State of South Dakota

EIGHTY-EIGHTH SESSION LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, 2013

742U0462

HOUSE COMMERCE AND ENERGY ENGROSSED NO. **HB 1102** - 01/30/2013

Introduced by: Representatives Rounds, Haggar (Don), and Hawley and Senators Holien, Krebs, Lederman, and Maher

- 1 FOR AN ACT ENTITLED, An Act to revise provisions regarding the South Dakota Life and
- 2 Health Insurance Guaranty Association Act.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA:

- 4 Section 1. That § 58-29C-46 be amended to read as follows:
- 5 58-29C-46. A. This chapter shall provide coverage for the policies and contracts specified
- 6 in subpart B:
- 7 (1) To persons who, regardless of where they reside (except for nonresident certificate
- 8 holders under group policies or contracts), are the beneficiaries, assignees, or payees
- 9 of the persons covered under subdivision (2);
- 10 (2) To persons who are owners of or certificate holders under the policies or contracts
- 11 (other than structured settlement annuities) and in each case who:
- 12 (a) Are residents; or
- 13 (b) Are not residents, but only under all of the following conditions:
- 14

(i) The insurer that issued the policies or contracts is domiciled in this



Insertions into existing statutes are indicated by <u>underscores</u>. Deletions from existing statutes are indicated by overstrikes.

1				state;
2			(ii)	The states in which the persons reside have associations similar to the
3				association created by this chapter;
4			(iii)	The persons are not eligible for coverage by an association in any other
5				state due to the fact that the insurer was not licensed in the state at the
6				time specified in the state's guaranty association law;
7	(3)	For st	ructur	ed settlement annuities specified in subpart B, subdivisions (1) and (2)
8		of this	subpa	art do not apply, and this chapter shall (except as provided in subdivisions
9		(4) an	d (5)	of this subpart) provide coverage to a person who is a payee under a
10		structu	ured se	ettlement annuity (or beneficiary of a payee if the payee is deceased), if
11		the pa	yee:	
12		(a)	Is a re	esident, regardless of where the contract owner resides; or
13		(b)	Is not	a resident, but only under both of the following conditions:
14			(i)(I)	The contract owner of the structure structured settlement annuity is a
15				resident, or
16			(II)	The contract owner of the structured settlement annuity is not a
17				resident, but the insurer that issued the structured settlement annuity is
18				domiciled in this state and the state in which the contract owner resides
19				has an association similar to the association created by this chapter; and
20			(ii)	Neither the payee (or beneficiary) nor the contract owner is eligible for
21				coverage by the association of the state in which the payee or contract
22				owner resides;
23	(4)	This c	hapter	does not provide coverage to a person who is a payee (or beneficiary)
24		of a co	ontract	owner resident of this state, if the payee (or beneficiary) is afforded any

coverage by the association of another state;

1

2 (5) This chapter is intended to provide coverage to a person who is a resident of this state 3 and, in special circumstances, to a nonresident. In order to avoid duplicate coverage, 4 if a person who would otherwise receive coverage under this chapter is provided 5 coverage under the laws of any other state, the person may not be provided coverage 6 under this chapter. In determining the application of the provisions of this paragraph 7 in situations where a person could be covered by the association of more than one 8 state, whether as an owner, payee, beneficiary, or assignee, this chapter shall be 9 construed in conjunction with other state laws to result in coverage by only one 10 association.

B. (1) This chapter shall provide coverage to the persons specified in subpart A for direct, nongroup life, health, or annuity policies or contracts, and supplemental contracts to any of these and for certificates under direct group policies and contracts, and for supplemental contracts to any of these, in each case except as limited by this chapter. Annuity contracts and certificates under group annuity contracts include allocated funding agreements, structured settlement annuities, and any immediate or deferred annuity contracts.

- 17 (2) This chapter may not provide coverage for:
- 18 (a) A portion of a policy or contract not guaranteed by the insurer, or under which
 19 the risk is borne by the policy or contract owner;
- 20 (b) A policy or contract of reinsurance, unless assumption certificates have been
 21 issued pursuant to the reinsurance policy or contract;
- (c) A portion of a policy or contract to the extent that the rate of interest on which
 it is based, or the interest rate, crediting rate, or similar factor determined by
- 24 <u>use of an index or other external reference stated in the policy or contract</u>

1		<u>empl</u>	oyed in calculating returns or changes in value:
2		(i)	Averaged over the period of four years prior to the date on which the
3			association becomes obligated with respect to the policy or contract,
4			exceeds a member insurer becomes an impaired or insolvent insurer
5			under this chapter, whichever is earlier, exceeds the rate of interest
6			determined by subtracting two percentage points from Moody's
7			Corporate Bond Yield Average averaged for that same four-year period
8			or for such lesser period if the policy or contract was issued less than
9			four years before the association became obligated member insurer
10			becomes an impaired or insolvent insurer under this chapter, whichever
11			is earlier; and
12		(ii)	On and after the date on which the association becomes obligated with
13			respect to the policy or contract member insurer becomes an impaired
14			or insolvent insurer under this chapter, whichever is earlier, exceeds the
15			rate of interest determined by subtracting three percentage points from
16			Moody's Corporate Bond Yield Average as most recently available;
17	(d)	A po	rtion of a policy or contract issued to a plan or program of an employer,
18		assoc	ciation, or other person to provide life, health, or annuity benefits to its
19		empl	oyees, members, or others, to the extent that the plan or program is self-
20		funde	ed or uninsured, including benefits payable by an employer, association,
21		or otl	her person under:
22		(i)	A multiple employer welfare arrangement as defined in 29 U.S.C.
23			<u>§ 1144 section 3(40) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act</u>
24			<u>of 1974 (29 U.S.C. § 1002(40));</u>

1		(ii)	A minimum premium group insurance plan;
2		(iii)	A stop-loss group insurance plan; or
3		(iv)	An administrative services only contract;
4	(e)	A por	tion of a policy or contract to the extent that it provides for:
5		(i)	Dividends or experience rating credits;
6		(ii)	Voting rights; or
7		(iii)	Payment of any fees or allowances to any person, including the policy
8			or contract owner, in connection with the service to or administration
9			of the policy or contract;
10	(f)	A pol	icy or contract issued in this state by a member insurer at a time when it
11		was n	ot licensed or did not have a certificate of authority to issue the policy
12		or co	ntract in this state;
13	(g)	A por	tion of a policy or contract to the extent that the assessments required by
14		58-29	C-52 with respect to the policy or contract are preempted by federal or
15		state	law;
16	(h)	An ob	oligation that does not arise under the express written terms of the policy
17		or co	ntract issued by the insurer to the contract owner or policy owner,
18		inclue	ding without limitation:
19		(i)	Claims based on marketing materials;
20		(ii)	Claims based on side letters, riders, or other documents that were issued
21			by the insurer without meeting applicable policy form filing or approval
22			requirements;
23		(iii)	Misrepresentations of or regarding policy benefits;
24		(iv)	Extra-contractual claims; or

1 A claim for penalties or consequential or incidental damages; (v) 2 (i) A contractual agreement that establishes the member insurer's obligations to 3 provide a book value accounting guaranty for defined contribution benefit plan 4 participants by reference to a portfolio of assets that is owned by the benefit 5 plan or its trustee, which in each case is not an affiliate of the member insurer; (j) 6 An unallocated annuity contract; and 7 (k) A portion of a policy or contract to the extent it provides for interest or other 8 changes in value to be determined by the use of an index or other external 9 reference stated in the policy or contract, but which have not been credited to 10 the policy or contract, or as to which the policy or contract owner's rights are 11 subject to forfeiture, as of the date the member insurer becomes an impaired 12 or insolvent insurer under this chapter, whichever is earlier. If a policy's or 13 contract's interest or changes in value are credited less frequently than 14 annually, then for purposes of determining the values that have been credited 15 and are not subject to forfeiture under this subsection, the interest or change 16 in value determined by using the procedures defined in the policy or contract 17 will be credited as if the contractual date of crediting interest or changing 18 values was the date of impairment or insolvency, whichever is earlier, and will 19 not be subject to forfeiture; and 20 (1) A policy or contract providing any hospital, medical, prescription drug, or 21 other health care benefits pursuant to Part C or Part D of Subchapter XVIII 22 Chapter 7 of Title 42 of the United States Code (commonly known as

