

SENATE BILL 2230

By Norris

AN ACT to amend Tennessee Code Annotated, Title 39,
Chapter 17, Part 4, relative to the scheduling of
controlled substances.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF TENNESSEE:

SECTION 1. Tennessee Code Annotated, Section 39-17-406, is amended by deleting the section in its entirety and substituting instead the following:

39-17-406

(a) Schedule I consists of the drugs and other substances, by whatever official name, common or usual name, chemical name, or brand name designated, listed in this section.

(b) Opiates, unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, means any of the following opiates, including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts and salts of isomers, esters, and ethers, whenever the existence of such isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible within the specific chemical designation. For the purposes of subparagraph (b)(34) only, the term isomer includes the optical and geometric isomers.

(1) Acetyl-alpha-methylfentanyl (N-[1-(1-methyl-2-phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylacetamide);

(2) Acetylmethadol;

(3) Allylprodine;

(4) Alphacetylmethadol (except levo-alphacetylmethadol also known as levo-alpha-acetylmethadol; levomethadyl acetate; or LAAM);

(5) Alphameprodine;

(6) Alphamethadol;

(7) Alpha-methylfentanyl (N-[1-(alpha-methyl-beta-phenyl)ethyl-4-piperidyl]propionanilide; 1-(1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)-4-(N-propanilido)piperidine;

(8) Alpha-methylthiofentanyl (N-[1-methyl-2-(2-thienyl) ethyl-4-piperidiny]-N-phenylpropanamide);

(9) Benzethidine;

(10) Betacetylmethadol;

(11) Beta-hydroxyfentanyl (N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenethyl)-4-piperidiny]-N-phenylpropanamide;

(12) Beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl

Other names: N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenethyl)-3-methyl-4-piperidiny]-N-phenylpropanamide;

(13) Betameprodine;

(14) Betamethadol;

(15) Betaprodine;

(16) Clonitazene;

(17) Dextromoramide;

(18) Diampromide;

(19) Diethylthiambutene;

(20) Difenoxyin;

(21) Dimenoxadol;

(22) Dimepheptanol;

(23) Dimethylthiambutene;

(24) Dioxaphetyl butyrate;

(25) Dipipanone;

(26) Ethylmethylthiambutene;

- (27) Etonitazene;
- (28) Etoxidine;
- (29) Furethidine;
- (30) Hydroxypethidine;
- (31) Ketobemidone;
- (32) Levomoramide;
- (33) Levophenacilmorphan;
- (34) 3-Methylfentanyl (N-[3-methyl-1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
- (35) 3-Methylthiofentanyl (N-[(3-methyl-1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
- (36) Morpheridine;
- (37) MPPP (1-methyl-4-phenyl-4-propionoxypiperidine);
- (38) Noracymethadol;
- (39) Norlevorphanol;
- (40) Normethadone;
- (41) Norpipanone;
- (42) Para-fluorofentanyl (N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenethyl)-4-piperidyl] propanamide);
- (43) PEPAP (1-(2-phenethyl)-4-phenyl-4-acetoxypiperidine);
- (44) Phenadoxone;
- (45) Phenampromide;
- (46) Phenomorphan;
- (47) Phenoperidine;
- (48) Piritramide;

(49) Proheptazine;

(50) Properidine;

(51) Propiram;

(52) Racemoramide;

(53) Thiofentanyl (N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidiny]-propanamide);

(54) Tilidine; or

(55) Trimeperidine.

(c) Opium derivatives, unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, means any of the following opium derivatives, its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of the salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:

(1) Acetorphine;

(2) Acetyldihydrocodeine;

(3) Benzylmorphine;

(4) Codeine methylbromide;

(5) Codeine-N-Oxide;

(6) Cyprenorphine;

(7) Desomorphine;

(8) Dihydromorphine;

(9) Drotebanol;

(10) Etorphine (except hydrochloride salt);

(11) Heroin;

(12) Hydromorphanol;

(13) Methyldesorphine;

- (14) Methyldihydromorphine;
- (15) Morphine methylbromide;
- (16) Morphine methylsulfonate;
- (17) Morphine-N-Oxide;
- (18) Myrophine;
- (19) Nicocodeine;
- (20) Nicomorphine;
- (21) Normorphine;
- (22) Pholcodine; or
- (23) Thebacon.

