^{112TH CONGRESS} 1ST SESSION H.R. 2193

To amend title IV of the Social Security Act to ensure funding for grants to promote responsible fatherhood and strengthen low-income families, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JUNE 15, 2011

Mr. DAVIS of Illinois (for himself, Ms. JACKSON LEE of Texas, Mr. RANGEL, Mr. TOWNS, Mrs. CHRISTENSEN, Mr. BRADY of Pennsylvania, Mr. CON-YERS, Mr. CLAY, and Mr. RUSH) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, and in addition to the Committees on Education and the Workforce, Energy and Commerce, and Agriculture, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

- To amend title IV of the Social Security Act to ensure funding for grants to promote responsible fatherhood and strengthen low-income families, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 2 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 3 "Julia Carson Responsible Fatherhood and Healthy Fami-
- 4 lies Act of 2011".
- 5 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents of
- 6 this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

Sec. 2. Findings.

TITLE I—PROMOTING RESPONSIBLE FATHERHOOD AND STRENGTHENING LOW-INCOME FAMILIES

- Sec. 101. State assessments of barriers to employment and financial support of children.
- Sec. 102. Grants to States to conduct demonstration projects to promote economic opportunity for low-income parents.
- Sec. 103. Healthy marriage promotion and responsible fatherhood programs.
- Sec. 104. Elimination of separate TANF work participation rate for 2-parent families.
- Sec. 105. Ban on recovery of Medicaid costs for births.
- Sec. 106. Improved collection and distribution of child support.
- Sec. 107. Collection of child support under the supplemental nutrition assistance program.
- Sec. 108. Grants supporting healthy family partnerships for domestic violence intervention and preventions.
- Sec. 109. Procedures to address domestic violence.

TITLE II—REVENUE PROVISION

Sec. 201. Increase in credit percentage under earned income tax credit for eligible individuals with no qualifying children.

7 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 8 Congress makes the following findings:
- 9 (1) The United States almost has the highest

10 child poverty rate among 34 industrialized countries.

(2) Thirty-one percent of all children in the
United States lived with only 1 or neither of their
parents. African-American children are the most
likely of all children to live in such families—62 per-

1 cent, compared to 48 percent of American Indian 2 children, 33 percent of Hispanic children, 22 percent 3 of non-Hispanic white children, and 15 percent of 4 Asian-American and Pacific Islander children. 5 (3) One of the most important factors in a 6 child's upbringing is whether the child is brought up 7 in a loving, healthy, supportive environment. 8 (4) Children who grow up with 2 parents are, 9 on average, more likely than their peers in single-10 parent homes to finish high school and be economi-11 cally self-sufficient. 12 (5) Father-child interaction, like mother-child 13 interaction, has been shown to promote the positive 14 physical, social, emotional, and mental development 15 of children. 16 (6) Children typically live without both parents 17 when their parents are divorced or did not marry. 18 More than $\frac{1}{3}$ of all first marriages end in divorce, 19 and about 60 percent of divorcing couples have chil-20 dren. More than 40 percent of all births are to un-21 married women. 22 (7) More than 1 in 4 families with children 23 have only 1 parent present, and more than 1 in 3

24 children live absent their biological father.

1 Recent studies demonstrate that most (8)2 unwed fathers in urban areas are highly involved 3 with the mother of their child before and after the 4 child's birth, with 80 percent involved during the 5 mother's pregnancy, and 50 percent living with the 6 child's mother at the time of the child's birth. How-7 ever, the relationship between the parents often does 8 not last, and many fathers do not maintain contact 9 with their children as the children grow up. 10 (9) An estimated 25 percent of the children 11 who live in households without their father have not seen their fathers in at least 1 year. 12

(10) Fathers' love, care, and emotional support
are positively linked to good social, emotional, and
cognitive development in their children; their children's academic achievement; lower rates of risky
behaviors and contact the juvenile justice system;
positive social behavior; positive emotional health;
and healthy self-esteem.

(11) Research has demonstrated that most fathers want to do well for their children. Rates of visitation among non-custodial fathers are higher than
expected and mothers do want fathers involved in
the lives of their children.

1	(12) The inability of parents to sustain a					
2	healthy relationship with their child's other parent					
3	and remain involved in their child's life can have se-					
4	vere negative consequences for the parents, the					
5	child, their community, and taxpayers.					
6	(13) Single-parent families are 4 to 5 times as					
7	likely to be poor as married-couple families.					
8	(14) Children raised in single-parent families					
9	are more likely than children raised in 2-parent fam-					
10	ilies to do poorly in school, have emotional and be-					
11	havioral problems, become teenage parents, commit					
12	crimes, smoke cigarettes, abuse drugs and alcohol,					
13	and have poverty-level incomes as adults.					
14	(15) High rates of unemployment and low					
15	wages are primary reasons why parents do not					
16	marry and why 2-parent families break up.					
17	(16) When components of family and jobs sup-					
18	ports are paired with responsible fatherhood pro-					
19	gramming, more fathers declare paternity, more live					
20	with their children, and more non-custodial men pay					
21	child support.					
22	(17) Domestic violence is also a significant					
23	problem leading to the nonformation or breakup of					
24	2-parent families.					

1 (18) Unemployment for Black workers re-2 mained almost double what it is for Whites, a ratio 3 unchanged in at least 35 years. In metropolitan 4 areas, Blacks are the racial group most spatially iso-5 lated from available jobs.

6 (19) A history of incarceration is a major bar-7 rier to employment. Sixty percent of young African-8 American men who dropped out of high school have 9 served time. When these men leave prison, they 10 often have difficulty finding a job and supporting 11 their children.

12 (20) Youth who are disconnected from school 13 and employment are more likely than others to en-14 gage in crime, become incarcerated, and rely on pub-15 lic systems of support. While allraces and 16 ethnicities are represented among this youth popu-17 lation, research studies show that African-American 18 males constitute a disproportionate share due to 19 their overrepresentation in the child welfare and ju-20 venile justice systems.

(21) Over ¹/₂ of State prison inmates are parents. When noncustodial parents go to prison, most
of them are required to pay their child support obligation, even though they have little ability to pay the
support. When these parents leave prison, they typi-

cally owe more than \$20,000 in child support debt.
 Noncustodial parents leaving prison often re-enter
 the underground economy because of financial pressures or to avoid the child support system, making
 it less likely that they will successfully rejoin society
 and reunite with their families.

7 (22) Children should receive the child support 8 paid by their parents, and the government should 9 not keep the money to recover welfare costs. Regular 10 child support income appears to have a greater posi-11 tive impact on children dollar for dollar than other 12 types of income. Researchers in Wisconsin found 13 that when monthly child support was passed through 14 to families receiving assistance under the Temporary 15 Assistance for Needy Families program established 16 under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act 17 (TANF) and disregarded 100 percent in determining 18 assistance for the families, fathers paid more child 19 support, established their legal relationship with 20 their children more quickly, and worked less in the 21 underground economy. Moreover, the State costs of 22 a full pass-through and disregard of child support 23 were fully offset by increased payments by fathers 24 and decreased public assistance use by families.

(23) Funding spent on Federal child support
 collection is cost-effective, especially when it address es fathers' particular circumstances and passes pay ments through to the family. The child support pro gram collects \$4.88 in support payments for families
 for every public dollar spent.

7 (24) The Department of Health and Human 8 Services National Child Support Enforcement Stra-9 tegic Plan for fiscal years 2005 through 2009 states 10 that "child support is no longer a welfare reimburse-11 ment, revenue-producing device for the Federal and 12 State governments; it is a family-first program, in-13 tended to ensure families' self-sufficiency by making 14 child support a more reliable source of income".

(25) Current law permits States to apply the
cost of passing through child support to families receiving assistance under the TANF program toward
their maintenance of effort (MOE) requirements,
but only to the extent that the State disregards the
child support payments in determining the amount
and type of TANF assistance.

(26) While the Federal government has over 40
programs that provide some funding for employment
and training, the United States is near the bottom
of industrialized nations in spending on "active labor

1	market policy." Low-income men have become in-
2	creasingly disconnected from school and work—and
3	increasingly poor. A large portion of those men are
4	non-custodial fathers.
5	(27) The negative effect of a criminal conviction
6	is substantially larger for Blacks than for Whites.
7	(28) African-Americans constitute only 14 per-
8	cent of drug users, but they represent 34 percent of
9	those arrested for drug offenses, 44 percent of drug
10	convictions, and 45 percent of drug offenders in
11	State prison. One in 15 African-American males
12	over 18 is behind bars as opposed to 1 out of 36 for
13	Latinos and one out of 106 for White males. In ad-
14	dition, approximately 650,000 men and women are
15	released from State and Federal prison annually.
16	This number does not include those who come home
17	from city and county jails. If current trends con-
18	tinue, the chilling extrapolation is that 1 in 3 Black
19	males born today can expect to spend time in prison
20	during his lifetime. These men are disproportion-
21	ately removed from lower income, segregated, and
22	disinvested communities, where they will eventually
23	return—too often without the skills they need to be-
24	come successful husbands, fathers, neighbors, and
25	wage earners.

(29) Programs that increase employment oppor tunity and reduce barriers by increasing employment
 opportunity and reducing recidivism will benefit chil dren and families.

5 (30) Transitional jobs programs have shown
6 promise in reducing unemployment among chron7 ically unemployed or underemployed population
8 groups, including formerly incarcerated individuals,
9 the homeless, and young African-American men.

10 (31) To strengthen families it is important to 11 improve the upward economic mobility of the custo-12 dial and noncustodial parent wage-earners, as well 13 as youth at risk of early parenthood or incarcer-14 ation, by providing the skills and experience nec-15 essary to access jobs with family sustaining wages 16 and benefits. In families in which all the members 17 do not live together, this is important to enable the 18 prompt and consistent payment of adequate child 19 support.

(32) It is important and useful to foster local
and regional economic development and job advancement for workers, especially young custodial and
noncustodial parents, by funding local collaborations
among business, education, and the community in
the development of pathways for preparing disadvan-

taged citizens to meet the workforce needs of the
 local and regional economy.

(33) Employers benefit from working with and 3 4 being supported by the local education, postsec-5 ondary, and workforce systems in identifying the 6 academic and occupational skill sets needed to fill the skilled jobs in the changing economy. Local eco-7 8 nomic and community development is enhanced 9 when residents have access to higher wage employ-10 ment, thus increasing the tax base, fueling the econ-11 omy, and contributing to greater family economic se-12 curity.

13 (34) Public-private career pathways partner-14 ships are an important tool for linking employers 15 and workers with the workforce education services 16 they need and for integrating community economic 17 development and workforce education services. Tran-18 sitional jobs programs can serve as the first step in 19 a career pathway by giving unemployed individuals 20 with multiple barriers to employment, valuable work 21 experience and related services.

(35) Evaluations of State child support enforcement policies have shown that supportive child support enforcement policies, rather than coercive ones,
have a positive impact on father involvement.

1 (36) The purpose of child support is to provide 2 necessary income support for and increase the well-3 being of children living apart from a parent. To im-4 prove the ability of low-income noncustodial parents 5 to provide long-term support and care for their chil-6 dren throughout their entire childhood, it is impor-7 tant that child support polices support parental ef-8 forts to pursue education and employment and to 9 stay involved with their children.

10 (37) Responsible parenthood includes active
11 participation in financial support and child-rearing,
12 as well as the formation and maintenance of a posi13 tive, healthy, and nonviolent relationship between
14 parent and child and a cooperative, healthy, and
15 nonviolent relationship between parents.

