

118TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# H. R. 1059

To authorize notaries public to perform, and to establish minimum standards for, electronic notarizations and remote notarizations that occur in or affect interstate commerce, to require any Federal court to recognize notarizations performed by a notarial officer of any State, to require any State to recognize notarizations performed by a notarial officer of any other State when the notarization was performed under or relates to a public Act, record, or judicial proceeding of the notarial officer's State or when the notarization occurs in or affects interstate commerce, and for other purposes.

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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

FEBRUARY 17, 2023

Mr. ARMSTRONG (for himself, Ms. DEAN of Pennsylvania, Mr. RESCHENTHALER, Ms. VELÁZQUEZ, Mrs. BEATTY, Mr. EVANS, Mr. QUIGLEY, Mrs. KIM of California, Mrs. WAGNER, Ms. TOKUDA, Mr. KILMER, Ms. TITUS, Mr. GARBARINO, Ms. WEXTON, and Ms. ESCOBAR) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

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## A BILL

To authorize notaries public to perform, and to establish minimum standards for, electronic notarizations and remote notarizations that occur in or affect interstate commerce, to require any Federal court to recognize notarizations performed by a notarial officer of any State, to require any State to recognize notarizations performed by a notarial officer of any other State when

the notarization was performed under or relates to a public Act, record, or judicial proceeding of the notarial officer's State or when the notarization occurs in or affects interstate commerce, and for other purposes.

1       *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2       *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3       **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4       This Act may be cited as the "Securing and Enabling  
5       Commerce Using Remote and Electronic Notarization Act  
6       of 2023" or the "SECURE Notarization Act of 2023".

7       **SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.**

8       In this Act:

9               (1) COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY.—The term  
10          "communication technology", with respect to a nota-  
11          rization, means an electronic device or process that  
12          allows the notary public performing the notarization,  
13          a remotely located individual, and (if applicable) a  
14          credible witness to communicate with each other si-  
15          multaneously by sight and sound during the notari-  
16          zation.

17               (2) ELECTRONIC; ELECTRONIC RECORD; ELEC-  
18          TRONIC SIGNATURE; INFORMATION; PERSON;  
19          RECORD.—The terms "electronic", "electronic  
20          record", "electronic signature", "information", "per-  
21          son", and "record" have the meanings given those  
22          terms in section 106 of the Electronic Signatures in

1       Global and National Commerce Act (15 U.S.C.  
2       7006).

3                     (3) LAW.—The term “law” includes any stat-  
4       ute, regulation, rule, or rule of law.

5                     (4) NOTARIAL OFFICER.—The term “notarial  
6       officer” means—

7                         (A) a notary public; or  
8                         (B) any other individual authorized to per-  
9       form a notarization under the laws of a State  
10      without a commission or appointment as a no-  
11      tary public.

12                     (5) NOTARIAL OFFICER’S STATE; NOTARY PUB-  
13      LIC’S STATE.—The term “notarial officer’s State” or  
14      “notary public’s State” means the State in which a  
15      notarial officer, or a notary public, as applicable, is  
16      authorized to perform a notarization.

17                     (6) NOTARIZATION.—The term “notariza-  
18      tion”—

19                         (A) means any act that a notarial officer  
20      may perform under—

21                             (i) Federal law, including this Act; or  
22                             (ii) the laws of the notarial officer’s  
23      State; and

24                         (B) includes any act described in subpara-  
25      graph (A) and performed by a notarial officer—

- 1                             (i) with respect to—  
2                                 (I) a tangible record; or  
3                                 (II) an electronic record; and  
4                             (ii) for—  
5                                 (I) an individual in the physical  
6                                 presence of the notarial officer; or  
7                                 (II) a remotely located individual.

8                             (7) NOTARY PUBLIC.—The term “notary pub-  
9                                 lic” means an individual commissioned or appointed  
10                                 as a notary public to perform a notarization under  
11                                 the laws of a State.

12                             (8) PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE.—The term “per-  
13                                 sonal knowledge”, with respect to the identity of an  
14                                 individual, means knowledge of the identity of the  
15                                 individual through dealings sufficient to provide rea-  
16                                 sonable certainty that the individual has the identity  
17                                 claimed.

18                             (9) REMOTELY LOCATED INDIVIDUAL.—The  
19                                 term “remotely located individual”, with respect to  
20                                 a notarization, means an individual who is not in the  
21                                 physical presence of the notarial officer performing  
22                                 the notarization.

23                             (10) REQUIREMENT.—The term “requirement”  
24                                 includes a duty, a standard of care, and a prohibi-  
25                                 tion.

