3) shall
16	begin on January 1, 2019, and end on December 31,
17	2022.
18	"(d) Grants for Evaluation and Monitoring.—
19	The Secretary may make grants to States and health care
20	providers participating in the demonstration project under
21	subsection (a)(3) for the purpose of collecting data nec-

23 "(e) Reports.—

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24 "(1) STATE REPORTS.—Each State that par-25 ticipates in the demonstration project under sub-

essary for the evaluation and monitoring of such project.

1	section (a)(3) shall report to the Secretary, in a
2	time, form, and manner specified by the Secretary,
3	the data necessary to—
4	"(A) monitor the—
5	"(i) outcomes of the project;
6	"(ii) costs of the project; and
7	"(iii) quality of maternity care pro-
8	vided under the project; and
9	"(B) evaluate the rationale for the selec-
10	tion of the items and services included in any
11	bundled payment made by the State under the
12	project.
13	"(2) Final Report.—Not later than December
14	31, 2022, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a
15	report on the results of the demonstration project
16	under subsection (a)(3).".
17	SEC. 507. DECREASING THE RISK FACTORS FOR SUDDEN
18	UNEXPECTED INFANT DEATH AND SUDDEN
19	UNEXPLAINED DEATH IN CHILDHOOD.
20	(a) Establishment.—The Secretary of Health and
21	Human Services, acting through the Administrator of the
22	Health Resources and Services Administration and in con-
23	sultation with the Director of the Centers for Disease Con-
24	trol and Prevention and the Director of the National Insti-
25	tutes of Health (in this section referred to as the "Sec-

- 1 retary"), shall establish and implement a culturally and
- 2 linguistically competent public health awareness and edu-
- 3 cation campaign to provide information that is focused on
- 4 decreasing the risk factors for sudden unexpected infant
- 5 death and sudden unexplained death in childhood, includ-
- 6 ing educating individuals about safe sleep environments,
- 7 sleep positions, and reducing exposure to smoking during
- 8 pregnancy and after birth.
- 9 (b) Targeted Populations.—The campaign under
- 10 subsection (a) shall be designed to reduce health dispari-
- 11 ties through the targeting of populations with high rates
- 12 of sudden unexpected infant death and sudden unex-
- 13 plained death in childhood.
- 14 (c) Consultation.—In establishing and imple-
- 15 menting the campaign under subsection (a), the Secretary
- 16 shall consult with national organizations representing
- 17 health care providers, including nurses and physicians,
- 18 parents, child care providers, children's advocacy and safe-
- 19 ty organizations, maternal and child health programs, nu-
- 20 trition professionals focusing on women, infants, and chil-
- 21 dren, and other individuals and groups determined nec-
- 22 essary by the Secretary for such establishment and imple-
- 23 mentation.
- 24 (d) Grants.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out the cam-1 2 paign under subsection (a), the Secretary shall 3 award grants to national organizations, State and 4 local health departments, and community-based or-5 ganizations for the conduct of education and out-6 reach programs for nurses, parents, child care pro-7 viders, public health agencies, and community orga-8 nizations.
- 9 (2) APPLICATION.—To be eligible to receive a 10 grant under paragraph (1), an entity shall submit to 11 the Secretary an application at such time, in such 12 manner, and containing such information as the Sec-13 retary may require.
- 14 (e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is 15 authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section 16 such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years 17 2019 through 2023.
- 18 SEC. 508. REDUCING UNINTENDED TEENAGE PREG-
- Title III of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C.
- 21 241 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following
- 22 new part:

1	"PART W—YOUTH ACCESS TO SEXUAL HEALTH
2	SERVICES
3	"SEC. 39900. AUTHORIZATION OF GRANTS TO SUPPORT
4	THE ACCESS OF MARGINALIZED YOUTH TO
5	SEXUAL HEALTH SERVICES.
6	"(a) Grants.—The Secretary of Health and Human
7	Services may award grants on a competitive basis to eligi-
8	ble entities to support the access of marginalized youth
9	to sexual health services.
10	"(b) Use of Funds.—An eligible entity that is
11	awarded a grant under subsection (a) may use the funds
12	to—
13	"(1) provide medically accurate and complete
14	and age-, developmentally, and culturally appro-
15	priate sexual health information to marginalized
16	youth, including information on how to access sexual
17	health services;
18	"(2) promote effective communication regarding
19	sexual health among marginalized youth;
20	"(3) promote and support better health, edu-
21	cation, and economic opportunities for school-age
22	parents; and
23	"(4) train individuals who work with
24	marginalized youth to promote—
25	"(A) the prevention of unintended preg-
26	nancy;

1	"(B) the prevention of sexually transmitted
2	infections, including the human immuno-
3	deficiency virus (HIV);
4	"(C) healthy relationships; and
5	"(D) the development of safe and sup-
6	portive environments.
7	"(c) Application.—To be awarded a grant under
8	subsection (a), an eligible entity shall submit an applica-
9	tion to the Secretary at such time, in such manner, and
10	containing such information as the Secretary may require.
11	"(d) Priority.—In awarding grants under sub-
12	section (a), the Secretary shall give priority to eligible enti-
13	ties—
14	"(1) with a history of supporting the access of
15	marginalized youth to sexuality education or sexual
16	health services; and
17	"(2) that plan to serve marginalized youth that
18	are not served by Federal adolescent programs for
19	the prevention of pregnancy, HIV, and other sexu-
20	ally transmitted infections.
21	"(e) REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary may not award
22	a grant under subsection (a) to an eligible entity unless—
23	"(1) such eligible entity has formed a partner-
24	ship with a community organization; and
25	"(2) such eligible entity agrees—

1	"(A) to employ a scientifically effective
2	strategy;
3	"(B) that all information provided to
4	marginalized youth will be—
5	"(i) age- and developmentally appro-
6	priate;
7	"(ii) medically accurate and complete;
8	"(iii) scientifically based; and
9	"(iv) provided in the language and
10	cultural context that is most appropriate
11	for the individuals served by the eligible
12	entity; and
13	"(C) that for each year the eligible entity
14	receives grant funds under subsection (a), the
15	eligible entity will submit to the Secretary an
16	annual report that includes—
17	"(i) the use of grant funds by the eli-
18	gible entity;
19	"(ii) how the use of grant funds has
20	increased the access of marginalized youth
21	to sexual health services; and
22	"(iii) such other information as the
23	Secretary may require.
24	"(f) Publication and Evaluations.—

1	"(1) Evaluations.—Not less than once every
2	two years after the date of the enactment of this
3	Act, the Secretary shall evaluate the effectiveness of
4	whichever of the following is greater:
5	"(A) Eight grants awarded under sub-
6	section (a).
7	"(B) Ten percent of the grants awarded
8	under subsection (a).
9	"(2) Publication.—The Secretary shall make
10	available to the public—
11	"(A) the evaluations required under para-
12	graph (1); and
13	"(B) the reports required under subsection
14	(e)(2)(C).
15	"(g) Limitations.—No funds made available to an
16	eligible entity under this section may be used by such enti-
17	ty to provide access to sexual health services that—
18	"(1) withhold sexual health-promoting or life-
19	saving information;
20	"(2) are medically inaccurate or have been sci-
21	entifically shown to be ineffective;
22	"(3) promote gender stereotypes;
23	"(4) are insensitive or unresponsive to the

1	"(A) youth with varying gender identities,
2	gender expressions, and sexual orientations;
3	"(B) sexually active youth;
4	"(C) pregnant or parenting youth;
5	"(D) survivors of sexual abuse or assault;
6	and
7	"(E) youth of all physical, developmental,
8	and mental abilities; or
9	"(5) are inconsistent with the ethical impera-
10	tives of medicine and public health.
11	"(h) Transfer of Funds.—Any unobligated bal-
12	ance of funds made available under section 510(d) of the
13	Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 710(d)) (as in effect on
14	the day before the date of the enactment of this Act) are
15	hereby transferred and made available to the Secretary to
16	carry out this Act. The amounts transferred and made
17	available to carry out this Act shall remain available until
18	expended.
19	"(i) Definitions.—In this section:
20	"(1) Community organization.—The term
21	'community organization' includes a State or local
22	health or education agency, public school, youth-fo-
23	cused organization that is faith-based and commu-
24	nity-based, juvenile justice entity, or other organiza-
25	tion that provides confidential and appropriate sexu-

1	ality education or sexual health services to
2	marginalized youth.
3	"(2) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term 'eligible en-
4	tity' includes a State or local health or education
5	agency, public school, nonprofit organization, hos-
6	pital, or an Indian Tribe or Tribal organization (as
7	such terms are defined in section 4 of the Indian
8	Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act
9	(25 U.S.C. 5304)).
10	"(3) MARGINALIZED YOUTH.—The term
11	'marginalized youth' means a person under the age
12	of 26 that is disadvantaged by underlying structural
13	barriers and social inequity.
14	"(4) Medically accurate and complete.—
15	The term 'medically accurate and complete', when
16	used with respect to information, means information
17	that—
18	"(A) is supported by research and recog-
19	nized as accurate, objective, and complete by
20	leading medical, psychological, psychiatric, or
21	public health organizations and agencies; and
22	"(B) does not withhold any information re-
23	lating to the effectiveness and benefits of cor-
24	rect and consistent use of condoms or other

1	contraceptives and pregnancy prevention meth-
2	ods.
3	"(5) Scientifically effective strategy.—
4	The term 'scientifically effective strategy' means a
5	strategy that—
6	"(A) is widely recognized by leading med-
7	ical and public health agencies as effective in
8	promoting sexual health awareness and healthy
9	behavior; and
10	"(B) either—
11	"(i) has been demonstrated to be ef-
12	fective on the basis of rigorous scientific
13	research; or
14	"(ii) incorporates characteristics of ef-
15	fective programs.
16	"(6) Secretary.—The term 'Secretary' means
17	the Secretary of Health and Human Services.
18	"(7) SEXUAL HEALTH SERVICES.—The term
19	'sexual health services' includes—
20	"(A) sexual health information, education
21	and counseling;
22	"(B) contraception;
23	"(C) emergency contraception;

1	"(D) condoms and other barrier methods
2	to prevent pregnancy or sexually transmitted in-
3	fections;
4	"(E) routine gynecological care, including
5	human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccines and can-
6	cer screenings;
7	"(F) pre-exposure prophylaxis or post-ex-
8	posure prophylaxis;
9	"(G) mental health services;
10	"(H) sexual assault survivor services; and
11	"(I) other prevention, care, or treatment.".
12	SEC. 509. GESTATIONAL DIABETES.
13	Part B of title III of the Public Health Service Act
14	(42 U.S.C. 243 et seq.) is amended by adding after section
15	317H the following:
16	"SEC. 317H-1. GESTATIONAL DIABETES.
17	"(a) Understanding and Monitoring Gesta-
18	TIONAL DIABETES.—
19	"(1) In General.—The Secretary, acting
20	through the Director of the Centers for Disease
21	Control and Prevention, in consultation with the Di-
22	abetes Mellitus Interagency Coordinating Committee
23	established under section 429 and representatives of
24	appropriate national health organizations, shall de-
25	velop a multisite gestational diabetes research

1	project within the diabetes program of the Centers
2	for Disease Control and Prevention to expand and
3	enhance surveillance data and public health research
4	on gestational diabetes.
5	"(2) Areas to be addressed.—The research
6	project developed under paragraph (1) shall ad-
7	dress—
8	"(A) procedures to establish accurate and
9	efficient systems for the collection of gestational
10	diabetes data within each State and common-
11	wealth, territory, or possession of the United
12	States;
13	"(B) the progress of collaborative activities
14	with the National Vital Statistics System, the
15	National Center for Health Statistics, and
16	State health departments with respect to the
17	standard birth certificate, in order to improve
18	surveillance of gestational diabetes;
19	"(C) postpartum methods of tracking indi-
20	viduals with gestational diabetes after delivery
21	as well as targeted interventions proven to
22	lower the incidence of type 2 diabetes in that
23	population;
24	"(D) variations in the distribution of diag-
25	nosed and undiagnosed gestational diabetes,

1	and of impaired fasting glucose tolerance and
2	impaired fasting glucose, within and among
3	groups of pregnant individuals; and
4	"(E) factors and culturally sensitive inter-
5	ventions that influence risks and reduce the in-
6	cidence of gestational diabetes and related com-
7	plications during childbirth, including cultural,
8	behavioral, racial, ethnic, geographic, demo-
9	graphic, socioeconomic, and genetic factors.
10	"(3) Report.—Not later than 2 years after the
11	date of the enactment of this section, and annually
12	thereafter, the Secretary shall generate a report on
13	the findings and recommendations of the research
14	project including prevalence of gestational diabetes
15	in the multisite area and disseminate the report to
16	the appropriate Federal and non-Federal agencies.
17	"(b) Expansion of Gestational Diabetes Re-
18	SEARCH.—
19	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall expand
20	and intensify public health research regarding gesta-
21	tional diabetes. Such research may include—
22	"(A) developing and testing novel ap-
23	proaches for improving postpartum diabetes
24	testing or screening and for preventing type 2

1 diabetes in individuals who can become preg-2 nant with a history of gestational diabetes; and "(B) conducting public health research to 3 4 further understanding of the epidemiologic, socioenvironmental, behavioral, translation, and 6 biomedical factors and health systems that in-7 fluence the risk of gestational diabetes and the 8 development of type 2 diabetes in individuals 9 who can become pregnant with a history of ges-10 tational diabetes. "(2) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— 11 12 There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out 13 this subsection \$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 14 2019 through 2023. 15 "(c) Demonstration Grants To Lower the RATE OF GESTATIONAL DIABETES.— 16 17 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting 18 through the Director of the Centers for Disease

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, shall award grants, on a competitive basis, to eligible entities for demonstration projects that implement evidence-based interventions to reduce the incidence of gestational diabetes, the recurrence of gestational diabetes in subsequent pregnancies, and the development of type 2 di-

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1	abetes in individuals who can become pregnant with
2	a history of gestational diabetes.
3	"(2) Priority.—In making grants under this
4	subsection, the Secretary shall give priority to
5	projects focusing on—
6	"(A) helping individuals who can become
7	pregnant who have 1 or more risk factors for
8	developing gestational diabetes;
9	"(B) working with individuals who can be-
10	come pregnant with a history of gestational dia-
11	betes during a previous pregnancy;
12	"(C) providing postpartum care for indi-
13	viduals who can become pregnant with gesta-
14	tional diabetes;
15	"(D) tracking cases where individuals who
16	can become pregnant with a history of gesta-
17	tional diabetes developed type 2 diabetes;
18	"(E) educating mothers with a history of
19	gestational diabetes about the increased risk of
20	their child developing diabetes;
21	"(F) working to prevent gestational diabe-
22	tes and prevent or delay the development of
23	type 2 diabetes in individuals who can become
24	pregnant with a history of gestational diabetes;
25	and

1	"(G) achieving outcomes designed to assess
2	the efficacy and cost-effectiveness of interven-
3	tions that can inform decisions on long-term
4	sustainability, including third-party reimburse-
5	ment.
6	"(3) Application.—An eligible entity desiring
7	to receive a grant under this subsection shall submit
8	to the Secretary—
9	"(A) an application at such time, in such
10	manner, and containing such information as the
11	Secretary may require; and
12	"(B) a plan to—
13	"(i) lower the rate of gestational dia-
14	betes during pregnancy; or
15	"(ii) develop methods of tracking indi-
16	viduals who can become pregnant with a
17	history of gestational diabetes and develop
18	effective interventions to lower the inci-
19	dence of the recurrence of gestational dia-
20	betes in subsequent pregnancies and the
21	development of type 2 diabetes.
22	"(4) Uses of funds.—An eligible entity re-
23	ceiving a grant under this subsection shall use the
24	grant funds to carry out demonstration projects de-
25	scribed in paragraph (1), including—

1	"(A) expanding community-based health
2	promotion education, activities, and incentives
3	focused on the prevention of gestational diabe-
4	tes and development of type 2 diabetes in indi-
5	viduals who can become pregnant with a history
6	of gestational diabetes;
7	"(B) aiding State- and Tribal-based diabe-
8	tes prevention and control programs to collect,
9	analyze, disseminate, and report surveillance
10	data on individuals who can become pregnant
11	with, and at risk for, gestational diabetes, the
12	recurrence of gestational diabetes in subsequent
13	pregnancies, and, for individuals who can be-
14	come pregnant with a history of gestational dia-
15	betes, the development of type 2 diabetes; and
16	"(C) training and encouraging health care
17	providers—
18	"(i) to promote risk assessment, high-
19	quality care, and self-management for ges-
20	tational diabetes and the recurrence of ges-
21	tational diabetes in subsequent preg-
22	nancies; and
23	"(ii) to prevent the development of
24	type 2 diabetes in individuals who can be-
25	come pregnant with a history of gesta-

- tional diabetes, and its complications in the practice settings of the health care providers.
- "(5) REPORT.—Not later than 4 years after the
 date of the enactment of this section, the Secretary
 shall prepare and submit to the Congress a report
 concerning the results of the demonstration projects
 conducted through the grants awarded under this
 subsection.
- "(6) DEFINITION OF ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—In this subsection, the term 'eligible entity' means a nonprofit organization (such as a nonprofit academic center or community health center) or a State, Tribal, or local health agency.
- 15 "(7) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
 16 There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
 17 this subsection \$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years
 18 2019 through 2023.
- "(d) Postpartum Followup Regarding Gesta-Tional Diabetes.—The Secretary, acting through the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, shall work with the State- and Tribal-based diabetes prevention and control programs assisted by the Centers to encourage postpartum followup after gestational diabe-

25 tes, as medically appropriate, for the purpose of reducing

1	the incidence of gestational diabetes, the recurrence of
2	gestational diabetes in subsequent pregnancies, the devel-
3	opment of type 2 diabetes in individuals with a history
4	of gestational diabetes, and related complications.".
5	SEC. 510. EMERGENCY CONTRACEPTION EDUCATION AND
6	INFORMATION PROGRAMS.
7	(a) Emergency Contraception Public Edu-
8	CATION PROGRAM.—
9	(1) In General.—The Secretary, acting
10	through the Director of the Centers for Disease
11	Control and Prevention, shall develop and dissemi-
12	nate to the public medically accurate and complete
13	information on emergency contraception.
14	(2) DISSEMINATION.—The Secretary may dis-
15	seminate medically accurate and complete informa-
16	tion under paragraph (1) directly or through ar-
17	rangements with nonprofit organizations, community
18	health workers including promotoras, consumer
19	groups, institutions of higher education, clinics, the
20	media, and Federal, State, and local agencies.
21	(3) Information.—The information dissemi-
22	nated under paragraph (1) shall—
23	(A) include, at a minimum, a description
24	of emergency contraception and an explanation
25	of the use, safety, efficacy, and availability of

1	such contraception and options for no-copay ac-
2	cess through insurance; and
3	(B) be pilot tested for consumer com-
4	prehension, cultural and linguistic appropriate-
5	ness, and acceptance of the messages across
6	geographically, racially, ethnically, and linguis-
7	tically diverse populations.
8	(b) Emergency Contraception Information
9	PROGRAM FOR HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS.—
10	(1) In General.—The Secretary, acting
11	through the Administrator of the Health Resources
12	and Services Administration and in consultation
13	with major medical and public health organizations,
14	shall develop and disseminate to health care pro-
15	viders information on emergency contraception.
16	(2) Information.—The information dissemi-
17	nated under paragraph (1) shall include, at a min-
18	imum—
19	(A) information describing the use, safety,
20	efficacy, availability of emergency contraception,
21	and options for no-copay access through insur-
22	ance;
23	(B) a recommendation regarding the use of
24	such contraception; and

1	(C) information explaining how to obtain
2	copies of the information developed under sub-
3	section (a) for distribution to the patients of
4	the providers.
5	(e) Definitions.—In this section:
6	(1) Emergency contraception.—The term
7	"emergency contraception" means a drug or device
8	(as the terms are defined in section 201 of the Fed-
9	eral Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 321))
10	or a drug regimen that—
11	(A) is used postcoitally;
12	(B) prevents pregnancy primarily by pre-
13	venting or delaying ovulation, and does not ter-
14	minate an established pregnancy; and
15	(C) is approved by the Food and Drug Ad-
16	ministration.
17	(2) HEALTH CARE PROVIDER.—The term
18	"health care provider" means an individual who is li-
19	censed or certified under State law to provide health
20	care services and who is operating within the scope
21	of such license. Such term shall include a phar-
22	macist.
23	(3) Institution of Higher Education.—The
24	term "institution of higher education" has the same

1	meaning given such term in section 101(a) of the
2	Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001(a)).
3	(4) MEDICALLY ACCURATE AND COMPLETE.—
4	The term "medically accurate and complete" means,
5	with respect to information, activities, or services
6	verified or supported by the weight of research con-
7	ducted in compliance with accepted scientific meth-
8	ods and—
9	(A) published in peer-reviewed journals,
10	where applicable; or
11	(B) comprising information that leading
12	professional organizations and agencies with
13	relevant expertise in the field recognize as accu-
14	rate, objective, and complete.
15	(5) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
16	the Secretary of Health and Human Services.
17	(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
18	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
19	such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years
20	2019 through 2023.
21	SEC. 511. COMPREHENSIVE SEX EDUCATION PROGRAMS.
22	(a) Purposes; Finding; Sense of Congress.—
23	(1) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are
24	to provide young people with comprehensive sex edu-
25	cation programs that—

1	(A) promote and uphold the rights of
2	young people to information in order to make
3	healthy decisions about their sexual health;
4	(B) provide the information and skills all
5	young people need to make informed, respon-
6	sible, and healthy decisions in order to become
7	sexually healthy adults and have healthy rela-
8	tionships;
9	(C) provide information about the preven-
10	tion of unintended pregnancy, sexually trans-
11	mitted infections, including HIV, dating vio-
12	lence, sexual assault, bullying, and harassment;
13	and
14	(D) provide resources and information on
15	topics ranging from gender stereotyping and
16	gender roles and stigma and socio-cultural in-
17	fluences surrounding sex and sexuality.
18	(2) Finding on required resources.—In
19	order to provide the comprehensive sex education de-
20	scribed in paragraph (1), Congress finds that in-
21	creased resources are required for sex education pro-
22	grams that—
23	(A) substantially incorporate elements of
24	evidence-based programs or characteristics of
25	effective programs;

1	(B) cover a broad range of topics, includ-
2	ing medically accurate and complete informa-
3	tion that is age and developmentally appro-
4	priate about all the aspects of sex, sexual
5	health, and sexuality;
6	(C) are gender and gender identity-sen-
7	sitive, emphasizing the importance of equality
8	and the social environment for achieving sexual
9	and reproductive health and overall well-being;
10	(D) promote educational achievement, crit-
11	ical thinking, decisionmaking, self-esteem, and
12	self-efficacy;
13	(E) help develop healthy attitudes and in-
14	sights necessary for understanding relationships
15	between oneself and others and society;
16	(F) foster leadership skills and community
17	engagement by—
18	(i) promoting principles of fairness,
19	human dignity, and respect; and
20	(ii) engaging young people as partners
21	in their communities; and
22	(G) are culturally and linguistically appro-
23	priate, reflecting the diverse circumstances and
24	realities of young people.

1	(3) Sense of congress.—It is the sense of
2	Congress that—
3	(A) federally funded sex education pro-
4	grams should aim to—
5	(i) provide information about a range
6	of human sexuality topics, including—
7	(I) human development, healthy
8	relationships, personal skills;
9	(II) sexual behavior including ab-
10	stinence;
11	(III) sexual health including pre-
12	venting unintended pregnancy;
13	(IV) sexually transmitted infec-
14	tions including HIV; and
15	(V) society and culture;
16	(ii) promote safe and healthy relation-
17	ships;
18	(iii) promote gender equity;
19	(iv) use, and be informed by, the best
20	scientific information available;
21	(v) be culturally appropriate and in-
22	clusive of youth with varying gender identi-
23	ties, gender expressions, and sexual ori-
24	entations;

1	(vi) be built on characteristics of ef-
2	fective programs;
3	(vii) expand the existing body of re-
4	search on comprehensive sex education
5	programs through program evaluation;
6	(viii) expand training programs for
7	teachers of comprehensive sex education;
8	(ix) build on programs funded under
9	section 513 of the Social Security Act (42
10	U.S.C. 713) and the Office of Adolescent
11	Health's Teen Pregnancy Prevention Pro-
12	gram, funded under title II of the Consoli-
13	dated Appropriations Act, 2010 (Public
14	Law 111–117; 123 Stat.), and on pro-
15	grams supported through the Centers for
16	Disease Control and Prevention (CDC);
17	and
18	(x) promote and uphold the rights of
19	young people to information in order to
20	make healthy and autonomous decisions
21	about their sexual health; and
22	(B) no Federal funds should be used for
23	health education programs that—

1	(i) withhold health-promoting or life-
2	saving information about sexuality-related
3	topics, including HIV;
4	(ii) are medically inaccurate or have
5	been scientifically shown to be ineffective;
6	(iii) promote gender or racial stereo-
7	types;
8	(iv) are insensitive and unresponsive
9	to the needs of sexually active young peo-
10	ple;
11	(v) are insensitive and unresponsive to
12	the needs of survivors of sexual violence;
13	(vi) are insensitive and unresponsive
14	to the needs of youth of all physical, devel-
15	opmental, and mental abilities;
16	(vii) are insensitive and unresponsive
17	to the needs of youth with varying gender
18	identities, gender expressions, and sexual
19	orientations; or
20	(viii) are inconsistent with the ethical
21	imperatives of medicine and public health.
22	(b) Grants for Comprehensive Sex Education
23	FOR ADOLESCENTS.—
24	(1) Program authorized.—The Secretary of
25	Health and Human Services, in coordination with

- the Associate Commissioner of the Family and Youth Services Bureau of the Administration on Children, Youth, and Families of the Department of Health and Human Services, the Director of the Of-fice of Adolescent Health, the Director of the Divi-sion of Adolescent and School Health within the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and the Secretary of Education, shall award grants, on a competitive basis, to eligible entities to enable such eligible entities to carry out programs that provide adolescents with comprehensive sex education, as de-scribed in paragraph (6).
 - (2) DURATION.—Grants awarded under this section shall be for a period of 5 years.
 - (3) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—In this section, the term "eligible entity" means a public or private entity that focuses on adolescent health and education or has experience working with adolescents.
 - (4) APPLICATIONS.—An eligible entity desiring a grant under this section shall submit an application to the Secretary at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require, including an assurance to participate in the evaluation described in subsection (e).

1	(5) Priority.—In awarding grants under this
2	section, the Secretary shall give priority to eligible
3	entities that—
4	(A) are State or local public entities;
5	(B) are entities not currently receiving
6	funds under—
7	(i) section 513 of the Social Security
8	Act (42 U.S.C. 713);
9	(ii) the Office of Adolescent Health's
10	Teen Pregnancy Prevention Program,
11	funded under title II of the Consolidated
12	Appropriations Act, 2010 (Public Law-
13	117; 123 Stat. 3253), or any substantially
14	similar successive program; or
15	(iii) the Centers for Disease Control
16	and Prevention's Division of Adolescent
17	and School Health; and
18	(C) address health inequities among young
19	people that face systemic barriers resulting in
20	disproportionate rates of not less than one of
21	the following:
22	(i) Unintended pregnancies.
23	(ii) Sexually transmitted infections,
24	including HIV.

1	(iii) Dating violence and sexual vio-
2	lence.
3	(6) Use of funds.—
4	(A) In General.—Each eligible entity
5	that receives a grant under this section shall
6	use the grant funds to carry out an education
7	program that provides adolescents with com-
8	prehensive sex education that—
9	(i) is age and developmentally appro-
10	priate;
11	(ii) is medically accurate and com-
12	plete;
13	(iii) substantially incorporates ele-
14	ments of evidence-based sex education in-
15	struction; or
16	(iv) creates a demonstration project
17	based on characteristics of effective pro-
18	grams.
19	(B) Contents of comprehensive sex
20	EDUCATION PROGRAMS.—The comprehensive
21	sex education programs funded under this sec-
22	tion shall include instruction and materials that
23	address—
24	(i) the physical, social, and emotional
25	changes of human development including.

1	human anatomy, reproduction, and sexual
2	development;
3	(ii) healthy relationships, including
4	friendships, within families, and society,
5	that are based on mutual respect, and the
6	ability to distinguish between healthy and
7	unhealthy relationships, including—
8	(I) effective communication, ne-
9	gotiation and refusal skills, including
10	the skills to recognize and report in-
11	appropriate or abusive sexual ad-
12	vances;
13	(II) bodily autonomy, setting and
14	respecting personal boundaries, prac-
15	ticing personal safety, and consent;
16	and
17	(III) the limitations and harm of
18	gender-role stereotypes, violence, coer-
19	cion, bullying, harassment, and intimi-
20	dation in relationships;
21	(iii) healthy decisionmaking skills
22	about sexuality and relationships that in-
23	clude—

1	(I) critical thinking, problem
2	solving, self-efficacy, stress-manage-
3	ment, self-care, and decisionmaking;
4	(II) individual values and atti-
5	tudes;
6	(III) the promotion of positive
7	body images;
8	(IV) developing an understanding
9	that there are a range of body types
10	and encouraging positive feeling about
11	students' own body types;
12	(V) information on how to re-
13	spect others and ensure safety on the
14	internet and when using other forms
15	of digital communication;
16	(VI) information on local services
17	and resources where students can ob-
18	tain additional information related to
19	bullying, harassment, dating violence
20	and sexual assault, suicide prevention,
21	and other related care;
22	(VII) encouragement for youth to
23	communicate with their parents or
24	guardians, health and social service
25	professionals, and other trusted adults

1	about sexuality and intimate relation-
2	ships;
3	(VIII) information on how to cre-
4	ate a safe environment for all stu-
5	dents and others in society;
6	(IX) examples of varying types of
7	relationships, couples, and family
8	structures; and
9	(X) affirmative representation of
10	varying gender identities, gender ex-
11	pressions, and sexual orientations, in-
12	cluding individuals and relationships
13	between same sex couples and their
14	families;
15	(iv) abstinence, delaying age of first
16	sexual activity, the use of condoms, preven-
17	tive medication, vaccination, birth control,
18	and other sexually transmitted infection
19	prevention measures, and the options for
20	pregnancy, including parenting, adoption,
21	and abortion, including—
22	(I) the importance of effectively
23	using condoms, preventive medication,
24	and applicable vaccinations to protect

1	against sexually transmitted infec-
2	tions, including HIV;
3	(II) the benefits of effective con-
4	traceptive and condom use in avoiding
5	unintended pregnancy;
6	(III) the relationship between
7	substance use and sexual health and
8	behaviors; and
9	(IV) information about local
10	health services where students can ob-
11	tain additional information and serv-
12	ices related to sexual and reproductive
13	health and other related care;
14	(v) through affirmative recognition,
15	the roles that traditions, values, religion,
16	norms, gender roles, acculturation, family
17	structure, health beliefs, and political
18	power play in how students make decisions
19	that affect their sexual health, using exam-
20	ples of various types of races, ethnicities,
21	cultures, and families, including single-par-
22	ent households and young families;
23	(vi) information about gender identity,
24	gender expression, and sexual orientation
25	for all students, including—

1	(I) affirmative recognition that
2	people have different gender identi-
3	ties, gender expressions, and sexual
4	orientations; and
5	(II) community resources that
6	can provide additional support for in-
7	dividuals with varying gender identi-
8	ties, gender expressions, and sexual
9	orientations; and
10	(vii) opportunities to explore the roles
11	that race, ethnicity, immigration status,
12	disability status, economic status, home-
13	lessness, foster care status, and language
14	within different communities affect sexual
15	attitudes in society and culture and how
16	this may impact student sexual health.
17	(e) Grants for Comprehensive Sex Education
18	AT INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION.—
19	(1) Program authorized.—The Secretary, in
20	coordination with the Secretary of Education, shall
21	award grants, on a competitive basis, to institutions
22	of higher education or consortia of such institutions
23	to enable such institutions to provide young people
24	with comprehensive sex education, described in para-
25	graph (5)(B).

1	(2) Duration.—Grants awarded under this
2	section shall be for a period of 5 years.
3	(3) APPLICATIONS.—An institution of higher
4	education or consortia of such institutions desiring ϵ
5	grant under this section shall submit an application
6	to the Secretary at such time, in such manner, and
7	containing such information as the Secretary may
8	require, including an assurance to participate in the
9	evaluation described in subsection (e).
10	(4) Priority.—In awarding grants under this
11	section, the Secretary shall give priority to an insti-
12	tution of higher education that—
13	(A) has an enrollment of needy students as
14	defined in section 318(b) of the Higher Edu-
15	cation Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1059e(b));
16	(B) is a Hispanic-serving institution, as
17	defined in section 502(a) of such Act (20
18	U.S.C. 1101a(a));
19	(C) is a Tribal College or University, as
20	defined in section 316(b) of such Act (20
21	U.S.C. $1059c(b)$;
22	(D) is an Alaska Native-serving institution
23	as defined in section 317(b) of such Act (20
24	U.S.C. 1059d(b));

1	(E) is a Native Hawaiian-serving institu-
2	tion, as defined in section 317(b) of such Act
3	(20 U.S.C. 1059d(b));
4	(F) is a Predominately Black Institution,
5	as defined in section 318(b) of such Act (20
6	U.S.C. 1059e(b));
7	(G) is a Native American-serving, non-
8	tribal institution, as defined in section 319(b)
9	of such Act (20 U.S.C. 1059f(b));
10	(H) is an Asian American and Native
11	American Pacific Islander-serving institution, as
12	defined in section 320(b) of such Act (20
13	$U.S.C.\ 1059g(b)); or$
14	(I) is a minority institution, as defined in
15	section 365 of such Act (20 U.S.C. 1067k),
16	with an enrollment of needy students, as de-
17	fined in section 312 of such Act (20 U.S.C.
18	1058).
19	(5) Uses of funds.—
20	(A) IN GENERAL.—An institution of higher
21	education receiving a grant under this section
22	shall use grant funds to integrate issues relat-
23	ing to comprehensive sex education into institu-
24	tion of higher education in order to reach a

I	large number of students, by carrying out one
2	or more of the following activities:
3	(i) Developing or adopting educational
4	content for issues relating to comprehen-
5	sive sex education that will be incorporated
6	into student orientation, general education,
7	or core courses.
8	(ii) Developing or adopting, and im-
9	plementing schoolwide educational pro-
10	gramming outside of class that delivers ele-
11	ments of comprehensive sex education pro-
12	grams to students, faculty, and staff.
13	(iii) Developing or adopting innovative
14	technology-based approaches to deliver sex
15	education to students, faculty, and staff.
16	(iv) Developing or adopting, and im-
17	plementing peer-outreach and education
18	programs to generate discussion, educate,
19	and raise awareness among students about
20	issues relating to comprehensive sex edu-
21	cation.
22	(B) Contents of Sex education pro-
23	GRAMS.—Each institution of higher education's
24	program of comprehensive sex education funded
25	under this section shall include instruction and

1	materials that address the requirements under
2	paragraph 6.
3	(d) Grants for Pre-Service and In-Service
4	TEACHER TRAINING.—
5	(1) Program authorized.—The Secretary, in
6	coordination with the Director of the Centers for
7	Disease Control and Prevention and the Secretary of
8	Education, shall award grants, on a competitive
9	basis, to eligible entities to enable such eligible enti-
10	ties to carry out the activities described in para-
11	graph (5).
12	(2) Duration.—Grants awarded under this
13	section shall be for a period of 5 years.
14	(3) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—In this section, the
15	term "eligible entity" means—
16	(A) a State educational agency, as defined
17	in section 8101 of the Elementary and Sec-
18	ondary Education of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801);
19	(B) a local educational agency, as defined
20	in section 8101 of the Elementary and Sec-
21	ondary Education of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801);
22	(C) a Tribe or Tribal organization, as de-
23	fined in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determina-
24	tion and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C.
25	5304);

1	(D) a State or local department of health
2	(E) a State or local department of edu-
3	cation;
4	(F) an educational service agency, as de-
5	fined in section 8101 of the Elementary and
6	Secondary Education of 1965 (20 U.S.C
7	7801);
8	(G) a nonprofit institution of higher edu-
9	cation, as defined in section 101 of the Higher
10	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001);
11	(H) a national or statewide nonprofit orga-
12	nization that has as its primary purpose the im-
13	provement of provision of comprehensive sex
14	education through training and effective teach-
15	ing of comprehensive sex education; or
16	(I) a consortium of nonprofit organizations
17	that has as its primary purpose the improve-
18	ment of provision of comprehensive sex edu-
19	cation through training and effective teaching
20	of comprehensive sex education.
21	(4) Application.—An eligible entity desiring a
22	grant under this section shall submit an application
23	to the Secretary at such time, in such manner, and
24	containing such information as the Secretary may

1 require, including an assurance to participate in the 2 evaluation described in subsection (e). 3 (5) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES.— (A) REQUIRED ACTIVITY.—Each eligible entity receiving a grant under this section shall use grant funds for professional development 6 7 and training of relevant faculty, school adminis-8 trators, teachers, and staff, in order to increase 9 effective teaching of comprehensive sex edu-10 cation students. 11 (B) Permissible activities.—Each eligi-12 ble entity receiving a grant under this section 13 may use grant funds to— 14 (i) provide research-based training of 15 teachers for comprehensive sex education 16 for adolescents as a means of broadening 17 student knowledge about issues related to 18 human development, healthy relationships, 19 personal skills, and sexual behavior, includ-20 ing abstinence, sexual health, and society 21 and culture; 22 (ii) support the dissemination of infor-23 mation on effective practices and research 24 findings concerning the teaching of com-25 prehensive sex education;

1	(iii) support research on—
2	(I) effective comprehensive sex
3	education teaching practices; and
4	(II) the development of assess-
5	ment instruments and strategies to
6	document—
7	(aa) student understanding
8	of comprehensive sex education;
9	and
10	(bb) the effects of com-
11	prehensive sex education;
12	(iv) convene national conferences on
13	comprehensive sex education, in order to
14	effectively train teachers in the provision of
15	comprehensive sex education; and
16	(v) develop and disseminate appro-
17	priate research-based materials to foster
18	comprehensive sex education.
19	(C) Subgrants.—Each eligible entity re-
20	ceiving a grant under this section may award
21	subgrants to nonprofit organizations that pos-
22	sess a demonstrated record of providing train-
23	ing to faculty, school administrators, teachers,
24	and staff on comprehensive sex education to—

1	(i) train teachers in comprehensive
2	sex education;
3	(ii) support Internet or distance learn-
4	ing related to comprehensive sex education;
5	(iii) promote rigorous academic stand-
6	ards and assessment techniques to guide
7	and measure student performance in com-
8	prehensive sex education;
9	(iv) encourage replication of best
10	practices and model programs to promote
11	comprehensive sex education;
12	(v) develop and disseminate effective,
13	research-based comprehensive sex edu-
14	cation learning materials;
15	(vi) develop academic courses on the
16	pedagogy of sex education at institutions
17	of higher education; or
18	(vii) convene State-based conferences
19	to train teachers in comprehensive sex edu-
20	cation and to identify strategies for im-
21	provement.
22	(e) Impact Evaluation and Reporting.—
23	(1) Multi-Year evaluation.—
24	(A) In General.—Not later than 6
25	months after the date of the enactment of this

1	Act, the Secretary shall enter into a contract
2	with a nonprofit organization with experience in
3	conducting impact evaluations, to conduct a
4	multi-year evaluation on the impact of the
5	grants under subsections (b), (c), and (d), and
6	to report to Congress and the Secretary on the
7	findings of such evaluation.
8	(B) EVALUATION.—The evaluation con-
9	ducted under this subsection shall—
10	(i) be conducted in a manner con-
11	sistent with relevant, nationally recognized
12	professional and technical evaluation
13	standards;
14	(ii) use sound statistical methods and
15	techniques relating to the behavioral
16	sciences, including quasi-experimental de-
17	signs, inferential statistics, and other
18	methodologies and techniques that allow
19	for conclusions to be reached;
20	(iii) be carried out by an independent
21	organization that has not received a grant
22	under subsection (b), (c), or (d); and
23	(iv) be designed to provide informa-
24	tion on—

1	(I) output measures, such as the
2	number of individuals served under
3	the grant and the number of hours of
4	instruction;
5	(II) outcome measures, including
6	measures relating to—
7	(aa) the knowledge that in-
8	dividuals participating in the
9	grant program have gained in
10	each of the following age and de-
11	velopmentally appropriate
12	areas—
13	(AA) growth and devel-
14	opment;
15	(BB) relationship dy-
16	namics;
17	(CC) ways to prevent
18	unintended pregnancy and
19	sexually transmitted infec-
20	tions, including HIV; and
21	(DD) sexual health;
22	(bb) the age and develop-
23	mentally appropriate skills that
24	individuals participating in the

1	grant program have gained re-
2	garding—
3	(AA) negotiation and
4	communication;
5	(BB) decisionmaking
6	and goal-setting;
7	(CC) interpersonal
8	skills and healthy relation-
9	ships; and
10	(DD) condom use; and
11	(cc) the behaviors of adoles-
12	cents participating in the grant
13	program, including data about—
14	(AA) age of first inter-
15	course;
16	(BB) condom and con-
17	traceptive use at first inter-
18	course;
19	(CC) recent condom
20	and contraceptive use;
21	(DD) substance use;
22	(EE) dating abuse and
23	lifetime history of sexual as-
24	sault, dating violence, bul-

1	lying, harassment, stalking;
2	and
3	(FF) academic per-
4	formance; and
5	(III) other measures necessary to
6	evaluate the impact of the grant pro-
7	gram.
8	(C) Report.—Not later than 6 years after
9	the date of enactment of this Act, the organiza-
10	tion conducting the evaluation under this sub-
11	section shall prepare and submit to the appro-
12	priate committees of Congress and the Sec-
13	retary an evaluation report. Such report shall
14	be made publicly available, including on the
15	website of the Department of Health and
16	Human Services.
17	(2) Secretary's report to congress.—Not
18	later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of
19	this Act, and annually thereafter for a period of 5
20	years, the Secretary shall prepare and submit to the
21	appropriate committees of Congress a report on the
22	activities to provide adolescents and young people
23	with comprehensive sex education and pre-service
24	and in-service teacher training funded under this

1	Act. The Secretary's report to Congress shall in-
2	clude—
3	(A) a statement of how grants awarded by
4	the Secretary meet the purposes described in
5	subsection (a)(1); and
6	(B) information about—
7	(i) the number of eligible entities and
8	institutions of higher education that are
9	receiving grant funds under subsections
10	(b), (c), and (d);
11	(ii) the specific activities supported by
12	grant funds awarded under subsections
13	(b), (c), and (d);
14	(iii) the number of adolescents served
15	by grant programs funded under sub-
16	section (b);
17	(iv) the number of young people
18	served by grant programs funded under
19	subsection (e);
20	(v) the number of faculty, school ad-
21	ministrators, teachers, and staff trained
22	under subsection (d); and
23	(vi) the status of the evaluation re-
24	quired under paragraph (1).

1	(f) Nondiscrimination.—Programs funded under
2	this Act shall not discriminate on the basis of actual or
3	perceived sex, race, color, ethnicity, national origin, dis-
4	ability, sexual orientation, gender identity, or religion.
5	Nothing in this Act shall be construed to invalidate or
6	limit rights, remedies, procedures, or legal standards avail-
7	able under any other Federal law or any law of a State
8	or a political subdivision of a State, including the Civil
9	Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000a et seq.), title IX
10	of the Education Amendments of 1972 (20 U.S.C. 1681
11	et seq.), section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29
12	U.S.C. 794), the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990
13	(42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.), and section 1557 of the Patient
14	Protection and Affordable Care Act (42 U.S.C. 18116).
15	(g) Limitation.—No Federal funds provided under
16	this Act may be used for health education programs
17	that—
18	(1) withhold health-promoting or life-saving in-
19	formation about sexuality-related topics, including
20	$\mathrm{HIV};$
21	(2) are medically inaccurate or have been sci-
22	entifically shown to be ineffective;
23	(3) promote gender or racial stereotypes;
24	(4) are insensitive and unresponsive to the
25	needs of sexually active young people;

1	(5) are insensitive and unresponsive to the
2	needs of pregnant or parenting young people;
3	(6) are insensitive and unresponsive to the
4	needs of survivors of sexual abuse or assault;
5	(7) are insensitive and unresponsive to the
6	needs of youth of all physical, developmental, or
7	mental abilities;
8	(8) are insensitive and unresponsive to individ-
9	uals with varying gender identities, gender expres-
10	sions, and sexual orientations; or
11	(9) are inconsistent with the ethical imperatives
12	of medicine and public health.
13	(h) Amendments to Other Laws.—
14	(1) Amendment to the public health
15	SERVICE ACT.—Section 2500 of the Public Health
16	Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300ee) is amended by strik-
17	ing subsections (b) through (d) and inserting the fol-
18	lowing:
19	"(b) Contents of Programs.—All programs of
20	education and information receiving funds under this sub-
21	chapter shall include information about the potential ef-
22	fects of intravenous substance abuse.".
23	(2) Amendments to the elementary and
24	SECONDARY EDUCATION ACT OF 1965.—Section 8526

1	of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of
2	(20 U.S.C. 7906) is amended—
3	(A) by striking paragraph (3);
4	(B) by redesignating paragraphs (4) and
5	(5) as paragraphs (3) and (4), respectively;
6	(C) in paragraph (4), by inserting "or"
7	after the semicolon;
8	(D) in paragraph (5), by striking "; or"
9	and inserting a period; and
10	(E) by striking paragraph (6).
11	(i) Definitions.—In this section:
12	(1) Adolescents.—The term "adolescents"
13	means individuals who are ages 10 through 19 at
14	the time of commencement of participation in a pro-
15	gram supported under this section.
16	(2) Age and developmentally appro-
17	PRIATE.—The term "age and developmentally appro-
18	priate" means topics, messages, and teaching meth-
19	ods suitable to particular age, age group of children
20	and adolescents, or developmental levels, based on
21	cognitive, emotional, social, and behavioral capacity
22	of most students at that age level.
23	(3) Appropriate committees of con-
24	GRESS.—The term "appropriate committees of Con-
25	gress" means the Committee on Health, Education,

- Labor, and Pensions of the Senate, the Committee
 on Appropriations of the Senate, the Committee on
 Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives, the Committee on Education and the Workforce of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
 - (4) Characteristics of effective pro-GRAMS.—The term "characteristics of effective programs" means the aspects of evidence-based programs, including development, content, and implementation of such programs, that—
 - (A) have been shown to be effective in terms of increasing knowledge, clarifying values and attitudes, increasing skills, and impacting upon behavior; and
 - (B) are widely recognized by leading medical and public health agencies to be effective in changing sexual behaviors that lead to sexually transmitted infections, including HIV, unintended pregnancy, and dating violence and sexual assault among young people.
 - (5) Comprehensive sex education.—The term "comprehensive sex education" means instructional part of a comprehensive school health edu-

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- cation approach which addresses the physical, mental, emotional, and social dimensions of human sexuality; designed to motivate and assist students to maintain and improve their sexual health, prevent disease and reduce sexual health-related risk behaviors; and enable and empower students to develop and demonstrate age and developmentally appropriate sexuality and sexual health-related knowledge, attitudes, skills, and practices.
 - (6) Consent.—The term "consent" means affirmative, conscious, and voluntary agreement to engage in interpersonal, physical, or sexual activity.
 - (7) Culturally appropriate" means materials and instruction that respond to culturally diverse individuals, families and communities in an inclusive, respectful and effective manner; including materials and instruction that are inclusive of race, ethnicity, languages, cultural background, religion, sex, gender identity, sexual orientation, and different abilities.
 - (8) EVIDENCE-BASED.—The term "evidence-based", when used with respect to sex education instruction means a sex education program that has been proven through rigorous evaluation to be effective in changing sexual behavior or incorporates ele-

- 1 ments of other programs that have been proven to 2 be effective in changing sexual behavior.
 - (9) Gender expression.—The term "gender expression", when used with respect to a sex education program, means the expression of one's gender, such as through behavior, clothing, haircut, or voice, and which may or may not conform to socially defined behaviors and characteristics typically associated with being either masculine or feminine.
 - (10) Gender identity.—Except with respect to section 7, the term "gender identity", when used with respect to a sex education program, means the gender-related identity, appearance, mannerisms, or other gender-related characteristics of an individual, regardless of the individual's designated sex at birth including a person's deeply held sense or knowledge of their own gender; such as male, female, both or neither.
 - (11) Inclusive.—The term "inclusive", when used with respect to a sex education program, means curriculum that ensures that students from historically marginalized communities are reflected in classroom materials and lessons.
 - (12) Institution of higher education" has the

1	meaning given the term in section 101 of the Higher
2	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001).
3	(13) Medically accurate and complete.—
4	The term "medically accurate and complete", when
5	used with respect to a sex education program, means
6	that—
7	(A) the information provided through the
8	program is verified or supported by the weight
9	of research conducted in compliance with ac-
10	cepted scientific methods and is published in
11	peer-reviewed journals, where applicable; or
12	(B)(i) the program contains information
13	that leading professional organizations and
14	agencies with relevant expertise in the field rec-
15	ognize as accurate, objective, and complete; and
16	(ii) the program does not withhold infor-
17	mation about the effectiveness and benefits of
18	correct and consistent use of condoms and
19	other contraceptives.
20	(14) Secretary.—The term "Secretary"
21	means the Secretary of Health and Human Services.
22	(15) Sexual Development.—The term "sex-
23	ual development" means the lifelong process of phys-
24	ical, behavioral, cognitive, and emotional growth and
25	change as it relates to an individual's sexuality and

- sexual maturation, including puberty, identity development, socio-cultural influences, and sexual behaviors.
- 4 (16) SEXUAL ORIENTATION.—Except with re5 spect to subsection (g), the term "sexual orienta6 tion", when used with respect to a sex education
 7 program, means an individual's attraction, including
 8 physical or emotional, to the same or different gen9 der.
 - (17) Young People.—The term "young people" means individuals who are ages 10 through 24 at the time of commencement of participation in a program supported under this Act.

(j) Funding.—

(1) APPROPRIATION.—For the purpose of carrying out this Act, there is appropriated \$75,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2024. Amounts appropriated under this subsection shall remain available until expended.

(2) Reservations of funds.—

(A) The Secretary shall reserve 50 percent of the amount appropriated under paragraph
(1) for the purposes of awarding grants for comprehensive sex education for adolescents under subsection (c).

- 1 (B) The Secretary shall reserve 25 percent 2 of the amount appropriated under paragraph 3 (1) for the purposes of awarding grants for 4 comprehensive sex education at institutes of 5 higher education under subsection (d).
 - (C) The Secretary shall reserve 20 percent of the amount appropriated under paragraph (1) for the purposes of awarding grants for preservice and in-service teacher training under subsection (e).
 - (D) The Secretary shall reserve 2 percent of the amount appropriated under paragraph (1) for the purpose of carrying out the impact evaluation and reporting required under subsection (a).
 - (3) Secretarial reserve 3 percent of the amount appropriated under subsection (a) for each fiscal year for expenditures by the Secretary to provide, directly or through a competitive grant process, research, training, and technical assistance, including dissemination of research and information regarding effective and promising practices, providing consultation and resources, and developing resources and materials to support the activities of recipients of grants.

1	In carrying out such functions, the Secretary shall
2	collaborate with a variety of entities that have exper-
3	tise in adolescent sexual health development, edu-
4	cation, and promotion.
5	(4) Reprogramming of abstinence only
6	UNTIL MARRIAGE PROGRAM FUNDING.—The unobli-
7	gated balance of funds made available to carry out
8	section 510 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
9	710) (as in effect on the day before the date of en-
10	actment of this Act) are hereby transferred and shall
11	be used by the Secretary to carry out this Act. The
12	amounts transferred and made available to carry out
13	this Act shall remain available until expended.
14	(5) Repeal of abstinence only until mar-
15	RIAGE PROGRAM.—Section 510 of the Social Secu-
16	rity Act (42 U.S.C. 710 et seq.) is repealed.
17	SEC. 512. COMPASSIONATE ASSISTANCE FOR RAPE EMER-
18	GENCIES.
19	(a) Medicare.—
20	(1) Limitation on Payment.—Section
21	1866(a)(1) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
22	1395cc(a)(1)) is amended—
23	(A) in the subparagraph (W) added by sec-
24	tion 3005(1)(C) of Public Law 111–148—

1	(i) by striking the period at the end
2	and inserting a comma;
3	(ii) by moving the indentation 2 ems
4	to the left; and
5	(iii) by moving such subparagraph to
6	immediately follow subparagraph (V);
7	(B) in the subparagraph (W) added by sec-
8	tion 6406(b)(3) of Public Law 111–148—
9	(i) by striking the period at the end
10	and inserting ", and";
11	(ii) by moving the indentation 2 ems
12	to the left;
13	(iii) by redesignating such subpara-
14	graph as subparagraph (X); and
15	(iv) by moving such subparagraph to
16	immediately follow subparagraph (W), as
17	moved under paragraph (2)(C); and
18	(C) by inserting after the subparagraph
19	(X), as redesignated and moved under para-
20	graph (3), the following:
21	"(Y) in the case of a hospital or critical ac-
22	cess hospital, to adopt and enforce a policy to
23	ensure compliance with the requirements of
24	subsection (l) and to meet the requirements of
25	such subsection.".

1	(2) Assistance to victims.—Section 1866 of
2	the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395cc) is
3	amended by adding at the end the following new
4	subsection:
5	"(l) Compassionate Assistance for Rape Emer-
6	GENCIES.—
7	"(1) In general.—For purposes of section
8	1866(a)(1)(Y), a hospital meets the requirements of
9	this subsection if the hospital provides each of the
10	services described in paragraph (2) to each indi-
11	vidual, whether or not eligible for benefits under this
12	title or under any other form of health insurance.
13	who comes to the hospital on or after January 1,
14	2019, and—
15	"(A) who states to hospital personnel that
16	they are victims of sexual assault;
17	"(B) who is accompanied by an individual
18	who states to hospital personnel that the indi-
19	vidual is a victim of sexual assault; or
20	"(C) whom hospital personnel, during the
21	course of treatment and care for the individual,
22	have reason to believe is a victim of sexual as-
23	sault.

1	"(2) Required services described.—For
2	purposes of paragraph (1), the services described in
3	this subparagraph are the following:
4	"(A) Provision of medically and factually
5	accurate and unbiased written and oral infor-
6	mation about emergency contraception that—
7	"(i) is written in clear and concise
8	language;
9	"(ii) is readily comprehensible;
10	"(iii) includes an explanation that—
11	"(I) emergency contraception has
12	been approved by the Food and Drug
13	Administration as an over-the-counter
14	or prescription medication for individ-
15	uals, and is a safe and effective way
16	to prevent pregnancy after unpro-
17	tected intercourse or contraceptive
18	failure if taken in a timely manner;
19	"(II) emergency contraception is
20	more effective the sooner it is taken;
21	and
22	"(III) emergency contraception
23	does not cause an abortion and cannot
24	interrupt an established pregnancy;

1	"(iv) meets such conditions regarding
2	the provision of such information in lan-
3	guages other than English as the Secretary
4	may establish; and
5	"(v) is provided without regard to the
6	ability of the individual or their family to
7	pay costs associated with the provision of
8	such information to the individual.
9	"(B) Immediate offer to provide emergency
10	contraception to the individual at the hospital
11	and, in the case that the individual accepts such
12	offer, immediate provision to the individual of
13	such contraception on the same day it is re-
14	quested without regard to the inability of the
15	individual or their family to pay costs associ-
16	ated with the offer and provision of such con-
17	traception.
18	"(C) Development and implementation of a
19	written policy to ensure that an individual is
20	present at the hospital, or on-call, who—
21	"(i) has authority to dispense or pre-
22	scribe emergency contraception, independ-
23	ently, or under a protocol prepared by a
24	physician for the administration of emer-

1	gency contraception at the hospital to a
2	victim of sexual assault; and
3	"(ii) is trained to comply with the re-
4	quirements of this section.
5	"(D) Provision of medically and factually
6	accurate and unbiased written and oral infor-
7	mation and counseling about post-exposure pro-
8	phylaxis (PEP) protocol for the prevention of
9	HIV.
10	"(E) Immediately offer to begin PEP to
11	the individual at the hospital except in cases
12	where the medical professional's best judgement
13	is that further evaluation is required or that
14	such a regimen will be substantially detrimental
15	to the individual's health. Such provision shall
16	be offered regardless of the individual's ability
17	to pay. Hospitals shall be responsible for ensur-
18	ing adequate supply of PEP medications to pro-
19	vide to patients.
20	"(3) Definitions.—For purposes of this para-
21	graph:
22	"(A) The term 'emergency contraception'
23	means a drug or device (as such terms are de-
24	fined in section 201 of the Federal Food Drug

1	and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 321)) or a drug
2	regimen that—
3	"(i) is used postcoitally;
4	"(ii) prevents pregnancy primarily by
5	preventing or delaying ovulation, and does
6	not terminate an established pregnancy;
7	and
8	"(iii) is approved by the Food and
9	Drug Administration.
10	"(B) The term 'hospital' includes a critical
11	access hospital, as defined in section
12	1861(mm)(1).
13	"(C) The term 'sexual assault' means co-
14	itus in which the individual involved does not
15	consent or lacks the legal capacity to consent.".
16	(b) Limitation on Payment Under Medicaid.—
17	Section 1903(i) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
18	1396b(i)) is amended by inserting after paragraph (11)
19	the following new paragraph:
20	"(12) with respect to any amount expended for
21	care or services furnished under the plan by a hos-
22	pital on or after January 1, 2017, unless such hos-
23	pital meets the requirements specified in section
24	1866(l) for purposes of title XVIII.".

1	SEC. 513. ACCESS TO BIRTH CONTROL DUTIES OF PHAR-
2	MACIES TO ENSURE PROVISION OF FDA-AP-
3	PROVED CONTRACEPTION.
4	Part B of title II of the Public Health Service Act
5	(42 U.S.C. 238 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end
6	the following:
7	"SEC. 249. DUTIES OF PHARMACIES TO ENSURE PROVISION
8	OF FDA-APPROVED CONTRACEPTION.
9	"(a) In General.—Subject to subsection (c), a
10	pharmacy that receives Food and Drug Administration-
11	approved drugs or devices in interstate commerce shall
12	maintain compliance with the following:
13	"(1) If a customer requests a contraceptive, in-
14	cluding emergency contraception, that is in stock,
15	the pharmacy shall ensure that the contraceptive is
16	provided to the customer—
17	"(A) without delay;
18	"(B) without regard to the customer's age,
19	gender, gender identity, or sexual orientation;
20	"(C) without a requirement that identifica-
21	tion be presented; and
22	"(D) despite any conflicts of employees to
23	filling a prescription and dispensing a par-
24	ticular prescription drug or device due to sin-
25	cerely held moral, philosophical, or religious be-
26	liefs.