16 (38) States should be encouraged to implement
17 voluntary programs that provide support for respon18 sible parenting, including by increasing the employ19 ment and financial security of parents, and the pa20 rental involvement of noncustodial parents.

(39) Promoting responsible parenthood saves
the government money by reducing the need for public assistance, increasing the educational attainment
of children, reducing juvenile delinquency and crime,

1	reducing substance abuse, and lowering rates of un-
2	employment.
3	(40) Programs to encourage responsible father-
4	hood or responsible motherhood should promote and
5	provide support services for—
6	(A) fostering loving and healthy relation-
7	ships between parents and children;
8	(B) increasing responsibility of noncusto-
9	dial parents for the long-term care and finan-
10	cial well-being of their children;
11	(C) increasing employment of low-income,
12	noncustodial parents and improving compliance
13	with child support obligations; and
14	(D) reducing barriers to active 2-parent in-
15	volvement and cooperative parenting.
16	(41) The promotion of marriage and responsible
17	parenthood should not minimize the standing or par-
18	enting efforts of single parents or other caregivers,
19	lessen the protection of children from abusive par-
20	ents, or compromise the safety or health of the cus-
21	todial or noncustodial parent, but should increase
22	the chance that children will have 2 caring parents
23	to help them grow up healthy and secure.

TITLE I—PROMOTING RESPON SIBLE FATHERHOOD AND STRENGTHENING LOW-IN COME FAMILIES

5 SEC. 101. STATE ASSESSMENTS OF BARRIERS TO EMPLOYMENT AND FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF CHIL7 DREN.

8 (a) STATE ASSESSMENTS AND REPORTS.—As a con-9 dition of the continued approval of a State plan under part 10 D of title IV of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 651 11 et seq.), each State with an approved such plan, acting 12 through the appropriate State agencies, shall assess the 13 State policies with respect to the issues described in sub-14 section (b) and submit a report to the Secretary of Health and Human Services on the results of such assessment 15 not later than October 1, 2012. 16

(b) ISSUES DESCRIBED.—For purposes of subsection(a), the issues described in this subsection are the fol-lowing:

20 (1) The process of setting and modifying child
21 support obligations, particularly with respect to low22 income parents, including—

23 (A) the role and criteria for using imputed
24 income in determining child support obligations;
25 (B) the process of modifying obligations;

1	(C) the consideration of income and em-
2	ployment status, including efforts to identify
3	unreported income;
4	(D) the consideration of incarceration;
5	(E) the consideration of disability;
6	(F) the treatment of arrearages, including
7	interest charged, and laws or procedures that
8	interfere with forgiveness, adjustment, waiver,
9	or compromise of arrears owed to the State by
10	low-income noncustodial parents who lack suffi-
11	cient ability to pay such arrearages;
12	(G) the procedures related to retroactive
13	support; and
14	(H) State pass-through and disregard poli-
15	cies for recipients of means-tested public bene-
16	fits.
17	(2) The impact of State criminal laws and law
18	enforcement practices on the employment acquisi-
19	tion, retention, and advancement prospects of indi-
20	viduals following arrest, conviction, or incarceration,
21	including—
22	(A) any efforts, including counseling or
23	employment support, to assist ex-prisoners with
24	reentry to a community and successful reunifi-
25	cation with their families; and

1 (B) an assessment of any efforts to seal or 2 expunge arrest and conviction records and any 3 efforts to grant certificates or other acknowl-4 edgments of rehabilitation to ex-prisoners, and 5 to examine State occupational licensing and cer-6 tification procedures. 7 (3) An assessment of the impact of debt on em-8 ployment retention, including child support and non-9 child support debts imposed to recover costs related 10 to welfare and criminal justice. 11 (4) An assessment of State practices related to 12 providing prisoners and ex-prisoners with valid iden-13 tification documents upon release from prison. 14 Identification of any other barriers to (5)15 healthy family formation or sustainable economic op-16 portunity for custodial and noncustodial parents that 17 are created or exacerbated by Federal or State laws, 18 policies, or procedures, including an examination of 19 the rules of Federal and State means-tested pro-20 grams, the operation of the State workforce system, 21 the availability of financial education services, and 22 the availability of domestic violence services and 23 child support procedures to help victims of domestic 24 violence stay safe and obtain the child support they 25 are owed.

1 (c) GRANTS TO STATES FOR COMMISSIONS ON STATE 2 LAW IMPROVEMENTS IN THE BEST INTEREST OF CHIL-DREN AND FAMILIES.—The Secretary of Health and 3 4 Human Services shall award grants to States to establish 5 or support commissions to review the State assessment 6 conducted in accordance with subsection (a) and to make 7 recommendations on ways to improve State law in the best 8 interest of children and families.

9 (d) APPROPRIATIONS.—Out of any money in the 10 Treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated, 11 there are appropriated to the Secretary of Health and 12 Human Services for each of fiscal years 2011 through 13 2015, \$3,000,000, to remain available until expended, for 14 the purpose of making—

(1) payments to States to offset all or a portion
of the costs of conducting the State assessments and
reports required under subsection (a); and

18 (2) grants to States under subsection (c).

19 SEC. 102. GRANTS TO STATES TO CONDUCT DEMONSTRA-

20

TION PROJECTS TO PROMOTE ECONOMIC OP-

21 **PORTUNITY FOR LOW-INCOME PARENTS.**

22 (a) COURT-SUPERVISED OR IV-D AGENCY-SUPER23 VISED EMPLOYMENT PROGRAMS FOR NONCUSTODIAL
24 PARENTS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—To assist States in imple-2 menting section 466(a)(15) of the Social Security 3 Act, the Secretary of Health and Human Services 4 shall award grants to States to conduct demonstration projects to establish, in coordination with coun-6 ties and other local or tribal governments, court-supervised or IV-D agency supervised-employment 8 programs for noncustodial parents who have barriers 9 to employment and a history of nonpayment of child 10 support obligations, as determined by a court or the IV–D agency, and who are determined by the court 12 or agency to be in need of employment services or 13 placement in order to pay such child support obliga-14 tions. A noncustodial parent described in the pre-15 ceding sentence who is an ex-offender shall be eligi-

16 ble to participate in a program established under 17 this subsection.

18 (2) REQUIREMENTS.—

19 (A) OPTION TO PARTICIPATE PRIOR TO 20 CONTEMPT FINDING.—A State shall not be eli-21 gible to receive a grant under this subsection 22 unless any program established with funds 23 made available under the grant provides non-24 custodial parents described in paragraph (1) 25 with an option to participate in the program

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1	prior to the court or agency entering a finding
2	that the noncustodial parent is in contempt for
3	failure to pay a child support obligation and,
4	potentially subject to criminal penalties.
5	(B) Program goals.—An employment
6	program established with funds made available
7	under a grant awarded under this subsection
8	shall be designed to do the following:
9	(i) To assist noncustodial parents de-
10	scribed in paragraph (1) obtain and main-
11	tain unsubsidized employment.
12	(ii) To increase the amount of finan-
13	cial support received by children.
14	(iii) To help noncustodial parents de-
15	scribed in paragraph (1) improve relation-
16	ships with their children and their chil-
17	dren's custodial parent.
18	(C) 6 MONTHS OF CONTINUOUS, TIMELY
19	PAYMENTS.—An employment program estab-
20	lished with funds made available under this
21	subsection shall not permit a noncustodial par-
22	ent placed in the program to graduate from the
23	program and avoid penalties for failure to pay
24	a child support obligation until the noncustodial
25	parent completes at least 6 months of contin-

1	uous, timely payment of the parent's child sup-
2	port obligations.
3	(D) USE OF FUNDS.—
4	(i) Services provided under an employ-
5	ment program established with funds made
6	available under a grant made under this
7	subsection must include the following:
8	(I) Job placement, including job
9	development and supervised job search
10	as necessary.
11	(II) Case management, including
12	educational assessment and advising,
13	vocational assessment and career ex-
14	ploration services, and court liaison
15	services.
16	(III) Counseling on responsible
17	parenthood.
18	(IV) Referral for support and
19	educational services.
20	(V) Employment retention serv-
21	ices.
22	(ii) Services provided under an em-
23	ployment program established with funds
24	made available under a grant made under
25	this subsection may include the following:

(I) Remedial education servicesor educational referral.(II) Support funds for services						
(II) Support funds for services						
such as transportation, child care, or						
short-term training.						
(III) Transitional jobs programs.						
(IV) Public-private career path-						
way partnerships established in ac-						
cordance with subsection $(b)(2)$.						
(V) Occupational skill training,						
including college credit programs.						
(VI) Curricula development.						
(E) Administration.—A State that re-						
ceives a grant under this subsection may con-						
tract with a public or private nonprofit organi-						
zation, including a faith-based or community-						
based organization, to administer (in conjunc-						
tion with the court of jurisdiction or the IV–D						
agency) the court-supervised or IV–D agency-						
supervised employment program.						
(b) TRANSITIONAL JOBS AND PUBLIC-PRIVATE						
PARTNERSHIP GRANTS.—The Secretary of Labor shall						
award grants to States to conduct demonstration projects						
to carry out one or more of the projects described in para-						
to carry out one or more of the projects described in para-						

(1) TRANSITIONAL JOBS GRANTS.—

1

2	(A) IN GENERAL.—To establish and ex-
3	pand transitional jobs programs for eligible in-
4	dividuals, including such programs conducted
5	by local governments, State employment agen-
6	cies, nonprofit organizations, and faith-based or
7	community-based organizations or inter-
8	mediaries, that—
9	(i) combine time-limited employment
10	in transitional jobs that may be subsidized
11	with public funds, with activities that pro-
12	mote skill development and remove barriers
13	to employment, such as case management
14	services and education, training, child sup-
15	port-related services, and other activities,
16	pursuant to individual plans; and
17	(ii) provide such individuals with—
18	(I) transitional jobs placements
19	and job placement assistance, to help
20	the individuals make the transition
21	from subsidized employment in transi-
22	tional jobs to stable unsubsidized em-

23 ployment; and

	20
1	(II) retention services after the
2	transition to unsubsidized employ-
3	ment.
4	(B) ELIGIBLE INDIVIDUALS.—For pur-
5	poses of this paragraph, the term "eligible indi-
6	viduals" means individuals within any of the
7	following categories of disproportionately chron-
8	ically unemployed individuals:
9	(i) Individuals who have attained age
10	16, but not attained age 36, and who have
11	documented barriers to employment such
12	as lack of a high school diploma, limited
13	English proficiency, aging out of foster
14	care, or offender status, particularly such
15	individuals who are parents or expectant
16	parents.
17	(ii) Formerly incarcerated individuals.
18	(iii) Homeless or formerly homeless
19	individuals.
20	(iv) Individuals with disabilities.
21	(v) Individuals designated by a court
22	or the IV–D agency to participate in tran-
23	sitional jobs programs.
24	(C) Limitations on use of funds.—

1	(i) Allowable activities.—A State
2	that receives a grant under this paragraph
3	(or a subgrantee of such State) (referred
4	to in this paragraph as the "program oper-
5	ator") shall use the funds made available
6	under the grant to operate a transitional
7	jobs program for eligible individuals con-
8	sistent with the following requirements:
9	(I) JOBS.—The program oper-
10	ator shall place eligible individuals in
11	temporary jobs, the incomes from
12	which may be subsidized in whole or
13	in part with public funds. An eligible
14	individual placed in such a job (re-
15	ferred to in this paragraph as "a par-
16	ticipant") shall perform work directly
17	for the program operator or another
18	public, nonprofit, or private sector or-
19	ganization (which operator or organi-
20	zation may be referred to in this para-
21	graph as a "worksite employer") with-
22	in the community involved.
23	(II) Hours.—
24	(aa) IN GENERAL.—Subject
25	to item (bb), the transitional jobs

1	program shall provide a partici-
2	pant with not less than 30, and
3	not more than 40, hours per
4	week of a combination of paid
5	employment and the services de-
6	scribed in subclauses (III), (IV),
7	and (V).
8	(bb) Accommodation of
9	SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES.—The
10	number of hours per week re-
11	quired under item (aa) may be
12	adjusted in the case of a partici-
13	pant who requires a modified
14	work week to accommodate spe-
15	cial circumstances.
16	(III) JOB PREPARATION AND
17	SERVICES.—The program operator
18	shall—
19	(aa) develop an individual
20	plan for each participant, which
21	shall contain a goal that focuses
22	on preparation of the participant
23	for unsubsidized jobs in demand
24	in the local economy that offer
25	the potential for advancement

1	and gro	owth	(including	increases
2	in wage	s and	benefits);	

3 (bb)develop transitional 4 jobs placements for participants 5 that will best prepare them for jobs described in item (aa) or 6 7 participation in the public-private 8 career pathway partnerships es-9 tablished in accordance with 10 paragraph (2); and

(cc) provide case manage-11 12 ment services and ensure that appropriate education, training, 13 14 and other activities are available to participants, consistent with 15 16 each participant's individual 17 plan.

