^{116TH CONGRESS} 2D SESSION H.R. 2166

AN ACT

To authorize a comprehensive, strategic approach for United States foreign assistance to developing countries to strengthen global health security, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

2 This Act may be cited as the "Global Health Security3 Act of 2020".

4 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

5 Congress finds the following:

6 (1) In December 2009, President Obama re-7 leased the National Strategy for Countering Biologi-8 cal Threats, which listed as one of seven objectives 9 "Promote global health security: Increase the avail-10 ability of and access to knowledge and products of 11 the life sciences that can help reduce the impact 12 from outbreaks of infectious disease whether of nat-13 ural, accidental, or deliberate origin".

14 (2) In February 2014, the United States and 15 nearly 30 other nations launched the Global Health 16 Security Agenda (GHSA) to address several high-17 priority, global infectious disease threats. The 18 GHSA is a multi-faceted, multi-country initiative in-19 tended to accelerate partner countries' measurable 20 capabilities to achieve specific targets to prevent, de-21 tect, and respond to infectious disease threats, 22 whether naturally occurring, deliberate, or acci-23 dental.

24 (3) In 2015, the United Nations adopted the
25 Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), which in26 clude specific reference to the importance of global
•HR 2166 EH

health security as part of SDG 3 "ensure healthy
 lives and promote well-being for all at all ages" as
 follows: "strengthen the capacity of all countries, in
 particular developing countries, for early warning,
 risk reduction and management of national and
 global health risks".

7 (4) On November 4, 2016, President Obama 8 signed Executive Order No. 13747, "Advancing the 9 Global Health Security Agenda to Achieve a World 10 Safe and Secure from Infectious Disease Threats". 11 (5) In October 2017 at the GHSA Ministerial 12 Meeting in Uganda, the United States and more 13 than 40 GHSA member countries supported the 14 "Kampala Declaration" to extend the GHSA for an 15 additional 5 years to 2024.

16 (6) In December 2017, President Trump re-17 leased the National Security Strategy, which in-18 cludes the priority action: "Detect and contain bio-19 threats at their source: We will work with other 20 countries to detect and mitigate outbreaks early to 21 prevent the spread of disease. We will encourage 22 other countries to invest in basic health care systems 23 and to strengthen global health security across the 24 intersection of human and animal health to prevent 25 infectious disease outbreaks".

1	(7) In September 2018, President Trump re-
2	leased the National Biodefense Strategy, which in-
3	cludes objectives to "strengthen global health secu-
4	rity capacities to prevent local bioincidents from be-
5	coming epidemics", and "strengthen international
6	preparedness to support international response and
7	recovery capabilities".
8	SEC. 3. STATEMENT OF POLICY.
9	It is the policy of the United States to—
10	(1) promote global health security as a core na-
11	tional security interest;
12	(2) advance the aims of the Global Health Se-
13	curity Agenda;
14	(3) collaborate with other countries to detect
15	and mitigate outbreaks early to prevent the spread
16	of disease;
17	(4) encourage other countries to invest in basic
18	resilient and sustainable health care systems; and
19	(5) strengthen global health security across the
20	intersection of human and animal health to prevent
21	infectious disease outbreaks and combat the growing
22	threat of antimicrobial resistance.

3 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The President shall establish 4 a Global Health Security Agenda Interagency Review 5 Council (in this section referred to as the "Council") to 6 perform the general responsibilities described in sub-7 section (c) and the specific roles and responsibilities de-8 scribed in subsection (e).

9 (b) MEETINGS.—The Council shall meet not less than
10 four times per year to advance its mission and fulfill its
11 responsibilities.

12 (c) GENERAL RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Council shall13 be responsible for the following activities:

14 (1) Provide policy-level recommendations to
15 participating agencies on Global Health Security
16 Agenda (GHSA) goals, objectives, and implementa17 tion.

18 (2) Facilitate interagency, multi-sectoral en-19 gagement to carry out GHSA implementation.

20 (3) Provide a forum for raising and working to
21 resolve interagency disagreements concerning the
22 GHSA.

