111TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 4138

To amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to provide for an update under the Medicare physician fee schedule, to be fully paid for through medical liability reform, a pathway for biosimilar biological products, and other means.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

NOVEMBER 19, 2009

Mr. Gingrey of Georgia (for himself, Mr. Cassidy, Mr. Fleming, Mr. Boozman, Mr. Herger, Mr. Sessions, Mr. Culberson, Mr. Hall of Texas, Mr. Whitfield, Mr. Shimkus, Mr. Buyer, Mrs. Myrick, Mr. Paulsen, Mr. Rooney, Ms. Granger, Mr. Roskam, Mrs. Blackburn, Mr. Price of Georgia, and Mr. Roe of Tennessee) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committees on Ways and Means and the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to provide for an update under the Medicare physician fee schedule, to be fully paid for through medical liability reform, a pathway for biosimilar biological products, and other means.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 2 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 3 "Medicare SGR Improvement and Reform Act of 2009".
- 4 (b) Table of Contents of
- 5 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

TITLE I—ENSURING CONTINUED ACCESS TO PHYSICIANS IN MEDICARE

- Sec. 101. Improving Medicare physician payments.
- Sec. 102. Statement of policy.

TITLE II—DEFICIT PROTECTION AND FISCAL RESPONSIBILITY

Subtitle A—Enacting Real Medical Liability Reform

- Sec. 201. Encouraging speedy resolution of claims.
- Sec. 202. Compensating patient injury.
- Sec. 203. Maximizing patient recovery.
- Sec. 204. Additional health benefits.
- Sec. 205. Punitive damages.
- Sec. 206. Authorization of payment of future damages to claimants in health care lawsuits.
- Sec. 207. Definitions.
- Sec. 208. Effect on other laws.
- Sec. 209. State flexibility and protection of states' rights.
- Sec. 210. Applicability; effective date.

Subtitle B—Application of Medicare Improvement Fund

Sec. 211. Application of Medicare Improvement Fund.

Subtitle C—Pathway for Biosimilar Biological Products

- Sec. 221. Licensure pathway for biosimilar biological products.
- Sec. 222. Fees relating to biosimilar biological products.
- Sec. 223. Amendments to certain patent provisions.

Subtitle D—Administrative Simplification

Sec. 231. Administrative simplification.

1 TITLE I—ENSURING CONTINUED ACCESS TO PHYSICIANS IN 2

3	MEDICARE
4	SEC. 101. IMPROVING MEDICARE PHYSICIAN PAYMENTS.
5	Section 1848(d) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
6	1395w-4(d)) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
7	lowing new paragraphs:
8	"(10) 2 PERCENT ANNUAL UPDATE FOR YEARS
9	2010 THROUGH 2013.—
10	"(A) In general.—Subject to paragraphs
11	(7)(B), $(8)(B)$, and $(9)(B)$ and subparagraph
12	(B), in lieu of the update to the single conver-
13	sion factor established in paragraph (1)(C) that
14	would otherwise apply for each of 2010, 2011,
15	2012, and 2013, the update to the single con-
16	version factor shall be 2 percent.
17	"(B) No effect on computation of
18	CONVERSION FACTOR FOR 2014 AND SUBSE-
19	QUENT YEARS.—The conversion factor under
20	this subsection shall be computed under para-
21	graph (1)(A) for 2014 and subsequent years as
22	if subparagraph (A) had never applied, subject
23	to paragraph (11).
24	"(11) UPDATE FOR 2014 AND POSSIBLE SUBSE-

1 "(A) In General.—Subject to paragraphs 2 (7)(B), (8)(B), and (9)(B) and subparagraph 3 (B), in lieu of the update to the single conver-4 sion factor established in paragraph (1)(C) that 5 would otherwise apply for 2014 and, at the Sec-6 retary's discretion, for subsequent years ending 7 not later than 2019, the update to the single 8 conversion factor shall be such percentage for 9 each such year as the Secretary determines will result in additional expenditures under this title 10 for all such years in the aggregate 12 \$26,400,000,000. Not later than October 1, 13 2013, the Secretary shall establish by regula-14 tion the method the Secretary will use in allo-15 cating the \$26,400,000,000 under the previous 16 sentence between 2014 and subsequent years. 17 Such allocation shall be designed in a manner 18 so that the single conversion factor for a year 19 is not less than 79 percent of the conversion 20 factor for the previous year.

> "(B) LIMITED EFFECT ON COMPUTATION CONVERSION FACTOR FOR SUBSEQUENT YEARS.—The conversion factor under this subsection shall be computed under paragraph (1)(A) for subsequent years as if subparagraph

11

21

22

23

24

1	(A) had never applied, but taking into account
2	the aggregate additional increase in expendi-
3	tures permitted under such subparagraph.".
4	SEC. 102. STATEMENT OF POLICY.
5	It is the policy of the Federal Government that the
6	sustainable growth rate formula, upon which physician
7	payments are based for the Medicare program, should be
8	permanently repealed and replaced with a reimbursement
9	policy that pays doctors an amount reflecting the true cost
10	of services provided in a high-quality and efficient manner
11	and uses a fiscally responsibly funding mechanism.
12	TITLE II—DEFICIT PROTECTION
13	AND FISCAL RESPONSIBILITY
13 14	AND FISCAL RESPONSIBILITY Subtitle A—Enacting Real Medical
14	Subtitle A—Enacting Real Medical
14 15	Subtitle A—Enacting Real Medical Liability Reform
14 15 16 17	Subtitle A—Enacting Real Medical Liability Reform SEC. 201. ENCOURAGING SPEEDY RESOLUTION OF CLAIMS.
141516	Subtitle A—Enacting Real Medical Liability Reform SEC. 201. ENCOURAGING SPEEDY RESOLUTION OF CLAIMS. The time for the commencement of a health care law-
14 15 16 17 18	Subtitle A—Enacting Real Medical Liability Reform SEC. 201. ENCOURAGING SPEEDY RESOLUTION OF CLAIMS. The time for the commencement of a health care lawsuit shall be 3 years after the date of manifestation of
14 15 16 17 18	Subtitle A—Enacting Real Medical Liability Reform SEC. 201. ENCOURAGING SPEEDY RESOLUTION OF CLAIMS. The time for the commencement of a health care lawsuit shall be 3 years after the date of manifestation of injury or 1 year after the claimant discovers, or through
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Subtitle A—Enacting Real Medical Liability Reform SEC. 201. ENCOURAGING SPEEDY RESOLUTION OF CLAIMS. The time for the commencement of a health care lawsuit shall be 3 years after the date of manifestation of injury or 1 year after the claimant discovers, or through the use of reasonable diligence should have discovered, the
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Subtitle A—Enacting Real Medical Liability Reform SEC. 201. ENCOURAGING SPEEDY RESOLUTION OF CLAIMS. The time for the commencement of a health care lawsuit shall be 3 years after the date of manifestation of injury or 1 year after the claimant discovers, or through the use of reasonable diligence should have discovered, the injury, whichever occurs first. In no event shall the time
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Subtitle A—Enacting Real Medical Liability Reform SEC. 201. ENCOURAGING SPEEDY RESOLUTION OF CLAIMS. The time for the commencement of a health care lawsuit shall be 3 years after the date of manifestation of injury or 1 year after the claimant discovers, or through the use of reasonable diligence should have discovered, the injury, whichever occurs first. In no event shall the time for commencement of a health care lawsuit exceed 3 years

- 1 (2) intentional concealment; or
- 2 (3) the presence of a foreign body, which has no
- 3 therapeutic or diagnostic purpose or effect, in the
- 4 person of the injured person.
- 5 Actions by a minor shall be commenced within 3 years
- 6 from the date of the alleged manifestation of injury except
- 7 that actions by a minor under the full age of 6 years shall
- 8 be commenced within 3 years of manifestation of injury
- 9 or prior to the minor's 8th birthday, whichever provides
- 10 a longer period. Such time limitation shall be tolled for
- 11 minors for any period during which a parent or guardian
- 12 and a health care provider or health care organization
- 13 have committed fraud or collusion in the failure to bring
- 14 an action on behalf of the injured minor.

15 SEC. 202. COMPENSATING PATIENT INJURY.

- 16 (a) Unlimited Amount of Damages for Actual
- 17 ECONOMIC LOSSES IN HEALTH CARE LAWSUITS.—In any
- 18 health care lawsuit, nothing in this subtitle shall limit a
- 19 claimant's recovery of the full amount of the available eco-
- 20 nomic damages, notwithstanding the limitation in sub-
- 21 section (b).
- 22 (b) Additional Noneconomic Damages.—In any
- 23 health care lawsuit, the amount of noneconomic damages,
- 24 if available, may be as much as \$250,000, regardless of
- 25 the number of parties against whom the action is brought

- 1 or the number of separate claims or actions brought with
- 2 respect to the same injury.
- 3 (c) No Discount of Award for Noneconomic
- 4 Damages.—For purposes of applying the limitation in
- 5 subsection (b), future noneconomic damages shall not be
- 6 discounted to present value. The jury shall not be in-
- 7 formed about the maximum award for noneconomic dam-
- 8 ages. An award for noneconomic damages in excess of
- 9 \$250,000 shall be reduced either before the entry of judg-
- 10 ment, or by amendment of the judgment after entry of
- 11 judgment, and such reduction shall be made before ac-
- 12 counting for any other reduction in damages required by
- 13 law. If separate awards are rendered for past and future
- 14 noneconomic damages and the combined awards exceed
- 15 \$250,000, the future noneconomic damages shall be re-
- 16 duced first.
- 17 (d) Fair Share Rule.—In any health care lawsuit,
- 18 each party shall be liable for that party's several share
- 19 of any damages only and not for the share of any other
- 20 person. Each party shall be liable only for the amount of
- 21 damages allocated to such party in direct proportion to
- 22 such party's percentage of responsibility. Whenever a
- 23 judgment of liability is rendered as to any party, a sepa-
- 24 rate judgment shall be rendered against each such party
- 25 for the amount allocated to such party. For purposes of

- 1 this section, the trier of fact shall determine the propor-
- 2 tion of responsibility of each party for the claimant's
- 3 harm.