(d) Hallucinogenic substances, unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, means any material, compound mixture, or preparation, which contains any quantity of the following hallucinogenic substances, or which contains any of its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of the salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specified chemical designation. For purposes of this subsection (d) only, "isomer" includes the optical, positional and geometric isomers:

(1) Alpha-ethyltryptamine

Other names: etryptamine; Monase; alpha-ethyl-1H-indole-3-ethanamine; 3-(2-aminobutyl) indole; alpha-ET; AET;

(2) 4-Bromo-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine

Other names: 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-alpha-methylphenethylamine; 4-bromo-2,5-DMA;

(3) 4-Bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine

Other names: 2-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1-aminoethane; alpha-desmethyl DOB; 2C-B; Nexus;

(4) 2,5-Dimethoxyamphetamine

Other names: 2,5 dimethoxy-alpha-methylphenethylamine; 2,5-DMA;

(5) 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-ethylamphetamine

Other name: DOET;

(6) 2,5 Dimethoxy-4-(n)-propylthiophenethylamine

Other name: 2C-T-7;

(7) 4-Methoxyamphetamine

Other names: 4-methoxy-alpha-methylphenethylamine;

paramethoxyamphetamine (PMA);

(8) 5-Methoxy-3,4-methylenedioxyamphetamine;

(9) 4-Methyl-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine

Other names: 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy-alpha-methylphenethylamine;

DOM; STP;

(10) 3,4-Methylenedioxyamphetamine;

(11) 3,4-Methylenedioxymethamphetamine

Other name: MDMA;

(12) 3,4-Methylenedioxy-N-ethylamphetamine

Other names: N-ethyl-alpha-methyl 3,4(methylenedioxy)phenethylamine; N-ethyl

MDA; MDE; MDEA;

(13) N-hydroxy-3,4-methylenedioxyamphetamine

Other names: N-hydroxy-alpha-methyl-3,4 (methylenedioxy) phenethylamine; N-

hydroxy MDA;

(14) 3,4,5-Trimethoxyamphetamine;

(15) 5-Methoxy-N,N-dimethyltryptamine

Other names: 5-methoxy-3-[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]indole; 5-MeO-DMT;

(16) Alpha-methyltryptamine

Other name: AMT;

(17) Bufotenine

Other names: 3-(beta-dimethylaminoethyl)-5-hydroxyindole; 3-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)-5-indolol; N, N-dimethylserotonin; 5-hydroxy-N,N-dimethyltryptamine; mappine;

(18) Diethyltryptamine

Other names: N, N-Diethyltryptamine; DET;

(19) Dimethyltryptamine

Other names: DMT;

(20) 5-Methoxy-N, N-diisopropyltryptamine

Other name: 5-MeO-DIPT;

(21) Ibogaine

Other names: 7-Ethyl-6,6 beta,7,8,9,10,12,13 octahydro-2-methoxy-6,9-methano-5H-pyrido [1', 2':1,2] azepino [5,4-b] indole; Tabernanthe iboga;

(22) Lysergic acid diethylamide;

(23) Mescaline;

(24) Parahexyl

Other names: 3-Hexyl-1-hydroxy-7,8,9,10-tetrahydro-6,6,9-trimethyl-6H-dibenzo[b,d] pyran; Synhexyl;

(25) Peyote: Meaning all parts of the plant presently classified botanically as *Lophophora williamsii* Lemaire, whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, any extract from any part of such plant, and every compound,

manufacture, salts, derivative, mixture, or preparation of such plant, its seeds or extracts;

(26) N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;

(27) N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;

(28) Psilocybin;

(29) Psilocyn;

(30) Ethylamine analog of phencyclidine

Other names: N-ethyl-1-phenylcyclohexylamine; (1-phenylcyclohexyl)ethylamine;

N-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)ethylamine; cyclohexamine; PCE;

(31) Pyrrolidine analog of phencyclidine

Other names: 1-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)-pyrrolidine; PCPy; PHP;

(32) Thiophene analog of phencyclidine

Other names: 1-[1-(2-thienyl)-cyclohexyl]-piperidine; 2-thienylanalog of phencyclidine; TPCP; TCP; or

(33) 1-[1-(2-Thienyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidine

Other names: TCPy.

