### Calendar No. 492

115TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

# H. R. 5841

#### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

 $\label{eq:June 27, 2018}$  Received; read twice and placed on the calendar

### AN ACT

To modernize and strengthen the Committee on Foreign Investment in the United States to more effectively guard against the risk to the national security of the United States posed by certain types of foreign investment, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Foreign Investment Risk Review Modernization Act of
- 6 2018".
- 7 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for
- 8 this Act is as follows:
  - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

#### TITLE I—FINDINGS AND SENSE OF CONGRESS

Sec. 101. Findings and sense of Congress.

#### TITLE II—DEFINITIONS

Sec. 201. Definitions.

# TITLE III—IMPROVEMENTS TO THE OPERATIONS OF THE COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN INVESTMENT IN THE UNITED STATES

- Sec. 301. Inclusion of partnership and side agreements in notice.
- Sec. 302. Declarations relating to certain covered transactions.
- Sec. 303. Timing for reviews and investigations.
- Sec. 304. Submission of certifications to Congress.
- Sec. 305. Analysis by Director of National Intelligence.
- Sec. 306. Information sharing.
- Sec. 307. Action by the President.
- Sec. 308. Factors to be considered.
- Sec. 309. Mitigation and other actions by the Committee to address national security risks.
- Sec. 310. Certification of notices and information.
- Sec. 311. Additional regulations.

#### TITLE IV—MODIFICATION OF ANNUAL REPORT

- Sec. 401. Modification of annual report.
- Sec. 402. Report on transactions with censorship implications.
- Sec. 403. Notice to Congress by the Committee.

### TITLE V—RESOURCES, SPECIAL HIRING AUTHORITY, AND OUTREACH

- Sec. 501. Centralization of certain Committee functions.
- Sec. 502. CFIUS resource needs.
- Sec. 503. Funding.

#### TITLE VI—MISCELLANEOUS FIRRMA PROVISIONS

- Sec. 601. Conforming amendment.
- Sec. 602. Regulatory certainty for United States businesses.
- Sec. 603. Cooperation with United States allies and partners.

#### TITLE VII—COMMON SENSE CREDIT UNION CAPITAL RELIEF

Sec. 701. Delay in effective date.

#### TITLE VIII—EXPORT CONTROL REFORM

- Sec. 801. Short title.
- Sec. 802. Definitions.

#### Subtitle A—Authority and Administration of Controls

- Sec. 811. Short title.
- Sec. 812. Statement of policy.
- Sec. 813. Authority of the President.
- Sec. 814. Additional authorities.
- Sec. 815. Administration of export controls.

- Sec. 816. Licensing.
- Sec. 817. Compliance assistance.
- Sec. 818. Requirements to identify and control emerging, foundational, and other critical technologies in export control regulations.
- Sec. 819. Review relating to countries subject to comprehensive United States arms embargo.
- Sec. 820. Penalties.
- Sec. 821. Enforcement.
- Sec. 822. Administrative procedure.
- Sec. 823. Review of interagency dispute resolution process.
- Sec. 824. Coordination with other agencies on commodity classification and removal of export controls.
- Sec. 825. Annual report to Congress.
- Sec. 826. Repeal.
- Sec. 827. Effect on other Acts.
- Sec. 828. Transition provisions.

#### Subtitle B—Anti-Boycott Act of 2018

- Sec. 831. Short title.
- Sec. 832. Statement of policy.
- Sec. 833. Foreign boycotts.
- Sec. 834. Enforcement.

## Subtitle C—Sanctions Regarding Missile Proliferation and Chemical and Biological Weapons Proliferation

- Sec. 841. Missile proliferation control violations.
- Sec. 842. Chemical and biological weapons proliferation sanctions.

#### Subtitle D—Administrative Authorities

Sec. 851. Under Secretary of Commerce for Industry and Security.

# 1 TITLE I—FINDINGS AND SENSE

### 2 **OF CONGRESS**

- 3 SEC. 101. FINDINGS AND SENSE OF CONGRESS.
- 4 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following:
- 5 (1) According to a February 2016 report by the
- 6 Department of Commerce's International Trade Ad-
- 7 ministration, 12 million United States workers.
- 8 equivalent to 8.5 percent of the labor force, have
- 9 jobs resulting from foreign investment, including 3.5
- million jobs in the manufacturing sector alone.

1	(2) In 2016, new foreign direct investment in
2	U.S. manufacturing totaled \$129.4 billion.
3	(3) The Department of Commerce's Bureau of
4	Economic Analysis concluded that in 2015, foreign-
5	owned affiliates in the United States—
6	(A) Contributed \$894.5 billion in value
7	added to the U.S. economy;
8	(B) exported goods valued at \$352.8 bil-
9	lion, accounting for nearly a quarter of total
10	U.S. goods exports;
11	(C) undertook \$56.7 billion in research
12	and development; and
13	(D) the seven largest investing countries,
14	all of which are United States allies - the
15	United Kingdom, Japan, Germany, France,
16	Canada, Switzerland, and the Netherlands – ac-
17	counted for 72.1 percent of U.S. affiliate value
18	added and over 80 percent of affiliates' R&D
19	expenditures.
20	(4) According to the Government Accountability
21	Office (GAO), from 2011 to 2016, the number of
22	transactions reviewed by the Committee on Foreign
23	Investment in the United States (CFIUS) grew by
24	55 percent, while agency staff assigned to the re-
25	views increased by 11 percent.

(5) According to a February 2018 report (GAO-18-249), GAO noted: "Officials from Treasury and other member agencies are aware of pressures on their CFIUS staff given the current workload and have expressed concerns about possible workload increases." GAO concluded: "Without attaining an understanding of the staffing levels needed to address the current and future CFIUS workload, particularly if legislative changes to CFIUS's authorities further expand its workload, CFIUS may be limited in its ability to fulfill its objectives and address threats to the national security of the United States."

(6) On March 30, 1954, Dwight David Eisenhower – five-star general, Supreme Allied Commander, and 34th President of the United States – in his "Special Message to the Congress on Foreign Economic Policy", counseled: "Great mutual advantages to buyer and seller, to producer and consumer, to investor and to the community where investment is made, accrue from high levels of trade and investment." He continued: "The internal strength of the American economy has evolved from such a system of mutual advantage. In the press of other problems and in the haste to meet emergencies, this nation –

- 1 and many other nations of the free world have all
- 2 too often lost sight of this central fact.". President
- 3 Eisenhower concluded: "If we fail in our trade pol-
- 4 icy, we may fail in all. Our domestic employment,
- 5 our standard of living, our security, and the soli-
- 6 darity of the free world all are involved.".
- 7 (b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
- 8 gress that—
- 9 (1) foreign investment provides substantial ben-
- efits to the United States, including the promotion
- of economic growth, productivity, innovation, com-
- 12 petitiveness, and job creation, thereby enhancing
- U.S. national security;
- 14 (2) maintaining the commitment of the United
- 15 States to an open investment policy encourages
- other countries to act similarly and helps expand
- 17 foreign markets for U.S. businesses;
- 18 (3) at the same time, national security risks re-
- lated to foreign investment, particularly those ema-
- 20 nating from countries such as China and Russia,
- 21 warrant an appropriate modernization of the proc-
- esses and authorities of the Committee on Foreign
- 23 Investment in the United States;
- 24 (4) the Committee on Foreign Investment in
- 25 the United States, as a complement to domestic and

- 1 multilateral export control regimes, plays a critical 2 role in protecting the national security of the United 3 States;
  - (5) in order to maintain the Committee's effectiveness and guard against mission creep, CFIUS should remain narrowly focused on confronting risks related to national security;
  - (6) it is essential that the member agencies of the Committee are adequately resourced and able to hire appropriately qualified individuals in a timely manner so that CFIUS may promptly complete transaction reviews, identify and respond to evolving national security risks, and enforce mitigation agreements effectively;
  - (7) the President should carry out international outreach to promote the benefits of foreign investment for global economic growth, while also assisting United States partners to address national security risks; and
  - (8) it is the policy of the United States to enthusiastically welcome and support foreign investment, consistent with national security considerations.

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# 1 TITLE II—DEFINITIONS

2	SEC. 201. DEFINITIONS.
3	Section 721(a) of the Defense Production Act of
4	1950 (50 U.S.C. 4565(a)) is amended—
5	(1) by striking paragraphs (2), (3), and (4) and
6	inserting the following:
7	"(2) Control.—The term 'control' means the
8	power, direct or indirect, whether or not exercised,
9	to determine, direct, or decide important matters af-
10	feeting an entity, subject to regulations prescribed
11	by the Committee.
12	"(3) Covered transaction.—
13	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'covered
14	transaction' means any transaction described in
15	subparagraph (B) or (C) that is proposed,
16	pending, or completed on or after the date of
17	the enactment of the Foreign Investment Risk
18	Review Modernization Act of 2018.
19	"(B) Transactions described.—A
20	transaction described in this subparagraph is
21	any of the following:
22	"(i) Any merger, acquisition, takeover,
23	or joint venture that is proposed or pend-
24	ing after August 23 1988 by or with any

foreign person that could result in for	eign
control of any United States business.	
"(ii) The purchase or lease by, or	con-
4 cession to, a foreign person of privat	e or
5 public real estate that—	
"(I) is located in the Ur	nited
7 States and—	
8 "(aa) is, or is in close p	rox-
imity to, a United States mili	tary
installation or another facility	y or
property of the United St	ates
2 Government that is sensitive	for
reasons relating to national s	ecu-
4 rity and—	
5 "(AA) could reason	ably
provide the foreign pe	rson
7 the ability to collect in	ntel-
ligence on activities b	eing
conducted at such an in	stal-
lation, facility, or prope	erty;
1 or	
2 "(BB) could other	wise
expose national security	ac-
4 tivities at such an inst	alla-
tion, facility, or propert	v to

1	the risk of foreign surveil-
2	lance; or
3	"(bb) is itself, or is located
4	at and could function as part of,
5	an air or sea port;
6	"(II) is not a single housing unit,
7	as defined by the Bureau of the Cen-
8	sus;
9	"(III) is not in an urbanized
10	area, as set forth by the Bureau of
11	the Census in its most recent census,
12	except as otherwise prescribed by the
13	Committee in regulations in consulta-
14	tion with the Secretary of Defense;
15	and
16	"(IV) meets such other criteria
17	as the Committee prescribes by regu-
18	lation, except that such criteria may
19	not expand the categories of real es-
20	tate to which this clause applies be-
21	yond the categories described in this
22	clause.
23	"(iii) Any change in the rights that a
24	foreign person has with respect to a United
25	States business in which the foreign person

1	has an investment, if that change could re-
2	sult in—
3	"(I) foreign control of the United
4	States business; or
5	"(II) an investment described in
6	subparagraph (C).
7	"(iv) Any transaction or other device
8	entered into or employed for the purpose of
9	evading this section, subject to regulations
10	prescribed by the Committee.
11	"(C) Sensitive transactions involving
12	COUNTRIES OF SPECIAL CONCERN.—
13	"(i) In general.—A transaction de-
14	scribed in this subparagraph is any invest-
15	ment in an unaffiliated United States busi-
16	ness by a foreign person that—
17	"(I) is—
18	"(aa) a national or a govern-
19	ment of, or a foreign entity orga-
20	nized under the laws of, a coun-
21	try of special concern; or
22	"(bb) a foreign entity—
23	"(AA) over which con-
24	trol is exercised or exer-
25	cisable by a national or a

1	government of, or by a for-
2	eign entity organized under
3	the laws of, a country of
4	special concern; or
5	"(BB) in which the
6	government of a country of
7	special concern has a sub-
8	stantial interest; and
9	"(II) as a result of the trans-
10	action, could obtain—
11	"(aa) sensitive personal
12	data, as defined by regulations
13	prescribed by the Committee, of
14	United States citizens, if such
15	data may be exploited in a man-
16	ner that threatens national secu-
17	rity;
18	"(bb) involvement, other
19	than through voting of shares, in
20	substantive decisionmaking of the
21	United States business regard-
22	ing—
23	"(AA) the use, develop-
24	ment, acquisition, or release
25	of sensitive personal data of

1	United States citizens (as
2	described in item (aa));
3	"(BB) the use, develop-
4	ment, acquisition, or release
5	of critical technologies; or
6	"(CC) the management
7	or operations of United
8	States critical infrastruc-
9	ture, as specified in regula-
10	tions prescribed by the Com-
11	mittee; or
12	"(ce) material nonpublic
13	technical information in the pos-
14	session of the United States busi-
15	ness.
16	"(ii) Country of special con-
17	CERN.—For the purposes of this subpara-
18	graph, the term 'country of special con-
19	cern' means—
20	"(I) any foreign country that is
21	subject to export restrictions pursuant
22	to section 744.21 of title 15, Code of
23	Federal Regulations;

1	"(II) any country determined by
2	the Secretary of State to be a state
3	sponsor of terrorism; and
4	"(III) any country that—
5	"(aa) is subject to a United
6	States arms embargo, as speci-
7	fied in list D:5 of Country Group
8	D in Supplement No. 1 to part
9	740 of title 15, Code of Federal
10	Regulations; and
11	"(bb) is specified in regula-
12	tions prescribed by the Com-
13	mittee.
14	"(iii) Investment defined.—For
15	the purposes of this subparagraph, the
16	term 'investment' means the acquisition of
17	an equity interest, including contingent eq-
18	uity interest, as further defined in regula-
19	tions prescribed by the Committee.
20	"(iv) Material nonpublic tech-
21	NICAL INFORMATION DEFINED.—
22	"(I) In general.—For the pur-
23	poses of this subparagraph, and sub-
24	ject to regulations prescribed by the
25	Committee, the term 'material non-

1	public technical information' means
2	information that—
3	"(aa) could create or reveal
4	significant vulnerabilities in
5	United States critical infrastruc-
6	ture, as specified in regulations
7	prescribed by the Committee; or
8	"(bb) could be essential to
9	design, develop, test, produce, or
10	manufacture critical technologies,
11	as specified in regulations pre-
12	scribed by the Committee.
13	"(II) Exemption for finan-
14	CIAL INFORMATION.—Notwith-
15	standing subclause (I), for the pur-
16	poses of this subparagraph, the term
17	'material nonpublic technical informa-
18	tion' does not include financial infor-
19	mation regarding the performance of
20	a United States business.
21	"(v) REGULATIONS WITH RESPECT TO
22	CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE.—For pur-
23	poses of this subparagraph, regulations
24	prescribed by the Committee regarding
25	United States critical infrastructure shall

include criteria to limit application to critical infrastructure that is likely to be of importance to the national security of the United States.

"(vi) Unaffiliated united states business defined.—For the purposes of this subparagraph, with respect to an investment described under clause (i), and as further defined in regulations prescribed by the Committee, the term 'unaffiliated United States business' means a United States business that is not subject to the same ultimate ownership of the foreign person undertaking the investment.

"(vii) Exemption.—The President may exempt a country from the definition of a country of special concern under clause (ii), for up to one year at a time, upon reporting to the Committees on Financial Services and Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committees on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs and Foreign Relations of the Senate that the exemption is important to the national interest of the United States, with a

detailed explanation of the reasons therefor.

"(D) EXCEPTION FOR AIR CARRIERS.—
Subparagraph (B)(iii) shall not apply to a change in the rights of a person with respect to an investment involving an air carrier, as defined in section 40102(a)(2) of title 49, United States Code, that holds a certificate issued under section 41102 of that title.

"(E) Transfers of Certain assets
Pursuant to Bankruptcy Proceedings or
Other Defaults.—The Committee shall prescribe regulations to clarify that the term 'covered transaction' includes any transaction described in subparagraph (B) or (C) that arises
pursuant to a bankruptcy proceeding or other
form of default on debt.

"(F) DEFINITION OF CLOSE PROXIMITY.—
In prescribing regulations with respect to subparagraph (B)(ii)(I)(aa), the Committee shall
ensure that the term 'close proximity' only applies to a distance or distances within which the
purchase, lease, or concession of real estate
could pose a national security risk in connection
with a United States military installation or an-

1	other facility or property of the United States
2	Government.
3	"(4) Foreign government-controlled
4	TRANSACTION.—The term 'foreign government-con-
5	trolled transaction' means any covered transaction
6	that could result in control of a United States busi-
7	ness by—
8	"(A) a foreign government;
9	"(B) a person controlled by or acting on
10	behalf of a foreign government; or
11	"(C) a foreign company or entity of a
12	country of special concern (as defined under
13	paragraph (3)(C)(ii)) domiciled or having its
14	principal place of business in a county of special
15	concern that is a non-market economy, except
16	to the extent the Committee promulgates regu-
17	lations exempting any such company, entity, or
18	country from this presumption.";
19	(2) by amending paragraph (7) to read as fol-
20	lows:
21	"(7) Critical technologies.—The term
22	'critical technologies' means—
23	"(A) defense articles or defense services
24	covered by the United States Munitions List
25	(USML), which is set forth in the International

1 Traffic in Arms Regulations (ITAR) (22 CFR 2 parts 120–130); "(B) those items specified on the Com-3 4 merce Control List (CCL) set forth in Supple-5 ment No. 1 to part 774 of the Export Adminis-6 tration Regulations (EAR) (15 CFR parts 730– 7 774) that are controlled pursuant to multilat-8 eral regimes (i.e. for reasons of national secu-9 rity, chemical and biological weapons prolifera-10 tion, nuclear nonproliferation, or missile tech-11 nology), as well as those that are controlled for 12 reasons of regional stability or surreptitious lis-13 tening; 14 "(C) specially designed and prepared nu-15 clear equipment, parts and components, mate-16 rials, software, and technology specified in the 17 Assistance to Foreign Atomic Energy Activities 18 regulations (10 CFR part 810), and nuclear fa-19 cilities, equipment, and material specified in the 20 Export and Import of Nuclear Equipment and 21 Material regulations (10 CFR part 110); 22 "(D) select agents and toxins specified in 23 the Select Agents and Toxins regulations (7 24 CFR part 331, 9 CFR part 121, and 42 CFR 25 part 73); and

1	"(E) emerging, foundational, or other crit-
2	ical technologies that are controlled pursuant to
3	section 818 of the Foreign Investment Risk Re-
4	view Modernization Act of 2018."; and
5	(3) by adding at the end the following:
6	"(9) Foreign person.—The term 'foreign per-
7	son' means—
8	"(A) any foreign national, foreign govern-
9	ment, or foreign entity; or
10	"(B) any entity over which control is exer-
11	cised or exercisable by a foreign national, for-
12	eign government, or foreign entity.
13	"(10) Substantial interest.—The term
14	'substantial interest' has the meaning given to such
15	term in regulations prescribed by the Committee,
16	but does not include a voting interest of less than
17	ten percent or ownership interests held or acquired
18	solely for the purpose of passive investment.
19	"(11) United States Business.—The term
20	'United States business' means any entity, irrespec-
21	tive of the nationality of the persons that control it,
22	engaged in interstate commerce in the United
23	States, but only to the extent of its activities in
24	interstate commerce.".