4 SEC. 203. MAXIMIZING PATIENT RECOVERY.

- 5 (a) Court Supervision of Share of Damages
- 6 ACTUALLY PAID TO CLAIMANTS.—In any health care law-
- 7 suit, the court shall supervise the arrangements for pay-
- 8 ment of damages to protect against conflicts of interest
- 9 that may have the effect of reducing the amount of dam-
- 10 ages awarded that are actually paid to claimants. In par-
- 11 ticular, in any health care lawsuit in which the attorney
- 12 for a party claims a financial stake in the outcome by vir-
- 13 tue of a contingent fee, the court shall have the power
- 14 to restrict the payment of a claimant's damage recovery
- 15 to such attorney, and to redirect such damages to the
- 16 claimant based upon the interests of justice and principles
- 17 of equity. In no event shall the total of all contingent fees
- 18 for representing all claimants in a health care lawsuit ex-
- 19 ceed the following limits—
- 20 (1) 40 percent of the first \$50,000 recovered by
- the claimant(s).
- 22 (2) $33\frac{1}{3}$ percent of the next \$50,000 recovered
- by the claimant(s).
- 24 (3) 25 percent of the next \$500,000 recovered
- by the claimant(s).

- 1 (4) 15 percent of any amount by which the re-
- 2 covery by the claimant(s) is in excess of \$600,000.
- 3 (b) APPLICABILITY.—The limitations in this section
- 4 shall apply whether the recovery is by judgment, settle-
- 5 ment, mediation, arbitration, or any other form of alter-
- 6 native dispute resolution. In a health care lawsuit involv-
- 7 ing a minor or incompetent person, a court retains the
- 8 authority to authorize or approve a fee that is less than
- 9 the maximum permitted under this section. The require-
- 10 ment for court supervision in the first two sentences of
- 11 subsection (a) applies only in civil actions.

12 SEC. 204. ADDITIONAL HEALTH BENEFITS.

- In any health care lawsuit involving injury or wrong-
- 14 ful death, any party may introduce evidence of collateral
- 15 source benefits. If a party elects to introduce such evi-
- 16 dence, any opposing party may introduce evidence of any
- 17 amount paid or contributed or reasonably likely to be paid
- 18 or contributed in the future by or on behalf of the oppos-
- 19 ing party to secure the right to such collateral source bene-
- 20 fits. No provider of collateral source benefits shall recover
- 21 any amount against the claimant or receive any lien or
- 22 credit against the claimant's recovery or be equitably or
- 23 legally subrogated to the right of the claimant in a health
- 24 care lawsuit involving injury or wrongful death. This sec-
- 25 tion shall apply to any health care lawsuit that is settled

- 1 as well as a health care lawsuit that is resolved by a fact
- 2 finder. This section shall not apply to section 1862(b) (42)
- 3 U.S.C. 1395y(b)) or section 1902(a)(25) (42 U.S.C.
- 4 1396a(a)(25)) of the Social Security Act.

5 SEC. 205. PUNITIVE DAMAGES.

- 6 (a) In General.—Punitive damages may, if other-
- 7 wise permitted by applicable State or Federal law, be
- 8 awarded against any person in a health care lawsuit only
- 9 if it is proven by clear and convincing evidence that such
- 10 person acted with malicious intent to injure the claimant,
- 11 or that such person deliberately failed to avoid unneces-
- 12 sary injury that such person knew the claimant was sub-
- 13 stantially certain to suffer. In any health care lawsuit
- 14 where no judgment for compensatory damages is rendered
- 15 against such person, no punitive damages may be awarded
- 16 with respect to the claim in such lawsuit. No demand for
- 17 punitive damages shall be included in a health care lawsuit
- 18 as initially filed. A court may allow a claimant to file an
- 19 amended pleading for punitive damages only upon a mo-
- 20 tion by the claimant and after a finding by the court, upon
- 21 review of supporting and opposing affidavits or after a
- 22 hearing, after weighing the evidence, that the claimant has
- 23 established by a substantial probability that the claimant
- 24 will prevail on the claim for punitive damages. At the re-

1	quest of any party in a health care lawsuit, the trier of
2	fact shall consider in a separate proceeding—
3	(1) whether punitive damages are to be award-
4	ed and the amount of such award; and
5	(2) the amount of punitive damages following a
6	determination of punitive liability.
7	If a separate proceeding is requested, evidence relevant
8	only to the claim for punitive damages, as determined by
9	applicable State law, shall be inadmissible in any pro-
10	ceeding to determine whether compensatory damages are
11	to be awarded.
12	(b) Determining Amount of Punitive Dam-
13	AGES.—
14	(1) Factors considered.—In determining
15	the amount of punitive damages, if awarded, in a
16	health care lawsuit, the trier of fact shall consider
17	only the following—
18	(A) the severity of the harm caused by the
19	conduct of such party;
20	(B) the duration of the conduct or any
21	concealment of it by such party;
22	(C) the profitability of the conduct to such
23	party;
24	(D) the number of products sold or med-
25	ical procedures rendered for compensation, as

1	the case may be, by such party, of the kind
2	causing the harm complained of by the claim-
3	ant;
4	(E) any criminal penalties imposed on such
5	party, as a result of the conduct complained of
6	by the claimant; and
7	(F) the amount of any civil fines assessed
8	against such party as a result of the conduct
9	complained of by the claimant.
10	(2) MAXIMUM AWARD.—The amount of punitive
11	damages, if awarded, in a health care lawsuit may
12	be as much as \$250,000 or as much as two times
13	the amount of economic damages awarded, which-
14	ever is greater. The jury shall not be informed of
15	this limitation.
16	SEC. 206. AUTHORIZATION OF PAYMENT OF FUTURE DAM-
17	AGES TO CLAIMANTS IN HEALTH CARE LAW-
18	SUITS.
19	(a) In General.—In any health care lawsuit, if an
20	award of future damages, without reduction to present
21	value, equaling or exceeding \$50,000 is made against a
22	party with sufficient insurance or other assets to fund a
23	periodic payment of such a judgment, the court shall, at
24	the request of any party, enter a judgment ordering that
25	the future damages be paid by periodic payments. In any

- 1 health care lawsuit, the court may be guided by the Uni-
- 2 form Periodic Payment of Judgments Act promulgated by
- 3 the National Conference of Commissioners on Uniform
- 4 State Laws.
- 5 (b) APPLICABILITY.—This section applies to all ac-
- 6 tions which have not been first set for trial or retrial be-
- 7 fore the effective date of this subtitle.
- 8 SEC. 207. DEFINITIONS.
- 9 In this subtitle:
- 10 (1) ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION SYS-11 TEM; ADR.—The term "alternative dispute resolution
- 12 system" or "ADR" means a system that provides
- for the resolution of health care lawsuits in a man-
- ner other than through a civil action brought in a
- 15 State or Federal court.
- 16 (2) Claimant.—The term "claimant" means
- any person who brings a health care lawsuit, includ-
- ing a person who asserts or claims a right to legal
- or equitable contribution, indemnity, or subrogation,
- arising out of a health care liability claim or action,
- and any person on whose behalf such a claim is as-
- serted or such an action is brought, whether de-
- ceased, incompetent, or a minor.
- 24 (3) COLLATERAL SOURCE BENEFITS.—The
- 25 term "collateral source benefits" means any amount

- paid or reasonably likely to be paid in the future to or on behalf of the claimant, or any service, product, or other benefit provided or reasonably likely to be provided in the future to or on behalf of the claimant, as a result of the injury or wrongful death, pursuant to—

 (A) any State or Federal health, sickness.
 - (A) any State or Federal health, sickness, income-disability, accident, or workers' compensation law;
 - (B) any health, sickness, income-disability, or accident insurance that provides health benefits or income-disability coverage;
 - (C) any contract or agreement of any group, organization, partnership, or corporation to provide, pay for, or reimburse the cost of medical, hospital, dental, or income-disability benefits; and
 - (D) any other publicly or privately funded program.
 - (4) Compensatory damages.—The term "compensatory damages" means objectively verifiable monetary losses incurred as a result of the provision of, use of, or payment for (or failure to provide, use, or pay for) health care services or medical products, such as past and future medical ex-

- penses, loss of past and future earnings, cost of obtaining domestic services, loss of employment, and loss of business or employment opportunities, damages for physical and emotional pain, suffering, inconvenience, physical impairment, mental anguish, disfigurement, loss of enjoyment of life, loss of society and companionship, loss of consortium (other than loss of domestic service), hedonic damages, injury to reputation, and all other nonpecuniary losses of any kind or nature. The term "compensatory damages" includes economic damages and noneconomic damages, as such terms are defined in this section.
 - (5) Contingent fee" includes all compensation to any person or persons which is payable only if a recovery is effected on behalf of one or more claimants.
 - (6) Economic damages" means objectively verifiable monetary losses incurred as a result of the provision of, use of, or payment for (or failure to provide, use, or pay for) health care services or medical products, such as past and future medical expenses, loss of past and future earnings, cost of obtaining domestic services,

loss of employment, and loss of business or employment opportunities.