23 Medicare Part C & D) or any regulations issued pursuant thereto.

24 C. The benefits that the association may become obligated to cover may in no event exceed

- 6 -

1	the lesser of:		
2	(1) The	contrac	tual obligations for which the insurer is liable or would have been liable
3	if it [•]	were no	ot an impaired or insolvent insurer; or
4	(2)(a) With	n respec	ct to one life, regardless of the number of policies or contracts:
5		(i)	Three hundred thousand dollars in life insurance death benefits, but not
6			more than one hundred thousand dollars in net cash surrender and net
7			cash withdrawal values for life insurance;
8		(ii)	In health insurance benefits:
9			(I) One hundred thousand dollars for coverages not described in
10			clauses (II) and (III) below, including any net cash surrender and
11			net cash withdrawal values;
12			(II) Three hundred thousand dollars for disability income insurance
13			as defined in § 58-17-108, and three hundred thousand dollars
14			for long-term care insurance as defined in subdivision 58-17B-
15			2(6);
16			(III) Five hundred thousand dollars for basic hospital, medical and
17			surgical insurance, or major medical insurance as defined in the
18			National Association of Insurance Commissioners Health
19			Insurance Shoppers' Guide, as of January 1, 2003; or
20		(iii)	Two hundred fifty thousand dollars in the present value of annuity
21			benefits, including net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values;
22			<u>or</u>
23	(b)	With	respect to each payee of a structured settlement annuity (or beneficiary
24		or be	neficiaries of the payee if deceased), two hundred fifty thousand dollars

in present value annuity benefits, in the aggregate, including net cash surrender
 and net cash withdrawal values, if any;

- 3 (c) However, in no event may the association be obligated to cover more than (i) 4 an aggregate of three hundred thousand dollars in benefits with respect to any 5 one life under subsections 2(a); and 2(b); and 2(c) of subpart C of this section 6 except with respect to benefits for basic hospital, medical and surgical 7 insurance, and major medical insurance under subsection 2(a)(ii) of this 8 section, in which case the aggregate liability of the association may not exceed 9 five hundred thousand dollars with respect to any one individual, or (ii) with 10 respect to one owner of multiple nongroup policies of life insurance, whether 11 the policy owner is an individual, firm, corporation, or other person, and whether the persons insured are officers, managers, employees, or other 12 13 persons, more than five million dollars in benefits, regardless of the number 14 of policies and contracts held by the owner;
- 15 (d) The limitations set forth in this section are limitations on the benefits for 16 which the association is obligated before taking into account either its 17 subrogation and assignment rights or the extent to which those benefits could 18 be provided out of the assets of the impaired or insolvent insurer attributable 19 to covered policies. The costs of the association's obligations under this 20 chapter may be met by the use of assets attributable to covered policies or 21 reimbursed to the association pursuant to its subrogation and assignment 22 rights.

D. In performing its obligations to provide coverage under § 58-29C-51, the association may
 not be required to guarantee, assume, reinsure, or perform, or cause to be guaranteed, assumed,

- 8 -

reinsured, or performed, the contractual obligations of the insolvent or impaired insurer under

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2 a covered policy or contract that do not materially affect the economic values or economic 3 benefits of the covered policy or contract. 4 Section 2. That § 58-29C-48 be amended to read as follows: 5 58-29C-48. Terms used in this chapter mean: 6 (1)"Account," either of the two accounts created under § 58-29C-49: 7 (2)"Association," the South Dakota Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association 8 described in § 58-29C-49; 9 (3) "Authorized assessment" or the term "authorized" when used in the context of 10 assessments, means a resolution by the board of directors has been passed whereby 11 an assessment will be called immediately or in the future from member insurers for 12 a specified amount. An assessment is authorized when the resolution is passed; 13 (4) "Benefit plan," a specific employee, union, or association of natural persons benefit 14 plan; 15 (5) "Called assessment" or the term "called" when used in the context of assessments, 16 means that a notice has been issued by the association to member insurers requiring 17 that an authorized assessment be paid within the time frame set forth within the 18 notice. An authorized assessment becomes a called assessment when notice is mailed 19 by the association to member insurers; 20 (6) "Contractual obligation," an obligation under a policy or contract or certificate under 21 a group policy or contract, or portion thereof for which coverage is provided under 22 § 58-29C-46; 23 (7) "Covered policy," a policy or contract or portion of a policy or contract for which coverage is provided under § 58-29C-46; 24

1 (8) "Director," the director of the Division of Insurance of this state;

2 (9) "Extra-contractual claims," include, for example, claims relating to bad faith in the
3 payment of claims, punitive or exemplary damages, or attorneys' fees and costs;

- 4 (10) "Impaired insurer," a member insurer which, after July 1, 2003, is not an insolvent
 5 insurer, and is placed under an order of rehabilitation or conservation by a court of
 6 competent jurisdiction;
- 7 (11) "Insolvent insurer," a member insurer which after July 1, 2003, is placed under an
 8 order of liquidation by a court of competent jurisdiction with a finding of insolvency;
- 9 (12) "Member insurer," an insurer licensed or that holds a certificate of authority to 10 transact in this state any kind of insurance for which coverage is provided under § 58-11 29C-46, and includes an insurer whose license or certificate of authority in this state 12 may have been suspended, revoked, not renewed, or voluntarily withdrawn, but does
- 13 not include:
- 14 (a) <u>A hospital or medical service organization, whether for profit or nonprofit;</u>
- 15 (b) A health maintenance organization;
- 16 (b)(c) A fraternal benefit society;
- 17 (c)(d) A mandatory state pooling plan;
- 18 (d)(e) A mutual assessment company or other person that operates on an assessment
 19 basis;
- 20 (e)(f) An insurance exchange;
- 21 (f)(g) An organization engaged in the issuance of charitable gift annuities, which is
 22 described in § 58-1-16; or
- 23 (g)<u>h</u> An entity similar to any of the above;
- 24 (13) "Moody's Corporate Bond Yield Average," the Monthly Average Corporates as

published by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or any successor thereto;

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(14) "Owner" of a policy or contract and "policy owner" and "contract owner," the person
who is identified as the legal owner under the terms of the policy or contract or who
is otherwise vested with legal title to the policy or contract through a valid
assignment completed in accordance with the terms of the policy or contract and
properly recorded as the owner on the books of the insurer. The terms owner, contract
owner, and policy owner do not include persons with a mere beneficial interest in a
policy or contract;

9 (15) "Person," an individual, corporation, limited liability company, partnership,
10 association, governmental body or entity, or voluntary organization;

11 (16)"Premiums," amounts or considerations (by whatever name called) received on 12 covered policies or contracts less returned premiums, considerations, and deposits 13 and less dividends and experience credits. The term, premiums, does not include 14 amounts or considerations received for policies or contracts or for the portions of 15 policies or contracts for which coverage is not provided under subpart B of § 58-29C-16 46 except that assessable premium may not be reduced on account of subsection 58-17 29C-46B(2)(c) relating to interest limitations and subdivision 58-29C-46C(2) relating 18 to limitations with respect to one individual, one participant, and one contract owner. 19 Premiums do not include:

20 (a) Premiums on an unallocated annuity contract; or

(b) With respect to multiple nongroup policies of life insurance owned by one
owner, whether the policy owner is an individual, firm, corporation, or other
person, and whether the persons insured are officers, managers, employees, or
other persons, premiums in excess of five million dollars with respect to these

