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To provide Federal assistance to States, local jurisdictions, and Indian tribes to prosecute hate crimes, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

APRIL 2, 2009

Mr. CONYERS (for himself, Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts, Mr. ABERCROMBIE, Mr. ACKERMAN, Ms. BALDWIN, Ms. BERKLEY, Mr. BERMAN, Mrs. BIGGERT, Mr. BISHOP of Georgia, Mr. BLUMENAUER, Mrs. BONO MACK, Mr. BRALEY of Iowa, Ms. CORRINE BROWN of Florida, Mr. CAO, Mrs. CAPPS, Mr. CASTLE, Ms. CASTOR of Florida, Mr. CLAY, Mr. CUMMINGS, Mr. DELAHUNT, Mr. DRIEHAUS, Mr. GENE GREEN of Texas, Mr. ISRAEL, Ms. KILROY, Mr. KIRK, Mr. KUCINICH, Mr. LANCE, Mrs. MALONEY, Ms. MCCOLLUM, Mr. MCGOVERN, Mr. MOORE of Kansas, Mr. MORAN of Virginia, Mr. NADLER of New York, Mr. OLVER, Mr. PETERS, Mr. POLIS of Colorado, Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN, Mr. SERRANO, Ms. SLAUGHTER, Ms. VELÁZQUEZ, Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ, Ms. WATSON, and Ms. WOOLSEY) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To provide Federal assistance to States, local jurisdictions, and Indian tribes to prosecute hate crimes, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

1 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

2 This Act may be cited as the “Local Law Enforce-
3 ment Hate Crimes Prevention Act of 2009”.

4 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

5 Congress makes the following findings:

6 (1) The incidence of violence motivated by the
7 actual or perceived race, color, religion, national ori-
8 gin, gender, sexual orientation, gender identity, or
9 disability of the victim poses a serious national prob-
10 lem.

11 (2) Such violence disrupts the tranquility and
12 safety of communities and is deeply divisive.

13 (3) State and local authorities are now and will
14 continue to be responsible for prosecuting the over-
15 whelming majority of violent crimes in the United
16 States, including violent crimes motivated by bias.
17 These authorities can carry out their responsibilities
18 more effectively with greater Federal assistance.

19 (4) Existing Federal law is inadequate to ad-
20 dress this problem.

21 (5) A prominent characteristic of a violent
22 crime motivated by bias is that it devastates not just
23 the actual victim and the family and friends of the
24 victim, but frequently savages the community shar-
25 ing the traits that caused the victim to be selected.

1 (6) Such violence substantially affects interstate
2 commerce in many ways, including the following:

3 (A) The movement of members of targeted
4 groups is impeded, and members of such groups
5 are forced to move across State lines to escape
6 the incidence or risk of such violence.

7 (B) Members of targeted groups are pre-
8 vented from purchasing goods and services, ob-
9 taining or sustaining employment, or partici-
10 pating in other commercial activity.

11 (C) Perpetrators cross State lines to com-
12 mit such violence.

13 (D) Channels, facilities, and instrumental-
14 ities of interstate commerce are used to facili-
15 tate the commission of such violence.

16 (E) Such violence is committed using arti-
17 cles that have traveled in interstate commerce.

18 (7) For generations, the institutions of slavery
19 and involuntary servitude were defined by the race,
20 color, and ancestry of those held in bondage. Slavery
21 and involuntary servitude were enforced, both prior
22 to and after the adoption of the 13th amendment to
23 the Constitution of the United States, through wide-
24 spread public and private violence directed at per-
25 sons because of their race, color, or ancestry, or per-

1 ceived race, color, or ancestry. Accordingly, elimi-
2 nating racially motivated violence is an important
3 means of eliminating, to the extent possible, the
4 badges, incidents, and relics of slavery and involun-
5 tary servitude.

6 (8) Both at the time when the 13th, 14th, and
7 15th amendments to the Constitution of the United
8 States were adopted, and continuing to date, mem-
9 bers of certain religious and national origin groups
10 were and are perceived to be distinct “races”. Thus,
11 in order to eliminate, to the extent possible, the
12 badges, incidents, and relics of slavery, it is nec-
13 essary to prohibit assaults on the basis of real or
14 perceived religions or national origins, at least to the
15 extent such religions or national origins were re-
16 garded as races at the time of the adoption of the
17 13th, 14th, and 15th amendments to the Constitu-
18 tion of the United States.