1	"(2) If a customer requests a contraceptive that
2	is not in stock and the pharmacy in the normal
3	course of business stocks contraception, the phar-
4	macy shall immediately inform the customer that the
5	contraceptive is not in stock and without delay offer
6	the customer the following options:
7	"(A) If the customer prefers to obtain the
8	contraceptive through a referral or transfer, the
9	pharmacy shall—
10	"(i) locate a pharmacy of the cus-
11	tomer's choice or the closest pharmacy
12	confirmed to have the contraceptive in
13	stock; and
14	"(ii) refer the customer or transfer
15	the prescription to that pharmacy.
16	"(B) If the customer prefers for the phar-
17	macy to order the contraceptive, the pharmacy
18	shall obtain the contraceptive under the phar-
19	macy's standard procedure for expedited order-
20	ing of medication and notify the customer when
21	the contraceptive arrives.
22	"(3) The pharmacy shall ensure that its em-
23	plovees do not—

1	"(A) intimidate, threaten, or harass cus-
2	tomers in the delivery of services relating to a
3	request for contraception;
4	"(B) interfere with or obstruct the delivery
5	of services relating to a request for contracep-
6	tion;
7	"(C) intentionally misrepresent or deceive
8	customers about the availability of contracep-
9	tion or its mechanism of action;
10	"(D) breach medical confidentiality with
11	respect to a request for contraception or threat-
12	en to breach such confidentiality; or
13	"(E) refuse to return a valid, lawful pre-
14	scription for contraception upon customer re-
15	quest.
16	"(b) Contraceptives Not Ordinarily
17	STOCKED.—Nothing in subsection (a)(2) shall be con-
18	strued to require any pharmacy to comply with such sub-
19	section if the pharmacy does not ordinarily stock contra-
20	ceptives in the normal course of business.
21	"(c) Refusals Pursuant to Standard Phar-
22	MACY PRACTICE.—This section does not prohibit a phar-
23	macy from refusing to provide a contraceptive to a cus-
24	tomer in accordance with any of the following:

1	"(1) If it is unlawful to dispense the contracep-
2	tive to the customer without a valid, lawful prescrip-
3	tion and no such prescription is presented.
4	"(2) If the customer is unable to pay for the
5	contraceptive.
6	"(3) If the employee of the pharmacy refuses to
7	provide the contraceptive on the basis of a profes-
8	sional clinical judgment.
9	"(d) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-
10	tion shall be construed to invalidate or limit rights, rem-
11	edies, procedures, or legal standards under title VII of the
12	Civil Rights Act of 1964.
13	"(e) Preemption.—This section does not preempt
14	any provision of State law or any professional obligation
15	made applicable by a State board or other entity respon-
16	sible for licensing or discipline of pharmacies or phar-
17	macists, to the extent that such State law or professional
18	obligation provides protections for customers that are
19	greater than the protections provided by this section.
20	"(f) Enforcement.—
21	"(1) Civil Penalty.—A pharmacy that vio-
22	lates a requirement of subsection (a) is liable to the
23	United States for a civil penalty in an amount not
24	exceeding \$1,000 per day of violation, not to exceed

1	\$100,000 fo	r all	violations	adjudicated	in	a	single
2	proceeding.						

- "(2) Private cause of action.—Any person aggrieved as a result of a violation of a requirement of subsection (a) may, in any court of competent jurisdiction, commence a civil action against the pharmacy involved to obtain appropriate relief, including actual and punitive damages, injunctive relief, and a reasonable attorney's fee and cost.
- "(3) LIMITATIONS.—A civil action under paragraph (1) or (2) may not be commenced against a pharmacy after the expiration of the 5-year period beginning on the date on which the pharmacy allegedly engaged in the violation involved.
- "(g) Definitions.—In this section:
- "(1) The term 'contraception' or 'contraceptive'
 means any drug or device approved by the Food and
 Drug Administration to prevent pregnancy.
 - "(2) The term 'employee' means a person hired, by contract or any other form of an agreement, by a pharmacy.
- 22 "(3) The term 'pharmacy' means an entity 23 that—

1	"(A) is authorized by a State to engage in
2	the business of selling prescription drugs at re-
3	tail; and
4	"(B) employs one or more employees.
5	"(4) The term 'product' means a Food and
6	Drug Administration-approved drug or device.
7	"(5) The term 'professional clinical judgment'
8	means the use of professional knowledge and skills
9	to form a clinical judgment, in accordance with pre-
10	vailing medical standards.
11	"(6) The term 'without delay', with respect to
12	a pharmacy providing, providing a referral for, or
13	ordering contraception, or transferring the prescrip-
14	tion for contraception, means within the usual and
15	customary timeframe at the pharmacy for providing,
16	providing a referral for, or ordering other products,
17	or transferring the prescription for other products,
18	respectively.
19	"(h) Effective Date.—This section shall take ef-
20	fect on the 31st day after the date of the enactment of
21	this section, without regard to whether the Secretary has
22	issued any guidance or final rule regarding this section.".

1	SEC. 514. ADDITIONAL FOCUS AREA FOR THE OFFICE ON
2	WOMEN'S HEALTH.
3	Section 229(b) of the Public Health Service Act (42
4	U.S.C. 237a(b)) is amended—
5	(1) in paragraph (6), at the end, by striking
6	"and";
7	(2) in paragraph (7), at the end, by striking the
8	period and inserting a semicolon; and
9	(3) by adding at the end the following new
10	paragraph:
11	"(8) facilitate policymakers, health system lead-
12	ers and providers, consumers, and other stake-
13	holders in understanding optimal maternity care and
14	support for the provision of such care, including the
15	priorities of—
16	"(A) protecting, promoting, and supporting
17	the innate capacities of childbearing individuals
18	and their newborns for childbirth,
19	breastfeeding, and attachment;
20	"(B) using obstetric interventions only
21	when such interventions are supported by
22	strong, high-quality evidence, and minimizing
23	overuse of maternity practices that have been
24	shown to have benefit in limited situations and
25	that can expose women, infants, or both to risk
26	of harm if used routinely and indiscriminately,

including continuous electronic fetal monitoring, labor induction, epidural analgesia, primary cesarean section, and routine repeat cesarean birth;

"(C) reliably incorporating noninvasive, evidence-based practices that have documented correlation with considerable improvement in outcomes with no detrimental side effects, such as smoking cessation programs in pregnancy and proven models of group prenatal care that integrate health assessment, education, and support into a unified program and supporting evidence-based breastfeeding promotion efforts with respect for a breastfeeding individual's personal decisionmaking;

"(D) a shared understanding of the qualifications of licensed providers of maternity care and the best evidence about the safety, satisfaction, outcomes, and costs of their care, and appropriate deployment of such caregivers within the maternity care workforce to address the needs of childbearing individuals and newborns and the growing shortage of maternity caregivers;

1	"(E) a shared understanding of the results
2	of the best available research comparing hos-
3	pital, birth center, and planned home births, in-
4	cluding information about each setting's safety,
5	satisfaction, outcomes, and costs; and
6	"(F) high-quality, evidence-based child-
7	birth education that promotes a natural,
8	healthy, and safe approach to pregnancy, child-
9	birth, and early parenting; is taught by certified
10	educators, peer counselors, and health profes-
11	sionals; and promotes informed decisionmaking
12	by childbearing individual;".
13	SEC. 515. INTERAGENCY COORDINATING COMMITTEE ON
14	THE PROMOTION OF OPTIMAL MATERNITY
15	OUTCOMES.
16	(a) In General.—Part A of title II of the Public
17	Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 202 et seq.) is amended
18	by adding at the end the following new section:
19	"SEC. 229A. INTERAGENCY COORDINATING COMMITTEE ON
20	THE PROMOTION OF OPTIMAL MATERNITY
21	OUTCOMES.
22	"(a) In General.—The Secretary of Health and
23	Human Services, acting through the Deputy Assistant
24	Secretary for Women's Health under section 229 and in
25	collaboration with the Federal officials specified in sub-

- 1 section (b), shall establish the Interagency Coordinating
- 2 Committee on the Promotion of Optimal Maternity Out-
- 3 comes (referred to in this subsection as the 'ICCPOM').
- 4 "(b) OTHER AGENCIES.—The officials specified in
- 5 this subsection are the Secretary of Labor, the Secretary
- 6 of Defense, the Secretary of Veterans Affairs, the Surgeon
- 7 General, the Director of the Centers for Disease Control
- 8 and Prevention, the Administrator of the Health Re-
- 9 sources and Services Agency, the Administrator of the
- 10 Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, the Director
- 11 of the Indian Health Service, the Administrator of the
- 12 Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administra-
- 13 tion, the Director of the National Institute on Child
- 14 Health and Development, the Director of the Agency for
- 15 Healthcare Research and Quality, the Assistant Secretary
- 16 for Children and Families, the Deputy Assistant Secretary
- 17 for Minority Health, the Director of the Office of Per-
- 18 sonnel Management, and such other Federal officials as
- 19 the Secretary of Health and Human Services determines
- 20 to be appropriate.
- 21 "(c) Chair.—The Deputy Assistant Secretary for
- 22 Women's Health shall serve as the chair of the ICCPOM.
- 23 "(d) Duties.—The ICCPOM shall guide policy and
- 24 program development across the Federal Government with
- 25 respect to promotion of optimal maternity care, provided,

however, that nothing in this section shall be construed 2 as transferring regulatory or program authority from an 3 agency to the ICCPOM. "(e) Consultations.—The ICCPOM shall actively 4 5 seek the input of, and shall consult with, all appropriate and interested stakeholders, including State health depart-6 ments, public health research and interest groups, founda-8 tions, childbearing individuals and their advocates, and maternity care professional associations and organiza-10 tions, reflecting racially, ethnically, demographically, and 11 geographically diverse communities. 12 "(f) Annual Report.— 13 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, on behalf of 14 the ICCPOM, shall annually submit to Congress a 15 report that summarizes— "(A) all programs and policies of Federal 16 17 (including the Medicare Program agencies 18 under title XVIII of the Social Security Act and 19 the Medicaid program under title XIX of such 20 Act) designed to promote optimal maternity 21 care, focusing particularly on programs and 22 policies that support the adoption of evidence

based maternity care, as defined by timely, sci-

entifically sound systematic reviews;

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1	"(B) all programs and policies of Federal
2	agencies (including the Medicare Program
3	under title XVIII of the Social Security Act and
4	the Medicaid program under title XIX of such
5	Act) designed to address the problems of mater-
6	nal mortality and morbidity, infant mortality,
7	prematurity, and low birth weight, including
8	such programs and policies designed to address
9	racial and ethnic disparities with respect to
10	each of such problems;
11	"(C) the extent of progress in reducing
12	maternal mortality and infant mortality, low
13	birth weight, and prematurity at State and na-
14	tional levels; and
15	"(D) such other information regarding op-
16	timal maternity care as the Secretary deter-
17	mines to be appropriate.
18	The information specified in subparagraph (C) shall
19	be included in each such report in a manner that
20	disaggregates such information by race, ethnicity,
21	and indigenous status in order to determine the ex-
22	tent of progress in reducing racial and ethnic dis-
23	parities and disparities related to indigenous status.
24	"(2) CERTAIN INFORMATION.—Each report
25	under paragraph (1) shall include information

1	(disaggregated by race, ethnicity, and indigenous
2	status, as applicable) on the following rates and
3	costs by State:
4	"(A) The rate of primary cesarean deliv-
5	eries and repeat cesarean deliveries.
6	"(B) The rate of vaginal births after cesar-
7	ean.
8	"(C) The rate of vaginal breech births.
9	"(D) The rate of induction of labor.
10	"(E) The rate of freestanding birth center
11	births.
12	"(F) The rate of planned and unplanned
13	home birth.
14	"(G) The rate of attended births by pro-
15	vider, including by an obstetrician-gynecologist,
16	family practice physician, obstetrician-gyne-
17	cologist physician assistant, certified nurse-mid-
18	wife, certified midwife, and certified profes-
19	sional midwife.
20	"(H) The cost of maternity care
21	disaggregated by place of birth and provider of
22	care, including—
23	"(i) uncomplicated vaginal birth;
24	"(ii) complicated vaginal birth;

1	"(iii) uncomplicated cesarean birth;					
2	and					
3	"(iv) complicated cesarean birth.					
4	"(g) Authorization of Appropriations.—There					
5	is authorized to be appropriated, in addition to amounts					
6	authorized to be appropriated under section 229(e), to					
7	carry out this section \$1,000,000 for each of the fiscal					
8	years 2019 through 2023.".					
9	(b) Conforming Amendments.—					
10	(1) Inclusion as duty of hhs office on					
11	WOMEN'S HEALTH.—Section 229(b) of such Act (42					
12	U.S.C. 237a(b)), as amended by section 514, is fur-					
13	ther amended by adding at the end the following					
14	new paragraph:					
15	"(9) establish the Interagency Coordinating					
16	Committee on the Promotion of Optimal Maternity					
17	Outcomes in accordance with section 229A; and".					
18	(2) Treatment of Biennial Reports.—Sec-					
19	tion 229(d) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 237a(d)) is					
20	amended by inserting "(other than under subsection					
21	(b)(9))" after "under this section".					
22	SEC. 516. CONSUMER EDUCATION CAMPAIGN.					
23	Section 229(b) of the Public Health Service Act (42					
24	U.S.C. 237a(b)), as amended, is further amended by add-					
25	ing at the end the following new paragraph:					

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"(10) not later than one year after the date of the enactment of the Health Equity and Accountability Act of 2018, develop and implement a 4-year culturally and linguistically appropriate multimedia consumer education campaign that is designed to promote understanding and acceptance of evidencebased maternity practices and models of care for optimal maternity outcomes among individuals of childbearing ages and families of such individuals and that—

- "(A) highlights the importance of protecting, promoting, and supporting the innate capacities of childbearing individuals and their newborns for childbirth, breastfeeding, and attachment;
- "(B) promotes understanding of the importance of using obstetric interventions when medically necessary and when supported by strong, high-quality evidence;
- "(C) highlights the widespread overuse of maternity practices that have been shown to have benefit when used appropriately in situations of medical necessity, but which can expose pregnant individuals, infants, or both to risk of harm if used routinely and indiscriminately, in-

1	cluding continuous fetal monitoring, labor in-
2	duction, epidural anesthesia, elective primary
3	cesarean section, and repeat cesarean delivery;
4	"(D) emphasizes the noninvasive maternity
5	practices that have strong proven correlation or
6	may be associated with considerable improve-
7	ment in outcomes with no detrimental side ef-
8	fects, and are significantly underused in the
9	United States, including smoking cessation pro-
10	grams in pregnancy, group model prenatal care,
11	continuous labor support, nonsupine positions
12	for birth, and external version to turn breech
13	babies at term;
14	"(E) educates consumers about the quali-
15	fications of licensed providers of maternity care
16	and the best evidence about their safety, satis-
17	faction, outcomes, and costs;
18	"(F) informs consumers about the best
19	available research comparing birth center
20	births, planned home births, and hospital
21	births, including information about each set-
22	ting's safety, satisfaction, outcomes, and costs;
23	"(G) fosters participation in high-quality,
24	evidence-based childbirth education that pro-
25	motes a natural, healthy, and safe approach to

1	pregnancy, childbirth, and early parenting; is
2	taught by certified educators, peer counselors,
3	and health professionals; and promotes in-
4	formed decisionmaking by childbearing individ-
5	uals; and
6	"(H) is pilot tested for consumer com-
7	prehension, cultural sensitivity, and acceptance
8	of the messages across geographically, racially,
9	ethnically, and linguistically diverse popu-
10	lations.".
11	SEC. 517. BIBLIOGRAPHIC DATABASE OF SYSTEMATIC RE-
12	VIEWS FOR CARE OF CHILDBEARING INDI-
13	VIDUALS AND NEWBORNS.
13 14	viduals and newborns. (a) In General.—Not later than one year after the
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14 15	(a) In General.—Not later than one year after the
14 15 16	(a) In General.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health
14 15 16 17	(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, through the Agency for Healthcare
14 15 16 17	(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, through the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, shall—
14 15 16 17 18	(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, through the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, shall— (1) make publicly available an online biblio-
14 15 16 17 18	(a) In General.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, through the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, shall— (1) make publicly available an online bibliographic database identifying systematic reviews, in-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) In General.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, through the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, shall— (1) make publicly available an online bibliographic database identifying systematic reviews, including an explanation of the level and quality of
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) In General.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, through the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, shall— (1) make publicly available an online bibliographic database identifying systematic reviews, including an explanation of the level and quality of evidence, for care of childbearing individuals and

1	(b) Sources.—To aim for a comprehensive inventory
2	of systematic reviews relevant to maternal and newborn
3	care, the database shall identify reviews from diverse
4	sources, including—
5	(1) scientific peer-reviewed journals;
6	(2) databases, including Cochrane Database of
7	Systematic Reviews, Clinical Evidence, and Data-
8	base of Abstracts of Reviews of Effects; and
9	(3) Internet Web sites of agencies and organi-
10	zations throughout the world that produce such sys-
11	tematic reviews.
12	(c) Features.—The database shall—
13	(1) provide bibliographic citations for each
14	record within the database, and for each such cita-
15	tion include an explanation of the level and quality
16	of evidence;
17	(2) include abstracts, as available;
18	(3) provide reference to companion documents
19	as may exist for each review, such as evidence tables
20	and guidelines or consumer educational materials de-
21	veloped from the review;
22	(4) provide links to the source of the full review
23	and to any companion documents;
24	(5) provide links to the source of a previous
25	version or update of the review:

1	(6) be searchable by intervention or other topic				
2	of the review, reported outcomes, author, title, and				
3	source; and				
4	(7) offer to users periodic electronic notification				
5	of database updates relating to users' topics of inter-				
6	est.				
7	(d) Outreach.—Not later than the first date the				
8	database is made publicly available and periodically there-				
9	after, the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall				
10	publicize the availability, features, and uses of the data-				
11	base under this section to the stakeholders described in				
12	subsection (e).				
13	(e) Consultation.—For purposes of developing the				
14	database under this section and maintaining and updating				
15	such database, the Secretary of Health and Human Serv-				
16	ices shall convene and consult with an advisory committee				
17	composed of relevant stakeholders, including—				
18	(1) Federal Medicaid administrators and State				
19	agencies administrating State plans under title XIX				
20	of the Social Security Act pursuant to section				
21	1902(a)(5) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 1396a(a)(5));				
22	(2) providers of maternity and newborn care				
23	from both academic and community-based settings,				
24	including obstetrician-gynecologists, family physi-				
25	cians, certified nurse midwives, certified midwives,				

1	certified professional midwives, physician assistants,
2	perinatal nurses, pediatricians, and nurse practi-
3	tioners;
4	(3) maternal-fetal medicine specialists;
5	(4) neonatologists;
6	(5) childbearing individuals and advocates for
7	such individuals, including childbirth educators cer-
8	tified by a nationally accredited program, rep-
9	resenting communities that are diverse in terms of
10	race, ethnicity, indigenous status, and geographic
11	area;
12	(6) employers and purchasers;
13	(7) health facility and system leaders, including
14	both hospital and birth center facilities;
15	(8) journalists; and
16	(9) bibliographic informatics specialists.
17	(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
18	authorized to be appropriated \$2,500,000 for each of the
19	fiscal years 2019 through 2021 for the purpose of devel-
20	oping the database and such sums as may be necessary
21	for each subsequent fiscal year for updating the database

and providing outreach and notification to users, as de-

23 scribed in this section.

1	SEC	E10	MATEDNITY	CADE	HEAT TH	PROFESSIONAL
- 1	SHILL.	อาห.	WATERNITY	CARE	HEALTH	PROFESSIONAL

- 2 SHORTAGE AREAS.
- 3 Section 332 of the Public Health Service Act (42)
- 4 U.S.C. 254e) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 5 lowing new subsection:
- 6 "(k)(1) The Secretary, acting through the Adminis-
- 7 trator of the Health Resources and Services Administra-
- 8 tion, shall designate maternity care health professional
- 9 shortage areas in the States, publish a descriptive list of
- 10 the area's population groups, medical facilities, and other
- 11 public facilities so designated, and at least annually review
- 12 and, as necessary, revise such designations.
- 13 "(2) For purposes of paragraph (1), a complete de-
- 14 scriptive list shall be published in the Federal Register not
- 15 later than one year after the date of the enactment of the
- 16 Health Equity and Accountability Act of 2018 and annu-
- 17 ally thereafter.
- 18 "(3) The provisions of subsections (b), (c), (e), (f),
- 19 (g), (h), (i), and (j) (other than (j)(1)(B)) of this section
- 20 shall apply to the designation of a maternity care health
- 21 professional shortage area in a similar manner and extent
- 22 as such provisions apply to the designation of health pro-
- 23 fessional shortage areas, except in applying subsection
- 24 (b)(3), the reference in such subsection to 'physicians'
- 25 shall be deemed to be a reference to nationally certified
- 26 and State licensed obstetricians, family practice physicians

- 1 who practice full-scope maternity care, certified nurse
- 2 midwives, certified midwives, certified professional mid-
- 3 wives, and physician's assistants who practice full scope
- 4 maternity care.
- 5 "(4) For purposes of this subsection, the term 'ma-
- 6 ternity care health professional shortage area' means—
- 7 "(A) an area in an urban or rural area (which 8 need not conform to the geographic boundaries of a 9 political subdivision and which is a rational area for 10 the delivery of health services) which the Secretary 11 determines has a shortage of providers of maternity 12 care health services including those referenced in 13 paragraph (3) or an urban or rural area that the 14 Secretary determines has lost a significant number 15 of such providers during the 10-year period begin-16 ning with 2004 or has no obstetrical providers li-

censed to provide operative obstetrical services;

"(B) an area in an urban or rural area (which need not conform to the geographic boundaries of a political subdivision and which is a rational area for the delivery of health services) which the Secretary determines has a shortage of hospital or labor and delivery units, hospital birth center units, or freestanding birth centers or an area that lost a signifi-

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1	cant number of these units during the 10-year pe-
2	riod beginning with 2004; or
3	"(C) a population group which the Secretary
4	determines has such a shortage of providers or fa-
5	cilities.''.
6	SEC. 519. EXPANSION OF CDC PREVENTION RESEARCH
7	CENTERS PROGRAM TO INCLUDE CENTERS
8	ON OPTIMAL MATERNITY OUTCOMES.
9	(a) In General.—Not later than one year after the
10	date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health
11	and Human Services, shall support the establishment of
12	additional Prevention Research Centers under the Preven-
13	tion Research Center Program administered by the Cen-
14	ters for Disease Control and Prevention. Such additional
15	centers shall each be known as a Center for Excellence
16	on Optimal Maternity Outcomes.
17	(b) Research.—Each Center for Excellence on Opti-
18	mal Maternity Outcomes shall—
19	(1) conduct at least one focused program of re-
20	search to improve maternity outcomes, including the
21	reduction of cesarean birth rates, elective inductions,
22	prematurity rates, and low birth weight rates within
23	an underserved population that has a disproportion-
24	ately large burden of suboptimal maternity out-

1	comes, including maternal mortality and morbidity,
2	infant mortality, prematurity, or low birth weight;
3	(2) work with partners on special interest
4	projects, as specified by the Centers for Disease
5	Control and Prevention and other relevant agencies
6	within the Department of Health and Human Serv-
7	ices, and on projects funded by other sources; and
8	(3) involve a minimum of two distinct birth set-
9	ting models, such as a hospital labor and delivery
10	model and freestanding birth center model; or a hos-
11	pital labor and delivery model and planned home
12	birth model.
13	(c) Interdisciplinary Providers.—Each Center
14	for Excellence on Optimal Maternity Outcomes shall in-
15	clude the following interdisciplinary providers of maternity
16	care:
17	(1) Obstetrician-gynecologists.
18	(2) At least two of the following providers:
19	(A) Family practice physicians.
20	(B) Nurse practitioners.
21	(C) Physician assistants.
22	(D) Certified professional midwives.
23	(d) Services.—Research conducted by each Center
24	for Excellence on Optimal Maternity Outcomes shall in-

clude at least 2 (and preferably more) of the following sup-2 portive provider services: 3 (1) Mental health. 4 (2) Doula labor support. (3) Nutrition education. 6 (4) Childbirth education. 7 (5) Social work. 8 (6) Physical therapy or occupation therapy. 9 (7) Substance abuse services. 10 (8) Home visiting. 11 (e) COORDINATION.—The programs of research at 12 each of the two Centers of Excellence on Optimal Maternity Outcomes shall compliment and not replicate the work of the other. 14 15 (f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section 16 17 \$2,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2019 through 18 2023. SEC. 520. EXPANDING MODELS ALLOWED TO BE TESTED BY 20 CENTER FOR MEDICARE & MEDICAID INNO-21 VATION TO INCLUDE MATERNITY CARE MOD-22 ELS. 23 Section 1115A(b)(2)(B) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1315a(b)(2)(B)) is amended by adding at the end the following new clause:

1	"(xxv) Promoting evidence-based mod-
2	els of care that have been associated with
3	reductions in maternal and infant health
4	disparities, including incorporating the use
5	of doula and promotoras support for preg-
6	nant and childbearing individuals into evi-
7	dence-based models of prenatal care, labor
8	and delivery, and postpartum care, and
9	supporting the appropriate use of out-of-
10	hospital birth models, including births at
11	home and in freestanding birth centers.".
12	SEC. 521. DEVELOPMENT OF INTERPROFESSIONAL MATER-
13	NITY CARE EDUCATIONAL MODELS AND
1314	NITY CARE EDUCATIONAL MODELS AND TOOLS.
14 15	TOOLS.
14 15 16	TOOLS. (a) In General.—Not later than 6 months after the
14 15 16 17	TOOLS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 6 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health
14 15 16 17 18	tools. (a) In General.—Not later than 6 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, acting in conjunction with the Ad-
14 15 16 17	tools. (a) In General.—Not later than 6 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, acting in conjunction with the Administrator of Health Resources and Services Administra-
14 15 16 17 18	tion, shall convene, for a 1-year period, an Interprofes-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 6 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, acting in conjunction with the Administrator of Health Resources and Services Administration, shall convene, for a 1-year period, an Interprofessional Maternity Provider Education Commission to dis-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) In General.—Not later than 6 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, acting in conjunction with the Administrator of Health Resources and Services Administration, shall convene, for a 1-year period, an Interprofessional Maternity Provider Education Commission to discuss and make recommendations for—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) In General.—Not later than 6 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, acting in conjunction with the Administrator of Health Resources and Services Administration, shall convene, for a 1-year period, an Interprofessional Maternity Provider Education Commission to discuss and make recommendations for— (1) a consensus standard physiologic maternity

- Midwives and the North American Registry of Midwives, and the educational objectives for physicians practicing in obstetrics and gynecology as determined by the Council on Resident Education in Obstetrics and Gynecology;
 - (2) suggestions for multidisciplinary use of the consensus physiologic curriculum;
 - (3) strategies to integrate and coordinate education across maternity care disciplines, including recommendations to increase medical and midwifery student exposure to out-of-hospital birth; and
- (4) pilot demonstrations of interprofessional
 educational models.
- 14 (b) Participants.—The Commission shall include 15 maternity care educators, curriculum developers, service leaders, certification leaders, and accreditation leaders 16 from the various professions that provide maternity care 18 in this country. Such professions shall include obstetrician 19 gynecologists, certified nurse midwives or certified midwives, family practice physicians, nurse practitioners, phy-21 sician assistants, certified professional midwives, and perinatal nurses. Additionally, the Commission shall include representation from maternity care consumer advo-

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cates.

1	(c) Curriculum.—The consensus standard physio-
2	logic maternity care curriculum described in subsection
3	(a)(1) shall—
4	(1) have a public health focus with a foundation
5	in health promotion and disease prevention;
6	(2) foster physiologic childbearing and woman
7	and family centered care;
8	(3) integrate strategies to reduce maternal and
9	infant morbidity and mortality;
10	(4) incorporate recommendations to ensure re-
11	spectful, safe, and seamless consultation, referral,
12	transport, and transfer of care when necessary; and
13	(5) include cultural sensitivity and strategies to
14	decrease disparities in maternity outcomes.
15	(d) Report.—Not later than 6 months after the final
16	meeting of the Commission, the Secretary of Health and
17	Human Services shall—
18	(1) submit to Congress a report containing the
19	recommendations made by the Commission under
20	this section; and
21	(2) make such report publicly available.
22	(e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
23	authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
24	\$1,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2019 and 2020,

1	and such sums as are necessary for each of the fiscal years
2	2021 through 2023.
3	SEC. 522. INCLUDING WITHIN INPATIENT HOSPITAL SERV-
4	ICES UNDER MEDICARE SERVICES FUR-
5	NISHED BY CERTAIN STUDENTS, INTERNS,
6	AND RESIDENTS SUPERVISED BY CERTIFIED
7	NURSE MIDWIVES.
8	(a) In General.—Section 1861(b) of the Social Se-
9	curity Act (42 U.S.C. 1395x(b)) is amended—
10	(1) in paragraph (6), by striking "; or" and in-
11	serting ", or in the case of services in a hospital or
12	osteopathic hospital by a student midwife or an in-
13	tern or resident-in-training under a teaching pro-
14	gram previously described in this paragraph who is
15	in the field of obstetrics and gynecology, if such stu-
16	dent midwife, intern, or resident-in-training is super-
17	vised by a certified nurse-midwife to the extent per-
18	mitted under applicable State law and as may be au-
19	thorized by the hospital;";
20	(2) in paragraph (7), by striking the period at
21	the end and inserting "; or"; and
22	(3) by adding at the end the following new
23	paragraph:

1	"(8) a certified nurse-midwife where the hos-
2	pital has a teaching program approved as specified
3	in paragraph (6), if—
4	"(A) the hospital elects to receive any pay-
5	ment due under this title for reasonable costs of
6	such services; and
7	"(B) all certified nurse-midwives in such
8	hospital agree not to bill charges for profes-
9	sional services rendered in such hospital to indi-
10	viduals covered under the insurance program
11	established by this title.".
12	(b) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
13	subsection (a) shall apply to services furnished on or after
14	the date of the enactment of this Act.
15	SEC. 523. GRANTS TO PROFESSIONAL ORGANIZATIONS TO
16	INCREASE DIVERSITY IN MATERNAL, REPRO-
17	DUCTIVE, AND SEXUAL HEALTH PROFES-
18	SIONALS.
19	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Health and
20	Human Services, through the Administrator of the Health
21	Resources and Services Administration, shall carry out a
22	grant program under which the Secretary may make to
23	eligible health professional organizations—
24	(1) for fiscal year 2019, planning grants de-
25	scribed in subsection (b); and

1	(2) for the subsequent 4-year period, implemen-
2	tation grants described in subsection (c).
3	(b) Planning Grants.—
4	(1) In general.—Planning grants described in
5	this subsection are grants for the following purposes:
6	(A) To collect data and identify any work-
7	force disparities, with respect to a health pro-
8	fession, at each of the following areas along the
9	health professional continuum:
10	(i) Pipeline availability with respect to
11	students at the high school and college or
12	university levels considering and working
13	toward entrance in the profession.
14	(ii) Entrance into the training pro-
15	gram for the profession.
16	(iii) Graduation from such training
17	program.
18	(iv) Entrance into practice.
19	(v) Retention in practice for more
20	than a 5-year period.
21	(B) To develop one or more strategies to
22	address the workforce disparities within the
23	health profession, as identified under (and in
24	response to the findings pursuant to) subpara-
25	graph (A).

1	(2) APPLICATION.—To be eligible to receive a
2	grant under this subsection, an eligible health pro-
3	fessional organization shall submit to the Secretary
4	of Health and Human Services an application in
5	such form and manner and containing such informa-
6	tion as specified by the Secretary.
7	(3) Amount.—Each grant awarded under this
8	subsection shall be for an amount not to exceed
9	\$300,000.
10	(4) Report.—Each recipient of a grant under
11	this subsection shall submit to the Secretary of
12	Health and Human Services a report containing—
13	(A) information on the extent and distribu-
14	tion of workforce disparities identified through
15	the grant; and
16	(B) reasonable objectives and strategies
17	developed to address such disparities within a
18	5-, 10-, and 25-year period.
19	(c) Implementation Grants.—
20	(1) In general.—Implementation grants de-
21	scribed in this subsection are grants to implement
22	one or more of the strategies developed pursuant to
23	a planning grant awarded under subsection (b).
24	(2) APPLICATION.—To be eligible to receive a

grant under this subsection, an eligible health pro-

- fessional organization shall submit to the Secretary of Health and Human Services an application in such form and manner as specified by the Secretary. Each such application shall contain information on the capability of the organization to carry out a strategy described in paragraph (1), involvement of partners or coalitions, plans for developing sustainability of the efforts after the culmination of the grant cycle, and any other information specified by the Secretary.
 - (3) Amount.—Each grant awarded under this subsection shall be for an amount not to exceed \$500,000 each year during the 4-year period of the grant.
 - (4) Reports.—For each of the first 3 years for which an eligible health professional organization is awarded a grant under this subsection, the organization shall submit to the Secretary of Health and Human Services a report on the activities carried out by such organization through the grant during such year and objectives for the subsequent year. For the fourth year for which an eligible health professional organization is awarded a grant under this subsection, the organization shall submit to the Secretary a report that includes an analysis of all the

- 1 activities carried out by the organization through the
- 2 grant and a detailed plan for continuation of out-
- 3 reach efforts.
- 4 (d) Eligible Health Professional Organiza-
- 5 TION DEFINED.—For purposes of this section, the term
- 6 "eligible health professional organization" means a profes-
- 7 sional organization representing obstetrician-gyne-
- 8 cologists, certified nurse midwives, certified midwives,
- 9 family practice physicians, nurse practitioners whose scope
- 10 of practice includes maternity or sexual and reproductive
- 11 health care, physician assistants whose scope of practice
- 12 includes obstetrical or sexual and reproductive health care,
- 13 or certified professional midwives adolescent medicine spe-
- 14 cialists, and pediatricians who provide sexual and repro-
- 15 ductive health care.
- 16 (e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
- 17 authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
- $18 \ \$2,000,000$ for fiscal year 2019 and \$3,000,000 for each
- 19 of the fiscal years 2020 through 2023.
- 20 SEC. 524. INTERAGENCY UPDATE TO THE QUALITY FAMILY
- 21 PLANNING GUIDELINES.
- 22 (a) In General.—Not later than six months after
- 23 the date of enactment of this Act, the Director of the Cen-
- 24 ters for Disease Control and Prevention and the Office

1	of Population Affairs shall review and expand the 2014
2	Quality Family Planning Guidelines to address—
3	(1) health disparities; and
4	(2) the importance of patient-directed contra-
5	ceptive decisionmaking.
6	(b) Consultation.—In carrying out subsection (a),
7	the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Pre-
8	vention and the Office of Population Affairs shall convene
9	a meeting, and solicit the views of, stakeholders including
10	experts on health disparities, experts on reproductive coer-
11	cion, representatives of provider organizations, patient ad-
12	vocates, reproductive justice organizations, organizations
13	that represent racial and ethnic minority communities, or-
14	ganizations that represent people with disabilities, organi-
15	zations that represent LGBTQ persons, and organizations
16	that represent people with limited-English proficiency.
17	SEC. 525. DISSEMINATION OF THE QUALITY FAMILY PLAN-
18	NING GUIDELINES.
19	(a) In General.—Not later than six months after
20	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health
21	and Human Services and the Director of the Centers for
22	Disease Control and Prevention shall—
23	(1) develop a plan for outreach to publicly fund-
24	ed health care providers, including federally qualified
25	health centers and branches of the Indian Health

1	Service, about the quality family planning guidelines
2	referred to in section 524; and
3	(2) award grants to eligible entities to imple-
4	ment these guidelines for all patients seeking family
5	planning services.
6	(b) Definition.—In this section, the term "eligible
7	entity" means a publicly funded health care provider that
8	serves persons of reproductive age.
9	Subtitle B—Pregnancy Screening
10	SEC. 531. PREGNANCY INTENTION SCREENING INITIATIVE
11	DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM.
12	Part P of title III of the Public Health Service Act
13	(42 U.S.C. 280g et seq.) is amended by adding at the end
14	the following new sections:
15	"SEC. 399V-7. PREGNANCY INTENTION SCREENING INITIA-
16	TIVE DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM.
17	"(a) Program Establishment.—The Secretary,
18	acting through the Director of the Centers for Disease
19	Control and Prevention, shall establish a demonstration
20	program to facilitate the clinical adoption of pregnancy in-
21	tention screening initiatives by health care providers.
22	"(b) Grants.—The Secretary may carry out the
23	demonstration program through awarding grants to eligi-
24	ble entities to implement pregnancy intention screening
25	initiatives, collect data, and evaluate such initiatives.

1	"(c) Eligible Entities.—
2	"(1) In general.—An eligible entity under
3	this section is an entity described in paragraph (2)
4	that provides non-directive, comprehensive, medically
5	accurate information.
6	"(2) Entities described.—For purposes of
7	paragraph (1), an entity described in this paragraph
8	is a community-based organization, voluntary health
9	organization, public health department, community
10	health center, or other interested public or private
11	health care provider or organization.
12	"(d) Pregnancy Intention Screening Initia-
13	TIVE.—For purposes of this section, the term 'pregnancy
14	intention screening initiative' means any initiative by a
15	health care provider to routinely screen women with re-
16	spect to their pregnancy intentions and goals to either pre-
17	vent unintended pregnancies or improve the likelihood of
18	healthy pregnancies, in order to better provide health care
19	that meets the contraceptive or pre-pregnancy needs of
20	such women.
21	"(e) Evaluation.—
22	"(1) In General.—The Secretary, acting
23	through the Director of the Centers for Disease
24	Control and Prevention, shall, by grant or contract,
25	and after consultation as described in paragraph (2),

1	conduct an evaluation of the demonstration pro-
2	gram, with respect to pregnancy intention screening
3	initiatives, conducted under this section. The evalua-
4	tion shall include:
5	"(A) Assessment of the implementation of
6	pregnancy intention screening protocols among
7	a diverse group of patients and providers, in-
8	cluding collecting data on the experiences and
9	outcomes for diverse patient populations in a
10	variety of clinical settings.
11	"(B) Analysis of outcome measures that
12	will facilitate effective and widespread adoption
13	of such protocols by health care providers for
14	inquiring about and responding to pregnancy
15	intentions of women with both contraceptive
16	and pre-pregnancy care.
17	"(C) Consideration of health disparities
18	among the population served.
19	"(D) Assessment of the equitable and vol-
20	untary application of such initiatives to minor-
21	ity and medically underserved communities.
22	"(E) Assessment of the training, capacity,
23	and ongoing technical assistance needed for
24	providers to effectively implement such preg-

nancy intention screening protocols.

1	"(F) Assessment of whether referral sys-
2	tems for selected protocols follow evidence-based
3	standards that ensure access to comprehensive
4	health services and appropriate follow-up care.
5	"(2) Independent, expert advisory
6	PANEL.—In conducting the evaluation under para-
7	graph (1), the Director of the Centers for Disease
8	Control and Prevention shall consult with physi-
9	cians, physician assistants, and nurses who spe-
10	cialize in women's health, and other experts in clin-
11	ical practice, program evaluation, and research.
12	"(3) Report.—Not later than one year after
13	the last day of the demonstration program under
14	this section, the Director of the Centers for Disease
15	Control and Prevention shall submit to Congress a
16	report on the results of the evaluation conducted
17	under paragraph (1) and shall make the report pub-
18	licly available.
19	"(f) Funding.—
20	"(1) Authorization of appropriations.—
21	To carry out this section, there is authorized to be
22	appropriated \$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years
23	2019 through 2021.
24	"(2) Limitation.—Not more than 25 percent
25	of funds appropriated to carry out this section pur-

1	suant to paragraph (1) for a fiscal year may be used
2	for purposes of the evaluation under subsection
3	(e).".
4	TITLE VI—MENTAL HEALTH
5	SEC. 601. MENTAL HEALTH FINDINGS.
6	Congress finds the following:
7	(1) Despite the existence of effective treat
8	ments, disparities lie in the availability, accessibility
9	and quality of mental health services for racial and
10	ethnic minorities.
11	(2) These disparities have powerful significance
12	for minority groups and for society as a whole.
13	(3) Racial and ethnic minorities bear a greater
14	burden from unmet mental health needs and thus
15	suffer a greater loss to their overall health and pro
16	ductivity.
17	(4) The foremost barriers include the cost of
18	care, societal stigma, and the fragmented organiza
19	tion of services.
20	(5) African American attitudes toward menta
21	illness are another barrier to seeking mental health
22	care.
23	(6) Mental illness retains considerable stigma
24	and seeking treatment is not always encouraged

1	(7) Mental illness is highly stigmatizing in
2	many Asian cultures.
3	(8) Addressing mental health stigma in commu-
4	nities will help increase utilization of mental health
5	services and reduce the burden of mental illness
6	SEC. 602. COVERAGE OF MARRIAGE AND FAMILY THERA-
7	PIST SERVICES, MENTAL HEALTH COUN-
8	SELOR SERVICES, AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE
9	COUNSELOR SERVICES UNDER PART B OF
10	THE MEDICARE PROGRAM.
11	(a) Coverage of Services.—
12	(1) In General.—Section 1861(s)(2) of the
13	Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395x(s)(2)), as
14	amended by section 450, is amended—
15	(A) in subparagraph (FF), by striking
16	"and" at the end;
17	(B) in subparagraph (GG), by inserting
18	"and" at the end; and
19	(C) by adding at the end the following new
20	subparagraph:
21	"(HH) marriage and family therapist services
22	(as defined in subsection (lll)(1)) and mental health
23	counselor services (as defined in subsection (lll)(3))
24	and substance abuse counselor services (as defined
25	in subsection (lll)(5));".

1	(2) Definitions.—Section 1861 of such Act
2	(42 U.S.C. 1395x), as amended by sections 413(a)
3	and 470(a), is amended by adding at the end the
4	following new subsection:
5	"Marriage and Family Therapist Services; Marriage and
6	Family Therapist; Mental Health Counselor Serv-
7	ices; Mental Health Counselor
8	"(lll)(1) The term 'marriage and family therapist
9	services' means services performed by a marriage and
10	family therapist (as defined in paragraph (2)) for the diag-
11	nosis and treatment of mental illnesses, which the mar-
12	riage and family therapist is legally authorized to perform
13	under State law (or the State regulatory mechanism pro-
14	vided by State law) of the State in which such services
15	are performed, as would otherwise be covered if furnished
16	by a physician or as an incident to a physician's profes-
17	sional service, but only if no facility or other provider
18	charges or is paid any amounts with respect to the fur-
19	nishing of such services.
20	"(2) The term 'marriage and family therapist' means
21	an individual who—
22	"(A) possesses a master's or doctoral degree
23	which qualifies for licensure or certification as a
24	marriage and family therapist pursuant to State
25	law:

1	"(B) after obtaining such degree has performed
2	at least 2 years of clinical supervised experience in
3	marriage and family therapy; and
4	"(C) in the case of an individual performing
5	services in a State that provides for licensure or cer-
6	tification of marriage and family therapists, is li-
7	censed or certified as a marriage and family thera-
8	pist in such State.
9	"(3) The term 'mental health counselor services
10	means services performed by a mental health counselor (as
11	defined in paragraph (4)) for the diagnosis and treatment
12	of mental illnesses which the mental health counselor is
13	legally authorized to perform under State law (or the
14	State regulatory mechanism provided by the State law) of
15	the State in which such services are performed, as would
16	otherwise be covered if furnished by a physician or as inci-
17	dent to a physician's professional service, but only if no
18	facility or other provider charges or is paid any amounts
19	with respect to the furnishing of such services.
20	"(4) The term 'mental health counselor' means an
21	individual who—
22	"(A) possesses a master's or doctor's degree in
23	mental health counseling or a related field;

1	"(B) after obtaining such a degree has per-
2	formed at least 2 years of supervised mental health
3	counselor practice; and
4	"(C) in the case of an individual performing
5	services in a State that provides for licensure or cer-
6	tification of mental health counselors or professional
7	counselors, is licensed or certified as a mental health
8	counselor or professional counselor in such State.
9	"(5) The term 'substance abuse counselor services'
10	means services performed by a substance abuse counselor
11	(as defined in paragraph (6)) for the diagnosis and treat-
12	ment of substance abuse and addiction which the sub-
13	stance abuse counselor is legally authorized to perform
14	under State law (or the State regulatory mechanism pro-
15	vided by the State law) of the State in which such services
16	are performed, as would otherwise be covered if furnished
17	by a physician or as incident to a physician's professional
18	service, but only if no facility or other provider charges
19	or is paid any amounts with respect to the furnishing of
20	such services.
21	"(6) The term 'substance abuse counselor' means an
22	individual who—
23	"(A) has performed at least 2 years of super-
24	vised substance abuse counselor practice;

1	"(B) in the case of an individual performing
2	services in a State that provides for licensure or cer-
3	tification of substance abuse counselors or profes-
4	sional counselors, is licensed or certified as a sub-
5	stance abuse counselor or professional counselor in
6	such State; or
7	"(C) is a drug and alcohol counselor as defined
8	in section 40.281 of title 49, Code of Federal Regu-
9	lations.".
10	(3) Provision for payment under part
11	B.—Section 1832(a)(2)(B) of such Act (42 U.S.C.
12	1395k(a)(2)(B)) is amended—
13	(A) by striking "and" at the end of clause
14	(iv); and
15	(B) by adding at the end the following new
16	clause:
17	"(v) marriage and family therapist
18	services, mental health counselor services,
19	and substance abuse counselor services;
20	and".
21	(4) Amount of Payment.—Section 1833(a)(1)
22	of such Act (42 U.S.C. 1395l(a)(1)), as amended by
23	section 431(c)(3), is amended—
24	(A) by striking "and (AA)" and inserting
25	"(AA)"; and

- 1 (B) by inserting before the semicolon at the end the following: ", and (BB) with respect 2 3 to marriage and family therapist services, men-4 tal health counselor services, and substance 5 counselor services abuse under section 6 1861(s)(2)(HH), the amounts paid shall be 80 7 percent of the lesser of the actual charge for 8 the services or 75 percent of the amount deter-9 mined for payment of a psychologist under sub-10 paragraph (L)".
 - (5) EXCLUSION OF MARRIAGE AND FAMILY THERAPIST SERVICES AND MENTAL HEALTH COUN-SELOR SERVICES FROM SKILLED NURSING FACILITY SYSTEM.—Section PROSPECTIVE **PAYMENT** 1888(e)(2)(A)(ii)of such Act (42)U.S.C. 1395yy(e)(2)(A)(ii)) is amended by inserting "marriage and family therapist services (as defined in section 1861(lll)(1)), mental health counselor services (as defined in section 1861(lll)(3))," after "qualified psychologist services,".
 - (6) Inclusion of Marriage and Family Therapists, Mental Health Counselors, and Substance abuse Counselors as Practitioners For Assignment of Claims.—Section 1842(b)(18)(C) of such Act (42 U.S.C.

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1 1395u(b)(18)(C)) is amended by adding at the end 2 the following new clauses: 3 "(vii) A marriage and family therapist (as de-4 fined in section 1861(lll)(2)). 5 "(viii) A mental health counselor (as defined in 6 section 1861(lll)(4). 7 "(ix) A substance abuse counselor (as defined 8 in section 1861 (lll)(6)).". (b) COVERAGE OF CERTAIN MENTAL HEALTH SERV-9 ICES PROVIDED IN CERTAIN SETTINGS.— 10 11 (1) Rural Health Clinics and Federally 12 CENTERS.—Section QUALIFIED HEALTH 13 1861(aa)(1)(B) of the Social Security Act (42) 14 U.S.C. 1395x(aa)(1)(B)) is amended by striking "or 15 by a clinical social worker (as defined in subsection (hh)(1))," and inserting ", by a clinical social worker 16 17 (as defined in subsection (hh)(1)), by a marriage 18 and family therapist (as defined in subsection 19 (lll)(2)), or by a mental health counselor (as defined 20 in subsection (III)(4)), or by a substance abuse coun-21 selor (as defined in section 1861 (lll)(6)).". 22 (2)HOSPICE PROGRAMS.—Section 23 1861(dd)(2)(B)(i)(III) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 1395x(dd)(2)(B)(i)(III)) is amended by inserting "or 24

- 1 one marriage and family therapist (as defined in
- 2 subsection (lll)(2))" after "social worker".
- 3 (c) Authorization of Marriage and Family
- 4 Therapists To Develop Discharge Plans for
- 5 Posthospital Services.—Section 1861(ee)(2)(G) of
- 6 the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395x(ee)(2)(G)) is
- 7 amended by inserting "marriage and family therapist (as
- 8 defined in subsection (lll)(2))," after "social worker,".
- 9 (d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
- 10 this section shall apply with respect to services furnished
- 11 on or after January 1, 2019.
- 12 SEC. 603. INTEGRATED HEALTH CARE DEMONSTRATION
- 13 **PROGRAM.**
- Part D of title V of the Public Health Service Act
- 15 (42 U.S.C. 290dd et seq.) is amended by adding at the
- 16 end the following:
- 17 "SEC. 550. INTERPROFESSIONAL HEALTH CARE TEAMS FOR
- 18 PROVISION OF BEHAVIORAL HEALTH CARE
- 19 IN PRIMARY CARE SETTINGS.
- 20 "(a) Grants.—The Secretary, acting through the
- 21 Assistant Secretary for Mental Health and Substance
- 22 Abuse, shall award grants to eligible entities for the pur-
- 23 pose of establishing interprofessional health care teams
- 24 that provide behavioral health care.

- 1 "(b) Eligible Entities.—To be eligible to receive
- 2 a grant under this section, an entity shall be a federally
- 3 qualified health center (as defined in section 1861(aa) of
- 4 the Social Security Act), rural health clinic, or behavioral
- 5 health program, serving a high proportion of individuals
- 6 from racial and ethnic minority groups (as defined in sec-
- 7 tion 1707(g)).
- 8 "(c) Scientifically Based.—Integrated health
- 9 care funded through this section shall be scientifically
- 10 based, taking into consideration the results of the most
- 11 recent peer-reviewed research available.
- 12 "(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—To
- 13 carry out this section, there is authorized to be appro-
- 14 priated \$20,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through
- 15 2024.".
- 16 SEC. 604. ADDRESSING RACIAL AND ETHNIC MINORITY
- 17 MENTAL HEALTH DISPARITIES RESEARCH
- 18 **GAPS.**
- Not later than 6 months after the date of the enact-
- 20 ment of this Act, the Director of the National Institute
- 21 on Minority Health and Health Disparities shall enter into
- 22 an arrangement with the National Academy of Sciences
- 23 (or, if the National Academy of Sciences declines to enter
- 24 into such an arrangement, an arrangement with the Insti-
- 25 tute of Medicine, the Patient Centered Outcomes Research

1	Institute, the Agency for Healthcare Quality, or another
2	appropriate entity)—
3	(1) to conduct a study with respect to mental
4	health disparities in racial and ethnic minority
5	groups (as defined in section 1707(g) of the Public
6	Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300u-6(g)); and
7	(2) to submit to the Congress a report on the
8	results of such study, including—
9	(A) a compilation of information on the dy-
10	namics of mental disorders in such racial and
11	ethnic minority groups; and
12	(B) a compilation of information on the
13	impact of exposure to community violence, ad-
14	verse childhood experiences, and other psycho-
15	logical traumas on mental disorders in such ra-
16	cial and minority groups.
17	SEC. 605. HEALTH PROFESSIONS COMPETENCIES TO AD-
18	DRESS RACIAL AND ETHNIC MINORITY MEN-
19	TAL HEALTH DISPARITIES.
20	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Health and
21	Human Services, acting through the Assistant Secretary
22	for Mental Health and Substance Use, shall award grants
23	to qualified national organizations for the purposes of—
24	(1) developing, and disseminating to health pro-
25	fessional educational programs curricula or core

- competencies addressing mental health disparities among racial and ethnic minority groups for use in the training of students in the professions of social work, psychology, psychiatry, marriage and family therapy, mental health counseling, and substance abuse counseling; and
 - (2) certifying community health workers and peer wellness specialists with respect to such curricula and core competencies and integrating and expanding the use of such workers and specialists into health care to address mental health disparities among racial and ethnic minority groups.
- 13 (b) CURRICULA; CORE COMPETENCIES.—Organiza-14 tions receiving funds under subsection (a) may use the 15 funds to engage in the following activities related to the 16 development and dissemination of curricula or core com-17 petencies described in subsection (a)(1):
 - (1) Formation of committees or working groups comprised of experts from accredited health professions schools to identify core competencies relating to mental health disparities among racial and ethnic minority groups.
- 23 (2) Planning of workshops in national for ato 24 allow for public input into the educational needs as-

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- sociated with mental health disparities among racial
 and ethnic minority groups.
- 3 (3) Dissemination and promotion of the use of 4 curricula or core competencies in undergraduate and 5 graduate health professions training programs na-6 tionwide.
- 7 (4) Establishing external stakeholder advisory 8 boards to provide meaningful input into policy and 9 program development and best practices to reduce 10 mental health disparities among racial and ethnic 11 minority groups.
 - (c) Definitions.—In this section:

- 13 (1) QUALIFIED NATIONAL ORGANIZATION.—The 14 term "qualified national organization" means a na-15 tional organization that focuses on the education of 16 students in programs of social work, psychology, 17 psychiatry, and marriage and family therapy.
- 18 (2) RACIAL AND ETHNIC MINORITY GROUP.—
 19 The term "racial and ethnic minority group" has the
 20 meaning given to such term in section 1707(g) of
 21 the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300u–
 22 6(g)).
- 23 (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There 24 are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section

1	such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years
2	2019 through 2024.
3	SEC. 606. ASIAN AMERICAN, NATIVE HAWAIIAN, AND PA-
4	CIFIC ISLANDER BEHAVIORAL AND MENTAL
5	HEALTH OUTREACH AND EDUCATION STRAT-
6	EGIES.
7	Part D of title V of the Public Health Service Act
8	(42 U.S.C. 290dd et seq.) is amended by adding at the
9	end the following new section:
10	"SEC. 544. BEHAVIORAL AND MENTAL HEALTH OUTREACH
11	AND EDUCATION STRATEGIES.
12	"(a) In General.—The Secretary, acting through
13	the Administrator of the Substance Abuse and Mental
14	Health Services Administration, shall, in coordination with
15	advocacy and behavioral and mental health organizations
16	serving populations of Asian American, Native Hawaiian,
17	and Pacific Islander individuals or communities, develop
18	and implement an outreach and education strategy to pro-
19	mote behavioral and mental health and reduce stigma as-
20	sociated with mental health conditions and substance
21	abuse among the Asian American, Native Hawaiian, and
22	Pacific Islander populations. Such strategy shall—
23	"(1) be designed to—
24	"(A) meet the diverse cultural and lan-
25	guage needs of the various Asian American.

1	Native Hawaiian, and Pacific Islander popu-
2	lations; and
3	"(B) ensure such strategies are develop-
4	mentally and age appropriate;
5	"(2) increase awareness of symptoms of mental
6	illnesses common among such populations, taking
7	into account differences within subgroups, such as
8	gender, gender identity, age, sexual orientation, or
9	ethnicity, of such populations;
10	"(3) provide information on evidence-based, cul-
11	turally and linguistically appropriate and adapted
12	interventions and treatments;
13	"(4) ensure full participation of, and engage,
14	both consumers and community members in the de-
15	velopment and implementation of materials; and
16	"(5) seek to broaden the perspective among
17	both individuals in these communities and stake-
18	holders serving these communities to use a com-
19	prehensive public health approach to promoting be-
20	havioral health that addresses a holistic view of
21	health by focusing on the intersection between be-
22	havioral and physical health.
23	"(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
24	is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
25	\$300,000 for fiscal year 2019.".

1 SEC. 607. MENTAL HEALTH IN SCHOOLS.

2	(a) Purpose.—It is the purpose of this section to—
3	(1) revise, increase funding for, and expand the
4	scope of the Project AWARE State Educational
5	Agency Grant Program carried out by the Secretary
6	of Health and Human Services, in order to provide
7	access to more comprehensive school-based mental
8	health services and supports;
9	(2) provide for comprehensive staff development
10	for school and community service personnel working
11	in the school; and
12	(3) provide for comprehensive training for chil-
13	dren with mental health disorders, for parents, sib-
14	lings, and other family members of such children,
15	and for concerned members of the community.
16	(b) Technical Amendments.—The second part G
17	(relating to services provided through religious organiza-
18	tions) of title V of the Public Health Service Act (42
19	U.S.C. 290kk et seq.) is amended—
20	(1) by redesignating such part as part J; and
21	(2) by redesignating sections 581 through 584
22	as sections 596 through 596C, respectively.
23	(c) School-Based Mental Health and Chil-
24	DREN AND VIOLENCE.—Section 581 of the Public Health
25	Service Act (42 U.S.C. 290hh) is amended to read as fol-
26	lows:

1	"SEC. 581. SCHOOL-BASED MENTAL HEALTH AND CHIL-
2	DREN AND VIOLENCE.
3	"(a) In General.—The Secretary, in collaboration
4	with the Secretary of Education and in consultation with
5	the Attorney General, shall, directly or through grants,
6	contracts, or cooperative agreements awarded to eligible
7	entities described in subsection (c), assist local commu-
8	nities and schools (including schools funded by the Bureau
9	of Indian Education) in applying a public health approach
10	to mental health services both in schools and in the com-
11	munity. Such approach should provide comprehensive age
12	appropriate services and supports, be linguistically and
13	culturally appropriate, be trauma-informed, and incor-
14	porate age appropriate strategies of positive behavioral
15	interventions and supports. A comprehensive school men-
16	tal health program funded under this section shall assist
17	children in dealing with trauma and violence.
18	"(b) ACTIVITIES.—Under the program under sub-
19	section (a), the Secretary may—
20	"(1) provide financial support to enable local
21	communities to implement a comprehensive cul-
22	turally and linguistically appropriate, trauma-in-
23	formed, and age-appropriate, school-based mental
24	health program that—
25	"(A) builds awareness of trauma:

1	"(B) trains appropriate staff to identify
2	signs of trauma or mental health disorders; and
3	"(C) incorporates positive behavioral inter-
4	ventions, family engagement, student treatment,
5	and multi-generational supports to foster the
6	health and development of children;
7	"(2) provide technical assistance to local com-
8	munities with respect to the development of pro-
9	grams described in paragraph (1);
10	"(3) provide assistance to local communities in
11	the development of policies to address child and ado-
12	lescent trauma and mental health issues and violence
13	when and if it occurs;
14	"(4) facilitate community partnerships among
15	families, students, law enforcement agencies, edu-
16	cation systems, mental health and substance use dis-
17	order service systems, family-based mental health
18	service systems, child welfare agencies, health care
19	service systems (including primary care physicians),
20	faith-based programs, trauma networks, and other
21	community-based systems; and
22	"(5) establish mechanisms for children and ado-
23	lescents to report incidents of violence or plans by
24	other children, adolescents, or adults to commit vio-
25	lence.