(4)(A) Review the progress toward and work to
resolve challenges in achieving United States commitments under the GHSA, including commitments

to assist other countries in achieving the GHSA tar gets.
 (B) The Council shall consider, among other

4 issues, the following:

5 (i) The status of United States financial 6 commitments to the GHSA in the context of 7 commitments by other donors, and the con-8 tributions of partner countries to achieve the 9 GHSA targets.

(ii) The progress toward the milestones
outlined in GHSA national plans for those
countries where the United States Government
has committed to assist in implementing the
GHSA and in annual work-plans outlining
agency priorities for implementing the GHSA.

16 (iii) The external evaluations of United
17 States and partner country capabilities to ad18 dress infectious disease threats, including the
19 ability to achieve the targets outlined within the
20 WHO Joint External Evaluation (JEE) tool, as
21 well as gaps identified by such external evalua22 tions.

23 (d) PARTICIPATION.—The Council shall consist of
24 representatives, serving at the Assistant Secretary level or
25 higher, from the following agencies:

1	(1) The Department of State.
2	(2) The Department of Defense.
3	(3) The Department of Justice.
4	(4) The Department of Agriculture.
5	(5) The Department of Health and Human
6	Services.
7	(6) The Department of Labor.
8	(7) The Department of Homeland Security.
9	(8) The Office of Management and Budget.
10	(9) The United States Agency for International
11	Development.
12	(10) The Environmental Protection Agency.
13	(11) The Centers for Disease Control and Pre-
14	vention.
15	(12) The Office of Science and Technology Pol-
16	icy.
17	(13) The National Institutes of Health.
18	(14) The National Institute of Allergy and In-
19	fectious Diseases.
20	(15) Such other agencies as the Council deter-
21	mines to be appropriate.
22	(e) Specific Roles and Responsibilities.—
23	(1) IN GENERAL.—The heads of agencies de-
24	scribed in subsection (d) shall—

(A) make the GHSA and its implementa-
tion a high priority within their respective agen-
cies, and include GHSA-related activities within
their respective agencies' strategic planning and
budget processes;
(B) designate a senior-level official to be
responsible for the implementation of this Act;
(C) designate, in accordance with sub-
section (d), an appropriate representative at the
Assistant Secretary level or higher to partici-
pate on the Council;
(D) keep the Council apprised of GHSA-
related activities undertaken within their re-
spective agencies;
(E) maintain responsibility for agency-re-
lated programmatic functions in coordination
with host governments, country teams, and
GHSA in-country teams, and in conjunction
with other relevant agencies;
(F) coordinate with other agencies that are
identified in this section to satisfy pro-
grammatic goals, and further facilitate coordi-
nation of country teams, implementers, and do-
nors in host countries; and

(G) coordinate across GHSA national
 plans and with GHSA partners to which the
 United States is providing assistance.

4 ADDITIONAL ROLES AND RESPONSIBIL-(2)5 ITIES.—In addition to the roles and responsibilities 6 described in paragraph (1), the heads of agencies de-7 scribed in subsection (d) shall carry out their respec-8 tive roles and responsibilities described in sub-9 sections (b) through (i) of section 3 of Executive 10 Order No. 13747 (81 Fed. Reg. 78701; relating to 11 Advancing the Global Health Security Agenda to 12 Achieve a World Safe and Secure from Infectious 13 Disease Threats), as in effect on the day before the 14 date of the enactment of this Act.

15 SEC. 5. UNITED STATES COORDINATOR FOR GLOBAL
16 HEALTH SECURITY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The President shall appoint an individual to the position of United States Coordinator for
Global Health Security, who shall be responsible for the
coordination of the interagency process for responding to
global health security emergencies. As appropriate, the
designee shall coordinate with the President's Special Coordinator for International Disaster Assistance.

(b) CONGRESSIONAL BRIEFING.—Not less frequentlythan twice each year, the employee designated under this

section shall provide to the appropriate congressional com mittees a briefing on the responsibilities and activities of
 the individual under this section.