(7)HEALTH CARE LAWSUIT.—The term "health care lawsuit" means any health care liability claim concerning the provision of health care goods or services or any medical product affecting interstate commerce, or any health care liability action concerning the provision of health care goods or services or any medical product affecting interstate commerce, brought in a State or Federal court or pursuant to an alternative dispute resolution system, against a health care provider, a health care organization, or the manufacturer, distributor, supplier, marketer, promoter, or seller of a medical product, regardless of the theory of liability on which the claim is based, or the number of claimants, plaintiffs, defendants, or other parties, or the number of claims or causes of action, in which the claimant alleges a health care liability claim. Such term does not include a claim or action which is based on criminal liability; which seeks civil fines or penalties paid to Federal, State, or local government; or which is grounded in antitrust.

(8) Health care liability action" means a civil action term "health care liability action" means a civil ac-

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- tion brought in a State or Federal court or pursuant to an alternative dispute resolution system, against a health care provider, a health care organization, or the manufacturer, distributor, supplier, marketer, promoter, or seller of a medical product, regardless of the theory of liability on which the claim is based, or the number of plaintiffs, defendants, or other parties, or the number of causes of action, in which the claimant alleges a health care liability claim.
 - (9) Health care liability claim" means a demand by any person, whether or not pursuant to ADR, against a health care provider, health care organization, or the manufacturer, distributor, supplier, marketer, promoter, or seller of a medical product, including, but not limited to, third-party claims, crossclaims, counter-claims, or contribution claims, which are based upon the provision of, use of, or payment for (or the failure to provide, use, or pay for) health care services or medical products, regardless of the theory of liability on which the claim is based, or the number of plaintiffs, defendants, or other parties, or the number of causes of action.
 - (10) Health care organization.—The term "health care organization" means any person or en-

- tity which is obligated to provide or pay for health
 benefits under any health plan, including any person
 or entity acting under a contract or arrangement
 with a health care organization to provide or administer any health benefit.
 - (11) Health care provider.—The term "health care provider" means any person or entity required by State or Federal laws or regulations to be licensed, registered, or certified to provide health care services, and being either so licensed, registered, or certified, or exempted from such requirement by other statute or regulation.
 - (12) Health care goods or services.—The term "health care goods or services" means any goods or services provided by a health care organization, provider, or by any individual working under the supervision of a health care provider, that relates to the diagnosis, prevention, or treatment of any human disease or impairment, or the assessment or care of the health of human beings.
 - (13) Malicious intent to injure" means intentionally causing or attempting to cause physical injury other than providing health care goods or services.

- (14) MEDICAL PRODUCT.—The term "medical product" means a drug, device, or biological product intended for humans, and the terms "drug", "de-vice", and "biological product" have the meanings given such terms in sections 201(g)(1) and 201(h) of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act (21) U.S.C. 321(g)(1) and (h)) and section 351(a) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 262(a)), re-spectively, including any component or raw material used therein, but excluding health care services.
 - (15) Noneconomic damages" means damages for physical and emotional pain, suffering, inconvenience, physical impairment, mental anguish, disfigurement, loss of enjoyment of life, loss of society and companionship, loss of consortium (other than loss of domestic service), hedonic damages, injury to reputation, and all other nonpecuniary losses of any kind or nature.
 - (16) Punitive damages.—The term "punitive damages" means damages awarded, for the purpose of punishment or deterrence, and not solely for compensatory purposes, against a health care provider, health care organization, or a manufacturer, distributor, or supplier of a medical product. Punitive

1	damages are neither economic nor noneconomic
2	damages.
3	(17) Recovery.—The term "recovery" means
4	the net sum recovered after deducting any disburse-
5	ments or costs incurred in connection with prosecu-
6	tion or settlement of the claim, including all costs
7	paid or advanced by any person. Costs of health care
8	incurred by the plaintiff and the attorneys' office
9	overhead costs or charges for legal services are not
10	deductible disbursements or costs for such purpose
11	(18) State.—The term "State" means each of
12	the several States, the District of Columbia, the
13	Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands
14	Guam, American Samoa, the Northern Mariana Is-
15	lands, the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, and
16	any other territory or possession of the United
17	States, or any political subdivision thereof.
18	SEC. 208. EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS.
19	(a) VACCINE INJURY.—
20	(1) To the extent that title XXI of the Public
21	Health Service Act establishes a Federal rule of law

- 20 (1) To the extent that title XXI of the Public 21 Health Service Act establishes a Federal rule of law 22 applicable to a civil action brought for a vaccine-re-23 lated injury or death—
- 24 (A) this subtitle does not affect the appli-25 cation of the rule of law to such an action; and

- 1 (B) any rule of law prescribed by this sub-2 title in conflict with a rule of law of such title 3 XXI shall not apply to such action.
- 4 (2) If there is an aspect of a civil action 5 brought for a vaccine-related injury or death to 6 which a Federal rule of law under title XXI of the 7 Public Health Service Act does not apply, then this 8 subtitle or otherwise applicable law (as determined 9 under this subtitle) will apply to such aspect of such 10 action.
- 11 (b) OTHER FEDERAL LAW.—Except as provided in 12 this section, nothing in this subtitle shall be deemed to 13 affect any defense available to a defendant in a health care 14 lawsuit or action under any other provision of Federal law.
- 15 SEC. 209. STATE FLEXIBILITY AND PROTECTION OF STATES' RIGHTS.
- 17 (a) HEALTH CARE LAWSUITS.—The provisions gov18 erning health care lawsuits set forth in this subtitle pre19 empt, subject to subsections (b) and (c), State law to the
 20 extent that State law prevents the application of any pro21 visions of law established by or under this subtitle. The
 22 provisions governing health care lawsuits set forth in this
 23 subtitle supersede chapter 171 of title 28, United States

Code, to the extent that such chapter—

1 (1) provides for a greater amount of damages 2 or contingent fees, a longer period in which a health 3 care lawsuit may be commenced, or a reduced appli-4 cability or scope of periodic payment of future dam-

ages, than provided in this subtitle; or

- 6 (2) prohibits the introduction of evidence regarding collateral source benefits, or mandates or permits subrogation or a lien on collateral source benefits.
- 10 (b) Protection of States' Rights and Other 11 Laws.—(1) Any issue that is not governed by any provi-
- 12 sion of law established by or under this subtitle (including
- 13 State standards of negligence) shall be governed by other-
- 14 wise applicable State or Federal law.
- 15 (2) This subtitle shall not preempt or supersede any
- 16 State or Federal law that imposes greater procedural or
- 17 substantive protections for health care providers and
- 18 health care organizations from liability, loss, or damages
- 19 than those provided by this subtitle or create a cause of
- 20 action.
- 21 (c) State Flexibility.—No provision of this sub-
- 22 title shall be construed to preempt—
- 23 (1) any State law (whether effective before, on,
- or after the date of the enactment of this Act) that
- specifies a particular monetary amount of compen-

- satory or punitive damages (or the total amount of damages) that may be awarded in a health care lawsuit, regardless of whether such monetary amount is
- 4 greater or lesser than is provided for under this sub-
- 5 title, notwithstanding section 202(a); or
- 6 (2) any defense available to a party in a health
- 7 care lawsuit under any other provision of State or
- 8 Federal law.

9 SEC. 210. APPLICABILITY; EFFECTIVE DATE.

- This subtitle shall apply to any health care lawsuit
- 11 brought in a Federal or State court, or subject to an alter-
- 12 native dispute resolution system, that is initiated on or
- 13 after the date of the enactment of this Act, except that
- 14 any health care lawsuit arising from an injury occurring
- 15 prior to the date of the enactment of this Act shall be
- 16 governed by the applicable statute of limitations provisions
- 17 in effect at the time the injury occurred.

18 Subtitle B—Application of

Medicare Improvement Fund

- 20 SEC. 211. APPLICATION OF MEDICARE IMPROVEMENT
- 21 **FUND.**

- Section 1898(b)(1) of the Social Security Act (42)
- 23 U.S.C. 1395iii(b)(1)) is amended by striking "for services
- 24 furnished" and all that follows and inserting "for services
- 25 furnished on or after January 1, 2010, \$0.".