(e) Depressants, unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, means any material, compound, mixture, or preparation that contains any quantity of the following substances having a depressant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of the salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specified chemical designation:

(1) Gamma-hydroxybutyric acid

Other names: GHB; gamma-hydroxybutyrate; 4-hydroxybutyrate; 4-hydroxybutanoic acid; sodium oxybate; sodium oxybutyrate;

(2) Mecloqualone; or

(3) Methaqualone.

(f) Stimulants, unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, means any material, compound, mixture, or preparation that contains any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers:

(1) Aminorex

Other names: aminoxaphen; 2-amino-5-phenyl-2-oxazoline; 4,5-dihydro-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine;

(2) N-benzylpiperazine

Other names: BZP, 1-benzylpiperazine;

(3) Cathinone

Other names: 2-amino-1-phenyl-1-propanone; alpha-aminopropiophenone; 2-aminopropiophenone; norphedrone;

(4) Fenethylamine;

(5) Methcathinone

Other names: 2-(methylamino)-propionophenone; alpha-(methylamino) propionophenone; 2-(methylamino)-1-phenylpropan-1-one; alpha-N-methylaminopropiophenone; monomethylpropion; ephedrone; N-methylcathinone; methylcathinone; AL-464; AL-422; AL-463; UR 1432; its salts, optical isomers and salts of optical isomers;

(6) (+/-) cis-4-Methylaminorex

Other names: (+/-)cis-4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine;

(7) N-ethylamphetamine; or

(8) N, N-dimethylamphetamine

Other names: N, N-alpha-trimethyl-benzeneethanamine; N, N-alpha-trimethylphenethylamine.

SECTION 2. Tennessee Code Annotated, Section 39-17-408, is amended by deleting the section in its entirety and substituting instead the following:

39-17-408

(a) Schedule II shall consist of the drugs and other substances, by whatever official name, common or usual name, chemical name, or brand name designated, listed in this section.

(b) Substances, vegetable origin or chemical synthesis, unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, means any of the following substances whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:

(1) Opium and opiate, and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of opium or opiate, excluding apomorphine, thebaine-derived butorphanol, dextrorphan, nalbuphine, nalmefene, naloxone, and naltrexone, and their respective salts, but including the following:

- (A) Codeine;
- (B) Dihydroetorphine;
- (C) Ethylmorphine;
- (D) Etorphine hydrochloride;
- (E) Granulated opium;
- (F) Hydrocodone;
- (G) Hydromorphone;
- (H) Metopon;

- (I) Morphine;
- (J) Opium extracts;
- (K) Opium fluid;
- (L) Oripavine;
- (M) Oxycodone;
- (N) Oxymorphone;
- (O) Powdered opium;
- (P) Raw opium;
- (Q) Thebaine; or
- (R) Tincture of opium.

(2) Any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation thereof that is chemically equivalent or identical with any of the substances referred to in subdivision (b)(1) in this section, except that these substances shall not include the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium;

(3) Opium poppy and poppy straw;

(4) Coca leaves and any salt, compound, derivative or preparation of coca leaves (including cocaine and ecgonine and their salts, isomers, derivatives and salts of isomers and derivatives), and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent or identical with any of these substances, except that the substances shall not include decocainized coca leaves or extraction of coca leaves, which extractions do not contain cocaine or ecgonine; or

(5) Concentrate of poppy straw (the crude extract of poppy straw in either liquid, solid or powder form that contains the phenanthrene alkaloids of the opium poppy).