1			policies or contracts, regardless of the number of policies or contracts held by
2			the owner;
3	(17)	"Prin	cipal place of business" of a plan sponsor or a person other than a natural
4		perso	on, the single state in which the natural persons who establish policy for the
5		direc	tion, control, and coordination of the operations of the entity as a whole
6		prim	arily exercise that function, determined by the association in its reasonable
7		judgı	ment by considering the following factors:
8		(a)	The state in which the primary executive and administrative headquarters of
9			the entity is located;
10		(b)	The state in which the principal office of the chief executive officer of the
11			entity is located;
12		(c)	The state in which the board of directors (or similar governing person or
13			persons) of the entity conducts the majority of its meetings;
14		(d)	The state in which the executive or management committee of the board of
15			directors (or similar governing person or persons) of the entity conducts the
16			majority of its meetings;
17		(e)	The state from which the management of the overall operations of the entity
18			is directed; and
19		(f)	In the case of a benefit plan sponsored by affiliated companies comprising a
20			consolidated corporation, the state in which the holding company or
21			controlling affiliate has its principal place of business as determined using the
22			above factors. However, in the case of a plan sponsor, if more than fifty
23			percent of the participants in the benefit plan are employed in a single state,
24			that state shall be deemed to be the principal place of business of the plan

1 sponsor.

2		The principal place of business of a plan sponsor of a benefit plan shall be
3		deemed to be the principal place of business of the association, committee,
4		joint board of trustees, or other similar group of representatives of the parties
5		who establish or maintain the benefit plan that, in lieu of a specific or clear
6		designation of a principal place of business, shall be deemed to be the
7		principal place of business of the employer or employee organization that has
8		the largest investment in the benefit plan in question;
9	(18)	"Receivership court," the court in the insolvent or impaired insurer's state having
10		jurisdiction over the conservation, rehabilitation, or liquidation of the insurer;
11	(19)	"Resident," a person to whom a contractual obligation is owed and who resides in
12		this state on the date of entry of a court order that determines a member insurer to be
13		an impaired insurer or a court order that determines a member insurer to be an
14		insolvent insurer, whichever occurs first. A person may be a resident of only one
15		state, which in the case of a person other than a natural person shall be its principal
16		place of business. Citizens of the United States that are either (i) residents of foreign
17		countries, or (ii) residents of United States possessions, territories, or protectorates
18		that do not have an association similar to the association created by this chapter, shall
19		be deemed residents of the state of domicile of the insurer that issued the policies or
20		contracts;
21	(20)	"Structured settlement annuity," an annuity purchased in order to fund periodic
22		payments for a plaintiff or other claimant in payment for or with respect to personal
23		injury suffered by the plaintiff or other claimant;

24 (21) "State," a state, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and a United States

1		possession, territory, or protectorate;		
2	(22)	"Supplemental contact," a written agreement entered into for the distribution of		
3		proceeds under a life, health, or annuity policy or contract;		
4	(23)	"Unallocated annuity contract," an annuity contract or group annuity certificate which		
5		is not issued to an downed and owned by an individual, except to the extent of any		
6		annuity benefits guaranteed to an individual by an insurer under the contract or		
7		certificate.		
8	Section	on 3. That § 58-29C-49 be amended to read as follows:		
9	58-29	C-49. A. There is hereby continued the nonprofit legal entity known as the South		
10	Dakota L	ife and Health Insurance Guaranty Association as created by former § 58-29C-1. All		
11	member	insurers shall be and remain members of the association as a condition of their		
12	authority to transact insurance in this state. The association shall perform its functions under the			
13	plan of operation established and approved under § 58-29C-53 and shall exercise its powers			
14	through a	board of directors established under § 58-29C-50. For purposes of administration and		
15	assessme	nt, the association shall maintain two accounts:		
16	(1)	The life insurance and annuity account which includes the following subaccounts:		
17		(a) Life insurance account; and		
18		(b) Annuity account which shall include annuity contracts owned by a		
19		governmental retirement plan (or its trustee) established under Section 401,		
20		403(b), or 457 of the United States Internal Revenue Code; and		
21	(2)	The health insurance account.		
22	B. Th	e association shall come under the immediate supervision of the director and shall be		
23	subject to	the applicable provisions of the insurance laws of this state. Meetings or records of		

24 the association may be opened to the public upon majority vote of the board of directors of the

1 association.

2	Section 4. 7	That § 58-29C-51 be amended to read as follows:		
3	58-29C-51. A. If a member insurer is an impaired insurer, the association may, in its			
4	discretion, and	subject to any conditions imposed by the association that do not impair the		
5	contractual obli	gations of the impaired insurer and that are approved by the director:		
6	(1) Guar	antee, assume, or reinsure, or cause to be guaranteed, assumed, or reinsured, any		
7	or al	l of the policies or contracts of the impaired insurer; or and		
8	(2) Prov	ide such moneys, pledges, loans, notes, guarantees, or other means as are proper		
9	to eff	fectuate subdivision (1) and assure payment of the contractual obligations of the		
10	impa	ired insurer pending action under subdivision (1).		
11	B. If a mem	ber insurer is an insolvent insurer, the association shall, in its discretion, either:		
12	(1)(a)(i)	Guaranty Guarantee, assume, or reinsure, or cause to be guaranteed, assumed,		
13		or reinsured, the policies or contracts of the insolvent insurer; or		
14		(ii) Assure payment of the contractual obligations of the insolvent insurer;		
15		and		
16	(b)	Provide moneys, pledges, loans, notes, guarantees, or other means reasonably		
17		necessary to discharge the association's duties; or		
18	(2) Prov	ide benefits and coverages in accordance with the following provisions:		
19	(a)	With respect to life and health insurance policies and annuities, assure		
20		payment of benefits for premiums identical to the premiums and benefits		
21		(except for terms of conversion and renewability) that would have been		
22		payable under the policies or contracts of the insolvent insurer, for claims		
23		incurred:		
24		(i) With respect to group policies and contracts, not later than the earlier		

1 of the next renewal date under those policies or contracts or forty-five 2 days, but in no event less than thirty days, after the date on which the 3 association becomes obligated with respect to the policies and 4 contracts;

- 5 (ii) With respect to nongroup policies, contracts, and annuities not later 6 than the earlier of the next renewal date, if any, under the policies or 7 contracts or one year, but in no event less than thirty days, from the date 8 on which the association becomes obligated with respect to the policies 9 or contracts;
- 10 (b) Make diligent efforts to provide all known insureds or annuitants (for 11 nongroup policies and contracts), or group policy owners with respect to group 12 policies and contracts, thirty days notice of the termination (pursuant to 13 subsection (a) of this subdivision) of the benefits provided;
- 14 (c) With respect to nongroup life and health insurance policies and annuities 15 covered by the association, make available to each known insured or 16 annuitant, or owner if other than the insured or annuitant, and with respect to 17 an individual formerly insured or formerly an annuitant under a group policy 18 who is not eligible for replacement group coverage, make available substitute 19 coverage on an individual basis in accordance with the provisions of 20 subsection (d), if the insureds or annuitants had a right under law or the 21 terminated policy or annuity to convert coverage to individual coverage or to 22 continue an individual policy or annuity in force until a specified age or for a 23 specified time, during which the insurer had no right unilaterally to make 24 changes in any provision of the policy or annuity or had a right only to make