1	"(c) Requirements.—
2	"(1) In general.—To be eligible for a grant
3	contract, or cooperative agreement under subsection
4	(a), an entity shall—
5	"(A) be a partnership that—
6	"(i) shall include a State educational
7	agency and one or more local educational
8	agencies, with a local educational agency
9	serving as the lead partner; and
10	"(ii) may include, in accordance with
11	paragraph (2)(A)(i), appropriate public or
12	private entities that use evidence-based
13	interventions, as defined in section 8101 of
14	the Elementary and Secondary Education
15	Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801); and
16	"(B) submit an application, that is en-
17	dorsed by all members of the partnership, that
18	contains the assurances described in paragraph
19	(2).
20	"(2) REQUIRED ASSURANCES.—An application
21	under paragraph (1) shall contain assurances as fol-
22	lows:
23	"(A) That the eligible entity will ensure
24	that, in carrying out activities under this sec-

1	tion, the eligible entity will enter into a memo-
2	randum of understanding—
3	"(i) with at least 1 public or private
4	mental health entity, health care entity,
5	law enforcement or juvenile justice entity,
6	child welfare agency, family-based mental
7	health entity, trauma network, or other
8	community-based entity; and
9	"(ii) that clearly states—
10	"(I) the responsibilities of each
11	partner with respect to the activities
12	to be carried out, including how fam-
13	ily engagement will be incorporated in
14	the activities;
15	"(II) how school-employed and
16	school-based mental health profes-
17	sionals will be utilized for carrying out
18	such responsibilities;
19	"(III) how each such partner will
20	be accountable for carrying out such
21	responsibilities; and
22	"(IV) the amount of non-Federal
23	funding or in-kind contributions that
24	each such partner will contribute in
25	order to sustain the program.

1	"(B) That the comprehensive school-based
2	mental health program carried out under this
3	section supports the flexible use of funds to ad-
4	dress—
5	"(i) the promotion of the social, emo-
6	tional, and behavioral health of all students
7	in an environment that is conducive to
8	learning;
9	"(ii) the reduction in the likelihood of
10	at risk students developing social, emo-
11	tional, behavioral health problems, or sub-
12	stance use disorders;
13	"(iii) the early identification of social,
14	emotional, behavioral problems, or sub-
15	stance use disorders and the provision of
16	early intervention services;
17	"(iv) the treatment or referral for
18	treatment of students with existing social,
19	emotional, behavioral health problems, or
20	substance use disorders; and
21	"(v) the development and implementa-
22	tion of programs to assist children in deal-
23	ing with trauma and violence, including
24	program curricula, school supports, and
25	after-school programs.

1	"(C) That the comprehensive school-based
2	mental health program carried out under this
3	section will provide for in-service training of all
4	school personnel, including ancillary staff and
5	volunteers, in—
6	"(i) the techniques and supports need-
7	ed to identify early children with trauma
8	histories and children with, or at risk of,
9	mental illness;
10	"(ii) the use of referral mechanisms
11	that effectively link such children to appro-
12	priate treatment and intervention services
13	in the school and in the community and to
14	follow-up when services are not available;
15	"(iii) strategies that promote a school-
16	wide positive environment;
17	"(iv) strategies for promoting the so-
18	cial, emotional, mental, and behavioral
19	health of all students; and
20	"(v) strategies to increase the knowl-
21	edge and skills of school and community
22	leaders about the impact of trauma and vi-
23	olence and on the application of a public
24	health approach to comprehensive school-
25	based mental health programs.

1	"(D) That the comprehensive school-based
2	mental health program carried out under this
3	section will include comprehensive training for
4	parents, siblings, and other family members of
5	children with mental health disorders, and for
6	concerned members of the community in—
7	"(i) the techniques and supports need-
8	ed to identify early children with trauma
9	histories, and children with, or at risk of,
10	mental illness;
11	"(ii) the use of referral mechanisms
12	that effectively link such children to appro-
13	priate treatment and intervention services
14	in the school and in the community and
15	follow-up when such services are not avail-
16	able; and
17	"(iii) strategies that promote a school-
18	wide positive environment.
19	"(E) That the comprehensive school-based
20	mental health program carried out under this
21	section will demonstrate the measures to be
22	taken to sustain the program after funding
23	under this section terminates (which may in-
24	clude seeking funding for the program under a
25	State Medicaid plan under title XIX of the So-

1	cial Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396 et seq.) or a
2	waiver of such a plan).
3	"(F) That the eligible entity is supported
4	by the State agency with primary responsibility
5	for behavioral health to ensure that the sustain-
6	ability of the programs is established after
7	funding under this section terminates.
8	"(G) That the comprehensive school-based
9	mental health program carried out under this
10	section will be based on trauma-informed and
11	evidence-based practices.
12	"(H) That the comprehensive school-based
13	mental health program carried out under this
14	section will be coordinated with early inter-
15	vening activities carried out under the Individ-
16	uals with Disabilities Education Act.
17	"(I) That the comprehensive school-based
18	mental health program carried out under this
19	section will be trauma-informed and culturally
20	and linguistically appropriate.
21	"(J) That the comprehensive school-based
22	mental health program carried out under this
23	section will include a broad needs assessment of
24	youth who drop out of school due to policies of
25	'zero tolerance' with respect to drugs, alcohol,

or weapons and an inability to obtain appropriate services.

"(K) That the mental health services provided through the comprehensive school-based mental health program carried out under this section will be provided by qualified mental and behavioral health professionals who are certified or licensed by the State involved and practicing within their area of expertise.

- "(3) COORDINATOR.—Any entity that is a member of a partnership described in paragraph (1)(A) may serve as the coordinator of funding and activities under the grant if all members of the partnership agree.
- "(4) COMPLIANCE WITH HIPAA.—A grantee under this section shall be deemed to be a covered entity for purposes of compliance with the regulations promulgated under section 264(c) of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 with respect to any patient records developed through activities under the grant.
- "(d) Geographical Distribution.—The Secretary
 shall ensure that grants, contracts, or cooperative agreements under subsection (a) will be distributed equitably

1	among the regions of the country and among urban and
2	rural areas.
3	"(e) Duration of Awards.—With respect to a
4	grant, contract, or cooperative agreement under sub-
5	section (a), the period during which payments under such
6	an award will be made to the recipient shall be 5 years.
7	An eligible entity described in subsection (c) may receive
8	only one award under this section, except that an eligible
9	entity that is providing services and supports on a regional
10	basis may receive additional funding after the expiration
11	of the preceding grant period.
12	"(f) Evaluation and Measures of Outcomes.—
13	"(1) Development of Process.—The Ad-
14	ministrator shall develop a fiscally appropriate proc-
15	ess for evaluating activities carried out under this
16	section. Such process shall include—
17	"(A) the development of guidelines for the
18	submission of program data by grant, contract,
19	or cooperative agreement recipients;
20	"(B) the development of measures of out-
21	comes (in accordance with paragraph (2)) to be
22	applied by such recipients in evaluating pro-
23	grams carried out under this section; and

1	"(C) the submission of annual reports by
2	such recipients concerning the effectiveness of
3	programs carried out under this section.
4	"(2) Measures of outcomes.—
5	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator
6	shall develop measures of outcomes to be ap-
7	plied by recipients of assistance under this sec-
8	tion, and the Administrator, in evaluating the
9	effectiveness of programs carried out under this
10	section. Such measures shall include student
11	and family measures as provided for in sub-
12	paragraph (B) and local educational measures
13	as provided for under subparagraph (C).
14	"(B) STUDENT AND FAMILY MEASURES OF
15	OUTCOMES.—The measures of outcomes devel-
16	oped under paragraph (1)(B) relating to stu-
17	dents and families shall, with respect to activi-
18	ties carried out under a program under this
19	section, at a minimum include provisions to
20	evaluate whether the program is effective in—
21	"(i) increasing social and emotional
22	competency;
23	"(ii) increasing academic competency
24	(as defined by the Secretary);

1	"(iii) reducing disruptive and aggres-
2	sive behaviors;
3	"(iv) improving child functioning;
4	"(v) reducing substance use disorders;
5	"(vi) reducing suspensions, truancy,
6	expulsions, and violence;
7	"(vii) increasing high school gradua-
8	tion rates, calculated using the four-year
9	adjusted cohort graduation rate or the ex-
10	tended-year adjusted cohort graduation
11	rate (as such terms are defined in section
12	8101 of the Elementary and Secondary
13	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801));
14	and
15	"(viii) improving access to care for
16	mental health disorders.
17	"(C) Local educational outcomes.—
18	The outcome measures developed under para-
19	graph (1)(B) relating to local educational sys-
20	tems shall, with respect to activities carried out
21	under a program under this section, at a min-
22	imum include provisions to evaluate—
23	"(i) the effectiveness of comprehensive
24	school mental health programs established
25	under this section;

1	"(ii) the effectiveness of formal part-
2	nership linkages among child and family
3	serving institutions, community support
4	systems, and the educational system;
5	"(iii) the progress made in sustaining
6	the program once funding under the grant
7	has expired;
8	"(iv) the effectiveness of training and
9	professional development programs for all
10	school personnel that incorporate indica-
11	tors that measure cultural and linguistic
12	competencies under the program in a man-
13	ner that incorporates appropriate cultural
14	and linguistic training;
15	"(v) the improvement in perception of
16	a safe and supportive learning environment
17	among school staff, students, and parents;
18	"(vi) the improvement in case-finding
19	of students in need of more intensive serv-
20	ices and referral of identified students to
21	early intervention and clinical services;
22	"(vii) the improvement in the imme-
23	diate availability of clinical assessment and
24	treatment services within the context of

1	the local community to students posing a
2	danger to themselves or others;
3	"(viii) the increased successful matric-
4	ulation to postsecondary school; and
5	"(ix) reduced referrals to juvenile jus-
6	tice.
7	"(3) Submission of annual data.—An eligi-
8	ble entity described in subsection (c) that receives a
9	grant, contract, or cooperative agreement under this
10	section shall annually submit to the Administrator a
11	report that includes data to evaluate the success of
12	the program carried out by the entity based on
13	whether such program is achieving the purposes of
14	the program. Such reports shall utilize the measures
15	of outcomes under paragraph (2) in a reasonable
16	manner to demonstrate the progress of the program
17	in achieving such purposes.
18	"(4) Evaluation by administrator.—Based
19	on the data submitted under paragraph (3), the Ad-
20	ministrator shall annually submit to Congress a re-
21	port concerning the results and effectiveness of the
22	programs carried out with assistance received under
23	this section.
24	"(5) Limitation.—An eligible entity shall use
25	not more than 10 percent of amounts received under

- a grant under this section to carry out evaluation
- 2 activities under this subsection.
- 3 "(g) Information and Education.—The Sec-
- 4 retary shall establish comprehensive information and edu-
- 5 cation programs to disseminate the findings of the knowl-
- 6 edge development and application under this section to the
- 7 general public and to health care professionals.
- 8 "(h) Amount of Grants and Authorization of
- 9 Appropriations.—
- 10 "(1) Amount of grants.—A grant under this
- section shall be in an amount that is not more than
- 12 \$2,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through
- 13 2023. The Secretary shall determine the amount of
- each such grant based on the population of children
- up to age 21 of the area to be served under the
- 16 grant.
- 17 "(2) Authorization of appropriations.—
- 18 There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
- this section, \$200,000,000 for each of fiscal years
- 20 2019 through 2023.".
- 21 (d) Conforming Amendment.—Part G of title V
- 22 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 290hh et
- 23 seq.), as amended by this section, is further amended by
- 24 striking the part heading and inserting the following:

1	"PART G—SCHOOL-BASED MENTAL HEALTH".
2	SEC. 608. GEO-ACCESS STUDY.
3	The Administrator of the Substance Abuse and Men-
4	tal Health Services Administration shall—
5	(1) conduct a study to—
6	(A) determine which geographic areas of
7	the United States have shortages of specialty
8	mental health providers; and
9	(B) assess the preparedness of speciality
10	mental health providers to deliver culturally and
11	linguistically appropriate, affordable, and acces-
12	sible services; and
13	(2) submit a report to the Congress on the re-
14	sults of such study.
15	TITLE VII—ADDRESSING HIGH
16	IMPACT MINORITY DISEASES
17	Subtitle A—Cancer
18	SEC. 701. LUNG CANCER MORTALITY REDUCTION.
19	(a) Short Title.—This section may be cited as the
20	"Lung Cancer Mortality Reduction Act of 2018".
21	(b) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
22	ings:
23	(1) Lung cancer is the leading cause of cancer
24	death for both men and women, accounting for 28
25	percent of all cancer deaths.

- (2) Lung cancer kills more people annually
 than breast cancer, prostate cancer, colon cancer,
 liver cancer, melanoma, and kidney cancer combined.
 - (3) Since the National Cancer Act of 1971 (Public Law 92–218; 85 Stat. 778), coordinated and comprehensive research has raised the 5-year survival rates for breast cancer to 88 percent, for prostate cancer to 99 percent, and for colon cancer to 64 percent.
 - (4) The 5-year survival rate for lung cancer is still only 15 percent, and a similar coordinated and comprehensive research effort is required to achieve increases in lung cancer survivability rates.
 - (5) Sixty percent of lung cancer cases are now diagnosed as nonsmokers or former smokers.
 - (6) Two-thirds of nonsmokers diagnosed with lung cancer are women.
 - (7) Certain minority populations, such as African American males, have disproportionately high rates of lung cancer incidence and mortality, notwithstanding their similar smoking rate.
 - (8) Members of the baby boomer generation are entering their sixties, the most common age at which people develop lung cancer.

- 1 (9) Tobacco addiction and exposure to other
 2 lung cancer carcinogens such as Agent Orange and
 3 other herbicides and battlefield emissions are serious
 4 problems among military personnel and war vet5 erans.
 - (10) Significant and rapid improvements in lung cancer mortality can be expected through greater use and access to lung cancer screening tests for at-risk individuals.
 - (11) Recent research has shown that screening with low-dose computed tomography (CT) scan improved lung cancer death mortality by 20 percent for those with a high risk of lung cancer through early detection. The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services supports annual lung cancer screening for high-risk patients with low-dose computed tomography.
 - (12) Additional strategies are necessary to further enhance the existing tests and therapies available to diagnose and treat lung cancer in the future.
 - (13) The August 2001 Report of the Lung Cancer Progress Review Group of the National Cancer Institute stated that funding for lung cancer research was "far below the levels characterized for

- other common malignancies and far out of proportion to its massive health impact".
- 3 (14) The Report of the Lung Cancer Progress
 4 Review Group identified as its "highest priority" the
 5 creation of integrated, multidisciplinary, multi-insti6 tutional research consortia organized around the
 7 problem of lung cancer rather than around specific
 8 research disciplines.
- 9 (15) The United States must enhance its re10 sponse to the issues raised in the Report of the
 11 Lung Cancer Progress Review Group, and this can
 12 be accomplished through the establishment of a co13 ordinated effort designed to reduce the lung cancer
 14 mortality rate by 50 percent by 2020 and targeted
 15 funding to support this coordinated effort.
- 16 (c) SENSE OF CONGRESS CONCERNING INVESTMENT
 17 IN LUNG CANCER RESEARCH.—It is the sense of the Con18 gress that—
 - (1) lung cancer mortality reduction should be made a national public health priority; and
- 21 (2) a comprehensive mortality reduction pro-22 gram coordinated by the Secretary of Health and 23 Human Services is justified and necessary to ade-24 quately address and reduce lung cancer mortality.

- 1 (d) Lung Cancer Mortality Reduction Pro-2 GRAM.— 3 (1) IN GENERAL.—Subpart 1 of part C of title IV of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 285 5 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the fol-6 lowing: 7 "SEC. 417H. LUNG CANCER MORTALITY REDUCTION PRO-8 GRAM. 9 "(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 6 months after 10 the date of the enactment of this section, the Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Veterans Affairs, the Director of the National Institutes of Health, the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the Commissioner of Food 14 15 and Drugs, the Administrator of the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, the Director of the National Institute 16 on Minority Health and Health Disparities, and other members of the Lung Cancer Advisory Board established 18 19 under section 701 of the Health Equity and Accountability Act of 2018, shall implement a comprehensive program, 21 to be known as the Lung Cancer Mortality Reduction Program, to achieve a reduction of at least 25 percent in the
- 24 "(b) REQUIREMENTS.—The Program shall include at

mortality rate of lung cancer by 2020.

25 least the following:

1	"(1) With respect to the National Institutes of
2	Health—
3	"(A) a strategic review and prioritization
4	by the National Cancer Institute of research
5	grants to achieve the goal of the Lung Cancer
6	Mortality Reduction Program in reducing lung
7	cancer mortality;
8	"(B) the provision of funds to enable the
9	Airway Biology and Disease Branch of the Na-
10	tional Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute to ex-
11	pand its research programs to include pre-
12	dispositions to lung cancer, the interrelationship
13	between lung cancer and other pulmonary and
14	cardiac disease, and the diagnosis and treat-
15	ment of these interrelationships;
16	"(C) the provision of funds to enable the
17	National Institute of Biomedical Imaging and
18	Bioengineering to expedite the development of
19	computer-assisted diagnostic, surgical, treat-
20	ment, and drug-testing innovations to reduce
21	lung cancer mortality, such as through expan-
22	sion of the Institute's Quantum Grant Program
23	and Image-Guided Interventions programs; and
24	"(D) the provision of funds to enable the
25	National Institute of Environmental Health

1	Sciences to implement research programs rel-
2	ative to the lung cancer incidence.
3	"(2) With respect to the Food and Drug Ad-
4	ministration—
5	"(A) activities under section 530 of the
6	Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act; and
7	"(B) activities under section 561 of the
8	Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act to ex-
9	pand access to investigational drugs and devices
10	for the diagnosis, monitoring, or treatment of
11	lung cancer.
12	"(3) With respect to the Centers for Disease
13	Control and Prevention, the establishment of an
14	early disease research and management program
15	under section 1511.
16	"(4) With respect to the Agency for Healthcare
17	Research and Quality, the conduct of a biannual re-
18	view of lung cancer screening, diagnostic, and treat-
19	ment protocols, and the issuance of updated guide-
20	lines.
21	"(5) The promotion (including education) of
22	lung cancer screening within minority and rural pop-
23	ulations and the study of the effectiveness of efforts
24	to increase such screening.

- "(6) The cooperation and coordination of all minority and health disparity programs within the Department of Health and Human Services to ensure that all aspects of the Lung Cancer Mortality Reduction Program under this section adequately address the burden of lung cancer on minority and rural populations.
 - "(7) The cooperation and coordination of all tobacco control and cessation programs within agencies of the Department of Health and Human Services to achieve the goals of the Lung Cancer Mortality Reduction Program under this section with particular emphasis on the coordination of drug and other cessation treatments with early detection protocols.".
 - (2) Federal food, drug, and cosmetic Act.—Subchapter B of chapter V of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 360aaa et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- 20 "Drugs relating to lung cancer
- 21 "Sec. 530. (a) In General.—The provisions of this
- 22 subchapter shall apply to a drug described in subsection
- 23 (b) to the same extent and in the same manner as such
- 24 provisions apply to a drug for a rare disease or condition.
- 25 "(b) QUALIFIED DRUGS.—A drug described in this
- 26 subsection is—

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1	"(1) a chemoprevention drug for precancerous
2	conditions of the lung;
3	"(2) a drug for targeted therapeutic treat-
4	ments, including any vaccine, for lung cancer; and
5	"(3) a drug to curtail or prevent nicotine addic-
6	tion.
7	"(c) Board .—The Board established under the
8	Health Equity and Accountability Act of 2018 shall mon-
9	itor the program implemented under this section.".
10	(3) Access to unapproved therapies.—Sec-
11	tion 561(e) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cos-
12	metic Act (21 U.S.C. 360bbb(e)) is amended by in-
13	serting before the period the following: "and shall
14	include expanding access to drugs under section
15	530, with substantial consideration being given to
16	whether the totality of information available to the
17	Secretary regarding the safety and effectiveness of
18	an investigational drug, as compared to the risk of
19	morbidity and death from the disease, indicates that
20	a patient may obtain more benefit than risk if treat-
21	ed with the drug".
22	(4) CDC.—Title XV of the Public Health Serv-
23	ice Act (42 U.S.C. 300k et seq.) is amended by add-

ing at the end the following:

1	"SEC. 1511. EARLY DISEASE RESEARCH AND MANAGEMENT
2	PROGRAM.
3	"The Secretary shall establish and implement an
4	early disease research and management program targeted
5	at the high incidence and mortality rates of lung cancer
6	among minority and low-income populations.".
7	(e) Department of Defense and the Depart-
8	MENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS.—The Secretary of Defense
9	and the Secretary of Veterans Affairs shall coordinate
10	with the Secretary of Health and Human Services—
11	(1) in the development of the Lung Cancer
12	Mortality Reduction Program under section 417H;
13	(2) in the implementation within the Depart-
14	ment of Defense and the Department of Veterans
15	Affairs of an early detection and disease manage-
16	ment research program for military personnel and
17	veterans whose smoking history and exposure to car-
18	cinogens during active duty service has increased
19	their risk for lung cancer; and
20	(3) in the implementation of coordinated care
21	programs for military personnel and veterans diag-
22	nosed with lung cancer.
23	(f) Lung Cancer Advisory Board.—
24	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Health and
25	Human Services shall convene a Lung Cancer Advi-

1	sory Board (referred to in this section as the
2	"Board")—
3	(A) to monitor the programs established
4	under this section (and the amendments made
5	by this section); and
6	(B) to provide annual reports to the Con-
7	gress concerning benchmarks, expenditures,
8	lung cancer statistics, and the public health im-
9	pact of such programs.
10	(2) Composition.—The Board shall be com-
11	posed of—
12	(A) the Secretary of Health and Human
13	Services;
14	(B) the Secretary of Defense;
15	(C) the Secretary of Veterans Affairs; and
16	(D) two representatives each from the
17	fields of clinical medicine focused on lung can-
18	cer, lung cancer research, imaging, drug devel-
19	opment, and lung cancer advocacy, to be ap-
20	pointed by the Secretary of Health and Human
21	Services.
22	(g) Authorization of Appropriations.—
23	(1) In general.—To carry out this section
24	(and the amendments made by this section), there
25	are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may

1	be necessary for each of fiscal years 2019 through
2	2023.
3	(2) Lung cancer mortality reduction pro-
4	GRAM.—Of the amounts authorized to be appro-
5	priated by subsection (a), there are authorized to be
6	appropriated—
7	(A) $$25,000,000$ for fiscal year 2019, and
8	such sums as may be necessary for each of fis-
9	cal years 2020 through 2023, for the activities
10	described in section 417H(b)(1)(B) of the Pub-
11	lic Health Service Act, as added by subsection
12	(d)(1);
13	(B) $$25,000,000$ for fiscal year 2019, and
14	such sums as may be necessary for each of fis-
15	cal years 2020 through 2023, for the activities
16	described in section 417H(b)(1)(C) of such Act;
17	(C) $$10,000,000$ for fiscal year 2019, and
18	such sums as may be necessary for each of fis-
19	cal years 2020 through 2023, for the activities
20	described in section 417H(b)(1)(D) of such Act;
21	and
22	(D) $$15,000,000$ for fiscal year 2019, and
23	such sums as may be necessary for each of fis-
24	cal years 2020 through 2023, for the activities
25	described in section 417H(b)(3) of such Act.

1	SEC. 702. EXPANDING PROSTATE CANCER RESEARCH, OUT-
2	REACH, SCREENING, TESTING, ACCESS, AND
3	TREATMENT EFFECTIVENESS.
4	(a) Short Title.—This section may be cited as the
5	"Prostate Research, Outreach, Screening, Testing, Access,
6	and Treatment Effectiveness Act of 2018" or the "PROS-
7	TATE Act".
8	(b) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
9	ings:
10	(1) Prostate cancer is the second leading cause
11	of cancer death among men.
12	(2) In 2010, more than 217,730 new patients
13	were diagnosed with prostate cancer and more than
14	32,000 men died from this disease.
15	(3) Roughly 2,000,000 Americans are living
16	with a diagnosis of prostate cancer and its con-
17	sequences.
18	(4) While prostate cancer generally affects older
19	individuals, younger men are also at risk for the dis-
20	ease, and when prostate cancer appears in early
21	middle age, it frequently takes on a more aggressive
22	form.
23	(5) There are significant racial and ethnic dis-
24	parities that demand attention, namely African
25	Americans have prostate cancer mortality rates that
26	are more than double those in the White population.

- 1 (6) Underserved rural populations have higher
 2 rates of mortality compared to their urban counter3 parts, and innovative and cost-efficient methods to
 4 improve rural access to high-quality care should take
 5 advantage of advances in telehealth to diagnose and
 6 treat prostate cancer when appropriate.
 - (7) Certain veterans populations may have nearly twice the incidence of prostate cancer as the general population of the United States.
 - (8) Urologists may constitute the specialists who diagnose and treat the vast majority of prostate cancer patients.
 - (9) Although much basic and translational research has been completed and much is currently known, there are still many unanswered questions. For example, it is not fully understood how much of known disparities are attributable to disease etiology, access to care, or education and awareness in the community.
 - (10) Causes of prostate cancer are not known. There is not good information regarding how to differentiate accurately, early on, between aggressive and indolent forms of the disease. As a result, there is significant overtreatment in prostate cancer. There are no treatments that can durably arrest

- growth or cure prostate cancer once it has metastasized.
 - (11) A significant proportion (roughly 23 to 54 percent) of cases may be clinically indolent and "overdiagnosed", resulting in significant overtreatment. More accurate tests will allow men and their families to face less physical, psychological, financial, and emotional trauma, and billions of dollars could be saved in private and public health care systems in an area that has been identified by the Medicare Program as one of eight high-volume, high-cost areas in the Resource Utilization Report Program authorized by Congress under the Medicare Improvements for Patients and Providers Act of 2008.
 - (12) Prostate cancer research and health care programs across Federal agencies should be coordinated to improve accountability and actively encourage the translation of research into practice, to identify and implement best practices, in order to foster an integrated and consistent focus on effective prevention, diagnosis, and treatment of this disease.
- 22 (c) Prostate Cancer Coordination and Edu-23 cation.—
- 24 (1) Interagency prostate cancer coordi-25 Nation and education task force.—Not later

than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this section, the Secretary of Veterans Affairs, in cooperation with the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Health and Human Services, shall establish an Interagency Prostate Cancer Coordination and Education Task Force (in this section referred to as the "Prostate Cancer Task Force").

- (2) Duties.—The Prostate Cancer Task Force shall—
 - (A) develop a summary of advances in prostate cancer research supported or conducted by Federal agencies relevant to the diagnosis, prevention, and treatment of prostate cancer, including psychosocial impairments related to prostate cancer treatment, and compile a list of best practices that warrant broader adoption in health care programs;
 - (B) consider establishing, and advocating for, a guidance to enable physicians to allow screening of men who are over age 74, on a case-by-case basis, taking into account quality of life and family history of prostate cancer;
 - (C) share and coordinate information on Federal research and health care program activities, including activities related to—

1	(i) determining how to improve re-
2	search and health care programs, including
3	psychosocial impairments related to pros-
4	tate cancer treatment;
5	(ii) identifying any gaps in the overall
6	research inventory and in health care pro-
7	grams;
8	(iii) identifying opportunities to pro-
9	mote translation of research into practice;
10	and
11	(iv) maximizing the effects of Federal
12	efforts by identifying opportunities for col-
13	laboration and leveraging of resources in
14	research and health care programs that
15	serve those susceptible to or diagnosed
16	with prostate cancer;
17	(D) develop a comprehensive interagency
18	strategy and advise relevant Federal agencies in
19	the solicitation of proposals for collaborative,
20	multidisciplinary research and health care pro-
21	grams, including proposals to evaluate factors
22	that may be related to the etiology of prostate
23	cancer, that would—
24	(i) result in innovative approaches to
25	study emerging scientific opportunities or

1	eliminate knowledge gaps in research to
2	improve the prostate cancer research port-
3	folio of the Federal Government;
4	(ii) outline key research questions,
5	methodologies, and knowledge gaps; and
6	(iii) ensure consistent action, as out-
7	lined by section 402(b) of the Public
8	Health Service Act;
9	(E) develop a coordinated message related
10	to screening and treatment for prostate cancer
11	to be reflected in educational and beneficiary
12	materials for Federal health programs as such
13	documents are updated; and
14	(F) not later than 2 years after the date
15	of the establishment of the Prostate Cancer
16	Task Force, submit to the Expert Advisory
17	Panel to be reviewed and returned within 30
18	days, and then within 90 days submitted to
19	Congress recommendations—
20	(i) regarding any appropriate changes
21	to research and health care programs, in-
22	cluding recommendations to improve the
23	research portfolio of the Department of
24	Veterans Affairs, the Department of De-
25	fense. National Institutes of Health, and

1	other Federal agencies to ensure that sci-
2	entifically based strategic planning is im-
3	plemented in support of research and
4	health care program priorities;
5	(ii) designed to ensure that the re-
6	search and health care programs and ac-
7	tivities of the Department of Veterans Af-
8	fairs, the Department of Defense, the De-
9	partment of Health and Human Services
10	and other Federal agencies are free of un-
11	necessary duplication;
12	(iii) regarding public participation in
13	decisions relating to prostate cancer re-
14	search and health care programs to in-
15	crease the involvement of patient advo-
16	cates, community organizations, and med-
17	ical associations representing a broad geo-
18	graphical area;
19	(iv) on how to best disseminate infor-
20	mation on prostate cancer research and
21	progress achieved by health care programs
22	(v) about how to expand partnerships
23	between public entities, including Federal
24	agencies, and private entities to encourage

1	collaborative, cross-cutting research and
2	health care delivery;
3	(vi) assessing any cost savings and ef-
4	ficiencies realized through the efforts iden-
5	tified and supported in this section and
6	recommending expansion of those efforts
7	that have proved most promising while also
8	ensuring against any conflicts in directives
9	from other congressional or statutory man-
10	dates or enabling statutes;
11	(vii) identifying key priority action
12	items from among the recommendations;
13	and
14	(viii) with respect to the level of fund-
15	ing needed by each agency to implement
16	the recommendations contained in the re-
17	port.
18	(3) Members of the prostate cancer task
19	FORCE.—The Prostate Cancer Task Force described
20	in this subsection shall be composed of representa-
21	tives from such Federal agencies, as each Secretary
22	determines necessary, to coordinate a uniform mes-
23	sage relating to prostate cancer screening and treat-
24	ment where appropriate, including representatives of
25	the following:

1	(A) The Department of Veterans Affairs,
2	including representatives of each relevant pro-
3	gram area of the Department of Veterans Af-
4	fairs.
5	(B) The Prostate Cancer Research Pro-
6	gram of the Congressionally Directed Medical
7	Research Program of the Department of De-
8	fense.
9	(C) The Department of Health and
10	Human Services, including at a minimum rep-
11	resentatives of the following:
12	(i) The National Institutes of Health.
13	(ii) National research institutes and
14	centers, including the National Cancer In-
15	stitute, the National Institute of Allergy
16	and Infectious Diseases, and the Office of
17	Minority Health.
18	(iii) The Centers for Medicare & Med-
19	icaid Services.
20	(iv) The Food and Drug Administra-
21	tion.
22	(v) The Centers for Disease Control
23	and Prevention.
24	(vi) The Agency for Healthcare Re-
25	search and Quality.

1	(vii) The Health Resources and Serv-
2	ices Administration.
3	(4) Appointing expert advisory panels.—
4	The Prostate Cancer Task Force shall appoint ex-
5	pert advisory panels, as determined appropriate, to
6	provide input and concurrence from individuals and
7	organizations from the medical, prostate cancer pa-
8	tient and advocate, research, and delivery commu-
9	nities with expertise in prostate cancer diagnosis,
10	treatment, and research, including practicing urolo-
11	gists, primary care providers, and others and indi-
12	viduals with expertise in education and outreach to
13	underserved populations affected by prostate cancer.
14	(5) Meetings.—The Prostate Cancer Task
15	Force shall convene not less than twice a year, or
16	more frequently as the Secretary determines to be
17	appropriate.
18	(6) Federal advisory committee act.—
19	(A) In general.—Except as provided in
20	subparagraph (B), the Federal Advisory Com-
21	mittee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) shall apply to the
22	Prostate Cancer Task Force.
23	(B) Exception.—Section 14(a)(2)(B) of
24	such Act (relating to the termination of advi-

1	sory committees) shall not apply to the Prostate
2	Cancer Task Force.
3	(7) Sunset date.—The Prostate Cancer Task
4	Force shall terminate at the end of fiscal year 2021.
5	(d) Prostate Cancer Research.—
6	(1) Research coordination.—The Secretary
7	of Veterans Affairs, in coordination with the Secre-
8	taries of Defense and of Health and Human Serv-
9	ices, shall establish and carry out a program to co-
10	ordinate and intensify prostate cancer research as
11	needed. Specifically, such research program shall—
12	(A) develop advances in diagnostic and
13	prognostic methods and tests, including bio-
14	markers and an improved prostate cancer
15	screening blood test, including improvements or
16	alternatives to the prostate specific antigen test
17	and additional tests to distinguish indolent from
18	aggressive disease;
19	(B) better understand the etiology of the
20	disease (including an analysis of lifestyle factors
21	proven to be involved in higher rates of prostate
22	cancer, such as obesity and diet, and in dif-
23	ferent ethnic, racial, and socioeconomic groups,
24	such as the African-American, Latino or His-

panic, and American Indian populations and

1	men with a family history of prostate cancer) to
2	improve prevention efforts;
3	(C) expand basic research into prostate
4	cancer, including studies of fundamental molec-
5	ular and cellular mechanisms;
6	(D) identify and provide clinical testing of
7	novel agents for the prevention and treatment
8	of prostate cancer;
9	(E) establish clinical registries for prostate
10	cancer;
11	(F) use the National Institute of Bio-
12	medical Imaging and Bioengineering and the
13	National Cancer Institute for assessment of ap-
14	propriate imaging modalities; and
15	(G) address such other matters relating to
16	prostate cancer research as may be identified by
17	the Federal agencies participating in the pro-
18	gram under this section.
19	(2) Prostate cancer advisory board.—
20	There is established in the Office of the Chief Sci-
21	entist of the Food and Drug Administration a Pros-
22	tate Cancer Scientific Advisory Board. Such board
23	shall be responsible for accelerating real-time shar-
24	ing of the latest research data and accelerating

movement of new medicines to patients.

1	(3) Underserved minority grant pro-
2	GRAM.—In carrying out such program, the Secretary
3	shall—
4	(A) award grants to eligible entities to
5	carry out components of the research outlined
6	in paragraph (1);
7	(B) integrate and build upon existing
8	knowledge gained from comparative effective-
9	ness research; and
10	(C) recognize and address—
11	(i) the racial and ethnic disparities in
12	the incidence and mortality rates of pros-
13	tate cancer and men with a family history
14	of prostate cancer;
15	(ii) any barriers in access to care and
16	participation in clinical trials that are spe-
17	cific to racial, ethnic, and other under-
18	served minorities and men with a family
19	history of prostate cancer;
20	(iii) needed outreach and educational
21	efforts to raise awareness in these commu-
22	nities; and
23	(iv) appropriate access and utilization
24	of imaging modalities.

1	(e) Telehealth and Rural Access Pilot
2	Projects.—
3	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Veterans
4	Affairs, the Secretary of Defense, and the Secretary
5	of Health and Human Services (in this section re-
6	ferred to as the "Secretaries") shall establish 4-year
7	telehealth pilot projects for the purpose of analyzing
8	the clinical outcomes and cost-effectiveness associ-
9	ated with telehealth services in a variety of geo-
10	graphic areas that contain high proportions of medi-
11	cally underserved populations, including African
12	Americans, Latinos or Hispanics, American Indians
13	or Alaska Natives, and those in rural areas. Such
14	projects shall promote efficient use of specialist care
15	through better coordination of primary care and
16	physician extender teams in underserved areas and
17	more effectively employ tumor boards to better coun-
18	sel patients.
19	(2) Eligible entities.—
20	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretaries shall
21	select eligible entities to participate in the pilot
22	projects under this section.
23	(B) Priority.—In selecting eligible enti-
24	ties to participate in the pilot projects under
25	this section, the Secretaries shall give priority

to such entities located in medically underserved areas, particularly those that include African Americans, Latinos and Hispanics, and facilities of the Indian Health Service, including Indian Health Service-operated facilities, tribally operated facilities, and Urban Indian Clinics, and those in rural areas.

- (3) EVALUATION.—The Secretaries shall, through the pilot projects, evaluate—
 - (A) the effective and economic delivery of care in diagnosing and treating prostate cancer with the use of telehealth services in medically underserved and Tribal areas including collaborative uses of health professionals and integration of the range of telehealth and other technologies;
 - (B) the effectiveness of improving the capacity of nonmedical providers and nonspecialized medical providers to provide health services for prostate cancer in medically underserved and Tribal areas, including the exploration of innovative medical home models with collaboration between urologists, other relevant medical specialists, including oncologists, radiologists, and primary care teams and coordination of

- care through the efficient use of primary care teams and physician extenders; and
 - (C) the effectiveness of using telehealth services to provide prostate cancer treatment in medically underserved areas, including the use of tumor boards to facilitate better patient counseling.
 - (4) Report.—Not later than 12 months after the completion of the pilot projects under this subsection, the Secretaries shall submit to Congress a report describing the outcomes of such pilot projects, including any cost savings and efficiencies realized, and providing recommendations, if any, for expanding the use of telehealth services.

(f) Education and Awareness.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Veterans Affairs shall develop a national education campaign for prostate cancer. Such campaign shall involve the use of written educational materials and public service announcements consistent with the findings of the Prostate Cancer Task Force under subsection (c), that are intended to encourage men to seek prostate cancer screening when appropriate.
- (2) RACIAL DISPARITIES AND THE POPULATION
 OF MEN WITH A FAMILY HISTORY OF PROSTATE

- CANCER.—In developing the national campaign under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall ensure that such educational materials and public service announcements are more readily available in commu-nities experiencing racial disparities in the incidence and mortality rates of prostate cancer and by men of any race classification with a family history of prostate cancer.
 - (3) Grants.—In carrying out the national campaign under this section, the Secretary shall award grants to nonprofit private entities to enable such entities to test alternative outreach and education strategies.

(g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section for the period of fiscal years 2019 through 2023 an amount equal to the savings described in paragraph (2).
- (2) CORRESPONDING REDUCTION.—The amount authorized to be appropriated by provisions of law other than this section for the period of fiscal years 2019 through 2023 for Federal research and health care program activities related to prostate cancer is reduced by the amount of Federal savings

1	projected to be achieved over such period by imple-
2	mentation of this section.
3	SEC. 703. IMPROVED MEDICAID COVERAGE FOR CERTAIN
4	BREAST AND CERVICAL CANCER PATIENTS
5	IN THE TERRITORIES.
6	(a) Elimination of Funding Limitations.—
7	(1) In General.—Section 1108(g)(4) of the
8	Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1308(g)(4)) is
9	amended by adding at the end the following: "With
10	respect to fiscal years beginning with fiscal year
11	2019, payment for medical assistance for individuals
12	who are eligible for such assistance only on the basis
13	of section $1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(XVIII)$ shall not be
14	taken into account in applying subsection (f) (as in-
15	creased in accordance with paragraphs (1), (2), (3),
16	and (5) of this subsection) to such commonwealth or
17	territory for such fiscal year.".
18	(2) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—Such section is
19	further amended by striking "(3), and (4)" and in-
20	serting "(3), and (5)".
21	(b) APPLICATION OF ENHANCED FMAP FOR HIGH-
22	EST STATE.—Section 1905(b) of such Act (42 U.S.C.
23	1396d(b)) is amended by adding at the end the following:
24	"Notwithstanding the first sentence of this subsection,
25	with respect to medical assistance described in clause (4)

1	of such sentence that is furnished in Puerto Rico, the
2	United States Virgin Islands, Guam, the Commonwealth
3	of the Northern Mariana Islands, or American Samoa in
4	a fiscal year, the Federal medical assistance percentage
5	is equal to the highest such percentage applied under such
6	clause for such fiscal year for any of the 50 States or the
7	District of Columbia that provides such medical assistance
8	for any portion of such fiscal year."
9	(e) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
10	this section shall apply to payment for medical assistance
11	for items and services furnished on or after October 1,
12	2016.
13	SEC. 704. CANCER PREVENTION AND TREATMENT DEM-
13 14	SEC. 704. CANCER PREVENTION AND TREATMENT DEM- ONSTRATION FOR ETHNIC AND RACIAL MI-
14	ONSTRATION FOR ETHNIC AND RACIAL MI-
14 15	ONSTRATION FOR ETHNIC AND RACIAL MINORITIES.
141516	ONSTRATION FOR ETHNIC AND RACIAL MINORITIES. (a) Demonstration.—
14151617	ONSTRATION FOR ETHNIC AND RACIAL MINORITIES. (a) Demonstration.— (1) In general.—The Secretary of Health and
14 15 16 17 18	ONSTRATION FOR ETHNIC AND RACIAL MINORITIES. (a) Demonstration.— (1) In general.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services (in this section referred to as the
141516171819	ONSTRATION FOR ETHNIC AND RACIAL MINORITIES. (a) Demonstration.— (1) In general.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services (in this section referred to as the "Secretary") shall conduct demonstration projects
14151617181920	ONSTRATION FOR ETHNIC AND RACIAL MINORITIES. (a) DEMONSTRATION.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services (in this section referred to as the "Secretary") shall conduct demonstration projects (in this section referred to as "demonstration")
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	ONSTRATION FOR ETHNIC AND RACIAL MINORITIES. (a) DEMONSTRATION.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services (in this section referred to as the "Secretary") shall conduct demonstration projects (in this section referred to as "demonstration projects") for the purpose of developing models and

1	facilitate reduced disparities in early detection
2	and treatment of cancer;
3	(B) improve clinical outcomes, satisfaction
4	quality of life, appropriate use of items and
5	services covered under the Medicare Program
6	under title XVIII of the Social Security Act (42
7	U.S.C. 1395 et seq.), and referral patterns with
8	respect to target individuals with cancer;
9	(C) eliminate disparities in the rate of pre-
10	ventive cancer screening measures, such as Pap
11	smears, prostate cancer screenings, colon cancer
12	screenings, breast cancer screenings, and com-
13	puted tomography (CT) scans, for lung cancer
14	among target individuals;
15	(D) promote collaboration with community-
16	based organizations to ensure cultural com-
17	petency of health care professionals and lin-
18	guistic access for target individuals who are
19	persons with limited-English proficiency; and
20	(E) encourage the incorporation of commu-
21	nity health workers to increase the efficiency
22	and appropriateness of cancer screening pro-
23	grams.
24	(2) Community health worker defined.—
25	In this section, the term "community health worker"

- includes a community health advocate, a lay health
 worker, a community health representative, a peer
 health promoter, a community health outreach worker, and a promotore de salud, who promotes health
 or nutrition within the community in which the individual resides.
 - (3) TARGET INDIVIDUAL DEFINED.—In this section, the term "target individual" means an individual of a racial and ethnic minority group, as defined in section 1707(g)(1) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300u–6(g)(1)), who is entitled to benefits under part A, and enrolled under part B, of title XVIII of the Social Security Act.

(b) Program Design.—

- (1) Initial Design.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall evaluate best practices in the private sector, community programs, and academic research of methods that reduce disparities among individuals of racial and ethnic minority groups in the prevention and treatment of cancer and shall design the demonstration projects based on such evaluation.
- (2) NUMBER AND PROJECT AREAS.—Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this

1	Act, the Secretary shall implement at least nine
2	demonstration projects, including the following:
3	(A) Two projects, each of which shall tar-
4	get different ethnic subpopulations, for each of
5	the four following major racial and ethnic mi-
6	nority groups:
7	(i) American Indians and Alaska Na-
8	tives, Eskimos and Aleuts.
9	(ii) Asian Americans.
10	(iii) Blacks/African Americans.
11	(iv) Latinos or Hispanics.
12	(v) Native Hawaiians and other Pa-
13	cific Islanders.
14	(B) One project within the Pacific Islands
15	or United States insular areas.
16	(C) At least one project each in a rural
17	area and inner-city area.
18	(3) Expansion of projects; implementa-
19	TION OF DEMONSTRATION PROJECT RESULTS.—If
20	the initial report under subsection (c) contains an
21	evaluation that demonstration projects—
22	(A) reduce expenditures under the Medi-
23	care Program under title XVIII of the Social
24	Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq.); or

1	(B) do not increase expenditures under the
2	Medicare Program and reduce racial and ethnic
3	health disparities in the quality of health care
4	services provided to target individuals and in-
5	crease satisfaction of Medicare beneficiaries and
6	health care providers;
7	the Secretary shall continue the existing demonstra-
8	tion projects and may expand the number of dem-
9	onstration projects.
10	(c) Report to Congress.—
11	(1) In general.—Not later than 2 years after
12	the date the Secretary implements the initial dem-
13	onstration projects, and biannually thereafter, the
14	Secretary shall submit to Congress a report regard-
15	ing the demonstration projects.
16	(2) Contents of Report.—Each report under
17	paragraph (1) shall include the following:
18	(A) A description of the demonstration
19	projects.
20	(B) An evaluation of—
21	(i) the cost-effectiveness of the dem-
22	onstration projects;
23	(ii) the quality of the health care serv-
24	ices provided to target individuals under
25	the demonstration projects; and

1	(iii) beneficiary and health care pro-
2	vider satisfaction under the demonstration
3	projects.
4	(C) Any other information regarding the
5	demonstration projects that the Secretary de-
6	termines to be appropriate.
7	(d) WAIVER AUTHORITY.—The Secretary shall waive
8	compliance with the requirements of title XVIII of the So-
9	cial Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq.) to such extent
10	and for such period as the Secretary determines is nec-
11	essary to conduct demonstration projects.
12	SEC. 705. REDUCING CANCER DISPARITIES WITHIN MEDI-
13	CARE.
13 14	CARE. (a) Development of Measures of Disparities
14	(a) Development of Measures of Disparities
14 15	(a) DEVELOPMENT OF MEASURES OF DISPARITIES IN QUALITY OF CANCER CARE.—
14 15 16	(a) Development of Measures of Disparities in Quality of Cancer Care.— (1) Development of Measures.—The Sec-
14 15 16 17	 (a) DEVELOPMENT OF MEASURES OF DISPARITIES IN QUALITY OF CANCER CARE.— (1) DEVELOPMENT OF MEASURES.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services (in this sec-
14 15 16 17	 (a) Development of Measures of Disparities In Quality of Cancer Care.— (1) Development of Measures.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services (in this section referred to as the "Secretary") shall enter into
114 115 116 117 118	 (a) Development of Measures of Disparities In Quality of Cancer Care.— (1) Development of Measures.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services (in this section referred to as the "Secretary") shall enter into an agreement with an entity that specializes in de-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) Development of Measures of Disparities in Quality of Cancer Care.— (1) Development of Measures.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services (in this section referred to as the "Secretary") shall enter into an agreement with an entity that specializes in developing quality measures for cancer care under
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) Development of Measures of Disparities in Quality of Cancer Care.— (1) Development of Measures.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services (in this section referred to as the "Secretary") shall enter into an agreement with an entity that specializes in developing quality measures for cancer care under which the entity shall develop a uniform set of meas-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) Development of Measures of Disparities in Quality of Cancer Care.— (1) Development of Measures.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services (in this section referred to as the "Secretary") shall enter into an agreement with an entity that specializes in developing quality measures for cancer care under which the entity shall develop a uniform set of measures to evaluate disparities in the quality of cancer

of cancer, measures of patient outcomes, the process for delivering medical care related to such treatment, patient counseling and engagement in decisionmaking, patient experience of care, resource use, and practice capabilities, such as care coordination.

(b) Establishment of Reporting Process.—

- (1) In General.—The Secretary shall establish a reporting process that requires and provides for a method for health care providers specified under paragraph (2) to submit to the Secretary and make public data on the performance of such providers during each reporting period through use of the measures developed pursuant to subsection (a). Such data shall be submitted in a form and manner and at a time specified by the Secretary.
- (2) Specification of providers to report on measures.—The Secretary shall specify the classes of Medicare providers of services and suppliers, including hospitals, cancer centers, physicians, primary care providers, and specialty providers, that will be required under such process to publicly report on the measures specified under subsection (a).
- (3) Assessment of Changes.—Under such reporting process, the Secretary shall establish a for-

1	mat that assesses changes in both the absolute and
2	relative disparities in cancer care over time. These
3	measures shall be presented in an easily comprehen-
4	sible format, such as those presented in the final
5	publications relating to Healthy People 2010 or the
6	National Healthcare Disparities Report.
7	(4) Initial implementation.—The Secretary
8	shall implement the reporting process under this
9	subsection for reporting periods beginning not later
10	than 6 months after the date that measures are first
11	established under subsection (a).
12	Subtitle B—Viral Hepatitis and
1213	Subtitle B—Viral Hepatitis and Liver Cancer Control and Pre-
13	Liver Cancer Control and Pre-
13 14	Liver Cancer Control and Prevention
131415	Liver Cancer Control and Prevention SEC. 711. VIRAL HEPATITIS AND LIVER CANCER CONTROL
1314151617	Liver Cancer Control and Prevention SEC. 711. VIRAL HEPATITIS AND LIVER CANCER CONTROL AND PREVENTION.
1314151617	Liver Cancer Control and Prevention SEC. 711. VIRAL HEPATITIS AND LIVER CANCER CONTROL AND PREVENTION. (a) SHORT TITLE.—This subtitle may be cited as the
13 14 15 16 17 18	Liver Cancer Control and Prevention SEC. 711. VIRAL HEPATITIS AND LIVER CANCER CONTROL AND PREVENTION. (a) SHORT TITLE.—This subtitle may be cited as the "Viral Hepatitis and Liver Cancer Control and Prevention"
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	Liver Cancer Control and Prevention SEC. 711. VIRAL HEPATITIS AND LIVER CANCER CONTROL AND PREVENTION. (a) SHORT TITLE.—This subtitle may be cited as the "Viral Hepatitis and Liver Cancer Control and Prevention Act of 2018".
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Liver Cancer Control and Prevention SEC. 711. VIRAL HEPATITIS AND LIVER CANCER CONTROL AND PREVENTION. (a) SHORT TITLE.—This subtitle may be cited as the "Viral Hepatitis and Liver Cancer Control and Prevention Act of 2018". (b) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Liver Cancer Control and Prevention SEC. 711. VIRAL HEPATITIS AND LIVER CANCER CONTROL AND PREVENTION. (a) SHORT TITLE.—This subtitle may be cited as the "Viral Hepatitis and Liver Cancer Control and Prevention Act of 2018". (b) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following: (1) In the United States, as many as 4,400,000

- (2) In the United States, chronic HBV and HCV are the most common cause of liver cancer, one of the most lethal and fastest growing cancers in this country. It is the most common cause of chronic liver disease, liver cirrhosis, and the most common indication for liver transplantation. At least 21,000 deaths per year in the United States can be attributed to chronic HBV and HCV. Chronic HCV is also a leading cause of death in Americans living with HIV/AIDS; many of those living with HIV/ AIDS are coinfected with chronic HBV, chronic HCV, or both.
 - (3) According to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (referred to in this section as the "CDC"), approximately 2 percent of the population of the United States is living with chronic HBV, chronic HCV, or both. The CDC has recognized HCV as the Nation's most common chronic bloodborne virus infection and HBV as the deadliest vaccine-preventable disease.
 - (4) HBV is easily transmitted and is 100 times more infectious than HIV. According to the CDC, HBV is transmitted through contact with infectious blood, semen, or other body fluids. HCV is transmitted by contact with infectious blood, particularly

- through percutaneous exposures (i.e. puncture through the skin).
- (5) The CDC estimates that in 2015, approximately 33,900 Americans were newly infected with HCV and approximately 21,900 Americans were newly infected with HBV. These estimates could be much higher due to many reasons, including lack of screening education and awareness, and perceived marginalization of the populations at risk.
 - (6) In 2012, CDC released new guidelines recommending every person born between 1945 and 1965 receive a one-time test. Among the estimated 102 million (1.6 million chronically HCV-infected) eligible for screening, birth-cohort screening leads to 84,000 fewer cases of decompensated cirrhosis, 46,000 fewer cases of hepatocellular carcinoma, 10,000 fewer liver transplants, and 78,000 fewer HCV-related deaths gained versus risk-based screening.
 - (7) In 2013, the United States Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF) issued a Grade B rating for screening for the hepatitis C virus (HCV) infection in persons at high risk for infection and adults born between 1945 and 1965. In 2014, the USPSTF issued a Grade B for screening for the

- hepatitis B virus (HBV) in persons at high-risk of hepatitis B infection. In 2009, the USPSTF issued a Grade A for screening pregnant women for the hepatitis B virus (HBV) during their first prenatal visit.
 - (8) There were 59 outbreaks (24 of HBV and 36 of HCV, including one of both HBV and HCV) reported to CDC for investigation from 2008 through 2016 related to healthcare-associated infection of HBV and HCV, 56 of which occurred in non-hospital settings. There were more than 115,983 patients potentially exposed to one of the viruses.
 - (9) Chronic HBV and chronic HCV usually do not cause symptoms early in the course of the disease, but after many years of a clinically "silent" phase, CDC estimates show more than 33 percent of infected individuals will develop cirrhosis, end-stage liver disease, or liver cancer. Since most individuals with chronic HBV, HCV, or both are unaware of their infection, they do not know to take precautions to prevent the spread of their infection and can unknowingly exacerbate their own disease progression.
 - (10) HBV and HCV disproportionately affect certain populations in the United States. Although representing only about 5 percent of the population,

- Asian Americans and Pacific Islanders account for over half of all chronic HBV cases in the United States. Baby boomers (those born between 1945 and 1965) account for approximately 75 percent of do-mestic chronic hepatitis C cases. In addition, African Americans, Latinos (Latinas), and American Indian/ Native Alaskans are among the groups which have disproportionately high rates of HBV and/or HCV infections in the United States.
 - (11) For both chronic HBV and chronic HCV, behavioral changes can slow disease progression if diagnosis is made early. Early diagnosis, which is determined through simple blood tests, can reduce the risk of transmission and disease progression through education and vaccination of household members and other susceptible persons at risk.
 - (12) Advancements have led to the development of improved diagnostic tests for viral hepatitis. These tests, including rapid, point of care testing and others in development, can facilitate testing, notification of results and post-test counseling, and referral to care at the time of the testing visit. In particular, these tests are also advantageous because they can be used simultaneously with HIV rapid

- testing for persons at risk for both HCV and HIVinfections.
- or HCV, regular monitoring can lead to the early detection of liver cancer at a stage where a cure is still possible. Liver cancer is the second deadliest cancer in the United States; however, liver cancer has received little funding for research, prevention, or treatment.
 - (14) Treatment for chronic HCV can eradicate the disease in approximately 90 percent of those currently treated. The treatment of chronic HBV can effectively suppress viral replication in the overwhelming majority (over 80 percent) of those treated, thereby reducing the risk of transmission and progression to liver scarring or liver cancer, even though a complete cure is much less common than for HCV.
 - (15) To combat the viral hepatitis epidemic in the United States, in February 2017, the Department of Health and Human Services released its "National Viral Hepatitis Action Plan 2017–2020" (hereafter referred to as the "HHS Action Plan"). In March 2017, the National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine (NASEM) released "A

National Strategy for the Elimination of Hepatitis B and C: Phase Two Report", recommending specific actions to eliminate viral hepatitis as public health problems in the United States by 2030.

> (16) The annual health care costs attributable to HBV and HCV in the United States are significant. For HBV, it is estimated to be approximately 2,500,000,000 (\$2,000 per infected person). In 2000, the lifetime cost of HBV—before the availability of most current therapies—was approximately \$80,000 per chronically infected person, totaling more than \$100,000,000,000. For HCV, medical costs for patients are expected to increase from \$30,000,000,000 in 2009 to over \$85,000,000,000 in 2024. Avoiding these costs by screening and diagnosing individuals earlier—and connecting them to appropriate treatment and care, will save lives and critical health care dollars. Currently, without a comprehensive screening, testing, and diagnosis program, most patients are diagnosed too late when they need a liver transplant costing at least \$314,000 for uncomplicated cases or when they have liver cancer or end-stage liver disease which costs \$30,980 to \$110,576 per hospital admission. As health care costs continue to grow, it is critical that

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- the Federal Government invests in effective mechanisms to avoid documented cost drivers.
 - (17) According to the IOM report in 2010, chronic HBV and HCV infections cause substantial morbidity and mortality despite being preventable and treatable. Deficiencies in the implementation of established guidelines for the prevention, diagnosis, and medical management of chronic HBV and HCV infections perpetuate personal and economic burdens. Existing grants are not sufficient for the scale of the health burden presented by HBV and HCV.
 - (18) Screening and testing for HBV and HCV is aligned with the Healthy People 2020 goal to increase immunization rates and reduce preventable infectious diseases. Awareness of disease and access to prevention and treatment remain essential components for reducing infectious disease transmission.
 - (19) Federal support is necessary to increase knowledge and awareness of HBV and HCV and to assist State and local prevention and control efforts in reducing the morbidity and mortality of these epidemics.
 - (20) The Secretary of Health and Human Services has the discretion to carry out this Act directly and through whichever of the agencies of the Public

- 1 Health Service the Secretary determines to be ap-
- 2 propriate, which may (in the Secretary's discretion)
- 3 include the Centers for Disease Control and Preven-
- 4 tion, the Health Resources and Services Administra-
- 5 tion, the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Serv-
- 6 ices Administration, the National Institutes of
- 7 Health (including the National Institute on Minority
- 8 Health and Health Disparities), and other agencies
- 9 of such Service.
- 10 (21) The Centers for Disease Control and Pre-
- vention reported a 151 percent increase in hepatitis
- 12 C cases from 2010–2013, stemming from the opioid,
- heroin, and overdose epidemics affecting commu-
- nities nationwide. For the first time since 2006, the
- number of reported cases of acute hepatitis B infec-
- tion in the United States is rising; it increased by
- 17 20.7 percent in 2015 alone, which is also largely due
- to the opioid epidemic.
- 19 (c) Biennial Assessment of HHS Hepatitis B
- 20 AND HEPATITIS C PREVENTION, EDUCATION, RESEARCH,
- 21 AND MEDICAL MANAGEMENT PLAN.—Title III of the
- 22 Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 241 et seq.) is
- 23 amended—
- 24 (1) by striking section 317N (42 U.S.C. 247b–
- 25 15); and

1	(2) by adding at the end the following:
2	"PART X—BIENNIAL ASSESSMENT OF HHS HEPA-
3	TITIS B AND HEPATITIS C PREVENTION, EDU-
4	CATION, RESEARCH, AND MEDICAL MANAGE-
5	MENT PLAN
6	"SEC. 399PP. BIENNIAL UPDATE OF THE PLAN.
7	"(a) In General.—The Secretary shall conduct a bi-
8	ennial assessment of the Secretary's plan for the preven-
9	tion, control, and medical management of, and education
10	and research relating to, hepatitis B and hepatitis C, for
11	the purposes of—
12	"(1) incorporating into such plan new knowl-
13	edge or observations relating to hepatitis B and hep-
14	atitis C (such as knowledge and observations that
15	may be derived from clinical, laboratory, and epide-
16	miological research and disease detection, preven-
17	tion, and surveillance outcomes);
18	"(2) addressing gaps in the coverage or effec-
19	tiveness of the plan; and
20	"(3) evaluating and, if appropriate, updating
21	recommendations, guidelines, or educational mate-
22	rials of the Centers for Disease Control and Preven-
23	tion or the National Institutes of Health for health
24	care providers or the public on viral hepatitis in
25	order to be consistent with the plan.