1                             (11) SIGNATURE.—The term “signature”  
2       means—

3                             (A) an electronic signature; or  
4                             (B) a tangible symbol executed or adopted  
5       by a person and evidencing the present intent  
6       to authenticate or adopt a record.

7                             (12) SIMULTANEOUSLY.—The term “simulta-  
8       neously”, with respect to a communication between  
9       parties—

10                          (A) means that each party communicates  
11       substantially simultaneously and without unre-  
12       asonable interruption or disconnection; and  
13                          (B) includes any reasonably short delay  
14       that is inherent in, or common with respect to,  
15       the method used for the communication.

16                          (13) STATE.—The term “State”—

17                          (A) means—  
18                             (i) any State of the United States;  
19                             (ii) the District of Columbia;  
20                             (iii) the Commonwealth of Puerto  
21       Rico;  
22                             (iv) any territory or possession of the  
23       United States; and  
24                             (v) any federally recognized Indian  
25       Tribe; and

1                         (B) includes any executive, legislative, or  
2                         judicial agency, court, department, board, of-  
3                         fice, clerk, recorder, register, registrar, commis-  
4                         sion, authority, institution, instrumentality,  
5                         county, municipality, or other political subdivi-  
6                         sion of an entity described in any of clauses (i)  
7                         through (v) of subparagraph (A).

8                         **SEC. 3. AUTHORIZATION TO PERFORM AND MINIMUM**  
9                         **STANDARDS FOR ELECTRONIC NOTARIZA-**  
10                         **TION.**

11                         (a) AUTHORIZATION.—Unless prohibited under sec-  
12                         tion 10, and subject to subsection (b), a notary public may  
13                         perform a notarization that occurs in or affects interstate  
14                         commerce with respect to an electronic record.

15                         (b) REQUIREMENTS OF ELECTRONIC NOTARIZA-  
16                         TION.—If a notary public performs a notarization under  
17                         subsection (a), the following requirements shall apply with  
18                         respect to the notarization:

19                         (1) The electronic signature of the notary pub-  
20                         lic, and all other information required to be included  
21                         under other applicable law, shall be attached to or  
22                         logically associated with the electronic record.

23                         (2) The electronic signature and other informa-  
24                         tion described in paragraph (1) shall be bound to  
25                         the electronic record in a manner that renders any

1        subsequent change or modification to the electronic  
2        record evident.

3 **SEC. 4. AUTHORIZATION TO PERFORM AND MINIMUM**  
4                      **STANDARDS FOR REMOTE NOTARIZATION.**

5        (a) **AUTHORIZATION.**—Unless prohibited under sec-  
6        tion 10, and subject to subsection (b), a notary public may  
7        perform a notarization that occurs in or affects interstate  
8        commerce for a remotely located individual.

9        (b) **REQUIREMENTS OF REMOTE NOTARIZATION.**—If  
10      a notary public performs a notarization under subsection  
11      (a), the following requirements shall apply with respect to  
12      the notarization:

13                  (1) The remotely located individual shall appear  
14      personally before the notary public at the time of the  
15      notarization by using communication technology.

16                  (2) The notary public shall—

17                      (A) reasonably identify the remotely lo-  
18      cated individual—

19                      (i) through personal knowledge of the  
20      identity of the remotely located individual;  
21      or

22                      (ii) by obtaining satisfactory evidence  
23      of the identity of the remotely located indi-  
24      vidual by—

- 1                                     (I) using not fewer than 2 dis-  
2                                     tinct types of processes or services  
3                                     through which a third person provides  
4                                     a means to verify the identity of the  
5                                     remotely located individual through a  
6                                     review of public or private data  
7                                     sources; or
- 8                                     (II) oath or affirmation of a  
9                                     credible witness who—
- 10                                    (aa)(AA) is in the physical  
11                                     presence of the notary public or  
12                                     the remotely located individual;  
13                                     or
- 14                                    (BB) appears personally be-  
15                                     fore the notary public and the re-  
16                                     motely located individual by  
17                                     using communication technology;
- 18                                    (bb) has personal knowledge  
19                                     of the identity of the remotely lo-  
20                                     cated individual; and
- 21                                    (cc) has been identified by  
22                                     the notary public in the same  
23                                     manner as specified for identi-  
24                                     fication of a remotely located in-

1                       dividual under clause (i) or sub-  
2                       clause (I) of this clause;

3                       (B) either directly or through an agent—

4                       (i) create an audio and visual record-  
5                       ing of the performance of the notarization;  
6                       and

