111TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R. 3611

To restrict the diplomatic travel of officials and representatives of state sponsors of terrorism, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

SEPTEMBER 22, 2009

A BILL

- To restrict the diplomatic travel of officials and representatives of state sponsors of terrorism, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Limiting the Intrusive
- 5 Miles of International Terrorist Sponsors Act of 2009"
- 6 or the "LIMITS Act of 2009".

7 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

8 Congress finds the following:

Mr. BROUN of Georgia (for himself, Mr. BOREN, Mrs. MYRICK, Mr. GARRETT of New Jersey, Mr. LINDER, and Mr. TAYLOR) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs

(1) Countries designated as state sponsors of
 terrorism represent a threat to the national security
 of the United States.

4 (2) The United States is obligated to permit of5 ficials and other representatives of countries des6 ignated as state sponsors of terrorism to travel to
7 New York City to attend meetings and conduct offi8 cial business at the United Nations.

9 (3) Individuals from countries not otherwise le-10 gally permitted to travel to the United States are 11 given visas for delegates and representatives to the 12 United Nations and other related diplomatic pur-13 poses.

14 (4) These delegates and representatives are in
15 addition to the number of domestically assigned na16 tionals living in the United States.

17 (5) Between January 1, 2004, and March 31, 18 2009, the Department of State issued, with full dip-19 lomatic immunity, 2,386 visas to delegates and rep-20 resentatives from Cuba, 2,585 visas to delegates and 21 representatives from Iran, 2,053 visas to delegates 22 and representatives from Sudan, 732 visas to dele-23 gates and representatives from Syria, and 869 to 24 delegates and representatives from other state spon-25 sors of terrorism.

1 (6) The delegates and representatives from Iran 2 and Cuba, which are state sponsors of terrorism, are 3 currently permitted to travel up to 25 miles from 4 Columbus Circle in New York City for United Na-5 tions activities, far beyond the necessary working vi-6 cinity of the United Nations, giving them access not 7 only to Manhattan, but to surrounding cities and 8 States. 9 (7)The delegates and representatives from 10 Syria and Sudan, both state sponsors of terrorism, 11 are currently permitted to travel throughout the 12 United States without any mileage restrictions. 13 (8) In June 2002, November 2003, and June 14 2004, Iranian diplomatic personnel from the Iranian 15 Mission to the United Nations were caught 16 photographing and videotaping the New York City

17 subway and other popular landmarks.

(9) The Department of State expelled these individuals for being engaged in activities not consistent with their duties.

(10) Issuing approximately 8,625 visas over the
past 5 years to personnel from countries designated
as state sponsors of terrorism, without proper
boundaries, creates a major security vulnerability
within the United States.

(11) The presence of hundreds of individuals
 with diplomatic immunity from countries designated
 as state sponsors of terrorism is overwhelming
 United States counterterrorism and intelligence re sources.

6 (12) The United States has an obligation to
7 protect the American people against such threats.

8 SEC. 3. RESTRICTION ON DIPLOMATIC TRAVEL OF OFFI-9 CIALS AND REPRESENTATIVES OF STATE 10 SPONSORS OF TERRORISM.

11 (a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provi-12 sion of law, and except as provided in subsections (b) and 13 (c), the President shall restrict to the designated area the travel of officials and representatives of countries that are 14 15 designated as state sponsors of terrorism who are visiting the United Nations headquarters complex in connection 16 17 with official business at the United Nations headquarters 18 complex.

(b) WAIVER.—The President may waive the travel restriction described in subsection (a) if the President—

(1) determines that it is in the interest of national defense of the United States to do so; and

(2) submits to Congress a report that contains
the reasons for such determination not later than 30
days after the issuance of such waiver.

1 (c) EXCEPTIONS.—

2 (1) INGRESS AND EGRESS.—For purposes of 3 this section, the restriction on travel referred to in 4 subsection (a) shall not include travel to and from John F. 5 Kennedy International Airport or 6 LaGuardia Airport to the designated area in connec-7 tion with official business at the United Nations 8 headquarters complex. Travel between the des-9 ignated area and such airports shall be direct and 10 without any intervening stops.

11 (2) ACCOMMODATIONS.—For purposes of this 12 section, the restriction on travel referred to in sub-13 section (a) shall not include travel to and from any 14 lodgings or other hotel accommodations in which an 15 official or representative is staying if such lodging or 16 other hotel accommodation is within the designated 17 area. Such permissible travel within the designated 18 area may be made only by land.

19 (3) MEDICAL EMERGENCIES.—For purposes of
20 this section, the restriction on travel referred to in
21 subsection (a) shall not include travel to and from
22 New York University medical center or Bellevue
23 Hospital Center for emergency medical care.

24 (d) RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.—

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1 (1) ON TRAVEL.—Nothing in this Act shall be 2 construed to prohibit the placement of additional re-3 strictions by the City of New York, the State of New 4 York, or the law enforcement agencies of such City 5 or State on the travel within the designated area of 6 officials and representatives of countries that are 7 designated as state sponsors of terrorism.

8 (2) OTHER RESTRICTIONS.—Nothing in this 9 Act shall be construed to prohibit the placement by 10 the President of additional restrictions on officials 11 and representatives of countries that are designated 12 as state sponsors or terrorism.

(e) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This Act shall take effect on
the date that is 60 days after the date of the enactment
of this Act.

16 (f) DEFINITIONS.—In this Act:

(1) DESIGNATED AREA.—The term "designated
area" means an area not greater than one-half of
one mile (0.5 miles) in any direction on the island
of Manhattan from the United Nations headquarters
complex, but does not include any waterway.

(2) STATE SPONSOR OF TERRORISM.—The term
"state sponsor of terrorism" means a country the
government of which has been determined by the
Secretary of State, for purposes of section 6(j) of

the Export Administration Act of 1979, section
 620A of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, section
 40 of the Arms Export Control Act, or other provision of law, is a government that has repeatedly provided support for acts of international terrorism.
 (3) UNITED NATIONS HEADQUARTERS COM-

7 PLEX.—The term "United Nations headquarters
8 complex" means the complex of United Nations
9 buildings located in the City of New York, on First
10 Avenue between 42nd Street and 48th Street, with
11 the street address of 760 United Nations Plaza.

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