18 (IV) JOB PLACEMENT ASSIST19 ANCE AND RETENTION SERVICES.—
20 The program operator shall provide
21 job placement assistance to help par22 ticipants obtain unsubsidized employ23 ment and shall provide retention serv24 ices to the participants for a minimum

1	of 6 months after entry into the un-
2	subsidized employment.
3	(V) Education or training.—
4	In any workweek in which a partici-
5	pant is scheduled to work at least 30
6	hours in the program, not less than
7	20 percent of the scheduled hours and
8	not more than 50 percent of the
9	scheduled hours shall involve partici-
10	pation in—
11	(aa) education or training
12	activities designed to improve the
13	participant's employability and
14	potential earnings;
15	(bb) other activities designed
16	to reduce or eliminate any bar-
17	riers that may impede the par-
18	ticipant's ability to secure and
19	advance in unsubsidized employ-
20	ment; or
21	(cc) activities designed to
22	promote financial literacy and the
23	use of products and services that
24	increase personal savings and
25	build financial assets for family

1support, education, homeowner-2ship, and retirement.

(VI) DURATION.—

3

4 (aa) IN GENERAL.—Subject
5 to item (bb), the duration of any
6 placement in the program shall
7 be for a minimum period of 3
8 consecutive months.

9 (bb)3-month EXTEN-10 SION.—A program placement 11 may be extended for up to 2 ad-12 ditional consecutive 3-month pe-13 riods upon the conclusion of the 14 original 3-month placement pe-15 riod if such extension would be consistent with the individual's 16 17 plan for transition to unsub-18 sidized employment.

(VII) SUPERVISION.—The worksite employer or program operator
shall supervise program participants,
consistent with the goal of addressing
the limited work experience and skills
of the participants.

1 (D) REPORTS.—Not later than 120 days 2 after the end of the grant period, the State 3 shall submit a report to the Secretary of Labor 4 that contains information on the number of 5 participants in the program who have entered 6 unsubsidized employment, the percentage of 7 program participants who are employed during 8 the second quarter after exit, the percentage of 9 program participants who are employed during 10 the fourth quarter after exit, the median earn-11 ings of program participants during the second 12 quarter after exit, the percentage of program 13 participants who obtain an education or train-14 ing credential during participation or within one 15 year of exit, and demographic information re-16 garding the participants. 17 (E) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The Sec-

retary of Labor shall enter into contracts with entities with demonstrated experience in the provision of transitional jobs to provide technical assistance to the program operators and worksite employers for the programs assisted under this paragraph.

24 (2) PUBLIC-PRIVATE CAREER PATHWAYS PART25 NERSHIPS.—

1	(A) IN GENERAL.—To allow workforce
2	education providers representing career path-
3	way partnerships—
4	(i) to create or expand career path-
5	ways, with groups of employers in specific
6	industry or occupational sectors, for dis-
7	advantaged workers, which may include
8	any mix of such employers' existing lower
9	wage employees, new hires or potential
10	hires; or
11	(ii) to fill in gaps in career pathways
12	in particular localities or regions as needed
13	to ensure that career pathways are acces-
14	sible to unemployed disadvantaged workers
15	and at risk youth who have lower skills or
16	limited English proficiency, including
17	through the creation of workforce edu-
18	cation services, such as "bridge" programs
19	that contextualize basic skills, English lan-
20	guage, or college remedial education serv-
21	ices to specific career pathways, and ef-
22	forts to create opportunities for gaining
23	work experience in a career pathway.
24	(B) USE OF FUNDS.—Funds made avail-
25	able under a grant under this paragraph may

1	be used by career pathways partnerships for
2	any expense reasonably related to the accom-
3	plishment of the specific objectives of the part-
4	nership and the purpose described in this para-
5	graph, including any of the activities described
6	in subsection $(a)(2)(D)$.
7	(C) LIMITATIONS.—
8	(i) IN GENERAL.—Of the funds made
9	available to a career pathway partnership
10	to carry out the purpose described in this
11	paragraph—
12	(I) not more than 30 percent of
13	such funds may be used to pay or
14	subsidize wages during a period of
15	work experience or internship, not to
16	exceed 90 days; and
17	(II) not more than 10 percent of
18	such funds may be used for adminis-
19	trative purposes, but this limitation
20	shall not apply to activities related to
21	building and maintaining partner-
22	ships, including such activities as con-
23	ducting workforce needs assessments,
24	brokering public-private and inter-
25	agency agreements, creating cus-

1tomized curricula, and developing2work experience opportunities.

PROHIBITION 3 (ii) ON SUBSIDIZING 4 WAGES \mathbf{OF} CURRENT EMPLOYEES.—No funds made available to carry out this 5 6 paragraph shall be used to subsidize the 7 wages of any individual who, as of the date 8 of the establishment of the career pathway 9 partnership, is an employee of any em-10 ployer participating in the partnership.

11(D) REQUIREMENTS FOR AWARDING OF12SUBGRANTS.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—Funds shall be
made available to career pathway partnerships to carry out the purpose described in
this paragraph based on a performancebased accountability system that includes
the following measures of performance:

19(I) The number of individuals to20be trained.

21 (II) The percentage of such indi-22 viduals who complete the program.

23 (III) The percentage of such in24 dividuals who enter or advance in em25 ployment.

1	(IV) The wage and benefit gains
2	of individuals who complete the pro-
3	gram before and within 6 months
4	after their program completion, in-
5	cluding the extent to which the indi-
6	viduals achieved economic self-suffi-
7	ciency.
8	(V) The percentage of individuals
9	who complete the program and enter
10	employment who retain employment
11	for at least 6 months.
12	(VI) Where applicable, the per-
13	centage of individuals who owe child
14	support and complete the program
15	who improve in their payment of child
16	support within 6 months after their
17	program completion.
18	In establishing goals for such measures,
19	due consideration shall be given to the edu-
20	cation, work experience, and job readiness
21	of the individuals expected to participate in
22	the program, the barriers of such individ-
23	uals to employment, and the local job mar-
24	ket.

1	(ii) Considerations for funding
2	RENEWALS.—A subgrantee's level of suc-
3	cess in achieving employment, advance-
4	ment, wage, and employment retention
5	goals shall be a primary consideration for
6	determining whether to renew a grant
7	made to such entity and the funding level
8	for such grant.
9	(iii) Priorities for awards of sub-
10	GRANTS.—In awarding subgrants under
11	this paragraph, a State shall give priority
12	to applications that—
13	(I) propose to serve areas of high
14	poverty, high youth unemployment,
15	high dropout rates, or high rates of
16	low-income single-parent families;
17	(II) include a substantial cash or
18	in-kind match by all employers, in-
19	cluding joint labor-management pro-
20	grams where applicable, in the part-
21	nerships, such as paid release time for
22	employed workforce education partici-
23	pants;
24	(III) use instructional materials
25	and instructors directly used in the

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1	specific business or industry sectors of
2	the partnership employers;
3	(IV) link successful completion of
4	workforce education services to wage
5	increases, promotions or job hires;
6	(V) will result in attainment of
7	employer-recognized occupational and
8	educational credentials;
9	(VI) address career guidance and
10	adult basic education and English lan-
11	guage needs as well as job-specific
12	skills;
13	(VII) demonstrate a blending of
14	resources from partner agencies in the
15	workforce system and other sectors
16	and Federal programs, including su-
17	perior procedures for coordinating re-
18	sponsible fatherhood promotion activi-
19	ties, where appropriate, to support the
20	development of high quality pathways;
21	(VIII) identify how the sub-
22	grantee will maximize services to un-
23	employed disadvantaged workers who
24	also face other barriers in the labor
25	market, such as high school dropout,

1	offender status, aging out of foster
2	care, low basic skill level, including
3	limited English proficiency, learning
4	disabilities, physical, emotional or be-
5	havior disabilities, or substance abuse
6	recovery, which may be through direct
7	relationships with local providers of
8	transitional jobs programs under
9	which in appropriate circumstances
10	transitional jobs participants may ac-
11	cess career pathways programs upon
12	completion of the transitional jobs
13	program; and
14	(IX) support collaboration, as ap-
15	propriate, between employers and
16	labor organizations and other work-
17	force development professionals, in-
18	cluding joint labor management train-
19	ing and education programs where ap-
20	propriate.
21	(E) DEFINITIONS.—In this paragraph:
22	(i) Adult education.—The term
23	"adult education" has the meaning given
24	that term in section 203 of the Workforce
25	Investment Act of 1998 (20 U.S.C. 9202).