1	TITLE III—IMPROVEMENTS TO
2	THE OPERATIONS OF THE
3	COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN IN-
4	VESTMENT IN THE UNITED
5	STATES
6	SEC. 301. INCLUSION OF PARTNERSHIP AND SIDE AGREE-
7	MENTS IN NOTICE.
8	Section 721(b)(1)(C) of the Defense Production Act
9	of 1950 (50 U.S.C. 4565(b)(1)(C)) is amended by adding
10	at the end the following:
11	"(iv) Inclusion of Partnership
12	AND SIDE AGREEMENTS.—Subject to regu-
13	lations prescribed by the Committee, the
14	Committee may require a written notice
15	submitted under clause (i) by a party to a
16	covered transaction to include a copy of
17	any partnership agreements, integration
18	agreements, or other side agreements relat-
19	ing to the transaction.".
20	SEC. 302. DECLARATIONS RELATING TO CERTAIN COVERED
21	TRANSACTIONS.
22	(a) In General.—Section 721(b)(1)(C) of the De-
23	fense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. 4565(b)(1)(C)),
24	as amended by section 301, is further amended by adding
25	at the end the following:

1 "(v) Declara	TIONS WITH RESPECT
TO CERTAIN COVERE	ED TRANSACTIONS.—
3 "(I) Vo	DLUNTARY DECLARA-
4 TIONS.—For t	the purpose of expe-
5 diting the revi	iew of certain covered
6 transactions th	nat the Committee de-
7 termines are	likely to pose limited
8 risk, the Com	nmittee may prescribe
9 regulations to	permit parties to the
10 transaction to	submit a declaration
11 with basic info	ormation regarding the
12 transaction, un	dess the parties submit
a written notice	e under clause (i).
14 "(II) M	ANDATORY DECLARA-
15 TIONS.—	
16 "(aa)	IN GENERAL.—The
17 Committee	e shall prescribe regula-
18 tions to re	equire the parties to a
19 covered tr	cansaction to submit a
20 declaration	n described in sub-
21 clause (I)	with respect to the
22 transaction	n if the transaction in-
volves an	investment that results
in the re	lease of critical tech-
25 nologies	by an unaffiliated

1	United States business (as de-
2	fined under subsection
3	(a)(3)(C)(vi)) to a foreign person
4	in which a foreign government
5	has, directly or indirectly, a sub-
6	stantial interest.
7	"(bb) Submission of writ-
8	TEN NOTICE AS AN ALTER-
9	NATIVE.—Parties to a covered
10	transaction for which a declara-
11	tion is required under this clause
12	may instead elect to submit a
13	written notice under clause (i).
14	"(cc) Timing of submis-
15	SION.—With respect to the regu-
16	lations described under subclause
17	(I), the Committee may not re-
18	quire a declaration to be sub-
19	mitted more than 45 days in ad-
20	vance of the completion of the
21	transaction.
22	"(III) PENALTIES.—The Com-
23	mittee may impose a penalty pursuant
24	to subsection (h)(3)(A) with respect to

1	a party that fails to comply with this
2	clause.
3	"(IV) COMMITTEE RESPONSE TO
4	DECLARATION.—
5	"(aa) In general.—Upon
6	receiving a declaration under this
7	clause with respect to a trans-
8	action, the Committee may, at its
9	discretion—
10	"(AA) request that the
11	parties to the transaction
12	file a written notice under
13	clause (i), provided that the
14	Committee includes an ex-
15	planation of the reasons for
16	the request;
17	"(BB) inform the par-
18	ties to the transaction that
19	the Committee is not able to
20	complete action under this
21	section with respect to the
22	transaction on the basis of
23	the declaration and that the
24	parties may file a written
25	notice under clause (i) to

1	seek written notification
2	from the Committee that the
3	Committee has completed all
4	action under this section
5	with respect to the trans-
6	action;
7	"(CC) initiate a unilat-
8	eral review of the trans-
9	action under subparagraph
10	(D); or
11	"(DD) notify the par-
12	ties in writing that the Com-
13	mittee has completed all ac-
14	tion under this section with
15	respect to the transaction.
16	"(bb) TIMING.—The Com-
17	mittee shall take action under
18	item (aa) within 30 days of re-
19	ceiving a declaration under this
20	clause.
21	"(cc) Refiling of Dec-
22	LARATION.—The Committee may
23	not request or recommend that a
24	declaration be withdrawn and
25	refiled, except to permit parties

1	to a transaction to correct mate-
2	rial errors or omissions.
3	"(V) REGULATIONS.—In pre-
4	scribing regulations establishing re-
5	quirements for declarations submitted
6	under this clause, the Committee shall
7	ensure that such declarations are sub-
8	mitted as abbreviated notifications
9	that do not generally exceed 5 pages
10	in length.
11	"(VI) INVESTMENT DEFINED.—
12	For the purposes of this clause, the
13	term 'investment' means the acquisi-
14	tion of an equity interest, including
15	contingent equity interest, as further
16	defined in regulations prescribed by
17	the Committee.".
18	(b) Stipulations Regarding Transactions.—
19	Section 721(b)(1)(C) of the Defense Production Act of
20	1950 (50 U.S.C. 4565(b)(1)(C)), as amended by this sec-
21	tion, is further amended by adding at the end the fol-
22	lowing:
23	"(vi) Stipulations regarding
24	TRANSACTIONS.—

1	"(I) In general.—In a written
2	notice submitted under clause (i) or a
3	declaration submitted under clause (v)
4	with respect to a transaction, a party
5	to the transaction may—
6	"(aa) stipulate that the
7	transaction is a covered trans-
8	action; and
9	"(bb) if the party stipulates
10	that the transaction is a covered
11	transaction under item (aa), stip-
12	ulate that the transaction is a
13	foreign government-controlled
14	transaction.
15	"(II) Basis for stipulation.—
16	A written notice submitted under
17	clause (i) or a declaration submitted
18	under clause (v) that includes a stipu-
19	lation under subclause (I) shall in-
20	clude a description of the basis for the
21	stipulation.".
22	SEC. 303. TIMING FOR REVIEWS AND INVESTIGATIONS.
23	Section 721(b) of the Defense Production Act of
24	1950 (50 U.S.C. 4565(b)) is amended—

1	(1) in paragraph (1)(E), by striking "30-day"
2	and inserting "45-day";
3	(2) in paragraph (2), by striking subparagraph
4	(C) and inserting the following:
5	"(C) Timing.—
6	"(i) In general.—Except as pro-
7	vided in clause (ii), any investigation under
8	subparagraph (A) shall be completed be-
9	fore the end of the 45-day period begin-
10	ning on the date on which the investigation
11	commenced.
12	"(ii) Extension for extraor-
13	DINARY CIRCUMSTANCES.—
14	"(I) In general.—In extraor-
15	dinary circumstances (as defined by
16	the Committee in regulations), the
17	chairperson may, at the request of the
18	head of the lead agency, extend an in-
19	vestigation under subparagraph (A)
20	for not more than one 15-day period.
21	"(II) Nondelegation.—The
22	authority of the chairperson and the
23	head of the lead agency referred to in
24	subclause (I) may not be delegated to
25	any person other than the Deputy

1	Secretary of the Treasury or the dep-
2	uty head (or equivalent thereof) of the
3	lead agency, as the case may be.
4	"(III) NOTIFICATION TO PAR-
5	TIES.—If the Committee extends the
6	deadline under subclause (I) with re-
7	spect to a covered transaction, the
8	Committee shall notify the parties to
9	the transaction of the extension."; and
10	(3) by adding at the end the following:
11	"(8) Tolling of deadlines during lapse in
12	APPROPRIATIONS.—Any deadline or time limitation
13	under this subsection shall be tolled during a lapse
14	in appropriations.".
15	SEC. 304. SUBMISSION OF CERTIFICATIONS TO CONGRESS.
16	Section 721(b)(3)(C) of the Defense Production Act
17	of 1950 (50 U.S.C. 4565(b)(3)(C)) is amended—
18	(1) in clause (i), by amending subclause (II) to
19	read as follows:
20	"(II) a certification that all rel-
21	evant national security factors, includ-
22	ing factors enumerated in subsection
23	(f), have received full consideration.";
24	and
25	(2) by adding at the end the following:

1	"(v) Authority to consolidate
2	DOCUMENTS.—Instead of transmitting a
3	separate certified notice or certified report
4	under subparagraph (A) or (B) with re-
5	spect to each covered transaction, the
6	Committee may, on a monthly basis, trans-
7	mit such notices and reports in a consoli-
8	dated document to the Members of Con-
9	gress specified in clause (iii).".
10	SEC. 305. ANALYSIS BY DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTEL-
11	LIGENCE.
12	Section 721(b)(4) of the Defense Production Act of
13	1950 (50 U.S.C. 4565(b)(4)) is amended—
14	(1) by striking subparagraph (A) and inserting
15	the following:
16	"(A) Analysis required.—
17	"(i) In General.—The Director of
18	National Intelligence shall expeditiously
19	carry out a thorough analysis of any threat
20	to the national security of the United
21	States posed by any covered transaction,
22	which shall include the identification of
23	any recognized gaps in the collection of in-
24	telligence relevant to the analysis.

1	"(ii) Views of intelligence agen-
2	CIES.—The Director shall seek and incor-
3	porate into the analysis required by clause
4	(i) the views of all affected or appropriate
5	intelligence agencies with respect to the
6	transaction.
7	"(iii) Updates.—At the request of
8	the lead agency, the Director shall update
9	the analysis conducted under clause (i)
10	with respect to a covered transaction with
11	respect to which an agreement was entered
12	into under subsection (l)(3)(A).
13	"(iv) Independence and object-
14	TIVITY.—The Committee shall ensure that
15	its processes under this section preserve
16	the ability of the Director to conduct an
17	analysis under clause (i) that is inde-
18	pendent, objective, and consistent with all
19	applicable directives, policies, and analytic
20	tradecraft standards of the intelligence
21	community.".
22	(2) by redesignating subparagraphs (B), (C),
23	and (D) as subparagraphs (C), (D), and (E), respec-
24	tively;

1	(3) by inserting after subparagraph (A) the fol-
2	lowing:
3	"(B) Basic threat information.—
4	"(i) In general.—The Director of
5	National Intelligence may provide the
6	Committee with basic information regard-
7	ing any threat to the national security of
8	the United States posed by a covered
9	transaction described in clause (ii) instead
10	of conducting the analysis required by sub-
11	paragraph (A).
12	"(ii) Covered transaction de-
13	SCRIBED.—A covered transaction is de-
14	scribed in this clause if—
15	"(I) the transaction is described
16	in subsection (a)(3)(B)(ii);
17	"(II) the Director of National In-
18	telligence has completed an analysis
19	pursuant to subparagraph (A) involv-
20	ing each foreign person that is a party
21	to the transaction during the 12
22	months preceding the review or inves-
23	tigation of the transaction under this
24	section; or

1	"(III) the transaction otherwise
2	meets criteria agreed upon by the
3	Committee and the Director of Na-
4	tional Intelligence for purposes of this
5	subparagraph.";
6	(4) in subparagraph (C), as so redesignated, by
7	striking "20 days" and inserting "30 days"; and
8	(5) by adding at the end the following:
9	"(F) Assessment of operational im-
10	PACT.—The Director may provide to the Com-
11	mittee an assessment, separate from the anal-
12	yses under subparagraphs (A) and (B), of any
13	operational impact of a covered transaction on
14	the intelligence community and a description of
15	any actions that have been or will be taken to
16	mitigate any such impact.
17	"(G) Submission to congress.—The
18	Committee shall include the analysis required
19	by subparagraph (A) with respect to a covered
20	transaction in the report required under sub-
21	section (m)(1), subject to the requirements of
22	subsection (m)(5).".
23	SEC. 306. INFORMATION SHARING.
24	Section 721(c) of the Defense Production Act of 1950
25	(50 U.S.C. 4565(c)) is amended—

(1) by striking "Any information" and inserting 1 2 the following: "(1) IN GENERAL.—Any information"; and 3 4 (2) by adding at the end the following: 5 "(2) Exception.—Paragraph (1) shall not pro-6 hibit the disclosure of information or documentary 7 material that the party filing such information or 8 material consented to be disclosed to third parties.". SEC. 307. ACTION BY THE PRESIDENT. 10 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 721(d)(2) of the Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. 4565(d)(2)) is amended by striking "not later than 15 days" and all that fol-12 lows and inserting the following: "with respect to a covered transaction not later than 15 days after the earlier 14 15 of— "(A) the date on which the investigation of 16 17 the transaction under subsection (b) is com-18 pleted; or 19 "(B) the date on which the Committee oth-20 erwise refers the transaction to the President 21 under subsection (1)(4).". 22 (b) CIVIL PENALTIES.—Section 721(h)(3)(A) of the of 23 Defense Production Act 1950 (50)U.S.C. 4565(h)(3)(A)) is amended by striking "including any mitigation" and all that follows through "subsection (l)"

and inserting "including any mitigation agreement entered 1 2 into, conditions imposed, or order issued pursuant to this 3 section". SEC. 308. FACTORS TO BE CONSIDERED. 5 Section 721(f) of the Defense Production Act of 1950 6 (50 U.S.C. 4565(f)) is amended— 7 (1) in paragraph (3), by striking the comma at 8 the end and inserting the following: ", including the 9 availability of human resources, products, tech-10 nology, materials, and other supplies and services;"; 11 (2) in paragraph (4), by striking "proposed or 12 pending"; 13 (3) by striking paragraph (5); 14 (4) by redesignating paragraphs (6), (7), (8), 15 (9), (10), and (11) as paragraphs (5), (6), (7), (8), 16 (9), and (16), respectively; 17 (5) in paragraph (9), as so redesignated, by 18 striking "and" at the end; 19 (6) by inserting after paragraph (9), as so re-20 designated, the following: "(10) the degree to which the covered trans-21 22 action is likely to threaten the ability of the United 23 States Government to acquire or maintain the equip-24 ment and systems that are necessary for defense, in-25 telligence, or other national security functions;

1	"(11) the potential national security-related ef-
2	fects of the cumulative control of any one type of
3	critical infrastructure, energy asset, material, or
4	critical technology by a foreign person;
5	"(12) whether any foreign person that would
6	acquire control of a United States business as a re-
7	sult of the covered transaction has a history of—
8	"(A) complying with United States laws
9	and regulations and prior adherence, if applica-
10	ble, to any agreement or condition, as described
11	under $(l)(1)(A)$ ; and
12	"(B) adhering to contracts or other agree-
13	ments with entities of the United States Gov-
14	ernment;
15	"(13) the extent to which the covered trans-
16	action is likely to release, either directly or indi-
17	rectly, sensitive personal data of United States citi-
18	zens to a foreign person that may exploit that infor-
19	mation in a manner that threatens national security;
20	"(14) whether the covered transaction is likely
21	to exacerbate cybersecurity vulnerabilities or is likely
22	to result in a foreign government gaining a signifi-
23	cant new capability to engage in malicious cyber-en-
24	abled activities against the United States, including

1	such activities designed to affect the outcome of any
2	election for Federal office;
3	"(15) whether the covered transaction is likely
4	to expose any information regarding sensitive na-
5	tional security matters or sensitive procedures or op-
6	erations of a Federal law enforcement agency with
7	national security responsibilities to a foreign person
8	not authorized to receive that information; and"
9	and
10	(7) by adding at the end the following flush-left
11	text:
12	"For purposes of this subsection, the phrase 'the avail-
13	ability of human resources' shall be construed to consider
14	potential losses of such availability resulting from reduc-
15	tions in the employment of United States persons whose
16	knowledge or skills are critical to national security, includ-
17	ing the continued production in the United States of items
18	that are likely to be acquired by the Department of De-
19	fense or other Federal departments or agencies for the ad-
20	vancement of the national security of the United States."
21	SEC. 309. MITIGATION AND OTHER ACTIONS BY THE COM-
22	MITTEE TO ADDRESS NATIONAL SECURITY
23	RISKS.
24	Section 721(l) of the Defense Production Act of 1950
25	(50 U.S.C. 4565(1)) is amended—

1	(1) in paragraph (1)—
2	(A) in subparagraph (A)—
3	(i) in the heading, by striking "IN
4	GENERAL" and inserting "AGREEMENTS
5	AND CONDITIONS";
6	(ii) by striking "The Committee" and
7	inserting the following:
8	"(i) In General.—The Committee";
9	(iii) by adding at the end the fol-
10	lowing:
11	"(ii) Abandonment of trans-
12	ACTIONS.—If a party to a covered trans-
13	action has voluntarily chosen to abandon
14	the transaction, the Committee or lead
15	agency, as the case may be, may negotiate,
16	enter into or impose, and enforce any
17	agreement or condition with any party to
18	the covered transaction for purposes of ef-
19	fectuating such abandonment and miti-
20	gating any threat to the national security
21	of the United States that arises as a result
22	of the covered transaction.
23	"(iii) Agreements and conditions
24	RELATING TO COMPLETED TRANS-
25	ACTIONS.—The Committee or lead agency,

1	as the case may be, may negotiate, enter
2	into or impose, and enforce any agreement
3	or condition with any party to a completed
4	covered transaction in order to mitigate
5	any interim threat to the national security
6	of the United States that may arise as a
7	result of the covered transaction until such
8	time that the Committee has completed ac-
9	tion pursuant to subsection (b) or the
10	President has taken action pursuant to
11	subsection (d) with respect to the trans-
12	action.";
13	(B) by amending subparagraph (B) to read
14	as follows:
15	"(B) Treatment of outdated agree-
16	MENTS OR CONDITIONS.—The chairperson and
17	the head of any applicable lead agency shall pe-
18	riodically review the appropriateness of an
19	agreement or condition described under sub-
20	paragraph (A) and terminate, phase out, or
21	otherwise amend any agreement or condition if

(C) by adding at the end the following:

the agreement or condition."; and

a threat no longer requires mitigation through

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1	"(C) Limitations.—An agreement may
2	not be entered into or condition imposed under
3	subparagraph (A) with respect to a covered
4	transaction unless the Committee determines
5	that the agreement or condition resolves the na-
6	tional security concerns posed by the trans-
7	action, taking into consideration whether the
8	agreement or condition is reasonably calculated
9	to—
10	"(i) be effective;
11	"(ii) allow for compliance with the
12	terms of the agreement or condition in an
13	appropriately verifiable way; and
14	"(iii) enable effective monitoring of
15	compliance with and enforcement of the
16	terms of the agreement or condition.
17	"(D) Jurisdiction.—The provisions of
18	section 706(b) shall apply to any mitigation
19	agreement entered into or condition imposed
20	under subparagraph (A)."; and
21	(2) by adding at the end the following:
22	"(4) Referral to president.—The Com-
23	mittee may, at any time during the review or inves-
24	tigation of a covered transaction under subsection
25	(b), complete the action of the Committee with re-

1	spect to the transaction and refer the transaction to
2	the President for action pursuant to subsection (d).
3	"(5) Risk-based analysis required.—
4	"(A) In General.—Any determination of
5	the Committee to refer a covered transaction to
6	the President under paragraph (4), to suspend
7	a covered transaction under paragraph (6), or
8	to negotiate, enter into, impose, or enforce any
9	agreement or condition under paragraph (1)(A)
10	with respect to a covered transaction, shall be
11	based on a risk-based analysis, conducted by
12	the Committee, of the effects on the national
13	security of the United States of the covered
14	transaction, which shall include—
15	"(i) an assessment of the threat,
16	vulnerabilities, and consequences to na-
17	tional security resulting from the trans-
18	action, as these terms are defined or clari-
19	fied in guidance and regulations issued by
20	the Committee; and
21	"(ii) an identification of each relevant
22	factor described in subsection (f) that the
23	transaction may substantially implicate.
24	"(B) COMPLIANCE PLANS.—

1	"(i) In general.—In the case of a
2	covered transaction with respect to which
3	an agreement or condition is entered into
4	under paragraph (1)(A), the Committee or
5	lead agency, as the case may be, shall for-
6	mulate, adhere to, and keep updated a
7	plan for monitoring compliance with the
8	agreement or condition.
9	"(ii) Elements.—Each plan required
10	by clause (i) with respect to an agreement
11	or condition entered into under paragraph
12	(1)(A) shall include an explanation of—
13	"(I) which member of the Com-
14	mittee will have primary responsibility
15	for monitoring compliance with the
16	agreement or condition;
17	"(II) how compliance with the
18	agreement or condition will be mon-
19	itored;
20	"(III) how frequently compliance
21	reviews will be conducted;
22	"(IV) whether an independent
23	entity will be utilized under subpara-
24	graph (D) to conduct compliance re-
25	views; and

1	"(V) what actions will be taken if
2	the parties fail to cooperate regarding
3	monitoring compliance with the agree-
4	ment or condition.
5	"(C) Effect of lack of compliance.—

If, at any time after a mitigation agreement or condition is entered into or imposed under paragraph (1)(A), the Committee or lead agency, as the case may be, determines that a party or parties to the agreement or condition are not in compliance with the terms of the agreement or condition, the Committee or lead agency may, in addition to the authority of the Committee to impose penalties pursuant to subsection (h)(3)(A) and to unilaterally initiate a review of any covered transaction under subsection (b)(1)(D)(iii)(I)—

"(i) negotiate a plan of action for the party or parties to remediate the lack of compliance, with failure to abide by the plan or otherwise remediate the lack of compliance serving as the basis for the Committee to find a material breach of the agreement or condition;

1 "(ii) require that the party or parties
2 submit any covered transaction initiated
3 after the date of the determination of non4 compliance and before the date that is 5
5 years after the date of the determination
6 to the Committee for review under sub7 section (b); or

"(iii) seek injunctive relief.