1		chang	es in premium by class;
2	(d)(i)	In pro	oviding the substitute coverage required under subsection (c), the
3		associ	ation may offer either to reissue the terminated coverage or to issue an
4		altern	ative policy;
5		(ii)	Alternative or reissued policies shall be offered without requiring
6			evidence of insurability, and may not provide for any waiting period or
7			exclusion that would not have applied under the terminated policy;
8		(iii)	The association may reinsure any alternative or reissued policy;
9	(e)(i)	Alterr	native policies adopted by the association are subject to the approval of
10		the do	miciliary insurance director and the receivership court. The association
11		may a	adopt alternative policies of various types for future issuance without
12		regard	to any particular impairment or insolvency;
13		(ii)	Alternative policies shall contain at least the minimum statutory
14			provisions required in this state and provide benefits that may not be
15			unreasonable in relation to the premium charged. The association shall
16			set the premium in accordance with a table of rates that it shall adopt.
17			The premium shall reflect the amount of insurance to be provided and
18			the age and class of risk of each insured, but may not reflect any
19			changes in the health of the insured after the original policy was last
20			underwritten;
21		(iii)	Any alternative policy issued by the association shall provide coverage
22			of a type similar to that of the policy issued by the impaired or insolvent
23			insurer, as determined by the association;
24	(f)	If the	association elects to reissue terminated coverage at a premium rate

different from that charged under the terminated policy, the premium shall be
 set by the association in accordance with the amount of insurance provided
 and the age and class of risk, subject to approval of the domiciliary insurance
 director and the receivership court;

- 5 (g) The association's obligations with respect to coverage under any policy of the 6 impaired or insolvent insurer or under any reissued or alternative policy shall 7 cease on the date the coverage or policy is replaced by another similar policy 8 by the policy owner, the insured, or the association;
- 9 (h) When proceeding under this subdivision B(2) with respect to a policy or 10 contract carrying guaranteed minimum interest rates, the association shall 11 assure the payment or crediting of a rate of interest consistent with subsection 12 58-29C-46(B)(2)(c).

C. Nonpayment of premiums within thirty-one days after the date required under the terms of any guaranteed, assumed, alternative, or reissued policy or contract or substitute coverage shall terminate the association's obligations under the policy or coverage under this chapter with respect to the policy or coverage, except with respect to any claims incurred or any net cash surrender value which may be due in accordance with the provisions of this chapter.

D. Premiums due for coverage after entry of an order of liquidation of an insolvent insurer shall belong to and be payable at the direction of the association, and the. If the liquidator of an insolvent insurer requests, the association shall provide a report to the liquidator regarding such premium collected by the association. The association shall be liable for unearned premiums due to policy or contract owners arising after the entry of the order.

E. The protection provided by this chapter does not apply where any guaranty protection is
provided to residents of this state by the laws of the domiciliary state or jurisdiction of the

- 1 impaired or insolvent insurer other than this state.
- 2 F. In carrying out its duties under subpart B, the association may:
- Subject to approval by a court in this state, impose permanent policy or contract liens
 in connection with a guarantee, assumption, or reinsurance agreement, if the
 association finds that the amounts which can be assessed under this chapter are less
 than the amounts needed to assure full and prompt performance of the association's
 duties under this chapter, or that the economic or financial conditions as they affect
 member insurers are sufficiently adverse to render the imposition of such permanent
 policy or contract liens, to be in the public interest;
- 10 (2) Subject to approval by a court in this state, impose temporary moratoriums or liens 11 on payments of cash values and policy loans, or any other right to withdraw funds 12 held in conjunction with policies or contracts, in addition to any contractual 13 provisions for deferral of cash or policy loan value. In addition, in the event of a 14 temporary moratorium or moratorium charge imposed by the receivership court on 15 payment of cash values or policy loans, or on any other right to withdraw funds held 16 in conjunction with policies or contracts, out of the assets of the impaired or 17 insolvent insurer, the association may defer the payment of cash values, policy loans, 18 or other rights by the association for the period of the moratorium or moratorium 19 charge imposed by the receivership court, except for claims covered by the 20 association to be paid in accordance with a hardship procedure established by the 21 liquidator or rehabilitator and approved by the receivership court.
- G. A deposit in this state, held pursuant to law or required by the director for the benefit of creditors, including policy owners, not turned over to the domiciliary liquidator upon the entry of a final order of liquidation or order approving a rehabilitation plan of an insurer domiciled

1 in this state or in a reciprocal state, pursuant to §§ 58-29B-144 and 58-29B-149, shall be 2 promptly paid to the association. The association shall be entitled to retain a portion of any 3 amount so paid to it equal to the percentage determined by dividing the aggregate amount of 4 policy owners' claims related to that insolvency for which the association has provided statutory 5 benefits by the aggregate amount of all policy owners' claims in this state related to that 6 insolvency and shall remit to the domiciliary receiver the amount so paid to the association and 7 not less the amount retained pursuant to this subpart. Any amount so paid to the association less 8 the amount not and retained by it shall be treated as a distribution of estate assets pursuant to 9 § 58-29B-98 or similar provision of the state of domicile of the impaired or insolvent insurer. 10 H. If the association fails to act within a reasonable period of time with respect to an 11 insolvent insurer, as provided in subpart B of this section, the director shall have the powers and 12 duties of the association under this chapter with respect to the insolvent insurer.

I. The association may render assistance and advice to the director, upon the director's request, concerning rehabilitation, payment of claims, continuance of coverage, or the performance of other contractual obligations of an impaired or insolvent insurer.

16 J. The association shall have standing to appear or intervene before a court or agency in this 17 state with jurisdiction over an impaired or insolvent insurer concerning which the association 18 is or may become obligated under this chapter or with jurisdiction over any person or property 19 against which the association may have rights through subrogation or otherwise. Standing shall 20 extend to all matters germane to the powers and duties of the association, including proposals 21 for reinsuring, modifying, or guaranteeing the policies or contracts of the impaired or insolvent 22 insurer and the determination of the policies or contracts and contractual obligations. The 23 association may also has the right to appear or intervene before a court or agency in another state 24 with jurisdiction over an impaired or insolvent insurer for which the association is or may

3 K. (1) A person receiving benefits under this chapter shall be deemed to have assigned the 4 rights under, and any causes of action against any person for losses arising under, resulting from, 5 or otherwise relating to, the covered policy or contract to the association to the extent of the 6 benefits received because of this chapter, whether the benefits are payments of or on account 7 of contractual obligations, continuation of coverage, or provision of substitute or alternative 8 coverages. The association may require an assignment to it of such rights and cause of action 9 by any payee, policy, or contract owner, beneficiary, insured, or annuitant as a condition 10 precedent to the receipt of any right or benefits conferred by this chapter upon the person.

- 11 (2) The subrogation rights of the association under this subpart shall have the same 12 priority against the assets of the impaired or insolvent insurer as that possessed by the 13 person entitled to receive benefits under this chapter.
- 14 (3) In addition to subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subpart, the association shall have all 15 common law rights of subrogation and any other equitable or legal remedy that would 16 have been available to the impaired or insolvent insurer or owner, beneficiary, or 17 payee of a policy or contract with respect to the policy or contracts (including, in the 18 case of a structured settlement annuity, any rights of the owner, beneficiary, or payee 19 of the annuity, to the extent of benefits received pursuant to this chapter, against a 20 person originally or by succession responsible for the losses arising from the personal 21 injury relating to the annuity or payment therefor, excepting any such person 22 responsible solely by reason of serving as an assignee in respect of a qualified 23 assignment under Internal Revenue Code § 130).

24 (4) If the preceding provisions of this subpart are invalid or ineffective with respect to

- 21 -

1	any person or claim for any reason, the amount payable by the association with
2	respect to the related covered obligations shall be reduced by the amount realized by
3	any other person with respect to the person or claim that is attributable to the policies
4	(or portion thereof) covered by the association.