19 (9) Federal jurisdiction over certain violent
20 crimes motivated by bias enables Federal, State, and
21 local authorities to work together as partners in the
22 investigation and prosecution of such crimes.

23 (10) The problem of crimes motivated by bias
24 is sufficiently serious, widespread, and interstate in

1 nature as to warrant Federal assistance to States,
2 local jurisdictions, and Indian tribes.

3 **SEC. 3. DEFINITION OF HATE CRIME.**

4 In this Act—

5 (1) the term “crime of violence” has the mean-
6 ing given that term in section 16, title 18, United
7 States Code;

8 (2) the term “hate crime” has the meaning
9 given such term in section 280003(a) of the Violent
10 Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994
11 (28 U.S.C. 994 note); and

12 (3) the term “local” means a county, city, town,
13 township, parish, village, or other general purpose
14 political subdivision of a State.

15 **SEC. 4. SUPPORT FOR CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIONS AND**
16 **PROSECUTIONS BY STATE, LOCAL, AND TRIB-**
17 **AL LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICIALS.**

18 (a) ASSISTANCE OTHER THAN FINANCIAL ASSIST-
19 ANCE.—

20 (1) IN GENERAL.—At the request of a State,
21 local, or Tribal law enforcement agency, the Attor-
22 ney General may provide technical, forensic, prosecu-
23 torial, or any other form of assistance in the crimi-
24 nal investigation or prosecution of any crime that—

25 (A) constitutes a crime of violence;

1 (B) constitutes a felony under the State,
2 local, or Tribal laws; and

3 (C) is motivated by prejudice based on the
4 actual or perceived race, color, religion, national
5 origin, gender, sexual orientation, gender iden-
6 tity, or disability of the victim, or is a violation
7 of the State, local, or Tribal hate crime laws.

8 (2) PRIORITY.—In providing assistance under
9 paragraph (1), the Attorney General shall give pri-
10 ority to crimes committed by offenders who have
11 committed crimes in more than one State and to
12 rural jurisdictions that have difficulty covering the
13 extraordinary expenses relating to the investigation
14 or prosecution of the crime.

15 (b) GRANTS.—

16 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General may
17 award grants to State, local, and Indian law enforce-
18 ment agencies for extraordinary expenses associated
19 with the investigation and prosecution of hate
20 crimes.

21 (2) OFFICE OF JUSTICE PROGRAMS.—In imple-
22 menting the grant program under this subsection,
23 the Office of Justice Programs shall work closely
24 with grantees to ensure that the concerns and needs
25 of all affected parties, including community groups

1 and schools, colleges, and universities, are addressed
2 through the local infrastructure developed under the
3 grants.

4 (3) APPLICATION.—

5 (A) IN GENERAL.—Each State, local, and
6 Indian law enforcement agency that desires a
7 grant under this subsection shall submit an ap-
8 plication to the Attorney General at such time,
9 in such manner, and accompanied by or con-
10 taining such information as the Attorney Gen-
11 eral shall reasonably require.

12 (B) DATE FOR SUBMISSION.—Applications
13 submitted pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall
14 be submitted during the 60-day period begin-
15 ning on a date that the Attorney General shall
16 prescribe.

17 (C) REQUIREMENTS.—A State, local, and
18 Indian law enforcement agency applying for a
19 grant under this subsection shall—

20 (i) describe the extraordinary pur-
21 poses for which the grant is needed;

22 (ii) certify that the State, local gov-
23 ernment, or Indian tribe lacks the re-
24 sources necessary to investigate or pros-
25 ecute the hate crime;

1 (iii) demonstrate that, in developing a
2 plan to implement the grant, the State,
3 local, and Indian law enforcement agency
4 has consulted and coordinated with non-
5 profit, nongovernmental violence recovery
6 service programs that have experience in
7 providing services to victims of hate
8 crimes; and

9 (iv) certify that any Federal funds re-
10 ceived under this subsection will be used to
11 supplement, not supplant, non-Federal
12 funds that would otherwise be available for
13 activities funded under this subsection.