"(D) USE OF INDEPENDENT ENTITIES TO MONITOR COMPLIANCE.—If the parties to an agreement or condition entered into under paragraph (1)(A) enter into a contract with an independent entity from outside the United States Government for the purpose of monitoring compliance with the agreement or condition, the Committee shall take such action as is necessary to prevent any significant conflict of interest from arising with respect to the entity and the parties to the transaction.

"(E) Successors and assigns.—Any agreement or condition entered or imposed under paragraph (1)(A) shall be considered binding on all successors and assigns, unless and until the agreement or condition terminates on its own terms or is otherwise terminated by

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the Committee in the Committee's sole discretion.

"(F) ADDITIONAL COMPLIANCE MEAS-URES.—Subject to subparagraphs (A) through (D), the Committee shall develop and agree upon methods for evaluating compliance with any agreement entered into or condition imposed with respect to a covered transaction that will allow the Committee to adequately ensure without compliance unnecessarily diverting Committee resources from assessing any new covered transaction for which a written notice under clause (i) of subsection (b)(1)(C) has been filed or for which a declaration has been submitted under clause (v) of subsection (b)(1)(C), and if necessary, reaching a mitigation agreement with or imposing a condition on a party to such covered transaction or any covered transaction for which a review has been reopened for any reason.

"(6) Suspension of transactions.—The Committee, acting through the chairperson, may suspend a proposed or pending covered transaction that may pose a risk to the national security of the United States for such time as the covered trans-

1	action is under review or investigation under sub-
2	section (b).".
3	SEC. 310. CERTIFICATION OF NOTICES AND INFORMATION
4	Section 721(n) of the Defense Production Act of
5	1950 (50 U.S.C. 4565(n)) is amended—
6	(1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) and (2) as
7	subparagraphs (A) and (B), respectively, and by
8	moving such subparagraphs, as so redesignated, 2
9	ems to the right;
10	(2) by striking "Each notice" and inserting the
11	following:
12	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Each notice"; and
13	(3) by adding at the end the following:
14	"(2) Effect of failure to submit.—The
15	Committee may not complete a review under this
16	section of a covered transaction and may recommend
17	to the President that the President suspend or pro-
18	hibit the transaction or require divestment under
19	subsection (d) if the Committee determines that a
20	party to the transaction has—
21	"(A) failed to submit a statement required
22	by paragraph (1); or
23	"(B) included false or misleading informa-
24	tion in a notice or information described in

1	paragraph (1) or omitted material information
2	from such notice or information.
3	"(3) Applicability of law on fraud and
4	FALSE STATEMENTS.—The Committee shall pre-
5	scribe regulations expressly providing for the appli-
6	cation of section 1001 of title 18, United States
7	Code, to all information provided to the Committee
8	under this section by any party to a covered trans-
9	action.".
10	SEC. 311. ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS.
11	Section 721(h)(3) of the Defense Production Act of
12	1950 (50 U.S.C. 4565(h)(3)) is amended—
13	(1) in subparagraph (B)(ii), by striking "and"
14	at the end;
15	(2) in subparagraph (C), by striking the period
16	at the end and inserting "; and; and
17	(3) by adding at the end the following:
18	"(D) provide that in connection with any
19	national security review or investigation of a
20	covered transaction conducted by the Com-
21	mittee, the Committee should—
22	"(i) consider the factors described in
23	paragraphs (2) and (3) of subsection (f);
24	and

1	"(ii) as appropriate, require parties to
2	provide the information necessary to con-
3	sider such factors.".
4	TITLE IV—MODIFICATION OF
5	ANNUAL REPORT
6	SEC. 401. MODIFICATION OF ANNUAL REPORT.
7	Section 721(m) of the Defense Production Act of
8	1950 (50 U.S.C. 4565(m)) is amended—
9	(1) in paragraph (2), by amending subpara-
10	graph (A) to read as follows:
11	"(A) A list of all notices filed and all re-
12	views or investigations of covered transactions
13	completed during the period, with—
14	"(i) a description of the outcome of
15	each review or investigation, including
16	whether an agreement was entered into or
17	condition was imposed under subsection
18	(l)(3)(A) with respect to the transaction
19	being reviewed or investigated, and wheth-
20	er the President took any action under this
21	section with respect to that transaction;
22	"(ii) the nature of the business activi-
23	ties or products of the United States busi-
24	ness with which the transaction was en-
25	tered into or intended to be entered into:

1	"(iii) information about any with-
2	drawal from the process; and
3	"(iv) the mean and median number of
4	days required to complete reviews and in-
5	vestigations during the period.";
6	(2) in paragraph (3)—
7	(A) by striking "CRITICAL TECHNOLOGIES"
8	and all that follows through "In order to as-
9	sist" and inserting "CRITICAL TECH-
10	Nologies.—In order to assist";
11	(B) by striking subparagraph (B); and
12	(C) by redesignating clauses (i) and (ii) as
13	subparagraphs (A) and (B), respectively, and
14	by moving such subparagraphs, as so redesig-
15	nated, 2 ems to the left; and
16	(3) by adding at the end the following:
17	"(4) Additional contents of report.—
18	Each annual report required under paragraph (1)
19	shall contain the following additional information:
20	"(A) Statistics on compliance reviews con-
21	ducted and actions taken by the Committee
22	under subsection (l)(6), including subparagraph
23	(D) of that subsection (l)(6), during that period
24	and a description of any actions taken by the
25	Committee to impose penalties or initiate a uni-

1	lateral review pursuant to subsection
2	(b)(1)(D)(iii)(I).
3	"(B) Cumulative and trend information on
4	the number of declarations filed under sub-
5	section (b)(1)(C)(v), the actions taken by the
6	Committee in response to declarations, the busi-
7	ness sectors involved in the declarations which
8	have been made, the countries involved in such
9	declarations, and the mean and median number
10	of days required to respond to such declara-
11	tions, as described in subsection
12	(b)(1)(C)(v)(IV), during that period .
13	"(C) The number of new hires made since
14	the preceding report through the authorities de-
15	scribed under subsection (q), along with sum-
16	mary statistics, position titles, and associated
17	pay grades for such hires and a summary of
18	such hires' responsibilities in administering this
19	section.
20	"(5) Classification; availability of re-
21	PORT.—
22	"(A) Classification.—All appropriate
23	portions of the annual report required by para-
24	graph (1) may be classified.

"(B) Public availability of unclassi-1 2 FIED VERSION.—An unclassified version of the 3 report required by paragraph (1), as appro-4 priate and consistent with safeguarding national security and privacy, shall be made avail-6 able to the public. Information regarding trade 7 secrets or business confidential information may 8 be included in the classified version and may 9 not be made available to the public in the unclassified version. 10

> "(C) EXCEPTIONS TO FREEDOM OF INFOR-MATION ACT.—The exceptions to subsection (a) of section 552 of title 5, United States Code, provided for under subsection (b) of that section shall apply with respect to the report required by paragraph (1).".

## 17 SEC. 402. REPORT ON TRANSACTIONS WITH CENSORSHIP 18 IMPLICATIONS.

Not later than one year from the date of enactment of this Act, the Committee on Foreign Investment in the United States shall issue a report to the Congress, appropriate portions of which may be classified, on investments by foreign persons into the entertainment and information sectors of the United States, which shall include analysis of the extent to which such investments have resulted in

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- 1 or could result in direct or indirect censorship, including
- 2 self-censorship, within the United States.
- 3 SEC. 403. NOTICE TO CONGRESS BY THE COMMITTEE.
- 4 Section 721 of the Defense Production Act of 1950
- 5 (50 U.S.C. 4565), as amended by section 503, is further
- 6 amended by adding at the end the following:
- 7 "(v) Notice to Congress by the Committee.—
- 8 If the Committee recommends that the President suspend
- 9 or prohibit a covered transaction because such transaction
- 10 threatens to impair the national security of the United
- 11 States, the Committee shall, in the classified version of
- 12 the annual report described under subsection (m), notify
- 13 Congress of each such recommendation and, upon request,
- 14 provide a classified briefing on the recommendation.".
- 15 TITLE V—RESOURCES, SPECIAL
- 16 HIRING AUTHORITY, AND
- 17 **OUTREACH**
- 18 SEC. 501. CENTRALIZATION OF CERTAIN COMMITTEE
- 19 **FUNCTIONS.**
- 20 Section 721 of the Defense Production Act of 1950
- 21 (50 U.S.C. 4565) is amended by adding at the end the
- 22 following:
- 23 "(0) CENTRALIZATION OF CERTAIN COMMITTEE
- 24 Functions.—

1 "(1) In General.—The chairperson, in con-2 sultation with the Committee, may centralize certain 3 functions of the Committee within the Department of the Treasury for the purpose of enhancing inter-5 agency coordination and collaboration in carrying 6 out the functions of the Committee under this sec-7 tion. 8 "(2) Rule of construction.—Nothing in 9 this subsection shall be construed as limiting the au-10 thority of any department or agency represented on 11 the Committee to represent its own interests before 12 the Committee.". 13 SEC. 502. CFIUS RESOURCE NEEDS. 14 (a) Unified Budget Request.—Section 721 of the 15 Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. 4565), as amended by section 501, is further amended by adding 16 17 at the end the following: 18 "(p) Unified Budget Request; Annual Spend-19 ING PLAN.— 20 "(1) Unified budget request.— "(A) IN GENERAL.—The President may in-21 22 clude, in the budget of the Department of the

Treasury for a fiscal year (as submitted to Con-

gress with the budget of the President under

section 1105(a) of title 31, United States

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Code), a unified request for funding of all operations under this section conducted by all of the departments and agencies represented on the Committee.

"(B) FORM OF BUDGET REQUEST.—A unified request under subparagraph (A) shall be detailed and include the amounts and staffing levels requested for each department or agency represented on the Committee to carry out the functions of that department or agency under this section.

"(2) Annual spending plan.—Not later than 90 days following the date of enactment of this subsection, and annually thereafter, the chairperson of the Committee shall transmit to the Committees on Appropriations and Financial Services of the House of Representatives and the Committees on Appropriations and Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate a detailed spending plan to expeditiously meet the requirements of subsections (b), (l), and (m), including estimated expenditures and staffing levels required by operations of the Committee for not less than the following fiscal year at each of the Committee's member agencies.

- 1 "(3) WAIVER.—The chairperson may waive the
- 2 reporting requirement under paragraph (2) with re-
- 3 spect to a fiscal year for which a unified budget re-
- 4 quest described under paragraph (1) has been sub-
- 5 mitted.".
- 6 (b) Special Hiring Authority.—Section 721 of
- 7 the Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. 4565),
- 8 as amended by subsection (a), is further amended by add-
- 9 ing at the end the following:
- 10 "(q) Special Hiring Authority.—The heads of
- 11 the departments and agencies represented on the Com-
- 12 mittee may appoint, without regard to the provisions of
- 13 sections 3309 through 3318 of title 5, United States Code,
- 14 candidates directly to positions in the competitive service
- 15 (as defined in section 2102 of that title) in their respective
- 16 departments and agencies to administer this section.".
- 17 (c) Testimony Required.—Section 721 of the De-
- 18 fense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. 4565), as
- 19 amended by subsection (d), is further amended by adding
- 20 at the end the following:
- 21 "(r) Testimony.—
- 22 "(1) IN GENERAL.—After submitting the uni-
- fied budget request described under subsection
- 24 (p)(1), or the spending plan described under sub-
- section (p)(2), as the case may be, but not later

1	than March 31 of each year, the chairperson, or the
2	chairperson's designee, shall appear before the Com-
3	mittee on Financial Services of the House of Rep-
4	resentatives and present testimony on—
5	"(A) anticipated resources necessary for
6	operations of the Committee in the following
7	fiscal year at each of the Committee's member
8	agencies;
9	"(B) the adequacy of appropriations for
10	the Committee in the current and the previous
11	fiscal year to—
12	"(i) ensure that thorough reviews and
13	investigations are completed as expedi-
14	tiously as possible;
15	"(ii) monitor and enforce mitigation
16	agreements; and
17	"(iii) identify covered transactions for
18	which a notice under clause (i) of sub-
19	section (b)(1)(C) or a declaration under
20	clause (v) of subsection (b)(1)(C) was not
21	submitted to the Committee;
22	"(C) management efforts to strengthen the
23	ability of the Committee to meet the require-
24	ments of this section; and

1	"(D) activities of the Committee under-
2	taken in order to—
3	"(i) educate the business community,
4	with a particular focus on the technology
5	sector and other sectors of importance to
6	national security, on the goals and oper-
7	ations of the Committee;
8	"(ii) disseminate to the governments
9	of United States allies best practices of the
10	Committee that—
11	"(I) strengthen national security
12	reviews of relevant investment trans-
13	actions; and
14	"(II) expedite such reviews when
15	appropriate; and
16	"(iii) promote openness to foreign in-
17	vestment, consistent with national security
18	considerations.
19	"(2) Sunset.—This subsection shall have no
20	force or effect on the date that is 7 years following
21	the date of enactment of the Foreign Investment
22	Risk Review Modernization Act of 2018.".

## 1 SEC. 503. FUNDING.

- 2 Section 721 of the Defense Production Act of 1950
- 3 (50 U.S.C. 4565), as amended by section 603, is further
- 4 amended by adding at the end the following:
- 5 ``(u) FUNDING.

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- "(1) ESTABLISHMENT OF FUND.—There is established in the Treasury of the United States a fund, to be known as the 'Committee on Foreign Investment in the United States Fund' (in this subsection referred to as the 'Fund'), to be administered by the chairperson.
  - "(2) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE COMMITTEE.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Fund for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023 \$20,000,000 to perform the functions of the Committee.

## "(3) FILING FEES.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Committee may assess and collect a fee in an amount determined by the Committee in regulations, without regard to section 9701 of title 31, United States Code, and subject to subparagraph (B), with respect to each covered transaction for which a written notice is submitted to the Committee under subsection (b)(1)(C)(i) or a dec-

1	laration is submitted to the Committee under
2	subsection $(b)(1)(C)(v)$ .
3	"(B) Determination of amount of
4	FEE.—
5	"(i) In general.—The amount of
6	the fee to be assessed under subparagraph
7	(A) with respect to a covered transaction—
8	"(I) may not exceed an amount
9	equal to the lesser of—
10	"(aa) 1 percent of the value
11	of the transaction; or
12	"(bb) \$300,000, as such
13	amount is adjusted annually for
14	inflation pursuant to regulations
15	prescribed by the Committee; and
16	"(II) shall be determined by the
17	Committee after taking into consider-
18	ation—
19	"(aa) the effect of the fee on
20	small business concerns (as de-
21	fined in section 3 of the Small
22	Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632));
23	"(bb) the expenses of the
24	Committee associated with con-

1	ducting activities under this sec-
2	tion;
3	"(cc) the effect of the fee on
4	foreign investment;
5	"(dd) the unified budget re-
6	quest or annual spending plan, as
7	appropriate, described in section
8	502 of the Foreign Investment
9	Risk Review Modernization Act
10	of 2018; and
11	"(ee) such other matters as
12	the Committee considers appro-
13	priate.
14	"(ii) UPDATES.—The Committee shall
15	periodically reconsider and adjust the
16	amount of the fee to be assessed under
17	subparagraph (A) with respect to a covered
18	transaction to ensure that the amount of
19	the fee remains appropriate.
20	"(C) Deposit and availability of
21	FEES.—Notwithstanding section 3302 of title
22	31, United States Code, fees collected under
23	subparagraph (A) shall—

1	"(i) be deposited into the Fund for
2	use in carrying out activities under this
3	section;
4	"(ii) to the extent and in the amounts
5	provided in advance in appropriations Acts,
6	be available to the chairperson;
7	"(iii) remain available until expended;
8	and
9	"(iv) be in addition to any appropria-
10	tions made available to the members of the
11	Committee.
12	"(4) Transfer of funds.—To the extent pro-
13	vided in advance in appropriations Acts, the chair-
14	person may transfer any amounts in the Fund to
15	any other department or agency represented on the
16	Committee for the purpose of addressing emerging
17	needs in carrying out activities under this section.
18	Amounts so transferred shall be in addition to any
19	other amounts available to that department or agen-
20	cy for that purpose.".
21	TITLE VI—MISCELLANEOUS
22	FIRRMA PROVISIONS
23	SEC. 601. CONFORMING AMENDMENT.
24	Section 721(d)(4)(A) of the Defense Production Act
25	of 1950 (50 U.S.C. 4565(d)(4)(A)) is amended by striking

1	"the foreign interest exercising control" and inserting "a
2	foreign person that would acquire an interest in a United
3	States business or its assets as a result of the covered
4	transaction".
5	SEC. 602. REGULATORY CERTAINTY FOR UNITED STATES
6	BUSINESSES.
7	Section 721 of the Defense Production Act of 1950
8	(50 U.S.C. 4565), as amended by section 502, is further
9	amended by adding at the end the following:
10	"(s) Regulatory Certainty for United States
11	Businesses.—
12	"(1) In general.—With respect to mitigating
13	a national security risk that results from a foreign
14	person's investment in, or joint venture with, a
15	United States business, a member agency of the
16	Committee may not prescribe or implement regula-
17	tions to require divestment by, or of, the United
18	States business, unless—
19	"(A) the regulations are prescribed under
20	this section or pursuant to authorities of the
21	President under the International Emergency
22	Economic Powers Act; or
23	"(B) the President reports to Congress in
24	writing that the regulations—