- 5 (5) If the association has provided benefits with respect to a covered obligation and a 6 person recovers amounts as to which the association has rights as described in the 7 preceding subdivisions of this subpart, the person shall pay to the association the 8 portion of the recovery attributable to the policies (or portion thereof) covered by the 9 association.
- 10 L. In addition to the rights and powers elsewhere in this chapter, the association may:
- 11 (1) Enter into such contracts as are necessary or proper to carry out the provisions and
 12 purposes of this chapter;
- 13 (2) Sue or be sued, including taking any legal actions necessary or proper to recover any
 14 unpaid assessments under § 58-29C-52 and to settle claims or potential claims
 15 against it;
- 16 (3) Borrow money to effect the purposes of this chapter; any notes or other evidence of
 17 indebtedness of the association not in default shall be legal investments for domestic
 18 insurers and may be carried as admitted assets;
- Employ or retain such persons as are necessary or appropriate to handle the financial
 transactions of the association, and to perform such other functions as become
 necessary or proper under this chapter;
- 22 (5) Take such legal action as may be necessary or appropriate to avoid or recover
 23 payment of improper claims;
- 24 (6) Exercise, for the purposes of this chapter and to the extent approved by the director,

1		the powers of a domestic life or health insurer, but in no case may the association
2		issue insurance policies or annuity contracts other than those issued to perform its
3		obligations under this chapter;
Δ	(7)	Organize itself as a corporation or in other legal form permitted by the laws of the

- 4 (7) Organize itself as a corporation or in other legal form permitted by the laws of the 5 state;
- 6 (8) Request information from a person seeking coverage from the association in order
 7 to aid the association in determining its obligations under this chapter with respect
 8 to the person, and the person shall promptly comply with the request; and
- 9 (9) Take other necessary or appropriate action to discharge its duties and obligations
 10 under this chapter or to exercise its powers under this chapter.
- 11 M. The association may join an organization of one or more other state associations of 12 similar purposes, to further the purposes and administer the powers and duties of the 13 association.

14 N. (1)(a) At any time within one year after the date on which the association becomes 15 responsible for the obligations of a member insurer (the coverage date) one hundred eighty days 16 of the date of the order of liquidation, the association may elect to succeed to the rights and 17 obligations of the member insurer, that accrue on or after the coverage date and ceding member 18 insurer that relate to contracts policies or annuities covered (, in whole or in part), by the 19 association, in each case under any one or more indemnity reinsurance agreements contracts 20 entered into by the member insolvent insurer as a ceding insurer and its reinsurers and selected 21 by the association. However, the association may not exercise an election with respect to a 22 reinsurance agreement if the receiver, rehabilitator, or liquidator of the member insurer has 23 previously and expressly disaffirmed the reinsurance agreement. Any such assumption shall be 24 effective as of the date of the order of liquidation. The election shall be effected by a notice to

1	the receiver, reha	abilitat	or, or liquidator and the association or the National Organization of Life	
2	and Health Insur	and Health Insurance Guaranty Associations (NOLHGA) on its behalf sending written notice,		
3	return receipt re	equeste	ed, to the affected reinsurers. If the association makes an election,	
4	subsections (a) t	o (d), i	nclusive, of this subdivision shall apply with respect to the agreements	
5	selected by the a	issocial	tion:	
6	<u>(b)</u>	<u>To fac</u>	cilitate the earliest practicable decision about whether to assume any of	
7		the co	ontracts of reinsurance, and in order to protect the financial position of	
8		the es	tate, the receiver and each reinsurer of the ceding member insurer shall	
9		make	available upon request to the association or to NOLHGA on its behalf	
10		<u>as soc</u>	on as possible after commencement of formal delinquency proceedings:	
11		<u>(i)</u>	Copies of in-force contracts of reinsurance and all related files and	
12			records relevant to the determination of whether such contracts should	
13			be assumed; and	
14		<u>(ii)</u>	Notices of any defaults under the reinsurance contracts or any known	
15			event or condition which with the passage of time could become a	
16			default under the reinsurance contracts.	
17	<u>(c)</u>	<u>Subpa</u>	aragraphs (i) to (iv) apply to reinsurance contracts so assumed by the	
18		associ	lation:	
19		(a)<u>(i)</u>	The association shall be responsible for all unpaid premiums due under	
20			the agreements (reinsurance contracts for periods both before and after	
21			the coverage date) of the order of liquidation, and shall be responsible	
22			for the performance of all other obligations to be performed after the	
23			coverage date of the order of liquidation, in each case which relate to	
24			contracts policies or annuities covered-(, in whole or in part), by the	

association. The association may charge contracts policies or annuities
covered in part by the association, through reasonable allocation
methods, the costs for reinsurance in excess of the obligations of the
association and shall provide notice and an accounting of these charges

The association is entitled to any amounts payable by the 6 (b)(ii) reinsurer under the agreements reinsurance contracts with respect 7 8 to losses or events that occur in periods after the coverage date 9 of the order of liquidation and that relate to contracts policies or annuities covered by the association (, in whole or in part). 10 11 However, by the association, provided that, upon receipt of any 12 such amounts, the association is obliged to pay to the beneficiary 13 under the policy or contract annuity on account of which the 14 amounts were paid a portion of the amount equal to the lesser of:

- 15 (A) The amount received by the association; and
 - (B) <u>The</u> excess of:

to the liquidator;

17 (i) The <u>the</u> amount received by the association, over

(ii) The the amount equal to the benefits paid by the association on account
 of the policy or contract annuity less the retention of the impaired or
 insolvent member insurer applicable to the loss or event;.

21(c)(iii)Within thirty days following the association's election (the22"election date"), the association and each indemnity reinsurer23under contracts assumed by the association shall calculate the net24balance due to or from the association under each reinsurance

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1 agreement contract as of the date of election date with respect to 2 policies or annuities covered, in whole or in part, by the association's election, giving association, which calculation shall 3 4 give full credit to all items paid by either the member insurer (or 5 its receiver, rehabilitator, or liquidator) or the indemnity 6 reinsurer during the period between the coverage date and the 7 date of the association's election. Either the association or 8 indemnity reinsurer shall pay the net balance due the other or its 9 receiver or the reinsurer prior to the election date. The reinsurer shall pay the receiver any amounts due for losses or events prior 10 11 to the date of the order of liquidation, subject to any set-off for 12 premiums unpaid for periods prior to the date, and the 13 association or reinsurer shall pay any remaining balance due the 14 other, in each case within five days of the completion of the 15 aforementioned calculation. Any disputes over the amounts due 16 to either the association or the reinsurer shall be resolved by 17 arbitration pursuant to the terms of the affected reinsurance 18 contracts or, if the contract contains no arbitration clause, as 19 otherwise provided by law. If the receiver, rehabilitator, or 20 liquidator has received any amounts due the association pursuant 21 to subsection (b) subsection (1)(c)(ii), the receiver, rehabilitator, 22 or liquidator shall remit the same to the association as promptly 23 as practicable.

(d)(iv) If the association <u>or receiver</u>, on the association's behalf, within

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1 sixty days of the election date, pays the unpaid premiums due for 2 periods both before and after the coverage election date that 3 relate to contracts policies or annuities covered by the 4 association (, in whole or in part) by the association, the 5 reinsurer is not entitled to terminate the reinsurance agreements 6 contracts for failure to pay premium insofar as the agreements reinsurance contracts relate to contracts covered by the 7 association (policies or annuities covered, in whole or in part), 8 9 by the association, and is not entitled to set off any unpaid 10 premium due for periods prior to the coverage date amounts due 11 under other contracts, or unpaid amounts due from parties other 12 than the association, against amounts due the association. (2)13 If the association transfers its obligations to another insurer, and if the association

14 and the other insurer agree, the other insurer shall succeed to the rights and 15 obligations of the association under subdivision (1) effective as of the date agreed 16 upon by the association and the other insurer and regardless of whether the 17 association has made the election referred to above in subdivision (1) provided that: 18 The indemnity reinsurance agreements shall automatically terminate for new (a) 19 reinsurance unless the indemnity reinsurer and the other insurer agree to the 20 contrary; During the period from the date of the order of liquidation until the 21 election date (or, if the election date does not occur, until one hundred eighty 22 days after the date of the order of liquidation);