1	Subtitle C—Pathway for Biosimilar
2	Biological Products
3	SEC. 221. LICENSURE PATHWAY FOR BIOSIMILAR BIOLOGI-
4	CAL PRODUCTS.
5	(a) Licensure of Biological Products as Bio-
6	SIMILAR OR INTERCHANGEABLE.—Section 351 of the
7	Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 262) is amended—
8	(1) in subsection (a)(1)(A), by inserting "under
9	this subsection or subsection (k)" after "biologics li-
10	cense''; and
11	(2) by adding at the end the following:
12	"(k) Licensure of Biological Products as Bio-
13	SIMILAR OR INTERCHANGEABLE.—
14	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Any person may submit an
15	application for licensure of a biological product
16	under this subsection.
17	"(2) Content.—
18	"(A) In General.—
19	"(i) Required information.—An
20	application submitted under this subsection
21	shall include information demonstrating
22	that—
23	"(I) the biological product is bio-
24	similar to a reference product based
25	upon data derived from—

1	"(aa) analytical studies that
2	demonstrate that the biological
3	product is highly similar to the
4	reference product notwith-
5	standing minor differences in
6	clinically inactive components;
7	"(bb) animal studies (includ-
8	ing the assessment of toxicity);
9	and
10	"(ce) a clinical study or
11	studies (including the assessment
12	of immunogenicity and phar-
13	macokinetics or
14	pharmacodynamics) that are suf-
15	ficient to demonstrate safety, pu-
16	rity, and potency in 1 or more
17	appropriate conditions of use for
18	which the reference product is li-
19	censed and intended to be used
20	and for which licensure is sought
21	for the biological product;
22	"(II) the biological product and
23 ref	erence product utilize the same
24 me	chanism or mechanisms of action
25 for	the condition or conditions of use

1	prescribed, recommended, or sug-
2	gested in the proposed labeling, but
3	only to the extent the mechanism or
4	mechanisms of action are known for
5	the reference product;
6	"(III) the condition or conditions
7	of use prescribed, recommended, or
8	suggested in the labeling proposed for
9	the biological product have been pre-
10	viously approved for the reference
11	product;
12	"(IV) the route of administra-
13	tion, the dosage form, and the
14	strength of the biological product are
15	the same as those of the reference
16	product; and
17	"(V) the facility in which the bio-
18	logical product is manufactured, proc-
19	essed, packed, or held meets stand-
20	ards designed to assure that the bio-
21	logical product continues to be safe,
22	pure, and potent.
23	"(ii) Determination by sec-
24	RETARY.—The Secretary may determine,
25	in the Secretary's discretion, that an ele-

1	ment described in clause (i)(I) is unneces-
2	sary in an application submitted under this
3	subsection.
4	"(iii) Additional information.—
5	An application submitted under this sub-
6	section—
7	"(I) shall include publicly avail-
8	able information regarding the Sec-
9	retary's previous determination that
10	the reference product is safe, pure,
11	and potent; and
12	"(II) may include any additional
13	information in support of the applica-
14	tion, including publicly available infor-
15	mation with respect to the reference
16	product or another biological product.
17	"(B) Interchangeability.—An applica-
18	tion (or a supplement to an application) sub-
19	mitted under this subsection may include infor-
20	mation demonstrating that the biological prod-
21	uct meets the standards described in paragraph
22	(4).
23	"(3) Evaluation by secretary.—Upon re-
24	view of an application (or a supplement to an appli-
25	cation) submitted under this subsection, the Sec-

1	retary shall license the biological product under this
2	subsection if—
3	"(A) the Secretary determines that the in-
4	formation submitted in the application (or the
5	supplement) is sufficient to show that the bio-
6	logical product—
7	"(i) is biosimilar to the reference
8	product; or
9	"(ii) meets the standards described in
10	paragraph (4), and therefore is inter-
11	changeable with the reference product; and
12	"(B) the applicant (or other appropriate
13	person) consents to the inspection of the facility
14	that is the subject of the application, in accord-
15	ance with subsection (c).
16	"(4) Safety standards for determining
17	INTERCHANGEABILITY.—Upon review of an applica-
18	tion submitted under this subsection or any supple-
19	ment to such application, the Secretary shall deter-
20	mine the biological product to be interchangeable
21	with the reference product if the Secretary deter-
22	mines that the information submitted in the applica-
23	tion (or a supplement to such application) is suffi-
24	cient to show that—
25	"(A) the biological product—

1	"(i) is biosimilar to the reference
2	product; and
3	"(ii) can be expected to produce the
4	same clinical result as the reference prod-
5	uct in any given patient; and
6	"(B) for a biological product that is ad-
7	ministered more than once to an individual, the
8	risk in terms of safety or diminished efficacy of
9	alternating or switching between use of the bio-
10	logical product and the reference product is not
11	greater than the risk of using the reference
12	product without such alternation or switch.
13	"(5) General rules.—
14	"(A) One reference product per ap-
15	PLICATION.—A biological product, in an appli-
16	cation submitted under this subsection, may not
17	be evaluated against more than 1 reference
18	product.
19	"(B) Review.—An application submitted
20	under this subsection shall be reviewed by the
21	division within the Food and Drug Administra-
22	tion that is responsible for the review and ap-
23	proval of the application under which the ref-
24	erence product is licensed.

1	"(C) RISK EVALUATION AND MITIGATION
2	STRATEGIES.—The authority of the Secretary
3	with respect to risk evaluation and mitigation
4	strategies under the Federal Food, Drug, and
5	Cosmetic Act shall apply to biological products
6	licensed under this subsection in the same man-
7	ner as such authority applies to biological prod-
8	ucts licensed under subsection (a).
9	"(D) RESTRICTIONS ON BIOLOGICAL PROD-
10	UCTS CONTAINING DANGEROUS INGREDI-
11	ENTS.—If information in an application sub-
12	mitted under this subsection, in a supplement
13	to such an application, or otherwise available to
14	the Secretary shows that a biological product—
15	"(i) is, bears, or contains a select
16	agent or toxin listed in section 73.3 or
17	73.4 of title 42, section 121.3 or 121.4 of
18	title 9, or section 331.3 of title 7, Code of
19	Federal Regulations (or any successor reg-
20	ulations); or
21	"(ii) is, bears, or contains a controlled
22	substance in schedule I or II of section
23	202 of the Controlled Substances Act, as
24	listed in part 1308 of title 21, Code of

1	Federal Regulations (or any successor reg-
2	ulations);
3	the Secretary shall not license the biological
4	product under this subsection unless the Sec-
5	retary determines, after consultation with ap-
6	propriate national security and drug enforce-
7	ment agencies, that there would be no increased
8	risk to the security or health of the public from
9	licensing such biological product under this sub-
10	section.
11	"(6) Exclusivity for first interchange-
12	ABLE BIOLOGICAL PRODUCT.—Upon review of an
13	application submitted under this subsection relying
14	on the same reference product for which a prior bio-
15	logical product has received a determination of inter-
16	changeability for any condition of use, the Secretary
17	shall not make a determination under paragraph (4)
18	that the second or subsequent biological product is
19	interchangeable for any condition of use until the
20	earlier of—
21	"(A) 1 year after the first commercial
22	marketing of the first interchangeable bio-
23	similar biological product to be approved as
24	interchangeable for that reference product;
25	"(B) 18 months after—

1	"(i) a final court decision on all pat-
2	ents in suit in an action instituted under
3	subsection (l)(5) against the applicant that
4	submitted the application for the first ap-
5	proved interchangeable biosimilar biological
6	product; or
7	"(ii) the dismissal with or without
8	prejudice of an action instituted under sub-
9	section (l)(5) against the applicant that
10	submitted the application for the first ap-
11	proved interchangeable biosimilar biological
12	product; or
13	"(C)(i) 42 months after approval of the
14	first interchangeable biosimilar biological prod-
15	uct if the applicant that submitted such appli-
16	cation has been sued under subsection (l)(5)
17	and such litigation is still ongoing within such
18	42-month period; or
19	"(ii) 18 months after approval of the first
20	interchangeable biosimilar biological product if
21	the applicant that submitted such application
22	has not been sued under subsection (l)(5).
23	For purposes of this paragraph, the term 'final court
24	decision' means a final decision of a court from
25	which no appeal (other than a petition to the United

1	States Supreme Court for a writ of certiorari) has
2	been or can be taken.
3	"(7) Exclusivity for reference prod-
4	UCT.—
5	"(A) EFFECTIVE DATE OF BIOSIMILAR AP-
6	PLICATION APPROVAL.—Approval of an applica-
7	tion under this subsection may not be made ef-
8	fective by the Secretary until the date that is
9	12 years after the date on which the reference
10	product was first licensed under subsection (a).
11	"(B) FILING PERIOD.—An application
12	under this subsection may not be submitted to
13	the Secretary until the date that is 4 years
14	after the date on which the reference product
15	was first licensed under subsection (a).
16	"(C) First Licensure.—Subparagraphs
17	(A) and (B) shall not apply to a license for or
18	approval of—
19	"(i) a supplement for the biological
20	product that is the reference product; or
21	"(ii) a subsequent application filed by
22	the same sponsor or manufacturer of the
23	biological product that is the reference
24	product (or a licensor, predecessor in inter-
25	est, or other related entity) for—

"(I) a change (not including a modification to the structure of the bimodification to the structure of the bilogical product) that results in a new indication, route of administration,
dosing schedule, dosage form, delivery system, delivery device, or strength; or
"(II) a modification to the structure of the biological product that

ture of the biological product that does not result in a change in safety, purity, or potency.

"(8) Pediatric studies.—

"(A) Exclusivity.—If, before or after licensure of the reference product under subsection (a) of this section, the Secretary determines that information relating to the use of such product in the pediatric population may produce health benefits in that population, the Secretary makes a written request for pediatric studies (which shall include a timeframe for completing such studies), the applicant or holder of the approved application agrees to the request, such studies are completed using appropriate formulations for each age group for which the study is requested within any such timeframe, and the reports thereof are sub-

mitted and accepted in accordance with section 505A(d)(3) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act the period referred to in paragraph (7)(A) of this subsection is deemed to be 12 years and 6 months rather than 12 years.

