

113TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

H. R. 5872

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to allow an annual elective surcharge in lieu of estate tax, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

DECEMBER 11, 2014

Mr. HARRIS introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

A BILL

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to allow an annual elective surcharge in lieu of estate tax, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.**

4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
5 “American Solution for Simplifying the Estate Tax Act
6 of 2014”.

7 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for
8 this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Congressional findings.
- Sec. 3. Elective simplified estate tax.

Sec. 4. Carry-over basis.

Sec. 5. Returns.

Sec. 6. Special rule for revocation of trusts in connection with election.

1 **SEC. 2. CONGRESSIONAL FINDINGS.**

2 Congress finds the following:

3 (1) The current method of collecting Federal
4 estate tax often cripples American family owned
5 businesses, farms, and ranches by forcing the sale of
6 ongoing concerns in order to pay tax liability arising
7 from the death of an owner, creating inefficiencies,
8 dislocation, and often job losses.

9 (2) From farmers and ranchers to urban busi-
10 ness owners, the Federal estate tax looms heavily
11 and has a counterproductive effect on our Nation's
12 family owned businesses that costs numerous jobs.

13 (3) The job losses, economic dislocation, and ex-
14 cessive compliance costs are not justified given the
15 fact that the estate tax has averaged one percent of
16 total IRS collections since 1960, with \$14 billion col-
17 lected in Fiscal Year 2013 (less than 1/2 percent of
18 total IRS collections).

19 (4) The Joint Economic Committee in its May
20 2006 study concluded that in order to avoid wealth
21 transfer taxes, individuals' costs of complying with
22 the estate tax roughly equals the revenue yield of the
23 estate tax for the U.S. Treasury.

1 (5) The current method of collection of the es-
2 tate tax leads many wealthy Americans to lock up
3 capital in trusts to minimize or eliminate tax liabil-
4 ity, meaning that billions of dollars are left idle in-
5 stead of facilitating the creation of new business
6 ventures that could stimulate the economy.

7 (6) As recently as 2009, of the 34,000 estate
8 tax returns filed that year, only half owed any estate
9 tax, indicating that many wealthy Americans have
10 found means to avoid paying this tax. In 2012,
11 9,400 Americans still had to file estate tax returns,
12 even with the higher \$5 million threshold.

13 (7) It is in the national interest to modify the
14 mechanism for collection of revenues from those
15 Americans who have the largest estates, provided
16 that it is done in a revenue neutral manner that en-
17 sures the ongoing collection of an appropriate per-
18 centage of the historical average of 1 percent of total
19 IRS tax receipts that reflects the lower amount of
20 estate tax revenues generated under the 2010 and
21 2012 amendments due to a higher exemption
22 amount.

1 **SEC. 3. ELECTIVE SIMPLIFIED ESTATE TAX.**

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 11 of the Internal Rev-
 3 enue Code of 1986 is amended by adding at the end the
 4 following new subchapter:

5 **“Subchapter D—Simplified Estate Tax**

“Sec. 2301. Simplified estate tax.

“Sec. 2302. Imposition and rate.

“Sec. 2303. Election.

“Sec. 2304. Seven taxable year minimum.

6 **“SEC. 2301. SIMPLIFIED ESTATE TAX.**

7 “In the case of an individual (and, if married, such
 8 individual’s spouse) who elects the application of this sub-
 9 chapter—

10 “(1) chapter 11 shall thereafter not apply with
 11 respect to the transfer of the estate of such indi-
 12 vidual (or such spouse),

13 “(2) chapter 13 shall thereafter not apply with
 14 respect to any generation-skipping transfer (as de-
 15 fined in section 2611) made by such individual (or
 16 such spouse), and

17 “(3) a tax shall be imposed by section 2302
 18 with respect to such individual (and such spouse) for
 19 the taxable year of the election and each taxable
 20 year thereafter.

21 **“SEC. 2302. IMPOSITION AND RATE.**

22 “(a) IN GENERAL.—The tax imposed by this section
 23 for any taxable year shall be treated as an increase in the

1 taxpayer's tax under chapter 1 for the taxable year by an
2 amount equal to 1 percent of the modified adjusted gross
3 income of the taxpayer for the taxable year.

4 “(b) MODIFIED ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME.—For
5 purposes of this section, the term ‘modified adjusted gross
6 income’ means adjusted gross income increased by—

7 “(1) any amount excluded from gross income
8 under section 911, 931, or 933, or

9 “(2) any amount of interest received or accrued
10 by the taxpayer during the taxable year which is ex-
11 empt from tax.

12 **“SEC. 2303. ELECTION.**

13 “(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as the Secretary shall by
14 regulation prescribe in the case of separation, divorce, re-
15 marriage, or other circumstances the Secretary determines
16 equitable, election for this subchapter to apply, once made,
17 shall be irrevocable.

18 “(b) MARRIED COUPLES TO FILE JOINTLY.—If the
19 taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse elect the application
20 of this subchapter and are married (within the meaning
21 of section 7703) at the end of the taxable year, the tax-
22 payer and the taxpayer's spouse shall file a joint return
23 for the taxable year.