1	"(b) Publication of Notice of Assessments.—
2	Not later than October 1 of the first even-numbered year
3	beginning after the date of the enactment of this part,
4	and October 1 of each even-numbered year thereafter, the
5	Secretary shall publish in the Federal Register a notice
6	of the results of the assessments conducted under para-
7	graph (1). Such notice shall include—
8	"(1) a description of any revisions to the plan
9	referred to in subsection (a) as a result of the as-
10	sessment;
11	"(2) an explanation of the basis for any such
12	revisions, including the ways in which such revisions
13	can reasonably be expected to further promote the
14	original goals and objectives of the plan; and
15	"(3) in the case of a determination by the Sec-
16	retary that the plan does not need revision, an expla-
17	nation of the basis for such determination.
18	"SEC. 399PP-1. ELEMENTS OF PROGRAM.
19	"(a) Education and Awareness Programs.—The
20	Secretary, acting through the Director of the Centers for
21	Disease Control and Prevention, the Administrator of the
22	Health Resources and Services Administration, and the
23	Administrator of the Substance Abuse and Mental Health
24	Services Administration, and in accordance with the plan
25	referred to in section 399PP(a), shall implement programs

- 1 to increase awareness and enhance knowledge and under-
- 2 standing of hepatitis B and hepatitis C. Such programs
- 3 shall include—
- 4 "(1) the conduct of culturally and language ap-5 propriate health education in primary and secondary 6 schools, college campuses, public awareness cam-7 paigns, and community outreach activities (especially 8 to the ethnic communities with high rates of chronic 9 hepatitis B and chronic hepatitis C and other high-10 risk groups) to promote public awareness and knowl-11 edge about the value of hepatitis A and hepatitis B 12 immunization, risk factors, the transmission and 13 prevention of hepatitis B and hepatitis C, the value 14 of screening for the early detection of hepatitis B 15 and hepatitis C, and options available for the treat-16 ment of chronic hepatitis B and chronic hepatitis C;
 - "(2) the promotion of immunization programs that increase awareness and access to hepatitis A and hepatitis B vaccines for susceptible adults and children;
 - "(3) the training of health care professionals regarding the importance of vaccinating individuals infected with hepatitis C and individuals who are at risk for hepatitis C infection against hepatitis A and hepatitis B;

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"(4) the training of health care professionals regarding the importance of vaccinating individuals chronically infected with hepatitis B and individuals who are at risk for chronic hepatitis B infection against the hepatitis A virus;

"(5) the training of health care professionals and health educators to make them aware of the high rates of chronic hepatitis B and chronic hepatitis C in certain adult ethnic populations, and the importance of prevention, detection, and medical management of hepatitis B and hepatitis C and of liver cancer screening;

"(6) the development and distribution of health education curricula (including information relating to the special needs of individuals infected with hepatitis B and hepatitis C, such as the importance of prevention and early intervention, regular monitoring, the recognition of psychosocial needs, appropriate treatment, and liver cancer screening) for individuals providing hepatitis B and hepatitis C counseling; and

"(7) support for the implementation curricula described in paragraph (6) by State and local public health agencies.

1	"(b) Immunization, Prevention, and Control
2	Programs.—
3	"(1) In General.—The Secretary, acting
4	through the Director of the Centers for Disease
5	Control and Prevention, shall support the integra-
6	tion of activities described in paragraph (3) into ex-
7	isting clinical and public health programs at State,
8	local, territorial, and Tribal levels (including commu-
9	nity health clinics, programs for the prevention and
10	treatment of HIV/AIDS, sexually transmitted infec-
11	tions, and substance abuse, and programs for indi-
12	viduals in correctional settings).
13	"(2) Coordination of Development of
14	FEDERAL SCREENING GUIDELINES.—
15	"(A) References.—For purposes of this
16	subsection, the term 'CDC Director' means the
17	Director of the Centers for Disease Control and
18	Prevention, and the term 'AHRQ Director'
19	means the Director of the Agency for
20	Healthcare Research and Quality.
21	"(B) AGENCY FOR HEALTHCARE RE-
22	SEARCH AND QUALITY.—Due to the rapidly
23	evolving standard of care associated with diag-
24	nosing and treating viral hepatitis infection, the
25	AHRQ Director shall convene the Preventive

1	Services Task Force under section 915(a) of
2	the Public Health Service Act to review its rec-
3	ommendation for screening for HBV and HCV
4	infection every 3 years.
5	"(3) Activities.—
6	"(A) VOLUNTARY TESTING PROGRAMS.—
7	"(i) In General.—The Secretary
8	shall establish a mechanism by which to
9	support and promote the development of
10	State, local, territorial, and Tribal vol-
11	untary hepatitis B and hepatitis C testing
12	programs to screen the high-prevalence
13	populations to aid in the early identifica-
14	tion of chronically infected individuals.
15	"(ii) Confidentiality of the test
16	RESULTS.—The Secretary shall prohibit
17	the use of the results of a hepatitis B or
18	hepatitis C test conducted by a testing pro-
19	gram developed or supported under this
20	subparagraph for any of the following:
21	"(I) Issues relating to health in-
22	surance.
23	"(II) To screen or determine
24	suitability for employment.

1	"(III) To discharge a person
2	from employment.
3	"(B) Counseling regarding viral hep-
4	ATITIS.—The Secretary shall support State,
5	local, territorial, and Tribal programs in a wide
6	variety of settings, including those providing
7	primary and specialty health care services in
8	nonprofit private and public sectors, to—
9	"(i) provide individuals with ongoing
10	risk factors for hepatitis B and hepatitis C
11	infection with client-centered education
12	and counseling which concentrates on—
13	"(I) promoting testing of individ-
14	uals that have been exposed to their
15	blood, family members, and their sex-
16	ual partners; and
17	"(II) changing behaviors that
18	place individuals at risk for infection;
19	"(ii) provide individuals chronically in-
20	fected with hepatitis B or hepatitis C with
21	education, health information, and coun-
22	seling to reduce their risk of—
23	"(I) dying from end-stage liver
24	disease and liver cancer; and

1	"(II) transmitting viral hepatitis
2	to others; and
3	"(iii) provide women chronically in-
4	fected with hepatitis B or hepatitis C who
5	are pregnant or of childbearing age with
6	culturally and linguistically appropriate
7	health information, such as how to prevent
8	hepatitis B perinatal infection, and to al-
9	leviate fears associated with pregnancy or
10	raising a family.
11	"(C) Immunization.—The Secretary shall
12	support State, local, territorial, and Tribal ef-
13	forts to expand the current vaccination pro-
14	grams to protect every child in the country and
15	all susceptible adults, particularly those infected
16	with hepatitis C and high-prevalence ethnic
17	populations and other high-risk groups, from
18	the risks of acute and chronic hepatitis B infec-
19	tion by—
20	"(i) ensuring continued funding for
21	hepatitis B vaccination for all children 19
22	years of age or younger through the Vac-
23	cines for Children Program;
24	"(ii) ensuring that the recommenda-
25	tions of the Advisory Committee on Immu-

nization Practices are followed rega	arding
2 the birth dose of hepatitis B vaccin	ations
3 for newborns;	
4 "(iii) requiring proof of hepat	itis B
5 vaccination for entry into public or p	orivate
6 daycare, preschool, elementary schoo	l, sec-
7 ondary school, and institutions of	higher
8 education;	
9 "(iv) expanding the availability	ty of
hepatitis B vaccination for all susce	eptible
adults to protect them from bec	oming
acutely or chronically infected, inc	luding
ethnic and other populations with	high
prevalence rates of chronic hepatitis	B in-
15 fection;	
16 "(v) expanding the availability of	f hep-
atitis B vaccination for all susce	eptible
adults, particularly those in their rep	roduc-
tive age (women and men less that	an 45
years of age), to protect them from	m the
21 risk of hepatitis B infection;	
"(vi) ensuring the vaccination of	f indi-
viduals infected, or at risk for infe	ection,
with hepatitis C against hepatitis A,	hepa-
titis B, and other infectious diseas	es, as

1	appropriate, for which such individuals
2	may be at increased risk; and
3	"(vii) ensuring the vaccination of indi-
4	viduals infected, or at risk for infection,
5	with hepatitis B against hepatitis A virus
6	and other infectious diseases, as appro-
7	priate, for which such individuals may be
8	at increased risk.
9	"(D) Medical referral.—The Secretary
10	shall support State, local, territorial, and Tribal
11	programs that support—
12	"(i) referral of persons chronically in-
13	fected with hepatitis B or hepatitis C—
14	"(I) for medical evaluation to de-
15	termine the appropriateness for
16	antiviral treatment to reduce the risk
17	of progression to cirrhosis and liver
18	cancer; and
19	"(II) for ongoing medical man-
20	agement including regular monitoring
21	of liver function and screening for
22	liver cancer; and
23	"(ii) referral of persons infected with
24	acute or chronic hepatitis B infection or
25	acute or chronic hepatitis C infection for

1	drug and alcohol abuse treatment where
2	appropriate.
3	"(4) Increased support for adult viral
4	HEPATITIS PREVENTION COORDINATORS.—The Sec-
5	retary, acting through the Director of the Centers
6	for Disease Control and Prevention, shall provide in-
7	creased support to adult viral hepatitis prevention
8	coordinators in State, local, territorial, and Tribal
9	health departments in order to enhance the addi-
10	tional management, networking, and technical exper-
11	tise needed to ensure successful integration of hepa-
12	titis B and hepatitis C prevention and control activi-
13	ties into existing public health programs.
14	"(c) EPIDEMIOLOGICAL SURVEILLANCE.—
15	"(1) In General.—The Secretary, acting
16	through the Director of the Centers for Disease
17	Control and Prevention, shall support the establish-
18	ment and maintenance of a national chronic and
19	acute hepatitis B and hepatitis C surveillance pro-
20	gram, in order to identify—
21	"(A) trends in the incidence of acute and
22	chronic hepatitis B and acute and chronic hepa-
23	titis C;
24	"(B) trends in the prevalence of acute and
25	chronic hepatitis B and acute and chronic hepa-

titis C infection among groups that may be disproportionately affected; and

> "(C) trends in liver cancer and end-stage liver disease incidence and deaths, caused by chronic hepatitis B and chronic hepatitis C in the high-risk ethnic populations.

"(2) Seroprevalence and liver cancer STUDIES.—The Secretary, acting through the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, shall prepare a report outlining the populationbased seroprevalence studies currently underway, future planned studies, the criteria involved in determining which seroprevalence studies to conduct, defer, or suspend, and the scope of those studies, the economic and clinical impact of hepatitis B and hepatitis C, and the impact of chronic hepatitis B and chronic hepatitis C infections on the quality of life. Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this part, the Secretary shall submit the report to the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate.

"(3) CONFIDENTIALITY.—The Secretary shall not disclose any individually identifiable information

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1	identified under paragraph (1) or derived through
2	studies under paragraph (2).
3	"(d) Research.—The Secretary, acting through the
4	Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Preven-
5	tion, the Director of the National Cancer Institute, and
6	the Director of the National Institutes of Health, shall—
7	"(1) conduct epidemiologic and community-
8	based research to develop, implement, and evaluate
9	best practices for hepatitis B and hepatitis C pre-
10	vention especially in the ethnic populations with high
11	rates of chronic hepatitis B and chronic hepatitis C
12	and other high-risk groups;
13	"(2) conduct research on hepatitis B and hepa-
14	titis C natural history, pathophysiology, improved
15	treatments and prevention (such as the hepatitis C
16	vaccine), and noninvasive tests that help to predict
17	the risk of progression to liver cirrhosis and liver
18	cancer;
19	"(3) conduct research that will lead to better
20	noninvasive or blood tests to screen for liver cancer,
21	and more effective treatments of liver cancer caused
22	by chronic hepatitis B and chronic hepatitis C; and
23	"(4) conduct research comparing the effective-
24	ness of screening, diagnostic, management, and
25	treatment approaches for chronic hepatitis B, chron-

- 1 ic hepatitis C, and liver cancer in the affected com-
- 2 munities.
- 3 "(e) Underserved and Disproportionately Af-
- 4 FECTED POPULATIONS.—In carrying out this section, the
- 5 Secretary shall provide expanded support for individuals
- 6 with limited access to health education, testing, and health
- 7 care services and groups that may be disproportionately
- 8 affected by hepatitis B and hepatitis C.
- 9 "(f) EVALUATION OF PROGRAM.—The Secretary
- 10 shall develop benchmarks for evaluating the effectiveness
- 11 of the programs and activities conducted under this sec-
- 12 tion and make determinations as to whether such bench-
- 13 marks have been achieved.
- 14 "SEC. 399PP-2. GRANTS.
- 15 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may award grants
- 16 to, or enter into contracts or cooperative agreements with,
- 17 States, political subdivisions of States, territories, Indian
- 18 Tribes, or nonprofit entities that have special expertise re-
- 19 lating to hepatitis B, hepatitis C, or both, to carry out
- 20 activities under this part.
- 21 "(b) APPLICATION.—To be eligible for a grant, con-
- 22 tract, or cooperative agreement under subsection (a), an
- 23 entity shall prepare and submit to the Secretary an appli-
- 24 cation at such time, in such manner, and containing such
- 25 information as the Secretary may require.

1	"SEC. 399PP-3. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
2	"There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out
3	this part \$90,000,000 for fiscal year 2019, \$90,000,000
4	for fiscal year 2020, \$110,000,000 for fiscal year 2021,
5	\$130,000,000 for fiscal year 2022, and $$150,000,000$ for
6	fiscal year 2023.".
7	Subtitle C—Acquired Bone Marrow
8	Failure Diseases
9	SEC. 721. ACQUIRED BONE MARROW FAILURE DISEASES.
10	(a) SHORT TITLE.—This subtitle may be cited as the
11	"Bone Marrow Failure Disease Research and Treatment
12	Act of 2018".
13	(b) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following:
14	(1) Between 20,000 and 30,000 Americans are
15	diagnosed each year with myelodysplastic syndromes,
16	aplastic anemia, paroxysmal nocturnal hemo-
17	globinuria, and other acquired bone marrow failure
18	diseases.
19	(2) Acquired bone marrow failure diseases have
20	a debilitating and often fatal impact on those diag-
21	nosed with these diseases.
22	(3) While some treatments for acquired bone
23	marrow failure diseases can prolong and improve the
24	quality of patients' lives, there is no single cure for

these diseases.

- 1 (4) The prevalence of acquired bone marrow 2 failure diseases in the United States will continue to 3 grow as the general public ages.
 - (5) Evidence exists suggesting that acquired bone marrow failure diseases occur more often in minority populations, particularly in Asian-American and Latino or Hispanic populations.
 - (6) The National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute and the National Cancer Institute have conducted important research into the causes of and treatments for acquired bone marrow failure diseases.
 - (7) The National Marrow Donor Program Registry has made significant contributions to the fight against bone marrow failure diseases by connecting millions of potential marrow donors with individuals and families suffering from these conditions.
 - (8) Despite these advances, a more comprehensive Federal strategic effort among numerous Federal agencies is needed to discover a cure for acquired bone marrow failure disorders.
 - (9) Greater Federal surveillance of acquired bone marrow failure diseases is needed to gain a better understanding of the causes of acquired bone marrow failure diseases.

1	(10) The Federal Government should increase
2	its research support for and engage with public and
3	private organizations in developing a comprehensive
4	approach to combat and cure acquired bone marrow
5	failure diseases.
6	(c) National Acquired Bone Marrow Failure
7	DISEASE REGISTRY.—Part B of the Public Health Service
8	Act (42 U.S.C. 311 et seq.) is amended by inserting after
9	section 317W, as added, the following:
10	"SEC. 317X. NATIONAL ACQUIRED BONE MARROW FAILURE
11	DISEASE REGISTRY.
12	"(a) Establishment of Registry.—
13	"(1) In general.—Not later than 6 months
14	after the date of the enactment of this section, the
15	Secretary, acting through the Director of the Cen-
16	ters for Disease Control and Prevention, shall—
17	"(A) develop a system to collect data on
18	acquired bone marrow failure diseases; and
19	"(B) establish and maintain a national and
20	publicly available registry, to be known as the
21	National Acquired Bone Marrow Failure Dis-
22	ease Registry, in accordance with paragraph
23	(3).
24	"(2) Recommendations of advisory com-
25	MITTEE.—In carrying out this subsection, the Sec-

1	retary shall take into consideration the recommenda-
2	tions of the Advisory Committee on Acquired Bone
3	Marrow Failure Diseases established under sub-
4	section (b).
5	"(3) Purposes of Registry.—The National
6	Acquired Bone Marrow Failure Disease Registry—
7	"(A) shall identify the incidence and preva-
8	lence of acquired bone marrow failure diseases
9	in the United States;
10	"(B) shall be used to collect and store data
11	on acquired bone marrow failure diseases, in-
12	cluding data concerning—
13	"(i) the age, race or ethnicity, general
14	geographic location, sex, and family history
15	of individuals who are diagnosed with ac-
16	quired bone marrow failure diseases, and
17	any other characteristics of such individ-
18	uals determined appropriate by the Sec-
19	retary;
20	"(ii) the genetic and environmental
21	factors that may be associated with devel-
22	oping acquired bone marrow failure dis-
23	eases;

1	"(iii) treatment approaches for deal-
2	ing with acquired bone marrow failure dis-
3	eases;
4	"(iv) outcomes for individuals treated
5	for acquired bone marrow failure diseases,
6	including outcomes for recipients of stem
7	cell therapeutic products as contained in
8	the database established pursuant to sec-
9	tion 379A; and
10	"(v) any other factors pertaining to
11	acquired bone marrow failure diseases de-
12	termined appropriate by the Secretary; and
13	"(C) shall be made available—
14	"(i) to the general public; and
15	"(ii) to researchers to facilitate fur-
16	ther research into the causes of, and treat-
17	ments for, acquired bone marrow failure
18	diseases in accordance with standard prac-
19	tices of the Centers for Disease Control
20	and Preventions.
21	"(b) Advisory Committee.—
22	"(1) Establishment.—Not later than 6
23	months after the date of the enactment of this sec-
24	tion, the Secretary, acting through the Director of
25	the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

1	shall establish an advisory committee, to be known
2	as the Advisory Committee on Acquired Bone Mar-
3	row Failure Diseases.
4	"(2) Members.—The members of the Advisory
5	Committee on Acquired Bone Marrow Failure Dis-
6	eases shall be appointed by the Secretary, acting
7	through the Director of the Centers for Disease
8	Control and Prevention, and shall include at least
9	one representative from each of the following:
10	"(A) A national patient advocacy organiza-
11	tion with experience advocating on behalf of pa-
12	tients suffering from acquired bone marrow
13	failure diseases.
14	"(B) The National Institutes of Health, in-
15	cluding at least one representative from each
16	of—
17	"(i) the National Cancer Institute;
18	"(ii) the National Heart, Lung, and
19	Blood Institute; and
20	"(iii) the Office of Rare Diseases.
21	"(C) The Centers for Disease Control and
22	Prevention.
23	"(D) Clinicians with experience in—
24	"(i) diagnosing or treating acquired
25	bone marrow failure diseases; and

1	"(ii) medical data registries.
2	"(E) Epidemiologists who have experience
3	with data registries.
4	"(F) Publicly or privately funded research-
5	ers who have experience researching acquired
6	bone marrow failure diseases.
7	"(G) The entity operating the C.W. Bill
8	Young Cell Transplantation Program estab-
9	lished pursuant to section 379 and the entity
10	operating the C.W. Bill Young Cell Transplan-
11	tation Program Outcomes Database.
12	"(3) Responsibilities.—The Advisory Com-
13	mittee on Acquired Bone Marrow Failure Diseases
14	shall provide recommendations to the Secretary on
15	the establishment and maintenance of the National
16	Acquired Bone Marrow Failure Disease Registry, in-
17	cluding recommendations on the collection, mainte-
18	nance, and dissemination of data.
19	"(4) Public availability.—The Secretary
20	shall make the recommendations of the Advisory
21	Committee on Acquired Bone Marrow Failure Dis-
22	ease publicly available.
23	"(c) Grants.—The Secretary, acting through the
24	Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Preven-
25	tion, may award grants to, and enter into contracts and

cooperative agreements with, public or private nonprofit 1 2 entities for the management of, as well as the collection, analysis, and reporting of data to be included in, the Na-3 4 tional Acquired Bone Marrow Failure Disease Registry. 5 "(d) Definition.—In this section, the term 'ac-6 quired bone marrow failure disease' means— 7 "(1) myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS): 8 "(2) aplastic anemia; 9 "(3) paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria 10 (PNH);11 "(4) pure red cell aplasia; "(5) acute myeloid leukemia that has pro-12 13 gressed from myelodysplastic syndromes; or 14 "(6) large granular lymphocytic leukemia. "(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There 15 is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section 16 17 \$3,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023.". 18 (d) Pilot Studies Through the Agency for TOXIC SUBSTANCES AND DISEASE REGISTRY.— 19 20 (1) PILOT STUDIES.—The Secretary of Health 21 and Human Services, acting through the Adminis-22 trator of the Agency for Toxic Substances and Dis-23 ease Registry, shall conduct pilot studies to deter-

mine which environmental factors, including expo-

1	sure to toxins, may cause acquired bone marrow fail-
2	ure diseases.
3	(2) Collaboration with the radiation in-
4	JURY TREATMENT NETWORK.—In carrying out the
5	directives of this section, the Secretary may collabo-
6	rate with the Radiation Injury Treatment Network
7	of the C.W. Bill Young Cell Transplantation Pro-
8	gram established pursuant to section 379 of the
9	Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 274j) to—
10	(A) augment data for the pilot studies au-
11	thorized by this section;
12	(B) access technical assistance that may be
13	provided by the Radiation Injury Treatment
14	Network; or
15	(C) perform joint research projects.
16	(3) Authorization of appropriations.—
17	There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
18	this section \$1,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019
19	through 2023.
20	(e) Minority-Focused Programs on Acquired
21	Bone Marrow Failure Diseases.—Title XVII of the
22	Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300u et seq.) is
23	amended by inserting after section 1707A the following:

1	"MINORITY-FOCUSED PROGRAMS ON ACQUIRED BONE
2	MARROW FAILURE DISEASES
3	"Sec. 1707B. (a) Information and Referral
4	Services.—
5	"(1) In general.—Not later than 6 months
6	after the date of the enactment of this section, the
7	Secretary, acting through the Deputy Assistant Sec-
8	retary for Minority Health, shall establish and co-
9	ordinate outreach and informational programs tar-
10	geted to minority populations affected by acquired
11	bone marrow failure diseases.
12	"(2) Program requirements.—Minority-fo-
13	cused outreach and informational programs author-
14	ized by this section—
15	"(A) shall make information about treat-
16	ment options and clinical trials for acquired
17	bone marrow failure diseases publicly available;
18	and
19	"(B) shall provide referral services for
20	treatment options and clinical trials;
21	at the National Minority Health Resource Center
22	supported under section 1707(b)(8) (including by
23	means of the Center's website, through appropriate
24	locations such as the Center's knowledge center, and
25	through appropriate programs such as the Center's

1	resource persons network) and through minority
2	health consultants located at each Department of
3	Health and Human Services regional office.
4	"(b) Hispanic and Asian-American and Pacific
5	ISLANDER OUTREACH.—
6	"(1) In General.—The Secretary, acting
7	through the Deputy Assistant Secretary for Minority
8	Health, shall undertake a coordinated outreach ef-
9	fort to connect Hispanic, Asian-American, and Pa-
10	cific Islander communities with comprehensive serv-
11	ices focused on treatment of, and information about,
12	acquired bone marrow failure diseases.
13	"(2) Collaboration.—In carrying out this
14	subsection, the Secretary may collaborate with public
15	health agencies, nonprofit organizations, community
16	groups, and online entities to disseminate informa-
17	tion about treatment options and clinical trials for
18	acquired bone marrow failure diseases.
19	"(c) Grants and Cooperative Agreements.—
20	"(1) In General.—Not later than 6 months
21	after the date of the enactment of this section, the
22	Secretary, acting through the Deputy Assistant Sec-

retary for Minority Health, shall award grants to, or

enter into cooperative agreements with, entities to

23

- perform research on acquired bone marrow failure
 diseases.
- 3 "(2) Requirement.—Grants and cooperative 4 agreements authorized by this subsection shall be 5 awarded or entered into on a competitive, peer-re-6 viewed basis.
- 7 "(3) Scope of Research.—Research funded 8 under this section shall examine factors affecting the 9 incidence of acquired bone marrow failure diseases 10 in minority populations.
- 11 "(d) Definition.—In this section, the term 'ac-12 quired bone marrow failure disease' has the meaning given 13 to such term in section 317X(d).
- 14 "(e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There 15 is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section 16 \$2,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023.".
- 17 (f) Diagnosis and Quality of Care for Ac-18 Quired Bone Marrow Failure Diseases.—
- 19 (1) Grants.—The Secretary of Health and
 20 Human Services, acting through the Director of the
 21 Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, shall
 22 award grants to entities to improve diagnostic prac23 tices and quality of care with respect to patients
 24 with acquired bone marrow failure diseases.

1	(2) Authorization of appropriations.—
2	There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
3	this section \$2,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019
4	through 2023.
5	(g) Definition.—In this section, the term "acquired
6	bone marrow failure disease" means—
7	(1) myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS);
8	(2) aplastic anemia;
9	(3) paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria
10	(PNH);
11	(4) pure red cell aplasia;
12	(5) acute myeloid leukemia that progressed
13	from myelodysplastic syndromes; or
14	(6) large granular lymphocytic leukemia.
15	Subtitle D—Cardiovascular Dis-
16	ease, Chronic Disease, and
17	Other Disease Issues
18	SEC. 731. GUIDELINES FOR DISEASE SCREENING FOR MI-
19	NORITY PATIENTS.
20	(a) In General.—The Secretary, acting through the
21	Director of the Agency for Healthcare Research and Qual-
22	ity, shall convene a series of meetings to develop guidelines
23	for disease screening for minority patient populations
24	which have a higher than average risk for many chronic
25	diseases and cancers.

1	(b) Participants.—In convening meetings under
2	subsection (a), the Secretary shall ensure that meeting
3	participants include representatives of—
4	(1) professional societies and associations;
5	(2) minority health organizations;
6	(3) health care researchers and providers, in-
7	cluding those with expertise in minority health;
8	(4) Federal health agencies, including the Of-
9	fice of Minority Health, the National Institute on
10	Minority Health and Health Disparities, and the
11	National Institutes of Health; and
12	(5) other experts determined appropriate by the
13	Secretary.
14	(c) Diseases.—Screening guidelines for minority
15	populations shall be developed as appropriate under sub-
16	section (a) for—
17	(1) hypertension;
18	(2) hypercholesterolemia;
19	(3) diabetes;
20	(4) cardiovascular disease;
21	(5) cancers, including breast, prostate, colon,
22	cervical, and lung cancer;
23	(6) other pulmonary problems including sleep
24	apnea;
25	(7) asthma;

1	(8) diabetes;
2	(9) kidney diseases;
3	(10) eye diseases and disorders, including glau-
4	coma;
5	(11) HIV/AIDS and sexually transmitted infec-
6	tions;
7	(12) uterine fibroids;
8	(13) autoimmune disease;
9	(14) mental health conditions;
10	(15) dental health conditions and oral diseases,
11	including oral cancer;
12	(16) environmental and related health illnesses
13	and conditions;
14	(17) siekle cell disease and siekle cell trait;
15	(18) violence and injury prevention and control;
16	(19) genetic and related conditions;
17	(20) heart disease and stroke;
18	(21) tuberculosis;
19	(22) chronic obstructive pulmonary disease;
20	(23) musculoskeletal diseases, arthritis, and
21	obesity; and
22	(24) other diseases determined appropriate by
23	the Secretary.
24	(d) DISSEMINATION.—Not later than 24 months
25	after the date of enactment of this title, the Secretary

1	shall publish and disseminate to health care provider orga-
2	nizations the guidelines developed under subsection (a).
3	(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
4	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
5	such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years
6	2019 through 2023.
7	SEC. 732. CDC WISEWOMAN SCREENING PROGRAM.
8	Section 1509 of the Public Health Service Act (42
9	U.S.C. 300n-4a) is amended—
10	(1) in subsection (a)—
11	(A) by striking the heading and inserting
12	"In General.—"; and
13	(B) in the matter preceding paragraph (1),
14	by striking "may make grants" and all that fol-
15	lows through "purpose" and inserting the fol-
16	lowing: "may make grants to such States for
17	the purpose"; and
18	(2) in subsection (d)(1), by striking "there are
19	authorized" and all that follows through the period
20	and inserting "there are authorized to be appro-
21	priated \$23,000,000 for fiscal year 2019,
22	\$25,300,000 for fiscal year $2020, $27,800,000$ for
23	fiscal year 2021, \$30,800,000 for fiscal year 2022,
24	and \$34,000,000 for fiscal year 2023.".

1	SEC. 733. REPORT ON CARDIOVASCULAR CARE FOR WOMEN
2	AND MINORITIES.
3	Part P of title III of the Public Health Service Act
4	(42 U.S.C. 280g et seq.), as amended, is further amended
5	by adding at the end the following:
6	"SEC. 399V-8. REPORT ON CARDIOVASCULAR CARE FOR
7	WOMEN AND MINORITIES.
8	"Not later than September 30, 2019, and annually
9	thereafter, the Secretary shall prepare and submit to the
10	Congress a report on the quality of and access to care
11	for women and minorities with heart disease, stroke, and
12	other cardiovascular diseases. The report shall contain rec-
13	ommendations for eliminating disparities in, and improv-
14	ing the treatment of, heart disease, stroke, and other car-
15	diovascular diseases in women, racial and ethnic minori-
16	ties, those for whom English is not their primary lan-
17	guage, and individuals with disabilities.".
18	SEC. 734. COVERAGE OF COMPREHENSIVE TOBACCO CES-
19	SATION SERVICES IN MEDICAID AND PRI-
20	VATE HEALTH INSURANCE.
21	(a) Requiring Medicaid Coverage of Coun-
22	SELING AND PHARMACOTHERAPY FOR CESSATION OF TO-
23	BACCO USE.—Section 1905 of the Social Security Act (42
24	U.S.C. 1396d) is amended—
25	(1) in subsection $(a)(4)(D)$, by striking "by
26	pregnant women"; and

1	(2) in subsection (bb)—
2	(A) by striking "by pregnant women" each
3	place it appears;
4	(B) in paragraph (1), in the matter before
5	subparagraph (A), by inserting "by individuals"
6	before "who use tobacco"; and
7	(C) in paragraph (2)(A), by striking "with
8	respect to pregnant women".
9	(b) Exception From Optional Restriction
10	Under Medicaid Prescription Drug Coverage.—
11	Section 1927(d)(2)(F) of the Social Security Act (42
12	U.S.C. 1396r–8(d)(2)(F)) is amended—
13	(1) by striking "in the case of pregnant
14	women'; and
15	(2) by striking "under the over-the-counter
16	monograph process".
17	(e) State Monitoring and Promoting of Com-
18	PREHENSIVE TOBACCO CESSATION SERVICES UNDER
19	Medicaid.—Section 1902(a) of the Social Security Act
20	(42 U.S.C. 1396a(a)), as amended by section 450(c), is
21	amended—
22	(1) by striking "and" at the end of paragraph
23	(82);
24	(2) by striking the period at the end of para-
25	graph (83) and inserting "; and; and

1	(3) by inserting after paragraph (83) the fol-
2	lowing new paragraph:
3	"(84) provide for the State to monitor and pro-
4	mote the use of comprehensive tobacco cessation
5	services under the State plan, including conducting
6	an outreach campaign to increase awareness of, and
7	the benefits of using, such services among—
8	"(A) individuals entitled to medical assist-
9	ance under the State plan who use tobacco
10	products; and
11	"(B) clinicians and others who provide
12	services to individuals entitled to medical assist-
13	ance under the State plan.".
14	(d) Federal Reimbursement for Medicaid Out-
15	REACH CAMPAIGN TO INCREASE AWARENESS.—Section
16	1903(a) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396b(a))
17	is amended—
18	(1) by striking the period at the end of para-
19	graph (7) and inserting "; plus"; and
20	(2) by inserting after paragraph (7) the fol-
21	lowing new paragraph:
22	"(8) an amount equal to 90 percent of the
23	sums expended during each quarter which are attrib-
24	utable to the development, implementation, and eval-
25	uation of an outreach campaign to—

1	"(A) increase awareness of comprehensive
2	tobacco cessation services covered in the State
3	plan among—
4	"(i) individuals who are likely to be el-
5	igible for medical assistance under the
6	State plan; and
7	"(ii) clinicians and others who provide
8	services to individuals who are likely to be
9	eligible for medical assistance under the
10	State plan; and
11	"(B) increase awareness of the benefits of
12	using comprehensive tobacco cessation services
13	covered in the State plan among—
14	"(i) individuals who are likely to be el-
15	igible for medical assistance under the
16	State plan; and
17	"(ii) clinicians and others who provide
18	services to individuals who are likely to be
19	eligible for medical assistance under the
20	State plan about the benefits of using com-
21	prehensive tobacco cessation services.".
22	(e) Removal of Cost Sharing for Counseling
23	AND PHARMACOTHERAPY FOR CESSATION OF TOBACCO
24	Use Under Medicaid.—

1	(1) General cost sharing limitations.—
2	Section 1916 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
3	1396o) is amended—
4	(A) in subsections $(a)(2)(B)$ and $(b)(2)(B)$,
5	by striking "and counseling and
6	pharmacotherapy for cessation of tobacco use
7	by pregnant women (as defined in section
8	1396d(bb) of this title) and covered outpatient
9	drugs (as defined in subsection (k)(2) of section
10	1396r-8 of this title and including nonprescrip-
11	tion drugs described in subsection $(d)(2)$ of
12	such section) that are prescribed for purposes
13	of promoting, and when used to promote, to-
14	bacco cessation by pregnant women in accord-
15	ance with the Guideline referred to in section
16	1396d(bb)(2)(A) of this title" each place it ap-
17	pears; and
18	(B) in each of subsections (a)(2)(D) and
19	(b)(2)(D) by inserting "and counseling and
20	pharmacotherapy for cessation of tobacco use
21	(as defined in section 1396d(bb) of this title)
22	and covered outpatient drugs (as defined in
23	subsection (k)(2) of section 1396r–8 of this
24	title and including nonprescription drugs de-

scribed in subsection (d)(2) of such section)

1	that are prescribed for purposes of promoting,
2	and when used to promote, tobacco cessation in
3	accordance with the Guideline referred to in
4	section 1396d(bb)(2)(A) of this title," after
5	"(or at the option of the State, any services fur-
6	nished to pregnant women".
7	(2) Application to alternative cost shar-
8	ING.—Section $1916A(b)(3)(B)$ of such Act (42)
9	U.S.C. 1396o-1(b)(3)(B)) is amended—
10	(A) in clause (iii), by striking ", and coun-
11	seling and pharmacotherapy for cessation of to-
12	bacco use by pregnant women (as defined in
13	section 1396d of this title)"; and
14	(B) by adding at the end the following:
15	"(xi) Counseling and
16	pharmacotherapy for cessation of tobacco
17	use (as defined in section 1905(bb)) and
18	covered outpatient drugs (as defined in
19	subsection $(k)(2)$ of section 1396r–8 of
20	this title and including nonprescription
21	drugs described in subsection $(d)(2)$ of
22	such section) that are prescribed for pur-
23	poses of promoting, and when used to pro-
24	mote, tobacco cessation in accordance with

1	the Guideline referred to in section 1396d
2	(bb)(2)(A) of this title.".
3	(f) No Prior Authorization for Tobacco Ces-
4	SATION DRUGS UNDER MEDICAID.—Section 1927(d) of
5	the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396r–8) is amended—
6	(1) by striking in paragraph (1)(A) "A State"
7	and inserting "Except as otherwise provided in para-
8	graph (6), a State";
9	(2) by inserting after paragraph (5) the fol-
10	lowing new paragraph:
11	"(6) No prior authorization programs for
12	TOBACCO CESSATION DRUGS.—A State plan under
13	this subchapter shall not require, as a condition of
14	coverage or payment for a covered outpatient drug
15	for which Federal financial participation is available
16	in accordance with this section, the approval of an
17	agent when used to promote smoking cessation, in-
18	cluding agents approved by the Food and Drug Ad-
19	ministration for the purposes of promoting, and
20	when used to promote, tobacco cessation.".
21	(3) by redesignating paragraphs (6) and (7) as
22	paragraphs (7) and (8).
23	(g) Comprehensive Coverage of Tobacco Ces-
24	SATION COVERAGE IN PRIVATE HEALTH INSURANCE.—

1	(1) No prior authorization for tobacco
2	CESSATION COVERAGE.—Section 2713 of the Public
3	Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300gg-3) is amended
4	by inserting after subsection (c) a new subsection:
5	"(d) No Prior Authorization.—A group health
6	plan and a health insurance issuer offering group or indi-
7	vidual health insurance coverage shall not impose any
8	prior authorization requirement for tobacco cessation
9	counseling and pharmacotherapy that has in effect a rat
10	ing of 'A' or 'B' in the current recommendations of the
11	United States Preventive Services Task Force.".
12	(2) No cost sharing.—Section 1302(c) of the
13	Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (42
14	U.S.C. 18022(c)) is amended by inserting after
15	paragraph (1) the following new paragraph:
16	"(2) No cost sharing or prior authoriza-
17	TION FOR COMPREHENSIVE TOBACCO CESSATION
18	COVERAGE.—There shall be no cost sharing or prior
19	authorization requirement imposed with respect to
20	services described in subsection (b)(1)(K).".
21	(h) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
22	this section shall apply to items and services furnished or
23	or after January 1, 2019.

1	SEC. 735. CLINICAL RESEARCH FUNDING FOR ORAL
2	HEALTH.
3	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Health and
4	Human Services shall expand and intensify the conduct
5	and support of the research activities of the National In-
6	stitutes of Health and the National Institute of Dental
7	and Craniofacial Research to improve the oral health of
8	the population through the prevention and management
9	of oral diseases and conditions.
10	(b) INCLUDED RESEARCH ACTIVITIES.—Research
11	activities under subsection (a) shall include—
12	(1) comparative effectiveness research and clin-
13	ical disease management research addressing early
14	childhood caries and oral cancer; and
15	(2) awarding of grants and contracts to support
16	the training and development of health services re-
17	searchers, comparative effectiveness researchers, and
18	clinical researchers whose research improves the oral
19	health of the population.
20	SEC. 736. PARTICIPATION BY MEDICAID BENEFICIARIES IN
21	APPROVED CLINICAL TRIALS.
22	(a) In General.—Title XIX of the Social Security
23	Act (42 U.S.C. 1396 et seq.) is amended by inserting after
24	section 1943 the following new section:

1	"SEC. 1944. PARTICIPATION IN AN APPROVED CLINICAL
2	TRIAL.
3	"(a) Coverage of Routine Patient Costs Asso-
4	CIATED WITH APPROVED CLINICAL TRIALS.—
5	"(1) Inclusion.—Subject to paragraph (2),
6	routine patient costs shall include all items and serv-
7	ices consistent with the medical assistance provided
8	under the State plan that would otherwise be pro-
9	vided to the individual under such State plan if such
10	individual was not enrolled in an approved clinical
11	trial, including any items or services related to the
12	prevention, detection, and treatment of any medical
13	complications that arise as a result of participation
14	in the approved clinical trial.
15	"(2) Exclusion.—For purposes of paragraph
16	(1), routine patient costs does not include—
17	"(A) the investigational item, device, or
18	service itself;
19	"(B) items and services that are provided
20	solely to satisfy data collection and analysis
21	needs and that are not used in the direct clin-
22	ical management of the patient; or
23	"(C) a service that is clearly inconsistent
24	with widely accepted and established standards
25	of care for a particular diagnosis.

1	"(3) Information concerning clinical
2	TRIALS.—
3	"(A) In general.—Subject to subpara-
4	graph (B), the Secretary, in consultation with
5	relevant stakeholders, shall develop a single
6	standardized electronic form for use by the indi-
7	vidual or the referring health care provider to
8	submit to the State agency administering the
9	State plan in order to verify that the clinical
10	trial meets the conditions established for an ap-
11	proved clinical trial (as defined in subsection
12	(c)).
13	"(B) Excluded information.—For pur-
14	poses of subparagraph (A) or any such request
15	by the State agency for information regarding
16	a clinical trial, an individual or referring health
17	care provider shall not be required to submit—
18	"(i) the clinical protocol document for
19	the clinical trial; or
20	"(ii) subject to subparagraph (C), any
21	additional information other than such in-
22	formation as is required pursuant to the
23	form described in subparagraph (A).
24	"(C) Optional information.—For pur-
25	poses of subparagraphs (A) and (B)(ii), the

form may include a requirement that the referring health care provider attest that the individual is eligible to participate in the clinical trial pursuant to the trial protocol and that individual participation in such trial would be appropriate.

"(D) REVIEW OF INFORMATION.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—A State plan under this title shall establish a process for timely review by the State agency of the form and information submitted pursuant to subparagraph (A) and, not later than 48 hours after receipt of such form, confirmation that the information provided in such form satisfies the requirements established under such subparagraph, with such process to include establishment and operation of a 24-hour, toll-free telephone number and email address to provide for expedited communication.

"(ii) Failure to respond.—If an individual or the referring health care provider does not receive a response or request for additional information from the State agency following the 48-hour period

1	described in clause (i), the information
2	provided in the form may be presumed to
3	satisfy the requirements established under
4	this paragraph.
5	"(b) Encouragement of Participation in Ap-
6	PROVED CLINICAL TRIALS.—
7	"(1) Reasonably accessible provider.—
8	For purposes of participation in an approved clinical
9	trial by an individual eligible for medical assistance
10	under this title, the State agency administering the
11	State plan shall make reasonable efforts to ensure
12	that the individual is provided with access to a pro-
13	vider who is—
14	"(A) participating in the approved clinical
15	trial;
16	"(B) located not more than 25 miles from
17	the residence of the individual (or, if no such
18	provider is available, as close as possible to the
19	residence of the individual); and
20	"(C) a participating provider under the
21	State plan or has been deemed to be a partici-
22	pating provider under the State plan for pur-
23	poses of providing medical assistance to the in-
24	dividual during their participation in the ap-
25	proved clinical trial.

"(2) Informational materials.—The State
agency administering the plan approved under this
title shall develop informational materials and pro-
grams to encourage participating providers to make
appropriate referrals to physicians and other appro-
priate health care professionals who can provide in-
dividuals with access to approved clinical trials.
"(c) Definition of Approved Clinical Trial.—
The term 'approved clinical trial' has the same meaning
as provided under section 2709(d) of the Public Health
Service Act.".
(b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 1902(a) of
the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396a(a)) is amended
by inserting after paragraph (77) the following new para-
graph:
"(78) provide that participation in an approved
clinical trial and coverage of routine patient costs
associated with such trial for an individual eligible
for medical assistance under this title is conducted
in accordance with the requirements under section
1944;".
(e) Effective Date.—
(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
graph (2), the amendments made by this section

- shall apply to calendar quarters beginning on or after October 1, 2018.
- 3 Delay permitted for STATE PLAN AMENDMENT.—In the case of a State plan for medical assistance under title XIX of the Social Security 5 6 Act which the Secretary of Health and Human Serv-7 ices determines requires State legislation (other than 8 legislation appropriating funds) in order for the plan 9 to meet the additional requirements imposed by the 10 amendments made by this section, the State plan 11 shall not be regarded as failing to comply with the 12 requirements of such title solely on the basis of its 13 failure to meet these additional requirements before 14 the first day of the first calendar quarter beginning 15 after the close of the first regular session of the 16 State legislature that begins after the date of enact-17 ment of this Act. For purposes of the previous sen-18 tence, in the case of a State that has a 2-year legis-19 lative session, each year of such session shall be 20 deemed to be a separate regular session of the State 21 legislature.

22 Subtitle E—HIV/AIDS

- 23 SEC. 741. STATEMENT OF POLICY.
- It is the policy of the United States to achieve an
- 25 AIDS-free generation, and to—

1	(1) expand access to lifesaving antiretroviral
2	therapy for people living with HIV/AIDS and imme-
3	diately link people to continuous and coordinated
4	high-quality care when they learn they are infected
5	with HIV;
6	(2) expand targeted efforts to prevent HIV in-
7	fection using a combination of effective, evidence-
8	based approaches, including routine HIV screening,
9	and universal access to HIV prevention tools in the
10	communities where HIV/AIDS is most heavily con-
11	centrated, particularly communities of color;
12	(3) ensure laws, policies, and regulations do not
13	impede access to prevention, treatment, and care for
14	people living with HIV/AIDS or at risk for acquiring
15	HIV;
16	(4) accelerate research for more efficacious HIV
17	prevention and treatments tools, a cure, and a vac-
18	cine; and
19	(5) respect the human rights and dignity of
20	persons living with HIV/AIDS.
21	SEC. 742. FINDINGS.
22	The Congress finds the following:
23	(1) Over one million people are estimated to be
24	living with HIV in the United States according to
25	the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 15

- percent of whom are unaware of their HIV-positive
 status.
- 3 (2) Annually there are about 37,600 new HIV
 4 infections and 20,000 deaths in people with an HIV
 5 diagnoses in 50 States and 6 dependent areas of the
 6 United States.
 - (3) The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention estimates that, in 2015, there were approximately 37,600 people newly diagnosed with HIV. The estimated number of annual new HIV infections declined 10 percent from 2010 to 2014. However, the number of new infections is increasing among certain populations, such as Latino gay and bisexual men, where annual infections increase 14 percent. New infections among Black gay or bisexual men are remaining stable.
 - (4) HIV disproportionately affects certain populations in the United States. Though African Americans represent approximately 12 percent of the population, African Americans account for almost half (45 percent) of all people living with HIV in the United States. Men who have sex with men (MSM) account for 67 percent of all new HIV infections and are the only risk group in which HIV infections continue to increase.

- 1 (5) Disparities exist among Latinos/Hispanics; 2 they make up 18 percent of the United States popu-3 lation and 24 percent of new infections (2015).
 - (6) Though the rate of new infections among American Indians/Alaska Native (AI/AN) is proportional to their population size, from 2005 to 2014, the annual number of HIV diagnoses increased 19 percent among AIs/ANs overall and 63 percent among AI/AN gay and bisexual men.
 - (7) Asian Americans account for about 2 percent of new HIV infections, but in 2013, 22 percent were undiagnosed, the highest rate of undiagnosed HIV among any race/ethnicity.
 - (8) The latest data from the CDC (2015) indicate that new infections among women declined 20 percent.
 - (9) The history of HIV shows that culturally relevant and gender-responsive supportive services, including psychosocial support, treatment literacy, case management, and transportation are necessary strategies to reach and engage women and girls in medical care.
 - (10) The limited data available on transgender individuals point to a disproportionate burden of HIV infection.

- 1 (11) Stigma and discrimination contribute to 2 these disparities.
- 3 (12) The Centers for Disease Control and Pre-4 vention has determined that increasing the propor-5 tion of people who know their HIV status is an es-6 sential component of comprehensive HIV/AIDS 7 treatment and prevention efforts and that early di-8 agnosis is critical in order for people with HIV/ 9 AIDS to receive life-extending therapy. Additionally, 10 the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention rec-11 ommend routine HIV screening in health care set-12 tings for all patients aged 13 to 64, regardless of 13 risk.
 - (13) In 1998, Congress created the National Minority AIDS Initiative to provide technical assistance, build capacity, and strengthen outreach efforts among local institutions and community-based organizations that serve racial and ethnic minorities living with or vulnerable to HIV/AIDS.
 - (14) To combat the HIV epidemic in the United States, the National HIV/AIDS Strategy (NHAS) provides a framework of increasing access to care, reducing new infections, and eliminating HIV-related health disparities. The vision of NHAS is "The United States will become a place where new HIV

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- infections are rare and when they do occur, every person, regardless of age, gender, race/ethnicity, gender identity, or socioeconomic circumstance, will have unfettered access to high quality, life-extending care, free from stigma and discrimination.".
 - (15) At present, many States and United States territories have criminal statutes based on "exposure" to HIV. Most of these laws were adopted before the availability of effective antiretroviral treatment for HIV/AIDS.
 - (16) Research shows that stable housing leads to better health outcomes for those living with HIV. Inadequate or unstable housing is not only a barrier to effective treatment, but also increases the likelihood of engaging in risky behaviors leading to HIV infection. Insecure housing puts people with HIV/AIDS at risk of premature death from exposure to other diseases, poor nutrition, and lack of medical care.
 - (17) Due to advances in treatment, many people living with HIV/AIDS (PLWHA) today are living healthy lives and have the ability and desire to fully participate in all aspects of community life, including employment. Research associates being em-

- ployed with tremendous economic, social, and health benefits for many people living with HIV/AIDS.
- 3 (18) The common benefits associated with employment include income, autonomy, productivity, 5 and status within society, daily structure, making a 6 contribution to one's community, and increased skills 7 and self-esteem. Research also indicates that many 8 people with disabilities, including PLWHA, report 9 perceiving themselves as being less disabled or not 10 disabled at all, when working. Furthermore, some 11 studies link working with better physical and mental 12 health outcomes for PLWHA when compared to 13 those who are not working. Preliminary data also 14 suggest that transitioning to employment is associ-15 ated with reduced HIV-related health risk behavior 16 for many people.
 - (19) On July 16, 2012, the Food and Drug Administration approved the first drug to reduce the risk of HIV infection in uninfected individuals who are at high risk of HIV infection and who may engage in sexual activity with HIV-infected partners.
 - (20) Syringe service programs (SSPs) have been associated with lowered HIV infections, lower hepatitis C infections, and increased linkage to substance use treatment.

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- 1 (21) There is now conclusive scientific evidence 2 person living with HIV who that antiretroviral therapy (ART) and is durably virally 3 suppressed (defined as having a consistent viral load 5 of less than 200 copies/ml) does not sexually trans-6 mit HIV. The conclusive evidence about the highly 7 effective preventative benefits of ART provides an 8 unprecedented opportunity to improve the lives of 9 people living with HIV, improve treatment uptake 10 and adherence, and advocate for expanded access to 11 treatment and care.
- 12 SEC. 743. ADDITIONAL FUNDING FOR AIDS DRUG ASSIST-
- 13 ANCE PROGRAM TREATMENTS.
- 14 Section 2623 of the Public Health Service Act (42
- 15 U.S.C. 300ff–31b) is amended by adding at the end the
- 16 following:
- 17 "(c) Additional Funding for AIDS Drug As-
- 18 SISTANCE PROGRAM TREATMENTS.—In addition to
- 19 amounts otherwise authorized to be appropriated for car-
- 20 rying out this subpart, there are authorized to be appro-
- 21 priated such sums as may be necessary to carry out sec-
- 22 tions 2612(b)(3)(B) and 2616 for each of fiscal years
- 23 2019 through 2022.".

1	SEC. 744. ENHANCING THE NATIONAL HIV SURVEILLANCE
2	SYSTEM.
3	(a) Grants.—The Secretary of Health and Human
4	Services, acting through the Director of the Centers for
5	Disease Control and Prevention, shall make grants to
6	States to support integration of public health surveillance
7	systems into all electronic health records in order to allow
8	rapid communications between the clinical setting and
9	health departments, by means that include—
10	(1) providing technical assistance and policy
11	guidance to State and local health departments, clin-
12	ical providers, and other agencies serving individuals
13	with HIV to improve the interoperability of data sys-
14	tems relevant to monitoring HIV care and sup-
15	portive services;
16	(2) capturing longitudinal data pertaining to
17	the initiation and ongoing prescription or dispensing
18	of antiretroviral therapy for individuals diagnosed
19	with HIV (such as through pharmacy-based report-
20	ing);
21	(3) obtaining information—
22	(A) on a voluntary basis, on sexual orienta-
23	tion and gender identity; and
24	(B) on sources of coverage (or the lack
25	thereof) for medical treatment (including cov-
26	erage through Medicaid, Medicare, the program

1	under title XXVI of the Public Health Service
2	Act (42 U.S.C. 300ff-11 et seq.; commonly re-
3	ferred to as the "Ryan White HIV/AIDS Pro-
4	gram"), other public funding, private insurance,
5	and health maintenance organizations); and
6	(4) obtaining and using current geographic
7	markers of residence (such as current address, zip
8	code, partial zip code, and census block).
9	(b) Privacy and Security Safeguards.—In car-
10	rying out this section, the Secretary of Health and Human
11	Services shall ensure that appropriate privacy and security
12	safeguards are met to prevent unauthorized disclosure of
13	protected health information and compliance with the
14	HIPAA privacy and security law (as defined in section
15	3009 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300jj-
16	19)) and other relevant laws and regulations.
17	(c) Prohibition Against Improper Use of
18	Data.—No grant under this section may be used to allow
19	or facilitate the collection or use of surveillance or clinical
20	data or records—
21	(1) for punitive measures of any kind, civil or
22	criminal, against the subject of such data or records;
23	or

1	(2) for imposing any requirement or restriction
2	with respect to an individual without the individual's
3	written consent.
4	(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—To carry
5	out this section, there are authorized to be appropriated
6	such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years
7	2019 through 2023.
8	SEC. 745. EVIDENCE-BASED STRATEGIES FOR IMPROVING
9	LINKAGE TO AND RETENTION IN APPRO-
10	PRIATE CARE.
11	(a) Strategies.—The Secretary of Health and
12	Human Services, in collaboration with the Director of the
13	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the Adminis-
14	trator of the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services
15	Administration, the Director of the Office of AIDS Re-
16	search, the Administrator of the Health Resources and
17	Services Administration, and the Administrator of the
18	Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, shall—
19	(1) identify evidence-based strategies most ef-
20	fective at addressing the multifaceted issues that im-
21	pede disease status awareness and linkage to and re-
22	tention in appropriate care, taking into consideration
23	health care systems issues, clinic and provider
24	issues, and individual psychosocial, environmental,
25	and other contextual factors;

1 (2) support the wide-scale implementation of 2 the evidence-based strategies identified pursuant to 3 paragraph (1), including through incorporating such 4 strategies into health care coverage supported by the 5 Medicaid program under title XIX of the Social Se-6 curity Act (42 U.S.C. 1396 et seg.), the program 7 under title XXVI of the Public Health Service Act 8 (42 U.S.C. 300ff–11 et seq.; commonly referred to 9 as the "Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program"), and 10 health plans purchased through an American Health 11 Benefit Exchange established pursuant to section 12 1311 of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care 13 Act (42 U.S.C. 18031); and 14 (3) not later than 12 months after the date of 15 the enactment of this Act, submit a report to the 16 Congress on the status of activities under para-17 graphs (1) and (2). 18 (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—To carry 19 out this section, there are authorized to be appropriated 20 such sums as may be necessary for fiscal years 2019

through 2023.

1	SEC. 746. IMPROVING ENTRY INTO AND RETENTION IN
2	CARE AND ANTIRETROVIRAL ADHERENCE
3	FOR PERSONS WITH HIV.
4	(a) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of the Con-
5	gress that AIDS research has led to scientific advance-
6	ments that have—
7	(1) saved the lives of millions of people with
8	HIV/AIDS;
9	(2) prevented millions of people from being in-
10	feeted; and
11	(3) had broad benefits that extend far beyond
12	helping people at risk for or living with HIV.
13	(b) In General.—The Secretary of Health and
14	Human Services, acting through the Director of the Na-
15	tional Institutes of Health, shall expand, intensify, and co-
16	ordinate operational and translational research and other
17	activities of the National Institutes of Health regarding
18	methods—
19	(1) to increase adoption of evidence-based ad-
20	herence strategies within HIV care and treatment
21	programs;
22	(2) to increase HIV testing and case detection
23	rates;
24	(3) to reduce HIV-related health disparities;

1	(4) to ensure that research to improve adher-
2	ence to HIV care and treatment programs address
3	the unique concerns of women;
4	(5) to integrate HIV/AIDS prevention and care
5	services with mental health and substance use pre-
6	vention and treatment delivery systems;
7	(6) to increase knowledge on the implementa-
8	tion of preexposure prophylaxis (PrEP), including
9	with respect to—
10	(A) who can benefit most from PrEP;
11	(B) how to provide PrEP safely and effi-
12	ciently;
13	(C) how to integrate PrEP with other es-
14	sential prevention methods such as condoms;
15	and
16	(D) how to ensure high levels of adherence;
17	and
18	(7) to increase knowledge of Undetectable =
19	Untransmittable (U=U) a person living with HIV
20	who is on antiretroviral therapy (ART) and is dura-
21	bly virally suppressed (defined as having a consistent
22	viral load of less than 200 copies/ml) cannot sexually
23	transmit HIV.
24	(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—To carry
25	out this section, there are authorized to be appropriated

1	such sums as may be necessary for fiscal years 2019
2	through 2023.
3	SEC. 747. SERVICES TO REDUCE HIV/AIDS IN RACIAL AND
4	ETHNIC MINORITY COMMUNITIES.
5	(a) In General.—For the purpose of reducing HIV/
6	AIDS in racial and ethnic minority communities, the Sec-
7	retary, acting through the Deputy Assistant Secretary for
8	Minority Health, may make grants to public health agen-
9	cies and faith-based organizations to conduct—
10	(1) outreach activities related to HIV/AIDS
11	prevention and testing activities;
12	(2) HIV/AIDS prevention activities; and
13	(3) HIV/AIDS testing activities.
14	(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—To carry
15	out this section, there are authorized to be appropriated
16	such sums as may be necessary for fiscal years 2019
17	through 2023.
18	SEC. 748. MINORITY AIDS INITIATIVE.
19	(a) Expanded Funding.—The Secretary, in col-
20	laboration with the Deputy Assistant Secretary for Minor-
21	ity Health, the Director of the Centers for Disease Control
22	and Prevention, the Administrator of the Health Re-

sources and Services Administration, and the Adminis-

24 trator of the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services

1	Administration, shall provide funds and carry out activi-
2	ties to expand the Minority HIV/AIDS Initiative.
3	(b) Use of Funds.—The additional funds made
4	available under this section may be used, through the Mi-
5	nority AIDS Initiative, to support the following activities:
6	(1) Providing technical assistance and infra-
7	structure support to reduce HIV/AIDS in minority
8	populations.
9	(2) Increasing minority populations' access to
10	HIV/AIDS prevention and care services.
11	(3) Building strong community programs and
12	partnerships to address HIV prevention and the
13	health care needs of specific racial and ethnic minor-
14	ity populations.
15	(c) Priority Interventions.—Within the racial
16	and ethnic minority populations referred to in subsection
17	(b), priority in conducting intervention services shall be
18	given to—
19	(1) men who have sex with men;
20	(2) youth;
21	(3) persons who engage in intravenous drug
22	abuse;
23	(4) women;
24	(5) homeless individuals; and

1	(6) individuals incarcerated or in the penal sys-
2	tem.
3	(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—For car-
4	rying out this section, there are authorized to be appro-
5	priated \$610,000,000 for fiscal year 2019 and such sums
6	as may be necessary for each of fiscal years 2020 through
7	2023.
8	SEC. 749. HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS TREATING INDI-
9	VIDUALS WITH HIV/AIDS.
10	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Health and
11	Human Services, acting through the Administrator of the
12	Health Resources and Services Administration, shall ex-
13	pand, intensify, and coordinate workforce initiatives of the
14	Health Resources and Services Administration to increase
15	the capacity of the health workforce focusing primarily or
16	HIV/AIDS to meet the demand for culturally competent
17	care, and may award grants for any of the following:
18	(1) Development of curricula for training pri-
19	mary care providers in HIV/AIDS prevention and
20	care, including routine HIV testing.
21	(2) Support to expand access to culturally and
22	linguistically accessible benefits counselors, trained
23	peer navigators, and mental and behavioral health
24	professionals with expertise in HIV/AIDS.