- "(B) EXCEPTION.—The Secretary shall not extend the period referred to in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph if the determination under section 505A(d)(3) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act is made later than 9 months prior to the expiration of such period.
- "(C) APPLICATION OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS.—The provisions of subsections (a), (d), (e), (f), (h), (j), (k), and (l) of section 505A of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act shall apply with respect to the extension of a period under subparagraph (A) of this paragraph to the same extent and in the same manner as such provisions apply with respect to the extension of a period under subsection (b) or (c) of section 505A of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act.
- 24 "(9) Guidance documents.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may, after opportunity for public comment, issue guidance in accordance, except as provided in subparagraph (B)(i), with section 701(h) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act with respect to the licensure of a biological product under this subsection. Any such guidance may be general or specific.

"(B) Public comment.—

- "(i) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall provide the public an opportunity to comment on any proposed guidance issued under subparagraph (A) before issuing final guidance.
- "(ii) Input regarding most valuable Guidance.—The Secretary shall establish a process through which the public may provide the Secretary with input regarding priorities for issuing guidance.
- "(C) NO REQUIREMENT FOR APPLICATION CONSIDERATION.—The issuance (or non-issuance) of guidance under subparagraph (A) shall not preclude the review of, or action on, an application submitted under this subsection.

1	"(D) Requirement for product class-
2	SPECIFIC GUIDANCE.—If the Secretary issues
3	product class-specific guidance under subpara-
4	graph (A), such guidance shall include a de-
5	scription of—
6	"(i) the criteria that the Secretary will
7	use to determine whether a biological prod-
8	uct is highly similar to a reference product
9	in such product class; and
10	"(ii) the criteria, if available, that the
11	Secretary will use to determine whether a
12	biological product meets the standards de-
13	scribed in paragraph (4).
14	"(E) CERTAIN PRODUCT CLASSES.—
15	"(i) GUIDANCE.—The Secretary may
16	indicate in a guidance document that the
17	science and experience, as of the date of
18	such guidance, with respect to a product or
19	product class (not including any recom-
20	binant protein) does not allow approval of
21	an application for a license as provided
22	under this subsection for such product or
23	product class.
24	"(ii) Modification or reversal.—
25	The Secretary may issue a subsequent

1	guidance document under subparagraph
2	(A) to modify or reverse a guidance docu-
3	ment under clause (i).
4	"(iii) No effect on ability to
5	DENY LICENSE.—Clause (i) shall not be
6	construed to require the Secretary to ap-
7	prove a product with respect to which the
8	Secretary has not indicated in a guidance
9	document that the science and experience
10	as described in clause (i), does not allow
11	approval of such an application.
12	"(10) Naming.—The Secretary shall ensure
13	that the labeling and packaging of each biological
14	product licensed under this subsection bears a name
15	that uniquely identifies the biological product and
16	distinguishes it from the reference product and any
17	other biological products licensed under this sub-
18	section following evaluation against such reference
19	product.
20	"(l) Patent Notices; Relationship to Final Ap-
21	PROVAL.—
22	"(1) Definitions.—For the purposes of this
23	subsection the term—

1	"(A) 'biosimilar product' means the bio-
2	logical product that is the subject of the appli-
3	cation under subsection (k);
4	"(B) 'relevant patent' means a patent
5	that—
6	"(i) expires after the date specified in
7	subsection (k)(7)(A) that applies to the
8	reference product; and
9	"(ii) could reasonably be asserted
10	against the applicant due to the unauthor-
11	ized making, use, sale, or offer for sale
12	within the United States, or the importa-
13	tion into the United States of the bio-
14	similar product, or materials used in the
15	manufacture of the biosimilar product, or
16	due to a use of the biosimilar product in
17	a method of treatment that is indicated in
18	the application;
19	"(C) 'reference product sponsor' means the
20	holder of an approved application or license for
21	the reference product; and
22	"(D) 'interested third party' means a per-
23	son other than the reference product sponsor
24	that owns a relevant patent, or has the right to

1 commence or participate in an action for in-2 fringement of a relevant patent.

> "(2) Handling of confidential informa-TION.—Any entity receiving confidential information pursuant to this subsection shall designate one or more individuals to receive such information. Each individual so designated shall execute an agreement in accordance with regulations promulgated by the Secretary. The regulations shall require each such individual to take reasonable steps to maintain the confidentiality of information received pursuant to this subsection and use the information solely for purposes authorized by this subsection. The obligations imposed on an individual who has received confidential information pursuant to this subsection shall continue until the individual returns or destroys the confidential information, a court imposes a protective order that governs the use or handling of the confidential information, or the party providing the confidential information agrees to other terms or conditions regarding the handling or use of the confidential information.

"(3) Public Notice by Secretary.—Within 30 days of acceptance by the Secretary of an appli-

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

1	cation filed under subsection (k), the Secretary shall
2	publish a notice identifying—
3	"(A) the reference product identified in the
4	application; and
5	"(B) the name and address of an agent
6	designated by the applicant to receive notices
7	pursuant to paragraph (4)(B).
8	"(4) Exchanges concerning patents.—
9	"(A) Exchanges with reference
10	PRODUCT SPONSOR.—
11	"(i) Within 30 days of the date of ac-
12	ceptance of the application by the Sec-
13	retary, the applicant shall provide the ref-
14	erence product sponsor with a copy of the
15	application and information concerning the
16	biosimilar product and its production. This
17	information shall include a detailed de-
18	scription of the biosimilar product, its
19	method of manufacture, and the materials
20	used in the manufacture of the product.
21	"(ii) Within 60 days of the date of re-
22	ceipt of the information required to be pro-
23	vided under clause (i), the reference prod-
24	uct sponsor shall provide to the applicant
25	a list of relevant patents owned by the ref-

erence product sponsor, or in respect of which the reference product sponsor has the right to commence an action of infringement or otherwise has an interest in the patent as such patent concerns the biosimilar product.

"(iii) If the reference product sponsor is issued or acquires an interest in a relevant patent after the date on which the reference product sponsor provides the list required by clause (ii) to the applicant, the reference product sponsor shall identify that patent to the applicant within 30 days of the date of issue of the patent, or the date of acquisition of the interest in the patent, as applicable.

"(B) Exchanges with interested third parties.—

"(i) At any time after the date on which the Secretary publishes a notice for an application under paragraph (3), any interested third party may provide notice to the designated agent of the applicant that the interested third party owns or has rights under 1 or more patents that may

1 be relevant patents. The notice shall iden-2 tify at least 1 patent and shall designate 3 an individual who has executed an agreement in accordance with paragraph (2) to receive confidential information from the 6 applicant. 7 "(ii) Within 30 days of the date of re-8 ceiving notice pursuant to clause (i), the 9 applicant shall send to the individual des-10 ignated by the interested third party the 11 information specified in subparagraph 12 (A)(i), unless the applicant and interested 13 third party otherwise agree. "(iii) Within 90 days of the date of 14 15 receiving information pursuant to clause 16 (ii), the interested third party shall provide 17 to the applicant a list of relevant patents 18 which the interested third party owns, or 19 in respect of which the interested third 20 party has the right to commence or partici-21 pate in an action for infringement. 22 "(iv) If the interested third party is 23 issued or acquires an interest in a relevant 24 patent after the date on which the inter-

ested third party provides the list required

1	by clause (iii), the interested third party
2	shall identify that patent within 30 days of
3	the date of issue of the patent, or the date
4	of acquisition of the interest in the patent,
5	as applicable.
6	"(C) Identification of basis for in-
7	FRINGEMENT.—For any patent identified under
8	clause (ii) or (iii) of subparagraph (A) or under
9	clause (iii) or (iv) of subparagraph (B), the ref-
10	erence product sponsor or the interested third
11	party, as applicable—
12	"(i) shall explain in writing why the
13	sponsor or the interested third party be-
14	lieves the relevant patent would be in-
15	fringed by the making, use, sale, or offer
16	for sale within the United States, or im-
17	portation into the United States, of the
18	biosimilar product or by a use of the bio-
19	similar product in treatment that is indi-
20	cated in the application;
21	"(ii) may specify whether the relevant
22	patent is available for licensing; and
23	"(iii) shall specify the number and
24	date of expiration of the relevant patent.