1	(ii) CAREER PATHWAY.—The term
2	"career pathway" means a linked set of
3	workforce education and job opportunities
4	within a specific industry sector, or for an
5	occupational sector that cuts across mul-
6	tiple business and industry sectors, which
7	begins at the lowest skill and English lan-
8	guage levels, and extends through for-cred-
9	it college opportunities such as earning rel-
10	evant associate or bachelor's degrees, and
11	prepares individuals for advancement in
12	jobs in demand in the local or regional
13	labor market.
14	(iii) Community-based provider.—
15	The term "community-based provider"
16	means a not-for-profit organization, with
17	local boards of directors, that directly pro-
18	vides workforce education services.
19	(iv) Institution of higher edu-
20	CATION.—The term "institution of higher
21	education" has the meaning given that
22	term in section 101 of the Higher Edu-
23	cation Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001).
	(v) CHARTER SCHOOL.—The term
24	(V) UTARTER SUIDUL.—THE TETH
24 25	"charter school" has the meaning given

1	that term in section 5210 of the Elemen-
2	tary and Secondary Education Act of 1965
3	(20 U.S.C. 7221i).
4	(vi) Area vocational education
5	SCHOOL.—The term "area vocational and
6	technical education school" has the mean-
7	ing given that term in section 3 of the Carl
8	D. Perkins Vocational and Technical Edu-
9	cation Act of 1998 (20 U.S.C. 2302).
10	(vii) DISADVANTAGED WORKERS.—
11	The term "disadvantaged workers" means
12	unemployed individuals in low-income
13	households or employed individuals in low-
14	income households with wages at or below
15	$\frac{2}{3}$ of the median wage for the State or re-
16	gion applying for the grant.
17	(viii) CAREER PATHWAY PARTNER-
18	SHIP.—The term "career pathway partner-
19	ship" means collaborations of 1 or more
20	workforce education providers, 1 or more
21	employers, 1 or more labor organizations,
22	where applicable, as a result of such orga-
23	nization's representation of employees at
24	the worksite who have skills in which the
25	training or employment programs are pro-

posed, and may include optional additional 1 2 entities as needed to provide a comprehen-3 sive range of workforce education and an-4 cillary support services. (ix) WORKFORCE EDUCATION.—The 5 6 term "workforce education" means a set of 7 career guidance and exploration services, 8 adult education and English language serv-9 ices, job training, registered apprenticeship 10 programs, and credit and noncredit post-11 secondary education services aimed at pre-12 paring individuals to enter and sustain em-13 ployment in specific occupations and to 14 have the sufficient skills to respond to 15 shifting employment opportunities. 16 WORKFORCE EDUCATION PRO- (\mathbf{x}) 17 VIDER.—The term "workforce education 18 provider" means community-based pro-19 viders, institutions of higher education,

area vocational and technical education

schools, charter schools, and other public

nonprofit entities that have a demonstrated

capacity to provide quality workforce edu-

cation services.

(c) MATCHING REQUIREMENT.—

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1 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Health and 2 Human Services and the Secretary of Labor may 3 not award a grant to a State under this section un-4 less the State agrees that, with respect to the costs 5 to be incurred by the State in conducting a demonstration project with funds provided under the 6 7 grant, the State will make available non-Federal 8 contributions in an amount equal to 10 percent of 9 the amount of Federal funds paid to the State under 10 such grant.

11 (2) NON-FEDERAL CONTRIBUTIONS.—In this 12 subsection, the term "non-Federal contributions" in-13 cludes contributions by the State and by public and 14 private entities that may be in cash or in kind, but 15 does not include any amounts provided by the Fed-16 eral Government, or services assisted or subsidized 17 to any significant extent by the Federal Government, 18 or any amount expended by a State before October 19 1, 2007.

20 (d) Worker Protections and Labor Stand-21 ards.—

22 (1) RATE OF PAY; BENEFITS AND WORKING
23 CONDITIONS.—

24 (A) IN GENERAL.—A worksite employer of25 a participant in a program or activity funded

1 under this section shall pay the participant at 2 the rate paid to employees of the worksite em-3 ployer who are not participants in such pro-4 gram or activity and who perform comparable 5 work at the worksite, including periodic in-6 creases where appropriate. If no other employ-7 ees of the worksite employer perform com-8 parable work at the worksite, the worksite em-9 ployer shall pay the participant not less than 10 the applicable Federal or State minimum wage, 11 whichever is higher.

12 (B) BENEFITS AND CONDITIONS.—An in-13 dividual employed through participation in a 14 program or activity funded under this section 15 shall be provided with benefits and working 16 conditions at the same level and to the same ex-17 tent as such benefits and conditions are pro-18 vided to other employees of the employer of the 19 individual who have worked a similar length of 20 time and perform the same work.

21 (2) NONDUPLICATION.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Funds provided
through a grant made under this paragraph
shall be used only for a program or activity that
does not duplicate, and is in addition to, a pro-

gram or activity otherwise available in the locality of the program or activity funded under this section.

4 (B) PRIVATE, NONPROFIT ENTITY.—Funds provided through a grant made under this sec-5 6 tion shall not be provided to a private nonprofit 7 entity to conduct programs or activities that are 8 the same as or substantially equivalent to ac-9 tivities provided by a State or local government 10 agency in the area in which such entity is lo-11 cated, unless the requirements of paragraph (3) 12 are met.

13 (3) NONDISPLACEMENT.—

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14 (A) IN GENERAL.—A worksite employer 15 shall not displace an employee or position (in-16 cluding partial displacement such as reduction 17 in hours, wages, or employment benefits) or im-18 pair contracts for services or collective bar-19 gaining agreements, as a result of the use by 20 such employer of a participant in a program or 21 activity funded under this section, and no par-22 ticipant in the program or activity shall be as-23 signed to fill any established unfilled position 24 vacancy.

1 (B) JOB OPPORTUNITIES.—A job oppor-2 tunity shall not be created under this paragraph 3 that will infringe in any manner on the pro-4 motional opportunity of an employed individual. 5 (C) LIMITATION ON SERVICES.— 6 (i) SUPPLANTATION OF HIRING.—A 7 participant in any program or activity 8 funded under this section shall not perform 9 any services or duties, or engage in activi-10 ties, that will supplant the hiring of em-11 ployees that are not participants in the 12 program or activity. 13 (ii) DUTIES FORMERLY PERFORMED 14 BY ANOTHER EMPLOYEE.—A participant 15 in any program or activity funded under 16 this section shall not perform services or 17 duties, or engage in activities, that are 18 services, duties, or activities that had been 19 performed by or were assigned to any em-20 ployee who recently resigned or was dis-21 charged, who is subject to a reduction in 22 force, who has recall rights pursuant to a 23 collective bargaining agreement or applica-24 ble personnel procedures, who is on leave 25 (such as terminal, temporary, vacation,

1	emergency, or sick leave), who is on strike,
2	or who is being locked out.
3	(D) CONCURRENCE OF LOCAL LABOR OR-
4	GANIZATION.—No placement shall be made
5	under a program or activity funded under this
6	section until the entity conducting the program
7	or activity has obtained the written concurrence
8	of any local labor organization representing em-
9	ployees who are engaged in the same or sub-
10	stantially similar work as that proposed to be
11	carried out for the worksite employer with
12	whom a participant is to be placed under the
13	program or activity.
13 14	program or activity. (4) NO IMPACT ON UNION ORGANIZING.—A
14	(4) NO IMPACT ON UNION ORGANIZING.—A
14 15	(4) NO IMPACT ON UNION ORGANIZING.—A State conducting a demonstration project funded
14 15 16	(4) NO IMPACT ON UNION ORGANIZING.—A State conducting a demonstration project funded under this section and any entity conducting a pro-
14 15 16 17	(4) NO IMPACT ON UNION ORGANIZING.—A State conducting a demonstration project funded under this section and any entity conducting a pro- gram or activity funded under this section shall pro-
14 15 16 17 18	(4) NO IMPACT ON UNION ORGANIZING.—A State conducting a demonstration project funded under this section and any entity conducting a pro- gram or activity funded under this section shall pro- vide the Secretary with a certified assurance that
14 15 16 17 18 19	(4) NO IMPACT ON UNION ORGANIZING.—A State conducting a demonstration project funded under this section and any entity conducting a pro- gram or activity funded under this section shall pro- vide the Secretary with a certified assurance that none of such funds shall be used to assist or deter
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	(4) NO IMPACT ON UNION ORGANIZING.—A State conducting a demonstration project funded under this section and any entity conducting a pro- gram or activity funded under this section shall pro- vide the Secretary with a certified assurance that none of such funds shall be used to assist or deter union organizing.
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	 (4) NO IMPACT ON UNION ORGANIZING.—A State conducting a demonstration project funded under this section and any entity conducting a program or activity funded under this section shall provide the Secretary with a certified assurance that none of such funds shall be used to assist or deter union organizing. (5) ACCOUNTABILITY.—
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 	 (4) NO IMPACT ON UNION ORGANIZING.—A State conducting a demonstration project funded under this section and any entity conducting a program or activity funded under this section shall provide the Secretary with a certified assurance that none of such funds shall be used to assist or deter union organizing. (5) ACCOUNTABILITY.— (A) IN GENERAL.—Funds provided under

a demonstrable record of noncompliance with

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Federal labor, civil rights, workplace safety, or related laws.

3 (B) CERTIFIED SATISFACTORY RECORD.—
4 Employers who receive training or wage sub5 sidies under programs or activities funded
6 under this section shall have a satisfactory
7 record in labor relations and employment prac8 tices, as certified by the Secretary of Labor.

9 (C) APPLICATION OF WORKER PROTEC-10 TION LAWS.—A participant in a program or ac-11 tivity funded under this section shall be consid-12 ered to be an employee of any employer that 13 the participant is placed with for all purposes 14 under Federal and State law, including laws re-15 lating to health and safety, civil rights, and 16 worker's compensation.

17 (D) OTHER JOB QUALITY STANDARDS.— 18 Employers who receive training or wage sub-19 sidies under programs or activities funded 20 under this section shall meet all applicable 21 State or local job or employer quality standards 22 regarding such issues as wages, benefits, ad-23 vancement opportunities, and turnover rates es-24 tablished for programs funded under the Work-

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force Investment Act of 1998 (29 U.S.C. 2801 et seq.).

3 (6) GRIEVANCE PROCEDURE.—An entity con-4 ducting a program or activity funded under this sec-5 tion shall establish and maintain a procedure for the 6 filing and adjudication of grievances by employees of 7 worksite employers who are not participants in the 8 program, or such employees' representatives, or by 9 participants in such a program or activity alleging a 10 violation of a provision of this subsection that is 11 similar to the grievance procedure established by a 12 State for purposes of section 407(f)(3) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 607(f)(3)). 13

14 (7) NONPREEMPTION OF STATE LAW.—The
15 provisions of this subsection shall not be construed
16 to preempt any provision of State law that affords
17 greater protections to employees or participants than
18 are afforded by this subsection.

19 (8) TREATMENT OF AMOUNTS PAID TO PAR20 TICIPANTS.—Amounts paid to a participant in a
21 program or activity funded under this section shall
22 be—

(A) considered earned income for purpose
of determining the participant's eligibility for
the child tax credit established under section 24

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1	of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, the
2	earned income tax credit established under sec-
3	tion 32 of such Code, and any other tax benefit
4	established under such Code the eligibility for
5	which is based on earned income; and
6	(B) disregarded for purposes of deter-
7	mining the participant's, the participant's fam-
8	ily's, or the participant's household's eligibility
9	for, or amount of, assistance or benefits pro-
10	vided under any means-tested program funded
11	in whole or in part with Federal funds.
12	(e) Application.—
13	(1) Requirements for all applications.—
14	(A) IN GENERAL.—A State desiring to re-
15	ceive a grant to conduct a demonstration
16	project under this section shall submit an appli-
17	cation—
18	(i) to the Secretary of Health and
19	Human Services, in the case of a grant
20	under subsection (a); or
21	(ii) to the Secretary of Labor, in the
22	case of a grant under subsection (b);
23	at such time, in such manner, and containing
24	such information or assurances as the Secretary

1	of Health and Human Services or the Secretary
2	of Labor, as appropriate, may require.
3	(B) COMPLIANCE WITH WORKER PROTEC-
4	TIONS AND LABOR STANDARDS.—The applica-
5	tion shall include an assurance that the State
6	and any entity conducting a program or activity
7	under the project shall comply with the worker
8	protections and labor standards established in
9	accordance with such protections under sub-
10	section (d).
11	(C) NONDISCRIMINATION.—The applica-
12	tion shall include an assurance that the State
13	and any entity conducting a program or activity
14	under the demonstration project shall comply
15	with section $188(a)(2)$ of the Workforce Invest-
16	ment Act of 1998 (29 U.S.C. $2938(a)(2)$) to
17	the same extent that such section would apply
18	to the entity if the program or activity con-
19	ducted under the demonstration project was
20	considered to be funded or otherwise financially
21	assisted under that Act.
22	(D) Assurance grant will supple-
23	MENT, NOT SUPPLANT, OTHER STATE FUND-
24	ING.—The application shall include an assur-
25	ance from the chief executive officer of the