1	"(i) are, wherever applicable, con-
2	sistent with regulations prescribed under
3	this section, including any such regulations
4	pertaining to—
5	"(I) foreign control or influence
6	over a United States business;
7	"(II) the identification of emerg-
8	ing, foundational, or other critical
9	technologies; and
10	"(III) confidentiality require-
11	ments with respect to information and
12	documentary material regarding
13	United States businesses; and
14	"(ii) in the case of regulations pre-
15	scribed or finalized following the effective
16	date of this subsection, were prescribed in
17	consultation with the chairperson of the
18	Committee and with the head of any mem-
19	ber agency determined by the President to
20	be affected by the regulations.
21	"(2) Exception for procurement author-
22	ITY.—Paragraph (1) shall not apply to an action by
23	a member agency if the head of the member agency
24	determines that such action is necessary for procure-

1	ment purposes of the agency or for matters related
2	to the management of the agency's supply chain.".
3	SEC. 603. COOPERATION WITH UNITED STATES ALLIES AND
4	PARTNERS.
5	Section 721 of the Defense Production Act of 1950
6	(50 U.S.C. 4565), as amended by section 602, is further
7	amended by adding at the end the following:
8	"(t) Cooperation With United States Allies
9	AND PARTNERS.—
10	"(1) In General.—The chairperson, in con-
11	sultation with other members of the Committee, is
12	authorized to lead a formal process for the regular
13	exchange of information with governments of coun-
14	tries that are allies or partners of the United States,
15	in the discretion of the chairperson, to protect the
16	national security of the United States and those
17	countries.
18	"(2) Requirements.—The process described
19	under paragraph (1) shall, in the discretion of the
20	chairperson—
21	"(A) be designed to facilitate the harmoni-
22	zation of action with respect to trends in invest-
23	ment and technology that could pose risks to
24	the national security of the United States and

1	countries that are allies or partners of the
2	United States;
3	"(B) provide for the sharing of information
4	with respect to specific technologies and entities
5	acquiring such technologies as appropriate to
6	ensure national security; and
7	"(C) include consultations and meetings
8	with representatives of the governments of such
9	countries on a recurring basis.".
10	TITLE VII—COMMON SENSE
11	CREDIT UNION CAPITAL RELIEF
12	SEC. 701. DELAY IN EFFECTIVE DATE.
13	Notwithstanding any effective date set forth in the
14	rule issued by the National Credit Union Administration
15	titled "Risk-Based Capital" (published at 80 Fed. Reg.
16	66626 (October 29, 2015)), such final rule shall take ef-
17	fect on January 1, 2021.
18	TITLE VIII—EXPORT CONTROL
19	REFORM
20	SEC. 801. SHORT TITLE.
21	This title may be cited as the "Export Control Re-
22	form Act of 2018".
23	SEC. 802. DEFINITIONS.
24	In this title:

1	(1) Controlled.—The term "controlled" re-
2	fers to an item subject to the jurisdiction of the
3	United States under subtitle A.
4	(2) Dual-use.—The term "dual-use", with re-
5	spect to an item, means the item has civilian appli-
6	cations and military, terrorism, weapons of mass de-
7	struction, or law-enforcement-related applications.
8	(3) Export.—The term "export", with respect
9	to an item subject to controls under subtitle A, in-
10	cludes—
11	(A) the shipment or transmission of the
12	item out of the United States, including the
13	sending or taking of the item out of the United
14	States, in any manner; and
15	(B) the release or transfer of technology or
16	source code relating to the item to a foreign
17	person in the United States.
18	(4) Export administration regulations.—
19	The term "Export Administration Regulations"
20	means—
21	(A) the Export Administration Regulations
22	as promulgated, maintained, and amended
23	under the authority of the International Emer-
24	gency Economic Powers Act and codified, as of
25	the date of the enactment of this Act, in sub-

1	chapter C of chapter VII of title 15, Code of
2	Federal Regulations; or
3	(B) regulations that are promulgated,
4	maintained, and amended under the authority
5	of subtitle A on or after the date of the enact-
6	ment of this Act.
7	(5) Foreign person.—The term "foreign per-
8	son' means—
9	(A) any natural person who is not a lawful
10	permanent resident of the United States, citizen
11	of the United States, or any other protected in-
12	dividual (as such term is defined in section
13	274B(a)(3) of the Immigration and Nationality
14	Act (8 U.S.C. 1324b(a)(3));
15	(B) any corporation, business association,
16	partnership, trust, society or any other entity or
17	group that is not incorporated in the United
18	States or organized to do business in the
19	United States, as well as international organiza-
20	tions, foreign governments and any agency or
21	subdivision of a foreign government (e.g., diplo-
22	matic mission).
23	(6) Item.—The term "item" means a com-
24	modity, software, or technology.
25	(7) Person.—The term "person" means—

1	(A) a natural person;
2	(B) a corporation, business association
3	partnership, society, trust, financial institution
4	insurer, underwriter, guarantor, and any other
5	business organization, any other nongovern-
6	mental entity, organization, or group, or any
7	government or agency thereof; and
8	(C) any successor to any entity described
9	in subparagraph (B).
10	(8) REEXPORT.—The term "reexport", with re-
11	spect to an item subject to controls under subtitle A
12	includes—
13	(A) the shipment or transmission of the
14	item from a foreign country to another foreign
15	country, including the sending or taking of the
16	item from the foreign country to the other for-
17	eign country, in any manner; and
18	(B) the release or transfer of technology or
19	source code relating to the item to a foreign
20	person outside the United States.
21	(9) Secretary.—Except as otherwise provided
22	the term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Com-
23	merce.
24	(10) Technology.—The term "technology"
25	includes foundational information and information

1 and know-how necessary for the development (at all 2 stages prior to serial production), production, use, 3 operation, installation, maintenance, repair, overhaul 4 or refurbishing of an item. (11) Transfer.—The term "transfer", with 6 respect to an item subject to controls under title I, 7 means a change in the end-use or end user of the 8 item within the same foreign country. 9 (12) United states.—The term "United 10 States" means the several States, the District of Co-11 lumbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Com-12 monwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Amer-

- 16 (13) UNITED STATES PERSON.—The term 17 "United States person" means—
  - (A) for purposes of subtitles A and C—

ican Samoa, Guam, the United States Virgin Is-

lands, and any other territory or possession of the

19 (i) any individual who is a citizen or 20 national of the United States or who is an 21 individual described in subparagraph (B) 22 of section 274B(a)(3) of the Immigration 23 and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1324b(a)(3); 24

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United States.

1	(ii) a corporation or other legal entity
2	which is organized under the laws of the
3	United States, any State or territory there-
4	of, or the District of Columbia; and
5	(iii) any person in the United States;
6	and
7	(B) for purposes of subtitle B, any United
8	States resident or national (other than an indi-
9	vidual resident outside the United States and
10	employed by other than a United States per-
11	son), any domestic concern (including any per-
12	manent domestic establishment of any foreign
13	concern) and any foreign subsidiary or affiliate
14	(including any permanent foreign establish-
15	ment) of any domestic concern which is con-
16	trolled in fact by such domestic concern, as de-
17	termined under regulations by the Secretary.
18	(14) Weapons of mass destruction.—The
19	term "weapons of mass destruction" means nuclear,
20	radiological, chemical, and biological weapons and
21	delivery systems for such weapons.

## Subtitle A—Authority and Administration of Controls

2	Administration of Controls
3	SEC. 811. SHORT TITLE.
4	This subtitle may be cited as the "Export Controls
5	Act of 2018".
6	SEC. 812. STATEMENT OF POLICY.
7	The following is the policy of the United States:
8	(1) To use export controls only after full con-
9	sideration of the impact on the economy of the
10	United States and only to the extent necessary—
11	(A) to restrict the exports of items which
12	would make a significant contribution to the
13	military potential of any other country or com-
14	bination of countries which would prove detri-
15	mental to the national security of the United
16	States; and
17	(B) to restrict the export of items if nec-
18	essary to further significantly the foreign policy
19	of the United States or to fulfill its declared
20	international obligations.
21	(2) The national security and foreign policy of
22	the United States require that the export, reexport,
23	and transfer of items, and specific activities of
24	United States persons, wherever located, be con-
25	trolled for the following purposes:

1	(A) To control the release of items for use
2	in—
3	(i) the proliferation of weapons of
4	mass destruction or of conventional weap-
5	ons;
6	(ii) the acquisition of destabilizing
7	numbers or types of conventional weapons;
8	(iii) acts of terrorism;
9	(iv) military programs that could pose
10	a threat to the security of the United
11	States or its allies; or
12	(v) activities undertaken specifically to
13	cause significant interference with or dis-
14	ruption of critical infrastructure.
15	(B) To preserve the qualitative military su-
16	periority of the United States.
17	(C) To strengthen the United States in-
18	dustrial base.
19	(D) To carry out the foreign policy of the
20	United States, including the protection of
21	human rights and the promotion of democracy.
22	(E) To carry out obligations and commit-
23	ments under international agreements and ar-
24	rangements, including multilateral export con-
25	trol regimes.

- 1 (F) To facilitate military interoperability 2 between the United States and its North Atlan-3 tic Treaty Organization (NATO) and other 4 close allies.
  - (G) To ensure national security controls are tailored to focus on those core technologies and other items that are capable of being used to pose a serious national security threat to the United States.
  - (3) The national security of the United States requires that the United States maintain its leadership in the science, technology, engineering, and manufacturing sectors, including foundational technology that is essential to innovation. Such leadership requires that United States persons are competitive in global markets. The impact of the implementation of this subtitle on such leadership and competitiveness must be evaluated on an ongoing basis and applied in imposing controls under sections 813 and 814 to avoid negatively affecting such leadership.
  - (4) The national security and foreign policy of the United States require that the United States participate in multilateral organizations and agreements regarding export controls on items that are

- consistent with the policy of the United States, and take all the necessary steps to secure the adoption and consistent enforcement, by the governments of such countries, of export controls on items that are consistent with such policy.
  - (5) Export controls should be coordinated with the multilateral export control regimes. Export controls that are multilateral are most effective, and should be tailored to focus on those core technologies and other items that are capable of being used to pose a serious national security threat to the United States and its allies.
  - (6) Export controls applied unilaterally to items widely available from foreign sources generally are less effective in preventing end-users from acquiring those items. Application of unilateral export controls should be limited for purposes of protecting specific United States national security and foreign policy interests.
  - (7) The effective administration of export controls requires a clear understanding both inside and outside the United States Government of which items are controlled and an efficient process should be created to update the controls, such as by adding or removing such items.

- 1 (8) The export control system must ensure that
  2 it is transparent, predictable, and timely, has the
  3 flexibility to be adapted to address new threats in
  4 the future, and allows seamless access to and shar5 ing of export control information among all relevant
  6 United States national security and foreign policy
  7 agencies.
  - (9) Implementation and enforcement of United States export controls require robust capabilities in monitoring, intelligence, and investigation, appropriate penalties for violations, and the ability to swiftly interdict unapproved transfers.
  - (10) Export controls complement and are a critical element of the national security policies underlying the laws and regulations governing foreign direct investment in the United States, including controlling the transfer of critical technologies to certain foreign persons. Thus, the President, in coordination with the Secretary, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Energy, and the heads of other Federal agencies, as appropriate, should have a regular and robust process to identify the emerging and other types of critical technologies of concern and regulate their release to foreign persons as warranted regardless of the na-

1	ture of the underlying transaction. Such identifica-
2	tion efforts should draw upon the resources and ex-
3	pertise of all relevant parts of the United States
4	Government, industry, and academia. These efforts
5	should be in addition to traditional efforts to mod-
6	ernize and update the lists of controlled items under
7	the multilateral export control regimes.
8	(11) The authority under this subtitle may be
9	exercised only in furtherance of all of the objectives
10	set forth in paragraphs (1) through (10).
11	SEC. 813. AUTHORITY OF THE PRESIDENT.
12	(a) AUTHORITY.—In order to carry out the policy set
13	forth in paragraphs (1) through (10) of section 812, the
14	President shall control—
15	(1) the export, reexport, and transfer of items
16	subject to the jurisdiction of the United States,
17	whether by United States persons or by foreign per-
18	sons; and
19	(2) the activities of United States persons,
20	wherever located, relating to specific—
21	(A) nuclear explosive devices;
22	(B) missiles;
23	(C) chemical or biological weapons;
24	(D) whole plants for chemical weapons pre-
25	cursors;

1	(E) foreign maritime nuclear projects; and
2	(F) foreign military intelligence services.
3	(b) REQUIREMENTS.—In exercising authority under
4	this subtitle to carry out the policy set forth in paragraphs
5	(1) through (10) of section 812, the President shall—
6	(1) regulate the export, reexport, and transfer
7	of items described in subsection (a)(1) of United
8	States persons or foreign persons;
9	(2) regulate the activities described in sub-
10	section (a)(2) of United States persons, wherever lo-
11	cated;
12	(3) secure the cooperation of other governments
13	and multilateral organizations to impose control sys-
14	tems that are consistent, to the extent possible, with
15	the controls imposed under subsection (a);
16	(4) maintain the leadership of the United
17	States in science, engineering, technology research
18	and development, manufacturing, and foundational
19	technology that is essential to innovation;
20	(5) protect United States technological ad-
21	vances by prohibiting unauthorized technology trans-
22	fers to foreign persons in the United States or out-
23	side the United States, particularly with respect to
24	countries that may pose a significant threat to the
25	national security of the United States;

- 1 (6) strengthen the United States industrial 2 base, both with respect to current and future de-3 fense requirements; and
- 4 (7) enforce the controls through means such as 5 regulations, requirements for compliance, lists of 6 controlled items, lists of foreign persons who threat-7 en the national security or foreign policy of the 8 United States, and guidance in a form that facili-9 tates compliance by United States persons and for-10 eign persons, in particular academic institutions, scientific and research establishments, and small- and 12 medium-sized businesses.
- 13 (c) Application of Controls.—The President shall impose controls over the export, reexport, or transfer 14 15 of items for purposes of the objectives described in subsections (b)(1) or (b)(2) without regard to the nature of 16 17 the underlying transaction or any circumstances per-18 taining to the activity, including whether such export, re-19 export, or transfer occurs pursuant to a purchase order or other contract requirement, voluntary decision, inter-21 company arrangement, marketing effort, or during a joint venture, joint development agreement, or similar collabo-23 rative agreement.

# 1 SEC. 814. ADDITIONAL AUTHORITIES.

2	(a) In General.—In carrying out this subtitle on
3	behalf of the President, the Secretary, in consultation with
4	the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Defense, the Sec-
5	retary of Energy, and the heads of other Federal agencies
6	as appropriate, shall—
7	(1) establish and maintain a list of items that
8	are controlled under this subtitle;
9	(2) establish and maintain a list of foreign per-
10	sons and end-uses that are determined to be a threat
11	to the national security and foreign policy of the
12	United States pursuant to the policy set forth in sec-
13	tion $812(2)(A)$ ;
14	(3) prohibit unauthorized exports, reexports,
15	and transfers of controlled items, including to for-
16	eign persons in the United States or outside the
17	United States;
18	(4) restrict exports, reexports, and transfers of
19	any controlled items to any foreign person or end-
20	use listed under paragraph (2);
21	(5) require licenses or other authorizations, as
22	appropriate, for exports, reexports, and transfers of
23	controlled items, including imposing conditions or re-
24	strictions on United States persons and foreign per-
25	sons with respect to such licenses or other authoriza-
26	tions;

- 1 (6) establish a process for an assessment to de2 termine whether a foreign item is comparable in
  3 quality to an item controlled under this subtitle, and
  4 is available in sufficient quantities to render the
  5 United States export control of that item or the de6 nial of a license ineffective, including a mechanism
  7 to address that disparity;
  - (7) require measures for compliance with the export controls established under this subtitle;
  - (8) require and obtain such information from United States persons and foreign persons as is necessary to carry out this subtitle;
  - (9) require, to the extent feasible, identification of items subject to controls under this subtitle in order to facilitate the enforcement of such controls;
  - (10) inspect, search, detain, or seize, or impose temporary denial orders with respect to items, in any form, that are subject to controls under this subtitle, or conveyances on which it is believed that there are items that have been, are being, or are about to be exported, reexported, or transferred in violation of this subtitle;
- 23 (11) monitor shipments, or other means of 24 transfer;

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- 1 (12) keep the public fully apprised of changes 2 in policy, regulations, and procedures established 3 under this subtitle;
- 4 (13) appoint technical advisory committees in 5 accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee 6 Act;
- 7 (14) create, as warranted, exceptions to licens-8 ing requirements in order to further the objectives of 9 this subtitle;
- 10 (15) establish and maintain processes to inform 11 persons, either individually by specific notice or 12 through amendment to any regulation or order 13 issued under this subtitle, that a license from the 14 Bureau of Industry and Security of the Department 15 of Commerce is required to export; and
- 16 (16) undertake any other action as is necessary 17 to carry out this subtitle that is not otherwise pro-18 hibited by law.
- (b) Relationship to IEEPA.—The authority under this subtitle may not be used to regulate or prohibit under this subtitle the export, reexport, or transfer of any item that may not be regulated or prohibited under section 23 203(b) of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1702(b)), except to the extent the Presi-

1	trols under subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) of paragraph
2	(2) of such section.
3	(c) Countries Supporting International Ter-
4	RORISM.—
5	(1) Commerce license requirement.—
6	(A) In general.—A license shall be re-
7	quired for the export, reexport, or transfer of
8	items, the control of which is implemented pur-
9	suant to subsection (a) by the Secretary, to a
10	country if the Secretary of State has made the
11	following determinations:
12	(i) The government of such country
13	has repeatedly provided support for acts of
14	international terrorism.
15	(ii) The export, reexport, or transfer
16	of such items could make a significant con-
17	tribution to the military potential of such
18	country, including its military logistics ca-
19	pability, or could enhance the ability of
20	such country to support acts of inter-
21	national terrorism.
22	(B) Determination under other pro-
23	VISIONS OF LAW.—A determination of the Sec-
24	retary of State under section 620A of the For-
25	eign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2371),

section 40 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2780), or any other provision of law that the government of a country described in subparagraph (A) has repeatedly provided support for acts of international terrorism shall be deemed to be a determination with respect to such government for purposes of clause (i) of subparagraph (A).