1	"(D) CERTIFICATION BY APPLICANT CON-
2	CERNING IDENTIFIED RELEVANT PATENTS.—
3	Not later than 45 days after the date on which
4	a patent is identified under clause (ii) or (iii) of
5	subparagraph (A) or under clause (iii) or (iv) of
6	subparagraph (B), the applicant shall send a
7	written statement regarding each identified pat-
8	ent to the party that identified the patent. Such
9	statement shall either—
10	"(i) state that the applicant will not
11	commence marketing of the biosimilar
12	product and has requested the Secretary to
13	not grant final approval of the application
14	before the date of expiration of the noticed
15	patent; or
16	"(ii) provide a detailed written expla-
17	nation setting forth the reasons why the
18	applicant believes—
19	"(I) the making, use, sale, or
20	offer for sale within the United
21	States, or the importation into the
22	United States, of the biosimilar prod-
23	uct, or the use of the biosimilar prod-
24	uct in a treatment indicated in the ap-

1	plication, would not infringe the pat-
2	ent; or
3	"(II) the patent is invalid or un-
4	enforceable.
5	"(5) ACTION FOR INFRINGEMENT INVOLVING
6	REFERENCE PRODUCT SPONSOR.—If an action for
7	infringement concerning a relevant patent identified
8	by the reference product sponsor under clause (ii) or
9	(iii) of paragraph (4)(A), or by an interested third
10	party under clause (iii) or (iv) of paragraph (4)(B),
11	is brought within 60 days of the date of receipt of
12	a statement under paragraph (4)(D)(ii), and the
13	court in which such action has been commenced de-
14	termines the patent is infringed prior to the date ap-
15	plicable under subsection $(k)(7)(A)$ or $(k)(8)$, the
16	Secretary shall make approval of the application ef-
17	fective on the day after the date of expiration of the
18	patent that has been found to be infringed. If more
19	than one such patent is found to be infringed by the
20	court, the approval of the application shall be made
21	effective on the day after the date that the last such
22	patent expires.
23	"(6) Notification of agreements.—
24	"(A) Requirements.—

1	"(i) AGREEMENT BETWEEN BIO-
2	SIMILAR PRODUCT APPLICANT AND REF-
3	ERENCE PRODUCT SPONSOR.—If a bio-
4	similar product applicant under subsection
5	(k) and the reference product sponsor
6	enter into an agreement described in sub-
7	paragraph (B), the applicant and sponsor
8	shall each file the agreement in accordance
9	with subparagraph (C).
10	"(ii) AGREEMENT BETWEEN BIO-
11	SIMILAR PRODUCT APPLICANTS.—If 2 or
12	more biosimilar product applicants submit
13	an application under subsection (k) for bio-
14	similar products with the same reference
15	product and enter into an agreement de-
16	scribed in subparagraph (B), the appli-
17	cants shall each file the agreement in ac-
18	cordance with subparagraph (C).
19	"(B) Subject matter of agreement.—
20	An agreement described in this subparagraph—
21	"(i) is an agreement between the bio-
22	similar product applicant under subsection
23	(k) and the reference product sponsor or
24	between 2 or more biosimilar product ap-

1	plicants under subsection (k) regarding the
2	manufacture, marketing, or sale of—
3	"(I) the biosimilar product (or
4	biosimilar products) for which an ap-
5	plication was submitted; or
6	"(II) the reference product;
7	"(ii) includes any agreement between
8	the biosimilar product applicant under sub-
9	section (k) and the reference product spon-
10	sor or between 2 or more biosimilar prod-
11	uct applicants under subsection (k) that is
12	contingent upon, provides a contingent
13	condition for, or otherwise relates to an
14	agreement described in clause (i); and
15	"(iii) excludes any agreement that
16	solely concerns—
17	"(I) purchase orders for raw ma-
18	terial supplies;
19	"(II) equipment and facility con-
20	tracts;
21	"(III) employment or consulting
22	contracts; or
23	"(IV) packaging and labeling
24	contracts.
25	"(C) Filing.—

1	"(i) In general.—The text of an
2	agreement required to be filed by subpara-
3	graph (A) shall be filed with the Assistant
4	Attorney General and the Federal Trade
5	Commission not later than—
6	"(I) 10 business days after the
7	date on which the agreement is exe-
8	cuted; and
9	"(II) prior to the date of the first
10	commercial marketing of, for agree-
11	ments described in subparagraph
12	(A)(i), the biosimilar product that is
13	the subject of the application or, for
14	agreements described in subparagraph
15	(A)(ii), any biosimilar product that is
16	the subject of an application described
17	in such subparagraph.
18	"(ii) If agreement not reduced
19	TO TEXT.—If an agreement required to be
20	filed by subparagraph (A) has not been re-
21	duced to text, the persons required to file
22	the agreement shall each file written de-
23	scriptions of the agreement that are suffi-
24	cient to disclose all the terms and condi-
25	tions of the agreement.

"(iii) Certification.—The chief ex-1 2 ecutive officer or the company official re-3 sponsible for negotiating any agreement required to be filed by subparagraph (A) shall include in any filing under this para-6 graph a certification as follows: 'I declare 7 under penalty of perjury that the following 8 is true and correct: The materials filed 9 with the Federal Trade Commission and 10 the Department of Justice under section 11 351(1)(6) of the Public Health Service Act, 12 with respect to the agreement referenced in 13 this certification: (1) represent the com-14 plete, final, and exclusive agreement be-15 tween the parties; (2) include any ancillary 16 agreements that are contingent upon, pro-17 vide a contingent condition for, or are oth-18 erwise related to, the referenced agree-19 ment; and (3) include written descriptions 20 of any oral agreements, representations, 21 commitments, or promises between the parties that are responsive to such section 22 23 and have not been reduced to writing.'. "(D) DISCLOSURE EXEMPTION.—Any in-24

formation or documentary material filed with

Trade Commission pursuant to this paragraph shall be exempt from disclosure under section 552 of title 5, United States Code, and no such information or documentary material may be made public, except as may be relevant to any administrative or judicial action or proceeding. Nothing in this subparagraph prevents disclosure of information or documentary material to either body of the Congress or to any duly authorized committee or subcommittee of the Congress.

"(E) Enforcement.—

"(i) CIVIL PENALTY.—Any person that violates a provision of this paragraph shall be liable for a civil penalty of not more than \$11,000 for each day on which the violation occurs. Such penalty may be recovered in a civil action—

"(I) brought by the United States; or

"(II) brought by the Federal Trade Commission in accordance with the procedures established in section

1	16(a)(1) of the Federal Trade Com-
2	mission Act.
3	"(ii) Compliance and equitable
4	RELIEF.—If any person violates any provi-
5	sion of this paragraph, the United States
6	district court may order compliance, and
7	may grant such other equitable relief as
8	the court in its discretion determines nec-
9	essary or appropriate, upon application of
10	the Assistant Attorney General or the Fed-
11	eral Trade Commission.
12	"(F) RULEMAKING.—The Federal Trade
13	Commission, with the concurrence of the Assist-
14	ant Attorney General and by rule in accordance
15	with section 553 of title 5, United States Code,
16	consistent with the purposes of this para-
17	graph—
18	"(i) may define the terms used in this
19	paragraph;
20	"(ii) may exempt classes of persons or
21	agreements from the requirements of this
22	paragraph; and
23	"(iii) may prescribe such other rules
24	as may be necessary and appropriate to
25	carry out the purposes of this paragraph.

"(G) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—Any action taken 1 2 by the Assistant Attorney General or the Federal Trade Commission, or any failure of the 3 4 Assistant Attorney General or the Commission 5 to take action, under this paragraph shall not 6 at any time bar any proceeding or any action 7 with respect to any agreement between a bio-8 similar product applicant under subsection (k) 9 and the reference product sponsor, or any 10 agreement between biosimilar product appli-11 cants under subsection (k), under any other 12 provision of law, nor shall any filing under this 13 paragraph constitute or create a presumption of 14 any violation of any competition laws.". 15 Definitions.—Section 351(i) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 262(i)) is amended— 16 17 (1) by striking "In this section, the term bio-18 logical product' means" and inserting the following: 19 "In this section: 20 "(1) The term 'biological product' means"; 21 (2) in paragraph (1), as so designated, by in-22 serting "protein (except any chemically synthesized 23 polypeptide)," after "allergenic product,"; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

"(2) The term 'biosimilar' or 'biosimilarity', in 1 2 reference to a biological product that is the subject of an application under subsection (k), means— 3 "(A) that the biological product is highly 4 similar to the reference product notwith-6 standing minor differences in clinically inactive 7 components; and "(B) there are no clinically meaningful dif-8 9 ferences between the biological product and the 10 reference product in terms of the safety, purity, 11 and potency of the product. "(3) The term 'interchangeable' or 'inter-12 13 changeability', in reference to a biological product 14 that is shown to meet the standards described in 15 subsection (k)(4), means that the biological product 16 may be substituted for the reference product without 17 the intervention of the health care provider who pre-18 scribed the reference product. 19 "(4) The term 'reference product' means the 20 single biological product licensed under subsection 21 (a) against which a biological product is evaluated in 22 an application submitted under subsection (k).". 23 (c) Products Previously Approved Under Sec-

TION 505.—

1	(1) Requirement to follow section 351.—
2	Except as provided in paragraph (2), an application
3	for a biological product shall be submitted under
4	section 351 of the Public Health Service Act (42
5	U.S.C. 262) (as amended by this Act).
6	(2) Exception.—An application for a biologi-
7	cal product may be submitted under section 505 of
8	the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21
9	U.S.C. 355) if—
10	(A) such biological product is in a product
11	class for which a biological product in such
12	product class is the subject of an application
13	approved under such section 505 not later than
14	the date of enactment of this Act; and
15	(B) such application—
16	(i) has been submitted to the Sec-
17	retary of Health and Human Services (re-
18	ferred to in this Act as the "Secretary")
19	before the date of enactment of this Act;
20	or
21	(ii) is submitted to the Secretary not
22	later than the date that is 10 years after
23	the date of enactment of this Act.
24	(3) Limitation.—Notwithstanding paragraph
25	(2), an application for a biological product may not