4 (c) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DE5 FINED.—In this subsection, the term "appropriate con6 gressional committees" has the meaning given such term
7 in section 8 of the Global Health Security Act of 2019.
8 SEC. 6. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

9 It is the sense of the Congress that, given the complex
10 and multisectoral nature of global health threats to the
11 United States, the President—

12 (1) should consider appointing an individual 13 with significant background and expertise in public health or emergency response management to the 14 15 position of United States Coordinator for Global 16 Health Security, as required by section 5(a), who is 17 an employee of the National Security Council at the 18 level of Deputy Assistant to the President or higher; 19 and

20 (2) in providing assistance to implement the
21 strategy required under section 7(a), should—

(A) coordinate, through a whole-of-government approach, the efforts of relevant Federal
departments and agencies to implement the
strategy;

(B) seek to fully utilize the unique capabilities of each relevant Federal department and agency while collaborating with and leveraging the contributions of other key stakeholders; and

5 (C) utilize open and streamlined solicita-6 tions to allow for the participation of a wide 7 range of implementing partners through the 8 most appropriate procurement mechanisms, 9 which may include grants, contracts, coopera-10 tive agreements, and other instruments as nec-11 essary and appropriate.

12 SEC. 7. STRATEGY AND REPORTS.

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(a) STRATEGY.—The United States Coordinator for
Global Health Security (appointed under section 5(a))
shall coordinate the development and implementation of
a strategy to implement the policy aims described in section 3, which shall—

(1) set specific and measurable goals, benchmarks, timetables, performance metrics, and monitoring and evaluation plans that reflect international
best practices relating to transparency, accountability, and global health security;

23 (2) support and be aligned with country-owned24 global health security policy and investment plans

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developed with input from key stakeholders, as ap-

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2 propriate; 3 (3) facilitate communication and collaboration, 4 as appropriate, among local stakeholders in support 5 of a multi-sectoral approach to global health secu-6 rity; 7 (4) support the long-term success of programs 8 by building the capacity of local organizations and 9 institutions in target countries and communities; 10 (5) develop community resilience to infectious 11 disease threats and emergencies; 12 (6) leverage resources and expertise through 13 partnerships with the private sector, health organi-14 zations, civil society, nongovernmental organizations, 15 and health research and academic institutions; and 16 (7) support collaboration, as appropriate, be-17 tween United States universities, and public and pri-18 vate institutions in target countries and communities 19 to promote health security and innovation. 20 (b) COORDINATION.—The President, acting through 21 the United States Coordinator for Global Health Security, 22 shall coordinate, through a whole-of-government approach, 23 the efforts of relevant Federal departments and agencies 24 in the implementation of the strategy required under sub-25 section (a) by(1) establishing monitoring and evaluation sys tems, coherence, and coordination across relevant
 Federal departments and agencies; and

4 (2) establishing platforms for regular consulta5 tion and collaboration with key stakeholders and the
6 appropriate congressional committees.

7 (c) Strategy Submission.—

8 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days 9 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the 10 President, in consultation with the head of each rel-11 evant Federal department and agency, shall submit 12 to the appropriate congressional committees the 13 strategy required under subsection (a) that provides 14 a detailed description of how the United States in-15 tends to advance the policy set forth in section 3 and 16 the agency-specific plans described in paragraph (2).

17 (2) AGENCY-SPECIFIC PLANS.—The strategy re18 quired under subsection (a) shall include specific im19 plementation plans from each relevant Federal de20 partment and agency that describes—

21 (A) the anticipated contributions of the de22 partment or agency, including technical, finan23 cial, and in-kind contributions, to implement
24 the strategy; and

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1	(B) the efforts of the department or agen-
2	cy to ensure that the activities and programs
3	carried out pursuant to the strategy are de-
4	signed to achieve maximum impact and long-
5	term sustainability.
6	(d) Report.—
7	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
8	the date on which the strategy required under sub-
9	section (a) is submitted to the appropriate congres-
10	sional committees under subsection (c), and not later
11	than October 1 of each year thereafter, the Presi-
12	dent shall submit to the appropriate congressional
13	committees a report that describes the status of the
14	implementation of the strategy.
15	(2) CONTENTS.—The report required under
16	paragraph (1) shall—
17	(A) identify any substantial changes made
18	in the strategy during the preceding calendar
19	year;
20	(B) describe the progress made in imple-
21	menting the strategy;
22	(C) identify the indicators used to establish
23	benchmarks and measure results over time, as
24	well as the mechanisms for reporting such re-
25	sults in an open and transparent manner;