## (2) Notification to congress.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State and the Secretary shall notify the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate at least 30 days before any license is issued as required by paragraph (1).
- (B) CONTENTS.—The Secretary of State shall include in the notification required under subparagraph (A)—
  - (i) a detailed description of the items to be offered, including a brief description of the capabilities of any item for which a license to export, reexport, or transfer the items is sought;

1	(ii) the reasons why the foreign coun-
2	try, person, or entity to which the export,
3	reexport, or transfer is proposed to be
4	made has requested the items under the
5	export, reexport, or transfer, and a de-
6	scription of the manner in which such
7	country, person, or entity intends to use
8	such items;
9	(iii) the reasons why the proposed ex-
10	port, reexport, or transfer is in the na-
11	tional interest of the United States;
12	(iv) an analysis of the impact of the
13	proposed export, reexport, or transfer on
14	the military capabilities of the foreign
15	country, person, or entity to which such
16	transfer would be made;
17	(v) an analysis of the manner in
18	which the proposed export, reexport, or
19	transfer would affect the relative military
20	strengths of countries in the region to
21	which the items that are the subject of
22	such export, reexport, or transfer would be
23	delivered and whether other countries in
24	the region have comparable kinds and

amounts of items; and

1	(vi) an analysis of the impact of the
2	proposed export, reexport, or transfer or
3	the relations of the United States with the
4	countries in the region to which the items
5	that are the subject of such export, reex-
6	port, or transfer would be delivered.
7	(3) Publication in federal register.—
8	Each determination of the Secretary of State under
9	paragraph (1)(A)(i) shall be published in the Fed-
10	eral Register, except that the Secretary of State may
11	exclude confidential information and trade secrets
12	contained in such determination.
13	(4) Rescission of Determination.—A deter-
14	mination of the Secretary of State under paragraph
15	(1)(A)(i) may not be rescinded unless the President
16	submits to the Speaker of the House of Representa-
17	tives, the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Af-
18	fairs, and the chairman of the Committee on Bank-
19	ing, Housing, and Urban Affairs and the chairman
20	of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Sen-
21	ate—

22 (A) before the proposed rescission would 23 take effect, a report certifying that—

1	(i) there has been a fundamental
2	change in the leadership and policies of the
3	government of the country concerned;
4	(ii) that government is not supporting
5	acts of international terrorism; and
6	(iii) that government has provided as-
7	surances that it will not support acts of
8	international terrorism in the future; or
9	(B) at least 90 days before the proposed
10	rescission would take effect, a report justifying
11	the rescission and certifying that—
12	(i) the government concerned has not
13	provided any support for acts international
14	terrorism during the preceding 24-month
15	period; and
16	(ii) the government concerned has
17	provided assurances that it will not sup-
18	port acts of international terrorism in the
19	future.
20	(5) DISAPPROVAL OF RESCISSION.—No rescis-
21	sion under paragraph (4)(B) of a determination
22	under paragraph (1)(A) with respect to the govern-
23	ment of a country may be made if Congress, within
24	90 days after receipt of a report under paragraph
25	(4)(B), enacts a joint resolution described in sub-

1	section (f)(2) of section 40 of the Arms Export Con-
2	trol Act with respect to a rescission under subsection
3	(f)(1) of such section with respect to the government
4	of such country.
5	(6) NOTIFICATION AND PRIFFING Not later

- (6) NOTIFICATION AND BRIEFING.—Not later than—
  - (A) ten days after initiating a review of the activities of the government of the country concerned within the 24-month period referred to in paragraph (4)(B)(i), the Secretary of State shall notify the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate of such initiation; and
  - (B) 20 days after the notification described in paragraph (1), the Secretary of State shall brief the congressional committees described in paragraph (1) on the status of such review.
- (7) Waiver.—The President may waive the requirement under paragraph (1) that a license shall be required for the export, reexport, or transfer of items, the control of which is implemented pursuant to subsection (a) by the Secretary, to a country if the President—

1	(A) determines that to do so is essential to
2	the national security interests of the United
3	States; and
4	(B) consults with the Committee on For-
5	eign Affairs of the House of Representatives
6	and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and
7	Urban Affairs and the Committee on Foreign
8	Relations of the Senate not less than 15 days
9	prior to the waiver taking effect.
10	(d) Enhanced Controls.—
11	(1) In general.—In furtherance of section
12	813(a), the President shall, except to the extent au-
13	thorized by a statute or regulation administered by
14	a Federal department or agency other than the De-
15	partment of Commerce, require a United States per-
16	son, wherever located, to apply for and receive a li-
17	cense from the Department of Commerce for—
18	(A) the export, reexport, or transfer of
19	items described in paragraph (2), including
20	items that are not subject to control under this
21	subtitle; and
22	(B) other activities that may support the
23	design, development, production, use, operation,

installation, maintenance, repair, overhaul, or

1	refurbishing of, or for the performance of serv-
2	ices relating to, any such items.
3	(2) ITEMS DESCRIBED.—The items described in
4	this paragraph include—
5	(A) nuclear explosive devices;
6	(B) missiles;
7	(C) chemical or biological weapons;
8	(D) whole plants for chemical weapons pre-
9	cursors; and
10	(E) foreign maritime nuclear projects that
11	would pose a risk to the national security or
12	foreign policy of the United States.
13	(e) Additional Prohibitions.—The Secretary may
14	inform United States persons, either individually by spe-
15	cific notice or through amendment to any regulation or
16	order issued under this subtitle, that a license from the
17	Bureau of Industry and Security of the Department of
18	Commerce is required to engage in any activity if the ac-
19	tivity involves the types of movement, service, or support
20	described in subsection (d). The absence of any such noti-
21	fication does not excuse the United States person from
22	compliance with the license requirements of subsection (d),
23	or any regulation or order issued under this subtitle.
24	(f) License Review Standards.—The Secretary
25	shall deny an application to engage in any activity de-

1	scribed in subsection (d) if the activity would make a ma-
2	terial contribution to any of the items described in sub-
3	section $(d)(2)$ .
4	SEC. 815. ADMINISTRATION OF EXPORT CONTROLS.
5	(a) IN GENERAL.—The President shall rely on, in-
6	cluding through delegations, as appropriate, to the Sec-
7	retary, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of State,
8	the Secretary of Energy, the Director of National Intel-
9	ligence, and the heads of other Federal agencies as appro-
10	priate, to exercise the authority to carry out the purposes
11	set forth in subsection (b).
12	(b) Purposes.—
13	(1) In general.—The purposes of this section
14	include to—
15	(A) advise the President with respect to—
16	(i) identifying specific threats to the
17	national security and foreign policy that
18	the authority of this subtitle may be used
19	to address; and
20	(ii) exercising the authority under this
21	subtitle to implement policies, regulations,
22	procedures, and actions that are necessary
23	to effectively counteract those threats;
24	(B) review and approve—

1	(i) criteria for including items on, and
2	removing such an item from, a list of con-
3	trolled items established under this sub-
4	title;
5	(ii) an interagency procedure for com-
6	piling and amending any list described in
7	clause (i);
8	(iii) criteria for including a person on
9	a list of persons to whom exports, reex-
10	ports, and transfers of items are prohibited
11	or restricted under this subtitle;
12	(iv) standards for compliance by per-
13	sons subject to controls under this subtitle;
14	and
15	(v) policies and procedures for the
16	end-use monitoring of exports, reexports,
17	and transfers of items controlled under
18	this subtitle;
19	(C) obtain independent evaluations, includ-
20	ing from Inspectors General of the relevant de-
21	partments or agencies, on a periodic basis on
22	the effectiveness of the implementation of this
23	subtitle in carrying out the policy set forth in
24	section 812; and

1	(D) benefit from the inherent equities, ex-
2	perience, and capabilities of the Federal offi-
3	cials described in subsection (a), including—
4	(i) the views of the Department of De-
5	fense with respect to the national security
6	implications of a particular control or deci-
7	sion;
8	(ii) the views of the Department of
9	State with respect to foreign policy impli-
10	cations of a particular control or decision,
11	including views relating to national secu-
12	rity;
13	(iii) the views of the Department of
14	Energy with respect to the implications for
15	nuclear proliferation of a particular control
16	or decision;
17	(iv) the views of the Department of
18	Commerce with respect to the administra-
19	tion of an efficient, coherent, reliable, en-
20	forceable, and predictable export control
21	system, including views relating to national
22	security, and the resolution of competing
23	views or policy objectives described in sec-
24	tion 812; and

- 1 (v) the views of other Federal agen2 cies, including the Department of Home3 land Security and the Department of Jus4 tice, with respect to enforceability of a par5 ticular control or decision.
- 6 Transmittal and implementation of 7 EVALUATIONS.—The results of the independent eval-8 uations conducted pursuant to paragraph (1)(C) 9 shall be transmitted to the President and the Con-10 gress, in classified form if necessary. Subject to the 11 delegation of authority by the President, the Federal 12 officials described in subsection (a) shall determine, 13 direct, and ensure that improvements recommended 14 in the evaluations are implemented.
- 15 (c) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-16 gress that the administration of export controls under this 17 subtitle should be consistent with the procedures relating 18 to export license applications described in Executive Order 19 12981 (1995).

### 20 SEC. 816. LICENSING.

21 (a) IN GENERAL.—The President shall, as set forth 22 in section 815(a), establish a procedure for the Depart-23 ment of Commerce to license or otherwise authorize the 24 export, reexport, and transfer of items controlled under 25 this subtitle in order to carry out the policy set forth in

- 1 section 812 and the requirements set forth in section
- 2 813(b). The procedure shall ensure that—
- 3 (1) license applications and other requests for
- 4 authorization are considered and decisions made
- 5 with the participation of appropriate Federal agen-
- 6 cies, as appropriate; and
- 7 (2) licensing decisions are made in an expedi-
- 8 tious manner, with transparency to applicants on the
- 9 status of license and other authorization processing
- and the reason for denying any license or request for
- authorization.
- 12 (b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
- 13 gress that the President should make best efforts to en-
- 14 sure that an accurate, consistent, and timely evaluation
- 15 and processing of licenses or other requests for authoriza-
- 16 tion to export, reexport, or transfer items controlled under
- 17 this subtitle is generally accomplished within 30 days from
- 18 the date of such license request.
- (c) FEES.—No fee may be charged in connection with
- 20 the submission, processing, or consideration of any appli-
- 21 cation for a license or other authorization or other request
- 22 made in connection with any regulation in effect under
- 23 the authority of this subtitle.
- 24 (d) Additional Procedural Requirements.—

- 1 (1) IN GENERAL.—The procedure required 2 under subsection (a) shall provide for the assessment 3 of the impact of a proposed export of an item on the 4 United States defense industrial base and the denial 5 of an application for a license or a request for an 6 authorization of any export that would have a sig-7 nificant negative impact on such defense industrial 8 base, as described in paragraph (3).
  - (2) Information from applicant.—The procedure required under subsection (a) shall also require an applicant for a license to provide the information necessary to make the assessment provided under paragraph (1), including whether the purpose or effect of the export is to allow for the significant production of items relevant for the defense industrial base outside the United States.
  - (3) SIGNIFICANTLY NEGATIVE IMPACT DE-FINED.—A significant negative impact on the United States defense industrial base is the following:
    - (A) A reduction in the availability of an item produced in the United States that is likely to be acquired by the Department of Defense or other Federal department or agency for the advancement of the national security of the United States, or for the production of an item

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- in the United States for the Department of Defense or other agency for the advancement of the national security of the United States.
  - (B) A reduction in the production in the United States of an item that is the result of research and development carried out, or funded by, the Department of Defense or other Federal department or agency to advance the national security of the United States, or a federally funded research and development center.
  - (C) A reduction in the employment of United States persons whose knowledge and skills are necessary for the continued production in the United States of an item that is likely to be acquired by the Department of Defense or other Federal department or agency for the advancement of the national security of the United States.

### 19 SEC. 817. COMPLIANCE ASSISTANCE.

20 (a) System for Seeking Assistance.—The Presi-21 dent may authorize the Secretary to establish a system 22 to provide United States persons with assistance in com-23 plying with this subtitle, which may include a mechanism 24 for providing information, in classified form as appro-25 priate, who are potential customers, suppliers, or business

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- 1 partners with respect to items controlled under this sub-
- 2 title, in order to further ensure the prevention of the ex-
- 3 port, reexport, or transfer of items that may pose a threat
- 4 to the national security or foreign policy of the United
- 5 States.
- 6 (b) Security Clearances.—In order to carry out
- 7 subsection (a), the President may issue appropriate secu-
- 8 rity clearances to persons described in that subsection who
- 9 are responsible for complying with this subtitle.
- 10 (c) Assistance for Certain Businesses.—
- 11 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days
- after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
- 13 President shall develop and submit to Congress a
- plan to assist small- and medium-sized United
- 15 States in export licensing and other processes under
- this subtitle.
- 17 (2) CONTENTS.—The plan shall include, among
- other things, arrangements for the Department of
- 19 Commerce to provide counseling to businesses de-
- scribed in paragraph (1) on filing applications and
- 21 identifying items controlled under this subtitle, as
- 22 well as proposals for seminars and conferences to
- educate such businesses on export controls, licensing
- 24 procedures, and related obligations.

1	SEC. 818. REQUIREMENTS TO IDENTIFY AND CONTROL
2	EMERGING, FOUNDATIONAL, AND OTHER
3	CRITICAL TECHNOLOGIES IN EXPORT CON-
4	TROL REGULATIONS.
5	(a) Identification of Technologies.—
6	(1) In general.—The President shall establish
7	and, in coordination with the Secretary, the Sec-
8	retary of Defense, the Secretary of Energy, the Sec-
9	retary of State, and the heads of other Federal
10	agencies as appropriate, lead a regular, ongoing
11	interagency process to identify emerging and
12	foundational technologies that—
13	(A) are essential to the national security of
14	the United States; and
15	(B) are not critical technologies described
16	in subparagraphs (A) through (D) of section
17	721(a)(7) of the Defense Production Act of
18	1950 (50 U.S.C. 4565(a)(7)).
19	(2) Interagency process.—The interagency
20	process required under paragraph (1) shall—
21	(A) be informed by multiple sources of in-
22	formation, including—
23	(i) publicly available information;
24	(ii) classified information, including
25	relevant information provided by the Direc-
26	tor of National Intelligence;

1	(iii) information relating to reviews
2	and investigations of transactions by the
3	Committee on Foreign Investment in the
4	United States under section 721 of the De-
5	fense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C.
6	4565); and
7	(iv) information provided by the advi-
8	sory committees established by the Sec-
9	retary to advise the Under Secretary of
10	Commerce for Industry and Security on
11	controls under the Export Administration
12	Regulations, including the Emerging Tech-
13	nology and Research Advisory Committee.
14	(B) take into account—
15	(i) the development of emerging and
16	foundational technologies in other coun-
17	tries;
18	(ii) the effect export controls imposed
19	pursuant to this section may have on the
20	development of the technologies in the
21	United States; and
22	(iii) the effectiveness of export con-
23	trols imposed pursuant to this section on
24	limiting the proliferation of emerging and

1	foundational	technologies	to	foreign	coun-
2	tries;				

- (C) provide for the nomination of an emerging or foundational technology to be identified under subsection (a) by the Secretary, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Energy, or the heads of other Federal agencies as appropriate;
- (D) ensure that, not later than 60 days after the nomination of an emerging or foundational technology under subparagraph (C), the Secretary makes a determination, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Energy, and the heads of other Federal agencies as appropriate, regarding whether additional or modified controls on the technology under this section are warranted, including through informing a person that a license is required to export the technology, or that more time and input from the sources described in this paragraph is needed before a final determination is made to issue a rule to impose controls over such technology; and
  - (E) include a notice and comment period.

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# (b) Commerce Controls.—

(1) In General.—The Secretary shall, except to the extent inconsistent with the authorities described in subsection (a)(1)(B), establish appropriate controls on the export, reexport, or transfer of technology identified pursuant to subsection (a) and subject to the Export Administration Regulations, including by publishing additional regulations.

### (2) Levels of Control.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Energy, the Secretary of State, and the heads of other Federal agencies as appropriate, specify the level of control to apply under paragraph (1) with respect to the export of technology described in that paragraph, including a requirement for a license or other authorization, to export, reexport, or transfer of that technology.
- (B) Considerations.—In determining under subparagraph (A) the level of control that is appropriate for technology described in paragraph (1), the Secretary shall take into account—

1	(i) lists of countries to which exports
2	from the United States are restricted; and
3	(ii) the potential end uses and end
4	users of the technology.
5	(C) MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS.—The Sec-
6	retary shall, at a minimum and except as re-
7	quired by paragraph (4), require a license to ex-
8	port, reexport, or transfer technology described
9	in paragraph (1) to or in a country subject to
10	an embargo, including an arms embargo, im-
11	posed by the United States.
12	(3) REVIEW OF LICENSE APPLICATIONS.—
13	(A) Procedures.—The procedures set
14	forth in Executive Order 12981 (50 U.S.C.
15	4603 note; relating to the administration of ex-
16	port controls) or any successor order, shall
17	apply to the review of an application for a li-
18	cense for the export, reexport, or transfer of
19	technology described in paragraph (1).
20	(B) Consideration of information re-
21	LATING TO NATIONAL SECURITY.—In reviewing
22	an application for a license or other authoriza-
23	tion for the export, reexport, or transfer of
24	technology described in paragraph (1), the Sec-

retary shall take into account information pro-

vided by the Director of National Intelligence regarding any threat to the national security of the United States posed by the proposed export, reexport, or transfer. The Director of National Intelligence shall provide such information on the request of the Secretary.

(C) DISCLOSURE RELATING TO COLLABORATIVE ARRANGEMENTS.—In the case of an application for a license or other authorization for
the export, reexport, or transfer of technology
described in paragraph (1) submitted by or on
behalf of a joint venture, joint development
agreement, or similar collaborative arrangement, the Secretary may require the applicant
to identify, in addition to any foreign person
participating in the arrangement, any foreign
person with significant ownership interest in a
foreign person participating in the arrangement.

### (4) Exceptions.—

(A) Mandatory exception.—The Secretary may not control under this subsection the export of any technology described in paragraph (1) if the regulation of that technology is prohibited under any other provision of law.

1 (B) REGULATORY EXEMPTIONS.—In pre-2 scribing regulations under paragraph (1), the 3 Secretary may include appropriate regulatory 4 exemptions to the requirements of that para-5 graph for the export, reexport, or transfer of 6 technology described in paragraph (1).