1	State that funds made available under the
2	grant will supplement, and not supplant, other
3	funds used by the State to establish or support
4	employment placements for low-income parents.
5	(2) Specific demonstration project re-
6	QUIREMENTS.—
7	(A) Court-supervised or iv-d agency-
8	SUPERVISED EMPLOYMENT PROGRAMS FOR
9	NONCUSTODIAL PARENTS.—In order to conduct
10	a demonstration project described in subsection
11	(a), a State shall include in the application sub-
12	mitted to the Secretary of Health and Human
13	Services the following:
14	(i) Evidence of an agreement between
15	the State and 1 or more counties to estab-
16	lish an employment program that meets
17	the requirements of subsection (a).
18	(ii) The number of potential noncusto-
19	dial parents to be served by the program.
20	(iii) The purposes specific to that
21	State's program.
22	(iv) The median income of the target
23	population.
24	(B) Public-private career pathways
25	PARTNERSHIPS.—In order to conduct a dem-

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1	onstration project described in paragraph (2) of
2	subsection (b), a State shall include in the ap-
3	plication submitted to the Secretary of Labor a
4	description of—
5	(i) the number, characteristics, and
6	employment and earnings status of dis-
7	advantaged individuals in the State or ap-
8	plicable region where the program is to be
9	conducted;
10	(ii) which business and industry sec-
11	tors, or occupational clusters that cut
12	across sectors, will be targeted by the ca-
13	reer pathways partnership, based on over-
14	all economic benefit to the community, the
15	current and future demand for workers,
16	the advancement opportunities for workers,
17	the wages at each step of the career path-
18	way, and availability of worker benefits;
19	(iii) the interventions that will be put
20	in place to address any educational defi-
21	cits, limited English proficiency, or learn-
22	ing disabilities of individuals who partici-
23	pate in the program and to ensure that
24	such individuals have the academic, tech-
25	nical, communications, and other job skills

1	to function in the jobs targeted by the
2	partnership;
3	(iv) how the members of the partner-
4	ship will collaborate on the development of
5	curriculum and delivery of training that
6	will provide the necessary occupational,
7	academic and other work-related skills and
8	credentialing needed for the specific labor
9	market areas;
10	(v) the supports that will be used to
11	provide counseling, mentoring or other
12	support to individuals while in training or
13	to assist them in navigating in complicated
14	work environments;
15	(vi) the set of career exposure activi-
16	ties that will be put in place to provide
17	hands-on experience such as work experi-
18	ence, on the job training, internships, or
19	work-study;
20	(vii) the agreements that are in place
21	with employers, industry groups, and labor
22	organizations, where applicable, to ensure
23	access to jobs and advancement opportuni-
24	ties in the targeted businesses, industry, or
25	occupations;

1	(viii) how the workforce education
2	providers in the partnership will assess the
3	employment barriers and needs of local
4	disadvantaged individuals who participate
5	in the program and will identify resources
6	for meeting those needs;
7	(ix) how the workforce education pro-
8	viders will work with partnership employ-
9	ers, business and industry groups, labor
10	organizations, where applicable, and local
11	economic development organizations to
12	identify the priority workforce needs of the
13	local industry;
14	(x) how the partnerships will ensure
15	that the appropriate program delivery
16	models and formal agreements are in place
17	to ensure maximum benefits to the individ-
18	uals receiving career pathway partnership
19	services and to the employers and labor or-
20	ganizations, where applicable, in the part-
21	nership and the industries or businesses
22	they represent;
23	(xi) how partnership employers and
24	labor organizations, where applicable, will
25	be actively involved in identifying specific

1	workforce education needs, planning the
2	curriculum, assisting in training activities,
3	providing job opportunities, and coordi-
4	nating job retention for individuals hired
5	after training through the program and
6	followup support; and
7	(xii) how the partnership will build on
8	existing career pathways programs, where
9	applicable, to serve the targeted popu-
10	lation.
11	(3) Applications by indian tribes or trib-
12	AL ORGANIZATIONS.—The Secretary of Health and
13	Human Services and the Secretary of Labor may ex-
14	empt an Indian tribe or tribal organization from any
15	requirement of this section that the Secretary of
16	Health and Human Services or the Secretary of
17	Labor determines would be inappropriate to apply to
18	the Indian tribe or tribal organization, taking into
19	account the resources, needs, and other cir-
20	cumstances of the Indian tribe or tribal organiza-
21	tion.
22	(f) Priorities and Requirements for Awarding
23	GRANTS.—
24	(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraphs (2)
25	and (3), the Secretary of Health and Human Serv-

ices (in the case of a grant under subsection (a))
and the Secretary of Labor (in the case of a grant
under subsection (b)) shall give priority to making
grants under this section to entities that—
(A) demonstrate success with respect to
meeting the goals of quality job placement,
long-term unsubsidized job retention, and,
where applicable, increasing child support pay-

6 meeting the goals of quality job placement, 7 long-term unsubsidized job retention, and, 8 where applicable, increasing child support pay-9 ments, decreasing unpaid child support arrear-10 ages, and increasing the involvement of low-in-11 come noncustodial parents with their children 12 through their participation in responsible fa-13 therhood activities, including participation in 14 programs that provide culturally relevant cur-

- ricula in core subjects including—
 (i) conducting activities with children;
- 17 (ii) improving communication skills;
- 18 (iii) child support management;

19 (iv) providing financially for the fam-20 ily's security and well-being;

- 21(v) managing stress and anger;22(vi) maintaining physical and mental23health;
- 24 (vii) parenting and relationship skills;25 (viii) child development; and

(ix) barriers to responsible parenthood, including substance abuse, unemployment, criminal justice system involvement, and inadequate housing; and

5 (B) coordinate with, and link individuals 6 as applicable to, other public and private bene-7 fits and employment services for low-income 8 adults among the different systems or programs 9 in which such adults are involved, including the 10 criminal justice system, the State programs 11 funded under each part of title IV of the Social 12 Security Act (42 U.S.C. 601 et seq.) (including 13 programs and activities funded under section 14 403(a)(2) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 15 603(a)(2), educational assistance and student 16 aid programs, and job training or employment 17 programs, including State employment agencies. 18 PERFORMANCE MEASURES.—In making (2)19 grants under this section, the Secretary of Health 20 and Human Services (in the case of a grant under 21 subsection (a)) and the Secretary of Labor (in the 22 case of a grant under subsection (b)) shall ensure 23 that grantees demonstrate a plan for implementing 24 measures to track their performance with respect to 25 meeting the goals of quality job placement, long-

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term unsubsidized job retention, and, where applica ble, increasing child support payments, decreasing
 child support arrearages, and increasing the involve ment of low-income noncustodial parents with their
 children.

6 (3) Reflective of target populations.— 7 In making grants under this section, the Secretary 8 of Health and Human Services (in the case of a 9 grant under subsection (a)) and the Secretary of 10 Labor (in the case of a grant under subsection (b)) 11 shall give priority to States with proposed dem-12 onstration projects that are designed to target low-13 income adults, including custodial and noncustodial parents, and low-income married couples. 14

(4) SUBSTANTIAL FUNDING FOR EACH OF THE
PURPOSES.—In making grants under subsection (b),
the Secretary of Labor shall ensure that a substantial share of the amount appropriated under subsection (j) for a fiscal year is used for carrying out
each of the projects described in paragraphs (1) and
(2) of subsection (b).

(g) REGULATORY AND POLICY FLEXIBILITY.—The
Secretary of Labor and the Secretary of Health and
Human Services, in coordination with the Secretary of
Education and the Attorney General, shall work with

grantees under this section to resolve policy barriers that
 may impede blending of Federal resources to support
 these demonstration projects.

4 (h) EVALUATION.—The Secretary of Health and 5 Human Services (in the case of a grant under subsection (a)) and the Secretary of Labor (in the case of a grant 6 7 under subsection (b)) shall provide for an independent and 8 rigorous evaluation of the demonstration projects con-9 ducted under this section that includes, to the maximum 10 extent feasible, random assignment or other appropriate statistical techniques, in order to assess the effectiveness 11 12 of the projects.

13 (i) GENERAL DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) STATE.—The term "State" means each of
the 50 States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin
Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and includes an
Indian tribe or tribal organization.

19 (2) IV-D AGENCY.—The term "IV-D agency"
20 means the State or local agency responsible for ad21 ministering the State program established under
22 part D of title IV of the Social Security Act (42
23 U.S.C. 651 et seq.).

24 (3) INDIAN TRIBE; TRIBAL ORGANIZATION.—
25 The terms "Indian tribe" and "tribal organization"

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1	have the meaning given such terms in section 4 of
2	the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assist-
3	ance Act (25 U.S.C. 450b).
4	(j) Appropriation.—Out of any money in the
5	Treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated,
6	there are appropriated to carry out this section—
7	(1) for programs administered by the Secretary
8	of Health and Human Services under subsection (a),
9	\$15,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2011 through
10	2015; and
11	(2) for programs administered by the Secretary
12	of Labor under subsection (b), \$35,000,000 for each
13	of fiscal years 2011 through 2015.
	• •
14	SEC. 103. HEALTHY MARRIAGE PROMOTION AND RESPON-
14 15	SEC. 103. HEALTHY MARRIAGE PROMOTION AND RESPON- SIBLE FATHERHOOD PROGRAMS.
15	SIBLE FATHERHOOD PROGRAMS.
15 16	SIBLE FATHERHOOD PROGRAMS. (a) Ensuring Funding for Responsible Fa-
15 16 17	SIBLE FATHERHOOD PROGRAMS.(a) ENSURING FUNDING FOR RESPONSIBLE FA-THERHOOD PROGRAMS.—Section 403(a)(2)(C) of the So-
15 16 17 18	SIBLE FATHERHOOD PROGRAMS. (a) ENSURING FUNDING FOR RESPONSIBLE FA- THERHOOD PROGRAMS.—Section 403(a)(2)(C) of the So- cial Security Act (42 U.S.C. 603(a)(2)(C)) is amended—
15 16 17 18 19	SIBLE FATHERHOOD PROGRAMS.(a) ENSURING FUNDING FOR RESPONSIBLE FA-THERHOOD PROGRAMS.—Section 403(a)(2)(C) of the So-cial Security Act (42 U.S.C. 603(a)(2)(C)) is amended—(1) in the subparagraph heading, by striking
15 16 17 18 19 20	SIBLE FATHERHOOD PROGRAMS. (a) ENSURING FUNDING FOR RESPONSIBLE FA- THERHOOD PROGRAMS.—Section 403(a)(2)(C) of the So- cial Security Act (42 U.S.C. 603(a)(2)(C)) is amended— (1) in the subparagraph heading, by striking "LIMITATION ON USE OF" and inserting "REQUIRE-
 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	SIBLE FATHERHOOD PROGRAMS. (a) ENSURING FUNDING FOR RESPONSIBLE FA- THERHOOD PROGRAMS.—Section 403(a)(2)(C) of the So- cial Security Act (42 U.S.C. 603(a)(2)(C)) is amended— (1) in the subparagraph heading, by striking "LIMITATION ON USE OF" and inserting "REQUIRE- MENT TO USE CERTAIN"; and
 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 	 SIBLE FATHERHOOD PROGRAMS. (a) ENSURING FUNDING FOR RESPONSIBLE FA- THERHOOD PROGRAMS.—Section 403(a)(2)(C) of the So- cial Security Act (42 U.S.C. 603(a)(2)(C)) is amended— (1) in the subparagraph heading, by striking "LIMITATION ON USE OF" and inserting "REQUIRE- MENT TO USE CERTAIN"; and (2) in clause (i), by striking "may not award