7                       (ii) notwithstanding any resignation  
8                       from, or revocation, suspension, or termi-  
9                       nation of, the notary public's commission  
10                       or appointment, retain the recording cre-  
11                       ated under clause (i) as a notarial  
12                       record—

13                       (I) for a period of not less  
14                       than—

15                       (aa) if an applicable law of  
16                       the notary public's State specifies  
17                       a period of retention, the greater  
18                       of—

19                       (AA) that specified pe-  
20                       riod; or

21                       (BB) 5 years after the  
22                       date on which the recording  
23                       is created; or

24                       (bb) if no applicable law of  
25                       the notary public's State specifies

1                   a period of retention, 10 years  
2                   after the date on which the re-  
3                   cording is created; and

4                   (II) if any applicable law of the  
5                   notary public's State governs the con-  
6                   tent, manner or place of retention, se-  
7                   curity, use, effect, or disclosure of the  
8                   recording or any information con-  
9                   tained in the recording, in accordance  
10                  with that law; and

11                  (C) if the notarization is performed with  
12                  respect to a tangible or electronic record, take  
13                  reasonable steps to confirm that the record be-  
14                  fore the notary public is the same record with  
15                  respect to which the remotely located individual  
16                  made a statement or on which the individual ex-  
17                  ecuted a signature.

18                  (3) If a guardian, conservator, executor, per-  
19                  sonal representative, administrator, or similar fidu-  
20                  ciary or successor is appointed for or on behalf of  
21                  a notary public or a deceased notary public under  
22                  applicable law, that person shall retain the recording  
23                  under paragraph (2)(B)(ii), unless—

1                             (A) another person is obligated to retain  
2                             the recording under applicable law of the notary  
3                             public's State; or

4                             (B)(i) under applicable law of the notary  
5                             public's State, that person may transmit the re-  
6                             cording to an office, archive, or repository ap-  
7                             proved or designated by the State; and

8                             (ii) that person transmits the recording to  
9                             the office, archive, or repository described in  
10                            clause (i) in accordance with applicable law of  
11                            the notary public's State.

12                           (4) If the remotely located individual is phys-  
13                             ically located outside the geographic boundaries of a  
14                             State, or is otherwise physically located in a location  
15                             that is not subject to the jurisdiction of the United  
16                             States, at the time of the notarization—

17                             (A) the record shall—

18                                 (i) be intended for filing with, or re-  
19                             late to a matter before, a court, govern-  
20                             mental entity, public official, or other enti-  
21                             ty that is subject to the jurisdiction of the  
22                             United States; or

23                                 (ii) involve property located in the ter-  
24                             itorial jurisdiction of the United States or

1           a transaction substantially connected to  
2           the United States; and

3           (B) the act of making the statement or  
4           signing the record may not be prohibited by a  
5           law of the jurisdiction in which the individual is  
6           physically located.

7       (c) PERSONAL APPEARANCE SATISFIED.—If a State  
8   or Federal law requires an individual to appear personally  
9   before or be in the physical presence of a notary public  
10   at the time of a notarization, that requirement shall be  
11   considered to be satisfied if—

12           (1) the individual—

13           (A) is a remotely located individual; and  
14           (B) appears personally before the notary  
15           public at the time of the notarization by using  
16           communication technology; and

17           (2)(A) the notarization was performed under or  
18   relates to a public act, record, or judicial proceeding  
19   of the notary public's State; or

20           (B) the notarization occurs in or affects inter-  
21   state commerce.

22   **SEC. 5. RECOGNITION OF NOTARIZATIONS IN FEDERAL**  
23           **COURT.**

24       (a) RECOGNITION OF VALIDITY.—Each court of the  
25   United States shall recognize as valid under the State or

1 Federal law applicable in a judicial proceeding before the  
2 court any notarization performed by a notarial officer of  
3 any State if the notarization is valid under the laws of  
4 the notarial officer's State or under this Act.

5 (b) LEGAL EFFECT OF RECOGNIZED NOTARIZA-  
6 TION.—A notarization recognized under subsection (a)  
7 shall have the same effect under the State or Federal law  
8 applicable in the applicable judicial proceeding as if that  
9 notarization was validly performed—

10 (1)(A) by a notarial officer of the State, the law  
11 of which is applicable in the proceeding; or

12 (B) under this Act or other Federal law; and

13 (2) without regard to whether the notarization  
14 was performed—

15 (A) with respect to—

16 (i) a tangible record; or

17 (ii) an electronic record; or

18 (B) for—

19 (i) an individual in the physical pres-  
20 ence of the notarial officer; or

21 (ii) a remotely located individual.