# (c) Multilateral Controls.—

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- (1) In General.—The Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Energy, and heads of other Federal agencies as appropriate, shall propose to the relevant multilateral export control regimes in the following year that a technology identified through the interagency process required under subsection (a) be added to the list of technology controlled by such regimes.
- (2) REVIEW OF CONTINUED UNILATERAL EX-PORT CONTROLS.—The Secretary, with respect to those items on the Commerce Control List maintained under part 774 of title 15, Code of Federal Regulations, and in coordination with the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Energy, and the Secretary of State, and the Secretary of State, with respect to those items on the United States Munitions List and in coordination with the Secretary of De-

- fense and the heads of other Federal agencies as ap-
- 2 propriate, shall determine whether national security
- 3 concerns warrant continued unilateral export con-
- 4 trols over a technology proposed for multilateral con-
- 5 trol under paragraph (1) if the relevant multilateral
- 6 export control regime does not agree to list such
- 7 technology on its control list within three years of a
- 8 proposal by the United States.
- 9 (d) Report.—Not later than 180 days after the date
- 10 of the enactment of this Act, and not less frequently than
- 11 every 180 days thereafter, the Secretary, in coordination
- 12 with the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of State, the
- 13 Secretary of Energy, and the heads of other Federal agen-
- 14 cies as appropriate, shall submit to the Committee on For-
- 15 eign Investment in the United States on a semiannual
- 16 basis a report on updates of any key actions taken pursu-
- 17 ant to this section.
- 18 (e) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-
- 19 tion shall be construed to alter or limit—
- 20 (1) the authority of the President and the Sec-
- 21 retary of State to designate those items that are
- considered to be defense articles or defense services
- for purposes of the Arms Export Control Act (22)
- U.S.C. 2751 et seq.) or to otherwise regulate such
- 25 items; or

1	(2) the authority of the President under the
2	Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2011 et
3	seq.), the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Act of 1978 (22
4	U.S.C. 3201 et seq.), the Energy Reorganization Act
5	of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5801 et seq.), this title, or any
6	other provision of law relating to the control of ex-
7	ports.
8	(f) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of the Con-
9	gress that the President should request in the annual
10	budget of the President submitted under section 1105(a)
11	of title 31, United States Code, sufficient resources to en-
12	able the relevant departments and agencies to effectively
13	implement this section.
<ul><li>13</li><li>14</li></ul>	implement this section.  SEC. 819. REVIEW RELATING TO COUNTRIES SUBJECT TO
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14	SEC. 819. REVIEW RELATING TO COUNTRIES SUBJECT TO
14 15	SEC. 819. REVIEW RELATING TO COUNTRIES SUBJECT TO  COMPREHENSIVE UNITED STATES ARMS EM-
14 15 16 17	SEC. 819. REVIEW RELATING TO COUNTRIES SUBJECT TO  COMPREHENSIVE UNITED STATES ARMS EMBARGO.
14 15 16 17	SEC. 819. REVIEW RELATING TO COUNTRIES SUBJECT TO  COMPREHENSIVE UNITED STATES ARMS EMBARGO.  (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, the Secretary of
14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 819. REVIEW RELATING TO COUNTRIES SUBJECT TO  COMPREHENSIVE UNITED STATES ARMS EMBARGO.  (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Energy, the Secretary of State,
14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 819. REVIEW RELATING TO COUNTRIES SUBJECT TO  COMPREHENSIVE UNITED STATES ARMS EMBARGO.  (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Energy, the Secretary of State, and the heads of other Federal agencies as appropriate,
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 819. REVIEW RELATING TO COUNTRIES SUBJECT TO  COMPREHENSIVE UNITED STATES ARMS EMBARGO.  (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Energy, the Secretary of State, and the heads of other Federal agencies as appropriate, shall conduct a review of—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 819. REVIEW RELATING TO COUNTRIES SUBJECT TO  COMPREHENSIVE UNITED STATES ARMS EMBARGO.  (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Energy, the Secretary of State, and the heads of other Federal agencies as appropriate, shall conduct a review of—  (1) section 744.21 of title 15, Code of Federal
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 819. REVIEW RELATING TO COUNTRIES SUBJECT TO  COMPREHENSIVE UNITED STATES ARMS EMBARGO.  (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Energy, the Secretary of State, and the heads of other Federal agencies as appropriate, shall conduct a review of—  (1) section 744.21 of title 15, Code of Federal Regulations, including to assess whether the current

- users and end-uses, require that the scope of control under such section should be expanded to apply to exports, reexports, or transfers for military end uses and military end users in countries that are subject to a comprehensive United States arms embargo and countries that are subject to a United Nations arms embargo;
  - (2) entries on the Commerce Control List maintained under part 774 of title 15, Code of Federal Regulations, that do not impose license requirements for exports, reexports, or transfers of items to countries subject to a comprehensive United States arms embargo;
  - (3) whether there should be a presumption of denial for an application for a license to export, reexport, or transfer an item on the Commerce Control List subject to national security controls or regional stability controls under part 742 of the Export Administration Regulations if that item is reasonably likely to contribute, directly or indirectly, to the military or intelligence capabilities of any country with respect to which the United States has in place an arms embargo, sanctions, or comparable restrictions, including to or within any country listed

1	in Country Group D:5 in Supplement No. 1 to part
2	740 of the Export Administration Regulations;
3	(4) whether there should be a presumption of
4	denial for an application for a license to export, re-
5	export, or transfer an emerging or foundational
6	technology identified in section 818(a) to or within
7	a country identified in section 744.21 of title 15,
8	Code of Federal Regulations or Country Group E in
9	Supplement No. 1 to part 740 of the Export Admin-
10	istration Regulations; and
11	(5) without limiting the effect of paragraphs (3)
12	and (4), whether there should be a presumption of
13	approval for an application for a license to export,
14	reexport, or transfer an item on the Commerce Con-
15	trol List if that item is for a civil end use.
16	(b) Implementation of Results of Review.—
17	Not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment
18	of this Act, the Secretary shall implement the results of
19	the review conducted under subsection (a).
20	SEC. 820. PENALTIES.
21	(a) Unlawful Acts.—
22	(1) IN GENERAL.—It shall be unlawful for a
23	person to violate, attempt to violate, conspire to vio-

late, or cause a violation of this subtitle or of any

regulation, order, license, or other authorization

24

1	issued under this subtitle, including any of the un-
2	lawful acts described in paragraph (2).
3	(2) Specific unlawful acts.—The unlawful
4	acts described in this paragraph are the following:
5	(A) No person may engage in any conduct
6	prohibited by or contrary to, or refrain from en-
7	gaging in any conduct required by this subtitle,
8	the Export Administration Regulations, or any
9	order, license or authorization issued there-
10	under.
11	(B) No person may cause or aid, abet,
12	counsel, command, induce, procure, permit, or
13	approve the doing of any act prohibited, or the
14	omission of any act required by this subtitle,
15	the Export Administration Regulations, or any
16	order, license or authorization issued there-
17	under.
18	(C) No person may solicit or attempt a vio-
19	lation of this subtitle, the Export Administra-
20	tion Regulations, or any order, license or au-
21	thorization issued thereunder.
22	(D) No person may conspire or act in con-
23	cert with one or more other persons in any
24	manner or for any purpose to bring about or to

do any act that constitutes a violation of this

subtitle, the Export Administration Regulations, or any order, license or authorization issued thereunder.

- (E) No person may order, buy, remove, conceal, store, use, sell, loan, dispose of, transfer, transport, finance, forward, or otherwise service, in whole or in part, or conduct negotiations to facilitate such activities for, any item exported or to be exported from the United States, or that is otherwise subject to the Export Administration Regulations, with knowledge that a violation of this subtitle, the Export Administration Regulations, or any order, license or authorization issued thereunder, has occurred, is about to occur, or is intended to occur in connection with the item unless valid authorization is obtained therefor.
- (F) No person may make any false or misleading representation, statement, or certification, or falsify or conceal any material fact, either directly to the Department of Commerce, or an official of any other United States agency, including the Department of Homeland Security and the Department of Justice, or indirectly through any other person—

1	(i) in the course of an investigation or
2	other action subject to the Export Admin-
3	istration Regulations;
4	(ii) in connection with the prepara-
5	tion, submission, issuance, use, or mainte-
6	nance of any export control document or
7	any report filed or required to be filed pur-
8	suant to the Export Administration Regu-
9	lations; or
10	(iii) for the purpose of or in connec-
11	tion with effecting any export, reexport, or
12	transfer of an item subject to the Export
13	Administration Regulations or a service or
14	other activity of a United States person de-
15	scribed in section 814.
16	(G) No person may engage in any trans-
17	action or take any other action with intent to
18	evade the provisions of this subtitle, the Export
19	Administration Regulations, or any order, li-
20	cense, or authorization issued thereunder.
21	(H) No person may fail or refuse to com-
22	ply with any reporting or recordkeeping require-
23	ments of the Export Administration Regula-
24	tions or of any order, license, or authorization

issued thereunder.

- 1 (I) Except as specifically authorized in the
  2 Export Administration Regulations or in writ3 ing by the Department of Commerce, no person
  4 may alter any license, authorization, export con5 trol document, or order issued under the Export
  6 Administration Regulations.
  - (J) No person may take any action that is prohibited by a denial order issued by the Department of Commerce to prevent imminent violations of this subtitle, the Export Administration Regulations, or any order, license or authorization issued thereunder.
  - (3) Additional requirements.—For purposes of subparagraph (G), any representation, statement, or certification made by any person shall be deemed to be continuing in effect. Each person who has made a representation, statement, or certification to the Department of Commerce relating to any order, license, or other authorization issued under this subtitle shall notify the Department of Commerce, in writing, of any change of any material fact or intention from that previously represented, stated, or certified, immediately upon receipt of any information that would lead a reasonably prudent

1	person to know that a change of material fact or in-
2	tention had occurred or may occur in the future.
3	(b) Criminal Penalty.—A person who willfully
4	commits, willfully attempts to commit, or willfully con-
5	spires to commit, or aids and abets in the commission of,
6	an unlawful act described in subsection (a)—
7	(1) shall be fined not more than $$1,000,000$ ;
8	and
9	(2) in the case of the individual, shall be im-
10	prisoned for not more than 20 years, or both.
11	(e) Civil Penalties.—
12	(1) Authority.—The President may impose
13	the following civil penalties on a person for each vio-
14	lation by that person of this subtitle or any regula-
15	tion, order, or license issued under this subtitle, for
16	each violation:
17	(A) A fine of not more than \$300,000 or
18	an amount that is twice the value of the trans-
19	action that is the basis of the violation with re-
20	spect to which the penalty is imposed, which-
21	ever is greater.
22	(B) Revocation of a license issued under
23	this subtitle to the person.

1	(C) A prohibition on the person's ability to
2	export, reexport, or transfer any items, whether
3	or not subject to controls under this subtitle.
4	(2) Procedures.—Any civil penalty under this
5	subsection may be imposed only after notice and op-
6	portunity for an agency hearing on the record in ac-
7	cordance with sections 554 through 557 of title 5,
8	United States Code.
9	(3) STANDARDS FOR LEVELS OF CIVIL PEN-
10	ALTY.—The Secretary may by regulation provide
11	standards for establishing levels of civil penalty
12	under this subsection based upon factors such as the
13	seriousness of the violation, the culpability of the vi-
14	olator, and such mitigating factors as the violator's
15	record of cooperation with the Government in dis-
16	closing the violation.
17	(d) Criminal Forfeiture of Property Interest
18	AND PROCEEDS.—
19	(1) Forfeiture.—Any person who is convicted
20	under subsection (b) of a violation of a control im-
21	posed under section 813 (or any regulation, order,
22	or license issued with respect to such control) shall,
23	in addition to any other penalty, forfeit to the

United States—

1	(A) any of that person's interest in, secu-
2	rity of, claim against, or property or contractual
3	rights of any kind in the tangible items that
4	were the subject of the violation;
5	(B) any of that person's interest in, secu-
6	rity of, claim against, or property or contractual
7	rights of any kind in tangible property that was
8	used in the violation; and
9	(C) any of that person's property consti-
10	tuting, or derived from, any proceeds obtained
11	directly or indirectly as a result of the violation.
12	(2) Procedures.—The procedures in any for-
13	feiture under this subsection, and the duties and au-
14	thority of the courts of the United States and the
15	Attorney General with respect to any forfeiture ac-
16	tion under this subsection or with respect to any
17	property that may be subject to forfeiture under this
18	subsection, shall be governed by the provisions of
19	section 1963 of title 18, United States Code.
20	(e) Prior Convictions.—
21	(1) License bar.—
22	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may—
23	(i) deny the eligibility of any person
24	convicted of a criminal violation described
25	in subparagraph (B) to export, reexport, or

1	transfer outside the United States any
2	item, whether or not subject to controls
3	under this subtitle, for a period of up to 10
4	years beginning on the date of the convic-
5	tion; and
6	(ii) revoke any license or other author-
7	ization to export, reexport, or transfer
8	items that was issued under this subtitle
9	and in which such person has an interest
10	at the time of the conviction.
11	(B) VIOLATIONS.—The violations referred
12	to in subparagraph (A) are any criminal viola-
13	tions of, or criminal attempt or conspiracy to
14	violate—
15	(i) this subtitle (or any regulation, li-
16	cense, or order issued under this subtitle);
17	(ii) any regulation, license, or order
18	issued under the International Emergency
19	Economic Powers Act;
20	(iii) section 371, 554, 793, 794, or
21	798 of title 18, United States Code;
22	(iv) section 1001 of title 18, United
23	States Code;
24	(v) section 4(b) of the Internal Secu-
25	rity Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. 783(b)); or

1	(vi) section 38 of the Arms Export
2	Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2778).
3	(2) APPLICATION TO OTHER PARTIES.—The
4	Secretary may exercise the authority under para-
5	graph (1) with respect to any person related,
6	through affiliation, ownership, control, position of
7	responsibility, or other connection in the conduct of
8	trade or business, to any person convicted of any
9	violation of law set forth in paragraph (1), upon a
10	showing of such relationship with the convicted
11	party, and subject to the procedures set forth in
12	subsection $(c)(2)$ .
13	(f) Other Authorities.—Nothing in subsection
14	(e), (d), or (e) limits—
15	(1) the availability of other administrative or
16	judicial remedies with respect to violations of this
17	subtitle, or any regulation, order, license or other
18	authorization issued under this subtitle;
19	(2) the authority to compromise and settle ad-
20	ministrative proceedings brought with respect to vio-
21	lations of this subtitle, or any regulation, order, li-
22	cense, or other authorization issued under this sub-
23	title; or
24	(3) the authority to compromise, remit or miti-
25	gate seizures and forfeitures pursuant to section

- 1 1(b) of title VI of the Act of June 15, 1917 (22)
- 2 U.S.C. 401(b)).

## 3 SEC. 821. ENFORCEMENT.

- 4 (a) AUTHORITIES.—In order to enforce this subtitle,
- 5 the Secretary, on behalf of the President shall exercise,
- 6 in addition to relevant enforcement authorities of other
- 7 Federal agencies, the authority to—
- 8 (1) issue orders and guidelines;
- 9 (2) require, inspect, and obtain books, records, 10 and any other information from any person subject
- 11 to the provisions of this subtitle;
- 12 (3) administer oaths or affirmations and by
- subpoena require any person to appear and testify or
- to appear and produce books, records, and other
- writings, or both;
- 16 (4) conduct investigations (including under-
- 17 cover) in the United States and in other countries
- using all applicable laws of the United States, in-
- 19 cluding intercepting any wire, oral, and electronic
- 20 communications, conducting electronic surveillance,
- 21 using pen registers and trap and trace devices, and
- 22 carrying out acquisitions, to the extent authorized
- 23 under chapters 119, 121, and 206 of title 18,
- 24 United States Code;

1	(5) inspect, search, detain, seize, or issue tem-
2	porary denial orders with respect to items, in any
3	form, that are subject to controls under this subtitle,
4	or conveyances on which it is believed that there are
5	items that have been, are being, or are about to be
6	exported, reexported, or transferred in violation of
7	this subtitle, or any regulations, order, license, or
8	other authorization issued thereunder;
9	(6) carry firearms;
10	(7) conduct prelicense inspections and post-
11	shipment verifications; and
12	(8) execute warrants and make arrests.
13	(b) Enforcement of Subpoenas.—In the case of
14	contumacy by, or refusal to obey a subpoena issued to,
15	any person under subsection (a)(3), a district court of the
16	United States, after notice to such person and a hearing,
17	shall have jurisdiction to issue an order requiring such
18	person to appear and give testimony or to appear and
19	produce books, records, and other writings, regardless of
20	format, that are the subject of the subpoena. Any failure
21	to obey such order of the court may be punished by such
22	court as a contempt thereof.
23	(c) Best Practice Guidelines.—
24	(1) In General.—The Secretary, in consulta-
25	tion with the heads of other appropriate Federal

- agencies, should publish and update "best practices"
  guidelines to assist persons in developing and implementing, on a voluntary basis, effective export control programs in compliance with the regulations
- 5 issued under this subtitle.
- 6 (2) EXPORT COMPLIANCE PROGRAM.—The im7 plementation by a person of an effective export com8 pliance program and a high quality overall export
  9 compliance effort by a person should ordinarily be
  10 given weight as mitigating factors in a civil penalty
  11 action against the person under this subtitle.
- 12 (d) REFERENCE TO ENFORCEMENT.—For purposes 13 of this section, a reference to the enforcement of, or a vio-14 lation of, this subtitle includes a reference to the enforce-15 ment or a violation of any regulation, order, license or 16 other authorization issued pursuant to this subtitle.
- 17 (e) IMMUNITY.—A person shall not be excused from 18 complying with any requirements under this section be-19 cause of the person's privilege against self-incrimination, 20 but the immunity provisions of section 6002 of title 18, 21 United States Code, shall apply with respect to any indi-22 vidual who specifically claims such privilege.
- 23 (f) Confidentiality of Information.—
- 24 (1) Exemptions from disclosure.—

1	(A) In General.—Information obtained
2	under this subtitle may be withheld from disclo-
3	sure only to the extent permitted by statute, ex-
4	cept that information described in subpara-
5	graph (B) shall be withheld from public disclo-
6	sure and shall not be subject to disclosure
7	under section 552(b)(3) of title 5, United
8	States Code, unless the release of such informa-
9	tion is determined by the Secretary to be in the
10	national interest.
11	(B) Information described.—Informa-
12	tion described in this subparagraph is informa-
13	tion submitted or obtained in connection with
14	an application for a license or other authoriza-
15	tion to export, reexport, or transfer items, en-
16	gage in other activities, a recordkeeping or re-
17	porting requirement, enforcement activity, or
18	other operations under this subtitle, including—
19	(i) the license application, license, or
20	other authorization itself;
21	(ii) classification or advisory opinion
22	requests, and the response thereto;
23	(iii) license determinations, and infor-
24	mation pertaining thereto;

1	(iv) information or evidence obtained
2	in the course of any investigation; and
3	(v) information obtained or furnished
4	in connection with any international agree-
5	ment, treaty, or other obligation.
6	(2) Information to the congress and
7	GAO.—
8	(A) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this section
9	shall be construed as authorizing the with-
10	holding of information from the Congress or
11	from the Government Accountability Office.
12	(B) Availability to the congress.—
13	(i) In General.—Any information
14	obtained at any time under any provision
15	of the Export Administration Act of 1979
16	(as in effect on the day before the date of
17	the enactment of this Act and as continued
18	in effect pursuant to the International
19	Emergency Economic Powers Act), under
20	the Export Administration Regulations, or
21	under this subtitle, including any report or
22	license application required under any such
23	provision, shall be made available to a
24	committee or subcommittee of Congress of
25	appropriate jurisdiction, upon the request

1	of the chairman or ranking minority mem-
2	ber of such committee or subcommittee.
3	(ii) Prohibition on further dis-
4	CLOSURE.—No such committee or sub-
5	committee, or member thereof, may dis-
6	close any information made available under
7	clause (i), that is submitted on a confiden-
8	tial basis unless the full committee deter-
9	mines that the withholding of that infor-
10	mation is contrary to the national interest.
11	(C) AVAILABILITY TO GAO.—
12	(i) In General.—Information de-
13	scribed in clause (i) of subparagraph (B)
14	shall be subject to the limitations con-
15	tained in section 716 of title 31, United
16	States Code.
17	(ii) Prohibition on further dis-
18	CLOSURE.—An officer or employee of the
19	Government Accountability Office may not
20	disclose, except to the Congress in accord-
21	ance with this paragraph, any such infor-
22	mation that is submitted on a confidential
23	basis or from which any individual can be
24	identified.
25	(3) Information sharing.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—Any Federal official de-scribed in section 815(a) who obtains informa-tion that is relevant to the enforcement of this subtitle, including information pertaining to any investigation, shall furnish such information to each appropriate department, agency, or office with enforcement responsibilities under this sec-tion to the extent consistent with the protection of intelligence, counterintelligence, and law en-forcement sources, methods, and activities.
  - (B) EXCEPTIONS.—The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to information subject to the restrictions set forth in section 9 of title 13, United States Code, and return information, as defined in subsection (b) of section 6103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. 6103(b)), may be disclosed only as authorized by that section.
  - (C) Exchange of information.—The President shall ensure that the heads of departments, agencies, and offices with enforcement authorities under this subtitle, consistent with protection of law enforcement and its sources and methods—

1	(i) exchange any licensing and en-
2	forcement information with one another
3	that is necessary to facilitate enforcement
4	efforts under this section; and
5	(ii) consult on a regular basis with
6	one another and with the head of other de-
7	partments, agencies, and offices that ob-
8	tain information subject to this paragraph,
9	in order to facilitate the exchange of such
10	information.
11	(D) Information sharing with fed-
12	ERAL AGENCIES.—Licensing or enforcement in-
13	formation obtained under this subtitle may be
14	shared with departments, agencies, and offices
15	that do not have enforcement authorities under
16	this subtitle on a case-by-case basis.
17	(g) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—In the administra-
18	tion of this section, reporting requirements shall be de-
19	signed to reduce the cost of reporting, recordkeeping, and
20	documentation to the extent consistent with effective en-
21	forcement and compilation of useful trade statistics. Re-
22	porting, recordkeeping, and documentation requirements
23	shall be periodically reviewed and revised in the light of
24	developments in the field of information technology.
25	(h) Civil Forfeiture.—

- 1 (1) IN GENERAL.—Any tangible items seized 2 under subsection (a) by designated officers or em-3 ployees shall be subject to forfeiture to the United 4 States in accordance with applicable law, except that 5 property seized shall be returned if the property 6 owner is not found guilty of a civil or criminal viola-7 tion under section 819.
- 8 (2) PROCEDURES.—Any seizure or forfeiture 9 under this subsection shall be carried out in accord-10 ance with the procedures set forth in section 981 of 11 title 18, United States Code.
- 12 (i) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this Act
- 13 shall be construed to limit or otherwise affect the enforce-
- 14 ment authorities of the Department of Homeland Security
- 15 which may also complement those set forth herein.