14 (4) DEADLINE.—An application for a grant
15 under this subsection shall be approved or denied by
16 the Attorney General not later than 30 business
17 days after the date on which the Attorney General
18 receives the application.

19 (5) GRANT AMOUNT.—A grant under this sub-
20 section shall not exceed \$100,000 for any single ju-
21 risdiction in any 1-year period.

22 (6) REPORT.—Not later than December 31,
23 2011, the Attorney General shall submit to Congress
24 a report describing the applications submitted for
25 grants under this subsection, the award of such

1 grants, and the purposes for which the grant
2 amounts were expended.

3 (7) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

4 There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
5 this subsection \$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years
6 2010 and 2011.

7 **SEC. 5. GRANT PROGRAM.**

8 (a) AUTHORITY TO AWARD GRANTS.—The Office of
9 Justice Programs of the Department of Justice may
10 award grants, in accordance with such regulations as the
11 Attorney General may prescribe, to State, local, or Tribal
12 programs designed to combat hate crimes committed by
13 juveniles, including programs to train local law enforce-
14 ment officers in identifying, investigating, prosecuting,
15 and preventing hate crimes.

16 (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
17 are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be
18 necessary to carry out this section.

19 **SEC. 6. AUTHORIZATION FOR ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL TO**
20 **ASSIST STATE, LOCAL, AND TRIBAL LAW EN-**
21 **FORCEMENT.**

22 There are authorized to be appropriated to the De-
23 partment of Justice, including the Community Relations
24 Service, for fiscal years 2010, 2011, and 2012, such sums
25 as are necessary to increase the number of personnel to

1 prevent and respond to alleged violations of section 249
2 of title 18, United States Code, as added by section 7 of
3 this Act.

4 **SEC. 7. PROHIBITION OF CERTAIN HATE CRIME ACTS.**

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 13 of title 18, United
6 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
7 lowing:

8 **“§ 249. Hate crime acts**

9 “(a) IN GENERAL.—

10 “(1) OFFENSES INVOLVING ACTUAL OR PER-
11 CEIVED RACE, COLOR, RELIGION, OR NATIONAL ORI-
12 GIN.—Whoever, whether or not acting under color of
13 law, willfully causes bodily injury to any person or,
14 through the use of fire, a firearm, or an explosive or
15 incendiary device, attempts to cause bodily injury to
16 any person, because of the actual or perceived race,
17 color, religion, or national origin of any person—

18 “(A) shall be imprisoned not more than 10
19 years, fined in accordance with this title, or
20 both; and

21 “(B) shall be imprisoned for any term of
22 years or for life, fined in accordance with this
23 title, or both, if—

24 “(i) death results from the offense; or

1 “(ii) the offense includes kidnaping or
2 an attempt to kidnap, aggravated sexual
3 abuse or an attempt to commit aggravated
4 sexual abuse, or an attempt to kill.

5 “(2) OFFENSES INVOLVING ACTUAL OR PER-
6 CEIVED RELIGION, NATIONAL ORIGIN, GENDER, SEX-
7 UAL ORIENTATION, GENDER IDENTITY, OR DIS-
8 ABILITY.—

9 “(A) IN GENERAL.—Whoever, whether or
10 not acting under color of law, in any cir-
11 cumstance described in subparagraph (B), will-
12 fully causes bodily injury to any person or,
13 through the use of fire, a firearm, or an explo-
14 sive or incendiary device, attempts to cause
15 bodily injury to any person, because of the ac-
16 tual or perceived religion, national origin, gen-
17 der, sexual orientation, gender identity, or dis-
18 ability of any person—

19 “(i) shall be imprisoned not more
20 than 10 years, fined in accordance with
21 this title, or both; and

22 “(ii) shall be imprisoned for any term
23 of years or for life, fined in accordance
24 with this title, or both, if—

1 “(I) death results from the of-
2 fense; or

3 “(II) the offense includes kid-
4 naping or an attempt to kidnap, ag-
5 gravated sexual abuse or an attempt
6 to commit aggravated sexual abuse, or
7 an attempt to kill.

