115TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R. 3381

To establish in the Administration for Children and Families of the Department of Health and Human Services the Federal Interagency Working Group on Reducing Child Poverty to develop a national strategy to eliminate child poverty in the United States, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JULY 25, 2017

Mr. DANNY K. DAVIS of Illinois (for himself, Ms. LEE, Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD, and Mr. CONNOLLY) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform

A BILL

- To establish in the Administration for Children and Families of the Department of Health and Human Services the Federal Interagency Working Group on Reducing Child Poverty to develop a national strategy to eliminate child poverty in the United States, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Child Poverty Reduc-
- 5 tion Act of 2017".

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1 SEC. 2. ESTABLISHMENT OF WORKING GROUP.

2	There is established in the Administration for Chil-
3	dren and Families of the Department of Health and
4	Human Services a group which shall be known as the Fed-
5	eral Interagency Working Group on Reducing Child Pov-
6	erty (in this Act referred to as the "Working Group").
7	SEC. 3. NATIONAL PLAN TO REDUCE CHILD POVERTY.
8	(a) PRIMARY GOAL.—
9	(1) DEVELOPMENT OF NATIONAL PLAN.—The
10	primary goal of the Working Group is to develop a
11	national plan—
12	(A) to reduce, within 10 years after the
13	date on which funding is made available to
14	carry out this Act—
15	(i) the number of children living in
16	poverty in the United States to half of the
17	number of such children as reported in the
18	report of the United States Census Bureau
19	on Income, Poverty, and Health Insurance
20	Coverage in the United States: 2015
21	(issued in September 2016); and
22	(ii) the number of children living in
23	extreme poverty in the United States to
24	zero; and
25	(B) to reduce, within 20 years after the
26	date on which funds are made available to carry

1	out this Act, the number of children living in
2	poverty in the United States to zero.
3	(2) Consultation with national academy
4	OF SCIENCES.—In developing the national plan
5	under paragraph (1), the Working Group shall con-
6	sider all recommendations, research papers, and re-
7	ports published by the National Academy of
8	Sciences, including the Social Services and Income
9	Maintenance Research conducted using amounts
10	made available under the heading "Administration
11	for Children and Families—Children and Families
12	Services Programs" in division H of Public Law
13	114–113 and in division H of Public Law 115–31.
14	(3) DEADLINE.—Not later than 180 days after
15	the date of the enactment of this Act, the Working
16	Group shall make substantial progress toward the
17	development of the national plan.
18	(b) Additional Goals.—The national plan under
19	subsection (a) shall include recommendations for achieving
20	the following goals:
21	(1) Understanding the root causes of child pov-
22	erty, including persistent intergenerational poverty,
23	taking into account social, economic, and cultural

24 factors.

1	(2) Improving the accessibility of anti-poverty
2	programs and increasing the rate of enrollment in
3	such programs among eligible children and families
4	by reducing the complexity and difficulty of enrolling
5	in such programs.
6	(3) Eliminating disparate rates of child poverty
7	based on race, ethnicity, gender, age, geography
8	(e.g., rural, urban, suburban), English language pro-
9	ficiency, and ability.
10	(4) Improving the ability of individuals living in
11	poverty, low-income individuals, and unemployed in-
12	dividuals to access quality jobs that help children
13	and their families rise above poverty.
14	(5) Connecting low-income children, discon-
15	nected youth, and their families to education, job
16	training, work, and their communities.
17	(6) Shifting the measures and policies of Fed-
18	eral anti-poverty programs from the goal of helping
19	individuals and families living in poverty to achieve
20	freedom from deprivation toward the goal of helping
21	such individuals and families rise above poverty and
22	achieve long-term economic stability.
23	(c) Methods.—In developing the national plan
24	under subsection (a), the Working Group shall employ

1 methods for achieving the goals described in subsections2 (a) and (b) that include—

3 (1) studying the effect of child poverty on the
4 health and welfare of children, including the access
5 of children living in poverty to health care, housing,
6 proper nutrition, and education;

7 (2) measuring the effect of child poverty on the
8 ability of individuals to achieve economic stability,
9 including such effect on educational attainment,
10 rates of incarceration, lifetime earnings, access to
11 healthcare, and access to housing;

(3) updating and applying improved measures
of poverty that can meaningfully account for other
aspects relating to the measure of poverty, such as
the Supplemental Poverty Measure used by the
United States Census Bureau; and

(4) using and applying fact-based measures to
evaluate the long-term effectiveness of anti-poverty
programs, taking into account the long-term savings
and value to the Federal Government and to State,
local, and tribal governments of practices and policies designed to prevent poverty.