23 (a)(i) Neither the association nor the reinsurer shall have any rights or obligations
 24 under reinsurance contracts that the association has the right to assume under

1		subsection (1), whether for periods prior to or after the date of	the order of
2		liquidation; and	
3		(ii) The reinsurer, the receiver, and the association shall, to	the extent
4		practicable, provide each other data and records reasonabl	<u>y requested;</u>
5		(b) Provided that once the association has elected to assume a	<u>reinsurance</u>
6		contract, the parties' rights and obligations shall be governed by su	bsection(1).
7	<u>(3)</u>	If the association does not elect to assume a reinsurance contract by the e	election date
8		pursuant to subsection (1), the association shall have no rights or obligat	ions, in each
9		case for periods both before and after the date of the order of liquidation,	with respect
10		to the reinsurance contract.	
11	<u>(4)</u>	When policies or annuities, or covered obligations with respect	thereto, are
12		transferred to an assuming insurer, reinsurance on the policies or annuit	<u>ies may also</u>
13		be transferred by the association, in the case of contracts assumed unde	r subsection
14		(1), subject to the following:	
15		(a) <u>Unless the reinsurer and the assuming insurer agree otherwise, the</u>	<u>reinsurance</u>
16		contract transferred may not cover any new policies of insurance	or annuities
17		in addition to those transferred;	
18		(b) The obligations described in the proviso to subsection $(1)(b)$ of	this subpar t
19		section no longer apply on and after the date the indemnity	reinsurance
20		agreement is transferred to the third party insurer with respec	t to matters
21		arising after the effective date of the transfer; and	
22		(c) This subdivision (2) does not apply if the association has previous	ly expressly
23		determined in writing that it will not exercise the election re	ferred to in
24		subdivision (1) The transferring party shall give notice in wr	iting, return

1	receipt requested, to the affected reinsurer not less than thirty days prior to the
2	effective date of the transfer;
3	(3)(5) The provisions of this subpart subsection N shall supersede the provisions of any law
4	of this state law or of any affected reinsurance agreement contract that provides for
5	or requires any payment of reinsurance proceeds, on account of losses or events that
6	occur in periods after the coverage date of the order of liquidation, to the receiver,
7	liquidator, or rehabilitator of the insolvent member insurer or any other person. The
8	receiver , rehabilitator, or liquidator shall remain entitled to any amounts payable by
9	the reinsurer under the reinsurance agreement contracts with respect to losses or
10	events that occur in periods prior to the coverage date (of the order of liquidation,
11	subject to applicable setoff provisions); and
12	(4)(6) Except as otherwise expressly provided above in this section, nothing herein in
13	subsection N alters or modifies the terms and conditions of the indemnity any
14	reinsurance agreements of the insolvent member insurer contract. Nothing herein in
15	this section abrogates or limits any rights of any reinsurer to claim that it is entitled
16	to rescind a reinsurance agreement contract. Nothing herein in this section gives a
17	policy owner or beneficiary an independent cause of action against an indemnity a
18	reinsurer that is not otherwise set forth in the indemnity reinsurance agreement
19	reinsurance contract. No provision in this section limits or affects the association's
20	rights as a creditor of the estate against the assets of the estate. No provision in this
21	section applies to reinsurance agreements covering property or casualty risks.
22	O. The board of directors of the association shall have discretion and may exercise
23	reasonable business judgment to determine the means by which the association is to provide the
24	benefits of this chapter in an economical and efficient manner.

Q. Venue in a suit against the association arising under the chapter shall be in Hughes
County. The association may not be required to give an appeal bond in an appeal that relates to
a cause of action arising under this chapter.

8 R. In carrying out its duties in connection with guaranteeing, assuming, or reinsuring 9 policies or contracts under subpart A or B, the association may, subject to approval of the 10 receivership court, issue substitute coverage for a policy or contract that provides an interest 11 rate, crediting rate, or similar factor determined by use of an index or other external reference 12 stated in the policy or contract employed in calculating returns or changes in value by issuing 13 an alternative policy or contract in accordance with the following provisions:

14 (1) In lieu of the index or other external reference provided for in the original policy or
15 contract, the alternative policy or contract provides for (i) a fixed interest rate or (ii)
16 payment of dividends with minimum guarantees or (iii) different methods for
17 calculating interest or changes in value;

18 (2) There is no requirement for evidence of insurability, waiting period, or other
 19 exclusion that would not have applied under the replaced policy or contract; and

20 (3) The alternative policy or contract is substantially similar to the replaced policy or
21 contract in all other material terms.

22 Section 5. That § 58-29C-52 be amended to read as follows:

58-29C-52. A. For the purpose of providing the funds necessary to carry out the powers and
 duties of the association, the board of directors shall assess the member insurers, separately for

- 30 -

- 4 B. There shall be two classes of assessments, as follows:
- 5 (1) Class A assessments shall be authorized and called for the purpose of meeting 6 administrative and legal costs and other expenses. Class A assessments may be 7 authorized and called whether or not related to a particular impaired or insolvent 8 insurer.
- 9 (2) Class B assessments shall be authorized and called to the extent necessary to carry 10 out the powers and duties of the association under § 58-29C-51 with regard to an 11 impaired or an insolvent insurer.
- 12 C. (1) The amount of a Class A assessment shall be determined by the board and may be 13 authorized and called on a pro rata or nonpro rata basis. If pro rata, the board may provide that 14 it be credited against future Class B assessments. The total of all nonpro rata assessments may 15 not exceed one hundred fifty three hundred dollars per member insurer in any one calendar year. 16 The amount of a Class B assessment shall be allocated for assessment purposes among the 17 accounts pursuant to an allocation formula which may be based on the premiums or reserves of 18 the impaired or insolvent insurer or any other standard deemed by the board in its sole discretion 19 as being fair and reasonable under the circumstances.
- (2) Class B assessments against member insurers for each account and subaccount shall
 be in the proportion that the premiums received on business in this state by each
 assessed member insurer on policies or contracts covered by each account for the
 three most recent calendar years for which information is available preceding the year
 in which the insurer became insolvent (or, in the case of an assessment with respect

- 31 -

to an impaired insurer, the three most recent calendar years for which information is
 available preceding the year in which the insurer became impaired) bears to
 premiums received on business in this state for those calendar years by all assessed
 member insurers.

5 (3) Assessments for funds to meet the requirements of the association with respect to an 6 impaired or insolvent insurer may not be authorized or called until necessary to 7 implement the purposes of this chapter. Classification of assessments under subpart 8 B and computation of assessments under this subpart shall be made with a reasonable 9 degree of accurate accuracy, recognizing that exact determinations may not always 10 be possible. The association shall notify each member insurer of its anticipated pro 11 rata share of an authorized assessment not yet called within one hundred eighty days 12 after the assessment is authorized.

13 D. The association may abate or defer, in whole or in part, the assessment of a member 14 insurer if, in the opinion of the board, payment of the assessment would endanger the ability of 15 the member insurer to fulfill its contractual obligations. In the event an assessment against a 16 member insurer is abated, or deferred in whole or in part, the amount by which the assessment 17 is abated or deferred may be assessed against the other member insurers in a manner consistent 18 with the basis for assessments set forth in this section. Once the conditions that caused a deferral 19 have been removed or rectified, the member insurer shall pay all assessments that were deferred 20 pursuant to a repayment plan approved by the association.