1	(D) contain a transparent, open, and de-
2	tailed accounting of expenditures by relevant
3	Federal departments and agencies to implement
4	the strategy, including, to the extent prac-
5	ticable, for each Federal department and agen-
6	cy, the statutory source of expenditures,
7	amounts expended, partners, targeted popu-
8	lations, and types of activities supported;
9	(E) describe how the strategy leverages
10	other United States global health and develop-
11	ment assistance programs;
12	(F) assess efforts to coordinate United
13	States global health security programs, activi-
14	ties, and initiatives with key stakeholders;
15	(G) incorporate a plan for regularly review-
16	ing and updating strategies, partnerships, and
17	programs and sharing lessons learned with a
18	wide range of stakeholders, including key stake-
19	holders, in an open, transparent manner; and
20	(H) describe the progress achieved and
21	challenges concerning the United States Gov-
22	ernment's ability to advance the Global Health
23	Security Agenda across priority countries, in-
24	cluding data disaggregated by priority country
25	using indicators that are consistent on a year-

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1	to-year basis and recommendations to resolve,
2	mitigate, or otherwise address the challenges
3	identified therein.
4	(e) FORM.—The strategy required under subsection
5	(a) and the report required under subsection (d) shall be
6	submitted in unclassified form but may contain a classi-
7	fied annex.
8	SEC. 8. COMPLIANCE WITH THE FOREIGN AID TRANS-
9	PARENCY AND ACCOUNTABILITY ACT OF
10	2016.
11	Section $2(3)$ of the Foreign Aid Transparency and
12	Accountability Act of 2016 (Public Law 114–191; 22
13	U.S.C. 2394c note) is amended—
14	(1) in subparagraph (C), by striking "and" at
14 15	(1) in subparagraph (C), by striking "and" at the end;
15	the end;
15 16	the end; (2) in subparagraph (D), by striking the period
15 16 17	the end;(2) in subparagraph (D), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and
15 16 17 18	 the end; (2) in subparagraph (D), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and (3) by adding at the end the following:
15 16 17 18 19	 the end; (2) in subparagraph (D), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and (3) by adding at the end the following: "(E) the Global Health Security Act of
15 16 17 18 19 20	 the end; (2) in subparagraph (D), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and (3) by adding at the end the following: "(E) the Global Health Security Act of 2020.".
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<pre>the end; (2) in subparagraph (D), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and (3) by adding at the end the following: "(E) the Global Health Security Act of 2020.". SEC. 9. DEFINITIONS.</pre>
 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 	<pre>the end; (2) in subparagraph (D), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and (3) by adding at the end the following: "(E) the Global Health Security Act of 2020.". SEC. 9. DEFINITIONS. In this Act:</pre>

1	(A) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and
2	the Committee on Appropriations of the House
3	of Representatives; and
4	(B) the Committee on Foreign Relations
5	and the Committee on Appropriations of the
6	Senate.
7	(2) GLOBAL HEALTH SECURITY.—The term
8	"global health security" means activities supporting
9	epidemic and pandemic preparedness and capabili-
10	ties at the country and global levels in order to mini-
11	mize vulnerability to acute public health events that
12	can endanger the health of populations across geo-
13	graphical regions and international boundaries.
14	SEC. 10. SUNSET.
15	This Act, and the amendments made by this Act,
16	(other than section 5) shall cease to be effective on Decem-
17	ber 31, 2024.
	Passed the House of Representatives September 22.

Passed the House of Representatives September 22, 2020.

Attest:

Clerk.

¹¹⁶TH CONGRESS H. R. 2166

AN ACT

To authorize a comprehensive, strategic approach for United States foreign assistance to developing countries to strengthen global health security, and for other purposes.