23 SEC. 4. OTHER DUTIES.

In addition to developing the national plan under sec-tion 3(a), the Working Group shall—

(1) monitor, in consultation with the Domestic
 Policy Council and the National Economic Council,
 all Federal activities, programs, and services related
 to child welfare and child poverty;

(2) establish guidelines, policies, goals, and di-5 6 rectives related to the achievement of the goals of 7 the national plan, in consultation with non-govern-8 mental entities providing social services to low-in-9 come children and families, advocacy groups that di-10 rectly represent low-income children and families, 11 policy experts, and officials of State, local, and tribal 12 governments, including the working group of the 13 largest State and local associations, who administer 14 or direct policy for anti-poverty programs;

(3) advise all relevant Federal agencies regarding how to effectively administer and coordinate programs, activities, and services related to child welfare and child poverty and how to resolve any disputes that arise between or among such agencies as
a result of such administration or coordination;

(4) provide recommendations to the Congress
regarding how to ensure that Federal agencies administering programs, activities, and services related
to child welfare and child poverty have adequate resources to increase public awareness of such pro-

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grams, activities, and services and how to maximize enrollment of eligible individuals;

3 (5) identify methods for improving communica-4 tion and collaboration among and between Federal, 5 State, and local governmental entities regarding the 6 implementation of State and local programs related 7 to child welfare and child poverty, such as State pro-8 grams funded under part A of title IV of the Social 9 Security Act (relating to block grants to States and 10 localities for temporary assistance for needy fami-11 lies), and submit recommendations regarding such 12 methods to relevant Federal agencies and congres-13 sional committees; and

14 (6) hold hearings in different geographic re15 gions of the United States to collect information and
16 feedback from the public regarding personal experi17 ences related to child poverty and anti-poverty pro18 grams, and make such information and feedback
19 publicly available.

20 SEC. 5. MEMBERSHIP.

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21 (a) NUMBER OF MEMBERS.—The Working Group22 shall be composed of no less than 6 members.

(b) EXECUTIVE PAY RATE.—Each member shall be
an official of an Executive Department who occupies a position for which the rate of pay is equal to or greater than

1	the rate of pay for level IV of the Executive Schedule
2	under section 5313 of title 5, United States Code.
3	(c) Required Participation of Certain Execu-
4	TIVE DEPARTMENTS.—The Working Group shall include
5	at least one member who is an official of each of the fol-
6	lowing Executive departments:
7	(1) The Department of Justice.
8	(2) The Department of Agriculture.
9	(3) The Department of Labor.
10	(4) The Department of Health and Human
11	Services.
12	(5) The Department of Housing and Urban De-
13	velopment.
14	(6) The Department of Education.
15	(d) APPOINTMENT.—Each member shall be ap-
16	pointed by the head of the Executive department that em-
17	ploys such member.
18	(e) Obtaining Official Data.—On request of the
19	Chairperson, any head of a Federal agency shall furnish
20	directly to the Working Group any information necessary
21	to enable the Working Group to carry out this Act.
22	(f) TERMS.—Each member shall be appointed for the
23	life of the Working Group.

(g) VACANCIES.—A vacancy in the Commission shall
 be filled in the manner in which the original appointment
 was made.

4 (h) QUORUM.—A majority of members shall con-5 stitute a quorum.

6 (i) CHAIRPERSON.—The Chairperson of the Working
7 Group shall be appointed by the Secretary of Health and
8 Human Services.

9 (j) MEETINGS.—

10 (1) INITIAL MEETING PERIOD.—The Working
11 Group shall meet on a monthly basis during the
12 180-day period beginning with the date on which
13 funds are made available to carry out this Act.

14 (2) SUBSEQUENT MEETINGS.—After such 18015 day period, the Working Group shall meet not less
16 than once every 6 months and at the call of the
17 Chairperson or a majority of members.