22 (c) PRESUMPTION OF GENUINENESS.—In a deter-  
23 mination of the validity of a notarization for the purposes  
24 of subsection (a), the signature and title of an individual  
25 performing the notarization shall be prima facie evidence

1 in any court of the United States that the signature of  
2 the individual is genuine and that the individual holds the  
3 designated title.

4 (d) CONCLUSIVE EVIDENCE OF AUTHORITY.—In a  
5 determination of the validity of a notarization for the pur-  
6 poses of subsection (a), the signature and title of the fol-  
7 lowing notarial officers of a State shall conclusively estab-  
8 lish the authority of the officer to perform the notariza-  
9 tion:

- 10 (1) A notary public of that State.  
11 (2) A judge, clerk, or deputy clerk of a court  
12 of that State.

13 **SEC. 6. RECOGNITION BY STATE OF NOTARIZATIONS PER-**  
14 **FORMED UNDER AUTHORITY OF ANOTHER**  
15 **STATE.**

16 (a) RECOGNITION OF VALIDITY.—Each State shall  
17 recognize as valid under the laws of that State any notari-  
18 zation performed by a notarial officer of any other State  
19 if—

- 20 (1) the notarization is valid under the laws of  
21 the notarial officer's State or under this Act; and  
22 (2)(A) the notarization was performed under or  
23 relates to a public act, record, or judicial proceeding  
24 of the notarial officer's State; or

1                   (B) the notarization occurs in or affects inter-  
2                   state commerce.

3                   (b) **LEGAL EFFECT OF RECOGNIZED NOTARIZA-**  
4 **TION.**—A notarization recognized under subsection (a)  
5 shall have the same effect under the laws of the recog-  
6 nizing State as if that notarization was validly performed  
7 by a notarial officer of the recognizing State, without re-  
8 gard to whether the notarization was performed—

9                   (1) with respect to—

10                  (A) a tangible record; or

11                  (B) an electronic record; or

12                  (2) for—

13                  (A) an individual in the physical presence  
14                  of the notarial officer; or

15                  (B) a remotely located individual.

16                  (c) **PRESUMPTION OF GENUINENESS.**—In a deter-  
17 mination of the validity of a notarization for the purposes  
18 of subsection (a), the signature and title of an individual  
19 performing a notarization shall be *prima facie* evidence in  
20 any State court or judicial proceeding that the signature  
21 is genuine and that the individual holds the designated  
22 title.

23                  (d) **CONCLUSIVE EVIDENCE OF AUTHORITY.**—In a  
24 determination of the validity of a notarization for the pur-  
25 poses of subsection (a), the signature and title of the fol-

1 lowing notarial officers of a State shall conclusively estab-  
2 lish the authority of the officer to perform the notariza-  
3 tion:

- 4 (1) A notary public of that State.  
5 (2) A judge, clerk, or deputy clerk of a court  
6 of that State.

7 **SEC. 7. ELECTRONIC AND REMOTE NOTARIZATION NOT RE-**  
8 **QUIRED.**

9 Nothing in this Act may be construed to require a  
10 notary public to perform a notarization—  
11 (1) with respect to an electronic record;  
12 (2) for a remotely located individual; or  
13 (3) using a technology that the notary public  
14 has not selected.

15 **SEC. 8. VALIDITY OF NOTARIZATIONS; RIGHTS OF AG-**  
16 **GRIEVED PERSONS NOT AFFECTED; STATE**  
17 **LAWS ON THE PRACTICE OF LAW NOT AF-**  
18 **FECTED.**

19 (a) **VALIDITY NOT AFFECTED.**—The failure of a no-  
20 tary public to meet a requirement under section 3 or 4  
21 in the performance of a notarization, or the failure of a  
22 notarization to conform to a requirement under section 3  
23 or 4, shall not invalidate or impair the validity or recogni-  
24 tion of the notarization.

1       (b) RIGHTS OF AGGRIEVED PERSONS.—The validity  
2 and recognition of a notarization under this Act may not  
3 be construed to prevent an aggrieved person from seeking  
4 to invalidate a record or transaction that is the subject  
5 of a notarization or from seeking other remedies based on  
6 State or Federal law other than this Act for any reason  
7 not specified in this Act, including on the basis—

- 8              (1) that a person did not, with present intent  
9 to authenticate or adopt a record, execute a signa-  
10 ture on the record;
- 11             (2) that an individual was incompetent, lacked  
12 authority or capacity to authenticate or adopt a  
13 record, or did not knowingly and voluntarily authen-  
14 ticate or adopt a record; or
- 15             (3) of fraud, forgery, mistake, misrepresenta-  
16 tion, impersonation, duress, undue influence, or  
17 other invalidating cause.