(c) Opiates, unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, means any of the following opiates, including its isomers, esters, ethers, salts and salts of isomers, esters and ethers whenever the existence of such isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible within the specific chemical designation, dextropropoxyphene and levopropoxyphene excepted:

- (1) Alfentanil;
- (2) Alphaprodine;
- (3) Anileridine;
- (4) Bezitramide;
- (5) Bulk Dextropropoxyphene (non-dosage forms);
- (6) Carfentanil;
- (7) Dihydrocodeine;
- (8) Diphenoxylate;
- (9) Fentanyl;
- (10) Isomethadone;
- (11) Levo-alpha-acetylmethadol

Other names: Levo-alpha-acetylmethadol; levomethadyl; LAAM;

- (12) Levomethorphan;
- (13) Levorphanol;
- (14) Metazocine;
- (15) Methadone;
- (16) Methadone-Intermediate, 4-cyano-2-dimethylamino-4,4-diphenyl butane;
- (17) Moramide-Intermediate, 2-methyl-3-morpholino-1, 1-diphenylpropane-carboxylic acid;

- (18) Pethidine (meperidine);
- (19) Pethidine-Intermediate-A, 4-cyano-1-methyl-4-phenylpiperidine;
- (20) Pethidine-Intermediate-B, ethyl-4-phenylpiperidine-4-carboxylate;
- (21) Pethidine-Intermediate-C, 1-methyl-4-phenylpiperidine-4-carboxylic acid;
- (22) Phenazocine;
- (23) Piminodine;
- (24) Racemethorphan;
- (25) Racemorphan;
- (26) Remifentanil;
- (27) Sufentanil; or
- (28) Tapentadol.

(d) Stimulants, unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, means any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system:

- (1) Amphetamine, its salts, optical isomers, and salts of its optical isomers;
- (2) Methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of its isomers;
- (3) Phenmetrazine and its salts;
- (4) Methylphenidate; or
- (5) Lisdexamfetamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of its isomers.

(e) Depressants, unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, means any material, compound, mixture, or preparation that contains any quantity of the following substances having a depressant effect on the central nervous

system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:

- (1) Amobarbital;
- (2) Glutethimide;
- (3) Pentobarbital;
- (4) Phencyclidine; or
- (5) Secobarbital.

(f) Hallucinogenic substances.

- (1) Nabilone

Other names: (+/-)-trans-3-(1,1-dimethylheptyl)-6,6a,7,8,10,10a-hexahydro-1-hydroxy-6,6-dimethyl-9H-dibenzo[b,d]pyran-9-one].

(g) Immediate precursors, unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, means any material, compound, mixture or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances:

(1) Immediate precursor to amphetamine and methamphetamine:

- (A) Phenylacetone

Other names: phenyl-2-propanone; P2P; benzyl methyl ketone; methyl benzyl ketone;

(2) Immediate precursors to phencyclidine (PCP):

- (A) 1-phenylcyclohexylamine;
- (B) 1-piperidinocyclohexanecarbonitrile (PCC); or

(3) Immediate precursor to fentanyl:

- (A) 4-anilino-N-phenethyl-4-piperidine (ANPP).

SECTION 3. Tennessee Code Annotated, Section 39-17-410, is amended by deleting the section in its entirety and substituting instead the following:

39-17-410

(a) Schedule III shall consist of the drugs and other substances, by whatever official name, common or usual name, chemical name, or brand name designated, listed in this section.

(b) Stimulants, unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, means any material, compound, mixture, or preparation that contains any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers (whether optical, positional or geometric), and salts of such isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:

(1) Those compounds, mixtures, or preparations in dosage unit form containing any stimulant substances listed in Schedule II, which compounds, mixtures, or preparations were listed on August 25, 1971, as excepted compounds under 21 CFR 1308.32, and any other drug of the quantitative composition shown in that list for those drugs or which is the same except that it contains a lesser quantity of controlled substances;

(2) Benzphetamine;

(3) Chlorphentermine;

(4) Clortermine; or

(5) Phendimetrazine.