E. (1)(a) Subject to the provisions of subsection (b) of this subdivision, the total of all assessments authorized by the association with respect to a member insurer for each subaccount of the life insurance and annuity account and for the health account may not in one calendar year exceed two percent of that member insurer's average annual premiums received in this state on the policies and contracts covered by the subaccount or account during the three calendar years
 preceding the year in which the insurer became an impaired or insolvent insurer.
 (b) If two or more assessments are authorized in one calendar year with respect

- 4 to insurers that become impaired or insolvent in different calendar years, the 5 average annual premiums for purposes of the aggregate assessment percentage 6 limitation referenced in subsection (a) of this subdivision shall be equal and 7 limited to the higher of the three-year average annual premiums for the 8 applicable subaccount or account as calculated pursuant to this section.
- 9 (c) If the maximum assessment, together with the other assets of the association 10 in an account, does not provide in one year in either account an amount 11 sufficient to carry out the responsibilities of the association, the necessary 12 additional funds shall be assessed as soon thereafter as permitted by this 13 chapter.

14 (2) The board may provide in the plan of operation a method of allocating funds among 15 claims, whether relating to one or more impaired or insolvent insurers, when the 16 maximum assessment will be insufficient to cover anticipated claims.

17 (3) If the maximum assessment for a subaccount of the life and annuity account in one
18 year does not provide an amount sufficient to carry out the responsibilities of the
19 association, then pursuant to subdivision C(2), the board shall access the other
20 subaccounts of the life and annuity account for the necessary additional amount,
21 subject to the maximum stated in subdivision (1) of this section.

F. The board may, by an equitable method as established in the plan of operation, refund to member insurers, in proportion to the contribution of each insurer to that account, the amount by which the assets of the account exceed the amount the board finds is necessary to carry out during the coming year the obligations of the association with regard to that account, including
 assets accruing from assignment, subrogation, net realized gains, and income from investments.
 A reasonable amount may be retained in any account to provide funds for the continuing
 expenses of the association and for future losses claims.

G. It shall be proper for any member insurer, in determining its premium rates and policy
owner dividends as to any kind of insurance within the scope of this chapter, to consider the
amount reasonably necessary to meet its assessment obligations under this chapter.

H. The association shall issue to each insurer paying an assessment under this chapter, other than a Class A assessment, a certificate of contribution, in a form prescribed by the director, for the amount of the assessment so paid. All outstanding certificates shall be of equal dignity and priority without reference to amounts or dates of issue. A certificate of contribution may be shown by the insurer in its financial statement as an asset in such form and for such amount, if any, and period of time as the director may approve.

14 I. (1) A member insurer that wishes to protest all or part of an assessment shall pay when 15 due the full amount of the assessment as set forth in the notice provided by the association. The 16 payment shall be available to meet association obligations during the pendency of the protest 17 or any subsequent appeal. Payment shall be accompanied by a statement in writing that the 18 payment is made under protest and setting forth a brief statement of the grounds for the protest. 19 (2)Within sixty days following the payment of an assessment under protest by a member 20 insurer, the association shall notify the member insurer in writing of its determination 21 with respect to the protest unless the association notifies the member insurer that

22 additional time is required to resolve the issues raised by the protest.

23 (3) Within thirty days after a final decision has been made, the association shall notify
24 the protesting member insurer in writing of that final decision. Within sixty days of

- 34 -

receipt of notice of the final decision, the protesting member insurer may appeal that
 final action to the director.

- (4) In the alternative to rendering a final decision with respect to a protest based on a
 question regarding the assessment base, the association may refer protests to the
 director for a final decision, with or without a recommendation from the association.
 (5) If the protest or appeal on the assessment is upheld, the amount paid in error or
 excess shall be returned to the member company. Interest on a refund due a
- 8 protesting member shall be paid at the rate actually earned by the association.

9 J. The association may request information of member insurers in order to aid in the exercise

10 of its power under this section and member insurers shall promptly comply with a request.

11 Section 6. That § 58-29C-53 be amended to read as follows:

12 58-29C-53. A. (1) The association shall submit to the director a plan of operation and any 13 amendments thereto necessary or suitable to assure the fair, reasonable, and equitable 14 administration of the association. The plan of operation and any amendments thereto shall 15 become effective upon the director's written approval or unless it has not been disapproved 16 within thirty days.

17 (2) If the association fails to submit a suitable plan of operation within one hundred
18 twenty days following July 1, 2003, or if at any time thereafter the association fails
19 to submit suitable amendments to the plan, the director shall, after notice and hearing,
20 adopt and promulgate such reasonable rules as are necessary or advisable to
21 effectuate the provisions of this chapter. The rules shall continue in force until
22 modified by the director or superseded by a plan submitted by the association and
23 approved by the director.

24 B. All member insurers shall comply with the plan of operation.

3	(1)	Establish procedures for handling the assets of the association;
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- 4 (2) Establish the amount and method of reimbursing members of the board of directors
 5 under § 58-29C-50;
- 6 (3) Establish regular places and times for meetings including telephone conference calls
 7 of the board of directors;
- 8 (4) Establish procedures for records to be kept of all financial transactions of the
 9 association, its agents, and the board of directors;
- 10 (5) Establish the procedures whereby selections for the board of directors will be made
 11 and submitted to the director;
- 12 (6) Establish any additional procedures for assessments under § 58-29C-52;
- 13 (7) Contain additional provisions necessary or proper for the execution of the powers and
 14 duties of the association;
- 15 (8) Establish procedures whereby a director may be removed for cause, including in the
 16 case where a member insurer director becomes an impaired or insolvent insurer;
- 17 (9) <u>Require the board of directors to establish a policy and procedures for addressing</u>
 18 conflicts of interests.

D. The plan of operation may provide that any or all powers and duties of the association, except those under subdivision 58-29C-51L(3) and § 58-29C-52, are delegated to a corporation, association, or other organization which performs or will perform functions similar to those of this association, or its equivalent, in two or more states. Such a corporation, association, or organization shall be reimbursed for any payments made on behalf of the association and shall be paid for its performance of any function of the association. A delegation under this subpart

shall take effect only with the approval of both the board of directors and the director, and may		
be made	be made only to a corporation, association, or organization which extends protection not	
substantially less favorable and effective than that provided by this chapter.		
Section 7. That § 58-29C-54 be amended to read as follows:		
58-29C-54. In addition to the duties and powers enumerated elsewhere in this chapter,		
A. Tł	ne director shall:	
(1)	Upon request of the board of directors, provide the association with a statement of	
	the premiums in this and any other appropriate states for each member insurer;	
(2)	When an impairment is declared and the amount of the impairment is determined,	
	serve a demand upon the impaired insurer to make good the impairment within a	
	reasonable time; notice to the impaired insurer shall constitute notice to its	
	shareholders, if any; the failure of the insurer to promptly comply with such demand	
	shall not excuse the association from the performance of its powers and duties under	
	this chapter;	

15 (3) In any liquidation or rehabilitation proceeding involving a domestic insurer, be 16 appointed as the liquidator or rehabilitator.

17 B. The director may suspend or revoke, after notice and hearing, the certificate of authority 18 to transact insurance in this state of any member insurer which fails to pay an assessment when due or fails to comply with the plan of operation. As an alternative the director may levy a 19 20 forfeiture on any member insurer that fails to pay an assessment when due. The forfeiture may 21 not exceed five percent of the unpaid assessment per month, but no forfeiture shall be less than 22 one hundred dollars per month.

23 C. A final action of the board of directors or the association may be appealed to the director 24 by a member insurer if the appeal is taken within sixty days of its receipt of notice of the final

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action being appealed. A final action or order of the director shall be subject to judicial review
 in a court of competent jurisdiction in accordance with the laws of this state that apply to the
 actions or orders of the director.

D. The liquidator, rehabilitator, or conservator of an impaired <u>or insolvent</u> insurer may
notify all interested persons of the effect of this chapter.

6 Section 8. That § 58-29C-57 be amended to read as follows:

58-29C-57. A. This chapter may not be construed to reduce the liability for unpaid
assessments of the insureds of an impaired or insolvent insurer operating under a plan with
assessment liability.