- 1 (3) Training health care professionals to provide care to individuals with HIV/AIDS.
 - (4) Development by grant recipients under title XXVI of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300ff–11 et seq.; commonly referred to as the "Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program") and other persons, of policies for providing culturally relevant and sensitive treatment to individuals with HIV/AIDS, with particular emphasis on treatment to racial and ethnic minorities, men who have sex with men, and women, young people, and children with HIV/AIDS.
 - (5) Development and implementation of programs to increase the use of telehealth to respond to HIV/AIDS-specific health care needs in rural and minority communities, with particular emphasis given to medically underserved communities and insular areas.
 - (6) Evaluating interdisciplinary medical provider care team models that promote high-quality care, with particular emphasis on care to racial and ethnic minorities.
 - (7) Training health care professionals to make them aware of the high rates of chronic hepatitis B and chronic hepatitis C in adult racial and ethnic populations, and the importance of prevention, de-

1	tection, and medical management of hepatitis B and
2	hepatitis C and of liver cancer screening.
3	(8) Development of curricula for training pri-
4	mary care providers that HIV/AIDS and tuber-
5	culosis are significant mutual comorbidities, and
6	that a patient who tests positive for one disease
7	should be offered and encouraged to receive testing
8	for the other.
9	(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—To carry
10	out this section, there are authorized to be appropriated
11	such sums as may be necessary for fiscal years 2019
12	through 2023.
10	SEC 550 HIV/AIDS DROWIDED LOAN DEDAYMENT DRO
13	SEC. 750. HIV/AIDS PROVIDER LOAN REPAYMENT PRO-
13 14	GRAM.
14	GRAM.
14 15	GRAM. (a) In General.—The Secretary may enter into an
14 15 16 17	GRAM. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may enter into an agreement with any physician, nurse practitioner, or physician,
14 15 16 17	GRAM. (a) In General.—The Secretary may enter into an agreement with any physician, nurse practitioner, or physician assistant under which—
14 15 16 17 18	GRAM. (a) In General.—The Secretary may enter into an agreement with any physician, nurse practitioner, or physician assistant under which— (1) the physician, nurse practitioner, or physician physician, nurse practitioner, or physician, nurse practitioner, or physician, nurse practitioner, or physician ph
14 15 16 17 18	GRAM. (a) In General.—The Secretary may enter into an agreement with any physician, nurse practitioner, or physician assistant under which— (1) the physician, nurse practitioner, or physician assistant agrees to serve as a medical provider
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	GRAM. (a) In General.—The Secretary may enter into an agreement with any physician, nurse practitioner, or physician assistant under which— (1) the physician, nurse practitioner, or physician assistant agrees to serve as a medical provider for a period of not less than 2 years—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	GRAM. (a) In General.—The Secretary may enter into an agreement with any physician, nurse practitioner, or physician assistant under which— (1) the physician, nurse practitioner, or physician assistant agrees to serve as a medical provider for a period of not less than 2 years— (A) at a Ryan White-funded or title X-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	GRAM. (a) In General.—The Secretary may enter into an agreement with any physician, nurse practitioner, or physician assistant under which— (1) the physician, nurse practitioner, or physician assistant agrees to serve as a medical provider for a period of not less than 2 years— (A) at a Ryan White-funded or title X-funded facility with a critical shortage of doc-

- 1 (2) the Secretary agrees to make payments in 2 accordance with subsection (b) on the professional 3 education loans of the physician, nurse practitioner, 4 or physician assistant.
- 5 (b) Manner of Payments.—The payments de-6 scribed in subsection (a) shall be made by the Secretary 7 as follows:
- 8 (1) Upon completion by the physician, nurse 9 practitioner, or physician assistant for whom the 10 payments are to be made of the first year of the 11 service specified in the agreement entered into with 12 the Secretary under subsection (a), the Secretary 13 shall pay 30 percent of the principal of and the in-14 terest on the individual's professional education 15 loans.
 - (2) Upon completion by the physician, nurse practitioner, or physician assistant of the second year of such service, the Secretary shall pay another 30 percent of the principal of and the interest on such loans.
 - (3) Upon completion by that individual of a third year of such service, the Secretary shall pay another 25 percent of the principal of and the interest on such loans.

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1	(c) Applicability of Certain Provisions.—The
2	provisions of subpart III of part D of title III of the Public
3	Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 254l et seq.) shall, except
4	as inconsistent with this section, apply to the program car-
5	ried out under this section in the same manner and to
6	the same extent as such provisions apply to the National
7	Health Service Corps Loan Repayment Program.
8	(d) Reports.—Not later than 18 months after the
9	date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter
10	the Secretary shall prepare and submit to the Congress
11	a report describing the program carried out under this sec-
12	tion, including statements regarding the following:
13	(1) The number of physicians, nurse practi-
14	tioners, and physician assistants enrolled in the pro-
15	gram.
16	(2) The number and amount of loan repay-
17	ments.
18	(3) The placement location of loan repayment
19	recipients at facilities described in subsection $(a)(1)$.
20	(4) The default rate and actions required.
21	(5) The amount of outstanding default funds.
22	(6) To the extent that it can be determined, the
23	reason for the default.
24	(7) The demographics of individuals partici-
25	pating in the program.

1	(8) An evaluation of the overall costs and bene-
2	fits of the program.
3	(e) Definitions.—In this section:
4	(1) HIV/AIDS.—The term "HIV/AIDS" means
5	human immunodeficiency virus and acquired im-
6	mune deficiency syndrome.
7	(2) Nurse practitioner.—The term "nurse
8	practitioner" means a registered nurse who has com-
9	pleted an accredited graduate degree program in ad-
10	vanced nurse practice and has successfully passed a
11	national certification exam.
12	(3) Physician.—The term "physician" means
13	a graduate of a school of medicine who has com-
14	pleted postgraduate training in general or pediatric
15	medicine.
16	(4) Physician assistant.—The term "physi-
17	cian assistant" means a medical provider who com-
18	pleted an accredited physician assistant training pro-
19	gram and successfully passed the Physician Assist-
20	ant National Certifying Examination.
21	(5) Professional education loan.—The
22	term "professional education loan"—
23	(A) means a loan that is incurred for the
24	cost of attendance (including tuition, other rea-
25	sonable educational expenses, and reasonable

1	living costs) at a school of medicine, nursing, or
2	physician assistant training program; and
3	(B) includes only the portion of the loan
4	that is outstanding on the date the physician,
5	nurse practitioner, or physician assistant in-
6	volved begins the service specified in the agree-
7	ment under subsection (a).
8	(6) Ryan white-funded.—The term "Ryan
9	White-funded" means, with respect to a facility, re-
10	ceiving funds under title XXVI of the Public Health
11	Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300ff-11 et seq.).
12	(7) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
13	the Secretary of Health and Human Services.
14	(8) SCHOOL OF MEDICINE.—The term "school
15	of medicine" has the meaning given to that term in
16	section 799B of the Public Health Service Act (42
17	U.S.C. 295p).
18	(9) TITLE X-FUNDED.—The term "title X-fund-
19	ed" means, with respect to a facility, receiving funds
20	under title X of the Public Health Service Act (42
21	U.S.C. 300 et seq.).
22	(f) Authorization of Appropriations.—To carry
23	out this section, there are authorized to be appropriated
24	such sums as may be necessary for fiscal years 2019
25	through 2023.

1	SEC. 751. DENTAL EDUCATION LOAN REPAYMENT PRO-
2	GRAM.
3	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Health and
4	Human Services may enter into an agreement with any
5	dentist under which—
6	(1) the dentist agrees to serve as a dentist for
7	a period of not less than 2 years at a facility with
8	a critical shortage of dentists (as determined by the
9	Secretary) in an area with a high incidence of HIV/
10	AIDS; and
11	(2) the Secretary agrees to make payments in
12	accordance with subsection (b) on the dental edu-
13	cation loans of the dentist.
14	(b) Manner of Payments.—The payments de-
15	scribed in subsection (a) shall be made by the Secretary
16	as follows:
17	(1) Upon completion by the dentist for whom
18	the payments are to be made of the first year of the
19	service specified in the agreement entered into with
20	the Secretary under subsection (a), the Secretary
21	shall pay 30 percent of the principal of and the in-
22	terest on the dental education loans of the dentist.
23	(2) Upon completion by the dentist of the sec-
24	ond year of such service, the Secretary shall pay an-
25	other 30 percent of the principal of and the interest

on such loans.

1	(3) Upon completion by that individual of a
2	third year of such service, the Secretary shall pay
3	another 25 percent of the principal of and the inter-
4	est on such loans.
5	(c) Applicability of Certain Provisions.—The
6	provisions of subpart III of part D of title III of the Public
7	Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 254l et seq.) shall, except
8	as inconsistent with this section, apply to the program car-
9	ried out under this section in the same manner and to
10	the same extent as such provisions apply to the National
11	Health Service Corps Loan Repayment Program.
12	(d) Reports.—Not later than 18 months after the
13	date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter,
14	the Secretary shall prepare and submit to the Congress
15	a report describing the program carried out under this sec-
16	tion, including statements regarding the following:
17	(1) The number of dentists enrolled in the pro-
18	gram.
19	(2) The number and amount of loan repay-
20	ments.
21	(3) The placement location of loan repayment
22	recipients at facilities described in subsection $(a)(1)$.
23	(4) The default rate and actions required.
24	(5) The amount of outstanding default funds.

1	(6) To the extent that it can be determined, the
2	reason for the default.
3	(7) The demographics of individuals partici-
4	pating in the program.
5	(8) An evaluation of the overall costs and bene-
6	fits of the program.
7	(e) Definitions.—In this section:
8	(1) Dental education loan.—The term
9	"dental education loan"—
10	(A) means a loan that is incurred for the
11	cost of attendance (including tuition, other rea-
12	sonable educational expenses, and reasonable
13	living costs) at a school of dentistry; and
14	(B) includes only the portion of the loan
15	that is outstanding on the date the dentist in-
16	volved begins the service specified in the agree-
17	ment under subsection (a).
18	(2) Dentist.—The term "dentist" means a
19	graduate of a school of dentistry who has completed
20	postgraduate training in general or pediatric den-
21	tistry.
22	(3) HIV/AIDS.—The term "HIV/AIDS" means
23	human immunodeficiency virus and acquired im-
24	mune deficiency syndrome.

- 1 (4) SCHOOL OF DENTISTRY.—The term "school 2 of dentistry" has the meaning given to that term in 3 section 799B of the Public Health Service Act (42 4 U.S.C. 295p).
- (5) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means
 the Secretary of Health and Human Services.
- 7 (f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—To carry 8 out this section, there are authorized to be appropriated 9 such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years 10 2019 through 2023.

11 SEC. 752. REDUCING NEW HIV INFECTIONS AMONG INJECT-

- 12 ING DRUG USERS.
- 13 (a) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of the Con-
- 14 gress that providing sterile syringes and sterilized equip-
- 15 ment to injecting drug users substantially reduces risk of
- 16 HIV infection, increases the probability that they will ini-
- 17 tiate drug treatment, and does not increase drug use.
- 18 (b) In General.—The Secretary of Health and
- 19 Human Services may provide grants and technical assist-
- 20 ance for the purpose of reducing the rate of HIV infections
- 21 among injecting drug users through a comprehensive
- 22 package of services for such users, including the provision
- 23 of sterile syringes, education and outreach, access to infec-
- 24 tious disease testing, overdose prevention, and treatment
- 25 for drug dependence.

1	(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—To carry
2	out this section, there are authorized to be appropriated
3	such sums as may be necessary for fiscal years 2019
4	through 2023.
5	SEC. 753. REPORT ON IMPACT OF HIV/AIDS IN VULNERABLE
6	POPULATIONS.
7	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall submit to the
8	Congress and the President an annual report on the im-
9	pact of HIV/AIDS for racial and ethnic minority commu-
10	nities, women, and youth aged 24 and younger.
11	(b) Contents.—The report under subsection (a)
12	shall include information on the—
13	(1) progress that has been made in reducing
14	the impact of HIV/AIDS in such communities;
15	(2) opportunities that exist to make additional
16	progress in reducing the impact of HIV/AIDS in
17	such communities;
18	(3) challenges that may impede such additional
19	progress; and
20	(4) Federal funding necessary to achieve sub-
21	stantial reductions in HIV/AIDS in racial and ethnic
22	minority communities.
23	SEC. 754. NATIONAL HIV/AIDS OBSERVANCE DAYS.
24	(a) National Observance Days.—It is the sense
25	of the Congress that national observance days highlighting

1	the impact of HIV/AIDS on communities of color include
2	the following:
3	(1) National Black HIV/AIDS Awareness Day.
4	(2) National Latino AIDS Awareness Day.
5	(3) National Asian and Pacific Islander HIV/
6	AIDS Awareness Day.
7	(4) National Native American HIV/AIDS
8	Awareness Day.
9	(5) National Youth HIV/AIDS Awareness Day.
10	(b) CALL TO ACTION.—It is the sense of the Con-
11	gress that the President should call on members of com-
12	munities of color—
13	(1) to become involved at the local community
14	level in HIV/AIDS testing, policy, and advocacy;
15	(2) to become aware, engaged, and empowered
16	on the HIV/AIDS epidemic within their commu-
17	nities; and
18	(3) to urge members of their communities to re-
19	duce risk factors, practice safe sex and other preven-
20	tive measures, be tested for HIV/AIDS, and seek
21	care when appropriate.

1	SEC. 755. REVIEW OF ALL FEDERAL AND STATE LAWS,
2	POLICIES, AND REGULATIONS REGARDING
3	THE CRIMINAL PROSECUTION OF INDIVID-
4	UALS FOR HIV-RELATED OFFENSES.
5	(a) Definitions.—
6	(1) HIV AND HIV/AIDS.—The terms "HIV" and
7	"HIV/AIDS" have the meanings given to such terms
8	in section 2689 of the Public Health Service Act (42
9	U.S.C. 300ff–88).
10	(2) STATE.—The term "State" includes the
11	District of Columbia, American Samoa, the Com-
12	monwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam,
13	Puerto Rico, and the United States Virgin Islands.
14	(b) Sense of Congress Regarding Laws or Reg-
15	ULATIONS DIRECTED AT PEOPLE LIVING WITH HIV/
16	AIDS.—It is the sense of the Congress that Federal and
17	State laws, policies, and regulations regarding people liv-
18	ing with HIV/AIDS—
19	(1) should not place unique or additional bur-
20	dens on such individuals solely as a result of their
21	HIV status; and
22	(2) should instead demonstrate a public health-
23	oriented, evidence-based, medically accurate, and
24	contemporary understanding of—
25	(A) the multiple factors that lead to HIV
26	transmission;

1	(B) the relative risk of HIV transmission
2	routes;
3	(C) the current health implications of liv-
4	ing with HIV;
5	(D) the associated benefits of treatment
6	and support services for people living with HIV;
7	and
8	(E) the impact of punitive HIV-specific
9	laws and policies on public health, on people liv-
10	ing with or affected by HIV, and on their fami-
11	lies and communities.
12	(e) REVIEW OF ALL FEDERAL AND STATE LAWS,
13	Policies, and Regulations Regarding the Criminal
14	PROSECUTION OF INDIVIDUALS FOR HIV-RELATED OF-
15	FENSES.—
16	(1) REVIEW OF FEDERAL AND STATE LAWS.—
17	(A) In general.—No later than 90 days
18	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
19	Attorney General, the Secretary of Health and
20	Human Services, and the Secretary of Defense
21	acting jointly (in this paragraph and paragraph
22	(2) referred to as the "designated officials")
23	shall initiate a national review of Federal and
24	State laws, policies, regulations, and judicial
25	precedents and decisions regarding criminal and

1	related civil commitment cases involving people
2	living with HIV/AIDS, including in regards to
3	the Uniform Code of Military Justice.
4	(B) Consultation.—In carrying out the
5	review under subparagraph (A), the designated
6	officials shall ensure diverse participation and
7	consultation from each State, including with—
8	(i) State attorneys general (or their
9	representatives);
10	(ii) State public health officials (or
11	their representatives);
12	(iii) State judicial and court system
13	officers, including judges, district attor-
14	neys, prosecutors, defense attorneys, law
15	enforcement, and correctional officers;
16	(iv) members of the United States
17	Armed Forces, including members of other
18	Federal services subject to the Uniform
19	Code of Military Justice;
20	(v) people living with HIV/AIDS, par-
21	ticularly those who have been subject to
22	HIV-related prosecution or who are from
23	communities whose members have been
24	disproportionately subject to HIV-specific
25	arrests and prosecutions:

1	(vi) legal advocacy and HIV/AIDS
2	service organizations that work with people
3	living with HIV/AIDS;
4	(vii) nongovernmental health organi-
5	zations that work on behalf of people living
6	with HIV/AIDS; and
7	(viii) trade organizations or associa-
8	tions representing persons or entities de-
9	scribed in clauses (i) through (vii).
10	(C) Relation to other reviews.—In
11	carrying out the review under subparagraph
12	(A), the designated officials may utilize other
13	existing reviews of criminal and related civil
14	commitment cases involving people living with
15	HIV/AIDS, including any such review con-
16	ducted by any Federal or State agency or any
17	public health, legal advocacy, or trade organiza-
18	tion or association if the designated officials de-
19	termine that such reviews were conducted in ac-
20	cordance with the principles set forth in sub-
21	section (b).
22	(2) Report.—No later than 180 days after ini-
23	tiating the review required by paragraph (1), the At-
24	torney General shall transmit to the Congress and

1	make publicly available a report containing the re-
2	sults of the review, which includes the following:
3	(A) For each State and for the Uniform
4	Code of Military Justice, a summary of the rel-
5	evant laws, policies, regulations, and judicial
6	precedents and decisions regarding criminal
7	cases involving people living with HIV/AIDS,
8	including, if applicable, the following:
9	(i) A determination of whether such
10	laws, policies, regulations, and judicial
11	precedents and decisions place any unique
12	or additional burdens upon people living
13	with HIV/AIDS.
14	(ii) A determination of whether such
15	laws, policies, regulations, and judicial
16	precedents and decisions demonstrate a
17	public health-oriented, evidence-based,
18	medically accurate, and contemporary un-
19	derstanding of—
20	(I) the multiple factors that lead
21	to HIV transmission;
22	(II) the relative risk of HIV
23	transmission routes;
24	(III) the current health implica-
25	tions of living with HIV;

1	(IV) the associated benefits of
2	treatment and support services for
3	people living with HIV; and
4	(V) the impact of punitive HIV-
5	specific laws and policies on public
6	health, on people living with or af-
7	fected by HIV, and on their families
8	and communities.
9	(iii) An analysis of the public health
10	and legal implications of such laws, poli-
11	cies, regulations, and judicial precedents,
12	including an analysis of the consequences
13	of having a similar penal scheme applied to
14	comparable situations involving other com-
15	municable diseases.
16	(iv) An analysis of the proportionality
17	of punishments imposed under HIV-spe-
18	cific laws, policies, regulations, and judicial
19	precedents, taking into consideration pen-
20	alties attached to violation of State laws
21	against similar degrees of endangerment or
22	harm, such as driving while intoxicated
23	(DWI) or transmission of other commu-
24	nicable diseases, or more serious harms,
25	such as vehicular manslaughter offenses.

- (B) An analysis of common elements shared among State laws, policies, regulations, and judicial precedents.
 - (C) A set of best practice recommendations directed to State governments, including State attorneys general, public health officials, and judicial officers, in order to ensure that laws, policies, regulations, and judicial precedents regarding people living with HIV/AIDS are in accordance with the principles set forth in subsection (b).
 - (D) Recommendations for adjustments to the Uniform Code of Military Justice, as may be necessary, in order to ensure that laws, policies, regulations, and judicial precedents regarding people living with HIV/AIDS are in accordance with the principles set forth in subsection (b).
 - (3) Guidance.—Within 90 days of the release of the report required by paragraph (2), the Attorney General and the Secretary of Health and Human Services, acting jointly, shall develop and publicly release updated guidance for States based on the set of best practice recommendations required by paragraph (2)(C) in order to assist States dealing

- with criminal and related civil commitment cases regarding people living with HIV/AIDS.
 - (4) Monitoring and Evaluation system.—
 Within 60 days of the release of the guidance required by paragraph (3), the Attorney General and the Secretary of Health and Human Services, acting jointly, shall establish an integrated monitoring and evaluation system which includes, where appropriate, objective and quantifiable performance goals and indicators to measure progress toward statewide implementation in each State of the best practice recommendations required in paragraph (2)(C), including to monitor, track, and evaluate the effectiveness of assistance provided pursuant to subsection (d).
 - (5) Adjustments to federal laws, politices, or regulations.—Within 90 days of the release of the report required by paragraph (2), the Attorney General, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, and the Secretary of Defense, acting jointly, shall develop and transmit to the President and the Congress, and make publicly available, such proposals as may be necessary to implement adjustments to Federal laws, policies, or regulations, including to the Uniform Code of Military Justice, based on the recommendations required by para-

1	graph (2)(D), either through Executive order or
2	through changes to statutory law.
3	(6) Authorization of appropriations.—
4	(A) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to
5	be appropriated such sums as may be necessary
6	for the purpose of carrying out this subsection.
7	Amounts authorized to be appropriated by the
8	preceding sentence are in addition to amounts
9	otherwise authorized to be appropriated for
10	such purpose.
11	(B) Availability of funds.—Amounts
12	appropriated pursuant to the authorization of
13	appropriations in subparagraph (A) are author-
14	ized to remain available until expended.
15	(d) Authorization To Provide Grants.—
16	(1) Grants by attorney general.—
17	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General
18	may provide assistance to eligible State and
19	local entities and eligible nongovernmental orga-
20	nizations for the purpose of incorporating the
21	best practice recommendations developed under
22	subsection (c)(2)(C) within relevant State laws,
23	policies, regulations, and judicial decisions re-
24	garding people living with HIV/AIDS.

1	(B) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES.—The assist-
2	ance authorized by subparagraph (A) may in-
3	clude—
4	(i) direct technical assistance to eligi-
5	ble State and local entities in order to de-
6	velop, disseminate, or implement State
7	laws, policies, regulations, or judicial deci-
8	sions that conform with the best practice
9	recommendations developed under sub-
10	section $(c)(2)(C)$;
11	(ii) direct technical assistance to eligi-
12	ble nongovernmental organizations in order
13	to provide education and training, includ-
14	ing through classes, conferences, meetings,
15	and other educational activities, to eligible
16	State and local entities; and
17	(iii) subcontracting authority to allow
18	eligible State and local entities and eligible
19	nongovernmental organizations to seek
20	technical assistance from legal and public
21	health experts with a demonstrated under-
22	standing of the principles underlying the
23	best practice recommendations developed
24	under subsection $(c)(2)(C)$.

1	(2) Grants by secretary of health and
2	HUMAN SERVICES.—
3	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of
4	Health and Human Services, acting through the
5	Director of the Centers for Disease Control and
6	Prevention, may provide assistance to State and
7	local public health departments and eligible
8	nongovernmental organizations for the purpose
9	of supporting eligible State and local entities to
10	incorporate the best practice recommendations
11	developed under subsection (c)(2)(C) within rel-
12	evant State laws, policies, regulations, and judi-
13	cial decisions regarding people living with HIV/
14	AIDS.
15	(B) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES.—The assist-
16	ance authorized by subparagraph (A) may in-
17	clude—
18	(i) direct technical assistance to State
19	and local public health departments in
20	order to support the development, dissemi-
21	nation, or implementation of State laws,
22	policies, regulations, or judicial decisions
23	that conform with the set of best practice
24	recommendations developed under sub-
25	section $(e)(2)(C)$;

1	(ii) direct technical assistance to eligi-
2	ble nongovernmental organizations in order
3	to provide education and training, includ-
4	ing through classes, conferences, meetings,
5	and other educational activities, to State
6	and local public health departments; and
7	(iii) subcontracting authority to allow
8	State and local public health departments
9	and eligible nongovernmental organizations
10	to seek technical assistance from legal and
11	public health experts with a demonstrated
12	understanding of the principles underlying
13	the best practice recommendations devel-
14	oped under subsection $(c)(2)(C)$.
15	(3) Limitation.—As a condition of receiving
16	assistance through this subsection, eligible State and
17	local entities, State and local public health depart-
18	ments, and eligible nongovernmental organizations
19	shall agree—
20	(A) not to place any unique or additional
21	burdens on people living with HIV/AIDS solely
22	as a result of their HIV status; and
23	(B) that if the entity, department, or orga-
24	nization promulgates any laws, policies, regula-
25	tions, or judicial decisions regarding people liv-

1	ing with HIV/AIDS, such actions shall dem-
2	onstrate a public health-oriented, evidence-
3	based, medically accurate, and contemporary
4	understanding of—
5	(i) the multiple factors that lead to
6	HIV transmission;
7	(ii) the relative risk of HIV trans-
8	mission routes;
9	(iii) the current health implications of
10	living with HIV;
11	(iv) the associated benefits of treat-
12	ment and support services for people living
13	with HIV; and
14	(v) the impact of punitive HIV-spe-
15	cific laws and policies on public health, on
16	people living with or affected by HIV, and
17	on their families and communities.
18	(4) Report.—No later than 1 year after the
19	date of the enactment of this Act, and annually
20	thereafter, the Attorney General and the Secretary
21	of Health and Human Services, acting jointly, shall
22	transmit to Congress and make publicly available a
23	report describing, for each State, the impact and ef-
24	fectiveness of the assistance provided through this
25	Act. Each such report shall include—

- (A) a detailed description of the progress each State has made, if any, in implementing the best practice recommendations developed under subsection (c)(2)(C) as a result of the assistance provided under this subsection, and based on the performance goals and indicators established as part of the monitoring and evaluation system in subsection (c)(4);
 - (B) a brief summary of any outreach efforts undertaken during the prior year by the Attorney General and the Secretary of Health and Human Services to encourage States to seek assistance under this subsection in order to implement the best practice recommendations developed under subsection (c)(2)(C);
 - (C) a summary of how assistance provided through this subsection is being utilized by eligible State and local entities, State and local public health departments, and eligible non-governmental organizations and, if applicable, any contractors, including with respect to non-governmental organizations, the type of technical assistance provided, and an evaluation of the impact of such assistance on eligible State and local entities; and

1	(D) a summary and description of eligible
2	State and local entities, State and local public
3	health departments, and eligible nongovern-
4	mental organizations receiving assistance
5	through this subsection, including if applicable
6	a summary and description of any contractors
7	selected to assist in implementing such assist-
8	ance.
9	(5) Definitions.—For the purposes of this
10	subsection:
11	(A) ELIGIBLE STATE AND LOCAL ENTI-
12	TIES.—The term "eligible State and local enti-
13	ties" means the relevant individuals, offices, or
14	organizations that directly participate in the de-
15	velopment, dissemination, or implementation of
16	State laws, policies, regulations, or judicial deci-
17	sions, including—
18	(i) State governments, including State
19	attorneys general, State departments of
20	justice, and State National Guards, or
21	their equivalents;
22	(ii) State judicial and court systems
23	including trial courts, appellate courts
24	State supreme courts and courts of appeal

1	and State correctional facilities, or their
2	equivalents; and
3	(iii) local governments, including city
4	and county governments, district attorneys,
5	and local law enforcement departments, or
6	their equivalents.
7	(B) STATE AND LOCAL PUBLIC HEALTH
8	DEPARTMENTS.—The term "State and local
9	public health departments" means the fol-
10	lowing:
11	(i) State public health departments, or
12	their equivalents, including the chief officer
13	of such departments and infectious disease
14	and communicable disease specialists with-
15	in such departments.
16	(ii) Local public health departments,
17	or their equivalents, including city and
18	county public health departments, the chief
19	officer of such departments, and infectious
20	disease and communicable disease special-
21	ists within such departments.
22	(iii) Public health departments or offi-
23	cials, or their equivalents, within State or
24	local correctional facilities.

1	(iv) Public health departments or offi-
2	cials, or their equivalents, within State Na-
3	tional Guards.
4	(v) Any other recognized State or
5	local public health organization or entity
6	charged with carrying out official State or
7	local public health duties.
8	(C) ELIGIBLE NONGOVERNMENTAL ORGA-
9	NIZATIONS.—The term "eligible nongovern-
10	mental organizations" means the following:
11	(i) Nongovernmental organizations,
12	including trade organizations or associa-
13	tions that represent—
14	(I) State attorneys general, or
15	their equivalents;
16	(II) State public health officials,
17	or their equivalents;
18	(III) State judicial and court offi-
19	cers, including judges, district attor-
20	neys, prosecutors, defense attorneys,
21	law enforcement, and correctional offi-
22	cers;
23	(IV) State National Guards;
24	(V) people living with HIV/AIDS;

1	(VI) legal advocacy and HIV/
2	AIDS service organizations that work
3	with people living with HIV/AIDS;
4	and
5	(VII) nongovernmental health or-
6	ganizations that work on behalf of
7	people living with HIV/AIDS.
8	(ii) Nongovernmental organizations,
9	including trade organizations or associa-
10	tions that demonstrate a public-health ori-
11	ented, evidence-based, medically accurate,
12	and contemporary understanding of—
13	(I) the multiple factors that lead
14	to HIV transmission;
15	(II) the relative risk of HIV
16	transmission routes;
17	(III) the current health implica-
18	tions of living with HIV;
19	(IV) the associated benefits of
20	treatment and support services for
21	people living with HIV; and
22	(V) the impact of punitive HIV-
23	specific laws and policies on public
24	health, on people living with or af-

1	fected by HIV, and on their families
2	and communities.
3	(6) Authorization of appropriations.—
4	(A) In general.—In addition to amounts
5	otherwise made available, there are authorized
6	to be appropriated to the Attorney General and
7	the Secretary of Health and Human Services
8	such sums as may be necessary to carry out
9	this subsection for each of the fiscal years 2019
10	through 2023.
11	(B) Availability of funds.—Amounts
12	appropriated pursuant to the authorizations of
13	appropriations in subparagraph (A) are author-
14	ized to remain available until expended.
15	SEC. 756. EXPANDING SUPPORT FOR CONDOMS IN PRIS-
16	ONS.
17	(a) Authority To Allow Community Organiza-
18	TIONS TO PROVIDE STI COUNSELING, STI PREVENTION
19	EDUCATION, AND SEXUAL BARRIER PROTECTION DE-
20	VICES IN FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES.—
21	(1) DIRECTIVE TO ATTORNEY GENERAL.—Not
22	later than 30 days after the date of enactment of
23	this Act, the Attorney General shall direct the Bu-
24	reau of Prisons to allow community organizations to
25	distribute sexual barrier protection devices and to

- engage in STI counseling and STI prevention education in Federal correctional facilities. These activities shall be subject to all relevant Federal laws and regulations which govern visitation in correctional facilities.
 - (2) Information requirement.—Any community organization permitted to distribute sexual barrier protection devices under paragraph (1) shall ensure that the persons to whom the devices are distributed are informed about the proper use and disposal of sexual barrier protection devices in accordance with established public health practices. Any community organization conducting STI counseling or STI prevention education under paragraph (1) shall offer comprehensive sexuality education.
 - (3) Possession of Device Protected.—No Federal correctional facility may, because of the possession or use of a sexual barrier protection device—
 - (A) take adverse action against an incarcerated person; or
 - (B) consider possession or use as evidence of prohibited activity for the purpose of any Federal correctional facility administrative proceeding.

1	(4) Implementation.—The Attorney General
2	and Bureau of Prisons shall implement this section
3	according to established public health practices in a
4	manner that protects the health, safety, and privacy
5	of incarcerated persons and of correctional facility
6	staff.
7	(b) Sense of Congress Regarding Distribution
8	OF SEXUAL BARRIER PROTECTION DEVICES IN STATE
9	Prison Systems.—It is the sense of the Congress that
10	States should allow for the legal distribution of sexual bar-
11	rier protection devices in State correctional facilities to re-
12	duce the prevalence and spread of STIs in those facilities.
13	(c) Survey of and Report on Correctional Fa-
14	CILITY PROGRAMS AIMED AT REDUCING THE SPREAD OF
15	STIs.—
16	(1) Survey.—The Attorney General, after con-
17	sulting with the Secretary of Health and Human
18	Services, State officials, and community organiza-
19	tions, shall, to the maximum extent practicable, con-
20	duct a survey of all Federal and State correctional
21	facilities, not later than 180 days after the date of
22	enactment of this Act and annually thereafter for 5
23	years, to determine the following:
24	(A) Counseling, treatment, and sup-
25	PORTIVE SERVICES.—Whether the correctional

1	facility requires incarcerated persons to partici-
2	pate in counseling, treatment, and supportive
3	services related to STIs, or whether it offers
4	such programs to incarcerated persons.
5	(B) Access to sexual barrier protec-
6	TION DEVICES.—Whether incarcerated persons
7	can—
8	(i) possess sexual barrier protection
9	devices;
10	(ii) purchase sexual barrier protection
11	devices;
12	(iii) purchase sexual barrier protection
13	devices at a reduced cost; and
14	(iv) obtain sexual barrier protection
15	devices without cost.
16	(C) Incidence of sexual violence.—
17	The incidence of sexual violence and assault
18	committed by incarcerated persons and by cor-
19	rectional facility staff.
20	(D) Prevention education offered.—
21	The type of prevention education, information,
22	or training offered to incarcerated persons and
23	correctional facility staff regarding sexual vio-
24	lence and the spread of STIs, including whether
25	such education, information, or training—

1	(i) constitutes comprehensive sexuality
2	education;
3	(ii) is compulsory for new incarcerated
4	persons and for new staff; and
5	(iii) is offered on an ongoing basis.
6	(E) STI TESTING.—Whether the correc-
7	tional facility tests incarcerated persons for
8	STIs or gives them the option to undergo such
9	testing—
10	(i) at intake;
11	(ii) on a regular basis; and
12	(iii) prior to release.
13	(F) STI TEST RESULTS.—The number of
14	incarcerated persons who are tested for STIs
15	and the outcome of such tests at each correc-
16	tional facility, disaggregated to include results
17	for—
18	(i) the type of sexually transmitted in-
19	fection tested for;
20	(ii) the race and/or ethnicity of indi-
21	viduals tested;
22	(iii) the age of individuals tested; and
23	(iv) the gender of individuals tested.
24	(G) Prerelease referral policy.—
25	Whether incarcerated persons are informed

prior to release about STI-related services or other health services in their communities, including free and low-cost counseling and treatment options.

- (H) PRERELEASE REFERRALS MADE.—
 The number of referrals to community-based organizations or public health facilities offering STI-related or other health services provided to incarcerated persons prior to release, and the type of counseling or treatment for which the referral was made.
- (I) Reinstatement of medicaid benefits.—Whether the correctional facility assists incarcerated persons that were enrolled in the State Medicaid program prior to their incarceration, in reinstating their enrollment upon release and whether such individuals receive referrals as provided by subparagraph (G) to entities that accept the State Medicaid program, including if applicable—
 - (i) the number of such individuals, including those diagnosed with the human immunodeficiency virus, that have been reinstated;

1	(ii) a list of obstacles to reinstating
2	enrollment or to making determinations of
3	eligibility for reinstatement, if any; and
4	(iii) the number of individuals denied
5	enrollment.
6	(J) OTHER ACTIONS TAKEN.—Whether the
7	correctional facility has taken any other action,
8	in conjunction with community organizations or
9	otherwise, to reduce the prevalence and spread
10	of STIs in that facility.
11	(2) Privacy.—In conducting the survey, the
12	Attorney General shall not request or retain the
13	identity of any person who has sought or been of-
14	fered counseling, treatment, testing, or prevention
15	education information regarding an STI (including
16	information about sexual barrier protection devices),
17	or who has tested positive for an STI.
18	(3) Report.—The Attorney General shall
19	transmit to Congress and make publicly available
20	the results of the survey required under paragraph
21	(1), both for the Nation as a whole and
22	disaggregated as to each State and each correctional
23	facility. To the maximum extent possible, the Attor-

ney General shall issue the first report no later than

1 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act and 2 shall issue reports annually thereafter for 5 years.

(d) Strategy.—

- (1) DIRECTIVE TO ATTORNEY GENERAL.—The Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services, State officials, and community organizations, shall develop and implement a 5-year strategy to reduce the prevalence and spread of STIs in Federal and State correctional facilities. To the maximum extent possible, the strategy shall be developed, transmitted to Congress, and made publicly available no later than 180 days after the transmission of the first report required under subsection (c)(3).
- (2) Contents of Strategy.—The strategy shall include the following:
 - (A) PREVENTION EDUCATION.—A plan for improving prevention education, information, and training offered to incarcerated persons and correctional facility staff, including information and training on sexual violence and the spread of STIs, and comprehensive sexuality education.
 - (B) SEXUAL BARRIER PROTECTION DEVICE
 ACCESS.—A plan for expanding access to sexual

1	barrier protection devices in correctional facili-
2	ties.
3	(C) SEXUAL VIOLENCE REDUCTION.—A
4	plan for reducing the incidence of sexual vio-
5	lence among incarcerated persons and correc-
6	tional facility staff, developed in consultation
7	with the National Prison Rape Elimination
8	Commission.
9	(D) Counseling and supportive serv-
10	ICES.—A plan for expanding access to coun-
11	seling and supportive services related to STIs in
12	correctional facilities.
13	(E) Testing.—A plan for testing incarcer-
14	ated persons for STIs during intake, during
15	regular health exams, and prior to release, and
16	that—
17	(i) is conducted in accordance with
18	guidelines established by the Centers for
19	Disease Control and Prevention;
20	(ii) includes pretest counseling;
21	(iii) requires that incarcerated persons
22	are notified of their option to decline test-
23	ing at any time;

1	(iv) requires that incarcerated persons
2	are confidentially notified of their test re-
3	sults in a timely manner; and
4	(v) ensures that incarcerated persons
5	testing positive for STIs receive post-test
6	counseling, care, treatment, and supportive
7	services.
8	(F) Treatment.—A plan for ensuring
9	that correctional facilities have the necessary
10	medicine and equipment to treat and monitor
11	STIs and for ensuring that incarcerated per-
12	sons living with or testing positive for STIs re-
13	ceive and have access to care and treatment
14	services.
15	(G) STRATEGIES FOR DEMOGRAPHIC
16	GROUPS.—A plan for developing and imple-
17	menting culturally appropriate, sensitive, and
18	specific strategies to reduce the spread of STIs
19	among demographic groups heavily impacted by
20	STIs.
21	(H) LINKAGES WITH COMMUNITIES AND
22	FACILITIES.—A plan for establishing and
23	strengthening linkages to local communities and
24	health facilities that—

1	(i) provide counseling, testing, care,
2	and treatment services;
3	(ii) may receive persons recently re-
4	leased from incarceration who are living
5	with STIs; and
6	(iii) accept payment through the State
7	Medicaid program.
8	(I) ENROLLMENT IN STATE MEDICAID
9	PROGRAMS.—Plans to ensure that incarcerated
10	persons who were—
11	(i) enrolled in their State Medicaid
12	program prior to incarceration in a correc-
13	tional facility are automatically reenrolled
14	in such program upon their release; and
15	(ii) not enrolled in their State Med-
16	icaid program prior to incarceration, but
17	who are diagnosed with the human im-
18	munodeficiency virus while incarcerated in
19	a correctional facility, are automatically
20	enrolled in such program upon their re-
21	lease.
22	(J) OTHER PLANS.—Any other plans de-
23	veloped by the Attorney General for reducing
24	the spread of STIs or improving the quality of
25	health care in correctional facilities

- 1 (K) Monitoring system.—A monitoring
 2 system that establishes performance goals re3 lated to reducing the prevalence and spread of
 4 STIs in correctional facilities and which, where
 5 feasible, expresses such goals in quantifiable
 6 form.
 - (L) Monitoring system performance indicators that measure or assess the achievement of the performance goals described in subparagraph (K).
 - (M) Cost estimate.—A detailed estimate of the funding necessary to implement the strategy at the Federal and State levels for all 5 years, including the amount of funds required by community organizations to implement the parts of the strategy in which they take part.
 - (3) Report.—The Attorney General shall transmit to Congress and make publicly available an annual progress report regarding the implementation and effectiveness of the strategy described in paragraph (1). The progress report shall include an evaluation of the implementation of the strategy using the monitoring system and performance indicators provided for in subparagraphs (K) and (L) of paragraph (2).

1	(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—
2	(1) In general.—There are authorized to be
3	appropriated such sums as may be necessary to
4	carry out this section for each of fiscal years 2019
5	through 2023.
6	(2) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Amounts made
7	available under paragraph (1) are authorized to re-
8	main available until expended.
9	(f) Definitions.—For the purposes of this section:
10	(1) COMMUNITY ORGANIZATION.—The term
11	"community organization" means a public health
12	care facility or a nonprofit organization which pro-
13	vides health- or STI-related services according to es-
14	tablished public health standards.
15	(2) Comprehensive sexuality education.—
16	The term "comprehensive sexuality education"
17	means sexuality education that includes information
18	about abstinence and about the proper use and dis-
19	posal of sexual barrier protection devices and which
20	is—
21	(A) evidence-based;
22	(B) medically accurate;
23	(C) age and developmentally appropriate;
24	(D) gender and identity sensitive:

1	(E) culturally and linguistically appro-
2	priate; and
3	(F) structured to promote critical thinking,
4	self-esteem, respect for others, and the develop-
5	ment of healthy attitudes and relationships.
6	(3) Correctional facility.—The term "cor-
7	rectional facility" means any prison, penitentiary,
8	adult detention facility, juvenile detention facility,
9	jail, or other facility to which persons may be sent
10	after conviction of a crime or act of juvenile delin-
11	quency within the United States.
12	(4) Incarcerated Person.—The term "incar-
13	cerated person" means any person who is serving a
14	sentence in a correctional facility after conviction of
15	a crime.
16	(5) SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED INFECTION.—The
17	term "sexually transmitted infection" or "STI"
18	means any disease or infection that is commonly
19	transmitted through sexual activity, including HIV/
20	AIDS, gonorrhea, chlamydia, syphilis, genital her-
21	pes, viral hepatitis, and human papillomavirus.
22	(6) SEXUAL BARRIER PROTECTION DEVICE.—
23	The term "sexual barrier protection device" means
24	any FDA-approved physical device which has not

been tampered with and which reduces the prob-

1	ability of STI transmission or infection between sex-
2	ual partners, including female condoms, male
3	condoms, and dental dams.
4	(7) STATE.—The term "State" includes the
5	District of Columbia, American Samoa, the Com-
6	monwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam,
7	Puerto Rico, and the United States Virgin Islands.
8	SEC. 757. AUTOMATIC REINSTATEMENT OR ENROLLMENT
9	IN MEDICAID FOR PEOPLE WHO TEST POSI-
10	TIVE FOR HIV BEFORE REENTERING COMMU-
11	NITIES.
12	(a) In General.—Section 1902(e) of the Social Se-
13	curity Act (42 U.S.C. 1396a(e)) is amended by adding at
14	the end the following:
15	"(15) Enrollment of ex-offenders.—
16	"(A) AUTOMATIC ENROLLMENT OR REIN-
17	STATEMENT.—
18	"(i) In General.—The State plan
19	shall provide for the automatic enrollment
20	or reinstatement of enrollment of an eligi-
21	ble individual—
22	"(I) if such individual is sched-
23	uled to be released from a public insti-
24	tution due to the completion of sen-

1	tence, not less than 30 days prior to
2	the scheduled date of the release; and
3	"(II) if such individual is to be
4	released from a public institution on
5	parole or on probation, as soon as
6	possible after the date on which the
7	determination to release such indi-
8	vidual was made, and before the date
9	such individual is released.
10	"(ii) Exception.—If a State makes a
11	determination that an individual is not eli-
12	gible to be enrolled under the State plan—
13	"(I) on or before the date by
14	which the individual would be enrolled
15	under clause (i), such clause shall not
16	apply to such individual; or
17	"(II) after such date, the State
18	may terminate the enrollment of such
19	individual.
20	"(B) Relationship of enrollment to
21	PAYMENT FOR SERVICES.—
22	"(i) In general.—Subject to sub-
23	paragraph (A)(ii), an eligible individual
24	who is enrolled, or whose enrollment is re-
25	instated, under subparagraph (A) shall be

1	eligible for medical assistance that is pro-
2	vided after the date that the eligible indi-
3	vidual is released from the public institu-
4	tion.
5	"(ii) Relationship to payment
6	PROHIBITION FOR INMATES.—No provision
7	of this paragraph may be construed to per-
8	mit payment for care or services for which
9	payment is excluded under section
10	1905(a)(3)(A).
11	"(C) Treatment of continuous eligi-
12	BILITY.—
13	"(i) Suspension for inmates.—Any
14	period of continuous eligibility under this
15	title shall be suspended on the date an in-
16	dividual enrolled under this title becomes
17	an inmate of a public institution (except as
18	a patient of a medical institution).
19	"(ii) Determination of remaining
20	PERIOD.—Notwithstanding any changes to
21	State law related to continuous eligibility
22	during the time that an individual is an in-
23	mate of a public institution (except as a
24	patient of a medical institution), subject to
25	clause (iii), with respect to an eligible indi-

1	vidual who was subject to a suspension
2	under clause (i), on the date that such in-
3	dividual is released from a public institu-
4	tion the suspension of continuous eligibility
5	under such clause shall be lifted for a pe-
6	riod that is equal to the time remaining in
7	the period of continuous eligibility for such
8	individual on the date that such period was
9	suspended under such clause.
10	"(iii) Exception.—If a State makes
11	a determination that an individual is not
12	eligible to be enrolled under the State
13	plan—
14	"(I) on or before the date that
15	the suspension of continuous eligibility
16	is lifted under clause (ii), such clause
17	shall not apply to such individual; or
18	"(II) after such date, the State
19	may terminate the enrollment of such
20	individual.
21	"(D) AUTOMATIC ENROLLMENT OR REIN-
22	STATEMENT OF ENROLLMENT DEFINED.—For
23	purposes of this paragraph, the term 'automatic
24	enrollment or reinstatement of enrollment'
25	means that the State determines eligibility for

1	medical assistance under the State plan without
2	a program application from, or on behalf of, the
3	eligible individual, but an individual can only be
4	automatically enrolled in the State Medicaid
5	plan if the individual affirmatively consents to
6	being enrolled through affirmation in writing,
7	by telephone, orally, through electronic signa-
8	ture, or through any other means specified by
9	the Secretary.
10	"(E) ELIGIBLE INDIVIDUAL DEFINED.—
11	For purposes of this paragraph, the term 'eligi-
12	ble individual' means an individual who is an
13	inmate of a public institution (except as a pa-
14	tient in a medical institution)—
15	"(i) who was enrolled under the State
16	plan for medical assistance immediately be-
17	fore becoming an inmate of such an insti-
18	tution; or
19	"(ii) who is diagnosed with human im-
20	munodeficiency virus.".
21	(b) Supplemental Funding for State Imple-
22	MENTATION OF AUTOMATIC REINSTATEMENT OF MED-
23	ICAID BENEFITS.—
24	(1) In general.—Subject to paragraph (6),
25	for each State for which the Secretary of Health and

- Human Services has approved an application under paragraph (3), the Federal matching payments (including payments based on the Federal medical assistance percentage) made to such State under section 1903 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396b) shall be increased by 5.0 percentage points for payments to the State for the activities permitted under paragraph (2) or a period of one year.
 - (2) USE OF FUNDS.—A State may only use increased matching payments authorized under paragraph (1)—
 - (A) to strengthen the State's enrollment and administrative resources for the purpose of improving processes for enrolling (or reinstating the enrollment of) eligible individuals (as such term is defined in subparagraph (E) of paragraph (15) of section 1902(e) of the Social Security Act (as amended by subsection (a))); and
 - (B) for medical assistance (as such term is defined in section 1905(a) of the Social Security Act) provided to such eligible individuals.
 - (3) APPLICATION AND AGREEMENT.—The Secretary may only make payments to a State in the increased amount if—

1	(A) the State has amended the State plan
2	under section 1902(e) of the Social Security
3	Act to incorporate the requirements of para-
4	graph (15) of such section (as added by sub-
5	section (a));
6	(B) the State has submitted an application
7	to the Secretary that includes a plan for imple-
8	menting the requirements of section
9	1902(e)(15) of the Social Security Act under
10	the State's amended State plan before the end
11	of the 90-day period beginning on the date that
12	the State receives increased matching payments
13	under paragraph (1);
14	(C) the State's application meets the satis-
15	faction of the Secretary; and
16	(D) the State enters an agreement with
17	the Secretary that states that—
18	(i) the State will only use the in-
19	creased matching funds for the uses per-
20	mitted under paragraph (2); and
21	(ii) at the end of the period under
22	paragraph (1), the State will submit to the
23	Secretary, and make publicly available, a
24	report that contains the information re-
25	quired under paragraph (4).

1	(4) REQUIRED REPORT INFORMATION.—The in-
2	formation that is required in the report under para-
3	graph (3)(D)(ii) includes—
4	(A) the results of an evaluation of the im-
5	pact of the implementation of the requirements
6	of section 1902(e)(15) of the Social Security
7	Act on improving the State's processes for en-
8	rolling of individuals who are released from
9	public institutions into the Medicaid program;
10	(B) the number of individuals who were
11	automatically enrolled (or whose enrollment is
12	reinstated) under such section 1902(e)(15) dur-
13	ing the period under paragraph (1); and
14	(C) any other information that is required
15	by the Secretary.
16	(5) Increase in cap on medicaid payments
17	TO TERRITORIES.—Subject to paragraph (6), the
18	amounts otherwise determined for Puerto Rico, the
19	United States Virgin Islands, Guam, the Northern
20	Mariana Islands, and American Samoa under sub-
21	sections (f) and (g) of section 1108 of the Social Se-
22	curity Act (42 U.S.C. 1308) shall each be increased
23	by the necessary amount to allow for the increase in
24	the Federal matching payments under paragraph

(1), but only for the period under such paragraph

for such State. In the case of such an increase for a territory, subsection (a)(1) of such section 1108 shall be applied without regard to any increase in payment made to the territory under part E of title IV of such Act that is attributable to the increase in Federal medical assistance percentage effected under paragraph (1) for the territory.

(6) Limitations.—

(A) TIMING.—With respect to a State, at the end of the period under paragraph (1), no increased matching payments may be made to such State under this subsection.

(B) Maintenance of Eligibility.—

(ii) In GENERAL.—Subject to clause (ii), a State is not eligible for an increase in its Federal matching payments under paragraph (1), or an increase in a cap amount under paragraph (5), if eligibility standards, methodologies, or procedures under its State plan under title XIX of the Social Security Act (including any waiver under such title or under section 1115 of such Act (42 U.S.C. 1315)) are more restrictive than the eligibility standards, methodologies, or procedures, respectively,

1	under such plan (or waiver) as in effect on
2	the date of enactment of this Act.
3	(ii) State reinstatement of eligi-
4	BILITY PERMITTED.—A State that has re-
5	stricted eligibility standards, methodolo-
6	gies, or procedures under its State plan
7	under title XIX of the Social Security Act
8	(including any waiver under such title or
9	under section 1115 of such Act (42 U.S.C.
10	1315)) after the date of enactment of this
11	Act, is no longer ineligible under subpara-
12	graph (A) beginning with the first calendar
13	quarter in which the State has reinstated
14	eligibility standards, methodologies, or pro-
15	cedures that are no more restrictive than
16	the eligibility standards, methodologies, or
17	procedures, respectively, under such plan
18	(or waiver) as in effect on such date.
19	(C) No waiver authority.—The Sec-
20	retary may not waive the application of this
21	subsection under section 1115 of the Social Se-
22	curity Act or otherwise.
23	(D) Limitation of matching payments
24	TO 100 PERCENT.—In no case shall an increase
25	in Federal matching payments under this sub-

section result in Federal matching payments
that exceed 100 percent.

(c) Effective Date.—

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- (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), the amendments made by subsection (a) shall take effect 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and shall apply to services furnished on or after such date.
- (2) Rule for changes requiring state LEGISLATION.—In the case of a State plan for medical assistance under title XIX of the Social Security Act which the Secretary of Health and Human Services determines requires State legislation (other than legislation appropriating funds) in order for the plan to meet the additional requirement imposed by the amendments made by this section, the State plan shall not be regarded as failing to comply with the requirements of such title solely on the basis of its failure to meet this additional requirement before the first day of the first calendar quarter beginning after the close of the first regular session of the State legislature that begins after the date of the enactment of this Act. For purposes of the previous sentence, in the case of a State that has a 2-year legislative session, each year of such session shall be

1	deemed to be a separate regular session of the State
2	legislature.
3	SEC. 758. STOP AIDS IN PRISON.
4	(a) Short Title.—This section may be cited as the
5	"Stop AIDS in Prison Act".
6	(b) In General.—The Bureau of Prisons (herein-
7	after in this section referred to as the "Bureau") shall
8	develop a comprehensive policy to provide HIV testing,
9	treatment, and prevention for inmates within the correc-
10	tional setting and upon reentry.
11	(c) Purpose.—The purposes of this policy shall be
12	as follows:
13	(1) To stop the spread of HIV/AIDS among in-
14	mates.
15	(2) To protect prison guards and other per-
16	sonnel from HIV/AIDS infection.
17	(3) To provide comprehensive medical treat-
18	ment to inmates who are living with HIV/AIDS.
19	(4) To promote HIV/AIDS awareness and pre-
20	vention among inmates.
21	(5) To encourage inmates to take personal re-
22	sponsibility for their health.
23	(6) To reduce the risk that inmates will trans-
24	mit HIV/AIDS to other persons in the community
25	following their release from prison.

1	(d) Consultation.—The Bureau shall consult with
2	appropriate officials of the Department of Health and
3	Human Services, the Office of National Drug Control Pol-
4	icy, the Office of National AIDS Policy, and the Centers
5	for Disease Control and Prevention regarding the develop-
6	ment of this policy.
7	(e) Time Limit.—The Bureau shall draft appro-
8	priate regulations to implement this policy not later than
9	1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act.
10	(f) REQUIREMENTS FOR POLICY.—The policy created
11	under subsection (b) shall provide for the following:
12	(1) Testing and counseling upon in-
13	TAKE.—
14	(A) Health care personnel shall provide
15	routine HIV testing to all inmates as a part of
16	
	a comprehensive medical examination imme-
17	a comprehensive medical examination immediately following admission to a facility. Health
17 18	
	diately following admission to a facility. Health
18	diately following admission to a facility. Health care personnel need not provide routine HIV
18 19	diately following admission to a facility. Health care personnel need not provide routine HIV testing to an inmate who is transferred to a fa-
18 19 20	diately following admission to a facility. Health care personnel need not provide routine HIV testing to an inmate who is transferred to a fa- cility from another facility if the inmate's med-
18 19 20 21	diately following admission to a facility. Health care personnel need not provide routine HIV testing to an inmate who is transferred to a fa- cility from another facility if the inmate's med- ical records are transferred with the inmate and
18 19 20 21 22	diately following admission to a facility. Health care personnel need not provide routine HIV testing to an inmate who is transferred to a facility from another facility if the inmate's medical records are transferred with the inmate and indicate that the inmate has been tested pre-

1	care personnel shall provide routine HIV testing
2	within no more than 6 months. HIV testing for
3	these inmates may be performed in conjunction
4	with other health services provided to these in-
5	mates by health care personnel.
6	(C) All HIV tests under this paragraph
7	shall comply with the opt-out provision.
8	(2) Pre-test and post-test counseling.—
9	Health care personnel shall provide confidential pre-
10	test and post-test counseling to all inmates who are
11	tested for HIV. Counseling may be included with
12	other general health counseling provided to inmates
13	by health care personnel.
14	(3) HIV/AIDS PREVENTION EDUCATION.—
15	(A) Health care personnel shall improve
16	HIV/AIDS awareness through frequent edu-
17	cational programs for all inmates. HIV/AIDS
18	educational programs may be provided by com-
19	munity-based organizations, local health depart-
20	ments, and inmate peer educators.

(B) HIV/AIDS educational materials shall be made available to all inmates at orientation, at health care clinics, at regular educational programs, and prior to release. Both written

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1	and audiovisual materials shall be made avail-
2	able to all inmates.
3	(C)(i) The HIV/AIDS educational pro-
4	grams and materials under this paragraph shall
5	include information on—
6	(I) modes of transmission, including
7	transmission through tattooing, sexual con-
8	tact, and intravenous drug use;
9	(II) prevention methods;
10	(III) treatment; and
11	(IV) disease progression.
12	(ii) The programs and materials shall be
13	culturally sensitive, written or designed for low-
14	literacy levels, available in a variety of lan-
15	guages, and present scientifically accurate in-
16	formation in a clear and understandable man-
17	ner.
18	(4) HIV TESTING UPON REQUEST.—
19	(A) Health care personnel shall allow in-
20	mates to obtain HIV tests upon request once
21	per year or whenever an inmate has a reason to
22	believe the inmate may have been exposed to
23	HIV. Health care personnel shall, both orally
24	and in writing, inform inmates, during orienta-

1	tion and periodically throughout incarceration,
2	of their right to obtain HIV tests.
3	(B) Health care personnel shall encourage
4	inmates to request HIV tests if the inmate is
5	sexually active, has been raped, uses intra-
6	venous drugs, receives a tattoo, or if the inmate
7	is concerned that the inmate may have been ex-
8	posed to HIV/AIDS.
9	(C) An inmate's request for an HIV test
10	shall not be considered an indication that the
11	inmate has put him/herself at risk of infection
12	and/or committed a violation of prison rules.
13	(5) HIV TESTING OF PREGNANT WOMAN.—
14	(A) Health care personnel shall provide
15	routine HIV testing to all inmates who become
16	pregnant.
17	(B) All HIV tests under this paragraph
18	shall comply with the opt-out provision.
19	(6) Comprehensive treatment.—
20	(A) Health care personnel shall provide all
21	inmates who test positive for HIV—
22	(i) timely, comprehensive medical
23	treatment;
24	(ii) confidential counseling on man-
25	aging their medical condition and pre-

1	venting its transmission to other persons;
2	and
3	(iii) voluntary partner notification
4	services.
5	(B) Health care provided under this para-
6	graph shall be consistent with current Depart-
7	ment of Health and Human Services guidelines
8	and standard medical practice. Health care per-
9	sonnel shall discuss treatment options, the im-
10	portance of adherence to antiretroviral therapy,
11	and the side effects of medications with inmates
12	receiving treatment.
13	(C) Health care personnel and pharmacy
14	personnel shall ensure that the facility for-
15	mulary contains all Food and Drug Administra-
16	tion-approved medications necessary to provide
17	comprehensive treatment for inmates living with
18	HIV/AIDS, and that the facility maintains ade-
19	quate supplies of such medications to meet in-
20	mates' medical needs. Health care personnel
21	and pharmacy personnel shall also develop and
22	implement automatic renewal systems for these
23	medications to prevent interruptions in care.
24	(D) Correctional staff, health care per-
25	sonnel, and pharmacy personnel shall develop

1	and implement distribution procedures to en-
2	sure timely and confidential access to medica-
3	tions.
4	(7) Protection of confidentiality.—
5	(A) Health care personnel shall develop
6	and implement procedures to ensure the con-
7	fidentiality of inmate tests, diagnoses, and
8	treatment. Health care personnel and correc-
9	tional staff shall receive regular training on the
10	implementation of these procedures. Penalties
11	for violations of inmate confidentiality by health
12	care personnel or correctional staff shall be
13	specified and strictly enforced.
14	(B) HIV testing, counseling, and treat-
15	ment shall be provided in a confidential setting
16	where other routine health services are provided
17	and in a manner that allows the inmate to re-
18	quest and obtain these services as routine med-
19	ical services.
20	(8) Testing, counseling, and referral
21	PRIOR TO REENTRY.—
22	(A) Health care personnel shall provide
23	routine HIV testing to all inmates no more
24	than 3 months prior to their release and re-

entry into the community. Inmates who are al-

1	ready known to be infected need not be tested
2	again. This requirement may be waived if an in-
3	mate's release occurs without sufficient notice
4	to the Bureau to allow health care personnel to
5	perform a routine HIV test and notify the in-
6	mate of the results.
7	(B) All HIV tests under this paragraph
8	shall comply with the opt-out provision.
9	(C) To all inmates who test positive for
10	HIV and all inmates who already are known to
11	have HIV/AIDS, health care personnel shall
12	provide—
13	(i) confidential prerelease counseling
14	on managing their medical condition in the
15	community, accessing appropriate treat-
16	ment and services in the community, and
17	preventing the transmission of their condi-
18	tion to family members and other persons
19	in the community;
20	(ii) referrals to appropriate health
21	care providers and social service agencies
22	in the community that meet the inmate's
23	individual needs, including voluntary part-

ner notification services and prevention

1	counseling services for people living with
2	HIV/AIDS; and
3	(iii) a 30-day supply of any medically

necessary medications the inmate is currently receiving.