(c) Depressants, unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, means any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a depressant effect on the central nervous system:

(1) Any compound, mixture, or preparation containing:

- (A) Amobarbital;
- (B) Secobarbital;
- (C) Pentobarbital;

or any salt thereof and one or more other active medicinal ingredients that are not listed in any schedule;

(2) Any suppository dosage form containing:

- (A) Amobarbital;
- (B) Secobarbital;
- (C) Pentobarbital;

or any salt of any of these drugs and approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for marketing only as a suppository;

(3) Any substance that contains any quantity of a derivative of barbituric acid or any salt thereof;

- (A) Aprobarbital;
- (B) Butabarbital (secbutabarbital);
- (C) Butalbital;
- (D) Butobarbital (butethal);
- (E) Talbutal;
- (F) Thiamylal;
- (G) Thiopental; or
- (H) Vinbarbital.

(4) Chlorhexadol;

(5) Embutramide;

(6) Gamma hydroxybutyric acid preparations. Any drug product containing gamma hydroxybutyric acid, including its salts, isomers, and salts of

isomers, for which an application is approved under section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act;

(7) Ketamine, its salts, isomers, and salts

Other name: (\pm) -2-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-(methylamino)-cyclohexanone;

(8) Lysergic acid;

(9) Lysergic acid amide;

(10) Methyprylon;

(11) Sulfondiethylmethane;

(12) Sulfonethylmethane;

(13) Sulfonmethane; or

(14) Tiletamine and zolazepam or any salt of tiletamine or zolazepam:

(A) Other name for a tiletamine-zolazepam combination product:

Telazol®;

(B) Other name for tiletamine: 2-(ethylamino)-2-(2-thienyl)-cyclohexanone; and

(C) Other names for zolazepam: 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6,8-dihydro-1,3,8-trimethylpyrazolo-[3,4-e] [1,4]-diazepin-7(1H)-one; flupyrazapon;

(d) Nalorphine.

(e) Narcotic drugs, unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, means:

(1) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any of the following narcotic drugs, or their salts calculated as the free anhydrous base or alkaloid, in limited quantities as set forth below:

(A) Not more than 1.8 grams of codeine per 100 milliliters or not more than 90 milligrams per dosage unit, with an equal or greater quantity of an isoquinoline alkaloid of opium;

(B) Not more than 1.8 grams of codeine per 100 milliliters or not more than 90 milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts;

(C) Not more than 300 milligrams of dihydrocodeinone (hydrocodone) per 100 milliliters or not more than 15 milligrams per dosage unit, with a fourfold or greater quantity of an isoquinoline alkaloid of opium;

(D) Not more than 300 milligrams of dihydrocodeinone (hydrocodone) per 100 milliliters or not more than 15 milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts;

(E) Not more than 1.8 grams of dihydrocodeine per 100 milliliters or not more than 90 milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts;

(F) Not more than 300 milligrams of ethylmorphine per 100 milliliters or not more than 15 milligrams per dosage unit with one or more active nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts;

(G) Not more than 500 milligrams of opium per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams or not more than 25 milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts;

(H) Not more than 50 milligrams of morphine per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams, with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts.

(2) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any of the following narcotic drugs or their salts:

(A) Buprenorphine.

(f) Anabolic steroids, unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, means any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any quantity of the following substances, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:

(1) Anabolic steroids:

(A) 3[beta],17-dihydroxy-5a-androstane;

(B) 3[alpha],17[beta]-dihydroxy-5a-androstane;

(C) 5[alpha]-androstan-3,17-dione;

(D) 1-androstenediol (3[beta],17[beta]-dihydroxy-5[alpha]-androst-1-ene);

(E) 1-androstenediol (3[alpha],17[beta]-dihydroxy-5[alpha]-androst-1-ene);

(F) 4-androstenediol (3[beta],17[beta]-dihydroxy-androst-4-ene);

(G) 5-androstenediol (3[beta],17[beta]-dihydroxy-androst-5-ene);

(H) 1-androstenedione ([5[alpha]]-androst-1-en-3,17-dione);