1	(1) Assurance.—Section 403(a)(2)(A)(ii)(II)
2	of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
3	603(a)(2)(A)(ii)(II)) is amended—
4	(A) in item (aa), by striking "and" at the
5	$\mathrm{end};$
6	(B) in item (bb), by striking the period at
7	the end and inserting a semicolon; and
8	(C) by adding at the end the following new
9	items:
10	"(cc) if the entity is a State
11	or an Indian tribe or tribal orga-
12	nization, to not condition the re-
13	ceipt of assistance under the pro-
14	gram funded under this part,
15	under a program funded with
16	qualified State expenditures (as
17	defined in section
18	409(a)(7)(B)(i)), or under any
19	other program funded under this
20	title on enrollment in any such
21	programs or activities; and
22	"(dd) to permit any indi-
23	vidual who has begun to partici-
24	pate in a particular program or
25	activity funded under this para-

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1	graph, including an individual
2	whose participation is specified in
3	the individual responsibility plan
4	developed for the individual in
5	accordance with section 408(b),
6	to transfer to another such pro-
7	gram or activity funded under
8	this paragraph upon notification
9	to the entity and the State agen-
10	cy responsible for administering
11	the State program funded under
12	this part.".
13	(2) Prohibition.—Section 408(a) of such Act
14	(42 U.S.C. 608(a)) is amended by adding at the end
15	the following:
16	"(12) BAN ON CONDITIONING RECEIPT OF
17	TANF OR CERTAIN OTHER BENEFITS ON PARTICIPA-
18	TION IN A HEALTHY MARRIAGE OR RESPONSIBLE
19	FATHERHOOD PROGRAM.—A State to which a grant
20	is made under section 403 shall not condition the re-
21	ceipt of assistance under the State program funded
22	under this part, under a program funded with quali-
23	fied State expenditures (as defined in section
24	409(a)(7)(B)(i)), or under any other program fund-
25	ed under this title, on participation in a healthy

marriage promotion activity (as defined in section
 403(a)(2)(A)(iii)) or in an activity promoting re sponsible fatherhood (as defined in section
 403(a)(2)(C)(ii)).".

5 (3) PENALTY.—Section 409(a) of such Act (42
6 U.S.C. 609(a)) is amended by adding at the end the
7 following:

8 "(16) PENALTY FOR CONDITIONING RECEIPT 9 OF TANF OR CERTAIN OTHER BENEFITS ON PARTICI-10 PATION IN A HEALTHY MARRIAGE OR RESPONSIBLE 11 FATHERHOOD PROGRAM.—If the Secretary deter-12 mines that a State has violated section 408(a)(12)13 during a fiscal year, the Secretary shall reduce the 14 grant payable to the State under section 403(a)(1)15 for the immediately succeeding fiscal year by an 16 amount equal to 5 percent of the State family assist-17 ance grant.".

(c) ACTIVITIES PROMOTING RESPONSIBLE FATHERHOOD.—Section 403(a)(2)(C)(ii) of the Social Security
Act (42 U.S.C. 603(a)(2)(C)(ii)) is amended—

(1) in subclause (I), by striking "marriage or
sustain marriage" and insert "healthy relationships
and marriages or to sustain healthy relationships or
marriages";

1 (2) in subclause (II), by inserting "educating 2 youth who are not yet parents about the economic, 3 social, and family consequences of early parenting, 4 helping participants in fatherhood programs work 5 with their own children to break the cycle of early 6 parenthood," after "child support payments,"; and 7 (3) in subclause (III), by striking "fathers" and 8 inserting "low-income fathers and other low-income 9 noncustodial parents who are not eligible for assist-10 ance under the State program funded under this 11 part". 12 (d) REAUTHORIZATION.—Section 403(a)(2)(D) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 603(a)(2)(D)) is amended by striking 13 14 "vear 2011" each place it appears and inserting "vears" 15 2011 through 2015". 16 (e) **EFFECTIVE DATE.**—The amendments made by 17 this section shall take effect on October 1, 2010. 18 SEC. 104. ELIMINATION OF SEPARATE TANF WORK PAR-19 **TICIPATION RATE FOR 2-PARENT FAMILIES.** 20 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 407 of the Social Security 21 Act (42 U.S.C. 607) is amended— 22 (1) in subsection (a)— 23 (A) beginning in the heading, by striking "PARTICIPATION RATE REQUIREMENTS" and 24

1	(1) and inserting "PARTICIPATION RATE RE-
2	QUIREMENTS.—A State"; and
3	(B) by striking paragraph (2);
4	(2) in subsection (b)—
5	(A) in paragraph (1)(A), by striking "sub-
6	section $(a)(1)$ " and inserting "subsection (a) ";
7	(B) in paragraph (2), by striking the para-
8	graph heading and all that follows through "A
9	family" and inserting "Special Rule.—A fam-
10	ily'';
11	(C) in paragraph (4), by striking "para-
12	graphs $(1)(B)$ and $(2)(B)$ " and inserting "de-
13	termining monthly participation rates under
14	paragraph $(1)(B)$ "; and
15	(D) in paragraph (5), by striking "rates"
16	and inserting "rate"; and
17	(3) in subsection (c)—
18	(A) in paragraph $(1)(B)$, in the matter
19	preceding clause (i), by striking "subsection
20	(b)(2)(B)" and inserting "subsection
21	(b)(1)(B)(i)"; and
22	(B) in paragraph $(2)(D)$ —
23	(i) by striking "paragraphs $(1)(B)(i)$
24	and (2)(B) of subsection (b)" and insert-
25	ing "subsection (b)(1)(B)(i)"; and

1	(ii) by striking "and in 2-parent fami-
2	lies, respectively,".
3	(b) Effective Date.—
4	(1) IN GENERAL.—The amendments made by
5	subsection (a) shall take effect on the date of enact-
6	ment of this Act and shall apply to the determina-
7	tion of minimum participation rates for months be-

ginning on or after that date.

9 (2) LIMITATION ON PENALTY IMPOSITION.— 10 Notwithstanding section 409(a)(3) of the Social Se-11 curity Act, the Secretary of Health and Human 12 Services shall not impose a penalty against a State 13 under that section on the basis of the State's failure 14 to satisfy the participation rate required for any of 15 fiscal years 2006 through 2009 if the State dem-16 onstrates that the State would have met such re-17 quirement if, with respect to those months of any of 18 such fiscal years that began prior to or on the date 19 of enactment of this Act, the State were permitted 20 to count 2-parent families that met the requirements 21 of section 407(c)(1)(A) of the Social Security Act 22 (42 U.S.C. 607(c)(1)(A)) in the determination of 23 monthly participation rates under section 24 407(b)(1)(B)(i)U.S.C. of such Act (42)25 607(b)(1)(B)(i)).

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1	SEC. 105. BAN ON RECOVERY OF MEDICAID COSTS FOR
2	BIRTHS.
3	(a) BAN ON RECOVERY.—
4	(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 454 of the Social
5	Security Act (42 U.S.C. 654), is amended—
6	(A) by striking "and" at the end of para-
7	graph $(32);$
8	(B) by striking the period at the end of
9	paragraph (33) and inserting a semicolon; and
10	(C) by inserting after paragraph (33) the
11	following:
12	"(34) provide that, except as provided in sec-
13	tion $1902(a)(25)(F)(ii)$, the State shall not use the
14	State program operated under this part to collect
15	any amount owed to the State by reason of costs in-
16	curred under the State plan approved under title
17	XIX for the birth of a child for whom support rights
18	have been assigned pursuant to section $471(a)(17)$
19	or 1912; and".
20	(2) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in sec-
21	tion $454(34)$ of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
22	654(34)), as added by paragraph (1), shall be con-
23	strued as affecting the application of section
24	1902(a)(25) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 1396a(a)(25))
25	with respect to a State (relating to the State Med-
26	icaid plan requirement for the State to take all rea-
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sonable measures to ascertain the legal liability of
 third parties to pay for care and services available
 under the plan).

4 (3) REPEAL OF CERTAIN DRA AMENDMENTS.—
5 For provisions repealing amendments to section 454
6 of the Social Security Act made by section
7 7301(b)(1)(C) of the Deficit Reduction Act of 2005,
8 see section 106(a)(3) of this Act.

9 (b) CLARIFICATION THAT BAN ON RECOVERY DOES
10 NOT APPLY WITH RESPECT TO INSURANCE OF A PARENT
11 WITH AN OBLIGATION TO PAY CHILD SUPPORT.—Clause
12 (ii) of section 1902(a)(25)(F) of the Social Security Act
13 (42 U.S.C. 1396a(a)(25)(F)) is amended by inserting
14 "only if such third-party liability is derived through insur15 ance," before "seek".

16 (c) Effective Date.—

17 (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para18 graph (2), the amendments made by this section
19 take effect on October 1, 2009.

20 (2) EXTENSION OF EFFECTIVE DATE FOR
21 STATE LAW AMENDMENT.—In the case of a State
22 plan under title XIX of the Social Security Act (42
23 U.S.C. 1396 et seq.) which the Secretary of Health
24 and Human Services determines requires State legis25 lation in order for the plan to meet the additional

1	requirements imposed by the amendments made by
2	this section, the State plan shall not be regarded as
3	failing to comply with the requirements of such title
4	solely on the basis of its failure to meet these addi-
5	tional requirements before the first day of the first
6	calendar quarter beginning after the close of the
7	first regular session of the State legislature that be-
8	gins after the date of enactment of this Act. For
9	purposes of the previous sentence, in the case of a
10	State that has a 2-year legislative session, each year
11	of the session is considered to be a separate regular
12	session of the State legislature.
10	SEC. 106. IMPROVED COLLECTION AND DISTRIBUTION OF
13	SEC. 106. IMPROVED COLLECTION AND DISTRIBUTION OF
13 14	CHILD SUPPORT.
14	CHILD SUPPORT.
14 15	CHILD SUPPORT. (a) DISTRIBUTION OF CHILD SUPPORT.—
14 15 16	CHILD SUPPORT. (a) DISTRIBUTION OF CHILD SUPPORT.— (1) FULL DISTRIBUTION OF CHILD SUPPORT
14 15 16 17	 CHILD SUPPORT. (a) DISTRIBUTION OF CHILD SUPPORT.— (1) FULL DISTRIBUTION OF CHILD SUPPORT COLLECTED; REFORM OF RULES FOR DISTRIBUTION
14 15 16 17 18	CHILD SUPPORT. (a) DISTRIBUTION OF CHILD SUPPORT.— (1) FULL DISTRIBUTION OF CHILD SUPPORT COLLECTED; REFORM OF RULES FOR DISTRIBUTION OF CHILD SUPPORT COLLECTED ON BEHALF OF
14 15 16 17 18 19	CHILD SUPPORT. (a) DISTRIBUTION OF CHILD SUPPORT.— (1) FULL DISTRIBUTION OF CHILD SUPPORT COLLECTED; REFORM OF RULES FOR DISTRIBUTION OF CHILD SUPPORT COLLECTED ON BEHALF OF CHILDREN IN FOSTER CARE.—
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	CHILD SUPPORT. (a) DISTRIBUTION OF CHILD SUPPORT. (1) FULL DISTRIBUTION OF CHILD SUPPORT COLLECTED; REFORM OF RULES FOR DISTRIBUTION OF CHILD SUPPORT COLLECTED ON BEHALF OF CHILDREN IN FOSTER CARE. (A) IN GENERAL.—Section 457 of the So-
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	CHILD SUPPORT. (a) DISTRIBUTION OF CHILD SUPPORT. (1) FULL DISTRIBUTION OF CHILD SUPPORT COLLECTED; REFORM OF RULES FOR DISTRIBUTION OF CHILD SUPPORT COLLECTED ON BEHALF OF CHILDREN IN FOSTER CARE. (A) IN GENERAL.—Section 457 of the So- cial Security Act (42 U.S.C. 657) is amended—
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 	CHILD SUPPORT. (a) DISTRIBUTION OF CHILD SUPPORT.— (1) FULL DISTRIBUTION OF CHILD SUPPORT COLLECTED; REFORM OF RULES FOR DISTRIBUTION OF CHILD SUPPORT COLLECTED ON BEHALF OF CHILDREN IN FOSTER CARE.— (A) IN GENERAL.—Section 457 of the So- cial Security Act (42 U.S.C. 657) is amended— (i) by striking subsection (a) and in-

the entire amount collected on behalf of any family as sup port by a State pursuant to a plan approved under this
 part shall be paid by the State to the family."; and