#### 16 SEC. 822. ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE.

- 17 (a) In General.—The functions exercised under
- 18 this subtitle shall not be subject to sections 551, 553
- 19 through 559, and 701 through 706 of title 5, United
- 20 States Code.
- 21 (b) Administrative Law Judges.—The Secretary
- 22 is authorized to appoint an administrative law judge, and
- 23 may designate administrative law judges from other Fed-
- 24 eral agencies who are provided pursuant to a legally au-
- 25 thorized interagency agreement with the Department of

- 1 Commerce, and consistent with the provisions of section
- 2 3105 of title 5, United States Code.
- 3 (c) Amendments to Regulations.—The President
- 4 shall notify in advance the Committee on Banking, Hous-
- 5 ing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate and the Committee
- 6 on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives of any
- 7 proposed amendments to the Export Administration Regu-
- 8 lations with an explanation of the intent and rationale of
- 9 such amendments.
- 10 SEC. 823. REVIEW OF INTERAGENCY DISPUTE RESOLUTION
- 11 PROCESS.
- 12 (a) IN GENERAL.—The President shall review and
- 13 evaluate the interagency export license referral, review,
- 14 and escalation processes for dual-use items and munitions
- 15 under the licensing jurisdiction of the Department of Com-
- 16 merce or any other Federal agency, as appropriate, to de-
- 17 termine whether current practices and procedures are con-
- 18 sistent with established national security and foreign pol-
- 19 icy objectives.
- 20 (b) Report.—Not later than 180 days after the date
- 21 of the enactment of this Act, the President shall submit
- 22 to the appropriate congressional committees a report that
- 23 contains the results of the review carried out under sub-
- 24 section (a).

1	(c) Operating Committee for Export Policy.—
2	In any case in which the Operating Committee for Export
3	Policy established by Executive Order 12981 (December
4	5, 1991; relating to Administration of Export Controls)
5	is meeting to conduct an interagency dispute resolution
6	relating to applications for export licenses under the Ex-
7	port Administration Regulations, matters relating to jet
8	engine hot section technology, commercial communication
9	satellites, and emerging or foundational technology shall
10	be decided by majority vote.
11	(d) Appropriate Congressional Committees
12	Defined.—In this section, the term "appropriate con-
13	gressional committees" means—
14	(1) the Committee on Armed Services and the
15	Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Rep-
16	resentatives; and
17	(2) the Committee on Armed Services and the
18	Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs
19	of the Senate.
20	SEC. 824. COORDINATION WITH OTHER AGENCIES ON COM-
21	MODITY CLASSIFICATION AND REMOVAL OF
22	EXPORT CONTROLS.
23	(a) In General.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
24	sion of law, the Secretary shall coordinate with the Sec-
25	retary of Defense, the Secretary of State, and the Sec-

1	retary of Energy before taking any of the actions de-
2	scribed in subsection (b).
3	(b) ACTIONS DESCRIBED.—The actions described in
4	this subsection are the following:
5	(1) Amending the Commerce Control List set
6	forth in Supplement No. 1 to part 774 of the Export
7	Administration Regulations to remove an item from
8	the list.
9	(2) Providing a commodity classification deter-
10	mination under section 748.3 of the Export Admin-
11	istration Regulations, including with respect to—
12	(A) "600 series" items;
13	(B) commercial communication satellites
14	(ECCN 9x515);
15	(C) emerging and foundational tech-
16	nologies identified under section 818(a);
17	(D) "specially designed" items under part
18	774 of title 15, Code of Federal Regulations; or
19	(E) any other items that the Secretary, in
20	coordination with the Secretary of Defense, the
21	Secretary of State, and the Secretary of En-
22	ergy, identifies and mutually determines is ma-
23	terially significant enough to warrant inter-
24	agency consultation before the Secretary deter-
25	mines to add the item to the Commerce Control

1	List and provide the item with a Export Con-
2	trol Classification Number (ECCN).
3	(3) Amending the Commerce Control List to re-
4	move any control imposed pursuant to subsection (b)
5	of section 818 on the export, reexport, or transfer of
6	an emerging or foundational technology identified
7	under subsection (a) of that section.
8	(4) Amending the Export Administration Regu-
9	lations to expand the scope or application of a li-
10	cense exception authorized by section 740 of the Ex-
11	port Administration Regulations.
12	SEC. 825. ANNUAL REPORT TO CONGRESS.
13	(a) In General.—The President shall submit to
14	Congress, by December 31 of each year, a report on the
15	implementation of this subtitle during the preceding fiscal
16	year. The report shall include a review of—
17	(1) the effect of controls imposed under this
18	subtitle on exports, reexports, and transfers of items
19	in addressing threats to the national security or for-
20	eign policy of the United States, including a descrip-
21	tion of licensing processing times;
22	(2) the impact of such controls on the scientific
23	and technological leadership of the United States;
24	(3) the consistency with such controls of export
25	controls imposed by other countries;

- 1 (4) efforts to provide exporters with compliance 2 assistance, including specific actions to assist small-3 and medium-sized businesses;
  - (5) a summary of regulatory changes from the prior fiscal year;
  - (6) a summary of export enforcement actions, including of actions taken to implement end-use monitoring of dual-use, military, and other items subject to the Export Administration Regulations;
  - (7) a summary of approved license applications to proscribed persons;
  - (8) efforts undertaken within the previous year to comply with the requirements of section 819, including any critical technologies identified under such section and how or whether such critical technologies were controlled for export; and
  - (9) a summary of industrial base assessments conducted during the previous year by the Department of Commerce, including with respect to counterfeit electronics, foundational technologies, and other research and analysis of critical technologies and industrial capabilities of key defense-related sectors.

- 1 (b) FORM.—The report required under subsection (a)
- 2 shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may contain
- 3 a classified annex.
- 4 SEC. 826. REPEAL.
- 5 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Export Administration Act of
- 6 1979 (50 U.S.C. App. 2401 et seq.) (as continued in effect
- 7 pursuant to the International Emergency Economic Pow-
- 8 ers Act) is repealed.
- 9 (b) Implementation.—The President shall imple-
- 10 ment the amendment made by subsection (a) by exercising
- 11 the authorities of the President under the International
- 12 Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et
- 13 seq.).
- 14 SEC. 827. EFFECT ON OTHER ACTS.
- 15 (a) In General.—Except as otherwise provided in
- 16 this subtitle, nothing contained in this subtitle shall be
- 17 construed to modify, repeal, supersede, or otherwise affect
- 18 the provisions of any other laws authorizing control over
- 19 exports, reexports, or transfers of any item, or activities
- 20 of United States persons subject to the Export Adminis-
- 21 tration Regulations.
- (b) Coordination of Controls.—
- 23 (1) IN GENERAL.—The authority granted to the
- 24 President under this subtitle shall be exercised in
- such manner so as to achieve effective coordination

- with all export control and sanctions authorities exercised by Federal departments and agencies delegated with authority under this subtitle, particularly the Department of State, the Department of the Treasury, and the Department of Energy.
  - (2) Sense of congress.—It is the sense of Congress that in order to achieve effective coordination described in paragraph (1), such Federal departments and agencies—
    - (A) should continuously work to create enforceable regulations with respect to the export, reexport, and transfer by United States and foreign persons of commodities, software, technology, and services to various end uses and end users for foreign policy and national security reasons;
    - (B) should regularly work to reduce complexity in the system, including complexity caused merely by the existence of structural, definitional, and other non-policy based differences between and among different export control and sanctions systems; and
    - (C) should coordinate controls on items exported, reexported, or transferred in connection with a foreign military sale under chapter 2 of

- the Arms Export Control Act or a commercial sale under section 38 of the Arms Export Control Act to reduce as much unnecessary administrative burden as possible that is a result of differences between the exercise of those two authorities.
- 7 (c) Nonproliferation Controls.—Nothing in 8 this subtitle shall be construed to supersede the proce-9 dures published by the President pursuant to section 10 309(c) of the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Act of 1978.

#### 11 SEC. 828. TRANSITION PROVISIONS.

- 12 (a) IN GENERAL.—All delegations, rules, regulations,
- 13 orders, determinations, licenses, or other forms of admin-
- 14 istrative action that have been made, issued, conducted,
- 15 or allowed to become effective under the Export Adminis-
- 16 tration Act of 1979 (as in effect on the day before the
- 17 date of the enactment of this Act and as continued in ef-
- 18 fect pursuant to the International Emergency Economic
- 19 Powers Act), or the Export Administration Regulations,
- 20 and are in effect as of the date of the enactment of this
- 21 Act, shall continue in effect according to their terms until
- 22 modified, superseded, set aside, or revoked under the au-
- 23 thority of this subtitle.
- 24 (b) Administrative and Judicial Pro-
- 25 CEEDINGS.—This subtitle shall not affect any administra-

- 1 tive or judicial proceedings commenced, or any applica-
- 2 tions for licenses made, under the Export Administration
- 3 Act of 1979 (as in effect on the day before the date of
- 4 the enactment of this Act and as continued in effect pur-
- 5 suant to the International Emergency Economic Powers
- 6 Act), or the Export Administration Regulations.
- 7 (c) Certain Determinations and References.—
- 8 (1) STATE SPONSORS OF TERRORISM.—Any de-9 termination that was made under section 6(j) of the 10 Export Administration Act of 1979 (as in effect on 11 the day before the date of the enactment of this Act 12 and as continued in effect pursuant to the Inter-13 national Emergency Economic Powers Act) shall 14 continue in effect as if the determination had been

made under section 814(c) of this Act.

(2) Reference.—Any reference in any other provision of law to a country the government of which the Secretary of State has determined, for purposes of section 6(j) of the Export Administration Act of 1979 (as in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act and as continued in effect pursuant to the International Emergency Economic Powers Act), is a government that has repeatedly provided support for acts of international terrorism shall be deemed to refer to a country the

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1	government of which the Secretary of State has de-
2	termined, for purposes of section 814(c), is a gov-
3	ernment that has repeatedly provided support for
4	acts of international terrorism.
5	Subtitle B—Anti-Boycott Act of
6	2018
7	SEC. 831. SHORT TITLE.
8	This subtitle may be cited as the "Anti-Boycott Act
9	of 2018".
10	SEC. 832. STATEMENT OF POLICY.
11	Congress declares it is the policy of the United
12	States—
13	(1) to oppose restrictive trade practices or boy-
14	cotts fostered or imposed by any foreign country
15	against other countries friendly to the United States
16	or against any United States person;
17	(2) to encourage and, in specified cases, require
18	United States persons engaged in the export of
19	goods or technology or other information to refuse to
20	take actions, including furnishing information or en-
21	tering into or implementing agreements, which have
22	the effect of furthering or supporting the restrictive
23	trade practices or boycotts fostered or imposed by
24	any foreign country against a country friendly to the
25	United States or any United States person; and

(3) to foster international cooperation and the
 development of international rules and institutions
 to assure reasonable access to world supplies.

## 4 SEC. 833. FOREIGN BOYCOTTS.

## (a) Prohibitions and Exceptions.—

- (1) Prohibitions.—For the purpose of implementing the policies set forth in section 832, the President shall issue regulations prohibiting any United States person, with respect to that person's activities in the interstate or foreign commerce of the United States, from taking or knowingly agreeing to take any of the following actions with intent to comply with, further, or support any boycott fostered or imposed by any foreign country, against a country which is friendly to the United States and which is not itself the object of any form of boycott pursuant to United States law or regulation:
  - (A) Refusing, or requiring any other person to refuse, to do business with or in the boycotted country, with any business concern organized under the laws of the boycotted country, with any national or resident of the boycotted country, or with any other person, pursuant to an agreement with, a requirement of, or a request from or on behalf of the boycotting coun-

try. The mere absence of a business relationship with or in the boycotted country with any business concern organized under the laws of the boycotted country, with any national or resident of the boycotted country, or with any other person, does not indicate the existence of the intent required to establish a violation of regulations issued to carry out this subparagraph.

- (B) Refusing, or requiring any other person to refuse, to employ or otherwise discriminating against any United States person on the basis of race, religion, sex, or national origin of that person or of any owner, officer, director, or employee of such person.
- (C) Furnishing information with respect to the race, religion, sex, or national origin of any United States person or of any owner, officer, director, or employee of such person.
- (D) Furnishing information about whether any person has, has had, or proposes to have any business relationship (including a relationship by way of sale, purchase, legal or commercial representation, shipping or other transport, insurance, investment, or supply) with or in the boycotted country, with any business concern

organized under the laws of the boycotted country, with any national or resident of the boycotted country, or with any other person which is known or believed to be restricted from having any business relationship with or in the boycotting country. Nothing in this subparagraph shall prohibit the furnishing of normal business information in a commercial context as defined by the Secretary.

- (E) Furnishing information about whether any person is a member of, has made contributions to, or is otherwise associated with or involved in the activities of any charitable or fraternal organization which supports the boycotted country.
- (F) Paying, honoring, confirming, or otherwise implementing a letter of credit which contains any condition or requirement compliance with which is prohibited by regulations issued pursuant to this paragraph, and no United States person shall, as a result of the application of this paragraph, be obligated to pay or otherwise honor or implement such letter of credit.

1	(2) Exceptions.—Regulations issued pursuant
2	to paragraph (1) shall provide exceptions for—
3	(A) complying or agreeing to comply with
4	requirements—
5	(i) prohibiting the import of goods or
6	services from the boycotted country or
7	goods produced or services provided by any
8	business concern organized under the laws
9	of the boycotted country or by nationals or
10	residents of the boycotted country; or
11	(ii) prohibiting the shipment of goods
12	to the boycotting country on a carrier of
13	the boycotted country, or by a route other
14	than that prescribed by the boycotting
15	country or the recipient of the shipment;
16	(B) complying or agreeing to comply with
17	import and shipping document requirements
18	with respect to the country of origin, the name
19	of the carrier and route of shipment, the name
20	of the supplier of the shipment or the name of
21	the provider of other services, except that no in-
22	formation knowingly furnished or conveyed in
23	response to such requirements may be stated in
24	negative, blacklisting, or similar exclusionary
25	terms, other than with respect to carriers or

route of shipment as may be permitted by such regulations in order to comply with precautionary requirements protecting against war risks and confiscation;

- (C) complying or agreeing to comply in the normal course of business with the unilateral and specific selection by a boycotting country, or national or resident thereof, of carriers, insurers, suppliers of services to be performed within the boycotting country or specific goods which, in the normal course of business, are identifiable by source when imported into the boycotting country;
- (D) complying or agreeing to comply with export requirements of the boycotting country relating to shipments or transshipments of exports to the boycotted country, to any business concern of or organized under the laws of the boycotted country, or to any national or resident of the boycotted country;
- (E) compliance by an individual or agreement by an individual to comply with the immigration or passport requirements of any country with respect to such individual or any member of such individual's family or with requests for

information regarding requirements of employment of such individual within the boycotting country; and

- (F) compliance by a United States person resident in a foreign country or agreement by such person to comply with the laws of that country with respect to his activities exclusively therein, and such regulations may contain exceptions for such resident complying with the laws or regulations of that foreign country governing imports such into country of trademarked, trade named, or similarly specifically identifiable products, or components of products for his own use, including the performance of contractual services within that country, as may be defined by such regulations.
- (3) Special rules.—Regulations issued pursuant to paragraphs (2)(C) and (2)(F) shall not provide exceptions from paragraphs (1)(B) and (1)(C).
- (4) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this subsection may be construed to supersede or limit the operation of the antitrust or civil rights laws of the United States.
- (5) APPLICATION.—This section shall apply to any transaction or activity undertaken, by or

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through a United States person or any other person, with intent to evade the provisions of this section as implemented by the regulations issued pursuant to this subsection, and such regulations shall expressly provide that the exceptions set forth in paragraph (2) shall not permit activities or agreements (ex-pressed or implied by a course of conduct, including a pattern of responses) otherwise prohibited, which are not within the intent of such exceptions.