(I) 4-androstenedione (androst-4-en-3,17-dione);

(J) 5-androstenedione (androst-5-en-3,17-dione);

(K) Bolasterone (7[alpha],17[alpha]-dimethyl-17[beta]-hydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one);

(L) Boldenone (17[beta]-hydroxyandrost-1,4,-diene-3-one);

(M) Boldione (androsta-1,4-diene-3,17-dione);

(N) Calusterone (7[beta],17[alpha]-dimethyl-17[beta]-hydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one);

(O) Clostebol (4-chloro-17[beta]-hydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one)

Other name: Chlorotestosterone;

(P) Dehydrochloromethyltestosterone (4-chloro-17[beta]-hydroxy-17[alpha]-methyl-androst-1,4-dien-3-one);

(Q) [Delta]1-dihydrotestosterone (17[beta]-hydroxy-5[alpha]-androst-1-en-3-one);

(R) 4-dihydrotestosterone (17[beta]-hydroxy-androstan-3-one)

Other name: Stanolone;

(S) Drostanolone (17[beta]-hydroxy-2[alpha]-methyl-5[alpha]-androstan-3-one);

(T) Ethylestrenol (17[alpha]-ethyl-17[beta]-hydroxyestr-4-ene);

(U) Fluoxymesterone (9-fluoro-17[alpha]-methyl-11[beta],17[beta]-dihydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one);

(V) Formebolone (2-formyl-17[alpha]-methyl-11[alpha],17[beta]-dihydroxyandrost-1,4-dien-3-one);

(W) Furazabol (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-hydroxyandrostano[2,3-c]-furazan);

(X) 13[beta]-ethyl-17[beta]-hydroxygon-4-en-3-one;

(Y) 4-hydroxytestosterone (4,17[beta]-dihydroxy-androst-4-en-3-one);

(Z) 4-hydroxy-19-nortestosterone (4,17[beta]-dihydroxy-estr-4-en-3-one);

(AA) Desoxymethyltestosterone (17[alpha]-methyl-5[alpha]-androst-2-en-17[beta]-ol);

(BB) Mestanolone (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-hydroxy-5-androstan-3-one);

(CC) Mesterolone (1[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-hydroxy-[5[alpha]]-androstan-3-one);

(DD) Methandienone (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-hydroxyandrost-1,4-dien-3-one);

(EE) Methandriol (17[alpha]-methyl-3[beta],17[beta]-dihydroxyandrost-5-ene);

(FF) Methenolone (1-methyl-17[beta]-hydroxy-5[alpha]-androst-1-en-3-one);

(GG) 17[alpha]-methyl-3[beta], 17[beta]-dihydroxy-5a-androstane;

(HH) 17[alpha]-methyl-3[alpha], 17[beta]-dihydroxy-5a-androstane;

(II) 17[alpha]-methyl-3[beta], 17[beta]-dihydroxyandrost-4-ene;

(JJ) 17[alpha]-methyl-4-hydroxynandrolone (17[alpha]-methyl-4-hydroxy-17[beta]-hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one);

(KK) Methyldienolone (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-hydroxyestra-4,9(10)-dien-3-one);

(LL) Methyltrienolone (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-hydroxyestra-4,9-11-trien-3-one);

(MM) Methyltestosterone (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-hydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one);

(NN) Mibolerone (7[alpha],17[alpha]-dimethyl-17[beta]-hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one);

(OO) 17[alpha]-methyl-[Delta]1-dihydrotestosterone (17[beta]-hydroxy-17[alpha]-methyl-5[alpha]-androst-1-en-3-one) (a.k.a. '17-[alpha]-methyl-1-testosterone');

(PP) Nandrolone (17[beta]-hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one);

(QQ) 19-nor-4-androstenediol (3[beta],17[beta]-dihydroxyestr-4-ene);

(RR) 19-nor-4-androstenediol (3[alpha],17[beta]-dihydroxyestr-4-ene);

(SS) 19-nor-5-androstenediol (3[beta],17[beta]-dihydroxyestr-5-ene);