- 1 be submitted under section 505 of the Federal Food,
- 2 Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 355) if there is
- another biological product approved under sub-
- 4 section (a) of section 351 of the Public Health Serv-
- 5 ice Act that could be a reference product with re-
- 6 spect to such application (within the meaning of
- 7 such section 351) if such application were submitted
- 8 under subsection (k) of such section 351.
- 9 (4) Deemed approved under Section 351.—
- 10 An approved application for a biological product
- under section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and
- 12 Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 355) shall be deemed to be
- a license for the biological product under such sec-
- tion 351 on the date that is 10 years after the date
- of enactment of this Act.
- 16 (5) Definitions.—For purposes of this sub-
- section, the term "biological product" has the mean-
- ing given such term under section 351 of the Public
- Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 262) (as amended by
- this Act).
- 21 SEC. 222. FEES RELATING TO BIOSIMILAR BIOLOGICAL
- PRODUCTS.
- Subparagraph (B) of section 735(1) of the Federal
- 24 Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 379g(1)) is
- 25 amended by inserting ", including licensure of a biological

1	product under section 351(k) of such Act" before the pe-
2	riod at the end.
3	SEC. 223. AMENDMENTS TO CERTAIN PATENT PROVISIONS.
4	(a) Section 271(e)(2) of title 35, United States Code
5	is amended—
6	(1) in subparagraph (A), by striking "or" after
7	"patent,";
8	(2) in subparagraph (B), by adding "or" after
9	the comma at the end;
10	(3) by inserting the following after subpara-
11	graph (B):
12	"(C) a statement under section
13	351(l)(4)(D)(ii) of the Public Health Service
14	Act,''; and
15	(4) in the matter following subparagraph (C)
16	(as added by paragraph (3)), by inserting before the
17	period the following: ", or if the statement described
18	in subparagraph (C) is provided in connection with
19	an application to obtain a license to engage in the
20	commercial manufacture, use, or sale of a biological
21	product claimed in a patent or the use of which is
22	claimed in a patent before the expiration of such
23	patent".

1	(b) Section 271(e)(4) of title 35, United States Code,
2	is amended by striking "in paragraph (2)" in both places
3	it appears and inserting "in paragraph (2)(A) or (2)(B)".
4	Subtitle D—Administrative
5	Simplification
6	SEC. 231. ADMINISTRATIVE SIMPLIFICATION.
7	(a) Operating Rules for Health Information
8	Transactions.—
9	(1) Definition of operating rules.—Sec-
10	tion 1171 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
11	1320d) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
12	lowing:
13	"(9) Operating rules.—The term 'operating
14	rules' means the necessary business rules and guide-
15	lines for the electronic exchange of information that
16	are not defined by a standard or its implementation
17	specifications as adopted for purposes of this part.".
18	(2) Operating rules and compliance.—
19	Section 1173 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
20	1320d-2) is amended—
21	(A) in subsection (a)(2), by adding at the
22	end the following new subparagraph:
23	"(J) Electronic funds transfers."; and
24	(B) by adding at the end the following new
25	subsections:

"(g) Operating Rules.—

"(1) In general.—The Secretary shall adopt a single set of operating rules for each transaction described in subsection (a)(2) with the goal of creating as much uniformity in the implementation of the electronic standards as possible. Such operating rules shall be consensus-based and reflect the necessary business rules affecting health plans and health care providers and the manner in which they operate pursuant to standards issued under Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996.

- "(2) OPERATING RULES DEVELOPMENT.—In adopting operating rules under this subsection, the Secretary shall rely on recommendations for operating rules developed by a qualified nonprofit entity, as selected by the Secretary, that meets the following requirements:
 - "(A) The entity focuses its mission on administrative simplification.
 - "(B) The entity demonstrates an established multi-stakeholder and consensus-based process for development of operating rules, including representation by or participation from health plans, health care providers, vendors, rel-

1	evant Federal agencies, and other standard de-
2	velopment organizations.
3	"(C) The entity has established a public
4	set of guiding principles that ensure the oper-
5	ating rules and process are open and trans-
6	parent.
7	"(D) The entity coordinates its activities
8	with the HIT Policy Committee and the HIT
9	Standards Committee (as established under
10	title XXX of the Public Health Service Act)
11	and complements the efforts of the Office of the
12	National Healthcare Coordinator and its related
13	health information exchange goals.
14	"(E) The entity incorporates national
15	standards, including the transaction standards
16	issued under Health Insurance Portability and
17	Accountability Act of 1996.
18	"(F) The entity supports nondiscrimina-
19	tion and conflict of interest policies that dem-
20	onstrate a commitment to open, fair, and non-
21	discriminatory practices.
22	"(G) The entity allows for public review
23	and updates of the operating rules.

1	"(3) Review and recommendations.—The
2	National Committee on Vital and Health Statistics
3	shall—
4	"(A) review the operating rules developed
5	by a nonprofit entity described under paragraph
6	(2);
7	"(B) determine whether such rules rep-
8	resent a consensus view of the health care in-
9	dustry and are consistent with and do not alter
10	current standards;
11	"(C) evaluate whether such rules are con-
12	sistent with electronic standards adopted for
13	health information technology; and
14	"(D) submit to the Secretary a rec-
15	ommendation as to whether the Secretary
16	should adopt such rules.
17	"(4) Implementation.—
18	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall
19	adopt operating rules under this subsection, by
20	regulation in accordance with subparagraph
21	(C), following consideration of the rules devel-
22	oped by the non-profit entity described in para-
23	graph (2) and the recommendation submitted
24	by the National Committee on Vital and Health

1	Statistics under paragraph (3)(D) and having
2	ensured consultation with providers.
3	"(B) Adoption requirements; effec-
4	TIVE DATES.—
5	"(i) Eligibility for a health
6	PLAN AND HEALTH CLAIM STATUS.—The
7	set of operating rules for transactions for
8	eligibility for a health plan and health
9	claim status shall be adopted not later
10	than July 1, 2011, in a manner ensuring
11	that such rules are effective not later than
12	January 1, 2013, and may allow for the
13	use of a machine readable identification
14	card.
15	"(ii) Electronic funds transfers
16	AND HEALTH CARE PAYMENT AND REMIT-
17	TANCE ADVICE.—The set of operating
18	rules for electronic funds transfers and
19	health care payment and remittance advice
20	shall be adopted not later than July 1,
21	2012, in a manner ensuring that such
22	rules are effective not later than January
23	1, 2014.
24	"(iii) Other completed trans-
25	ACTIONS.—The set of operating rules for

the remainder of the completed trans-1 2 actions described in subsection (a)(2), including health claims or equivalent encoun-3 4 ter information, enrollment and disenrollment in a health plan, health plan 6 premium payments, and referral certification and authorization, shall be adopted 7 8 not later than July 1, 2014, in a manner 9 ensuring that such rules are effective not later than January 1, 2016. 10 11 "(C) Expedited rulemaking.—The Sec-12 retary shall promulgate an interim final rule 13 applying any standard or operating rule rec-14 ommended by the National Committee on Vital

retary shall promulgate an interim final rule applying any standard or operating rule recommended by the National Committee on Vital and Health Statistics pursuant to paragraph (3). The Secretary shall accept public comments on any interim final rule published under this subparagraph for 60 days after the date of such publication.

"(h) Compliance.—

"(1) HEALTH PLAN CERTIFICATION.—

"(A) ELIGIBILITY FOR A HEALTH PLAN,
HEALTH CLAIM STATUS, ELECTRONIC FUNDS
TRANSFERS, HEALTH CARE PAYMENT AND REMITTANCE ADVICE.—Not later than December

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

2

3

4

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

31, 2013, a health plan shall file a statement with the Secretary, in such form as the Secretary may require, certifying that the data and information systems for such plan are in compliance with any applicable standards (as described under paragraph (7) of section 1171) and operating rules (as described under paragraph (9) of such section) for electronic funds transfers, eligibility for a health plan, health claim status, and health care payment and remittance advice, respectively.

"(B) OTHER COMPLETED TRANS-ACTIONS.—Not later than December 31, 2015, a health plan shall file a statement with the Secretary, in such form as the Secretary may require, certifying that the data and information systems for such plan are in compliance with any applicable standards and operating rules for the remainder of the completed transactions described in subsection (a)(2), including health claims or equivalent encounter information, enrollment and disenrollment in a health plan, health plan premium payments, and referral certification and authorization, respectively. A health plan shall provide the same level of documentation to certify compliance with such transactions as is required to certify compliance with the transactions specified in subparagraph (A).

(A).