- 4 (ii) by striking subsections (c)5 through (e) and inserting the following: 6 "(c) Amounts Collected for Child for Whom 7 FOSTER CARE MAINTENANCE PAYMENTS ARE MADE.— 8 Notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this section, 9 amounts collected by a State as child support for months 10 in any period on behalf of a child for whom a public agency is making foster care maintenance payments under part 11 E shall be paid to the public agency responsible for super-12 13 vising the placement of the child, which may use the payments in the manner it determines will serve the best in-14 15 terests of the child, including setting such payments aside for the child's future needs or use.". 16
- 17 (B) FOSTER CARE STATE PLAN AMEND-18 MENT.—Section 471(a)(17) of the Social Secu-19 rity Act (42 U.S.C. 671(a)(17)) is amended— 20 (i) by inserting "and consistent with the child's case plan" after "where appro-21 22 priate"; and 23 (ii) by striking "secure an assignment to the State of any rights to support" and 24

inserting "establish paternity and estab-

1	lish, modify, and enforce child support ob-
2	ligations".
3	(C) Social security act amend-
4	MENTS.—
5	(i) CHILD SUPPORT STATE PLAN
6	AMENDMENT.—Section 454 of the Social
7	Security Act (42 U.S.C. 654), as amended
8	by section $104(a)(1)$ of this Act, is amend-
9	ed by inserting after paragraph (34) the
10	following:
11	"(35) provide that a State shall pay all col-
12	lected child support to the payee, except as provided
13	in section 457(c).".
14	(ii) DISBURSEMENT OF SUPPORT PAY-
15	MENTS.—Section 454B(c) of the Social Se-
16	curity Act (42 U.S.C. 654b(c)) is amended
17	by adding at the end the following new
18	paragraph:
19	"(3) DISBURSEMENT TO FAMILIES.—The State
20	disbursement unit shall pay all collected child sup-
21	port to the payee, except as otherwise provided in
22	section 457.".
23	(2) Conforming Amendments.—
24	(A) Section $409(a)(7)(B)(i)(I)(aa)$ of such
25	Act (42 U.S.C. $609(a)(7)(B)(i)(I)(aa))$ is

1	amended by striking "457(a)(1)(B)" and in-
2	serting ''457(a)''.
3	(B) Section $454(5)$ of such Act (42 U.S.C.
4	654(5)) is amended by striking "(A) in any
5	case" and all that follows through "(B)".
6	(C) Section $466(a)(3)(B)$ of such Act (42)
7	U.S.C. 666(a)(3)(B)) is amended—
8	(i) by striking "shall be distributed in
9	accordance with section 457 in the case of
10	overdue support assigned to a State pursu-
11	ant to section $408(a)(3)$ or $471(a)(17)$, or,
12	in any other case,"; and
13	(ii) and inserting "or to the public
13 14	(ii) and inserting "or to the public agency responsible for supervising the
14	agency responsible for supervising the
14 15	agency responsible for supervising the placement of the child, which may use the
14 15 16	agency responsible for supervising the placement of the child, which may use the payments in the manner the public agency
14 15 16 17	agency responsible for supervising the placement of the child, which may use the payments in the manner the public agency determines will serve the best interest of
14 15 16 17 18	agency responsible for supervising the placement of the child, which may use the payments in the manner the public agency determines will serve the best interest of the child" before the semicolon.
14 15 16 17 18 19	agency responsible for supervising the placement of the child, which may use the payments in the manner the public agency determines will serve the best interest of the child" before the semicolon. (3) REPEAL OF CERTAIN DRA AMENDMENTS.—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	agency responsible for supervising the placement of the child, which may use the payments in the manner the public agency determines will serve the best interest of the child" before the semicolon. (3) REPEAL OF CERTAIN DRA AMENDMENTS.— Effective on the date of enactment of this Act, sub-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 agency responsible for supervising the placement of the child, which may use the payments in the manner the public agency determines will serve the best interest of the child" before the semicolon. (3) REPEAL OF CERTAIN DRA AMENDMENTS.— Effective on the date of enactment of this Act, subsections (a) and (b) of section 7301 of the Deficit

the amendments made by such subsections had not

(b) PROHIBITION ON CONDITIONING RECEIPT OF

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been enacted.

4 TANF ON ASSIGNMENT OF SUPPORT.—Section 408(a)(3)5 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 608(a)(3)) is amend-6 ed— 7 (1) in the paragraph heading, by striking "No ASSISTANCE FOR FAMILIES NOT" and inserting 8 9 "PROHIBITION ON CONDITIONING ASSISTANCE FOR 10 FAMILIES ON"; 11 (2) by inserting "not" after "shall"; (3) by inserting "or under a program funded 12 13 with qualified State expenditures (as defined in sec-14 tion 409(a)(7)(B)(i)" after "this part"; and (4) by striking ", not exceeding the total 15 16 amount of assistance so paid to the family,". 17 (c) REQUIREMENT TO DISREGARD PERCENTAGE OF CHILD SUPPORT COLLECTED IN DETERMINING AMOUNT 18 19 AND TYPE OF TANF ASSISTANCE.—Section 408(a) of the 20 Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 608(a)) is amended by add-21 ing at the end the following new paragraph: 22 "(12) REQUIREMENT TO DISREGARD PERCENT-23 AGE OF CHILD SUPPORT COLLECTED IN DETER-24 MINING AMOUNT AND TYPE OF TANF ASSISTANCE. 25 A State to which a grant is made under section 403 1 shall disregard at least the same percentage of 2 amounts collected as support on behalf of a family 3 as the percentage of earned income that the State 4 disregards, in determining the amount or type of as-5 sistance provided to the family under the State pro-6 gram funded under this part or under a program 7 funded with qualified State expenditures (as defined 8 in section 409(a)(7)(B)(i).".

9 (d) RESTORATION OF FEDERAL FUNDING.—Effec-10 tive on the date of enactment of this Act, section 7309 11 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 2005 (Public Law 109– 12 171; 120 Stat. 147) is repealed and part D of title IV 13 of the Social Security Act shall be applied as if the amend-14 ment made by subsection (a) of that section had not been 15 enacted.

(e) REPEAL OF MANDATORY FEE FOR CHILD SUPPORT COLLECTION.—Effective on the date of enactment
of this Act, section 7310 of the Deficit Reduction Act of
2005 (Public Law 109–171; 120 Stat. 147) is repealed
and part D of title IV of the Social Security Act shall
be applied as if the amendments made by that section had
not been enacted.

23 (f) PROHIBITION ON CONSIDERING A PERIOD OF IN-24 CARCERATION VOLUNTARY UNEMPLOYMENT.—Section

1	466(a) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 666(a)) is
2	amended by inserting after paragraph (19) the following:
3	"(20) Procedures relating to periods of
4	INCARCERATION OF NONCUSTODIAL PARENTS.—
5	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Procedures which re-
6	quire that, in determining or modifying the
7	amount of, or terms and conditions of, any sup-
8	port obligation of a noncustodial parent, the
9	State—
10	"(i) shall not consider any period of
11	incarceration of such parent as a period of
12	voluntary unemployment that disqualifies
13	the parent from obtaining a modification
14	of the support obligation consistent with
15	the parent's ability to pay child support;
16	and
17	"(ii) subject to subparagraph (B) in
18	the case of an incarcerated parent, may—
19	"(I) temporarily suspend any
20	support obligation on the parent and
21	the enforcement of any support obli-
22	gation of the parent existing prior to
23	the period of incarceration; and
24	"(II) temporarily prohibit the ac-
25	crual of any interest on any support

	• •
1	obligation of the parent existing prior
2	to the period of incarceration during
3	any such period.
4	"(B) NOTICE AND OPPORTUNITY TO CHAL-
5	LENGE SUSPENSION.—Such procedures shall re-
6	quire the State to provide a custodial parent
7	with—
8	"(i) notice of any suspension of re-
9	view, adjustment, or enforcement of a sup-
10	port obligation and of any prohibition on
11	interest accrual on such obligation that is
12	imposed in accordance with subparagraph
13	(A)(ii); and
14	"(ii) an opportunity to request that
15	the suspension or prohibition be termi-
16	nated or modified on the basis that the
17	noncustodial parent has sufficient income
18	or resources to continue payment of the
19	support obligation during the noncustodial
20	parent's period of incarceration.".
21	(g) Review and Adjustment of Child Support
22	Arrearages Upon Request.—Section $466(a)(10)$ of
23	the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 666(a)(10)) is amend-

ed by adding at the end the following:

1 "(D) REVIEW AND ADJUSTMENT OF AR-2 REARAGES.—Procedures which require the 3 State to review, and if appropriate, reduce the 4 balance of arrearages permanently assigned to 5 the State under part A or E of this title, or 6 under title XIX, pursuant to standards and 7 procedures established by the State, in cases 8 where the obligor lacks sufficient ability to pay 9 the arrears, adjustment will promote timely 10 payment of current support, or barriers, such 11 as incarceration, may have limited the ability of 12 the obligor to timely seek a modification of the 13 order, and it is in the best interests of the child 14 to make such reduction. Nothing in the pre-15 ceding sentence shall be construed as affecting 16 arrearages that have not been permanently as-17 signed to the State under any such part or 18 title.".