(TT) 19-nor-5-androstenediol (3[alpha],17[beta]-dihydroxyestr-5-ene);

(UU) 19-nor-4,9(10)-androstadienedione (estra-4,9(10)-diene-3,17-dione);

(VV) 19-nor-4-androstenedione (estr-4-en-3,17-dione);

(WW) 19-nor-5-androstenedione (estr-5-en-3,17-dione);

(XX) Norbolethone (13[beta],17[alpha]-diethyl-17[beta]-hydroxygon-4-en-3-one);

(YY) Norclostebol (4-chloro-17[beta]-hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one);

(ZZ) Norethandrolone (17[alpha]-ethyl-17[beta]-hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one);

(AAA) Normethandrolone (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one);

(BBB) Oxandrolone (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-hydroxy-2-oxa-[5[alpha]]-androstan-3-one);

(CCC) Oxymesterone (17[alpha]-methyl-4,17[beta]-dihydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one);

(DDD) Oxymetholone (17[alpha]-methyl-2-hydroxymethylene-17[beta]-hydroxy-[5[alpha]]-androstan-3-one);

(EEE) Stanozolol (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-hydroxy-[5[alpha]]-androst-2-eno[3,2-c]-pyrazole);

(FFF) Stenbolone (17[beta]-hydroxy-2-methyl-[5[alpha]]-androst-1-en-3-one);

(GGG) Testolactone (13-hydroxy-3-oxo-13,17-secoandrosta-1,4-dien-17-oic acid lactone);

(HHH) Testosterone (17[beta]-hydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one);

(III) Tetrahydrogestrinone (13[beta], 17[alpha]-diethyl-17[beta]-hydroxygon-4,9,11-trien-3-one);

(JJJ) Trenbolone (17[beta]-hydroxyestr-4,9,11-trien-3-one); or

(KKK) Methandrostenolone.

(2) Any salt, ester, or ether of a drug or substance described in this paragraph. Except such term does not include an anabolic steroid that is expressly intended for administration through implants to cattle or other nonhuman species and that has been approved by the Secretary of Health and

Human Services for such administration. If any person prescribes, dispenses, or distributes such steroid for human use, the person shall be considered to have prescribed, dispensed, or distributed an anabolic steroid within the meaning of this paragraph.

(3) Anabolic steroids with a combination of estrogens intended for administration to hormone deficient women are exempt from this rule unless such steroids are prescribed, dispensed, or distributed to women who are not hormone deficient.

(g) Hallucinogenic substances.

(1) Dronabinol (synthetic) in sesame oil and encapsulated in a soft gelatin capsule in a United States Food and Drug Administration approved drug product.

Other names: (6aR-trans)-6a,7,8,10a-tetrahydro-6,6,9-trimethyl-3-pentyl-6H-dibenzo [b,d]pyran-1-ol] or (-)-delta-9-(trans)-tetrahydrocannabinol].

SECTION 4. Tennessee Code Annotated, Section 39-17-412, is amended by deleting the section in its entirety and substituting instead the following:

39-17-412

(a) Schedule IV shall consist of the drugs and other substances, by whatever official name, common or usual name, chemical name, or brand name designated, listed in this section.

(b) Narcotic drugs, unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, means any material, compound, mixture or preparation containing any of the following narcotic drugs, or their salts calculated as the free anhydrous base or alkaloid, in limited quantities as set forth below:

(1) Not more than 1 milligram of difenoxin and not less than 25 micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit; or

(2) Dextropropoxyphene (alpha-(+)-4-dimethylamino-1,2-diphenyl-3-methyl-2-propionoxybutane).

