

2021 South Dakota Legislature House Bill 1150

Introduced by: **Representative** Reed

1 An Act to provide definitions regarding the crime of rape.

- 2 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA:
- 3 Section 1. That § 22-22-1 be AMENDED.

4	22-22-1. RapePenaltyStatute of limitations.			
5	Ra	Rape is an act of sexual penetration accomplished with any person under any of		
6	the follow	the following circumstances:		
7	(1) If t	the victim is less than thirteen years of age; or		
8	(2) Th	rough the use of force, coercion, or threats of immediate and great bodily harm		
9	aga	ainst the victim or other persons within the victim's presence, accompanied by		
10	ар	parent power of execution; or		
11	(3) If t	the victim is incapable, because of physical or mental incapacity, of giving consent		
12	to	such act; or		
13	(4) If t	the victim is incapable of giving consent because of any intoxicating, narcotic, or		
14	an	esthetic agent or hypnosis the victim is incapacitated; or		
15	(5) If t	the victim is thirteen years of age, but less than sixteen years of age, and the		
16	pe	rpetrator is at least three years older than the victim.		
17	A viol	A violation of subdivision (1) of this section is rape in the first degree, which is a Class		
18	C felony.	C felony.		
19	A viol	A violation of subdivision (2) of this section is rape in the second degree which is a		
20	Class 1 felony.			
21	A viol	A violation of subdivision (3) or (4) of this section is rape in the third degree, which is		
22	a Class 2	a Class 2 felony.		
23	A viol	A violation of subdivision (5) of this section is rape in the fourth degree, which is a		
24	Class 3 fe	Class 3 felony.		
25	Notwi	Notwithstanding the provisions of § 23A-42-2, no statute of limitations applies to any		
26	charge b	charge brought pursuant to subdivisions (1) or (2) of this section. Otherwise a charge		

1 brought pursuant to this section may be commenced at any time prior to the time before

2 the victim becomes of reaches the age twenty-five or within seven years of from the

3 commission of the crime, whichever is longer.

- 4 **Section 2.** That a NEW SECTION be added:
- 5 6

22-22-1.5. Definitions.

Terms used in § 22-22-1 mean:

- 7 (1) "Coercion," the use of express or implied threats of violence, reprisal, or other
 8 intimidating behavior, which put a person in fear of the consequences, in order to
 9 compel that person to act against the person's will;
- (2) "Consent," positive cooperation in act or attitude, pursuant to an exercise of free
 will, which requires words or overt actions, by a person, indicating a freely given
 agreement, provided:
- 13 (a) The person acts freely and voluntarily and has knowledge of the nature of
 14 the act or transaction involved;
- 15(b) It is an affirmative, unambiguous, and voluntary agreement to engage in a16specific sexual activity, during a sexual encounter, and can be revoked at17any time;
- 18(c)Lack of consent may be inferred based on all the surrounding circumstances19and must be considered in determining whether a person gave consent;
- 20(d)No person under the age of sixteen is capable of consenting to sexual21activity; and
- (e) It is not a defense that the offender did not know the person's age or was
 misinformed regarding the person's age;
- 24 (3) "Force," making a person do something against the person's will and without the
 25 person's consent;
- 26 (4) "Incapacitated," temporarily incapable of appraising or controlling one's conduct,
 27 due to the influence of a narcotic, an anesthetic, an intoxicating substance, or
 28 hypnosis, if the condition was known or reasonably should have been known to the
 29 offender;
- 30 (5) "Mental incapacity," a mental or developmental disease or disability, which renders
 31 a person incapable of appraising the nature of the person's conduct, if the condition
 32 was known or reasonably should have been known to the offender;
- 33 (6) "Physical incapacity," a victim's incapability of resisting because the victim was:
 34 (a) Unconscious or asleep;

1	<u>(b)</u>	Not aware, knowing, perceiving, or cognizant that the act occurred;
2	<u>(c)</u>	Not aware, knowing, perceiving, or cognizant of the essential characteristics
3		of the act, due to the perpetrator's fraud or misrepresentation; or
4	<u>(d)</u>	Not aware, knowing, perceiving, or cognizant of the essential characteristics
5		of the act, due to the perpetrator's fraudulent representation that the sexual
6		penetration served a professional purpose when it served no professional
7		purpose.