1 **“SEC. 2304. SEVEN TAXABLE YEAR MINIMUM.**

2 “(a) IN GENERAL.—In the case of a decedent whose
3 last taxable year is not at least the 7th taxable year for
4 which the tax under section 2302 is imposed, the applica-
5 tion of this subchapter shall be treated as not having been
6 elected.

7 “(b) TRANSITION RULE FOR 2015 AND 2016.—

8 “(1) IN GENERAL.—In the case of a decedent
9 who first elected the application of this subchapter
10 during 2015 or 2016, subsection (a) shall not apply
11 if the executor of the decedent’s estate elects to in-
12 crease the amount of the tax imposed under chapter
13 1 for the decedent’s last taxable year by an amount
14 equal to—

15 “(A) the highest amount of tax imposed by
16 section 2302 with respect to such decedent for
17 any taxable year (including the decedent’s last
18 taxable year), multiplied by

19 “(B) an amount equal to the difference
20 of—

21 “(i) 7, over

22 “(ii) the number of taxable years for
23 which such tax was imposed with respect
24 to such decedent (including the decedent’s
25 last taxable year).

1 “(2) SPECIAL RULE FOR DECEDENT DYING
2 DURING YEAR OF ELECTION.—In the case of a dece-
3 dent to whom paragraph (1) applies and who first
4 elected the application of this subchapter with re-
5 spect to the last taxable year of the decedent, the
6 amount under subparagraph (A) shall not be less
7 than the amount of tax which would have been im-
8 posed by section 2302 had such election first been
9 elected with respect to the preceding taxable year.

10 “(c) CREDIT FOR TAXES PAID.—

11 “(1) IN GENERAL.—In the case of a decedent
12 to which subsection (a) applies, the Secretary shall
13 by regulation provide for allowing for a credit
14 against the tax imposed by chapter 11 with respect
15 to the decedent to account for any taxes paid by the
16 decedent under section 2302.

17 “(2) INTEREST.—The amount of any credit de-
18 termined under paragraph (1) with respect to any
19 tax paid shall include interest, which shall be deter-
20 mined—

21 “(A) at the overpayment rate established
22 under section 6621, and

23 “(B) from the date of payment of such tax
24 to the due date of the amount against which
25 the credit is allowed.”.

1 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
2 this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after,
3 and estates of decedents dying after, December 31, 2014.

4 **SEC. 4. CARRY-OVER BASIS.**

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—Part II of subchapter O of chap-
6 ter 1 of such Code is amended by inserting after section
7 1021 the following new section:

8 **“SEC. 1022. TREATMENT OF PROPERTY ACQUIRED FROM A**
9 **DECEDENT WHO ELECTED SIMPLIFIED ES-**
10 **TATE TAX TREATMENT.**

11 “(a) IN GENERAL.—In the case of property acquired
12 from a decedent who elected the application of subchapter
13 D of chapter 11—

14 “(1) such property shall be treated for purposes
15 of this subtitle as transferred by gift, and

16 “(2) the basis of the person acquiring property
17 from such a decedent shall be the lesser of—

18 “(A) the adjusted basis of the decedent, or

19 “(B) the fair market value of the property
20 at the date of the decedent’s death.

21 “(b) PROPERTY ACQUIRED FROM THE DECEDENT.—
22 For purposes of this section, the following property shall
23 be considered to have been acquired from the decedent:

1 “(1) Property acquired by bequest, devise, or
2 inheritance, or by the decedent’s estate from the de-
3 cedent.

4 “(2) Property transferred by the decedent dur-
5 ing his lifetime—

6 “(A) to a qualified revocable trust (as de-
7 fined in section 645(b)(1)), or

8 “(B) to any other trust with respect to
9 which the decedent reserved the right to make
10 any change in the enjoyment thereof through
11 the exercise of a power to alter, amend, or ter-
12minate the trust.

13 “(3) Any other property passing from the dece-
14 dent by reason of death to the extent that such
15 property passed without consideration.”.

16 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
17 this section shall apply with respect to estates of decedents
18 dying after December 31, 2014.

19 **SEC. 5. SIMPLIFIED ESTATE TAX RETURNS.**

20 (a) INFORMATION RETURNS.—

21 (1) IN GENERAL.—Subpart C of part II of sub-
22 chapter A of chapter 61 of such Code is amended by
23 inserting after section 6018 the following new sec-
24 tion:

1 **“SEC. 6018A. SIMPLIFIED ESTATE TAX RETURNS.**

2 “(a) IN GENERAL.—In the case of property acquired
3 from a decedent who has in effect an election under sub-
4 chapter D of chapter 11, the executor of the estate of such
5 decedent shall make a return containing the following in-
6 formation with respect to such property:

7 “(1) The name and TIN of the recipient of
8 such property.

9 “(2) An accurate description of such property.

10 “(3) The adjusted basis of such property in the
11 hands of the decedent and its fair market value at
12 the time of death.

13 “(4) The decedent’s holding period for such
14 property.

15 “(5) Sufficient information to determine wheth-
16 er any gain on the disposition of the property would
17 be treated as ordinary income.