8 “(B) CIRCUMSTANCES DESCRIBED.—For
9 purposes of subparagraph (A), the cir-
10 cumstances described in this subparagraph are
11 that—

12 “(i) the conduct described in subpara-
13 graph (A) occurs during the course of, or
14 as the result of, the travel of the defendant
15 or the victim—

16 “(I) across a State line or na-
17 tional border; or

18 “(II) using a channel, facility, or
19 instrumentality of interstate or for-
20 eign commerce;

21 “(ii) the defendant uses a channel, fa-
22 cility, or instrumentality of interstate or
23 foreign commerce in connection with the
24 conduct described in subparagraph (A);

1 “(iii) in connection with the conduct
2 described in subparagraph (A), the defend-
3 ant employs a firearm, explosive or incen-
4 diary device, or other weapon that has
5 traveled in interstate or foreign commerce;
6 or

7 “(iv) the conduct described in sub-
8 paragraph (A)—

9 “(I) interferes with commercial
10 or other economic activity in which
11 the victim is engaged at the time of
12 the conduct; or

13 “(II) otherwise affects interstate
14 or foreign commerce.

15 “(b) CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENT.—No prosecu-
16 tion of any offense described in this subsection may be
17 undertaken by the United States, except under the certifi-
18 cation in writing of the Attorney General, the Deputy At-
19 torney General, the Associate Attorney General, or any
20 Assistant Attorney General specially designated by the At-
21 torney General that—

22 “(1) such certifying individual has reasonable
23 cause to believe that the actual or perceived race,
24 color, religion, national origin, gender, sexual ori-
25 entation, gender identity, or disability of any person

1 was a motivating factor underlying the alleged con-
2 duct of the defendant; and

3 “(2) such certifying individual has consulted
4 with State or local law enforcement officials regard-
5 ing the prosecution and determined that—

6 “(A) the State does not have jurisdiction
7 or does not intend to exercise jurisdiction;

8 “(B) the State has requested that the Fed-
9 eral Government assume jurisdiction;

10 “(C) the State does not object to the Fed-
11 eral Government assuming jurisdiction; or

12 “(D) the verdict or sentence obtained pur-
13 suant to State charges left demonstratively
14 unvindicated the Federal interest in eradicating
15 bias-motivated violence.

16 “(c) DEFINITIONS.—

17 “(1) In this section—

18 “(A) the term ‘explosive or incendiary de-
19 vice’ has the meaning given such term in sec-
20 tion 232 of this title; and

21 “(B) the term ‘firearm’ has the meaning
22 given such term in section 921(a) of this title.

23 “(2) For the purposes of this chapter, the term
24 ‘gender identity’ means actual or perceived gender-
25 related characteristics.

1 “(d) **RULE OF EVIDENCE.**—In a prosecution for an
2 offense under this section, evidence of expression or asso-
3 ciations of the defendant may not be introduced as sub-
4 stantive evidence at trial, unless the evidence specifically
5 relates to that offense. However, nothing in this section
6 affects the rules of evidence governing impeachment of a
7 witness.”.

8 (b) **TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENT.**—
9 The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 13 of
10 title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the
11 end the following new item:

“249. Hate crime acts.”.

12 **SEC. 8. STATISTICS.**

13 (a) **IN GENERAL.**—Subsection (b)(1) of the first sec-
14 tion of the Hate Crimes Statistics Act (28 U.S.C. 534
15 note) is amended by inserting “gender and gender iden-
16 tity,” after “race,”.

17 (b) **DATA.**—Subsection (b)(5) of the first section of
18 the Hate Crimes Statistics Act (28 U.S.C. 534 note) is
19 amended by inserting “, including data about crimes com-
20 mitted by, and crimes directed against, juveniles” after
21 “data acquired under this section”.

22 **SEC. 9. SEVERABILITY.**

23 If any provision of this Act, an amendment made by
24 this Act, or the application of such provision or amend-
25 ment to any person or circumstance is held to be unconsti-

1 tutional, the remainder of this Act, the amendments made
2 by this Act, and the application of the provisions of such
3 to any person or circumstance shall not be affected there-
4 by.

5 **SEC. 10. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.**

6 Nothing in this Act, or the amendments made by this
7 Act, shall be construed to prohibit any expressive conduct
8 protected from legal prohibition by, or any activities pro-
9 tected by the free speech or free exercise clauses of, the
10 First Amendment to the Constitution.

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