(h) STUDY AND REPORT.—Not later than October 1,
20 2012, the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall
study and submit a report to Congress regarding the following:

(1) The effect of age eligibility restrictions forthe earned income tax credit established under sec-

1	tion 32 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for in-
2	dividuals without qualifying children on—
3	(A) the ability of young parents to pay
4	child support;
5	(B) compliance with child support orders;
6	and
7	(C) the relationship between young non-
8	custodial parents and their children.
9	(2) The impact of State earned income tax
10	credit programs, especially such programs with tar-
11	geted benefits for noncustodial parents, on—
12	(A) the ability of noncustodial parents to
13	pay child support;
14	(B) compliance with child support orders;
15	and
16	(C) the relationship between noncustodial
17	parents and their children.
18	(3) The challenges faced by legal immigrants
19	and individuals for whom English is not their pri-
20	mary language in fulfilling child support and other
21	noncustodial parenting obligations.
22	(i) Effective Date.—
23	(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as otherwise pro-
24	vided in this section, the amendments made by this
25	section shall take effect on October 1, 2009, and

1	shall apply to payments under parts A and D of title				
2	IV of the Social Security Act for calendar quarters				
3	beginning on or after that date, and without regard				
4	to whether regulations to implement the amend-				
5	ments are promulgated by such date.				
6	(2) STATE OPTION TO ACCELERATE EFFECTIVE				
7	DATE.—Notwithstanding paragraph (1), a State				
8	may elect to have the amendments made by the pre-				
9	ceding provisions of this section apply to the State				
10	and to amounts collected by the State (and to pay-				
11	ments under parts A and D of title IV of such Act),				
12	on and after such date as the State may select that				
12	is not later than September 30, 2009.				
13	is not later than september 50, 2005.				
13 14	SEC. 107. COLLECTION OF CHILD SUPPORT UNDER THE				
	* ,				
14	SEC. 107. COLLECTION OF CHILD SUPPORT UNDER THE				
14 15	SEC. 107. COLLECTION OF CHILD SUPPORT UNDER THE SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE				
14 15 16 17	SEC. 107. COLLECTION OF CHILD SUPPORT UNDER THE SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.				
14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 107. COLLECTION OF CHILD SUPPORT UNDER THE SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM. (a) ENCOURAGEMENT OF COLLECTION OF CHILD				
14 15 16 17 18	 SEC. 107. COLLECTION OF CHILD SUPPORT UNDER THE SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM. (a) ENCOURAGEMENT OF COLLECTION OF CHILD SUPPORT.—Section 5 of the Food and Nutrition Act of 				
14 15 16 17 18 19	 SEC. 107. COLLECTION OF CHILD SUPPORT UNDER THE SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM. (a) ENCOURAGEMENT OF COLLECTION OF CHILD SUPPORT.—Section 5 of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2014) is amended— 				
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	SEC. 107. COLLECTION OF CHILD SUPPORT UNDER THE SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM. (a) ENCOURAGEMENT OF COLLECTION OF CHILD Support.—Section 5 of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2014) is amended— (1) in subsection (e)—				
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	 SEC. 107. COLLECTION OF CHILD SUPPORT UNDER THE SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM. (a) ENCOURAGEMENT OF COLLECTION OF CHILD SUPPORT.—Section 5 of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2014) is amended— (1) in subsection (e)— (A) by redesignating paragraphs (5) and 				
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 	 SEC. 107. COLLECTION OF CHILD SUPPORT UNDER THE SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM. (a) ENCOURAGEMENT OF COLLECTION OF CHILD SUPPORT.—Section 5 of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2014) is amended— (1) in subsection (e)— (A) by redesignating paragraphs (5) and (6) as paragraphs (6) and (7), respectively; 				

1	(C) by inserting after paragraph (4) the		
2	following:		
3	"(5) Deduction for child support re-		
4	CEIVED.—		
5	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A household shall be		
6	allowed a deduction of 20 percent of all legally		
7	obligated child support payments received from		
8	an identified or putative parent of a child in the		
9	household if that parent is not a household		
10	member.		
11	"(B) Order of determining deduc-		
12	TIONS.—A deduction under this paragraph shall		
13	be determined before the computation of the ex-		
14	cess shelter deduction under paragraph (7).";		
15	and		
16	(2) in subsection $(k)(4)(B)$, by striking "sub-		
17	section $(e)(6)$ " and inserting "subsection $(e)(7)$ ".		
18	(b) Simplified Verification of Child Support		
19	PAYMENTS.—Section 5(n) of the Food and Nutrition Act		
20	of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2014(n)) is amended—		
21	(1) in the subsection heading, by striking		
22	"STATE OPTIONS TO SIMPLIFY", and inserting		
23	"SIMPLIFIED"; and		
24	(2) by striking "Regardless of whether" and in-		
25	serting the following:		

1	"(1) IN GENERAL.—A household that is paying	
2	legally obligated child support through the program	
3	under part D of title IV of the Social Security Act	
4	(42 U.S.C. 651 et seq.) shall receive—	
5	"(A) a deduction under subsection (e)(4);	
6	or	
7	"(B) an exclusion under subsection $(d)(6)$	
8	for child support payments made.	
9	"(2) STATE OPTIONS.—Regardless of whether".	
10	(c) Inclusion of Economic Opportunities Pro-	
11	GRAMS IN DEFINITION OF WORK PROGRAM.—Section	
12	6(0)(2) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C.	
13	8 2015(o)(2)) is amended—	
14	(1) in subparagraph (C), by striking "or" at	
15	the end;	
16	(2) in subparagraph (D), by striking the period	
17	at the end and inserting "; or"; and	
18	(3) by adding at the end the following:	
19	"(E) participate in and comply with the re-	
20	quirements of a demonstration project under	
21	section 106 of the Julia Carson Responsible Fa-	
22	therhood and Healthy Families Act of 2011;".	
23	(d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—	

(1) IN GENERAL.—This section and the amend-

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2 ments made by this section take effect on October 1, 2011. 3 4 (2) STATE OPTION.—A State may implement 5 the amendments made by subsections (a) and (b) for 6 participating households at the first recertification of 7 the households that occurs on or after October 1. 8 2011.9 SEC. 108. GRANTS SUPPORTING HEALTHY FAMILY PART-10 NERSHIPS FOR DOMESTIC VIOLENCE INTER-11 VENTION AND PREVENTIONS. 12 Section 403(a) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 603(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following 13 new paragraph: 14 15 "(6) GRANTS SUPPORTING HEALTHY FAMILY 16 PARTNERSHIPS FOR DOMESTIC VIOLENCE INTER-17 VENTION AND PREVENTION.-18 "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall 19 award grants on a competitive basis to healthy 20 family partnerships to develop and implement 21 promising practices for— "(i) assessing and providing services 22 23 to individuals and families affected by do-

24 mestic violence, including through case-25 worker training, the provision of technical

1	assistance to community partners, and the
2	implementation of safe visitation and ex-
3	change programs; or
4	"(ii) preventing domestic violence,
5	particularly as a barrier to economic secu-
6	rity, and fostering healthy relationships.
7	"(B) Education services.—In awarding
8	grants under subparagraph (A), the Secretary
9	shall ensure that 10 percent of the funds made
10	available under such grants are used for high
11	schools and other secondary educational institu-
12	tions and institutions of higher education to
13	provide education services on the value of
14	healthy relationships, responsible parenting,
15	and healthy marriages characterized by mutual
16	respect and nonviolence, and the importance of
17	building relationships skills such as communica-
18	tion, conflict resolution, and budgeting.
19	"(C) Application.—The respective entity
20	and organization of a healthy family partner-
21	ship entered into for purposes of receiving a
22	grant under this paragraph shall submit a joint
23	application to the Secretary, at such time and
24	in such manner as the Secretary shall specify,

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25 containing—

	-
1	"(i) a description of how the partner-
2	ship intends to carry out the activities de-
3	scribed in subparagraph (A);
4	"(ii) an assurance that funds made
5	available under the grant shall be used to
6	supplement, and not supplant, other funds
7	used by the entity or organization to carry
8	out programs, activities, or services de-
9	scribed in subparagraph (A) or (B); and
10	"(iii) such other information as the
11	Secretary may require.
12	"(D) GENERAL RULES GOVERNING USE OF
13	FUNDS.—The rules of section 404, other than
14	subsection (b) of that section, shall not apply to
15	a grant made under this paragraph.
16	"(E) DEFINITIONS.—In this paragraph:
17	"(i) Domestic violence.—The term
18	'domestic violence' has the meaning given
19	that term in section $402(a)(7)(B)$.
20	"(ii) HEALTHY FAMILY PARTNER-
21	SHIP.—The term 'healthy family partner-
22	ship' means a partnership between—
23	"(I) an entity receiving funds
24	under a grant made under paragraph

- 1 (2) to promote healthy marriage or re-2 sponsible fatherhood; and 3 "(II) an organization with dem-4 onstrated expertise working with sur-5 vivors of domestic violence. 6 "(F) APPROPRIATION.—Out of any money 7 in the Treasury of the United States not other-8 wise appropriated, there are appropriated for 9 each of fiscal years 2011 through 2015, 10 \$25,000,000 for purposes of awarding grants to 11 healthy family partnerships under this para-12 graph.". 13 SEC. 109. PROCEDURES TO ADDRESS DOMESTIC VIOLENCE. 14 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 403(a)(2) of the Social 15 Security Act (42 U.S.C. 603(a)(2)) is amended— 16 (1) by redesignating subparagraph (D) as sub-17 paragraph (F); and 18 (2) by inserting after subparagraph (C) the fol-19 lowing: 20 "(D) REQUIREMENTS FOR RECEIPT OF 21 FUNDS.—An entity may not be awarded a grant
- under this paragraph unless the entity, as a
 condition of receiving funds under such a
 grant—

1	"(i) identifies in its application for the
2	grant the domestic violence experts at the
3	local, State, or national level with whom
4	the entity will consult in the development
5	and implementation of the programs and
6	activities of the entity;
7	"(ii) on award of the grant, and in
8	consultation with such domestic violence
9	experts, develops a written protocol which
10	describes—
11	"(I) how the entity will identify
12	instances or risks of domestic violence;
13	"(II) the procedures for respond-
14	ing to such instances or risk, includ-
15	ing making service referrals and pro-
16	viding protections and appropriate as-
17	sistance for identified individuals and
18	families;
19	"(III) how confidentiality issues
20	will be addressed; and
21	"(IV) the domestic violence train-
22	ing that will be provided to ensure ef-
23	fective and consistent implementation
24	of the protocol; and

"(iii) in an annual report to the Sec-1 2 retary, includes a description of the domes-3 tic violence protocols, and a description of 4 any implementation issues identified with 5 respect to domestic violence and how the 6 issues were addressed. 7 "(E) DOMESTIC VIOLENCE DEFINED.—In 8 this paragraph, the term 'domestic violence' has 9 the meaning given that term in section 10 402(a)(7)(B).". 11 (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Section 403(a)(2) 12 of such Act (42 U.S.C. 603(a)(2)), as amended by section 103(d) of this Act and subsection (a)(1) of this section, 13 14 is amended— 15 (1) in subparagraph (A)(i)— (A) by striking "(B) and (C)" and insert-16 ing "(B), (C), and (D)"; and 17 18 (B) by striking "subparagraph (D)" and inserting "subparagraph (F)"; and 19 20 (2) in subparagraphs (B)(i) and (C)(i), by 21 striking "(D)" each place it appears and inserting

22 "(F)".

TITLE II—REVENUE PROVISION 1 2 SEC. 201. INCREASE IN CREDIT PERCENTAGE UNDER 3 EARNED INCOME TAX CREDIT FOR ELIGIBLE 4 INDIVIDUALS WITH NO QUALIFYING CHIL-5 DREN. 6 (a) IN GENERAL.—The row in the table in subparagraph (A) of section 32(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue 7 Code of 1986 relating to no qualifying children is amended 8 9 to read as follows:

"No qualifying children	20	7.65".
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10 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by
11 subsection (a) shall apply to taxable years beginning after
12 December 31, 2010.