# (b) Foreign Policy Controls.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—In addition to the regulations issued pursuant to subsection (a), regulations issued under subtitle A to carry out the policies set forth in section 812(1)(D) shall implement the policies set forth in this section.
- (2) Requirements.—Such regulations shall require that any United States person receiving a request for the furnishing of information, the entering into or implementing of agreements, or the taking of any other action referred to in subsection (a) shall report that fact to the Secretary, together with such other information concerning such request as the Secretary may require for such action as the Secretary considers appropriate for carrying out the policies of that section. Such person shall also report

1 to the Secretary whether such person intends to 2 comply and whether such person has complied with 3 such request. Any report filed pursuant to this paragraph shall be made available promptly for public inspection and copying, except that information re-5 6 garding the quantity, description, and value of any 7 goods or technology to which such report relates 8 may be kept confidential if the Secretary determines 9 that disclosure thereof would place the United States 10 person involved at a competitive disadvantage. The 11 Secretary shall periodically transmit summaries of 12 the information contained in such reports to the Sec-13 retary of State for such action as the Secretary of 14 State, in consultation with the Secretary, considers 15 appropriate for carrying out the policies set forth in 16 section 832. 17 (c) Preemption.—The provisions of this section and 18 the regulations issued pursuant thereto shall preempt any law, rule, or regulation of any of the several States or the 19 20 District of Columbia, or any of the territories or posses-21 sions of the United States, or of any governmental subdivi-22 sion thereof, which law, rule, or regulation pertains to par-23 ticipation in, compliance with, implementation of, or the

furnishing of information regarding restrictive trade prac-

- 1 tices or boycotts fostered or imposed by foreign countries
- 2 against other countries friendly to the United States.
- 3 SEC. 834. ENFORCEMENT.
- 4 (a) Criminal Penalty.—A person who willfully
- 5 commits, willfully attempts to commit, or willfully con-
- 6 spires to commit, or aids or abets in the commission of,
- 7 an unlawful act section 833—
- 8 (1) shall, upon conviction, be fined not more
- 9 than \$1,000,000; or
- 10 (2) if a natural person, may be imprisoned for
- 11 not more than 20 years, or both.
- 12 (b) Civil Penalties.—The President may impose
- 13 the following civil penalties on a person who violates sec-
- 14 tion 833 or any regulation issued under this subtitle:
- 15 (1) A fine of not more than \$300,000 or an
- amount that is twice the value of the transaction
- that is the basis of the violation with respect to
- which the penalty is imposed, whichever is greater.
- 19 (2) Revocation of a license issued under title I
- to the person.
- 21 (3) A prohibition on the person's ability to ex-
- port, reexport, or transfer any items controlled
- under subtitle A.
- 24 (c) Procedures.—Any civil penalty or administra-
- 25 tive sanction (including any suspension or revocation of

1	authority to export) under this section may be imposed
2	only after notice and opportunity for an agency hearing
3	on the record in accordance with sections 554 through 557
4	of title 5, United States Code, and shall be subject to judi-
5	cial review in accordance with chapter 7 of such title.
6	(d) STANDARDS FOR LEVELS OF CIVIL PENALTY.—
7	The President may by regulation provide standards for es-
8	tablishing levels of civil penalty under this section based
9	upon factors such as the seriousness of the violation, the
10	culpability of the violator, and the violator's record of co-
11	operation with the Government in disclosing the violation
12	Subtitle C—Sanctions Regarding
13	Missile Proliferation and Chem-
13 14	Missile Proliferation and Chemical and Biological Weapons
14	ical and Biological Weapons
14 15	ical and Biological Weapons Proliferation
14 15 16	ical and Biological Weapons Proliferation SEC. 841. MISSILE PROLIFERATION CONTROL VIOLATIONS
14 15 16 17	ical and Biological Weapons Proliferation  SEC. 841. MISSILE PROLIFERATION CONTROL VIOLATIONS  (a) VIOLATIONS BY UNITED STATES PERSONS.—
14 15 16 17	ical and Biological Weapons Proliferation  SEC. 841. MISSILE PROLIFERATION CONTROL VIOLATIONS  (a) VIOLATIONS BY UNITED STATES PERSONS.—  (1) SANCTIONS.—
114 115 116 117 118	ical and Biological Weapons Proliferation  SEC. 841. MISSILE PROLIFERATION CONTROL VIOLATIONS  (a) VIOLATIONS BY UNITED STATES PERSONS.—  (1) SANCTIONS.—  (A) SANCTIONABLE ACTIVITY.—The President of the president of the property of the president of the presiden
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	ical and Biological Weapons Proliferation  SEC. 841. MISSILE PROLIFERATION CONTROL VIOLATIONS  (a) VIOLATIONS BY UNITED STATES PERSONS.—  (1) SANCTIONS.—  (A) SANCTIONABLE ACTIVITY.—The President shall impose the applicable sanctions de-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	ical and Biological Weapons Proliferation  SEC. 841. MISSILE PROLIFERATION CONTROL VIOLATIONS  (a) VIOLATIONS BY UNITED STATES PERSONS.—  (1) SANCTIONS.—  (A) SANCTIONABLE ACTIVITY.—The President shall impose the applicable sanctions described in subparagraph (B) if the President
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	ical and Biological Weapons Proliferation  SEC. 841. MISSILE PROLIFERATION CONTROL VIOLATIONS  (a) VIOLATIONS BY UNITED STATES PERSONS.—  (1) SANCTIONABLE ACTIVITY.—The President shall impose the applicable sanctions described in subparagraph (B) if the President determines that a United States person know-

1	of the provisions of section 38 (22 U.S.C.
2	2778) or chapter 7 of the Arms Export
3	Control Act, subtitle A, or any regulations
4	or orders issued under any such provisions;
5	or
6	(ii) conspires to or attempts to engage
7	in such export, reexport, or transfer.
8	(B) Sanctions.—The sanctions that apply
9	to a United States person under subparagraph
10	(A) are the following:
11	(i) If the item on the MTCR Annex
12	involved in the export, reexport, or transfer
13	is missile equipment or technology within
14	category II of the MTCR Annex, then the
15	President shall deny to such United States
16	person, for a period of 2 years, licenses for
17	the transfer of missile equipment or tech-
18	nology controlled under subtitle A.
19	(ii) If the item on the MTCR Annex
20	involved in the export, reexport, or transfer
21	is missile equipment or technology within
22	category I of the MTCR Annex, then the
23	President shall deny to such United States
24	person, for a period of not less than 2

1	years, all licenses for items the transfer of
2	which is controlled under subtitle A.
3	(2) DISCRETIONARY SANCTIONS.—In the case
4	of any determination referred to in paragraph (1),
5	the President may pursue any other appropriate
6	penalties under section 820.
7	(3) Waiver.—The President may waive the im-
8	position of sanctions under paragraph (1) on a per-
9	son with respect to a product or service if the Presi-
10	dent certifies to the Congress that—
11	(A) the product or service is essential to
12	the national security of the United States; and
13	(B) such person is a sole source supplier of
14	the product or service, the product or service is
15	not available from any alternative reliable sup-
16	plier, and the need for the product or service
17	cannot be met in a timely manner by improved
18	manufacturing processes or technological devel-
19	opments.
20	(b) Transfers of Missile Equipment or Tech-
21	NOLOGY BY FOREIGN PERSONS.—
22	(1) Sanctions.—
23	(A) SANCTIONABLE ACTIVITY.—Subject to
24	paragraphs (3) through (7), the President shall
25	impose the applicable sanctions under subpara-

1	graph (B) on a foreign person if the Presi-
2	dent—
3	(i) determines that a foreign person
4	knowingly—
5	(I) exports, reexports, or trans-
6	fers any MTCR equipment or tech-
7	nology that contributes to the design,
8	development, or production of missiles
9	in a country that is not an MTCR ad-
10	herent and would be, if it were United
11	States-origin equipment or technology,
12	subject to the jurisdiction of the
13	United States under subtitle A;
14	(II) conspires to or attempts to
15	engage in such export, reexport, or
16	transfer; or
17	(III) facilitates such export, reex-
18	port, or transfer by any other person;
19	or
20	(ii) has made a determination with re-
21	spect to the foreign person under section
22	73(a) of the Arms Export Control Act.
23	(B) Sanctions.—The sanctions that apply
24	to a foreign person under subparagraph (A) are
25	the following:

1	(i) If the item involved in the export,
2	reexport, or transfer is within category II
3	of the MTCR Annex, then the President
4	shall deny, for a period of 2 years, licenses
5	for the transfer to such foreign person of
6	missile equipment or technology the trans-
7	fer of which is controlled under subtitle A.
8	(ii) If the item involved in the export,
9	reexport, or transfer is within category I of
10	the MTCR Annex, then the President shall
11	deny, for a period of not less than 2 years,
12	licenses for the transfer to such foreign
13	person of items the transfer of which is
14	controlled under subtitle A.
15	(2) Inapplicability with respect to MTCR
16	ADHERENTS.—Paragraph (1) does not apply with
17	respect to—
18	(A) any export, reexport, or transfer that
19	is authorized by the laws of an MTCR adher-
20	ent, if such authorization is not obtained by
21	misrepresentation or fraud; or
22	(B) any export, reexport, or transfer of an
23	item to an end user in a country that is an
24	MTCR adherent.

(3) Effect of enforcement actions by MTCR adherents.—Sanctions set forth in paragraph (1) may not be imposed under this subsection on a person with respect to acts described in such paragraph or, if such sanctions are in effect against a person on account of such acts, such sanctions shall be terminated, if an MTCR adherent is taking judicial or other enforcement action against that person with respect to such acts, or that person has been found by the government of an MTCR adherent to be innocent of wrongdoing with respect to such acts.

## (4) Waiver and report to congress.—

- (A) WAIVER AUTHORITY.—The President may waive the application of paragraph (1) to a foreign person if the President determines that such waiver is essential to the national security of the United States.
- (B) Notification and report to con-GRESS.—In the event that the President decides to apply the waiver described in subparagraph (A), the President shall so notify the appropriate congressional committees not less than 20 working days before issuing the waiver. Such notification shall include a report fully ar-

1	ticulating the rationale and circumstances
2	which led the President to apply the waiver.
3	(5) Additional Waiver.—The President may
4	waive the imposition of sanctions under paragraph
5	(1) on a person with respect to a product or service
6	if the President certifies to the appropriate congres-
7	sional committees that—
8	(A) the product or service is essential to
9	the national security of the United States; and
10	(B) such person is a sole source supplier of
11	the product or service, the product or service is
12	not available from any alternative reliable sup-
13	plier, and the need for the product or service
14	cannot be met in a timely manner by improved
15	manufacturing processes or technological devel-
16	opments.
17	(6) Exceptions.—The President shall not
18	apply the sanction under this subsection prohibiting
19	the importation of the products of a foreign per-
20	son—
21	(A) in the case of procurement of defense
22	articles or defense services—
23	(i) under existing contracts or sub-
24	contracts, including the exercise of options
25	for production quantities to satisfy require-

1	ments essential to the national security of
2	the United States;
3	(ii) if the President determines that
4	the person to which the sanctions would be
5	applied is a sole source supplier of the de-
6	fense articles or defense services, that the
7	defense articles or defense services are es-
8	sential to the national security of the
9	United States, and that alternative sources
10	are not readily or reasonably available; or
11	(iii) if the President determines that
12	such articles or services are essential to the
13	national security of the United States
14	under defense coproduction agreements or
15	NATO Programs of Cooperation;
16	(B) to products or services provided under
17	contracts entered into before the date on which
18	the President publishes his intention to impose
19	the sanctions; or
20	(C) to—
21	(i) spare parts;
22	(ii) component parts, but not finished
23	products, essential to United States prod-
24	ucts or production;

1	(iii) routine services and maintenance
2	of products, to the extent that alternative
3	sources are not readily or reasonably avail-
4	able; or
5	(iv) information and technology essen-
6	tial to United States products or produc-
7	tion.
8	(c) Definitions.—In this section:
9	(1) Appropriate congressional commit-
10	TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional com-
11	mittees' means—
12	(A) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of
13	the House of Representatives; and
14	(B) the Committee on Foreign Relations
15	and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and
16	Urban Affairs of the Senate.
17	(2) Defense articles; defense services.—
18	The terms "defense articles" and "defense services"
19	mean those items on the United States Munitions
20	List as defined in section 47(7) of the Arms Export
21	Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2794 note).
22	(3) Missile.—The term "missile" means a cat-
23	egory I system as defined in the MTCR Annex.
24	(4) Missile Technology Control Regime
25	MTCR.—The term "Missile Technology Control Re-

- gime" or "MTCR" means the policy statement, be-
- 2 tween the United States, the United Kingdom, the
- 3 Federal Republic of Germany, France, Italy, Can-
- 4 ada, and Japan, announced on April 16, 1987, to re-
- 5 strict sensitive missile-relevant transfers based on
- 6 the MTCR Annex, and any amendments thereto.
- 7 (5) MTCR ADHERENT.—The term "MTCR ad-
- 8 herent" means a country that participates in the
- 9 MTCR or that, pursuant to an international under-
- standing to which the United States is a party, con-
- trols MTCR equipment or technology in accordance
- with the criteria and standards set forth in the
- 13 MTCR.
- 14 (6) MTCR ANNEX.—The term "MTCR Annex"
- means the Guidelines and Equipment and Tech-
- 16 nology Annex of the MTCR, and any amendments
- thereto.
- 18 (7) Missile equipment or technology;
- 19 MTCR EQUIPMENT OR TECHNOLOGY.—The terms
- 20 "missile equipment or technology" and "MTCR
- equipment or technology" mean those items listed in
- category I or category II of the MTCR Annex.
- 23 SEC. 842. CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS PRO-
- 24 LIFERATION SANCTIONS.
- 25 (a) Imposition of Sanctions.—

1	(1) Determination by the president.—Ex-
2	cept as provided in subsection (b)(2), the President
3	shall impose the sanction described in subsection (c)
4	if the President determines that a foreign person has
5	knowingly and materially contributed—
6	(A) through the export from the United
7	States of any item that is subject to the juris-
8	diction of the United States under this subtitle;
9	or
10	(B) through the export from any other
11	country of any item that would be, if they were
12	United States goods or technology, subject to
13	the jurisdiction of the United States under this
14	subtitle,
15	to the efforts by any foreign country, project, or en-
16	tity described in paragraph (2) to use, develop,
17	produce, stockpile, or otherwise acquire chemical or
18	biological weapons.
19	(2) Countries, projects, or entities re-
20	CEIVING ASSISTANCE.—Paragraph (1) applies in the
21	case of—
22	(A) any foreign country that the President
23	determines has, at any time after January 1,
24	1980—

1	(i) used chemical or biological weap-
2	ons in violation of international law;
3	(ii) used lethal chemical or biological
4	weapons against its own nationals; or
5	(iii) made substantial preparations to
6	engage in the activities described in clause
7	(i) or (ii);
8	(B) any foreign country whose government
9	is determined for purposes of section 914(c) to
10	be a government that has repeatedly provided
11	support for acts of international terrorism; or
12	(C) any other foreign country, project, or
13	entity designated by the President for purposes
14	of this section.
15	(3) Persons against which sanctions are
16	TO BE IMPOSED.—A sanction shall be imposed pur-
17	suant to paragraph (1) on—
18	(A) the foreign person with respect to
19	which the President makes the determination
20	described in that paragraph;
21	(B) any successor entity to that foreign
22	person; and
23	(C) any foreign person that is a parent,
24	subsidiary, or affiliate of that foreign person if
25	that parent, subsidiary, or affiliate knowingly

- 1 assisted in the activities which were the basis of 2 that determination.
- 3 (b) Consultations With and Actions by For-4 eigh Government of Jurisdiction.—
- 5 (1) Consultations.—If the President makes 6 the determinations described in subsection (a)(1) 7 with respect to a foreign person, the Congress urges 8 the President to initiate consultations immediately 9 with the government with primary jurisdiction over 10 that foreign person with respect to the imposition of 11 a sanction pursuant to this section.
  - (2) Actions by Government of Jurisdiction.—In order to pursue such consultations with that government, the President may delay imposition of a sanction pursuant to this section for a period of up to 90 days. Following such consultations, the President shall impose the sanction unless the President determines and certifies to the appropriate congressional committees that the Government has taken specific and effective actions, including appropriate penalties, to terminate the involvement of the foreign person in the activities described in subsection (a)(1). The President may delay imposition of the sanction for an additional period of up to 90 days if the President determines and certifies to the

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1	Congress that the government is in the process of
2	taking the actions described in the preceding sen-
3	tence.
4	(3) Report to congress.—The President
5	shall report to the appropriate congressional commit-
6	tees, not later than 90 days after making a deter-
7	mination under subsection (a)(1), on the status of
8	consultations with the appropriate government under
9	this subsection, and the basis for any determination
10	under paragraph (2) of this subsection that such
11	government has taken specific corrective actions.
12	(c) SANCTION.—
13	(1) Description of Sanction.—The sanction
14	to be imposed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) is, ex-
15	cept as provided that the United States Government
16	shall not procure, or enter into any contract for the
17	procurement of, any goods or services from any per-
18	son described in subsection $(a)(3)$ .
19	(2) Exceptions.—The President shall not be
20	required to apply or maintain a sanction under this
21	section—
22	(A) in the case of procurement of defense
23	articles or defense services—
24	(i) under existing contracts or sub-

contracts, including the exercise of options

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1	for production quantities to satisfy United
2	States operational military requirements;
3	(ii) if the President determines that
4	the person or other entity to which the
5	sanctions would otherwise be applied is a
6	sole source supplier of the defense articles
7	or defense services, that the defense arti-
8	cles or defense services are essential, and
9	that alternative sources are not readily or
10	reasonably available; or
11	(iii) if the President determines that
12	such articles or services are essential to the
13	national security under defense coproduc-
14	tion agreements;
15	(B) to products or services provided under
16	contracts entered into before the date on which
17	the President publishes his intention to impose
18	sanctions;
19	(C) to—
20	(i) spare parts;
21	(ii) component parts, but not finished
22	products, essential to United States prod-
23	ucts or production; or
24	(iii) routine servicing and mainte-
25	nance of products, to the extent that alter-

1	native sources are not readily or reason-
2	ably available;
3	(D) to information and technology essen-

- tial to United States products or production; or
- 5 (E) to medical or other humanitarian 6 items.
- 7 (d) Termination of Sanctions.—A sanction im-8 posed pursuant to this section shall apply for a period of at least 12 months following the imposition of one sanction 10 and shall cease to apply thereafter only if the President determines and certifies to the appropriate congressional 11 12 committees that reliable information indicates that the foreign person with respect to which the determination was made under subsection (a)(1) has ceased to aid or 14 15 abet any foreign government, project, or entity in its efforts to acquire chemical or biological weapons capability 16 17 as described in that subsection.

## 18 (e) Waiver.—

19 (1) Criterion for Waiver.—The President 20 may waive the application of any sanction imposed 21 on any person pursuant to this section if the Presi-22 dent determines and certifies to the appropriate con-23 gressional committees that such waiver is important 24 to the national security interests of the United 25 States.

1	(2) Notification of and report to con-
2	gress.—If the President decides to exercise the
3	waiver authority provided in paragraph (1), the
4	President shall so notify the appropriate congres-
5	sional committees not less than 20 days before the
6	waiver takes effect. Such notification shall include a
7	report fully articulating the rationale and cir-
8	cumstances which led the President to exercise the
9	waiver authority.
10	(f) Definitions.—In this section:
11	(1) Appropriate congressional commit-
12	TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional com-
13	mittees" means—
14	(A) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of
15	the House of Representatives; and
16	(B) the Committee on Foreign Relations
17	and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and
18	Urban Affairs of the Senate.
19	(2) Defense articles; defense services.—
20	The terms "defense articles" and "defense services"
21	mean those items on the United States Munitions
22	List or are otherwise controlled under the Arms Ex-
23	port Control Act

1	Subtitle D—Administrative
2	Authorities
3	SEC. 851. UNDER SECRETARY OF COMMERCE FOR INDUS-
4	TRY AND SECURITY.
5	(a) In General.—The President shall appoint, by
6	and with the advice and consent of the Senate, an Under
7	Secretary of Commerce for Industry and Security who
8	shall carry out all the functions of the Secretary under
9	this title and such other provisions of law that relate to
10	the implementation of the dual-use export system.
11	(b) Assistant Secretaries of Commerce.—The
12	President shall appoint, by and with the advice and con-
13	sent of the Senate, two Assistant Secretaries of Commerce
14	to assist the Under Secretary in carrying out the functions
15	described in paragraph (1).
	Passed the House of Representatives June 26, 2018.
	Attest: KAREN L. HAAS,
	Clerk.

## Calendar No. 492

115TH CONGRESS H. R. 5841

## AN ACT

To modernize and strengthen the Committee on Foreign Investment in the United States to more effectively guard against the risk to the national security of the United States posed by certain types of foreign investment, and for other purposes.

June 27, 2018

Received; read twice and placed on the calendar