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STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2010

AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION - PERSONAL INCOME TAX

Introduced By: Senator Harold M. Metts

Date Introduced: February 09, 2010

Referred To: Senate Finance

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 44-30-2.6 of the General Laws in Chapter 44-30 entitled "Personal

Income Tax" is hereby amended to read as follows:

3 <u>44-30-2.6. Rhode Island taxable income -- Rate of tax. --</u> (a) "Rhode Island taxable

income" means federal taxable income as determined under the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.

section 1 et seq., not including the increase in the basic standard deduction amount for married

6 couples filing joint returns as provided in the Jobs and Growth Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of

2003 and the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001 (EGTRRA), and as

8 modified by the modifications in section 44-30-12.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 44-30-1 and 44-30-2, for tax years

beginning on or after January 1, 2001, a Rhode Island personal income tax is imposed upon the

Rhode Island taxable income of residents and nonresidents, including estates and trusts, at the rate

of twenty-five and one-half percent (25.5%) for tax year 2001, and twenty-five percent (25%) for

tax year 2002 and thereafter of the federal income tax rates, including capital gains rates and any

other special rates for other types of income, except as provided in section 44-30-2.7, which were

in effect immediately prior to enactment of the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation

Act of 2001 (EGTRRA); provided, rate schedules shall be adjusted for inflation by the tax

administrator beginning in taxable year 2002 and thereafter in the manner prescribed for

adjustment by the commissioner of Internal Revenue in 26 U.S.C. section 1(f). However, for tax

years beginning on or after January 1, 2006, a taxpayer may elect to use the alternative flat tax

- rate provided in section 44-30-2.10 to calculate his or her personal income tax liability.
- 2 (c) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, if a taxpayer has an alternative
- 3 minimum tax for federal tax purposes, the taxpayer shall determine if he or she has a Rhode
- 4 Island alternative minimum tax. The Rhode Island alternative minimum tax shall be computed by
- 5 multiplying the federal tentative minimum tax without allowing for the increased exemptions
- 6 under the Jobs and Growth Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2003 (as redetermined on federal
- 7 form 6251 Alternative Minimum Tax-Individuals) by twenty-five and one-half percent (25.5%)
- 8 for tax year 2001, and twenty-five percent (25%) for tax year 2002 and thereafter, and comparing
- 9 the product to the Rhode Island tax as computed otherwise under this section. The excess shall be
- 10 the taxpayer's Rhode Island alternative minimum tax.
- 11 (1) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2005 and thereafter the exemption
- 12 amount for alternative minimum tax, for Rhode Island purposes, shall be adjusted for inflation by
- 13 the tax administrator in the manner prescribed for adjustment by the commissioner of Internal
- Revenue in 26 U.S.C. section 1(f).
- 15 (2) For the period January 1, 2007 through December 31, 2007, and thereafter, Rhode
- 16 Island taxable income shall be determined by deducting from federal adjusted gross income as
- defined in 26 U.S.C. section 62 as modified by the modifications in section 44-30-12 the Rhode
 - Island itemized deduction amount and the Rhode Island exemption amount as determined in this
- 19 section.

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20 (A) Tax imposed.

If taxable income is:

21 (1) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of married individuals filing joint 22 returns and surviving spouses a tax determined in accordance with the following table:

The tax is:

over \$349,700

24	Not over \$53,150	3.75% of taxable income
25	Over \$53,150 but not over \$128,500	\$1,993.13 plus 7.00% of the excess
26		over \$53,150
27	Over \$128,500 but not over \$195,850	\$7,267.63 plus 7.75% of the excess
28		over \$128,500
29	Over \$195,850 but not over \$349,700	\$12,487.25 plus 9.00% of the excess
30		over \$195,850
31	Over \$349,700	\$26,333.75 plus 9.90% of the excess

(2) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of every head of household a tax determined in accordance with the following table:

1	If taxable income is:	The tax is:
2	Not over \$42,650	3.75% of taxable income
3	Over \$42,650 but not over \$110,100	\$1,599.38 plus 7.00% of the excess
4		over \$42,650
5	Over \$110,100 but not over \$178,350	\$6,320.88 plus 7.75% of the excess
6		over \$110,100
7	Over \$178,350 but not over \$349,700	\$11,610.25 plus 9.00% of the excess
8		over \$178,350
9	Over \$349,700	\$27,031.75 plus 9.90% of the excess
10		over \$349,700
11	(3) There is hereby imposed on the taxab	ble income of unmarried individuals (other than
12	surviving spouses and heads of households) a tax	determined in accordance with the following
13	table:	
14	If taxable income is:	The tax is:
15	Not over \$31,850	3.75% of taxable income
16	Over \$31,850 but not over \$77,100	\$1,194.38 plus 7.00% of the excess
17		over \$31,850
18	Over \$77,100 but not over \$160,850	\$4,361.88 plus 7.75% of the excess
19		over \$77,100
20	Over \$160,850 but not over \$349,700	\$10,852.50 plus 9.00% of the excess
21		over \$160,850
22	Over \$349,700	\$27,849.00 plus 9.90% of the excess
23		over \$349,700
24	(4) There is hereby imposed on the taxab	ele income of married individuals filing separate
25	returns and bankruptcy estates a tax determined in	accordance with the following table:
26	If taxable income is:	The tax is:
27	Not over \$26,575	3.75% of taxable income
28	Over \$26,575 but not over \$64,250	\$996.56 plus 7.00% of the excess
29		over \$26,575
30	Over \$64,250 but not over \$97,925	\$3,633.81 plus 7.75% of the excess
31		over \$64,250
32	Over \$97,925 but not over \$174,850	\$6,243.63 plus 9.00% of the excess
33		over \$97,925
34	Over \$174,850	\$13,166.88 plus 9.90% of the excess