18 “(b) PROPERTY ACQUIRED FROM DECEDENT.—
19 For purposes of this section, section 1022 shall apply for
20 purposes of determining the property acquired from a de-
21 cedent.

22 “(c) STATEMENTS TO BE FURNISHED TO CERTAIN
23 PERSONS.—Every person required to make a return under
24 subsection (a) shall furnish to each person whose name
25 is required to be set forth in such return (other than the

1 person required to make such return) a written statement
2 showing—

3 “(1) the name, address, and phone number of
4 the person required to make such return, and

5 “(2) the information specified in subsection (a)
6 with respect to property acquired from, or passing
7 from, the decedent to the person required to receive
8 such statement.

9 The written statement required under the preceding sen-
10 tence shall be furnished not later than 30 days after the
11 date that the return required by subsection (a) is filed.

12 “(d) ANNUAL BENEFICIARY ASSET STATUS RE-
13 TURN.—Each recipient of property with respect to whom
14 a statement is required to be furnished under subsection
15 (c) and who owns any such property during the taxable
16 year shall make a return with respect to such property
17 containing the following information:

18 “(1) An accurate description of such property.

19 “(2) An accounting of the disposition of any
20 such property during the taxable year.

21 “(3) The adjusted basis of such property as of
22 the later of the end of the taxable year or the date
23 of any such disposition.

24 “(e) EXCEPTED PROPERTY.—

1 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Subsections (a) and (b)
2 shall not apply with respect to—

3 “(A) any property the fair market value of
4 which, at the time of the decedent’s death, does
5 not exceed \$10,000, and

6 “(B) any property the basis of which was
7 determined by reference to the fair market
8 value of the property at the date of the dece-
9 dent’s death.

10 “(2) INFLATION ADJUSTMENT.—

11 “(A) IN GENERAL.—In the case of any cal-
12 endar year after 2015, the \$10,000 amount
13 under paragraph (1) shall be increased by an
14 amount equal to—

15 “(i) such dollar amount, multiplied by

16 “(ii) the cost-of-living adjustment de-
17 termined under section 1(f)(3) for the cal-
18 endar year, determined by substituting
19 ‘calendar year 2014’ for ‘calendar year
20 1992’ in subparagraph (B) thereof.

21 “(B) ROUNDING.—If any amount as ad-
22 justed under subparagraph (A) is not a multiple
23 of \$100, such amount shall be rounded to the
24 next lowest multiple of \$100.”.

1 (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sec-
2 tions for subpart C of part II of subchapter A of
3 chapter 61 of such Code is amended by inserting
4 after the item relating to section 6018 the following
5 new item:

“Sec. 6018A. Simplified estate tax returns.”.

6 (b) TIME FOR FILING RETURNS.—Section 6075(a)
7 of such Code is amended—

8 (1) by striking “ESTATE TAX RETURN.—Re-
9 turns made” and inserting the following: , “ESTATE
10 TAX RETURN.—

11 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Returns made”, and

12 (2) by adding at the end the following new
13 paragraph:

14 “(2) SIMPLIFIED ESTATE TAX.—

15 “(A) IN GENERAL.—Returns made under
16 section 6018A(a) shall be filed not later than
17 180 days after the date of the decedent’s death.

18 “(B) ANNUAL BENEFICIARY ASSET STATUS
19 RETURNS.—Returns made under section
20 6018A(d) for a taxable year shall be filed con-
21 currently with the individual’s return of income
22 tax for the taxable year.”.

23 (c) PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO FILE RETURNS.—

1 spect to a failure if it is shown that such failure is due
2 to reasonable cause.

3 “(e) INTENTIONAL DISREGARD.—If any failure
4 under subsection (a), (b), or (c) is due to intentional dis-
5 regard of the requirements under sections 6018A, the pen-
6 alty under such subsection shall be 5 percent of the fair
7 market value as of the date of death (in the case of section
8 6018A(d), as of the date prescribed for furnishing such
9 return (determined with regard to any extension of time
10 for filing)) of the property with respect to which the infor-
11 mation is required.

12 “(f) DEFICIENCY PROCEDURES NOT TO APPLY.—
13 Subchapter B of chapter 63 (relating to deficiency proce-
14 dures for income, estate, gift, and certain excise taxes)
15 shall not apply in respect of the assessment or collection
16 of any penalty imposed by this section.”.

17 (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sec-
18 tions for part 1 of subchapter B of chapter 68 of
19 such Code is amended by adding at the end the fol-
20 lowing new item:

“Sec. 6720D. Failure to file information with respect to simplified estate tax
returns.”.

21 (d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
22 this section shall apply with respect to estates of decedents
23 dying after December 31, 2014.

1 **SEC. 6. SPECIAL RULE FOR REVOCATION OF TRUSTS IN**
2 **CONNECTION WITH ELECTION.**

3 Any reversioning in the grantor of title to property held
4 in a trust, whether by revocation, dissolution, or otherwise,
5 shall not be subject to any tax imposed by the Internal
6 Revenue Code of 1986 if such reversioning occurs in 2015
7 or 2016 and is in connection with the grantor's election
8 for subchapter D of chapter 11 to apply.

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