(c) Depressants, unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, means any material, compound, mixture, or preparation that contains any quantity of the following substances, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:

(1) Alprazolam;

(2) Barbitol;

(3) Bromazepam;

(4) Camazepam;

(5) Carisoprodol;

(6) Chloral betaine;

(7) Chloral hydrate;

(8) Chlordiazepoxide;

(9) Clobazam;

(10) Clonazepam;

(11) Clorazepate;

(12) Clotiazepam;

(13) Cloxazolam;

(14) Delorazepam;

(15) Diazepam;

(16) Dichlorophenazone;

- (17) Estazolam;
- (18) Eszopiclone;
- (19) Ethchlorvynol;
- (20) Ethinamate;
- (21) Ethyl Loflazepate;
- (22) Fludiazepam;
- (23) Flunitrazepam;
- (24) Flurazepam;
- (25) Fospropofol;
- (26) Halazepam;
- (27) Haloxazolam;
- (28) Ketazolam;
- (29) Loprazolam;
- (30) Lorazepam;
- (31) Lormetazepam;
- (32) Mebutamate;
- (33) Medazepam;
- (34) Meprobamate;
- (35) Methohexital;
- (36) Methylphenobarbital (mephobarbital);
- (37) Midazolam;
- (38) Nimetazepam;
- (39) Nitrazepam;
- (40) Nordiazepam;
- (41) Oxazepam;

- (42) Oxazolam;
- (43) Paraldehyde;
- (44) Petrichloral;
- (45) Phenobarbital;
- (46) Pinazepam;
- (47) Prazepam;
- (48) Quazepam;
- (49) Temazepam;
- (50) Tetrazepam;
- (51) Tramadol;
- (52) Triazolam;
- (53) Zaleplon;
- (54) Zolpidem; or
- (55) Zopiclone.

(d) Fenfluramine means any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances, including its salts, isomers (whether optical, position, or geometric), and salts of such isomers, whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible:

- (1) Fenfluramine.

(e) Stimulants, unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, means any material, compound, mixture, or preparation that contains any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers and salts of isomers:

- (1) Cathine ((+)-norpseudoephedrine);
- (2) Diethylpropion;

- (3) Fencamfamin;
- (4) Fenproporex;
- (5) Mazindol;
- (6) Mefenorex;
- (7) Modafinil;
- (8) Pemoline (including organometallic complexes and chelates thereof);
- (9) Phentermine;
- (10) Pipradrol;
- (11) Sibutramine; or
- (12) SPA ((-)-1-dimethylamino-1,2-diphenylethane).

(f) Other substances, unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, means any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances, including its salts:

- (1) Pentazocine; or
- (2) Butorphanol (including its optical isomers).

SECTION 5. Tennessee Code Annotated, Section 39-17-414, is amended by deleting the section in its entirety and substituting instead the following:

39-17-414

(a) Schedule V shall consist of the drugs and other substances, by whatever official name, common or usual name, chemical name, or brand name designated, listed in this section.

(b) Narcotic drugs containing non-narcotic active medicinal ingredients means any compound, mixture, or preparation containing any of the following narcotic drugs, or their salts calculated as the free anhydrous base or alkaloid, in limited quantities as set forth below, which shall include one or more non-narcotic active medicinal ingredients in

sufficient proportion to confer upon the compound, mixture, or preparation valuable medicinal qualities other than those possessed by narcotic drugs alone:

(1) Not more than 200 milligrams of codeine per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams;

(2) Not more than 100 milligrams of dihydrocodeine per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams;

(3) Not more than 100 milligrams of ethylmorphine per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams;

(4) Not more than 2.5 milligrams of diphenoxylate and not less than 25 micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit;

(5) Not more than 100 milligrams of opium per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams; or

(6) Not more than 0.5 milligrams of difenoxin and not less than 25 micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit.

(c) Stimulants, unless specifically exempted or excluded, or unless listed in another schedule, means any material, compound, mixture or preparation that contains any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers:

(1) Pyrovalerone.

(d) Depressants, unless specifically exempted or excluded or unless listed in another schedule, means any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances have a depressant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts:

(1) Lacosamide [(R)-2-acetoamido-N-benzyl-3-methoxy-propionamide];

or

(2) Pregabalin [(S)-3-(aminomethyl)-5-methylhexanoic acid].

SECTION 6. This act shall take effect upon becoming law, the public welfare requiring it.