- (9) OPT-OUT PROVISION.—Inmates shall have the right to refuse routine HIV testing. Inmates shall be informed both orally and in writing of this right. Oral and written disclosure of this right may be included with other general health information and counseling provided to inmates by health care personnel. If an inmate refuses a routine test for HIV, health care personnel shall make a note of the inmate's refusal in the inmate's confidential medical records. However, the inmate's refusal shall not be considered a violation of prison rules or result in disciplinary action. Any reference in this section to the "opt-out provision" shall be deemed a reference to the requirement of this paragraph.
- (10) Exclusion of tests performed under section 4014(b) from the definition of routine HIV testing of an inmate under section 4014(b) of title 18, United States Code, is not routine HIV testing for the purposes of the opt-out provision. Health care personnel shall

1	document the reason for testing under section
2	4014(b) of title 18, United States Code, in the in-
3	mate's confidential medical records.
4	(11) Timely notification of test re-
5	SULTS.—Health care personnel shall provide timely
6	notification to inmates of the results of HIV tests.
7	(g) Changes in Existing Law.—
8	(1) Screening in General.—Section 4014(a)
9	of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
10	(A) by striking "for a period of 6 months
11	or more";
12	(B) by striking ", as appropriate,"; and
13	(C) by striking "if such individual is deter-
14	mined to be at risk for infection with such virus
15	in accordance with the guidelines issued by the
16	Bureau of Prisons relating to infectious disease
17	management" and inserting "unless the indi-
18	vidual declines. The Attorney General shall also
19	cause such individual to be so tested before re-
20	lease unless the individual declines.".
21	(2) Inadmissibility of hiv test results in
22	CIVIL AND CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS.—Section
23	4014(d) of title 18, United States Code, is amended
24	by inserting "or under the Stop AIDS in Prison
25	Act" after "under this section".

1 (3) SCREENING AS PART OF ROUTINE SCREEN2 ING.—Section 4014(e) of title 18, United States
3 Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol4 lowing: "Such rules shall also provide that the initial
5 test under this section be performed as part of the
6 routine health screening conducted at intake.".

(h) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—

(1) Report on Hepatitis, Liver, and other the enactment of this Act, the Bureau shall provide a report to the Congress on Bureau policies and procedures to provide testing, treatment, and prevention education programs for hepatitis, liver failure, and other liver-related diseases transmitted through sexual activity, intravenous drug use, or other means. The Bureau shall consult with appropriate officials of the Department of Health and Human Services, the Office of National Drug Control Policy, the Office of National AIDS Policy, and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention regarding the development of this report.

(2) Annual Reports.—

(A) GENERALLY.—Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, and then annually thereafter, the Bureau shall re-

1	port to Congress on the incidence among in-
2	mates of diseases transmitted through sexual
3	activity and intravenous drug use.
4	(B) Matters pertaining to various
5	DISEASES.—Reports under paragraph (1) shall
6	discuss—
7	(i) the incidence among inmates of
8	HIV/AIDS, hepatitis, and other diseases
9	transmitted through sexual activity and in-
10	travenous drug use; and
11	(ii) updates on Bureau testing, treat-
12	ment, and prevention education programs
13	for these diseases.
14	(C) Matters pertaining to hiv/aids
15	ONLY.—Reports under paragraph (1) shall also
16	include—
17	(i) the number of inmates who tested
18	positive for HIV upon intake;
19	(ii) the number of inmates who tested
20	positive prior to reentry;
21	(iii) the number of inmates who were
22	not tested prior to reentry because they
23	were released without sufficient notice;
24	(iv) the number of inmates who opted-
25	out of taking the test;

1	(v) the number of inmates who were
2	tested under section 4014(b) of title 18,
3	United States Code; and
4	(vi) the number of inmates under
5	treatment for HIV/AIDS.
6	(D) Consultation.—The Bureau shall
7	consult with appropriate officials of the Depart-
8	ment of Health and Human Services, the Office
9	of National Drug Control Policy, the Office of
10	National AIDS Policy, and the Centers for Dis-
11	ease Control and Prevention regarding the de-
12	velopment of reports under paragraph (1).
13	SEC. 759. SUPPORT DATA SYSTEM REVIEW AND INDICA-
	SEC. 759. SUPPORT DATA SYSTEM REVIEW AND INDICA- TORS FOR MONITORING HIV CARE.
14	
14 15	TORS FOR MONITORING HIV CARE.
141516	Tors for monitoring hiv care. The Secretary of Health and Human Services, in col-
	TORS FOR MONITORING HIV CARE. The Secretary of Health and Human Services, in collaboration with the Assistant Secretary for Health, the Di-
14 15 16 17 18	Tors for Monitoring Hiv Care. The Secretary of Health and Human Services, in collaboration with the Assistant Secretary for Health, the Director of the Office of HIV/AIDS and Infectious Disease
14 15 16 17 18	Tors for monitoring hiv care. The Secretary of Health and Human Services, in collaboration with the Assistant Secretary for Health, the Director of the Office of HIV/AIDS and Infectious Disease Policy, the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Tors for Monitoring Hiv Care. The Secretary of Health and Human Services, in collaboration with the Assistant Secretary for Health, the Director of the Office of HIV/AIDS and Infectious Disease Policy, the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the Administrator of the Substance Abuse and
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Tors for Monitoring Hiv Care. The Secretary of Health and Human Services, in collaboration with the Assistant Secretary for Health, the Director of the Office of HIV/AIDS and Infectious Disease Policy, the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the Administrator of the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, the Director of
14 15 16 17 18	Tors for Monitoring Hiv Care. The Secretary of Health and Human Services, in collaboration with the Assistant Secretary for Health, the Director of the Office of HIV/AIDS and Infectious Disease Policy, the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the Administrator of the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, the Director of the Department of Housing and Urban Development, the
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Tors for Monitoring Hiv Care. The Secretary of Health and Human Services, in collaboration with the Assistant Secretary for Health, the Director of the Office of HIV/AIDS and Infectious Disease Policy, the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the Administrator of the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, the Director of the Department of Housing and Urban Development, the Director of the Office of AIDS Research, the Administrator

1	to align metrics across agencies and modify Federal data
2	systems, to—
3	(1) adopt the Institute of Medicine's clinical
4	HIV care indicators as the core metrics for moni-
5	toring the quality of HIV care, mental health, sub-
6	stance abuse, and supportive services;
7	(2) better enable assessment of the impact of
8	the National HIV/AIDS Strategy and the Patient
9	Protection and Affordable Care Act on improving
10	HIV/AIDS care and access to supportive services for
11	individuals with HIV;
12	(3) expand the demographic data elements to be
13	captured by Federal data systems relevant to HIV
14	care to permit calculation of the indicators for sub-
15	groups of the population of people with diagnosed
16	HIV infection, including—
17	(A) age;
18	(B) race;
19	(C) ethnicity;
20	(D) sex (assigned at birth);
21	(E) gender identity;
22	(F) sexual orientation;
23	(G) current geographic marker of resi-
24	dence;
25	(H) income or poverty level; and

1	(I) primary means of reimbursement for
2	medical services (including Medicaid, Medicare,
3	the Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program, private
4	insurance, health maintenance organizations,
5	and no coverage); and
6	(4) streamline data collection and systematically
7	review all existing reporting requirements for feder-
8	ally funded HIV/AIDS programs to ensure that only
9	essential data are collected.
10	SEC. 760. TRANSFER OF FUNDS FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF
11	NATIONAL HIV/AIDS STRATEGY.
12	Title II of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C.
13	202 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 241 the
14	following:
15	"SEC. 241A. TRANSFER OF FUNDS FOR IMPLEMENTATION
16	OF NATIONAL HIV/AIDS STRATEGY.
17	"(a) Transfer Authorization.—Of the discre-
18	
	tionary appropriations made available to the Department
19	
19 20	
	of Health and Human Services for any fiscal year for pro-
20	of Health and Human Services for any fiscal year for programs and activities that, as determined by the Secretary
20 21	of Health and Human Services for any fiscal year for programs and activities that, as determined by the Secretary of Health and Human Services, pertain to HIV/AIDS, the Secretary, in coordination with the Director of the Office

- 1 Secretary for Health for implementation of the National
- 2 HIV/AIDS Strategy.
- 3 "(b) Congressional Notification.—Not less than
- 4 30 days before making any transfer under this section,
- 5 the Secretary shall give notice of the transfer to the Con-
- 6 gress.
- 7 "(c) Definitions.—In this section:
- 8 "(1) HIV/AIDS.—The term 'HIV/AIDS' has
- 9 the meaning given to such term in section 2689.
- 10 "(2) NATIONAL HIV/AIDS STRATEGY.—The
- term 'National HIV/AIDS Strategy' means the Na-
- tional HIV/AIDS Strategy for the United States
- issued by the President in July 2010 and includes
- any subsequent revisions to such Strategy.".
- 15 SEC. 761. REPORT ON THE IMPLEMENTATION OF GOAL 4
- 16 (IMPROVED COORDINATION) OF THE NA-
- 17 TIONAL HIV/AIDS STRATEGY.
- 18 (a) Report Required.—The President, in consulta-
- 19 tion with the heads of all relevant Federal departments
- 20 and agencies including the Department of Education, the
- 21 Department of Health and Human Services, the Depart-
- 22 ment of Housing and Urban Development, the Depart-
- 23 ment of Justice, the Department of Labor, the Depart-
- 24 ment of Veteran Affairs, and the Social Security Adminis-
- 25 tration, shall transmit to the Congress and make publicly

1	available a report on the status of implementation of Goal
2	4 of the National HIV/AIDS Strategy.
3	(b) Contents.—The report required by subsection
4	(a) shall include a description, an analysis, and an evalua-
5	tion of—
6	(1) the extent to which the National HIV/AIDS
7	Strategy has improved coordination of efforts, en-
8	hanced capacity, and strengthened infrastructure in
9	order to maximize the effective delivery of HIV/
10	AIDS prevention, care, and treatment services at the
11	community level, including coordination—
12	(A) within and among Federal agencies
13	and departments;
14	(B) between the Federal Government and
15	State and local governments and health depart-
16	ments;
17	(C) between the Federal Government and
18	nonprofit foundations and civil society organiza-
19	tions, including community- and faith-based or-
20	ganizations focused on addressing the issue of
21	HIV/AIDS; and
22	(D) between the Federal Government and
23	private businesses; and
24	(2) efforts by the Federal Government to edu-
25	cate, involve, and establish and strengthen partner-

1	ships with civil society organizations, including
2	community- and faith-based organizations, in order
3	to implement the National HIV/AIDS Strategy and
4	achieve its goals.
5	(e) Definition.—In this section, the term "National
6	HIV/AIDS Strategy" means the National HIV/AIDS
7	Strategy for the United States issued by the President in
8	July 2010, the revision to such Strategy issued in July
9	2015, and any subsequent revisions to such Strategy.
10	Subtitle F—Diabetes
11	SEC. 771. RESEARCH, TREATMENT, AND EDUCATION.
12	Subpart 3 of part C of title IV of the Public Health
13	Service Act (42 U.S.C. 285c et seq.) is amended by adding
14	at the end the following new section:
15	"SEC. 434B. DIABETES IN MINORITY POPULATIONS.
16	"(a) In General.—The Director of NIH shall ex-
17	pand, intensify, and support ongoing research and other
18	activities with respect to prediabetes and diabetes, particu-
19	larly type 2, in minority populations.
20	"(b) Research.—
21	"(1) Description.—Research under subsection
22	(a) shall include investigation into—
23	"(A) the causes of diabetes, including so-
24	cioeconomic, geographic, clinical, environmental,
25	genetic, and other factors that may contribute

1	to increased rates of diabetes in minority popu-
2	lations; and
3	"(B) the causes of increased incidence of
4	diabetes complications in minority populations,
5	and possible interventions to decrease such inci-
6	dence.
7	"(2) Inclusion of minority participants.—
8	In conducting and supporting research described in
9	subsection (a), the Director of NIH shall seek to in-
10	clude minority participants as study subjects in clin-
11	ical trials.
12	"(c) Report; Comprehensive Plan.—
13	"(1) In General.—The Diabetes Mellitus
14	Interagency Coordinating Committee shall—
15	"(A) prepare and submit to the Congress,
16	not later than 6 months after the date of enact-
17	ment of this section, a report on Federal re-
18	search and public health activities with respect
19	to prediabetes and diabetes in minority popu-
20	lations; and
21	"(B) develop and submit to the Congress,
22	not later than 1 year after the date of enact-
23	ment of this section, an effective and com-
24	prehensive Federal plan (including all appro-
25	priate Federal health programs) to address

1	prediabetes and diabetes in minority popu-
2	lations.
3	"(2) Contents.—The report under paragraph
4	(1)(A) shall at minimum address each of the fol-
5	lowing:
6	"(A) Research on diabetes and prediabetes
7	in minority populations, including such research
8	on—
9	"(i) genetic, behavioral, and environ-
10	mental factors; and
11	"(ii) prevention and complications
12	among individuals within these populations
13	who have already developed diabetes.
14	"(B) Surveillance and data collection on
15	diabetes and prediabetes in minority popu-
16	lations, including with respect to—
17	"(i) efforts to better determine the
18	prevalence of diabetes among Asian-Amer-
19	ican and Pacific Islander subgroups; and
20	"(ii) efforts to coordinate data collec-
21	tion on the American Indian population.
22	"(C) Community-based interventions to ad-
23	dress diabetes and prediabetes targeting minor-
24	ity populations, including—

1	"(i) the evidence base for such inter-
2	ventions;
3	"(ii) the cultural appropriateness of
4	such interventions; and
5	"(iii) efforts to educate the public on
6	the causes and consequences of diabetes.
7	"(D) Education and training programs for
8	health professionals (including community
9	health workers) on the prevention and manage-
10	ment of diabetes and its related complications
11	that is supported by the Health Resources and
12	Services Administration, including such pro-
13	grams supported by—
14	"(i) the National Health Service
15	Corps; or
16	"(ii) the community health centers
17	program under section 330.
18	"(d) Education.—The Director of NIH shall—
19	"(1) through the National Institute on Minority
20	Health and Health Disparities and the National Di-
21	abetes Education Program—
22	"(A) make grants to programs funded
23	under section 464z-4 (relating to centers of ex-
24	cellence) for the purpose of establishing a men-
25	toring program for health care professionals to

1	be more involved in weight counseling, obesity
2	research, and nutrition; and
3	"(B) provide for the participation of mi-
4	nority health professionals in diabetes-focused
5	research programs; and
6	"(2) make grants for programs to establish a
7	pipeline from high school to professional school that
8	will increase minority representation in diabetes-fo-
9	cused health fields by expanding Minority Access to
10	Research Careers (MARC) program internships and
11	mentoring opportunities for recruitment.
12	"(e) Definitions.—For purposes of this section:
13	"(1) Diabetes mellitus interagency co-
14	ORDINATING COMMITTEE.—The 'Diabetes Mellitus
15	Interagency Coordinating Committee' means the Di-
16	abetes Mellitus Interagency Coordinating Committee
17	established under section 429.
18	"(2) Minority population.—The term 'mi-
19	nority population' means a racial and ethnic minor-
20	ity group, as defined in section 1707.".
21	SEC. 772. RESEARCH, EDUCATION, AND OTHER ACTIVITIES.
22	Part B of title III of the Public Health Service Act
23	(42 U.S.C. 243 et seq.) is amended by inserting after sec-
24	tion 317X of such Act, as added, the following section:

1 "SEC. 317Y. DIABETES IN MINORITY POPULATIONS.

2	"(a) Research and Other Activities.—
3	"(1) In General.—The Secretary, acting
4	through the Director of the Centers for Disease
5	Control and Prevention, shall conduct and support
6	research and public health activities with respect to
7	diabetes in minority populations.
8	"(2) CERTAIN ACTIVITIES.—Activities under
9	paragraph (1) regarding diabetes in minority popu-
10	lations shall include the following:
11	"(A) Further enhancing the National
12	Health and Nutrition Examination Survey by
13	oversampling Asian American, Native Hawai-
14	ian, and Pacific Islanders in appropriate geo-
15	graphic areas to better determine the preva-
16	lence of diabetes in such populations as well as
17	to improve the data collection of diabetes pene-
18	tration disaggregated into major ethnic groups
19	within such populations. The Secretary shall en-
20	sure that any such oversampling does not re-
21	duce the oversampling of other minority popu-
22	lations including African-American and Latino
23	populations.
24	"(B) Through the Division of Diabetes
25	Translation—

1	"(i) providing for prevention research
2	to better understand how to influence
3	health care systems changes to improve
4	quality of care being delivered to such pop-
5	ulations;
6	"(ii) carrying out model demonstra-
7	tion projects to design, implement, and
8	evaluate effective diabetes prevention and
9	control interventions for minority popu-
10	lations, including culturally appropriate
11	community-based interventions;
12	"(iii) developing and implementing a
13	strategic plan to reduce diabetes in minor-
14	ity populations through applied research to
15	reduce disparities and culturally and lin-
16	guistically appropriate community-based
17	interventions;
18	"(iv) supporting, through the national
19	diabetes prevention program under section
20	399V-3, diabetes prevention program sites
21	in underserved regions highly impacted by
22	diabetes; and
23	"(v) implementing, through the na-
24	tional diabetes prevention program under
25	section 399V-3, a demonstration program

1	develo	ping	new	metrics	measuring	heal	tł	1
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- 2 outcomes related to diabetes that can be
- 3 stratified by specific minority populations.
- 4 "(b) Education.—The Secretary, acting through
- 5 the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Pre-
- 6 vention, shall direct the Division of Diabetes Translation
- 7 to conduct and support both programs to educate the pub-
- 8 lic on diabetes in minority populations and programs to
- 9 educate minority populations about the causes and effects
- 10 of diabetes.
- 11 "(c) Diabetes; Health Promotion, Prevention
- 12 ACTIVITIES, AND ACCESS.—The Secretary, acting through
- 13 the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Pre-
- 14 vention and the National Diabetes Education Program,
- 15 shall conduct and support programs to educate specific
- 16 minority populations through culturally appropriate and
- 17 linguistically appropriate information campaigns about
- 18 prevention of, and managing, diabetes.
- 19 "(d) Definition.—For purposes of this section, the
- 20 term 'minority population' means a racial and ethnic mi-
- 21 nority group, as defined in section 1707.".
- 22 SEC. 773. RESEARCH, EDUCATION, AND OTHER ACTIVITIES.
- 23 Part P of title III of the Public Health Service Act
- 24 (42 U.S.C. 280g et seq.), as amended, is further amended
- 25 by adding at the end the following new section:

1	"SEC. 399V-9. PROGRAMS TO EDUCATE HEALTH PRO-
2	VIDERS ON THE CAUSES AND EFFECTS OF DI-
3	ABETES IN MINORITY POPULATIONS.
4	"(a) In General.—The Secretary, acting through
5	the Director of the Health Resources and Services Admin-
6	istration, shall conduct and support programs described
7	in subsection (b) to educate health professionals on the
8	causes and effects of diabetes in minority populations.
9	"(b) Programs.—Programs described in this sub-
10	section, with respect to education on diabetes in minority
11	populations, shall include the following:
12	"(1) Giving priority, under the primary care
13	training and enhancement program under section
14	747—
15	"(A) to awarding grants to focus on or ad-
16	dress diabetes; and
17	"(B) to adding minority populations to the
18	list of vulnerable populations that should be
19	served by such grants.
20	"(2) Providing additional funds for the Health
21	Careers Opportunity Program, the Centers for Ex-
22	cellence, and the Minority Faculty Fellowship Pro-
23	gram to partner with the Office of Minority Health
24	under section 1707 and the National Institutes of
25	Health to strengthen programs for career opportuni-

1	ties focused on diabetes treatment and care within
2	underserved regions highly impacted by diabetes.
3	"(3) Developing a diabetes focus within, and
4	providing additional funds for, the National Health
5	Service Corps Scholarship Program—
6	"(A) to place individuals in areas that are
7	disproportionately affected by diabetes and to
8	provide diabetes treatment and care in such
9	areas; and
10	"(B) to provide such individuals continuing
11	medical education specific to diabetes care.".
12	SEC. 774. RESEARCH, EDUCATION, AND OTHER ACTIVITIES.
13	Part P of title III of the Public Health Service Act
14	(42 U.S.C. 280g et seq.), as amended, is further amended
15	by adding at the end the following section:
16	"SEC. 399V-10. RESEARCH, EDUCATION, AND OTHER ACTIVI-
17	TIES REGARDING DIABETES IN AMERICAN IN-
18	DIAN POPULATIONS.
19	"In addition to activities under sections 399V-6 and
20	434B, the Secretary, acting through the Indian Health
21	Service and in collaboration with other appropriate Fed-
22	eral agencies, shall—
23	"(1) conduct and support research and other
24	activities with respect to diabetes; and

1	"(2) coordinate the collection of data on clini-
2	cally and culturally appropriate diabetes treatment,
3	care, prevention, and services by health care profes-
4	sionals to the American Indian population.".
5	SEC. 775. UPDATED REPORT ON HEALTH DISPARITIES.
6	The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall
7	seek to enter into an arrangement with the Institute of
8	Medicine under which the Institute will—
9	(1) not later than 1 year after the date of en-
10	actment of this Act, submit to the Congress an up-
11	dated version of the Institute's 2002 report entitled
12	"Unequal Treatment: Confronting Racial and Ethnic
13	Disparities in Health Care"; and
14	(2) in such updated version, address how racial
15	and ethnic health disparities have changed since the
16	publication of the original report.
17	Subtitle G—Lung Disease
18	SEC. 776. EXPANSION OF THE NATIONAL ASTHMA EDU-
19	CATION AND PREVENTION PROGRAM.
20	(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds as follows:
21	(1) The prevalence of asthma has increased
22	since 1980 and affects 25 million Americans.
23	(2) Significant disparities in asthma morbidity
24	and mortality exist for both adults and children par-

- ticularly for low-income and minority populations,
 particularly African Americans and Puerto Ricans.
 - (3) African-American children are twice as likely to have asthma as White children.
 - (4) In 2010, almost 4.5 million non-Hispanic African Americans reported having asthma. African Americans with asthma are three times as likely to visit the emergency department and twice as likely to get hospitalized as White patients with asthma.
 - (5) Puerto Ricans are 3.4 times as likely to die from asthma compared with all other Hispanic or Latino groups. Overall Hispanic Americans are 30 percent more likely to be hospitalized for asthma than non-Hispanic Whites.
- 15 (6) More than 65 percent of adults with asthma 16 are women.
- 17 (b) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the 18 date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health 19 and Human Services shall convene a working group com-20 prised of patient groups, nonprofit organizations, medical
- 21 societies, and other relevant governmental and nongovern-
- 22 mental entities, including those that participate in the Na-
- 23 tional Asthma Education and Prevention Program, to de-
- 24 velop a report to Congress that—

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1	(1) catalogs, with respect to asthma prevention,
2	management, and surveillance—
3	(A) the activities of the Federal Govern-
4	ment, including identifying all Federal pro-
5	grams that carry out asthma-related activities,
6	as well as assessment of the progress of the
7	Federal Government and States, with respect to
8	achieving the goals of the Healthy People 2020
9	initiative; and
10	(B) the activities of other entities that par-
11	ticipate in the program, including nonprofit or-
12	ganizations, patient advocacy groups, and med-
13	ical societies; and
14	(2) makes recommendations for the future di-
15	rection of asthma activities, in consultation with re-
16	searchers from the National Institutes of Health and
17	other member bodies of the National Asthma Edu-
18	cation and Prevention Program who are qualified to
19	review and analyze data and evaluate interventions,
20	including—
21	(A) a description of how the Federal Gov-
22	ernment may better coordinate and improve its
23	response to asthma including identifying any
24	barriers that may exist;

1	(B) a description of how the Federal Gov-
2	ernment may continue, expand, and improve its
3	private-public partnerships with respect to asth-
4	ma including identifying any barriers that may
5	exist;
6	(C) identification of steps that may be
7	taken to reduce the—
8	(i) morbidity, mortality, and overall
9	prevalence of asthma;
10	(ii) financial burden of asthma on so-
11	ciety;
12	(iii) burden of asthma on dispropor-
13	tionately affected areas, particularly those
14	in medically underserved populations (as
15	defined in section 330(b)(3) of the Public
16	Health Service Act (42 U.S.C.
17	254b(b)(3)); and
18	(iv) burden of asthma as a chronic
19	disease;
20	(D) identification of programs and policies
21	that have achieved the steps described in sub-
22	paragraph (C), and steps that may be taken to
23	expand such programs and policies to benefit
24	larger populations; and

1	(E) recommendations for future research
2	and interventions.
3	(c) Report to Congress.—At the end of the 5-year
4	period following the submission of the report under this
5	section, the National Asthma Education and Prevention
6	Program shall evaluate the analyses and recommendations
7	under such report and determine whether a new report
8	to the Congress is necessary, and make appropriate rec-
9	ommendations to the Congress.
10	SEC. 777. ASTHMA-RELATED ACTIVITIES OF THE CENTERS
11	FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVENTION.
12	Section 317I of the Public Health Service Act (42
13	U.S.C. 247b–10) is amended to read as follows:
14	"SEC. 317I. ASTHMA-RELATED ACTIVITIES OF THE CENTERS
15	FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVENTION.
16	"(a) Program for Providing Information and
17	EDUCATION TO THE PUBLIC.—The Secretary, acting
18	through the Director of the Centers for Disease Control
19	and Prevention, shall collaborate with State and local
20	health departments to conduct activities, including the
21	provision of information and education to the public re-
22	garding asthma including—
23	"(1) deterring the harmful consequences of un-
24	controlled asthma; and

1	"(2) disseminating health education and infor-
2	mation regarding prevention of asthma episodes and
3	strategies for managing asthma.
4	"(b) Development of State Asthma Plans.—
5	The Secretary, acting through the Director of the Centers
6	for Disease Control and Prevention, shall collaborate with
7	State and local health departments to develop State plans
8	incorporating public health responses to reduce the burden
9	of asthma, particularly regarding disproportionately af-
10	fected populations.
11	"(c) Compilation of Data.—The Secretary, acting
12	through the Director of the Centers for Disease Control
13	and Prevention, shall, in cooperation with State and local
14	public health officials—
15	"(1) conduct asthma surveillance activities to
16	collect data on the prevalence and severity of asth-
17	ma, the effectiveness of public health asthma inter-
18	ventions, and the quality of asthma management, in-
19	cluding—
20	"(A) collection of household data on the
21	local burden of asthma;
22	"(B) surveillance of health care facilities;
23	and
24	"(C) collection of data not containing indi-
25	vidually identifiable information from electronic

health records or other electronic communications;

"(2) compile and annually publish data regarding the prevalence and incidence of childhood asthma, the child mortality rate, and the number of hospital admissions and emergency department visits by children associated with asthma nationally and in each State and at the county level by age, sex, race, and ethnicity, as well as lifetime and current prevalence; and

"(3) compile and annually publish data regarding the prevalence and incidence of adult asthma, the adult mortality rate, and the number of hospital admissions and emergency department visits by adults associated with asthma nationally and in each State and at the county level by age, sex, race, ethnicity, industry, and occupation, as well as lifetime and current prevalence.

"(d) Coordination of Data Collection.—The
Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, in conjunction with State and local health departments, shall coordinate data collection activities under
subsection (c)(2) so as to maximize comparability of results.

1	"(e) Collaboration.—The Centers for Disease
2	Control and Prevention are encouraged to collaborate with
3	national, State, and local nonprofit organizations to pro-
4	vide information and education about asthma, and to
5	strengthen such collaborations when possible.
6	"(f) Additional Funding.—In addition to any
7	other authorization of appropriations that is available to
8	the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention for the
9	purpose of carrying out this section, there are authorized
10	to be appropriated to such Centers such sums as may be
11	necessary for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023 for
12	the purpose of carrying out this section.".
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13	SEC. 778. INFLUENZA AND PNEUMONIA VACCINATION CAM-
	SEC. 778. INFLUENZA AND PNEUMONIA VACCINATION CAMPAIGN.
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13 14	PAIGN.
13 14 15	PAIGN. (a) In General.—The Secretary of Health and
13 14 15 16	PAIGN. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall—
13 14 15 16 17	PAIGN. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall— (1) enhance the annual campaign by the De-
13 14 15 16 17	PAIGN. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall— (1) enhance the annual campaign by the Department of Health and Human Services to increase
13 14 15 16 17 18	PAIGN. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall— (1) enhance the annual campaign by the Department of Health and Human Services to increase the number of people vaccinated each year for influence of the services of the services to increase the number of people vaccinated each year for influence of the services of the services to increase the number of people vaccinated each year for influence of the services of the services to increase the services of the services
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	PAIGN. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall— (1) enhance the annual campaign by the Department of Health and Human Services to increase the number of people vaccinated each year for influenza and pneumonia; and
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	PAIGN. (a) In General.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall— (1) enhance the annual campaign by the Department of Health and Human Services to increase the number of people vaccinated each year for influenza and pneumonia; and (2) include in such campaign the use of written

1	(b) Materials and Announcements.—In carrying
2	out the annual campaign described in subsection (a), the
3	Secretary of Health and Human Services shall ensure
4	that—
5	(1) educational materials and public service an-
6	nouncements are readily and widely available in
7	communities experiencing disparities in the incidence
8	and mortality rates of influenza and pneumonia; and
9	(2) the campaign uses targeted, culturally ap-
10	propriate messages and messengers to reach under-
11	served communities.
12	(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
13	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
14	such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years
15	2019 through 2023.
16	SEC. 779. CHRONIC OBSTRUCTIVE PULMONARY DISEASE
17	ACTION PLAN.
18	(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds as follows:
19	(1) Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease
20	("COPD") refers to chronic bronchitis and emphy-
21	sema, incurable diseases that make it difficult to ex-
22	hale all the air from one's lungs, and that can cause
23	persistent coughing, shortness of breath, and spu-
24	tum.

- 1 (2) COPD exacerbations—episodes of acute dif-2 ficulty breathing and moderate to severe fatigue— 3 are dangerous, and their treatment often requires 4 hospitalization.
 - (3) While smoking is the primary risk factor for COPD, other risk factors include air pollution, occupational exposures, heredity, a history of childhood respiratory infections, and socioeconomic status.
 - (4) Over 13.5 million United States adults are estimated to have COPD.
 - (5) COPD is the third-leading cause of death in America, claiming over 134,000 lives in 2010.
 - (6) Since 2000, deaths for women with COPD have exceeded deaths in men.
 - (7) Although African Americans have a lower prevalence of COPD in the United States, researchers have shown that African Americans may be underdiagnosed. Furthermore, research has shown that African Americans develop COPD with less cumulative smoke exposure and at a younger age.
- 21 (b) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the Centers for
- 22 Disease Control and Prevention shall conduct, support,
- 23 and expand public health strategies, prevention, diagnosis,
- 24 surveillance, and public and professional awareness activi-
- 25 ties regarding chronic obstructive pulmonary disease.

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(c) NATIONAL ACTION PLAN.—

- (1) Development.—Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute, in consultation with the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, shall develop a national action plan to address chronic obstructive pulmonary disease in the United States with participation from patients, caregivers, health professionals, patient advocacy organizations, researchers, providers, public health professionals, and other stakeholders.
- (2) Contents.—At a minimum, such plan shall include recommendations for—
 - (A) public health interventions for the purpose of implementation of the national plan;
 - (B) biomedical, health services, and public health research on chronic obstructive pulmonary disease; and
 - (C) inclusion of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease in the health data collections of all Federal agencies.
- (3) Consideration.—In developing such plan, the Director of the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute shall consider the recommendations and

- findings of the Institute of Medicine in the report
- 2 entitled "A Nationwide Framework for Surveillance
- 3 of Cardiovascular and Chronic Lung Diseases" (July
- 4 22, 2011).
- 5 (d) Chronic Disease Prevention Programs.—
- 6 The Director of the National Heart, Lung, and Blood In-
- 7 stitute shall carry out the following:
- 8 (1) Conduct public education and awareness ac-9 tivities with patient and professional organizations 10 to stimulate earlier diagnosis and improve patient 11 outcomes from treatment of chronic obstructive pul-12 monary disease. To the extent known and relevant, 13 such public education and awareness activities shall 14 reflect differences in chronic obstructive pulmonary 15 disease by cause (tobacco, environmental, occupa-16 tional, biological, and genetic) and include a focus 17 on outreach to undiagnosed and, as appropriate, mi-18 nority populations.
 - (2) Supplement and expand upon the activities of the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute by making grants to nonprofit organizations, State and local jurisdictions, and Indian Tribes for the purpose of reducing the burden of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, especially in disproportionately im-

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- pacted communities, through public health interven tions and related activities.
- 3 (3) Coordinate with the Centers for Disease
 4 Control and Prevention, the Indian Health Service,
 5 the Health Resources and Services Administration,
 6 and the Department of Veterans Affairs to develop
 7 pilot programs to demonstrate best practices for the
 8 diagnosis and management of chronic obstructive
 9 pulmonary disease.
 - (4) Develop improved techniques and identify best practices, in coordination with the Secretary of Veterans Affairs, for assisting chronic obstructive pulmonary disease patients to successfully stop smoking, including identification of subpopulations with different needs. Initiatives under this paragraph may include research to determine whether successful smoking cessation strategies are different for chronic obstructive pulmonary disease patients compared to such strategies for patients with other chronic diseases.
- 21 (e) Environmental and Occupational Health
- 22 Programs.—The Director of the Centers for Disease
- 23 Control and Prevention shall—
- 24 (1) support research into the environmental and 25 occupational causes and biological mechanisms that

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- 1 contribute to chronic obstructive pulmonary disease;
- 2 and
- 3 (2) develop and disseminate public health inter-
- 4 ventions that will lessen the impact of environmental
- 5 and occupational causes of chronic obstructive pul-
- 6 monary disease.
- 7 (f) Data Collection.—Not later than 180 days
- 8 after the enactment of this Act, the Director of the Na-
- 9 tional Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute and the Director
- 10 of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, acting
- 11 jointly, shall assess the depth and quality of information
- 12 on chronic obstructive pulmonary disease that is collected
- 13 in surveys and population studies conducted by the Cen-
- 14 ters for Disease Control and Prevention, including wheth-
- 15 er there are additional opportunities for information to be
- 16 collected in the National Health and Nutrition Examina-
- 17 tion Survey, the National Health Interview Survey, and
- 18 the Behavioral Risk Factors Surveillance System surveys.
- 19 The Director of the National Heart, Lung, and Blood In-
- 20 stitute shall include the results of such assessment in the
- 21 national action plan under subsection (b).
- 22 (g) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
- 23 are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
- 24 such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years
- 25 2019 through 2023.

Subtitle H—Tuberculosis

2	SEC. 781. ELIMINATION OF ALL FORMS OF TUBERCULOSIS.
3	(a) Short Title.—This subtitle be cited as the
4	"End Tuberculosis Act".
5	(b) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following
6	findings:
7	(1) In the United States, 9,272 people were di-
8	agnosed with tuberculosis (referred to in this section
9	as "TB") in 2016.
10	(2) Disparities in TB exist and significantly im-
11	pact minority communities in the United States. The
12	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (re-
13	ferred to in this section as "CDC") finds that 87
14	percent of people diagnosed with TB in 2016 self-
15	identified as racial and ethnic minorities.
16	(3) African Americans comprised 21 percent of
17	people diagnosed with TB during 2016. The popu-
18	lation-adjusted rate of TB among African Americans
19	is 1.7 times higher than the national total, and 8.2
20	times higher than among Whites.
21	(4) Asian Americans, Native Hawaiians, and
22	other Pacific Islanders comprised 35 percent of peo-
23	ple diagnosed with TB during 2016. The population-
24	adjusted rate of TB among Asian Americans is 6.2
25	times higher than the national total, and 30 times

- higher than among Whites. The population-adjusted rate of TB among Native Hawaiians and other Pacific Islanders is 4.8 times higher than the national total, and 23.2 times higher than among Whites.
 - (5) Hispanics and Latinos comprised 28 percent of people diagnosed with TB during 2016. The population-adjusted rate of TB among Hispanics and Latinos is 1.6 times higher than the national total, and 7.5 times higher than among Whites.
 - (6) TB is both preventable and curable, but the current rate of decline of TB in the United States remains too slow to achieve TB elimination in this century.
 - (7) TB is transmitted through the air when a person who has TB disease in their lungs coughs or sneezes. People who are in close proximity to the person with TB can breathe in the TB bacteria, and the bacteria will initially settle in their lungs. Without proper and timely diagnosis and access to treatment, the TB bacteria may grow and spread to other parts of their body.
 - (8) As many as 13,000,000 people in the United States may have Latent TB Infection (referred to in this section as "LTBI"). People with LTBI have TB bacteria in their bodies, but their

- immune system is containing the bacteria, and they are not sick, nor do they have any current risk of spreading TB to others. LTBI can activate into infectious, life-threatening TB if not treated. Modeling has shown that eliminating TB is not possible without addressing LTBI.
 - (9) Comorbidities associated with TB include cancer, diabetes mellitus, and HIV. People with these medical conditions and compromised immune systems are more likely to develop active TB disease and to have worse outcomes from TB.
 - (10) Forms of active TB that do not show drug resistance are classified as Drug-susceptible TB (referred to in this section as "DS-TB"). Drug-resistant TB (referred to in this section as "DR-TB") is a rising threat to the public health of the United States. DR-TB that exhibits resistance to two or more first-line drugs is referred to as multi-drug resistant TB (referred to in this section as "MDR-TB"). MDR-TB that also is resistant to at least one injectable second-line medication and at least one fluoroquinolone is classified as extensively drug-resistant TB (referred to in this section as "XDR-TB").

- 1 (11) Approximately 78 people in the United 2 States were diagnosed with MDR-TB in 2016. One 3 person was diagnosed with XDR-TB in the same 4 year.
 - (12) In the United States, direct treatment costs average \$17,000 to treat a patient with DS–TB, \$150,000 to treat a patient with MDR–TB, and \$482,000 to treat a patient with XDR–TB. When factoring in productivity losses during treatment, DS–TB averages \$46,000, MDR–TB averages \$294,000 and XDR–TB averages \$694,000. Treatment is often difficult, with daily complex multi-pill regimens and injections, with side-effects ranging from hearing and vision loss to mental health issues.
 - (13) Recognizing the public health, economic and societal costs to the threat of MDR–TB, the National Action Plan to Combat MDR–TB (NAP) was developed by the White House to provide the United States with a comprehensive three-pronged strategy to address MDR–TB by strengthening domestic capacity to combat MDR–TB; improve international capacity and cooperation to combat MDR–TB; accelerate basic and applied research and development for new therapies, diagnostics and prevention strategies to combat MDR–TB.

1	(14) Additional Federal support is necessary to
2	expand TB control efforts in case finding and treat-
3	ment to address LTBI in a national prevention ini-
4	tiative. Key policy and research breakthroughs in-
5	crease the success of a TB prevention initiative: the
6	U.S. Preventative Services Task Force recommenda-
7	tion's "B" rating, screening for LTBI among high-
8	risk adults as a covered service increases the likeli-
9	hood that impacted racial and ethnic minority
10	groups can get tested for TB; a new, shorter course
11	treatment regimen (3HP) reduces the length of
12	treatment for LTBI from every day for 6 to 9
13	months to one dose per week for 12 weeks, increas-
14	ing likelihood of treatment completion; and the use
15	of blood-based diagnostic tests, Interferon-gamma
16	release assays or IGRAs, increases ability to detect
17	LTBI among patients in affected communities.
18	SEC. 782. ADDITIONAL FUNDING FOR STATES IN COM-
19	BATING AND ELIMINATING TUBERCULOSIS.
20	Section 317E(f) of the Public Health Act (42 U.S.C.
21	247b6(f)) is amended by adding at the end the following:
22	"(3) Additional funding for states in
23	COMBATING AND ELIMINATING TUBERCULOSIS.—In
24	addition to amounts otherwise authorized to be ap-
25	propriated to carry out this section, there are au-

1	thorized to be appropriated such sums as may be
2	necessary to carry out sections $247-b(1)(2)(3)$ for
3	each of fiscal years 2019 through 2021.".
4	SEC. 783. STRENGTHENING CLINICAL RESEARCH FUNDING
5	FOR TUBERCULOSIS.
6	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Health and
7	Human Services shall expand and intensify support for
8	current and prospective research activities of the National
9	Institutes of Health, the Biomedical Advanced Research
10	and Development Authority, and the Centers for Disease
11	Control and Prevention Division of Tuberculosis Elimi-
12	nation to develop new therapeutics, diagnostics, vaccines,
13	and other prevention modalities in addressing all forms
14	of tuberculosis (in this section referred to as "TB").
15	(b) INCLUDED RESEARCH ACTIVITIES.—Research
16	activities under subsection (a) shall include—
17	(1) research to develop novel, safe drugs and
18	drug regimens for the treatment of TB, including in
19	adolescent and pediatric populations and in pregnant
20	and lactating women;
21	(2) research to develop rapid diagnostic tests
22	for all forms of TB, including diagnostics that can
23	be used for pediatric populations and people living
24	with HIV, diagnostics that can detect extra pul-

1	monary TB and drug resistance, and diagnostics
2	that can be used at the point of care;
3	(3) research to advance basic knowledge of the
4	pathogenesis of TB and its major comorbidities, in-
5	cluding HIV and diabetes mellitus;
6	(4) research to improve knowledge and under-
7	standings of the role of latency in TB and the fac-
8	tors that increase the risk of latent TB infection
9	progressing to active, symptomatic TB disease;
10	(5) awarding grants and contracts to specifi-
11	cally develop new and needed vaccines to address
12	TB;
13	(6) awarding grants and contracts to support
14	the training and development of clinical researchers
15	whose research improves the landscape of tools to
16	combat TB; and
17	(7) awarding grants and contracts to support
18	capacity-building and develop clinical trial site infra-
19	structure in the United States and in TB endemic
20	countries to support the aforementioned research ac-
21	tivities.
22	Subtitle I—Osteoarthritis and
23	Musculoskeletal Diseases
24	SEC. 785. FINDINGS.
25	The Congress finds as follows:

- 1 (1) Eighty percent of African-American women 2 and nearly 74 percent of Hispanic men are either 3 overweight or obese, speeding the onset and progres-4 sion of arthritis.
 - (2) Arthritis affects 46 million Americans, and that number will rise to 67 million by the year 2030.
 - (3) Twenty-seven million Americans suffer from osteoarthritis, the most common form of arthritis, making it the leading cause of disability in the United States. Osteoarthritis is sometimes referred to as degenerative joint disease.
 - (4) Obesity accelerates the onset of arthritis: 70 percent of obese adults with mild osteoarthritis of the knee at age 60 will develop advanced end-stage disease by age 80. In contrast, just 43 percent of nonobese adults will have end-stage disease over the same time period.
 - (5) Arthritis affects one in five Americans, and is the single greatest cause of chronic pain and disability in the United States.
 - (6) Women, African Americans, and Hispanics have more severe arthritis and functional limitations. These same individuals are more likely to be obese, diabetic, and have higher incidence of heart disease—medical conditions that can be improved with

- physical activity. Instead of moving; however, these groups have an inactivity rate of 40 to 50 percent, which continues to increase.
 - (7) Arthritis costs \$128 billion a year, including \$81 billion in direct costs (medical) and \$47 billion in indirect costs (lost earnings). Each year, \$309 billion in direct and indirect costs is lost due to disparities in osteoarthritis and musculoskeletal diseases.
 - (8) Obesity and other chronic health conditions exacerbate the debilitating impact of arthritis, leading to inactivity, loss of independence, and a perpetual cycle of comorbid chronic conditions.
 - (9) Sixty-one percent of arthritis sufferers are women, and women represent 64 percent of an estimated 43 million annual visits to physicians' offices and outpatient clinics where arthritis was the primary diagnosis. Women also represented 60 percent of approximately 1 million hospitalizations that occurred in 2003 for which arthritis was the primary diagnosis.
 - (10) Women ages 65 and older have up to $2^{1/2}$ times more disabilities than men of the same age. Higher rates of obesity and arthritis among this group explained up to 48 percent of the gender gap

- in disability, above all other common chronic health
 conditions.
 - (11) The primary indication for total knee arthroplasty (TKA), also known as knee replacement, is relief of significant, disabling pain caused by severe arthritis.
 - (12) Knee replacement is surgery for people with severe knee damage. Knee replacement can relieve pain and allow you to be more active. When you have a total knee replacement, the surgeon removes damaged cartilage and bone from the surface of your knee joint and replaces them with a manmade surface of metal and plastic. In a partial knee replacement, the surgeon only replaces one part of your knee joint.
 - (13) Total hip replacement, also called total hip arthroplasty (THA), is used if your hip pain interferes with daily activities and more conservative treatments have not helped. Arthritis damage is the most common reason to need hip replacement.
 - (14) The odds of a family practice physician recommending TKA to a male patient with moderate arthritis are twice that of a female patient, while the odds of an orthopaedic surgeon recommending TKA

- 1 to a male patient with moderate arthritis are 22 2 times that of a female patient.
- 3 (15) African Americans with doctor-diagnosed 4 arthritis have a higher prevalence of severe pain at-5 tributable to arthritis, compared with Whites (34.0) 6 percent versus 22.6 percent). African Americans, 7 compared to Whites, report a higher proportion of 8 work limitations (39.5 percent versus 28.0 percent) 9 and a higher prevalence of arthritis-attributable 10 work limitation (6.6 percent versus 4.6 percent).
 - (16) Hispanics are 50 percent more likely than non-Hispanic Whites to report needing assistance with at least one instrumental activity of daily living and to have difficulty walking.
 - (17) African Americans and Hispanics were 1.3 times more likely to have activity limitation, 1.6 times more likely to have work limitations, and 1.9 times more likely to have severe joint pain than Whites.
 - (18) In 2003, the Institute of Medicine reported that the rates of TKA and THA among African-American and Hispanic patients are significantly lower than for Whites—even for those with equitable health care coverage such as through Medicare or

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1	(19) According to the Centers for Disease Con-
2	trol and Prevention, in 2000, African-American
3	Medicare enrollees were 37 percent less likely than
4	White Medicare enrollees to undergo total knee re-
5	placements. In 2006, the disparity increased to 39
6	percent.
7	(20) Even after adjusting for insurance and
8	health access, Hispanics and African Americans are
9	almost 50 percent less likely to undergo total knee
10	replacement than Whites.
11	SEC. 786. OSTEOARTHRITIS AND OTHER MUSCULO-
12	SKELETAL HEALTH-RELATED ACTIVITIES OF
13	THE CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND
	THE CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVENTION.
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13 14	PREVENTION.
13 14 15 16	PREVENTION. (a) Education and Awareness Activities.—The
13 14 15 16 17	PREVENTION. (a) Education and Awareness Activities.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services, acting through
13 14 15 16 17	PREVENTION. (a) EDUCATION AND AWARENESS ACTIVITIES.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services, acting through the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Pre-
13 14 15 16 17	PREVENTION. (a) EDUCATION AND AWARENESS ACTIVITIES.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services, acting through the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, shall direct the National Center for Chronic Disease.
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	PREVENTION. (a) EDUCATION AND AWARENESS ACTIVITIES.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services, acting through the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, shall direct the National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion to conduct and ex-
13 14 15 16 17 18	PREVENTION. (a) EDUCATION AND AWARENESS ACTIVITIES.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services, acting through the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, shall direct the National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion to conduct and expand the Health Community Program and Arthritis Pro-
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	PREVENTION. (a) EDUCATION AND AWARENESS ACTIVITIES.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services, acting through the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, shall direct the National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion to conduct and expand the Health Community Program and Arthritis Program to educate the public on—

1	(2) the effects of such conditions on other
2	comorbidities including obesity, hypertension, and
3	cardiovascular disease.
4	(b) Programs on Arthritis and Musculo-
5	SKELETAL CONDITIONS.—Education and awareness pro-
6	grams of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
7	on arthritis and other musculoskeletal conditions in minor-
8	ity communities shall—
9	(1) be culturally and linguistically appropriate
10	to minority patients, targeting musculoskeletal
11	health promotion and prevention programs of each
12	major ethnic group, including—
13	(A) Native Americans and Alaska Natives;
14	(B) Asian Americans;
15	(C) African Americans/Blacks;
16	(D) Hispanic/Latino Americans; and
17	(E) Native Hawaiians and Pacific Island-
18	ers; and
19	(2) include public awareness campaigns directed
20	toward these patient populations that emphasize the
21	importance of musculoskeletal health, physical activ-
22	ity, diet and healthy lifestyle, and weight reduction
23	for overweight and obese patients.
24	(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—To carry
25	out this section, there are authorized to be appropriated

1	such sums as are necessary for fiscal year 2019 and each
2	subsequent fiscal year.
3	SEC. 787. GRANTS FOR COMPREHENSIVE OSTEOARTHRITIS
4	AND MUSCULOSKELETAL DISEASE HEALTH
5	EDUCATION WITHIN HEALTH PROFESSIONS
6	SCHOOLS.
7	(a) Program Authorized.—The Secretary of
8	Health and Human Services (in this section referred to
9	as the "Secretary"), in coordination with the Secretary of
10	Education, shall award grants, on a competitive basis, to
11	academic health science centers, health professions
12	schools, and other institutions of higher education to en-
13	able such institutions to provide people with comprehen-
14	sive education on arthritis and musculoskeletal health
15	particularly—
16	(1) obesity-related musculoskeletal diseases;
17	(2) arthritis and osteoarthritis;
18	(3) arthritis and musculoskeletal health dispari-
19	ties; and
20	(4) the relationship between arthritis and mus-
21	culoskeletal diseases and metabolic activity, psycho-
22	logical health, and comorbidities such as diabetes
23	cardiovascular disease, and hypertension.
24	(b) Duration.—Grants awarded under this section
2.5	shall be for a period of 5 years.

1	(c) APPLICATIONS.—An academic health science cen-
2	ter, health professions school, or other institution of high-
3	er education seeking a grant under this section shall sub-
4	mit an application to the Secretary at such time, in such
5	manner, and containing such information as the Secretary
6	may require.
7	(d) Priority.—In awarding grants under this sec-
8	tion, the Secretary shall give priority to an institution of
9	higher education that—
10	(1) has an enrollment of needy students, as de-
11	fined in section 318(b) of the Higher Education Act
12	of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1059e(b));
13	(2) is a Hispanic-serving institution, as defined
14	in section 502(a) of such Act (20 U.S.C. 1101a(a));
15	(3) is a Tribal College or University, as defined
16	in section 316(b) of such Act (20 U.S.C. 1059c(b));
17	(4) is an Alaska Native-serving institution, as
18	defined in section 317(b) of such Act (20 U.S.C.
19	1059d(b));
20	(5) is a Native Hawaiian-serving institution, as
21	defined in section 317(b) of such Act (20 U.S.C.
22	1059d(b));
23	(6) is a Predominately Black Institution, as de-
24	fined in section 318(b) of such Act (20 U.S.C.
25	1059e(b)):

1	(7) is a Native American-serving, non-Tribal in-
2	stitution, as defined in section 319(b) of such Act
3	(20 U.S.C. 1059f(b));
4	(8) is an Asian-American and Native American
5	Pacific Islander-serving institution, as defined in
6	section 320(b) of such Act (20 U.S.C. 1059g(b)); or
7	(9) is a minority institution, as defined in sec-
8	tion 365 of such Act (20 U.S.C. 1067k), with an en-
9	rollment of needy students, as defined in section 312
10	of such Act (20 U.S.C. 1058).
11	(e) Uses of Funds.—An institution of higher edu-
12	cation receiving a grant under this section may use grant
13	funds to integrate issues relating to comprehensive arthri-
14	tis and musculoskeletal health into the academic or sup-
15	port sectors of the institution in order to reach a large
16	number of students, by carrying out 1 or more of the fol-
17	lowing activities:
18	(1) Developing educational content for issues
19	relating to comprehensive arthritis and musculo-
20	skeletal health education that will be incorporated
21	into first-year orientation or core courses.
22	(2) Creating innovative technology-based ap-
23	proaches to deliver arthritis and musculoskeletal
24	health education to students, faculty, and staff.

1	(3) Developing and employing peer-outreach
2	and education programs to generate discussion, edu-
3	cate, and raise awareness among students about
4	issues relating to arthritis and musculoskeletal
5	health disorders, and their relationship to diabetes,
6	hypertension, cardiovascular disease, psychological
7	health, and other comorbid conditions.
8	(f) Report to Congress.—
9	(1) In general.—Not later than 1 year after
10	the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually
11	thereafter for a period of 5 years, the Secretary shall
12	prepare and submit to the appropriate committees of
13	Congress a report on the activities to provide health
14	professions students with comprehensive arthritis
15	and musculoskeletal health education funded under
16	this section.
17	(2) Report elements.—The report described
18	in paragraph (1) shall include information about—
19	(A) the number of entities that are receiv-
20	ing grant funds;
21	(B) the specific activities supported by
22	grant funds;
23	(C) the number of students served by
24	grant programs; and
25	(D) the status of program evaluations.

Subtitle J—Sleep and Circadian

2	Rhythm	Disorders

- 3 SEC. 791. SHORT TITLE; FINDINGS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This subtitle may be cited as the
- 5 "Sleep and Circadian Rhythm Disorders Health Dispari-
- 6 ties Act".

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- 7 (b) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following:
- 8 (1) Decrements in sleep health such as sleep 9 apnea, insufficient sleep time, and insomnia, affect 10 50–70 million United States adults. Twelve to eight-11 een million United States adults have sleep apnea, a 12 chronic disorder characterized by one or more 13 pauses in breathing which can last from a few sec-14 onds to minutes. They may occur 30 times or more 15 an hour, disrupting sleep and resulting in excessive

daytime sleepiness and loss in productivity.

- (2) Seventy percent of high school students are not getting enough sleep on school nights, while 33 percent of Americans get fewer than 7 hours of sleep per night, and roughly 6,000 fatal motor vehicle crashes are caused by drowsy drivers.
- (3) Insufficient sleep and insomnia are more prevalent in women. Women who are pregnant and have sleep apnea are at an increased risk of cardio-vascular complications during pregnancy. The im-

1	pact of disparities in sleep health is associated with
2	a growing number of health problems, including the
3	following:
4	(A) Hypertension.
5	(B) Cancer.
6	(C) Stroke.
7	(D) Cardiac arrhythmia.
8	(E) Chronic heart failure and heart dis-
9	ease.
10	(F) Diabetes.
11	(G) Cognitive functioning and behavior.
12	(H) Depression and bipolar disorder.
13	(I) Substance abuse.
14	(4) A "sleep disparity" exists in that poor sleep
15	quality is strongly associated with poverty and race.
16	Factors such as employment, education, and health
17	status, amongst others, significantly mediated this
18	effect only in poor subjects, suggesting a differential
19	vulnerability to these factors in poor relative to
20	nonpoor individuals in the context of sleep quality.
21	(5) African Americans sleep worse than Cauca-
22	sian Americans. African Americans take longer to
23	fall asleep, report poorer sleep quality, have more
24	light and less deep sleep, and nap more often and
25	longer.

- (6) African Americans and individuals in lower socioeconomic status groups may be at an increased risk for sleep disturbances and associated health consequences.
 - (7) Among young African Americans, the likelihood of having sleep disordered breathing and exhibiting risk factors for poor sleep is twice that in young Caucasians. Frequent snoring is more common among African American and Hispanic women and Hispanic men compared to non-Hispanic Caucasians, independent of other factors including obesity.
 - (8) African Americans with sleep-disordered breathing develop symptoms at a younger age than Caucasians but appear less likely to be diagnosed and treated in a timely manner. This delay may at least in part be due to reduced access to care.
 - (9) Sleep loss contributes to increased risk for chronic conditions such as obesity, diabetes, and hypertension, all of which have increased prevalence in underserved, underrepresented minorities. Racial and ethnic disparities related to obesity may also contribute to disparities in health outcomes related to sleep-disordered breathing.