18       (c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this Act  
19 may be construed to affect a State law governing, author-  
20 izing, or prohibiting the practice of law.

21 **SEC. 9. EXCEPTION TO PREEMPTION.**

22       (a) IN GENERAL.—A State law may modify, limit, or  
23 supersede the provisions of section 3, or subsection (a) or  
24 (b) of section 4, with respect to State law only if that State  
25 law—

1                   (1) either—

2                   (A) constitutes an enactment or adoption  
3                   of the Revised Uniform Law on Notarial Acts,  
4                   as approved and recommended for enactment in  
5                   all the States by the National Conference of  
6                   Commissioners on Uniform State Laws in 2018  
7                   or the Revised Uniform Law on Notarial Acts,  
8                   as approved and recommended for enactment in  
9                   all the States by the National Conference of  
10                  Commissioners on Uniform State Laws in  
11                  2021, except that a modification to such Law  
12                  enacted or adopted by a State shall be pre-  
13                  empted to the extent such modification—

14                  (i) is inconsistent with a provision of  
15                  section 3 or subsection (a) or (b) of section  
16                  4, as applicable; or

17                  (ii) would not be permitted under sub-  
18                  paragraph (B); or

19                  (B) specifies additional or alternative pro-  
20                  cedures or requirements for the performance of  
21                  notarizations with respect to electronic records  
22                  or for remotely located individuals, if those ad-  
23                  ditional or alternative procedures or require-  
24                  ments—

1                             (i) are consistent with section 3 and  
2                             subsections (a) and (b) of section 4; and

3                             (ii) do not accord greater legal effect  
4                             to the implementation or application of a  
5                             specific technology or technical specifica-  
6                             tion for performing those notarizations;  
7                             and

8                             (2) requires the retention of an audio and vis-  
9                             ual recording of the performance of a notarization  
10                             for a remotely located individual for a period of not  
11                             less than 5 years after the recording is created.

12                             (b) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in section 5  
13                             or 6 may be construed to preclude the recognition of a  
14                             notarization under applicable State law, regardless of  
15                             whether such State law is consistent with section 5 or 6.

16                             **SEC. 10. STANDARD OF CARE; SPECIAL NOTARIAL COMMIS-**  
17                             **SIONS.**

18                             (a) STATE STANDARDS OF CARE; AUTHORITY OF  
19                             STATE REGULATORY OFFICIALS.—Nothing in this Act  
20                             may be construed to prevent a State, or a notarial regu-  
21                             latory official of a State, from—

22                             (1) adopting a requirement in this Act as a  
23                             duty or standard of care under the laws of that  
24                             State or sanctioning a notary public for breach of  
25                             such a duty or standard of care;

1                         (2) establishing requirements and qualifications  
2                         for, or denying, refusing to renew, revoking, sus-  
3                         pending, or imposing a condition on, a commission  
4                         or appointment as a notary public;

5                         (3) creating or designating a class or type of  
6                         commission or appointment, or requiring an endorse-  
7                         ment or other authorization to be received by a no-  
8                         tary public, as a condition on the authority to per-  
9                         form notarizations with respect to electronic records  
10                         or for remotely located individuals; or

11                         (4) prohibiting a notary public from performing  
12                         a notarization under section 3 or 4 as a sanction for  
13                         a breach of duty or standard of care or for official  
14                         misconduct.

15                         (b) SPECIAL COMMISSIONS OR AUTHORIZATIONS  
16                         CREATED BY A STATE; SANCTION FOR BREACH OR OFFI-  
17                         CIAL MISCONDUCT.—A notary public may not perform a  
18                         notarization under section 3 or 4 if—

19                         (1)(A) the notary public's State has enacted a  
20                         law that creates or designates a class or type of  
21                         commission or appointment, or requires an endorse-  
22                         ment or other authorization to be received by a no-  
23                         tary public, as a condition on the authority to per-  
24                         form notarizations with respect to electronic records  
25                         or for remotely located individuals; and

1                   (B) the commission or appointment of the no-  
2                   tary public is not of the class or type or the notary  
3                   public has not received the endorsement or other au-  
4                   thorization; or  
5                   (2) the notarial regulatory official of the notary  
6                   public's State has prohibited the notary public from  
7                   performing the notarization as a sanction for a  
8                   breach of duty or standard of care or for official  
9                   misconduct.

10 **SEC. 11. SEVERABILITY.**

11                  If any provision of this Act or the application of such  
12 provision to any person or circumstance is held to be in-  
13 valid or unconstitutional, the remainder of this Act and  
14 the application of the provisions thereof to other persons  
15 or circumstances shall not be affected by that holding.