(C2) DOCUMENTATION OF COMPLIANCE.—A

- health plan shall provide the Secretary, in such form as the Secretary may require, with adequate documentation of compliance with the standards and operating rules described under paragraph (1). A health plan shall not be considered to have provided adequate documentation and shall not be certified as being in compliance with such standards, unless the health plan—
 - "(A) demonstrates to the Secretary that the plan conducts the electronic transactions specified in paragraph (1) in a manner that fully complies with the regulations of the Secretary; and
 - "(B) provides documentation showing that the plan has completed end-to-end testing for such transactions with their partners, such as hospitals and physicians.
- "(3) SERVICE CONTRACTS.—A health plan shall be required to comply with any applicable certification and compliance requirements (and provide the

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- Secretary with adequate documentation of such compliance) under this subsection for any entities that provide services pursuant to a contract with such health plan.
 - "(4) CERTIFICATION BY OUTSIDE ENTITY.—
 The Secretary may contract with an independent, outside entity to certify that a health plan has complied with the requirements under this subsection, provided that the certification standards employed by such entities are in accordance with any standards or rules issued by the Secretary.
 - "(5) Compliance with revised standards and rule paragraph (3)) shall comply with the certification and documentation requirements under this subsection for any interim final rule promulgated by the Secretary under subsection (i) that amends any standard or operating rule described under paragraph (1) of this subsection. A health plan shall comply with such requirements not later than the effective date of the applicable interim final rule.
 - "(6) Audits of health plans.—The Secretary shall conduct periodic audits to ensure that health plans (including entities described under

1 paragraph (3)) are in compliance with any standards 2 and operating rules that are described under para-3 graph (1). "(i) REVIEW AND AMENDMENT OF STANDARDS AND 4 5 Rules.— 6 "(1) Establishment.—Not later than Janu-7 ary 1, 2014, the Secretary shall establish a review 8 committee (as described under paragraph (4)). 9 "(2) Evaluations and reports.— 10 "(A) Hearings.—Not later than April 1, 11 2014, and not less than biennially thereafter, 12 the Secretary, acting through the review com-13 mittee, shall conduct hearings to evaluate and 14 review the existing standards and operating 15 rules established under this section. "(B) Report.—Not later than July 1, 16 17 2014, and not less than biennially thereafter, 18 committee review shall provide 19 ommendations for updating and improving such 20 standards and rules. The review committee 21 shall recommend a single set of operating rules 22 per transaction standard and maintain the goal 23 of creating as much uniformity as possible in 24 the implementation of the electronic standards. "(3) Interim final rulemaking.— 25

1 "(A) IN GENERAL.—Any recommendations
2 to amend existing standards and operating
3 rules that have been approved by the review
4 committee and reported to the Secretary under
5 paragraph (2)(B) shall be adopted by the Sec6 retary through promulgation of an interim final
7 rule not later than 90 days after receipt of the
8 committee's report.

"(B) Public comment.—

"(i) Public comment period.—The Secretary shall accept public comments on any interim final rule published under this paragraph for 60 days after the date of such publication.

"(ii) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The effective date of any amendment to existing standards or operating rules that is adopted through an interim final rule published under this paragraph shall be 25 months following the close of such public comment period.

"(4) REVIEW COMMITTEE.—

"(A) DEFINITION.—For the purposes of this subsection, the term 'review committee' means a committee within the Department of

1	Health and Human services that has been des-
2	ignated by the Secretary to carry out this sub-
3	section, including—
4	"(i) the National Committee on Vital
5	and Health Statistics; or
6	"(ii) any appropriate committee as de-
7	termined by the Secretary.
8	"(B) Coordination of hit stand-
9	ARDS.—In developing recommendations under
10	this subsection, the review committee shall con-
11	sider the standards approved by the Office of
12	the National Coordinator for Health Informa-
13	tion Technology.
14	"(j) Penalties.—
15	"(1) Penalty fee.—
16	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than April
17	1, 2014, and annually thereafter, the Secretary
18	shall assess a penalty fee (as determined under
19	subparagraph (B)) against a health plan that
20	has failed to meet the requirements under sub-
21	section (h) with respect to certification and doc-
22	umentation of compliance with the standards
23	(and their operating rules) as described under
24	paragraph (1) of such subsection.

"(B) FEE AMOUNT.—Subject to subparagraphs (C), (D), and (E), the Secretary shall assess a penalty fee against a health plan in the amount of \$1 per covered life until certification is complete. The penalty shall be assessed per person covered by the plan for which its data systems for major medical policies are not in compliance and shall be imposed against the health plan for each day that the plan is not in compliance with the requirements under subsection (h).

"(C) ADDITIONAL PENALTY FOR MIS-REPRESENTATION.—A health plan that knowingly provides inaccurate or incomplete information in a statement of certification or documentation of compliance under subsection (h) shall be subject to a penalty fee that is double the amount that would otherwise be imposed under this subsection.

"(D) Annual fee increase.—The amount of the penalty fee imposed under this subsection shall be increased on an annual basis by the annual percentage increase in total national health care expenditures, as determined by the Secretary.

1	"(E) Penalty limit.—A penalty fee as-
2	sessed against a health plan under this sub-
3	section shall not exceed, on an annual basis—
4	"(i) an amount equal to \$20 per cov-
5	ered life under such plan; or
6	"(ii) an amount equal to \$40 per cov-
7	ered life under the plan if such plan has
8	knowingly provided inaccurate or incom-
9	plete information (as described under sub-
10	paragraph (C)).
11	"(F) Determination of covered indi-
12	VIDUALS.—The Secretary shall determine the
13	number of covered lives under a health plan
14	based upon the most recent statements and fil-
15	ings that have been submitted by such plan to
16	the Securities and Exchange Commission.
17	"(2) Notice and dispute procedure.—The
18	Secretary shall establish a procedure for assessment
19	of penalty fees under this subsection that provides ϵ
20	health plan with reasonable notice and a dispute res-
21	olution procedure prior to provision of a notice of as-
22	sessment by the Secretary of the Treasury (as de-
23	scribed under paragraph (4)(B)).
24	"(3) Penalty fee report.—Not later than
25	May 1, 2014, and annually thereafter, the Secretary

shall provide the Secretary of the Treasury with a report identifying those health plans that have been assessed a penalty fee under this subsection.

"(4) Collection of Penalty Fee.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Treasury, acting through the Financial Management Service, shall administer the collection of penalty fees from health plans that have been identified by the Secretary in the penalty fee report provided under paragraph (3).

"(B) Notice.—Not later than August 1, 2014, and annually thereafter, the Secretary of the Treasury shall provide notice to each health plan that has been assessed a penalty fee by the Secretary under this subsection. Such notice shall include the amount of the penalty fee assessed by the Secretary and the due date for payment of such fee to the Secretary of the Treasury (as described in subparagraph (C)).

"(C) PAYMENT DUE DATE.—Payment by a health plan for a penalty fee assessed under this subsection shall be made to the Secretary of the Treasury not later than November 1, 2014, and annually thereafter.

1	"(D) Unpaid penalty fees.—Any
2	amount of a penalty fee assessed against a
3	health plan under this subsection for which pay-
4	ment has not been made by the due date pro-
5	vided under subparagraph (C) shall be—
6	"(i) increased by the interest accrued
7	on such amount, as determined pursuant
8	to the underpayment rate established
9	under section 6601 of the Internal Rev-
10	enue Code of 1986; and
11	"(ii) treated as a past-due, legally en-
12	forceable debt owed to a Federal agency
13	for purposes of section 6402(d) of the In-
14	ternal Revenue Code of 1986.
15	"(E) Administrative fees.—Any fee
16	charged or allocated for collection activities con-
17	ducted by the Financial Management Service
18	will be passed on to a health plan on a pro-rata
19	basis and added to any penalty fee collected
20	from the plan.".
21	(b) Promulgation of Rules.—
22	(1) Unique health plan identifier.—The
23	Secretary shall promulgate a final rule to establish
24	a unique health plan identifier (as described in sec-
25	tion 1173(b) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.

- 1 1320d-2(b))) based on the input of the National
- 2 Committee of Vital and Health Statistics. The Sec-
- 3 retary may do so on an interim final basis and such
- 4 rule shall be effective not later than October 1,
- 5 2012.
- 6 (2) Electronic funds transfer.—The Sec-
- 7 retary shall promulgate a final rule to establish a
- 8 standard for electronic funds transfers (as described
- 9 in section 1173(a)(2)(J) of the Social Security Act,
- as added by subsection (a)(2)(A). The Secretary
- may do so on an interim final basis and shall adopt
- such standard not later than January 1, 2012, in a
- manner ensuring that such standard is effective not
- later than January 1, 2014.
- 15 (c) Expansion of Electronic Transactions in
- 16 Medicare.—Section 1862(a) of the Social Security Act
- 17 (42 U.S.C. 1395y(a)) is amended—
- 18 (1) in paragraph (23), by striking the "or" at
- the end;
- 20 (2) in paragraph (24), by striking the period
- and inserting "; or"; and
- 22 (3) by inserting after paragraph (24) the fol-
- lowing new paragraph:
- 24 "(25) not later than January 1, 2014, for
- 25 which the payment is other than by electronic funds

- 1 transfer (EFT) or an electronic remittance in a form
- 2 as specified in ASC X12 835 Health Care Payment
- and Remittance Advice or subsequent standard.".
- 4 (d) Medicare and Medicaid Compliance Re-
- 5 PORTS.—Not later than July 1, 2013, the Secretary of
- 6 Health and Human Services shall submit a report to the
- 7 Chairs and Ranking Members of the Committee on Ways
- 8 and Means and the Committee on Energy and Commerce
- 9 of the House of Representatives and the Chairs and Rank-
- 10 ing Members of the Committee on Health, Education,
- 11 Labor, and Pensions and the Committee on Finance of
- 12 the Senate on the extent to which the Medicare program
- 13 and providers that serve beneficiaries under that program,
- 14 and State Medicaid programs and providers that serve
- 15 beneficiaries under those programs, transact electronically
- 16 in accordance with transaction standards issued under the
- 17 Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of
- 18 1996, part C of title XI of the Social Security Act, and
- 19 regulations promulgated under such Acts.

 \bigcirc