1	(10) Non-Caucasian adults report an insomnia
2	rate of 12.9 percent compared to only 6.6 percent
3	for Caucasians.
4	(11) African-American women have a higher in-
5	cidence of insomnia than African-American men,
6	perhaps related in part to higher risk for chronic
7	persisting symptoms.
8	SEC. 792. SLEEP AND CIRCADIAN RHYTHM DISORDERS RE-
9	SEARCH ACTIVITIES OF THE NATIONAL IN-
10	STITUTES OF HEALTH.
11	(a) In General.—The Director of the National In-
12	stitutes of Health, acting through the Director of the Na-
13	tional Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute, shall—
14	(1) continue to expand research activities ad-
15	dressing sleep health disparities; and
16	(2) continue implementation of the "NIH Sleep
17	Disorders Research Plan' across all institutes and
18	centers of the National Institutes of Health to im-
19	prove treatment and prevention of sleep health dis-
20	parities.
21	(b) Required Research Activities.—In con-
22	ducting or supporting research relating to sleep and circa-
23	dian rhythm, the Director of the National Heart, Lung,
24	and Blood Institute shall—

1	(1) advance epidemiology and clinical research
2	to achieve a more complete understanding of dispari-
3	ties in domains of sleep health and across population
4	subgroups for which cardiovascular and metabolic
5	health disparities exist, including—
6	(A) prevalence and severity of sleep apnea;
7	(B) habitual sleep duration;
8	(C) sleep timing and regularity; and
9	(D) insomnia;
10	(2) develop study designs and analytical ap-
11	proaches to explain and predict multilevel and life-
12	course determinants of sleep health and to elucidate
13	the sleep-related causes of cardiovascular and meta-
14	bolic health disparities across the age spectrum, in-
15	cluding such determinants and causes that are—
16	(A) environmental;
17	(B) biological or genetic;
18	(C) psychosocial;
19	(D) societal;
20	(E) political; or
21	(F) economic;
22	(3) determine the contribution of sleep impair-
23	ments such as sleep apnea, insufficient sleep dura-
24	tion, irregular sleep schedules, and insomnia to un-

- explained disparities in cardiovascular and metabolic
 risk and disease outcomes;
 - (4) develop study designs, data sampling and collection tools, and analytical approaches to optimize understanding of mediating and moderating factors, and feedback mechanisms coupling sleep to cardiovascular and metabolic health disparities;
 - (5) advance research to understand cultural and linguistic barriers (on the person, provider, or system level) to access to care, medical diagnosis, and treatment of sleep disorders in diverse population groups;
 - (6) develop and test multilevel interventions (including sleep health education in diverse communities) to reduce disparities in sleep health that will impact ability to improve disparities in cardiovascular and metabolic risk or disease;
 - (7) create opportunities to integrate sleep and health disparity science by strategically utilizing resources (existing or anticipated cohorts), exchanging scientific data and ideas (cross-over into scientific meetings), and develop multidisciplinary investigator-initiated grant applications; and

1	(8) enhance the diversity and foster career de-
2	velopment of young investigators involved in sleep
3	and health disparities science.
4	(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—To carry
5	out this section, there are authorized to be appropriated
6	such sums as may be necessary for fiscal year 2019 and
7	each subsequent fiscal year.
8	SEC. 793. SLEEP AND CIRCADIAN RHYTHM HEALTH DIS-
9	PARITIES-RELATED ACTIVITIES OF THE CEN-
10	TERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVEN-
11	TION.
12	(a) In General.—The Director of the Centers for
13	Disease Control and Prevention shall conduct, support,
14	and expand public health strategies and prevention, diag-
15	nosis, surveillance, and public and professional awareness
16	activities regarding sleep and circadian rhythm disorders.
17	(b) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds as follows:
18	(1) Sleep disorders and sleep deficiency unre-
19	lated to a primary sleep disorder are underdiagnosed
20	and are increasingly detrimental to health status.
21	(2) The consequences to society include addi-
22	tional diseases, motor vehicle accidents, decreased
23	longevity, elevated direct medical costs, and indirect
24	costs related to work absenteeism and property dam-
25	9.00

1	(c) REQUIRED SURVEILLANCE AND EDUCATION
2	AWARENESS ACTIVITIES.—In conducting or supporting
3	research relating to sleep and circadian rhythm disorders
4	surveillance and education awareness activities, the Direc-
5	tor of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
6	shall—
7	(1) ensure that such activities are culturally
8	and linguistically appropriate to minority patients,
9	targeting sleep and circadian rhythm health pro-
10	motion and prevention programs of each major eth-
11	nic group, including—
12	(A) Native Americans and Alaska Natives;
13	(B) Asian Americans;
14	(C) African Americans/Blacks;
15	(D) Hispanic/Latino-Americans; and
16	(E) Native Hawaiians and Pacific Island-
17	ers;
18	(2) collect and compile national and State sur-
19	veillance data on sleep disorders health disparities;
20	(3) continue to develop and implement new
21	sleep questions in public health surveillance systems
22	to increase public awareness of sleep health and
23	sleep disorders and their impact on health;
24	(4) publish monthly reports highlighting geo-
25	graphic, racial, and ethnic disparities in sleep health.

- 1 as well as relationships between insufficient sleep
- and chronic disease, health risk behaviors, and other
- 3 outcomes as determined necessary by the Director;
- 4 and
- 5 (5) include public awareness campaigns that in-
- 6 form patient populations from major ethnic groups
- 7 about the prevalence of sleep and circadian rhythm
- 8 disorders and emphasize the importance of sleep
- 9 health.
- 10 (d) Authorization of Appropriations.—To carry
- 11 out this section, there are authorized to be appropriated
- 12 such sums as may be necessary for fiscal year 2019 and
- 13 each subsequent fiscal year.
- 14 SEC. 794. GRANTS FOR COMPREHENSIVE SLEEP AND CIR-
- 15 CADIAN HEALTH EDUCATION WITHIN
- 16 HEALTH PROFESSIONS SCHOOLS.
- 17 (a) Program Authorized.—The Secretary of
- 18 Health and Human Services (in this section referred to
- 19 as the "Secretary"), in coordination with the Secretary of
- 20 Education, shall award grants, on a competitive basis, to
- 21 academic health science centers, health professions
- 22 schools, and other institutions of higher education to en-
- 23 able such institutions to provide people with comprehen-
- 24 sive education on sleep and circadian health, particu-
- 25 larly—

1	(1) poor sleep health;
2	(2) sleep disorders;
3	(3) sleep health disparities; and
4	(4) the relationship between sleep and circadian
5	health on metabolic activity, neurological activity,
6	comorbidities, and other diseases.
7	(b) Duration.—Grants awarded under this section
8	shall be for a period of 5 years.
9	(c) Applications.—Any academic health science
10	center, health professions school, or other institutions of
11	higher education seeking a grant under this section shall
12	submit an application to the Secretary at such time, in
13	such manner, and containing such information as the Sec-
14	retary may require.
15	(d) Priority.—In awarding grants under this sec-
16	tion, the Secretary shall give priority to an institution
17	that—
18	(1) has an enrollment of needy students, as de-
19	fined in section 318(b) of the Higher Education Act
20	of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1059e(b));
21	(2) is a Hispanic-serving institution, as defined
22	in section 502(a) of such Act (20 U.S.C. 1101a(a));
23	(3) is a Tribal College or University, as defined
24	in section 316(b) of such Act (20 U.S.C. 1059c(b));

1	(4) is an Alaska Native-serving institution, as
2	defined in section 317(b) of such Act (20 U.S.C.
3	1059d(b));
4	(5) is a Native Hawaiian-serving institution, as
5	defined in section 317(b) of such Act (20 U.S.C.
6	1059d(b));
7	(6) is a Predominately Black Institution, as de-
8	fined in section 318(b) of such Act (20 U.S.C.
9	1059e(b));
10	(7) is a Native American-serving, nontribal in-
11	stitution, as defined in section 319(b) of such Act
12	(20 U.S.C. 1059f(b));
13	(8) is an Asian-American and Native American
14	Pacific Islander-serving institution, as defined in
15	section $320(b)$ of such Act (20 U.S.C. $1059g(b)$); or
16	(9) is a minority institution, as defined in sec-
17	tion 365 of such Act (20 U.S.C. 1067k), with an en-
18	rollment of needy students, as defined in section 312
19	of such Act (20 U.S.C. 1058).
20	(e) Uses of Funds.—An institution of higher edu-
21	cation receiving a grant under this section may use grant
22	funds to integrate issues relating to comprehensive sleep
23	and circadian health into the academic or support sectors
24	of the institution in order to reach a large number of stu-
25	dents, by carrying out 1 or more of the following activities:

- (1) Developing educational content for issues relating to comprehensive sleep and circadian health education that will be incorporated into first-year orientation or core courses.
 - (2) Creating innovative technology-based approaches to deliver sleep health education to students, faculty, and staff.
 - (3) Developing and employing peer-outreach and education programs to generate discussion, educate, and raise awareness among students about issues relating to poor quality sleep, sleep and circadian disorders, and the role sleep health plays in other diseases and comorbidities.

(f) Report to Congress.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for a period of 5 years, the Secretary shall prepare and submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report on the activities to provide health professions students with comprehensive sleep and circadian health education funded under this section.
- (2) Report elements.—The report described in paragraph (1) shall include information about—

1	(A) the number of eligible entities and in-
2	stitutions of higher education that are receiving
3	grant funds;
4	(B) the specific activities supported by
5	grant funds;
6	(C) the number of students served by
7	grant programs; and
8	(D) the status of program evaluations.
9	SEC. 795. REPORT ON IMPACT OF SLEEP AND CIRCADIAN
10	HEALTH DISORDERS IN VULNERABLE AND
11	RACIAL/ETHNIC POPULATIONS.
12	(a) In General.—Not later than 1 year after the
13	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health and
14	Human Services shall submit to the Congress and the
15	President a report on the impact of sleep and circadian
16	health disorders for racial and ethnic minority commu-
17	nities and other vulnerable populations.
18	(b) Contents.—The report under subsection (a)
19	shall include information on the—
20	(1) progress that has been made in reducing
21	the impact of sleep and circadian health disorders in
22	such communities and populations;
23	(2) opportunities that exist to make additional
24	progress in reducing the impact of sleep and circa-

1	dian health disorders in such communities and popu-
2	lations;
3	(3) challenges that may impede such additional
4	progress; and
5	(4) Federal funding necessary to achieve sub-
6	stantial reductions in sleep and circadian health dis-
7	orders in racial and ethnic minority communities.
8	Subtitle K—Sickle Cell Disease Re-
9	search, Surveillance, Preven-
10	tion, and Treatment
11	SEC. 796. SHORT TITLE.
12	This subtitle may be cited as the "Sickle Cell Disease
13	Research, Surveillance, Prevention, and Treatment Act of
14	2018".
15	SEC. 796A. SICKLE CELL DISEASE RESEARCH.
16	Part P of title III of the Public Health Service Act
17	(42 U.S.C. 280g et seq.), as amended, is further amended
18	by adding at the end the following:
19	"SEC. 399V-11. NATIONAL SICKLE CELL DISEASE RE-
20	SEARCH, SURVEILLANCE, PREVENTION, AND
21	TREATMENT PROGRAM.
22	"(a) Research.—The Secretary may conduct or
23	support research to expand the understanding of the cause
24	of, and to find a cure for, sickle cell disease.".

1 SEC. 796B. SICKLE CELL DISEASE SURVEILLANCE.

2	Section 399V-11 of the Public Health Service Act,
3	as added by section 796A, is amended by adding at the
4	end the following:
5	"(b) Surveillance.—
6	"(1) Grants.—The Secretary may, for each
7	fiscal year for which appropriations are available to
8	carry out this subsection, make grants—
9	"(A) to conduct surveillance and maintain
10	data on the prevalence and distribution of sickle
11	cell disease and its associated health outcomes,
12	complications, and treatments;
13	"(B) to conduct public health initiatives
14	with respect to sickle cell disease, including—
15	"(i) increasing efforts to improve ac-
16	cess to, and receipt of, high-quality sickle
17	cell disease-related health care, including
18	the use of treatments approved under sec-
19	tion 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and
20	Cosmetic Act or licensed under section 351
21	of this Act;
22	"(ii) working with partners to improve
23	health outcomes of people with sickle cell
24	disease over their lifespan by promoting
25	guidelines for sickle cell disease screening,
26	prevention, and treatment, including man-

1	agement of sickle cell disease complica-
2	tions;
3	"(iii) providing support to community-
4	based organizations and State and local
5	health departments in conducting sickle
6	cell disease education and training activi-
7	ties for patients, communities, and health
8	care providers; and
9	"(iv) supporting and training State
10	health departments and regional labora-
11	tories in comprehensive testing to identify
12	specific forms of sickle cell disease in peo-
13	ple of all ages; and
14	"(C) to identify and evaluate promising
15	strategies for prevention and treatment of sickle
16	cell disease complications, including through—
17	"(i) improving estimates of the na-
18	tional incidence and prevalence of sickle
19	cell disease, including estimates about the
20	specific types of sickle cell disease;
21	"(ii) identifying health disparities re-
22	lated to sickle cell disease;
23	"(iii) assessing the utilization of
24	therapies and strategies to prevent com-
25	plications related to sickle cell disease; and

1	"(iv) evaluating the impact of genetic,
2	environmental, behavioral, and other risk
3	factors that may affect sickle cell disease
4	health outcomes.
5	"(2) Population included.—The Secretary
6	shall, to the extent practicable, award grants under
7	this subsection to States, academic institutions, or
8	nonprofit organizations across the United States so
9	as to include data on the majority of the United
10	States population with sickle cell disease.
11	"(3) APPLICATION.—To seek a grant under this
12	subsection, a State, academic institution, or non-
13	profit organization shall submit an application to the
14	Secretary at such time, in such manner, and con-
15	taining such information as the Secretary may re-
16	quire.
17	"(4) Definitions.—In this subsection:
18	"(A) Secretary.—The term 'Secretary'
19	means the Secretary of Health and Human
20	Services, acting through the Director of the Na-
21	tional Center on Birth Defects and Develop-
22	mental Disabilities.
23	"(B) STATE.—The term 'State' includes
24	the 50 States, the District of Columbia, the
25	Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United

1	States Virgin Islands, the Commonwealth of the
2	Northern Mariana Islands, American Samoa,
3	Guam, the Federated States of Micronesia, the
4	Republic of the Marshall Islands, and the Re-
5	public of Palau.".
6	SEC. 796C. SICKLE CELL DISEASE PREVENTION AND
7	TREATMENT.
8	(a) Reauthorization.—Section 712(c) of the
9	American Jobs Creation Act of 2004 (Public Law 108–
10	357; 42 U.S.C. 300b–1 note) is amended—
11	(1) by striking "Sickle Cell Disease" each place
12	it appears and inserting "sickle cell disease";
13	(2) in paragraph (1)(A), by striking "grants to
14	up to 40 eligible entities for each fiscal year in which
15	the program is conducted under this section for the
16	purpose of developing and establishing systemic
17	mechanisms to improve the prevention and treat-
18	ment of Sickle Cell Disease" and inserting "grants
19	to up to 25 eligible entities for each fiscal year in
20	which the program is conducted under this section
21	for the purpose of developing and establishing sys-
22	temic mechanisms to improve the prevention and
23	treatment of sickle cell disease in populations with
24	a high density of sickle cell disease patients";
25	(3) in paragraph (1)(B)—

1	(A) by striking clause (ii) (relating to pri-
2	ority); and
3	(B) by striking "Grant Award Require-
4	MENTS" and all that follows through "the ad-
5	ministrator shall" and inserting "Geographic
6	DIVERSITY.—The Administrator shall";
7	(4) in paragraph (2), by adding the following
8	new subparagraph at the end:
9	"(E) To expand, coordinate, and imple-
10	ment transition services for adolescents with
11	sickle cell disease making the transition to adult
12	health care."; and
13	(5) in paragraph (6), by striking "\$10,000,000
14	for each of fiscal years 2005 through 2009" and in-
15	serting "\$4,455,000 for each of fiscal years 2019
16	through 2023".
17	(b) Technical Changes.—Subsection (c) of section
18	712 of the American Jobs Creation Act of 2004 (Public
19	Law $108-357$; 42 U.S.C. $300b-1$ note), as amended by
20	subsection (a), is—
21	(1) transferred to the Public Health Service Act
22	(42 U.S.C. 201 et seq.); and
23	(2) inserted at the end of section 399V-11 of
24	such Act, as added and amended by sections 796A
25	and 796B.

1	SEC. 796D. COLLABORATION WITH COMMUNITY-BASED EN-
2	TITIES.
3	Section 399V-11 of the Public Health Service Act,
4	as amended by section 796C, is further amended by add-
5	ing at the end the following:
6	"(d) Collaboration With Community-Based En-
7	TITIES.—To be eligible to receive a grant or other assist-
8	ance under subsection (b) or (c), an entity must have in
9	effect a collaborative agreement with a community-based
10	organization with 5 or more years of experience in pro-
11	viding services to sickle cell disease patients.".
12	TITLE VIII—HEALTH
13	INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY
14	SEC. 800. DEFINITIONS.
15	In this title:
16	(1) CERTIFIED ELECTRONIC HEALTH RECORD
17	TECHNOLOGY.—The term "Certified Electronic
18	Health Record Technology" has the meaning given
19	to that term in section 3000 of the Public Health
20	Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300jj).
21	(2) EHR.—The term "EHR" means an elec-

1	Subtitle A—Reducing Health
2	Disparities Through Health IT
3	SEC. 801. HRSA ASSISTANCE TO HEALTH CENTERS FOR
4	PROMOTION OF HEALTH IT.
5	The Secretary of Health and Human Services, acting
6	through the Administrator of the Health Resources and
7	Services Administration, shall expand and intensify the
8	programs and activities of the Administration (directly or
9	through grants or contracts) to provide technical assist-
10	ance and resources to health centers (as defined in section
11	330(a) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C.
12	254b(a)) to adopt and meaningfully use Certified Elec-
13	tronic Health Record Technology for the management of
14	chronic diseases and health conditions and reduction of
15	health disparities.
16	SEC. 802. ASSESSMENT OF IMPACT OF HEALTH IT ON RA-
17	CIAL AND ETHNIC MINORITY COMMUNITIES;
18	OUTREACH AND ADOPTION OF HEALTH IT IN
19	SUCH COMMUNITIES.
20	(a) National Coordinator for Health Infor-
21	MATION TECHNOLOGY.—
22	(1) In General.—The National Coordinator
23	for Health Information Technology shall conduct an
24	evaluation of the level of use and accessibility of
25	electronic health records in racial and ethnic minor-

- ity communities focusing on whether patients in those communities have providers with electronic health records, stratified by providers participating in Medicare and Medicaid programs, and whether such providers have received EHR incentive pay-ments under the HITECH Act, and by providers participating in the Merit-Based Incentive Payment System (MIPS) under the Quality Payment Pro-gram (QPP) established by the Medicare Access and CHIP Reauthorization Act of 2015 (MACRA).
 - (2) Content.—In conducting the evaluation under paragraph (1), the National Coordinator shall publish the results of a study regarding the 100,000 providers recruited by the Regional Extension Center established under section 3012 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300jj–32), including the race and ethnicity of such providers and the populations served by such providers, with the populations stratified by providers participating in Medicare and Medicaid programs, and whether such providers have received EHR incentive payments under the HITECH Act, and by providers participating in the MIPS.
- 24 (b) National Center for Health Statistics.—
- 25 As soon as practicable after the date of enactment of this

- 1 Act, the Director of the National Center for Health Statis-
- 2 tics shall provide to Congress a more detailed analysis of
- 3 the data presented in NCHS Data Brief No. 236, Adop-
- 4 tion of Certified Electronic Health Record Systems and
- 5 Electronic Information Sharing in Physician Offices:
- 6 United States, 2013 and 2014 the Data Brief 79.
- 7 (c) Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Serv-
- 8 ICES.—
- 9 (1) In general.—As part of the process of
- 10 collecting information, with respect to a provider, at
- 11 registration and attestation for purposes of the
- Medicare and Medicaid Electronic Health Records
- 13 Incentive Programs and MIPS, the Secretary of
- 14 Health and Human Services shall collect the race
- and ethnicity of such provider.
- 16 (2) Medicare and medicaid electronic
- 17 HEALTH RECORDS INCENTIVE PROGRAMS DE-
- 18 FINED.—For purposes of paragraph (1), the term
- 19 "Medicare and Medicaid Electronic Health Records
- 20 Incentive Programs" means the incentive programs
- under section 1814(1)(3), subsections (a)(7) and (o)
- of section 1848, subsections (l) and (m) of section
- 1853, subsections (b)(3)(B)(ix)(I) and (n) of section
- 24 1886, and subsections (a)(3)(F) and (t) of section
- 25 1903 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.

- 1 1395f(1)(3), 1395w-4, 1395w-23, 1395ww, and
- 2 1396b).
- 3 (d) National Coordinator's Assessment of Im-
- 4 PACT OF HIT.—Section 3001(c)(6)(C) of the Public
- 5 Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300jj-11(c)(6)(C)) is
- 6 amended—
- 7 (1) in the heading by inserting ", RACIAL AND
- 8 ETHNIC MINORITY COMMUNITIES," after "HEALTH
- 9 DISPARITIES";
- 10 (2) by inserting ", in communities with a high
- proportion of individuals from racial and ethnic mi-
- nority groups (as defined in section 1707(g)), in-
- cluding people with disabilities in these groups,"
- after "communities with health disparities"; and
- 15 (3) by adding at the end the following new sen-
- tence: "In any publication under the previous sen-
- tence, the National Coordinator shall include best
- practices for encouraging partnerships between the
- 19 Federal Government, States, and private entities to
- 20 expand outreach for and the adoption of certified
- 21 EHR technology in communities with a high propor-
- 22 tion of individuals from racial and ethnic minority
- groups (as so defined), while also maintaining the
- accessibility requirements of section 508 of the Re-
- habilitation Act to encourage patient involvement in

1	patient health care. The National Coordinator
2	shall—
3	"(i) not later than 6 months after the
4	submission to the Congress of the report
5	required by section 822 of the Health Eq-
6	uity and Accountability Act of 2018, estab-
7	lish criteria for evaluating the impact of
8	health information technology on commu-
9	nities with a high proportion of individuals
10	from racial and ethnic minority groups (as
11	so defined) taking into account the find-
12	ings in such report; and
13	"(ii) not later than 12 months after
14	the submission to the Congress of such re-
15	ports, conduct and publish the results of
16	an evaluation of such impact.".
17	Subtitle B—Modifications To
18	Achieve Parity in Existing Pro-
19	grams
20	SEC. 811. EXTENDING FUNDING TO STRENGTHEN THE
21	HEALTH IT INFRASTRUCTURE IN RACIAL
22	AND ETHNIC MINORITY COMMUNITIES.
23	Section 3011 of the Public Health Service Act (42
24	U.S.C. 300jj-31) is amended—

1	(1) in subsection (a), by adding at the end the
2	following new paragraph:
3	"(8) Activities described in the previous para-
4	graphs of this subsection with respect to commu-
5	nities with a high proportion of individuals from ra-
6	cial and ethnic minority groups (as defined in sec-
7	tion 1707(g))."; and
8	(2) by adding at the end the following new sub-
9	section:
10	"(e) Annual Report on Expenditures.—The
11	National Coordinator shall report annually to the Con-
12	gress on activities and expenditures under this section.".
13	SEC. 812. EXTENDING COMPETITIVE GRANTS FOR THE DE-
14	VELOPMENT OF LOAN PROGRAMS TO FACILI-
15	TATE ADOPTION OF CERTIFIED ELECTRONIC
16	HEALTH RECORD TECHNOLOGY BY PRO-
17	VIDERS SERVING RACIAL AND ETHNIC MI-
18	NORITY GROUPS.
19	Section 3014(e) of the Public Health Service Act (42
20	U.S.C. 300jj-34(e)) is amended—
21	(1) in paragraph (3), by striking at the end
22	"or";
23	(2) in paragraph (4), by striking the period at
24	the end and inserting ": or": and

1	(3) by adding at the end the following new
2	paragraph:
3	"(5) carry out any of the activities described in
4	a previous paragraph of this subsection with respect
5	to communities with a high proportion of individuals
6	from racial and ethnic minority groups (as defined
7	in section $1707(g)$).".
8	SEC. 813. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
9	Section 3018 of the Public Health Service Act (42
10	U.S.C. 300jj-38) is amended by striking "fiscal years
11	2009 through 2013" and inserting "fiscal years 2019
12	through 2024".
13	Subtitle C—Additional Research
14	and Studies
15	SEC. 821. DATA COLLECTION AND ASSESSMENTS CON-
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10	DUCTED IN COORDINATION WITH MINORITY-
17	DUCTED IN COORDINATION WITH MINORITY- SERVING INSTITUTIONS.
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17 18	SERVING INSTITUTIONS.
17 18 19	Section 3001(c)(6) of the Public Health Service Act
17 18 19	SERVING INSTITUTIONS. Section 3001(c)(6) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300jj-11(c)(6)) is amended by adding at the
17 18 19 20	Section 3001(c)(6) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300jj-11(c)(6)) is amended by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
17 18 19 20 21	Section 3001(c)(6) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300jj-11(c)(6)) is amended by adding at the end the following new subparagraph: "(F) Data Collection and Assess-
17 18 19 20 21 22	Section 3001(c)(6) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300jj-11(c)(6)) is amended by adding at the end the following new subparagraph: "(F) Data Collection and Assess- Ments Conducted in Coordination with

1	nities with a high proportion of individuals
2	from racial and ethnic minority groups (as
3	defined in section 1707(g)), the National
4	Coordinator shall, to the greatest extent
5	possible, coordinate with an entity de-
6	scribed in clause (ii).
7	"(ii) Minority-serving institu-
8	TIONS.—For purposes of clause (i), an en-
9	tity described in this clause is a historically
10	Black college or university, a Hispanic-
11	serving institution, a Tribal college or uni-
12	versity, or an Asian-American-, Native
13	American-, Pacific Islander-serving institu-
14	tion with an accredited public health,
15	health policy, or health services research
16	program.".
17	SEC. 822. STUDY OF HEALTH INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY
18	IN MEDICALLY UNDERSERVED COMMU-
19	NITIES.
20	(a) In General.—Not later than 24 months after
21	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health
22	and Human Services shall—
23	(1) enter into an agreement with the National
24	Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine to
25	conduct a study on the development, implementa-

1	tion, and effectiveness of health information tech-
2	nology within medically underserved areas (as de-
3	scribed in subsection (c)); and
4	(2) submit a report to Congress describing the
5	results of such study, including any recommenda-
6	tions for legislative or administrative action.
7	(b) Study.—The study described in subsection
8	(a)(1) shall—
9	(1) identify barriers to successful implementa-
10	tion of health information technology in medically
11	underserved areas;
12	(2) examine the impact of health information
13	technology on providing quality care and reducing
14	the cost of care to individuals in such areas, includ-
15	ing the impact of such technology on improved
16	health outcomes for individuals, including which
17	technology worked for which population and how it
18	improved health outcomes for that population;
19	(3) examine the impact of health information

- (3) examine the impact of health information technology on improving health care-related decisions by both patients and providers in such areas;
- (4) identify specific best practices for using health information technology to foster the consistent provision of physical accessibility and reason-

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- able policy accommodations in health care to individuals with disabilities in such areas;
 - (5) assess the feasibility and costs associated with the use of health information technology in such areas;
 - (6) evaluate whether the adoption and use of qualified electronic health records (as described in section 3000(13) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300jj(13)) is effective in reducing health disparities, including analysis of clinical quality measures reported by Medicare and Medicaid providers pursuant to programs to encourage the adoption and use of Certified Electronic Health Record Technology;
 - (7) identify providers in medically underserved areas that are not electing to adopt and use electronic health records and determine what barriers are preventing those providers from adopting and using such records; and
 - (8) examine urban and rural community health systems and determine the impact that health information technology may have on the capacity of primary health providers in those systems.
- 24 (c) Medically Underserved Area.—The term 25 "medically underserved area" means—

1	(1) a population that has been designated as a
2	medically underserved population under section
3	330(b)(3) of the Public Health Service Act (42
4	U.S.C. 254b(b)(3));
5	(2) an area that has been designated as a
6	health professional shortage area under section 332
7	of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 254e);
8	(3) an area or population that has been des-
9	ignated as a medically underserved community under
10	section 799B(6) of the Public Health Service Act
11	(42 U.S.C. 295p(6)); or
12	(4) an area or population that—
13	(A) is not described in paragraphs (1)
14	through (3) of this subsection;
15	(B) experiences significant barriers to ac-
16	cessing quality health services; and
17	(C) has a high prevalence of diseases or
18	conditions described in title VII of this Act,
19	with such diseases or conditions having a dis-
20	proportionate impact on racial and ethnic mi-
21	nority groups (as defined in section 1707(g) of
22	the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C.
23	300u-6(g))) or a subgroup of people with dis-
24	abilities who have specific functional impair-
25	ments.

1	Subtitle D—Closing Gaps in
2	Funding To Adopt Certified EHRs
3	SEC. 831. EXTENDING MEDICAID EHR INCENTIVE PAY-
4	MENTS TO REHABILITATION FACILITIES,
5	LONG-TERM CARE FACILITIES, AND HOME
6	HEALTH AGENCIES.
7	Section 1903(t)(2)(B) of the Social Security Act (42
8	U.S.C. 1396b(t)(2)(B)) is amended—
9	(1) in clause (i), by striking ", or" and insert-
10	ing a semicolon;
11	(2) in clause (ii), by striking the period at the
12	end and inserting a semicolon; and
13	(3) by inserting after clause (ii) the following
14	new clauses:
15	"(iii) a rehabilitation facility (as defined in sec-
16	tion 1886(j)(1)) that furnishes acute or subacute re-
17	habilitation services;
18	"(iv) a long-term care hospital (as defined in
19	section $1886(d)(1)(B)(iv)(I))$; or
20	"(v) a home health agency (as defined in sec-
21	tion 1861(o)).".

1	SEC. 832. EXTENDING PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT ELIGIBILITY
2	FOR MEDICAID ELECTRONIC HEALTH
3	RECORD INCENTIVE PAYMENTS.
4	(a) In General.—Section $1903(t)(3)(B)(v)$ of the
5	Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. $1396b(t)(3)(B)(v)$) is
6	amended to read as follows:
7	"(v) physician assistant.".
8	(b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by
9	subsection (a) shall apply with respect to amounts ex-
10	pended under section $1903(a)(3)(F)$ of the Social Security
11	Act (42 U.S.C. $1396b(a)(3)(F)$) for calendar quarters be-
12	ginning on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.
13	TITLE IX—ACCOUNTABILITY
14	AND EVALUATION
15	SEC. 901. PROHIBITION ON DISCRIMINATION IN FEDERAL
16	ASSISTED HEALTH CARE SERVICES AND RE-
17	SEARCH PROGRAMS ON THE BASIS OF SEX,
18	RACE, COLOR, NATIONAL ORIGIN, MARITAL
19	STATUS, FAMILIAL STATUS, SEXUAL ORI-
20	ENTATION, GENDER IDENTITY, OR DIS-
21	ABILITY STATUS.
22	(a) In General.—No person in the United States
23	shall, on the basis of sex, race, color, national origin, mar-
24	ital status, familial status, sexual orientation, gender iden-
25	tity, or disability status, be excluded from participation
26	in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimina-

1	tion under any health program or activity, including any
2	health research program or activity, receiving Federal fi-
3	nancial assistance.
4	(b) Definition.—In this section, the term "familial
5	status" means, with respect to one or more individuals—
6	(1) being domiciled with any individual related
7	by blood or affinity whose close association with the
8	individual is the equivalent of a family relationship;
9	(2) being in the process of securing legal cus-
10	tody of any individual; or
11	(3) being pregnant.
12	SEC. 902. TREATMENT OF MEDICARE PAYMENTS UNDER
12 13	SEC. 902. TREATMENT OF MEDICARE PAYMENTS UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964.
13	TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964.
13 14	A payment to a provider of services, physician, or
13 14 15	A payment to a provider of services, physician, or other supplier under part B, C, or D of title XVIII of
13 14 15 16 17	A payment to a provider of services, physician, or other supplier under part B, C, or D of title XVIII of the Social Security Act shall be deemed a grant, and not
13 14 15 16 17	A payment to a provider of services, physician, or other supplier under part B, C, or D of title XVIII of the Social Security Act shall be deemed a grant, and not a contract of insurance or guaranty, for the purposes of
13 14 15 16 17	A payment to a provider of services, physician, or other supplier under part B, C, or D of title XVIII of the Social Security Act shall be deemed a grant, and not a contract of insurance or guaranty, for the purposes of title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964.
13 14 15 16 17 18	A payment to a provider of services, physician, or other supplier under part B, C, or D of title XVIII of the Social Security Act shall be deemed a grant, and not a contract of insurance or guaranty, for the purposes of title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964. SEC. 903. ACCOUNTABILITY AND TRANSPARENCY WITHIN

23 amended by titles I, II, and III of this Act, is further

24 amended by inserting after subtitle B the following:

"Subtitle C—Strengthening Accountability

3 "SEC. 3441. ELEVATION OF THE OFFICE OF CIVIL RIGHTS.

- 4 "(a) In General.—The Secretary shall establish
- 5 within the Office for Civil Rights an Office of Health Dis-
- 6 parities, which shall be headed by a director to be ap-
- 7 pointed by the Secretary.

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- 8 "(b) Purpose.—The Office of Health Disparities
- 9 shall ensure that the health programs, activities, and oper-
- 10 ations of health entities which receive Federal financial as-
- 11 sistance are in compliance with title VI of the Civil Rights
- 12 Act, which prohibits discrimination on the basis of race,
- 13 color, or national origin. The activities of the Office shall
- 14 include the following:
- 15 "(1) The development and implementation of
- an action plan to address racial and ethnic health
- care disparities, which shall address concerns relat-
- ing to the Office for Civil Rights as released by the
- 19 United States Commission on Civil Rights in the re-
- 20 port entitled 'Health Care Challenge: Acknowledging
- 21 Disparity, Confronting Discrimination, and Ensur-
- ing Equity' (September 1999) in conjunction with
- 23 the reports by the Institute of Medicine entitled 'Un-
- 24 equal Treatment: Confronting Racial and Ethnic
- 25 Disparities in Health Care', 'Crossing the Quality

- 1 Chasm: A New Health System for the 21st Cen-2 tury', 'In the Nation's Compelling Interest: Ensur-3 ing Diversity in the Health Care Workforce', 'The National Partnership for Action to End Health Dis-4 5 parities', and 'The Health of Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, 6 and Transgender People', and other related reports by the Institute of Medicine. This plan shall be pub-7 8 licly disclosed for review and comment and the final 9 plan shall address any comments or concerns that 10 are received by the Office.
 - "(2) Investigative and enforcement actions against intentional discrimination and policies and practices that have a disparate impact on minorities.
 - "(3) The review of racial, ethnic, gender identity, sexual orientation, sex, disability status, socioeconomic status, and primary language health data collected by Federal health agencies to assess health care disparities related to intentional discrimination and policies and practices that have a disparate impact on minorities.
 - "(4) Outreach and education activities relating to compliance with title VI of the Civil Rights Act.
 - "(5) The provision of technical assistance for health entities to facilitate compliance with title VI of the Civil Rights Act.

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1	"(6) Coordination and oversight of activities of
2	the civil rights compliance offices established under
3	section 3442.
4	"(7) Ensuring—
5	"(A) at a minimum, compliance with the
6	1997 Office of Management and Budget Stand-
7	ards for Maintaining, Collecting, and Pre-
8	senting Federal Data on Race and Ethnicity;
9	and
10	"(B) consideration of available data and
11	language standards such as—
12	"(i) the standards for collecting and
13	reporting data under section 3101; and
14	"(ii) the National Standards on Cul-
15	turally and Linguistically Appropriate
16	Services of the Office of Minority Health
17	within the Department of Health and
18	Human Services.
19	"(c) Funding and Staff.—The Secretary shall en-
20	sure the effectiveness of the Office of Health Disparities
21	by ensuring that the Office is provided with—
22	"(1) adequate funding to enable the Office to
23	carry out its duties under this section; and
24	"(2) staff with expertise in—
25	"(A) epidemiology;

1	"(B) statistics;
2	"(C) health quality assurance;
3	"(D) minority health and health dispari-
4	ties;
5	"(E) cultural and linguistic competency;
6	"(F) civil rights; and
7	"(G) social, behavioral, and economic de-
8	terminants of health.
9	"(d) Report.—Not later than December 31, 2019,
10	and annually thereafter, the Secretary, in collaboration
11	with the Director of the Office for Civil Rights and the
12	Deputy Assistant Secretary for Minority Health, shall
13	submit a report to the Committee on Health, Education,
14	Labor, and Pensions of the Senate and the Committee on
15	Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives
16	that includes—
17	"(1) the number of cases filed, broken down by
18	category;
19	"(2) the number of cases investigated and
20	closed by the office;
21	"(3) the outcomes of cases investigated;
22	"(4) the staffing levels of the office including
23	staff credentials;

1	"(5) the number of other lingering and emerg-
2	ing cases in which civil rights inequities can be dem-
3	onstrated; and
4	"(6) the number of cases remaining open and
5	an explanation for their open status.
6	"(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
7	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
8	such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years
9	2019 through 2024.
10	"SEC. 3442. ESTABLISHMENT OF HEALTH PROGRAM OF-
11	FICES FOR CIVIL RIGHTS WITHIN FEDERAL
12	HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES AGENCIES.
13	"(a) In General.—The Secretary shall establish
14	civil rights compliance offices in each agency within the
15	Department of Health and Human Services that admin-
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	isters health programs.
17	isters health programs. "(b) PURPOSE OF OFFICES.—Each office established
17 18	•
	"(b) Purpose of Offices.—Each office established
18	"(b) Purpose of Offices.—Each office established under subsection (a) shall ensure that recipients of Fed-
18 19	"(b) Purpose of Offices.—Each office established under subsection (a) shall ensure that recipients of Federal financial assistance under Federal health programs
18 19 20	"(b) Purpose of Offices.—Each office established under subsection (a) shall ensure that recipients of Federal financial assistance under Federal health programs administer their programs, services, and activities in a
18 19 20 21	"(b) Purpose of Offices.—Each office established under subsection (a) shall ensure that recipients of Federal financial assistance under Federal health programs administer their programs, services, and activities in a manner that—
18 19 20 21 22	"(b) Purpose of Offices.—Each office established under subsection (a) shall ensure that recipients of Federal financial assistance under Federal health programs administer their programs, services, and activities in a manner that— "(1) does not discriminate, either intentionally

- "(2) promotes the reduction and elimination of disparities in health and health care based on race, national origin, language, ethnicity, sex, age, disability, sexual orientation, and gender identity.
- 5 "(c) POWERS AND DUTIES.—The offices established 6 in subsection (a) shall have the following powers and du-7 ties:
 - "(1) The establishment of compliance and program participation standards for recipients of Federal financial assistance under each program administered by an agency within the Department of Health and Human Services including the establishment of disparity reduction standards to encompass disparities in health and health care related to race, national origin, language, ethnicity, sex, age, disability, sexual orientation, and gender identity.
 - "(2) The development and implementation of program-specific guidelines that interpret and apply Department of Health and Human Services guidance under title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and section 1557 of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act to each Federal health program administered by the agency.
 - "(3) The development of a disparity-reduction impact analysis methodology that shall be applied to

1	every rule issued by the agency and published as
2	part of the formal rulemaking process under sections
3	555, 556, and 557 of title 5, United States Code.
4	"(4) Oversight of data collection, analysis, and
5	publication requirements for all recipients of Federal
6	financial assistance under each Federal health pro-
7	gram administered by the agency; compliance with
8	at a minimum, the 1997 Office of Management and
9	Budget Standards for Maintaining, Collecting, and
10	Presenting Federal Data on Race and Ethnicity; and
11	consideration of available data and language stand-
12	ards such as—
13	"(A) the standards for collecting and re-
14	porting data under section 3101; and
15	"(B) the National Standards on Culturally
16	and Linguistically Appropriate Services of the
17	Office of Minority Health within the Depart-
18	ment of Health and Human Services.
19	"(5) The conduct of publicly available studies
20	regarding discrimination within Federal health pro-
21	grams administered by the agency as well as dis-
22	parity reduction initiatives by recipients of Federal
23	financial assistance under Federal health programs
24	"(6) Annual reports to the Committee or

Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions and the

1	Committ	ee on F	inance of	the	Senate	and	the	Com-
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- 2 mittee on Energy and Commerce and the Committee
- on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives
- 4 on the progress in reducing disparities in health and
- 5 health care through the Federal programs adminis-
- 6 tered by the agency.
- 7 "(d) Relationship to Office for Civil Rights
- 8 IN THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.—
- 9 "(1) Department of Health and Human
- 10 SERVICES.—The Office for Civil Rights in the De-
- partment of Health and Human Services shall pro-
- vide standard-setting and compliance review inves-
- tigation support services to the Civil Rights Compli-
- ance Office for each agency.
- 15 "(2) Department of Justice.—The Office
- for Civil Rights in the Department of Justice shall
- 17 continue to maintain the power to institute formal
- proceedings when an agency Office for Civil Rights
- determines that a recipient of Federal financial as-
- sistance is not in compliance with the disparity re-
- 21 duction standards of the agency.
- 22 "(e) Definition.—In this section, the term 'Federal
- 23 health programs' mean programs—

1	"(1) under the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
2	301 et seq.) that pay for health care and services;
3	and
4	"(2) under this Act that provide Federal finan-
5	cial assistance for health care, biomedical research,
6	health services research, and programs designed to
7	improve the public's health, including health service
8	programs.".
9	SEC. 904. UNITED STATES COMMISSION ON CIVIL RIGHTS.
10	(a) Coordination Within Department of Jus-
11	TICE OF ACTIVITIES REGARDING HEALTH DISPARI-
12	TIES.—Section 3(a) of the Civil Rights Commission Act
13	of 1983 (42 U.S.C. 1975a(a)) is amended—
14	(1) in paragraph (1), by striking "and" at the
15	end;
16	(2) in paragraph (2), by striking the period at
17	the end and inserting "; and; and
18	(3) by adding at the end the following:
19	"(3) shall, with respect to activities carried out
20	in health care and correctional facilities toward the
21	goal of eliminating health disparities between the
22	general population and members of racial or ethnic
23	minority groups, coordinate such activities of—
24	"(A) the Office for Civil Rights within the
25	Department of Justice;

1	"(B) the Office of Justice Programs within
2	the Department of Justice;
3	"(C) the Office for Civil Rights within the
4	Department of Health and Human Services;
5	and
6	"(D) the Office of Minority Health within
7	the Department of Health and Human Services
8	(headed by the Deputy Assistant Secretary for
9	Minority Health).".
10	(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—Section
11	5 of the Civil Rights Commission Act of 1983 (42 U.S.C.
12	1975c) is amended by striking the first sentence and in-
13	serting the following: "For the purpose of carrying out
14	this Act, there are authorized to be appropriated
15	\$30,000,000 for fiscal year 2019, and such sums as may
16	be necessary for each of the fiscal years 2020 through
17	2024.".
18	SEC. 905. SENSE OF CONGRESS CONCERNING FULL FUND-
19	ING OF ACTIVITIES TO ELIMINATE RACIAL
20	AND ETHNIC HEALTH DISPARITIES.
21	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
22	ings:
23	(1) The health status of the American populace
24	is declining and the United States currently ranks

- below most industrialized nations in health status
 measured by longevity, sickness, and mortality.
 - (2) Racial and ethnic minority populations tend have the poorest health status and face substantial cultural, social, and economic barriers to obtaining quality health care.
 - (3) Lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer, and questioning (LGBTQ) populations experience significant personal and structural barriers to obtaining high-quality health care.
 - (4) Efforts to improve minority health have been limited by inadequate resources (funding, staffing, and stewardship) and lack of accountability.
- (b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Congress that—
 - (1) health disparities negatively impact outcomes for health and human security of the Nation;
 - (2) reducing racial, ethnic, sexual, and gender disparities in prevention and treatment are unique civil and human rights challenges and as such Federal agencies and health care entities and systems receiving Federal funds must be accountable for their role in causing disparities and inequity;
 - (3) funding should be doubled by fiscal year 2020 for the National Institute for Minority Health

- Disparities, the Office of Civil Rights in the Department of Health and Human Services, the National Institute of Nursing Research, and the Office of Minority Health;
 - (4) adequate funding by fiscal year 2020, and subsequent funding increases, should be provided for health and human service professions training programs, the Racial and Ethnic Approaches to Community Health (REACH) Initiative at the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the Minority HIV/AIDS Initiative, and the Excellence Centers to Eliminate Ethnic/Racial Disparities (EXCEED) Program at the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality;
 - (5) funding should be fully restored to the Racial and Ethnic Approaches to Community Health (REACH) Initiative at the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, which has been a successful program at the community health level, and efforts should continue to place a strong emphasis on building community capacity to secure financial resources and technical assistance to eliminate health disparities;
 - (6) adequate funding for fiscal year 2020 and increased funding for future years should be pro-

1	vided for the REACH Initiative's United States Risk
2	Factor Survey to ensure adequate data collection to
3	track health disparities, and there should be appro-
4	priate avenues provided to disseminate findings to
5	the general public;
6	(7) current and newly created health disparity
7	elimination incentives, programs, agencies, and de-
8	partments under this Act (and the amendments
9	made by this Act) should receive adequate staffing
10	and funding by fiscal year 2020; and
11	(8) stewardship and accountability should be
12	provided to the Congress and the President for
13	measurable and sustainable progress toward health
14	disparity elimination.
15	SEC. 906. GAO AND NIH REPORTS.
16	(a) GAO REPORT ON NIH GRANT RACIAL AND ETH-
17	NIC DIVERSITY.—
18	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Comptroller General of
19	the United States shall conduct a study on the racial
20	and ethnic diversity among the following groups:
21	(A) All applicants for grants, contracts,
22	and cooperative agreements awarded by the Na-
23	tional Institutes of Health during the period be-
24	ginning on January 1, 2006, and ending De-
25	cember 31, 2017.

1	(B) All recipients of such grants, con-
2	tracts, and cooperative agreements.
3	(C) All members of the peer review panels
4	of such applicants and recipients, respectively.
5	(2) Report.—Not later than six months after
6	the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comp-
7	troller General shall complete the study under para-
8	graph (1) and submit to Congress a report con-
9	taining the results of such study.
10	(b) NIH REPORT ON CERTAIN AUTHORITY OF NA-
11	TIONAL INSTITUTE ON MINORITY HEALTH AND HEALTH
12	DISPARITIES.—Not later than six months after the date
13	of the enactment of this Act, and biennially thereafter, the
14	Director of the National Institutes of Health, in collabora-
15	tion with the Director of the National Institute on Minor-
16	ity Health and Health Disparities, shall submit to Con-
17	gress a report that details and evaluates—
18	(1) the steps taken during the applicable report
19	period by the Director of the National Institutes of
20	Health to enforce the expanded planning, coordina-
21	tion, review, and evaluation authority provided the
22	National Institute on Minority Health and Health
23	Disparities under section 464z-3(h) of the Public
24	Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 285(h)), as added by
25	section 10334(c) of the Patient Protection and Af-

- 1 fordable Care Act, over all minority health and
- 2 health disparity research that is conducted or sup-
- 3 ported by the Institutes and Centers at the National
- 4 Institutes of Health; and
- 5 (2) the outcomes of such steps.
- 6 (c) GAO REPORT RELATED TO RECIPIENTS OF
- 7 PPACA FUNDING.—Not later than one year after the
- 8 date of the enactment of this Act and biennially thereafter
- 9 until 2022, the Comptroller General of the United States
- 10 shall submit to Congress a report that identifies—
- 11 (1) the racial and ethnic diversity of commu-
- 12 nity-based organizations that applied for Federal en-
- rollment funding provided pursuant to the provisions
- of (and amendments made by) the Patient Protec-
- tion and Affordable Care Act;
- 16 (2) the percentage of such organizations that
- were awarded such funding; and
- 18 (3) the impact of such community-based organi-
- 29 zations' enrollment efforts on the insurance status of
- their communities.
- 21 (d) Annual Report on Activities of National
- 22 Institute on Minority Health and Health Dis-
- 23 Parities.—The Director of the National Institute on Mi-
- 24 nority Health and Health Disparities shall prepare an an-
- 25 nual report on the activities carried out or to be carried

1	out by the Institute, and shall submit each such report
2	to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pen-
3	sions of the Senate, the Committee on Energy and Com-
4	merce of the House of Representatives, the Secretary of
5	Health and Human Services, and the Director of the Na-
6	tional Institutes of Health. With respect to the fiscal year
7	involved, the report shall—
8	(1) describe and evaluate the progress made in
9	health disparities research conducted or supported
10	by institutes and centers of the National Institutes
11	of Health;
12	(2) summarize and analyze expenditures made
13	for activities with respect to health disparities re-
14	search conducted or supported by the National Insti-
15	tutes of Health;
16	(3) include a separate statement applying the
17	requirements of paragraphs (1) and (2) specifically
18	to minority health disparities research; and

(4) contain such recommendations as thetor of the Institute considers appropriate.

1	TITLE X—ADDRESSING SOCIAL
2	DETERMINANTS AND IM-
3	PROVING ENVIRONMENTAL
4	JUSTICE
5	Subtitle A—In General
6	SEC. 1001. DEFINITIONS.
7	(a) Determinants of Health.—The term "deter-
8	minants of health"—
9	(1) refers to the range of personal, social, eco-
10	nomic, and environmental factors that influence
11	health status; and
12	(2) includes social determinants of health
13	(which are sometimes referred to as "social and eco-
14	nomic determinants of health" or "socioeconomic de-
15	terminants of health"), environmental determinants
16	of health, and personal determinants of health.
17	(b) Environmental Determinants of
18	Health.—The term "environmental determinants of
19	health" refers to the broad physical, psychological, social,
20	and aesthetic environment.
21	(c) Personal Determinants of Health.—The
22	term "personal determinants of health" refers to an indi-
23	vidual's behavior, biology, and genetics.
24	(d) Social Determinants of Health.—The term
25	"social determinants of health" refers to a subset of deter-

- 1 minants of the health of individuals and environments
- 2 (such as communities, neighborhoods, and societies) that
- 3 describe people's social identity, describe the social and
- 4 economic resources to which people have access, and de-
- 5 scribe the conditions in which people work, live, and play.

6 SEC. 1002. FINDINGS.

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- 7 The Congress finds as follows:
- 8 (1) There are more opportunities to improve 9 health for everyone when we understand that health 10 starts, first, not in a medical setting, but in our 11 families, in our schools and workplaces, in our 12 neighborhoods, and in the air we breathe and water 13 we drink.
 - (2) The social determinants of health are the largest predictors of health outcomes.
 - (3) Healthy People 2020 identifies health and health care quality as a function of not only access to health care, but also the social determinants of health, categorized into the following: neighborhoods and the built environment; social and community context; education; and economic stability. The following examples illustrate the nexus between the unequal distribution of the social determinants of health and health disparities:

- (A) The built environment influences residents' level of physical activity. Neighborhoods with high levels of poverty are significantly less likely to have places where children can be physically active, such as parks, green spaces, and bike paths and lanes. Neighborhoods and communities can provide opportunities for physical activity and support active lifestyles through accessible and safe parks and open spaces and through land use policy, zoning, and healthy community design.
 - (B) Emotional and physical health and well-being are directly impacted by perceived levels of safety, such as unlit streets at night. Community members have expressed that safety is not only a barrier to accessing programs and services that increase quality of life but they are also not able to access physical activity in their community through the built environment.
 - (C) In many workplace environments, toxic chemicals have lasting detrimental effects on employees' health. The hazardous compounds found in most nail salon products affect the respiratory system, reproductive system, and central nervous system, and also cause kidney

and liver damage. Recognizing the importance of addressing occupational hazards as a matter of public health, especially for Asian-American women who constitute 40 percent of nail salon technicians—with Vietnamese-American women accounting for 37 percent of this—the White House Initiative on Asian American Pacific Islanders has created an interagency working group to coordinate efforts by the Environmental Protection Agency, Occupational and Safety Health Administration, Food and Drug Administration, and other Federal agencies to create programming, draft regulations, and conduct more outreach on educating workers on health and safety issues.

(D) Historical and institutional discrimination against certain racial groups in the United States has shaped the way in which social and economic resources and exposure to health promoting environments are distributed. Income, education, occupation, neighborhood conditions, schools, workplaces, the use of and health and social services, and experiences with the criminal justice system are all highly patterned by race, with racial minorities (compared to

Whites) experiencing more that is health harming. Finding ways to uncouple the link between race and access to resources and healthy environments is a principal means of reducing health disparities. Additionally, the anticipation of racism itself causes higher psychological and cardiovascular stress levels that are linked to poor health outcomes. Remedying discriminatory practices at the individual and systemic levels will likely reduce health disparities caused by this unequal distribution of stress.

(E) Poor health among Native Americans has largely been driven by post-colonial oppression and historical trauma. The expropriation of native lands and territories to the American state had severe consequences on Native American health. This resulted in the deprivation of traditional food sources—and nutrients—for Native Americans and also the destruction of traditional economies and community organization. Today, Native Americans have twice the rate of diabetes than non-Hispanic Whites. Recognition of the origins of the diabetes as having a social and community context, rather than just individual responsibility and genetic pre-

disposition, will shape better policy to provide
 food security.

- (F) In the context of prisons, overcrowding has led to the deterioration of the physical and mental health of individuals after they leave prison. In particular, the mass incarceration of African-American males as a result of unequal contact with and treatment in the criminal justice system has contributed to an overburdening of certain infectious diseases within the African-American community. As a social institution, incarceration amplifies existing adverse health conditions by concentrating diseases and harm health behaviors such as tobacco use, drug use, and violence.
- (G) Educational attainment is the strongest predictor of adult mortality. It is a basic component of socioeconomic status by shaping earning potential to access resources that promote health. People with more education are less likely to report that they are in poor health, and are also less likely to have diabetes and other chronic diseases.
- (H) Similarly, reading ability is a strong predictor of adult health status and is often

as developmental problems, vision and hearing impairments, and frequent school absence due to illness.

- (I) Individuals with lower levels of educational attainment are much more likely to report to be current smokers. In 2015, smoking prevalence was 34.1 percent among adults with a GED diploma, 24.2 percent with less than a high school diploma, and 19.8 percent with a high school diploma, while dropping significantly to 7.4 percent among adults with an undergraduate college degree and 3.6 percent with a postgraduate college degree.
- (J) Social class differences account for a large part of health disparities. For example, children living in poverty experience poorer housing conditions, increased exposure to indoor allergens and toxins (such as pesticides, lead, mercury, radon, air pollution, and carcinogens), and more psychological stress. These experiences culminate in worse adult health as compared with children with higher socioeconomic status. Specifically, children living in socioeconomic neighborhoods have higher rates

of asthma due to higher rates of psychological stress resulting from higher rates of violence.

(K) Lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer, questioning, questioning and intersex (LGBTQIA) individuals face health disparities linked to societal stigma, discrimination, and denial of their civil and human rights. Discrimination against LGBTQIA individuals has been associated with high rates of psychiatric disorders, substance abuse, and suicide. Experiences of violence and victimization are frequent for LGBTQIA individuals, and have long-lasting effects on the individual and the community. Personal, family, and social acceptance of sexual orientation and gender identity affects the mental health and personal safety of LGBTQIA individuals.

(L) Individuals in older and cheaper housing are at higher risks to be exposed to lead, particularly in housing built prior to 1960. The threat of lead poisoning disproportionally affects vulnerable populations, with children living in poverty (5.6 percent) and Black children (5.6) experiencing the highest rates. According to the Department of Housing and Urban De-

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- velopment, about 3.6 million homes nationwide that house young children have lead hazards such as peeling paint, contaminated dust, or toxic soil. The combined cost of medical treatment and special education for lead poisoned children averages about \$5,600 per child per year, and lead poisoning costs the United States an estimated \$50 billion annually.
 - (4) Laws and regulations that improve opportunities to live in safe neighborhoods, with more social cohesion, attain higher education, sustain stable employment, and bridge class differences help foster the health and safety of individuals.
 - (5) The global public health community has reached consensus through the Rio Political Declaration of Social Determinants of Health that "[c]ollaboration in coordinated and intersectoral policy actions has proven to be effective. Health in All Policies, together with intersectoral cooperation and action, is one promising approach to enhance accountability in other sectors of health, as well as the promotion of health equity and more inclusive and productive societies.".

1 SEC. 1003. HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENTS.

2	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
3	ings:
4	(1) Health Impact Assessment is a tool to help
5	planners, health officials, decisionmakers, and the
6	public make more informed decisions about the po-
7	tential health effects of proposed plans, policies, pro-
8	grams, and projects in order to maximize health
9	benefits and minimize harms.
10	(2) Health Impact Assessments can be done at
11	a fraction of the cost and time typically required for
12	other planning and permitting reviews.
13	(3) Health Impact Assessments can build com-
14	munity support and reduce opposition to a project or
15	policy, thereby facilitating economic growth by aid-
16	ing the development of consensus regarding new de-
17	velopment proposals.
18	(4) Health Impact Assessments facilitate col-
19	laboration across sectors.
20	(b) Purposes.—It is the purpose of this section to—
21	(1) provide more information about the poten-
22	tial human health effects of policy decisions and the
23	distribution of those effects;
24	(2) improve how health is considered in plan-
25	ning and decisionmaking processes; and

1	(3) build stronger, healthier communities
2	through the use of Health Impact Assessment.
3	(c) Health Impact Assessments.—Part P of title
4	III of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 280g et
5	seq.), as amended, is further amended by adding at the
6	end the following:
7	"SEC. 399V-12. HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENTS.
8	"(a) Definitions.—In this section and section
9	399V–13:
10	"(1) Administrator.—The term 'Adminis-
11	trator' means the Administrator of the Environ-
12	mental Protection Agency.
13	"(2) Built environment.—The term 'built
14	environment' means the components of the environ-
15	ment, and the location of these components in a geo-
16	graphically defined space, that are created or modi-
17	fied by individuals to form the physical and social
18	characteristics of a community or enhance quality of
19	human life, including—
20	"(A) homes, schools, and places of work
21	and worship;
22	"(B) parks, recreation areas, and green-
23	ways;
24	"(C) transportation systems;

1	"(D) business, industry, and agriculture;
2	and
3	"(E) land-use plans, projects, and policies
4	that impact the physical or social characteris-
5	tics of a community, including access to services
6	and amenities.
7	"(3) DIRECTOR.—The term 'Director' means
8	the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and
9	Prevention.
10	"(4) Eligible entity.—The term 'eligible en-
11	tity' means a unit of State or Tribal government the
12	jurisdiction of which includes individuals or popu-
13	lations the health of which are, or will be, affected
14	by an activity or a proposed activity.
15	"(5) ELIGIBLE INSTITUTION.—The term 'eligi-
16	ble institution' means a public agency or private
17	nonprofit institution that submits to the Secretary,
18	in consultation with the Administrator, an applica-
19	tion for a grant authorized under such section at
20	such time, in such manner, and containing such
21	agreements, assurances, and information as the Sec-
22	retary and Administrator may require.
23	"(6) Health impact assessment.—The term
24	'Health Impact Assessment' means a systematic
25	process that uses an array of data sources and ana-

lytic methods and considers input from stakeholders to determine the potential effects of a proposed policy, plan, program, or project on the health of a population and the distribution of those effects within the population. Such term includes identifying and recommending appropriate actions on monitoring and maximizing potential benefits and minimizing the potential harms.

"(7) Health disparities.—The term 'health disparities' are a particular type of health differences that are closely linked with social, economic, and/or environmental disadvantage. Health disparities adversely affect groups of people who have systematically experienced greater obstacles to health based on their racial or ethnic group; religion; socioeconomic status; gender; age; mental health; cognitive, sensory, or physical disability; sexual orientation or gender identity; geographic location; or other characteristics historically linked to discrimination or exclusion.

"(8) Proposed activity.—The term 'proposed activity' means a proposed policy, program, plan, or project currently under consideration by a local, State, Tribal, or Federal agency or government.