18 SEC. 6. DIRECTOR AND STAFF.

19 (a) DIRECTOR.—The Working Group shall have a Di-20 rector who shall be appointed by the Chairperson.

(b) STAFF.—The Director may appoint and fix the
pay of additional personnel as the Director considers appropriate.

(c) DUTIES.—The duties of the Director and staff
 shall be to achieve the goals and carry out the duties of
 the Working Group.

4 SEC. 7. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

(a) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than September 30,
2018, and annually thereafter, the Chairperson shall submit to the Congress a report describing the activities,
projects, and plans of the Federal Government to carry
out the goals of the Working Group, which shall include—

10 (1) an accounting of—

(A) any increase in efficiency in the delivery of Federal, State, local, and tribal social
services and benefits related to child welfare
and child poverty;

(B) any reduction in the number of chil-dren living in poverty;

17 (C) any reduction in the demand for such
18 social services and benefits for which children
19 living in poverty and near poverty are eligible;
20 and

21 (D) any savings to the Federal Govern22 ment as a result of such increases or reduc23 tions;

(2) an accounting of any increase in the national rate of employment due to the efforts of the Working Group;
(3) a summary of the efforts of each State to reduce child poverty within such State, including the administration of State programs funded under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act (relating to block grants to States for temporary assistance for needy families); and
(4) legislative language and recommendations regarding reducing child poverty and achieving the other goals and duties of the Working Group.
(b) PUBLIC REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—

14 (1) ANNUAL REPORT AVAILABLE TO PUBLIC.—
15 A version of the annual report required by sub16 section (a) shall be made publicly available.

(2) ANNUAL UPDATE FROM FEDERAL AGENCIES.—The head of each relevant Federal agency
shall post on the public Internet Web site of such
agency an annual summary of any plans, activities,
and results of the agency related to the goals and
duties of the Working Group.

23 SEC. 8. DEFINITIONS.

24 In this Act:

(1) ANTI-POVERTY PROGRAM.—The term "anti-1 2 poverty program" means a program or institution 3 with the primary goal of lifting children or families 4 out of poverty and improving economic opportunities 5 for children or families that operates in whole or in 6 part using Federal, State, local, or tribal govern-7 ment funds. (2) CHILD.—The term "child" means an indi-8 9 vidual who has not attained the age of 18. 10 DEPRIVATION.—The term "deprivation" (3)11 means, with respect to an individual, that such indi-12 vidual lacks adequate nutrition, health care, housing, 13 or other resources to provide for basic human needs. 14 (4) DISCONNECTED YOUTH.—The term "dis-15 connected youth" means individuals who have at-16 tained the age of 16 but have not attained the age 17 of 25 who are unemployed and not enrolled in 18 school. 19 ECONOMIC STABILITY.—The term "eco-(5)20 nomic stability" means, with respect to an individual 21 or family, that such individual or family has access 22 to the means and support necessary to effectively 23 cope with adverse or costly life events and to effec-24 tively recover from the consequences of such events 25 while maintaining a decent standard of living.

(6) EXTREME POVERTY.—The term "extreme 1 2 poverty" means, with respect to an individual or 3 family, that such individual or family has a total an-4 nual income that is less than the amount that is 50 5 percent of the official poverty threshold for such in-6 dividual or family, as provided in the report of the 7 United States Census Bureau on Income, Poverty, 8 and Health Insurance Coverage in the United 9 States: 2015 (issued in September 2016).

10 (7) FEDERAL AGENCY.—The term "Federal
11 agency" means an Executive department, a Govern12 ment corporation, and an independent establish13 ment.

14 (8) NEAR POVERTY.—The term "near poverty" 15 means, with respect to an individual or family, that 16 such individual or family has a total annual income 17 that is less than the amount that is 200 percent of 18 the official poverty threshold for such individual or 19 family, as provided in the report of the United 20 States Census Bureau on Income, Poverty, and 21 Health Insurance Coverage in the United States: 22 2015 (issued in September 2016).

(9) POVERTY.—The term "poverty" means,
with respect to an individual or family, that such individual or family has a total annual income that is

less than the amount that is the official poverty
 threshold for such individual or family, as provided
 in the report of the United States Census Bureau on
 Income, Poverty, and Health Insurance Coverage in
 the United States: 2015 (issued in September 2016).

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