B. Records shall be kept of all meetings of the board of directors to discuss the activities of the association in carrying out its powers and duties under § 58-29C-51. The records of the association with respect to an impaired or insolvent insurer may only <u>not</u> be disclosed upon prior to the termination of a liquidation, rehabilitation, or conservation proceeding involving the impaired or insolvent insurer, <u>except (i)</u> upon the termination of the impairment or insolvency of the insurer, or <u>(ii)</u> upon the order of a court of competent jurisdiction. Nothing in this subpart shall limit the duty of the association to render a report of its activities under § 58-29C-58.

17 C. For the purpose of carrying out its obligations under this chapter, the association shall be 18 deemed to be a creditor of the impaired or insolvent insurer to the extent of assets attributable 19 to covered policies reduced by any amounts to which the association is entitled as subrogee 20 pursuant to subpart § 58-29C-51K. Assets of the impaired or insolvent insurer attributable to 21 covered policies shall be used to continue all covered policies and pay all contractual obligations 22 of the impaired or insolvent insurer as required by this chapter. Assets attributable to covered 23 policies, as used in this subpart, are that proportion of the assets which the reserves that should 24 have been established for such policies bear to the reserves that should have been established

1 for all policies of insurance written by the impaired or insolvent insurer. 2 D. As a creditor of the impaired or insolvent insurer as established in subpart C of this 3 section and consistent with § 58-29B-98, the association and other similar associations shall be 4 entitled to receive a disbursement of assets out of the marshaled assets, from time to time as the 5 assets become available to reimburse it, as a credit against contractual obligations under this 6 chapter. If the liquidator has not, within one hundred twenty days of a final determination of 7 insolvency of an insurer by the receivership court, made an application to the court for the 8 approval of a proposal to disburse assets out of marshaled assets to guaranty associations having 9 obligations because of the insolvency, then the association shall be entitled to make application 10 to the receivership court for approval of its own proposal to disburse these assets. 11 E. (1) Prior to the termination of any liquidation, rehabilitation, or conservation proceeding, 12 the court may take into consideration the contributions of the respective parties, including the 13 association, the shareholders, and policy owners of the insolvent insurer, and any other party 14 with a bona fide interest, in making an equitable distribution of the ownership rights of the 15 insolvent insurer. In such a determination, consideration shall be given to the welfare of the 16 policy owners of the continuing or successor insurer. 17 (2) No distribution to stockholders, if any, of an impaired or insolvent insurer shall be 18 made until and unless the total amount of valid claims of the association with interest 19 thereon for funds expended in carrying out its powers and duties under 58-29C-51 20 with respect to the insurer have been fully recovered by the association. 21 F. (1) If an order for liquidation or rehabilitation of an insurer domiciled in this state has 22 been entered, the receiver appointed under the order may has a right to recover on behalf of the

insurer, from any affiliate that controlled it, the amount of distributions, other than stockdividends paid by the insurer on its capital stock, made at any time during the five years

- 3 (2) No such distribution is recoverable if the insurer shows that when paid the
 4 distribution was lawful and reasonable, and that the insurer did not know and could
 5 not reasonably have known that the distribution might adversely affect the ability of
 6 the insurer to fulfill its contractual obligations.
- 7 (3) Any person who was an affiliate that controlled the insurer at the time the
 8 distributions were paid is liable up to the amount of distributions received. Any
 9 person who was an affiliate that controlled the insurer at the time the distributions
 10 were declared, shall be liable up to the amount of distributions which would have
 11 been received if they had been paid immediately. If two or more persons are liable
 12 with respect to the same distributions, they shall be jointly and severally liable.
- 13 (4) The maximum amount recoverable under this subpart shall be the amount needed in
 14 excess of all other available assets of the insolvent insurer to pay the contractual
 15 obligations of the insolvent insurer.
- 16 (5) If any person liable under subdivision (3) is insolvent, all its affiliates that controlled
 17 it at the time the distribution was paid, shall be jointly and severally liable for any
 18 resulting deficiency in the amount recovered from the insolvent affiliate.
- 19 Section 9. That § 58-29C-60 be amended to read as follows:

20 58-29C-60. There is no liability on the part of and no cause of action of any nature may arise 21 against any member insurer or its agents or employees, the association or its agents or 22 employees, members of the board of directors, or the director or the director's representatives, 23 for any action or omission by them in the performance of their powers and duties under this 24 chapter. Immunity This immunity shall extend to the participation in any organization of one or more other state associations of similar purposes and to any such organization and its agents
 or employees.

3 Section 10. That § 58-29C-61 be amended to read as follows:

58-29C-61. All proceedings in which the insolvent insurer is a party in any court in this state shall be stayed sixty one hundred eighty days from the date an order of liquidation, rehabilitation, or conservation is final to permit proper legal action by the association on any matters germane to its powers or duties. As to judgment under any decision, order, verdict, or finding based on default the association may apply to have such judgment set aside by the same court that made such judgment and shall be permitted to defend against such suit on the merits.

10 Section 11. That § 58-29C-62 be amended to read as follows:

11 58-29C-62. A. No person, including an insurer, agent, or affiliate of an insurer may make, 12 publish, disseminate, circulate, or place before the public, or cause directly or indirectly, to be 13 made, published, disseminated, circulated, or placed before the public, in any newspaper, 14 magazine, or other publication, or in the form of a notice, circulate circular, pamphlet, letter, or 15 poster, or over any radio station or television station, or in any other way, any advertisement, 16 announcement, or statement, written or oral, which uses the existence of the Life and Health 17 Insurance Guaranty Association of this state for the purpose of sales, solicitation, or inducement 18 to purchase any form of insurance covered by the South Dakota Life and Health Insurance 19 Guaranty Association chapter. However, this section does not apply to the South Dakota Life 20 and Health Insurance Guaranty Association or any other entity which does not sell or solicit 21 insurance.

B. Within one hundred eighty days of July 1, 2003, the association shall prepare a summary
document describing the general purposes and current limitations of the chapter and complying
with subpart C of this section. This document shall be submitted to the director for approval.

1 At the expiration of the sixtieth day after the date on which the director approves the document, 2 an insurer may not deliver a policy or contract to a policy or contract owner unless the summary 3 document is delivered to the policy or contract owner at the time of delivery of the policy or 4 contract. The document shall also be available upon request by a policy owner. The distribution, 5 delivery, or contents or interpretation of this document does not guarantee that either the policy 6 or the contract or the owner of the policy or contract is covered in the event of the impairment 7 or insolvency of a member insurer. The description document shall be revised by the association 8 as amendments to the chapter may require. Failure to receive this document does not giver give 9 the policy owner, contract owner, certificate holder, or insured any greater rights than those 10 stated in this chapter. 11 C. The document prepared under subpart B shall contain a clear and conspicuous disclaimer 12 on its face. The director shall establish the form and content of the disclaimer. The disclaimer 13 shall: 14 (1) State the name and address of the Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association 15 and insurance department; 16 (2)Prominently warn the policy or contract owner that the Life and Health Insurance 17 Guaranty Association may not cover the policy or, if coverage is available, it will be 18 subject to substantial limitations and exclusions and conditioned on continued 19 residence in this state; 20 (3) State the types of policies for which guaranty funds will provide coverage; 21 (4) State that the insurer and its agents are prohibited by law from using the existence of 22 the Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association for the purpose of sales, 23 solicitation, or inducement to purchase any form of insurance; 24 (5) State that the policy or contract owner should not rely on coverage under the Life and

1		Health Insurance Guaranty Association when selecting an insurer;
2	(6)	Explain rights available and procedures for filing a complaint to allege a violation of
3		any provisions of this chapter; and
4	(7)	Provide other information as directed by the director including sources for
5		information about the financial condition of insurers provided that the information
6		is not proprietary and is subject to disclosure under that state's public records law.
7	7 D. A member insurer shall retain evidence of compliance with subpart B for so long as the	
8	policy or	contract for which the notice is given remains in effect.