1	"(b) Establishment.—The Secretary, acting
2	through the Director and in collaboration with the Admin-
3	istrator, shall carry out the following:
4	"(1) Establish a program at the National Cen-
5	ter for Environmental Health at the Centers for Dis-
6	ease Control and Prevention focused on advancing
7	the field of Health Impact Assessment. In devel-
8	oping and implementing the program, the Director
9	of the National Center for Environmental Health
10	shall consult with the Director of the National Cen-
11	ter for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Pro-
12	motion as well as relevant offices within the Depart-
13	ment of Housing and Urban Development, the De-
14	partment of Transportation, and the Department of
15	Agriculture. The program shall include—
16	"(A) collecting and disseminating best
17	practices;
18	"(B) administering capacity building
19	grants to States to support grantees in initi-
20	ating Health Impact Assessments, in accord-
21	ance with subsection (d);
22	"(C) providing technical assistance;
23	"(D) developing training tools and pro-
24	viding training on conducting Health Impact

1	Assessment and the implementation of built en-
2	vironment and health indicators;
3	"(E) making information available, as ap-
4	propriate, regarding the existence of other com-
5	munity healthy living tools, checklists, and indi-
6	ces that help connect public health to other sec-
7	tors, and tools to help examine the effect of the
8	indoor built environment and building codes on
9	population health;
10	"(F) conducting research and evaluations
11	of Health Impact Assessments; and
12	"(G) awarding competitive extramural re-
13	search grants.
14	"(2) In accordance with subsection (c), develop
15	guidance and guidelines to conduct Health Impact
16	Assessments.
17	"(3) In accordance with subsection (d), estab-
18	lish a grant program to allow States to fund eligible
19	entities to conduct Health Impact Assessments.
20	"(c) Guidance.—The Director, in consultation with
21	the Director of the National Center for Environmental
22	Health and, the Director of the National Center for
23	Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, and
24	relevant offices within the Department of Housing and

1	Urban Development, the Department of Transportation
2	and the Department of Agriculture, shall—
3	"(1) develop guidance for conducting Health
4	Impact Assessment, including—
5	"(A) background on national and inter-
6	national efforts to bridge urban planning and
7	public health institutions and disciplines, in-
8	cluding a review of Health Impact Assessment
9	best practices internationally;
10	"(B) evidence-based direct and indirect
11	pathways that link land-use planning, transpor-
12	tation, and housing policy and objectives to
13	human health outcomes;
14	"(C) data resources and quantitative and
15	qualitative forecasting methods to evaluate both
16	the status of health determinants and health ef-
17	fects, including identification of existing pro-
18	grams that can disseminate these resources;
19	"(D) best practices for inclusive public in-
20	volvement in conducting Health Impact Assess-
21	ments; and
22	"(E) technical assistance for other agen-
23	cies seeking to develop their own guidelines and
24	procedures for Health Impact Assessment;

1	"(2) in developing the guidance, consider avail-
2	able international Health Impact Assessment guid-
3	ance, North American Health Impact Assessment
4	Practice Standards, and recommendations from the
5	National Academy of Science; and
6	"(3) not later than 1 year after the date of en-
7	actment of this section, publish the guidance.
8	"(d) Grant Program.—The Secretary, acting
9	through the Director and in collaboration with the Admin-
10	istrator, shall establish a program under which the Sec-
11	retary shall award grants to States to fund eligible entities
12	for capacity building or to prepare Health Impact Assess-
13	ments, and shall ensure that States receiving a grant
14	under this subsection further support training and tech-
15	nical assistance for grantees under the program by fund-
16	ing and overseeing appropriate local, State, Tribal, Fed-
17	eral, university, or nonprofit Health Impact Assessment
18	experts to provide technical assistance. Such assessments
19	shall—
20	"(1) ensure that appropriate health factors are
21	taken into consideration as early as practicable dur-
22	ing the planning, review, or decisionmaking proc-
23	esses;
24	"(2) assess the effect on the health of individ-
25	uals and populations of proposed policies, projects.

- or plans that result in modifications to the built environment; and
- "(3) assess the distribution of health effects across various factors, such as race, income, ethnicity, age, disability status, gender, and geography.

6 "(e) Applications.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—To be eligible to receive a grant under this section, an eligible entity shall submit to the Secretary an application in accordance with this subsection, at such time, in such manner, and containing such additional information as the Secretary may require.
- "(2) Inclusion.—An application under this subsection shall include a list of proposed activities that require or would benefit from conducting a Health Impact Assessment within six months of awarding funds. The list should be accompanied by supporting documentation, including letters of support, from potential conductors of Health Impact Assessments for the listed proposed activities. Each application should also include an assessment by the eligible entity of the health of the population of its jurisdiction and describe potential adverse or positive effects on health that the proposed activities may create.

1	"(3) Preference.—Preference in awarding
2	funds under this section may be given to eligible en-
3	tities that demonstrate the potential to significantly
4	improve population health or lower health care costs
5	as a result of potential Health Impact Assessment
6	work.
7	"(f) Use of Funds.—
8	"(1) In general.—An eligible entity shall use
9	amounts provided under a grant under this section
10	to conduct Health Impact Assessment capacity
11	building or to conduct or fund subgrantees to con-
12	duct a Health Impact Assessment for a proposed ac-
13	tivity in accordance with this subsection.
14	"(2) Purposes.—The purposes of a Health
15	Impact Assessment under this subsection are—
16	"(A) to facilitate the involvement of Tribal,
17	State, and local public health officials in com-
18	munity planning, transportation, housing, and
19	land use decisions and other decisions affecting
20	the built environment to identify any potential
21	health concern or health benefit relating to an
22	activity or proposed activity;
23	"(B) to provide for an investigation of any
24	health-related issue of concern raised in a plan-
25	ning process, an environmental impact assess-

ment process, or policy appraisal relating to a

2	proposed activity;
3	"(C) to describe and compare alternatives
4	(including no-action alternatives) to a proposed
5	activity to provide clarification with respect to
6	the potential health outcomes associated with
7	the proposed activity and, where appropriate, to
8	the related benefit-cost or cost-effectiveness of
9	the proposed activity and alternatives;
10	"(D) to contribute, when applicable, to the
11	findings of a planning process, policy appraisal,
12	or an environmental impact statement with re-
13	spect to the terms and conditions of imple-
14	menting a proposed activity or related mitiga-
15	tion recommendations, as necessary;
16	"(E) to ensure that the disproportionate
17	distribution of negative impacts among vulner-
18	able populations is minimized as much as pos-
19	sible;
20	"(F) to engage affected community mem-
21	bers and ensure adequate opportunity for public
22	comment on all stages of the Health Impact As-
23	sessment;
24	"(G) where appropriate, to consult with
25	local and county health departments and appro-

1	priate organizations, including planning, trans-
2	portation, and housing organizations and pro-
3	viding them with information and tools regard-
4	ing how to conduct and integrate Health Im-
5	pact Assessment into their work; and
6	"(H) to inspect homes, water systems, and
7	other elements that pose risks to lead exposure,
8	with an emphasis on areas that pose a higher
9	risk to children.
10	"(3) Eligible activities.—
11	"(A) In general.—Eligible entities fund-
12	ed under this subsection shall conduct an eval-
13	uation of any proposed activity to determine
14	whether it will have a significant adverse or
15	positive effect on the health of the affected pop-
16	ulation in the jurisdiction of the eligible entity,
17	based on the criteria described in subparagraph
18	(B).
19	"(B) Criteria.—The criteria described in
20	this subparagraph include, as applicable to the
21	proposed activity, the following:
22	"(i) Any substantial adverse effect or
23	significant health benefit on health out-
24	comes or factors known to influence health,
25	including the following:

1	"(I) Physical activity.
2	"(II) Injury.
3	"(III) Mental health.
4	"(IV) Accessibility to health-pro-
5	moting goods and services.
6	"(V) Respiratory health.
7	"(VI) Chronic disease.
8	"(VII) Nutrition.
9	"(VIII) Land use changes that
10	promote local, sustainable food
11	sources.
12	"(IX) Infectious disease.
13	"(X) Health disparities.
14	"(XI) Existing air quality,
15	ground or surface water quality or
16	quantity, or noise levels.
17	"(XII) Lead exposure.
18	"(ii) Other factors that may be con-
19	sidered, including—
20	"(I) the potential for a proposed
21	activity to result in systems failure
22	that leads to a public health emer-
23	gency;
24	"(II) the probability that the pro-
25	posed activity will result in a signifi-

1	cant increase in tourism, economic de-
2	velopment, or employment in the ju-
3	risdiction of the eligible entity;
4	"(III) any other significant po-
5	tential hazard or enhancement to
6	human health, as determined by the
7	eligible entity; or
8	"(IV) whether the evaluation of a
9	proposed activity would duplicate an-
10	other analysis or study being under-
11	taken in conjunction with the pro-
12	posed activity.
13	"(C) Factors for consideration.—In
14	evaluating a proposed activity under subpara-
15	graph (A), an eligible entity may take into con-
16	sideration any reasonable, direct, indirect, or
17	cumulative effect that can be clearly related to
18	potential health effects and that is related to
19	the proposed activity, including the effect of
20	any action that is—
21	"(i) included in the long-range plan
22	relating to the proposed activity;
23	"(ii) likely to be carried out in coordi-
24	nation with the proposed activity;

1	"(iii) dependent on the occurrence of
2	the proposed activity; or
3	"(iv) likely to have a disproportionate
4	impact on high-risk or vulnerable popu-
5	lations.
6	"(4) Requirements.—A Health Impact As-
7	sessment prepared with funds awarded under this
8	subsection shall incorporate the following, after con-
9	ducting the screening phase (identifying projects or
10	policies for which a Health Impact Assessment
11	would be valuable and feasible) through the applica-
12	tion process:
13	"(A) Scoping.—Identifying which health
14	effects to consider and the research methods to
15	be utilized.
16	"(B) Assessing risks and benefits.—
17	Assessing the baseline health status and factors
18	known to influence the health status in the af-
19	fected community, which may include aggre-
20	gating and synthesizing existing health assess-
21	ment evidence and data from the community.
22	"(C) Developing recommendations.—
23	Suggesting changes to proposals to promote
24	positive or mitigate adverse health effects.

1	"(D) Reporting.—Synthesizing the as-
2	sessment and recommendations and commu-
3	nicating the results to decisionmakers.
4	"(E) Monitoring and evaluating.—
5	Tracking the decision and implementation effect
6	on health determinants and health status.
7	"(5) Plan.—An eligible entity that is awarded
8	a grant under this section shall develop and imple-
9	ment a plan, to be approved by the Director, for
10	meaningful and inclusive stakeholder involvement in
11	all phases of the Health Impact Assessment. Stake-
12	holders may include community-based organizations,
13	youth-serving organizations, planners, public health
14	experts, State and local public health departments
15	and officials, health care experts or officials, housing
16	experts or officials, and transportation experts or of-
17	ficials.
18	"(6) Submission of findings.—An eligible
19	entity that is awarded a grant under this section
20	shall submit the findings of any funded Health Im-
21	pact Assessment activities to the Secretary and
22	make these findings publicly available.
23	"(7) Assessment of impacts.—An eligible en-
24	tity that is awarded a grant under this section shall

ensure the assessment of the distribution of health

1	impacts (related to the proposed activity) across
2	race, ethnicity, income, age, gender, disability status
3	and geography.
4	"(8) CONDUCT OF ASSESSMENT.—To the great-
5	est extent feasible, a Health Impact Assessment
6	shall be conducted under this section in a manner
7	that respects the needs and timing of the decision-
8	making process it evaluates.
9	"(9) Methodology.—In preparing a Health
10	Impact Assessment under this subsection, an eligible
11	entity or partner shall follow the guidance published
12	under subsection (c).
13	"(g) Health Impact Assessment Database.—
14	The Secretary, acting through the Director and in collabo-
15	ration with the Administrator, shall establish, maintain
16	and make publicly available a Health Impact Assessment
17	database, including—
18	"(1) a catalog of Health Impact Assessments
19	received under this section;
20	"(2) an inventory of tools used by eligible enti-
21	ties to conduct Health Impact Assessments; and
22	"(3) guidance for eligible entities with respect
23	to the selection of appropriate tools described in
24	paragraph (2).

- 1 "(h) EVALUATION OF GRANTEE ACTIVITIES.—The
- 2 Secretary shall award competitive grants to Prevention
- 3 Research Centers, or nonprofit organizations or academic
- 4 institutions with expertise in Health Impact Assessments
- 5 to—
- 6 "(1) assist grantees with the provision of train-
- 7 ing and technical assistance in the conducting of
- 8 Health Impact Assessments;
- 9 "(2) evaluate the activities carried out with
- 10 grants under subsection (d); and
- 11 "(3) assist the Secretary in disseminating evi-
- dence, best practices, and lessons learned from
- grantees.
- 14 "(i) Report to Congress.—Not later than 1 year
- 15 after the date of enactment of this section, the Secretary
- 16 shall submit to Congress a report concerning the evalua-
- 17 tion of the programs under this section, including rec-
- 18 ommendations as to how lessons learned from such pro-
- 19 grams can be incorporated into future guidance docu-
- 20 ments developed and provided by the Secretary and other
- 21 Federal agencies, as appropriate.
- 22 "(j) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
- 23 are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
- 24 such sums as may be necessary.

1	"SEC. 399V-13. IMPLEMENTATION OF RESEARCH FINDINGS
2	TO IMPROVE HEALTH OUTCOMES THROUGH
3	THE BUILT ENVIRONMENT.
4	"(a) Research Grant Program.—
5	"(1) Grants.—The Secretary, in collaboration
6	with the Administrator, shall award grants to eligi-
7	ble institutions to implement evidence-based pro-
8	gramming to improve the built environment and sub-
9	sequently human health. Factors that influence
10	health that may be considered include—
11	"(A) levels of physical activity;
12	"(B) consumption of nutritional foods;
13	"(C) rates of crime;
14	"(D) air, water, and soil quality;
15	"(E) risk or rate of injury;
16	"(F) accessibility to health-promoting
17	goods and services;
18	"(G) chronic disease rates;
19	"(H) community design;
20	"(I) housing; and
21	"(J) other indicators as determined appro-
22	priate by the Secretary.
23	"(2) Research.—The Secretary, in consulta-
24	tion with the Administrator, shall support research
25	under this section that—

1	"(A) uses evidence-based research to im-
2	prove the built environment and human health;
3	"(B) examines—
4	"(i) the scope and intensity of the im-
5	pact that the built environment (including
6	the various characteristics of the built en-
7	vironment) has on the human health; or
8	"(ii) the distribution of such impacts
9	by—
10	"(I) location; and
11	"(II) population subgroup;
12	"(C) is used to develop—
13	"(i) measures and indicators to ad-
14	dress health impacts and the connection of
15	health to the built environment;
16	"(ii) efforts to link the measures to
17	transportation, land use, and health data-
18	bases; and
19	"(iii) efforts to enhance the collection
20	of built environment surveillance data;
21	"(D) distinguishes carefully between per-
22	sonal attitudes and choices and external influ-
23	ences on behavior to determine how much the
24	association between the built environment and
25	the health of residents, versus the lifestyle pref-

1	erences of the people that choose to live in the
2	neighborhood, reflects the physical characteris-
3	tics of the neighborhood; and
4	"(E)(i) identifies or develops effective
5	intervention strategies focusing on enhance-
6	ments to the built environment that promote in-
7	creased use physical activity, access to nutri-
8	tious foods, or other health-promoting activities
9	by residents; and
10	"(ii) in developing the intervention strate-
11	gies under clause (i), ensures that the interven-
12	tion strategies will reach out to high-risk or vul-
13	nerable populations, including low-income urban
14	and rural communities and aging populations
15	in addition to the general population.
16	"(3) Surveys.—The Secretary may use funds
17	appropriated under this section to support the ex-
18	pansion of national surveys and data tracking sys-
19	tems to provide more detailed information about the
20	connection between the built environment and
21	health.
22	"(4) Priority.—In providing assistance under
23	the grant program under this section, the Secretary
24	and the Administrator shall give priority to pro-

gramming that incorporates—

1	"(A) interdisciplinary approaches; or
2	"(B) the expertise of the public health,
3	physical activity, urban planning, land use, and
4	transportation research communities in the
5	United States and abroad.
6	"(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
7	are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be
8	necessary to carry out this section. Not to exceed 20 per-
9	cent of amounts appropriated for each fiscal year under
10	this subsection may be used for the research component
11	of the program under this section.".
12	SEC. 1004. IMPLEMENTATION OF RECOMMENDATIONS BY
13	ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY.
1314	ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY. (a) Inspector General Recommendations.—The
14	(a) Inspector General Recommendations.—The
14 15	(a) Inspector General Recommendations.—The Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency
14 15 16	(a) Inspector General Recommendations.—The Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency shall, as promptly as practicable, carry out each of the
14 15 16 17	(a) Inspector General Recommendations.—The Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency shall, as promptly as practicable, carry out each of the following recommendations of the Inspector General of the
14 15 16 17 18	(a) Inspector General Recommendations.—The Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency shall, as promptly as practicable, carry out each of the following recommendations of the Inspector General of the Agency as set forth in Report No. 2006–P–00034 entitled
14 15 16 17 18	(a) Inspector General Recommendations.—The Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency shall, as promptly as practicable, carry out each of the following recommendations of the Inspector General of the Agency as set forth in Report No. 2006–P–00034 entitled "EPA needs to conduct environmental justice reviews of
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) Inspector General Recommendations.—The Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency shall, as promptly as practicable, carry out each of the following recommendations of the Inspector General of the Agency as set forth in Report No. 2006–P–00034 entitled "EPA needs to conduct environmental justice reviews of its programs, policies and activities":
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) Inspector General Recommendations.—The Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency shall, as promptly as practicable, carry out each of the following recommendations of the Inspector General of the Agency as set forth in Report No. 2006–P–00034 entitled "EPA needs to conduct environmental justice reviews of its programs, policies and activities": (1) The recommendation that the Agency's pro-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	(a) Inspector General Recommendations.—The Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency shall, as promptly as practicable, carry out each of the following recommendations of the Inspector General of the Agency as set forth in Report No. 2006–P–00034 entitled "EPA needs to conduct environmental justice reviews of its programs, policies and activities": (1) The recommendation that the Agency's program and regional offices identify which programs,

1	(2) The recommendation that the Administrator
2	of the Agency ensure that these reviews determine
3	whether the programs, policies, and activities may
4	have a disproportionately high and adverse health or
5	environmental impact on minority and low-income
6	populations.

- (3) The recommendation that each program and regional office develop specific environmental justice review guidance for conducting environmental justice reviews.
- 11 (4) The recommendation that the Administrator 12 designate a responsible office to compile results of 13 environmental justice reviews and recommend appro-14 priate actions.
- 15 (b) GAO RECOMMENDATIONS.—In developing rules under laws administered by the Environmental Protection 16 17 Agency, the Administrator of the Agency shall, as prompt-18 ly as practicable, carry out each of the following rec-19 ommendations of the Comptroller General of the United 20 States as set forth in GAO Report numbered GAO-05-21 289 entitled "EPA Should Devote More Attention to En-22 vironmental Justice when Developing Clean Air Rules":
- 23 (1) The recommendation that the Administrator 24 ensure that workgroups involved in developing a rule

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- devote attention to environmental justice while drafting and finalizing the rule.
- 3 (2) The recommendation that the Administrator 4 enhance the ability of such workgroups to identify 5 potential environmental justice issues through such 6 steps as providing workgroup members with guid-7 ance and training to help them identify potential en-8 vironmental justice problems and involving environ-9 mental justice coordinators in the workgroups when 10 appropriate.
 - (3) The recommendation that the Administrator improve assessments of potential environmental justice impacts in economic reviews by identifying the data and developing the modeling techniques needed to assess such impacts.
 - (4) The recommendation that the Administrator direct appropriate Agency officers and employees to respond fully when feasible to public comments on environmental justice, including improving the Agency's explanation of the basis for its conclusions, together with supporting data.
- 22 (c) 2004 Inspector General Report.—The Ad-23 ministrator of the Environmental Protection Agency shall, 24 as promptly as practicable, carry out each of the following 25 recommendations of the Inspector General of the Agency

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- as set forth in the report entitled "EPA Needs to Consist-1
- 2 ently Implement the Intent of the Executive Order on En-
- 3 vironmental Justice" (Report No. 2004–P–00007):
- 4 (1) The recommendation that the Agency clear-5 ly define the mission of the Office of Environmental 6 Justice (OEJ) and provide Agency staff with an un-7 derstanding of the roles and responsibilities of the
- 8 Office.

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- 9 (2) The recommendation that the Agency estab-10 lish (through issuing guidance or a policy statement from the Administrator) specific timeframes for the 12 development of definitions, goals, and measurements 13 regarding environmental justice and provide the re-14 gions and program offices a standard and consistent 15 definition for a minority and low-income community, 16 with instructions on how the Agency will implement 17 and put into operation environmental justice in the 18 Agency's daily activities.
 - (3) The recommendation that the Agency ensure the comprehensive training program currently under development includes standard and consistent definitions of the key environmental justice concepts (such as "low-income", "minority", and "disproportionately impacted") and instructions for implementation of those concepts.

- 1 The Administrator shall submit an initial report to Con-
- 2 gress within 6 months after the enactment of this Act re-
- 3 garding the Administrator's strategy for implementing the
- 4 recommendations referred to in paragraphs (1), (2), and
- 5 (3). Thereafter, the Administrator shall provide semi-
- 6 annual reports to Congress regarding the Administrator's
- 7 progress in implementing such recommendations and
- 8 modifying the Administrator's emergency management
- 9 procedures to incorporate environmental justice in the
- 10 Agency's Incident Command Structure (in accordance
- 11 with the December 18, 2006, letter from the Deputy Ad-
- 12 ministrator to the Acting Inspector General of the Agen-
- 13 cy).
- 14 (d) Federal Action Plan for Saving Lives,
- 15 Protecting People and Their Families From
- 16 Radon.—
- 17 (1) IN GENERAL.—Because radon is a naturally
- occurring radioactive gas that is recognized as the
- leading cause of lung cancer among nonsmokers and
- is a particular environmental threat for low-income
- and minority individuals because of the lack of infor-
- 22 mation about radon levels in their own homes, the
- Administrator of the Environmental Protection
- Agency shall within 6 months after the date of the
- enactment of this Act, implement the action plan en-

- titled "Protecting People and Families from Radon:
 A Federal Action Plan for Saving Lives" (June 20,
 3 2011), working with the Secretary of Health and
 Human Services acting through the Director of the
 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and
 with the other Federal agencies mentioned in and as
 set forth in the action plan.
 - (2) Specific steps.—In carrying out paragraph (1), the Administrator shall take steps to achieve each of the following:
 - (A) The recommendation that the workgroup comprised of the Federal agencies participating in the development of the action plan referred to in paragraph (1) implement specific steps within the current authority and activities of each Federal agency to reduce exposure to radon.
 - (B) The recommendation that such workgroup meet on the 1-year anniversary of the plan to assess and recognize achievements of the plan.
 - (3) Report.—The Administrator shall report to the Congress on the 1-year assessment of the plan's implementation, including the challenges remaining and the progress in reducing radon expo-

1	sure particularly to low-income and minority fami-
2	lies.
3	(e) Federal Action Plan for Preventing
4	CHILDHOOD LEAD POISONING.—
5	(1) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the fol-
6	lowing:
7	(A) The effects of lead poisoning are irre-
8	versible and cost the United States millions an-
9	nually in medical and education costs.
10	(B) The cognitive effects suffered by lead
11	exposed children result in a lifetime of health
12	and behavioral problems, which makes preven-
13	tion efforts more critical.
14	(C) The risk is especially high for vulner-
15	able minority populations who are more likely
16	to live in older homes, where lead-based paint
17	is more likely to be present.
18	(2) ACTION PLAN.—The Administrator of the
19	Environmental Protection Agency shall, not later
20	than 6 months after the date of the enactment of
21	this Act, develop an action plan, working with the
22	Secretary of Health and Human Services acting
23	through the Director of the Centers for Disease
24	Control and Prevention, and other Federal agencies
25	as necessary.

1	(3) Specific steps.—In carrying out para-
2	graph (2), the Administrator of the Environmental
3	Protection Agency shall take steps to achieve each of
4	the following:
5	(A) The establishment of a working group,
6	comprised of representatives of the Federal
7	agencies participating in the development of the
8	action plan referred to in paragraph (2), to
9	make recommendations for implementation of
10	specific steps within the existing authority and
11	activities of each Federal agency to reduce ex-
12	posure to lead.
13	(B) The development by Federal agencies
14	of materials on the hazards of lead-based paint
15	aimed at educating tenants and landlords, and
16	how to both recognize potential causes for expo-
17	sure and how to remediate them.
18	SEC. 1005. GRANT PROGRAM TO CONDUCT ENVIRON-
19	MENTAL HEALTH IMPROVEMENT ACTIVITIES
20	AND TO IMPROVE SOCIAL DETERMINANTS OF
21	HEALTH.
22	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
23	(1) DIRECTOR.—The term "Director" means
24	the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and
25	Prevention, acting in collaboration with the Adminis-

1	trator of the Environmental Protection Agency and
2	the Director of the National Institute of Environ-
3	mental Health Sciences.
4	(2) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term "eligible enti-
5	ty" means a State or local community that—
6	(A) bears a disproportionate burden of ex-
7	posure to environmental health hazards;
8	(B) bears a disproportionate burden of ex-
9	posure to unhealthy living conditions, low
10	standard housing conditions, low socioeconomic
11	status, poor nutrition, less opportunity for edu-
12	cational attainment, disproportionate unemploy-
13	ment rates, or lower literacy levels;
14	(C) has established a coalition—
15	(i) with not less than 1 community-
16	based organization or demonstration pro-
17	gram; and
18	(ii) with not less than 1—
19	(I) public health entity;
20	(II) health care provider organi-
21	zation;
22	(III) academic institution, includ-
23	ing any minority-serving institution
24	(including a Hispanic-serving institu-
25	tion, a historically Black college or

1	university, and a Tribal college or uni-
2	versity);
3	(IV) child-serving institution; or
4	(V) landlord or housing provider
5	working on lead remediation;
6	(D) ensures planned activities and funding
7	streams are coordinated to improve community
8	health; and
9	(E) submits an application in accordance
10	with subsection (c).
11	(b) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Director shall establish a
12	grant program under which eligible entities shall receive
13	grants to conduct environmental health improvement ac-
14	tivities and to improve social determinants of health.
15	(c) APPLICATION.—To receive a grant under this sec-
16	tion, an eligible entity shall submit an application to the
17	Director at such time, in such manner, and accompanied
18	by such information as the Director may require.
19	(d) Cooperative Agreements.—An eligible entity
20	may use a grant under this section—
21	(1) to promote environmental health;
22	(2) to address environmental health disparities
23	among all populations, including children; and
24	(3) to address racial and ethnic disparities in
25	social determinants of health.

1	(e) Amount of Cooperative Agreement.—
2	(1) In General.—The Director shall award
3	grants to eligible entities at the 3 different funding
4	levels described in this subsection.
5	(2) Level 1 cooperative agreements.—
6	(A) In General.—An eligible entity
7	awarded a grant under this paragraph shall use
8	the funds to identify environmental health prob-
9	lems and solutions by—
10	(i) establishing a planning and
11	prioritizing council in accordance with sub-
12	paragraph (B); and
13	(ii) conducting an environmental
14	health assessment in accordance with sub-
15	paragraph (C).
16	(B) Planning and prioritizing coun-
17	CIL.—
18	(i) In general.—A prioritizing and
19	planning council established under sub-
20	paragraph (A)(i) (referred to in this para-
21	graph as a "PPC") shall assist the envi-
22	ronmental health assessment process and
23	environmental health promotion activities
24	of the eligible entity.

1	(ii) Membership of a
2	PPC shall consist of representatives from
3	various organizations within public health,
4	planning, development, and environmental
5	services and shall include stakeholders
6	from vulnerable groups such as children,
7	the elderly, disabled, and minority ethnic
8	groups that are often not actively involved
9	in democratic or decisionmaking processes.
10	(iii) Duties.—A PPC shall—
11	(I) identify key stakeholders and
12	engage and coordinate potential part-
13	ners in the planning process;
14	(II) establish a formal advisory
15	group to plan for the establishment of
16	services;
17	(III) conduct an in-depth review
18	of the nature and extent of the need
19	for an environmental health assess-
20	ment, including a local epidemiological
21	profile, an evaluation of the service
22	provider capacity of the community,
23	and a profile of any target popu-
24	lations; and

1	(IV) define the components of
2	care and form essential programmatic
3	linkages with related providers in the
4	community.
5	(C) Environmental health assess-
6	MENT.—
7	(i) In general.—A PPC shall carry
8	out an environmental health assessment to
9	identify environmental health concerns.
10	(ii) Assessment process.—The
11	PPC shall—
12	(I) define the goals of the assess-
13	ment;
14	(II) generate the environmental
15	health issue list;
16	(III) analyze issues with a sys-
17	tems framework;
18	(IV) develop appropriate commu-
19	nity environmental health indicators;
20	(V) rank the environmental
21	health issues;
22	(VI) set priorities for action;
23	(VII) develop an action plan;
24	(VIII) implement the plan; and

1	(IX) evaluate progress and plan-
2	ning for the future.
3	(D) EVALUATION.—Each eligible entity
4	that receives a grant under this paragraph shall
5	evaluate, report, and disseminate program find-
6	ings and outcomes.
7	(E) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The Direc-
8	tor may provide such technical and other non-
9	financial assistance to eligible entities as the
10	Director determines to be necessary.
11	(3) Level 2 cooperative agreements.—
12	(A) Eligibility.—
13	(i) In general.—The Director shall
14	award grants under this paragraph to eli-
15	gible entities that have already—
16	(I) established broad-based col-
17	laborative partnerships; and
18	(II) completed environmental as-
19	sessments.
20	(ii) No level 1 requirement.—To
21	be eligible to receive a grant under this
22	paragraph, an eligible entity is not re-
23	quired to have successfully completed a
24	Level 1 Cooperative Agreement (as de-
25	scribed in paragraph (2)).

1	(B) USE OF GRANT FUNDS.—An eligible
2	entity awarded a grant under this paragraph
3	shall use the funds to further activities to carry
4	out environmental health improvement activi-
5	ties, including—
6	(i) addressing community environ-
7	mental health priorities in accordance with
8	paragraph (2)(C)(ii), including—
9	(I) geography;
10	(II) the built environment;
11	(III) air quality;
12	(IV) water quality;
13	(V) land use;
14	(VI) solid waste;
15	(VII) housing;
16	(VIII) crime;
17	(IX) socioeconomic status;
18	(X) ethnicity, social construct
19	and language preference;
20	(XI) educational attainment;
21	(XII) employment;
22	(XIII) food safety;
23	(XIV) nutrition;
24	(XV) health care services; and
25	(XVI) injuries;

1	(ii) building partnerships between
2	planning, public health, and other sectors,
3	including child-serving institutions, to ad-
4	dress how the built environment impacts
5	food availability and access and physical
6	activity to promote healthy behaviors and
7	lifestyles and reduce overweight and obe-
8	sity, musculoskeletal diseases, respiratory
9	conditions, dental, oral and mental health
10	conditions, poverty, and related co-
11	morbidities;
12	(iii) establishing programs to ad-
13	dress—
14	(I) how environmental and social
15	conditions of work and living choices
16	influence physical activity and dietary
17	intake; or
18	(II) how those conditions influ-
19	ence the concerns and needs of people
20	who have impaired mobility and use
21	assistance devices, including wheel-
22	chairs, lower limb prostheses, and hip,
23	knee, and other joint replacements;
24	and

1	(iv) convening intervention and dem-
2	onstration programs that examine the role
3	of the social environment in connection
4	with the physical and chemical environ-
5	ment in—
6	(I) determining access to nutri-
7	tional food;
8	(II) improving physical activity to
9	reduce overweight, obesity, and co-
10	morbidities and increase quality of
11	life; and
12	(III) location and access to med-
13	ical facilities.
14	(4) Level 3 cooperative agreements.—
15	(A) In General.—An eligible entity
16	awarded a grant under this paragraph shall use
17	the funds to identify and address racial and
18	ethnic disparities in social determinants of
19	health by creating demonstration programs that
20	assess the feasibility of establishing a federally
21	funded comprehensive program and describe
22	key outcomes that address racial and ethnic dis-
23	parities in social determinants of health.
24	(B) Program design.—

1	(i) EVALUATION.—No later than 1
2	year after enactment of this Act, the Di-
3	rector shall evaluate the best practices of
4	existing programs from the private, public,
5	community based, and academically sup-
6	ported initiatives focused on reducing dis-
7	parities in the social determinants of
8	health for racial and ethnic populations.
9	(ii) Demonstration projects.—
10	Not later than two years after the date of
11	enactment of this Act, the Director shall
12	implement at least ten demonstration
13	projects including at least one project for
14	each major racial and ethnic minority
15	group, each of which is unique to the cul-
16	tural and linguistic needs of each of the
17	following groups:
18	(I) Native Americans and Alaska
19	Natives.
20	(II) Asian Americans.
21	(III) African Americans/Blacks.
22	(IV) Hispanic/Latino-Americans.
23	(V) Native Hawaiians and Pacific
24	Islanders.

1	(iii) Report to congress.—No later
2	than 2 years after the implementation of
3	the initial demonstration projects, the Di-
4	rector shall submit to Congress a report
5	which includes—
6	(I) a description of each dem-
7	onstration project and design;
8	(II) an evaluation of the cost-ef-
9	fectiveness of each project's preven-
10	tion and treatment efforts;
11	(III) an evaluation of the cultural
12	and linguistic appropriateness of each
13	project by racial and ethnic group;
14	and
15	(IV) an evaluation of the bene-
16	ficiary's health status improvement
17	under the demonstration project.
18	(iv) Any other information
19	DEEMED APPROPRIATE BY THE DIREC-
20	TOR.—The Director shall require any other
21	information deemed appropriate to be
22	shared by or developed by eligible entities
23	awarded a grant under this paragraph, in-
24	cluding the following:

(I) Developing models and evalu-	1
ating methods that improve the cul-	2
tural and linguistically appropriate	3
services provided through the Centers	4
for Disease Control and Prevention to	5
target individuals impacted by health	6
disparities based on their race, eth-	7
nicity, and gender.	8
(II) Promoting the collaboration	9
between primary and specialty care	10
health care providers and patients, to	11
ensure patients impacted by health	12
disparities based on race, ethnicity,	13
and gender are receiving comprehen-	14
sive and organized treatment and	15
care.	16
(III) Educating health care pro-	17
fessionals on the causes and effects of	18
disparities in the social determinants	19
of health as it relates to minority and	20
racial and ethnic communities and the	21
need for culturally and linguistically	22
appropriate care in the prevention and	23

treatment of high-impact diseases.

1	(IV) Encouraging collaboration
2	among community and patient-based
3	organizations which work to address
4	disparities in the social determinants
5	of health as it relates to high-impact
6	diseases in minority and racial and
7	ethnic populations.
8	(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
9	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this sec-
10	tion—
11	(1) \$25,000,000 for fiscal year 2019; and
12	(2) such sums as may be necessary for fiscal
13	years 2020 through 2022.
14	SEC. 1006. ADDITIONAL RESEARCH ON THE RELATIONSHIP
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	BETWEEN THE BUILT ENVIRONMENT AND
16	THE HEALTH OF COMMUNITY RESIDENTS.
16 17	THE HEALTH OF COMMUNITY RESIDENTS.
16 17	THE HEALTH OF COMMUNITY RESIDENTS. (a) DEFINITION OF ELIGIBLE INSTITUTION.—In this
16 17 18	THE HEALTH OF COMMUNITY RESIDENTS. (a) DEFINITION OF ELIGIBLE INSTITUTION.—In this section, the term "eligible institution" means a public or
16 17 18 19	THE HEALTH OF COMMUNITY RESIDENTS. (a) DEFINITION OF ELIGIBLE INSTITUTION.—In this section, the term "eligible institution" means a public or private nonprofit institution that submits to the Secretary
16 17 18 19 20	THE HEALTH OF COMMUNITY RESIDENTS. (a) DEFINITION OF ELIGIBLE INSTITUTION.—In this section, the term "eligible institution" means a public or private nonprofit institution that submits to the Secretary of Health and Human Services (in this section referred
16 17 18 19 20 21	THE HEALTH OF COMMUNITY RESIDENTS. (a) DEFINITION OF ELIGIBLE INSTITUTION.—In this section, the term "eligible institution" means a public or private nonprofit institution that submits to the Secretary of Health and Human Services (in this section referred to as the "Secretary") and the Administrator of the Envi-
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	THE HEALTH OF COMMUNITY RESIDENTS. (a) DEFINITION OF ELIGIBLE INSTITUTION.—In this section, the term "eligible institution" means a public or private nonprofit institution that submits to the Secretary of Health and Human Services (in this section referred to as the "Secretary") and the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency (in this section referred to

1	ments, assurances, and information as the Secretary and
2	Administrator may require.
3	(b) Research Grant Program.—
4	(1) Definition of Health.—In this section,
5	the term "health" includes—
6	(A) levels of physical activity;
7	(B) degree of mobility due to factors such
8	as musculoskeletal diseases, arthritis, and obe-
9	sity;
10	(C) consumption of nutritional foods;
11	(D) rates of crime;
12	(E) air, water, and soil quality;
13	(F) risk of injury;
14	(G) accessibility to health care services;
15	(H) levels of educational attainment; and
16	(I) other indicators as determined appro-
17	priate by the Secretary.
18	(2) Grants.—The Secretary, in collaboration
19	with the Administrator, shall provide grants to eligi-
20	ble institutions to conduct and coordinate research
21	on the built environment and its influence on indi-
22	vidual and population-based health.
23	(3) Research.—The Secretary shall support
24	research that—

1	(A) investigates and defines the causal
2	links between all aspects of the built environ-
3	ment and the health of residents;
4	(B) examines—
5	(i) the extent of the impact of the
6	built environment (including the various
7	characteristics of the built environment) on
8	the health of residents;
9	(ii) the variance in the health of resi-
10	dents by—
11	(I) location (such as inner cities,
12	inner suburbs, and outer suburbs);
13	and
14	(II) population subgroup (includ-
15	ing children, the elderly, the disadvan-
16	taged); or
17	(iii) the importance of the built envi-
18	ronment to the total health of residents,
19	which is the primary variable of interest
20	from a public health perspective;
21	(C) is used to develop—
22	(i) measures to address health and the
23	connection of health to the built environ-
24	ment; and

1	(ii) efforts to link the measures to
2	travel and health databases;
3	(D) distinguishes carefully between per-
4	sonal attitudes and choices and external influ-
5	ences on observed behavior to determine how
6	much an observed association between the built
7	environment and the health of residents, versus
8	the lifestyle preferences of the people that
9	choose to live in the neighborhood, reflects the
10	physical characteristics of the neighborhood;
11	and
12	(E)(i) identifies or develops effective inter-
13	vention strategies to promote better health
14	among residents with a focus on behavioral
15	interventions and enhancements of the built en-
16	vironment that promote increased use by resi-
17	dents; and
18	(ii) in developing the intervention strate-
19	gies under clause (i), ensures that the interven-
20	tion strategies will reach out to high-risk popu-
21	lations, including racial and ethnic minorities,
22	low-income urban and rural communities, and
23	children.
24	(4) Priority.—In providing assistance under
25	the grant program authorized under paragraph (2),

1	the Secretary and the Administrator shall give pri-
2	ority to research that incorporates—
3	(A) minority-serving institutions as grant-
4	ees;
5	(B) interdisciplinary approaches; or
6	(C) the expertise of the public health,
7	physical activity, nutrition and health care (in-
8	cluding child health), urban planning, and
9	transportation research communities in the
10	United States and abroad.
11	SEC. 1007. ENVIRONMENT AND PUBLIC HEALTH RESTORA
12	TION.
13	(a) Findings.—
14	(1) General findings.—The Congress finds
15	as follows:
16	(A) As human beings, we share our envi-
17	ronment with a wide variety of habitats and
18	ecosystems that nurture and sustain a diversity
19	of species.
20	(B) The abundance of natural resources in
21	our environment forms the basis for our econ-
22	omy and has greatly contributed to human de-
23	velopment throughout history.
24	(C) The accelerated pace of human devel-
25	opment over the last several hundred years has

- significantly impacted our natural environment and its resources, the health and diversity of plant and animal wildlife, the availability of critical habitats, the quality of our air and our water, and our global climate.
 - (D) The intervention of the Federal Government is necessary to minimize and mitigate human impact on the environment for the benefit of public health, to maintain air quality and water quality, to sustain the diversity of plants and animals, to combat global climate change, and to protect the environment.
 - (E) Laws and regulations in the United States have been created and promulgated to minimize and mitigate human impact on the environment for the benefit of public health, to maintain air quality and water quality, to sustain wildlife, and to protect the environment.
 - (F) Such laws include the Antiquities Act of 1906 (16 U.S.C. 431 et seq.) initiated by President Theodore Roosevelt to create the national park system, the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.), the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.), the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C.

- 1 1251 et seq.), the Comprehensive Environ2 mental Response, Compensation, and Liability
 3 Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq.), the En4 dangered Species Act of 1973 (Public Law 93–
 5 205), and the National Forest Management Act
 6 of 1976 (Public Law 94–588).
 - (G) Attempts to repeal or weaken key environmental safeguards pose dangers to the public health, air quality, water quality, wildlife, and the environment.
 - (2) FINDINGS ON CHANGES AND PROPOSED CHANGES IN LAW.—The Congress finds that, since 2001, the following changes and proposed changes to existing law or regulations have negatively impacted or will negatively impact the environment and public health:

(A) CLEAN WATER.—

(i) On May 9, 2002, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the Army Corps of Engineers put forth a final rule that reconciled regulations implementing section 404 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act by redefining the term "fill material" and amending the definition of the term "discharge of fill mate-

rial", reversing a 25-year-old regulation. The new rule fails to restrict the dumping of hardrock mining waste, construction debris, and other industrial wastes into rivers, streams, lakes, and wetlands. The rule further allows destructive mountaintop removal coal mining companies to dump waste into streams and lakes, polluting the surrounding natural habitat and poisoning plants and animals that depend on those water sources.

(ii) On February 12, 2003, the Environmental Protection Agency published the rule "National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permit Regulation and Effluent Limitation Guidelines and Standards for Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations", new livestock waste regulations that aimed to control factory farm pollution but which would severely undermine existing protections under the Federal Water Pollution Control Act. This regulation allows large-scale animal factories to foul the Nation's waters with animal waste, allows livestock owners to draft

1 their own pollution-management plans and 2 avoid ground water monitoring, legalizes 3 the discharge of contaminated runoff water 4 rich in nitrogen, phosphorus, bacteria, and metals, and ensures that large factory 6 farms are not held liable for the environ-7 mental damage they cause. In a 2005 Fed-8 eral court decision ("Waterkeeper Alliance, 9 et al. v. Environmental Protection Agency", 399 F.3d 486 (2nd Cir. 2005)), major 10 11 parts of the rule were upheld, others va-12 cated, and still others remanded back to 13 the EPA. On November 20, 2008, the En-14 vironmental Protection Agency published a 15 revised final rule which undermines envi-16 ronmental protection provisions by remov-17 ing mandatory permitting requirements 18 and allowing large animal farms to self-19 certify the absence of pollutant discharge 20 activity. 21 (iii) On March 19, 2003, the Environ-22

(iii) On March 19, 2003, the Environmental Protection Agency published a new rule regarding the Total Maximum Daily Load program of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act that regulates the max-

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imum amount of a particular pollutant that can be present in a body of water and still meet water quality standards. The new rule withdrew the existing regulation put forth on July 13, 2000, and halted momentum in cleaning up polluted waterways throughout the Nation. By abandoning the existing rule, the Environmental Protection Agency is undermining the effectiveness of cleanup plans and is allowing States to avoid cleaning polluted waters entirely by dropping them from their cleanup lists. Waterways play a crucial role in the lives of the people of the United States and are critical to the livelihood of fish and wildlife. The result of dropping the July 2000 rule is that the restoration of polluted rivers, shorelines, and lakes will be delayed, harming more fish and wildlife and worsening the quality of drinking water.

(iv) On December 2, 2008, the Environmental Protection Agency and the Army Corps of Engineers jointly issued a guidance document in the form of a legal memorandum, titled "Clean Water Act Ju-

1 risdiction Following the U.S. Supreme 2 Court's Decision in Rapanos v. United States & Carabell v. United States". This 3 new guidance dictates enforcement actions under the Federal Water Pollution Control 6 Act and calls for a complicated "case-by-7 case" analysis to determine jurisdiction for 8 waterways that do not flow all year. Such 9 actions endanger small streams and wet-10 lands that serve as important habitats for 11 aquatic life, which play a fundamental role 12 in safeguarding sources of clean drinking 13 water and mitigate the risks and effects of 14 floods and droughts. Further, the defini-15 tion provided therein for "waters of the United States" is applicable to the Federal 16 17 Water Pollution Control Act as a whole, 18 potentially affecting programs that control 19 industrial pollution and sewage levels, pre-20 vent oil spills, and set water quality stand-21 ards for all waters in the United States 22 protected under the Federal Water Pollu-23 tion Control Act. 24 (B) Forests and Land Management.—

1	(i) On December 3, 2003, the Presi-
2	dent signed into law the Healthy Forests
3	Restoration Act of 2003 (Public Law 108–
4	148; 16 U.S.C. 6501 et seq.). Although the
5	law attempts to reduce the risk of cata-
6	strophic forest fires, it provides a boon to
7	timber companies by accelerating the ag-
8	gressive thinning of backcountry forests
9	that are far from at-risk communities. The
10	law allows for increased logging of large,
11	fire-resistant trees that are not in close
12	proximity of homes and communities; it
13	undermines critical protections for endan-
14	gered species by exempting Federal land
15	management agencies from consulting with
16	the United States Fish and Wildlife Serv-
17	ice before approving any action that could
18	harm endangered plants or wildlife; and it
19	limits public participation by reducing the
20	number of environmental project reviews.
21	(ii) On April 21, 2008, the Depart-
22	ment of Agriculture issued a Final Plan-
23	ning Rule and Record of Decision for Na-
24	tional Forest System Land Management

Planning. Similar to rules enacted by the

1 Administration on January 5, 2005, later 2 remanded back to the agency in Federal 3 district court for violating the National 4 Environmental Policy Act of 1969, the Endangered Species Act of 1973, and the Ad-6 ministrative Procedure Act ("Citizens for 7 Better Forestry v. United States Department of Agriculture", 481 F. Supp. 2d 8 9 1059 (N.D. Cal. 2007)), this revised rule 10 eliminates strict forest planning standards 11 established in 1982, and opens millions of 12 acres of public lands to damaging and 13 invasive logging, mining, and drilling oper-14 ations. These regulations would reverse 15 more than 20 years of protection for wild-16 life and national forests by removing the 17 overall goal of ensuring ecological sustain-18 ability in managing the national forest sys-19 tem, weakening the National Forest Man-20 agement Act of 1976, and effectively end-21 ing the review of forest management plans 22 under the National Environmental Policy 23 Act of 1969. 24 (iii) On September 20, 2006, the Dis-

trict Court for the Northern District of

1 California vacated the Protection of Inven-2 toried Roadless Areas rule, enacted on May 3 13, 2005, which gave State Governors 18 months to petition the Federal Government to either restore the previous rule for their 6 States, or submit a new management and 7 development plan for national forest areas 8 inventoried under the rule. Despite the 9 enjoinment of the Administration's 2005 10 rule, and the subsequent restoration of the 11 original Roadless Area Conservation Rule, 12 the United States Forest Service has con-13 tinued to allow States to petition for a special rule under the authority of the Admin-14 15 istrative Procedure Act, publishing a final 16 special rule for Idaho on October 16, 2008. 17 As a result, 58.5 million acres of wild na-18 tional forests are still vulnerable to log-19 ging, road building, and other develop-20 ments that may fragment natural habitats 21 and negatively impact fish and wildlife. 22 (iv) On November 17, 2008, the De-23 partment of the Interior's Bureau of Land

Management (BLM) signed the Record of

Decision (ROD) amending 12 resource

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1	management plans in Colorado, Utah, and
2	Wyoming, opening 2,000,000 acres of pub-
3	lic lands to commercial tar sands and oil
4	shale exploration and development. On No-
5	vember 18, 2008, the BLM published a
6	final rule for Oil Shale Management set-
7	ting the policies and procedures for a com-
8	mercial leasing program for the manage-
9	ment of federally owned oil shale in those
10	three States. Previously barred by a con-
11	gressional moratorium on the commercial
12	leasing regulations for oil shale until Sep-
13	tember 30, 2008, the development of oil
14	shale on public lands poses a serious threat
15	to land conservation, endangered and
16	threatened species, and critical habitat.
17	Domestic shale oil production allowed by
18	these regulations is highly water and en-
19	ergy intensive, the impacts of which will in-
20	tensify existing water scarcity in the arid
21	Western Region and potentially degrade
22	air and water quality for surrounding pop-
23	ulations.
24	(C) Scientific review.—On December
25	16, 2008, the United States Fish and Wildlife

1 Service of the Department of the Interior and 2 the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Admin-3 istration of the Department of Commerce joint-4 ly issued a new rule amending regulations governing interagency cooperation under section 7 6 of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (ESA). 7 This rule undermines the intention of the ESA 8 to protect species and the ecosystems upon 9 which they depend by allowing Federal agencies 10 to carry out, permit, or fund an action without 11 proper environmental review and expert third-12 party consultation from Federal wildlife ex-13 perts. Under this new rule, Federal agencies 14 can unilaterally circumvent the formal review 15 process, eliminating longstanding and scientif-16 ically grounded safeguards that serve to protect 17 the biodiversity of our Nation's ecosystems and 18 avert harm to thousands of endangered and 19 threatened species.

20 (b) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It is the policy of the 21 United States Government to work in conjunction with 22 States, territories, Tribal governments, international organizations, and foreign governments in order to act as a 24 steward of the environment for the benefit of public 25 health, to maintain air quality and water quality, to sus-

1	tain the diversity of plant and animal species, to combat
2	global climate change, and to protect the environment for
3	future generations to enjoy.
4	(c) STUDY AND REPORT ON PUBLIC HEALTH OR EN-
5	VIRONMENTAL IMPACT OF REVISED RULES, REGULA-
6	TIONS, LAWS, OR PROPOSED LAWS.—
7	(1) Study.—Not later than 30 days after the
8	date of enactment of this Act, the President shall
9	enter into an arrangement under which the National
10	Academy of Sciences will conduct a study to deter-
11	mine the impact on public health, air quality, water
12	quality, wildlife, and the environment of the fol-
13	lowing regulations, laws, and proposed laws:
14	(A) CLEAN WATER.—
15	(i) Final revisions to the Federal
16	Water Pollution Control Act regulatory
17	definitions of "fill material" and "dis-
18	charge of fill material", finalized and pub-
19	lished in the Federal Register on May 9,
20	2002 (67 Fed. Reg. 31129), amending
21	part 232 of title 40, Code of Federal Regu-
22	lations.
23	(ii) Revised National Pollutant Dis-
24	charge Elimination System Permit Regula-
25	tion and Effluent Limitation Guidelines

1	and Standards for Concentrated Animal
2	Feeding Operations in response to the
3	"Waterkeeper Alliance, et al. v. Environ-
4	mental Protection Agency' decision, final-
5	ized and published in the Federal Register
6	on November 20, 2008 (73 Fed. Reg.
7	225), amending parts 9, 122, and 412 of
8	title 40, Code of Federal Regulations.
9	(iii) A March 19, 2003, rule published
10	in the Federal Register (68 Fed. Reg.
11	13608) withdrawing a July 13, 2000, rule
12	revising the Total Maximum Daily Load
13	program of the Federal Water Pollution
14	Control Act (65 Fed. Reg. 43586), amend-
15	ing parts 9, 122, 123, 124, and 130 of
16	title 40, Code of Federal Regulations.
17	(iv) Official Guidance Document,
18	"Clean Water Act Jurisdiction Following
19	the United States Supreme Court's Deci-
20	sion in Rapanos v. United States &
21	Carabell v. United States", issued on De-
22	cember 2, 2008, relating to jurisdiction
23	under section 404 of the Federal Water
24	Pollution Control Act.
25	(B) Forests and land management.—

1	(i) Healthy Forests Restoration Act of
2	2003, signed into law on December 3,
3	2003 (Public Law 108–148; 16 U.S.C.
4	6501 et seq.).
5	(ii) National Forest System Land
6	Management Planning Rule, finalized and
7	published in the Federal Register on April
8	21, 2008 (73 Fed. Reg. 21468), replacing
9	the 2005 final rule (70 Fed. Reg. 1022 ,
10	Jan. 5, 2005), as amended March 3, 2006
11	(71 Fed. Reg. 10837), and the 2000 final
12	rule adopted on November 9, 2000 (65
13	Fed. Reg. 67514), as amended on Sep-
14	tember 29, 2004 (69 Fed. Reg. 58055),
15	amending title 36, Code of Federal Regula-
16	tions, part 219.
17	(iii) The application of the Adminis-
18	trative Procedure Act (5 U.S.C. 551 to
19	559, 701 to 706, et seq.), such that States
20	may petition for a special rule for the
21	roadless areas in all or part of said State.
22	(iv) Record of Decision, "Oil Shale
23	and Tar Sands Resources Resource Man-
24	agement Plan Amendments", issued on
25	November 17, 2008, along with the Final

- Rule, Oil Shale Management-General, published in the Federal Register on November 18, 2008 (73 Fed. Reg. 223), amending title 43, Code of Federal Regulations, parts 3900, 3910, 3920, and 3930.
 - (C) SCIENTIFIC REVIEW.—Final Rule,
 Interagency Cooperation Under the Endangered
 Species Act, published in the Federal Register
 on December 16, 2008, amending title 50, Code
 of Federal Regulations, part 402.
 - (2) METHOD.—In conducting the study under paragraph (1), the National Academy of Sciences may utilize and compare existing scientific studies regarding the regulations, laws, and proposed laws listed in paragraph (1).
 - (3) Report.—Under the arrangement entered into under paragraph (1), not later than 270 days after the date on which such arrangement is entered into, the National Academy of Sciences shall make publicly available and shall submit to the Congress and to the head of each department and agency of the Federal Government that issued, implements, or would implement a regulation, law, or proposed law listed in paragraph (1), a report containing—

1	(A) a description of the impact of all such
2	regulations, laws, and proposed laws on public
3	health, air quality, water quality, wildlife, and
4	the environment, compared to the impact of
5	preexisting regulations, or laws in effect, includ-
6	ing—
7	(i) any negative impacts to air quality
8	or water quality;
9	(ii) any negative impacts to wildlife;
10	(iii) any delays in hazardous waste
11	cleanup that are projected to be hazardous
12	to public health; and
13	(iv) any other negative impact on pub-
14	lic health or the environment; and
15	(B) any recommendations that the Na-
16	tional Academy of Sciences considers appro-
17	priate to maintain, restore, or improve in whole
18	or in part protections for public health, air
19	quality, water quality, wildlife, and the environ-
20	ment for each of the regulations, laws, and pro-
21	posed laws listed in paragraph (1), which may
22	include recommendations for the adoption of
23	any regulation or law in place or proposed prior
24	to January 1, 2001.

1 (d) Department and Agency Revision of E

- 2 ING RULES, REGULATIONS, OR LAWS.—Not later than
- 3 180 days after the date on which the report is submitted
- 4 pursuant to subsection (c)(3), the head of each depart-
- 5 ment and agency that has issued or implemented a regula-
- 6 tion or law listed in subsection (c)(1) shall submit to the
- 7 Congress a plan describing the steps such department or
- 8 such agency will take, or has taken, to restore or improve
- 9 protections for public health and the environment in whole
- 10 or in part that were in existence prior to the issuance of
- 11 such regulation or law.
- 12 SEC. 1008. GAO REPORT ON HEALTH EFFECTS OF DEEP-
- 13 WATER HORIZON OIL RIG EXPLOSION IN THE
- 14 GULF COAST.
- 15 (a) STUDY.—The Comptroller General of the United
- 16 States shall conduct a study on the type and scope of
- 17 health care services administered through the Department
- 18 of Health and Human Services addressing the provision
- 19 of health care to racial and ethnic minorities, including
- 20 residents, cleanup workers, and volunteers, affected by the
- 21 explosion of the mobile offshore drilling unit Deepwater
- 22 Horizon that occurred on April 20, 2010.
- 23 (b) Specific Components; Reporting.—In car-
- 24 rying out subsection (a), the Comptroller General shall—

1	(1) assess the type, size, and scope of programs
2	administered by the Department of Health and
3	Human Services that focus on provision of health
4	care to communities in the Gulf Coast;
5	(2) identify the merits and disadvantages asso-
6	ciated with each the programs;
7	(3) perform an analysis of the costs and bene-
8	fits of the programs;
9	(4) determine whether there is any duplication
10	of programs; and
11	(5) not later than 180 days after the date of
12	the enactment of this Act, submit to Congress a re-
13	port containing—
14	(A) the findings of the study conducted
15	under this section; and
16	(B) recommendations for improving access
17	to health care for racial and ethnic minorities.
18	Subtitle B—Gun Violence
19	SEC. 1011. FINDINGS.
20	Congress finds as follows:
21	(1) On average, 86 Americans are killed by
22	guns each day.
23	(2) An estimated 15,549 people were killed by
24	guns in 2017, not including suicides.

1	(3) Gun violence disproportionately affects com-
2	munities of color, especially African Americans (who
3	comprise around 14 percent of the United States
4	population but account for more than half the coun-
5	try's gun homicide victims).
6	(4) On average, there is more than one mass
7	shooting each day in the United States.
8	SEC. 1012. REAFFIRMING RESEARCH AUTHORITY OF THE
9	CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PRE-
10	VENTION.
11	(a) In General.—Section 391 of the Public Health
12	Service Act (42 U.S.C. 280b) is amended—
13	(1) in subsection (a)(1), by striking "research
14	relating to the causes, mechanisms, prevention, diag-
15	nosis, treatment of injuries, and rehabilitation from
16	injuries;" and inserting "research, including data
17	collection, relating to—
18	"(A) the causes, mechanisms, prevention,
19	diagnosis, and treatment of injuries, including
20	with respect to gun violence; and
21	"(B) rehabilitation from such injuries;";
22	and
23	(2) by adding at the end the following new sub-
24	section:

1	"(c) No Advocacy or Promotion of Gun Con-
2	TROL.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to—
3	"(1) authorize the Secretary to give assistance,
4	make grants, or enter into cooperative agreements or
5	contracts for the purpose of advocating or promoting
6	gun control; or
7	"(2) permit a recipient of any assistance, grant,
8	cooperative agreement, or contract under this section
9	to use such assistance, grant, agreement, or contract
10	for the purpose of advocating or promoting gun con-
11	trol.".
12	SEC. 1013. NATIONAL VIOLENT DEATH REPORTING SYSTEM.
13	The Secretary of Health and Human Services, acting
14	through the Director of the Centers for Disease Control
15	and Prevention, shall improve, particularly through the in-
16	clusion of additional States, the National Violent Death
17	Reporting System, as authorized by title III of the Public
18	Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 241 et seq.). Participation
19	in the system by the States shall be voluntary.
20	SEC. 1014. REPORT ON EFFECTS OF GUN VIOLENCE ON
21	PUBLIC HEALTH.
22	Not later than one year after the date of the enact-
23	ment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Surgeon
24	General of the Public Health Service shall submit to Con-
25	gress a report on the effects on public health, including

- 1 mental health, of gun violence in the United States during
- 2 the preceding year, and the status of actions taken to ad-
- 3 dress such effects.
- 4 SEC. 1015. REPORT ON EFFECTS OF GUN VIOLENCE ON
- 5 MENTAL HEALTH IN MINORITY COMMU-
- 6 NITIES.
- 7 Not later than one year after the date of the enact-
- 8 ment of this Act, the Deputy Assistant Secretary for Mi-
- 9 nority Health in the Office of the Secretary of Health and
- 10 Human Services shall submit to the Congress a report on
- 11 the effects of gun violence on public health, including men-
- 12 tal health, in minority communities in the United States,
- 13 and the status of actions taken to address such effects.

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