1		over \$174,850
2	(5) There is hereby imposed a taxable in	ncome of an estate or trust a tax determined in
3	accordance with the following table:	
4	If taxable income is:	The tax is:
5	Not over \$2,150	3.75% of taxable income
6	Over \$2,150 but not over \$5,000	\$80.63 plus 7.00% of the excess
7		over \$2,150
8	Over \$5,000 but not over \$7,650	\$280.13 plus 7.75% of the excess
9		over \$5,000
10	Over \$7,650 but not over \$10,450	\$485.50 plus 9.00% of the excess
11		over \$7,650
12	Over \$10,450	\$737.50 plus 9.90% of the excess
13		over \$10,450
14	(6) Adjustments for inflation. The dollar	ars amount contained in paragraph (A) shall be
15	increased by an amount equal to:	
16	(a) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (A) in the year 1993, multiplied by;	
17	(b) The cost-of-living adjustment determin	ed under section (J) with a base year of 1993;
18	(c) The cost-of-living adjustment referred	to in subparagraph (a) and (b) used in making
19	adjustments to the nine percent (9%) and nine and	nine tenths percent (9.9%) dollar amounts shall
20	be determined under section (J) by substituting "1994" for "1993."	
21	(B) Maximum capital gains rates	
22	(1) In general If a taxpayer has a net capit	al gain for any taxable year, the tax imposed by
23	this section for such taxable year shall not exceed t	he sum of:
24	(a) 2.5 % of the net capital gain as reported	d for federal income tax purposes under section
25	26 U.S.C. 1(h)(1)(a) and 26 U.S.C. 1(h)(1)(b).	
26	(b) 5% of the net capital gain as reported for	or federal income tax purposes under 26 U.S.C.
27	1(h)(1)(c).	
28	(c) 6.25% of the net capital gain as report	rted for federal income tax purposes under 26
29	U.S.C. 1(h)(1)(d).	
30	(d) 7% of the net capital gain as reported for	or federal income tax purposes under 26 U.S.C.
31	1(h)(1)(e).	
32	(C) Itemized deductions.	
33	(1) In general	
34	For the purposes of section (2) "itemize	ed deductions" means the amount of federal

2 (2) Individuals who do not itemize their deductions 3 In the case of an individual who does not elect to itemize his deductions for the taxable 4 year, they may elect to take a standard deduction. 5 (3) Basic standard deduction. 6 The Rhode Island standard deduction shall be allowed in accordance with the following 7 table: 8 Filing status Amount 9 Single \$5,350 10 Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) \$8,900 11 Married filing separately \$4,450 12 Head of Household \$7,850 13 (4) Additional standard deduction for the aged and blind. 14 An additional standard deduction shall be allowed for individuals age sixty-five (65) or 15 older or blind in the amount of \$1,300 for individuals who are not married and \$1,050 for 16 individuals who are married. 17 (5) Limitation on basic standard deduction in the case of certain dependents. 18 In the case of an individual to whom a deduction under section (E) is allowable to another 19 taxpayer, the basic standard deduction applicable to such individual shall not exceed the greater 20 of: 21 (a) \$850; (b) The sum of \$300 and such individual's earned income; 22 23 (6) Certain individuals not eligible for standard deduction. 24 In the case of: 25 (a) A married individual filing a separate return where either spouse itemizes deductions; 26 (b) Nonresident alien individual; 27 (c) An estate or trust; 28 The standard deduction shall be zero. 29 (7) Adjustments for inflation. 30 Each dollars amount contained in paragraphs (3), (4) and (5) shall be increased by an 31 amount equal to: 32 (a) Such dollar amount contained in paragraphs (3), (4) and (5) in the year 1988, multiplied by 33 34 (b) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1988.

itemized deductions as modified by the modifications in section 44-30-12.

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1	(D) Overall Limitation on Itemized Deductions
2	(1) General rule.
3	In the case of an individual whose adjusted gross income as modified by section 44-30-12
4	exceeds the applicable amount, the amount of the itemized deductions otherwise allowable for the
5	taxable year shall be reduced by the lesser of:
6	(a) Three percent (3%) of the excess of adjusted gross income as modified by section 44-
7	30-12 over the applicable amount; or
8	(b) Eighty percent (80%) of the amount of the itemized deductions otherwise allowable
9	for such taxable year.
10	(2) Applicable amount.
11	(a) In general. For purposes of this section, the term "applicable amount" means \$156,400
12	(\$78,200 in the case of a separate return by a married individual)
13	(b) Adjustments for inflation.
14	Each dollar amount contained in paragraph (a) shall be increased by an amount equal to:
15	(i) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (a) in the year 1991, multiplied by
16	(ii) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1991.
17	(3) Phase-out of Limitation.
18	(a) In general.
19	In the case of taxable year beginning after December 31, 2005, and before January 1,
20	2010, the reduction under section (1) shall be equal to the applicable fraction of the amount which
21	would be the amount of such reduction.
22	(b) Applicable fraction.
23	For purposes of paragraph (a), the applicable fraction shall be determined in accordance
24	with the following table:
25	For taxable years beginning in calendar year The applicable fraction is
26	2006 and 2007 2/3
27	2008 and 2009 1/3
28	(E) Exemption Amount
29	(1) In general.
30	Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the term "exemption amount" mean
31	\$3,400.
32	(2) Exemption amount disallowed in case of certain dependents.
33	In the case of an individual with respect to whom a deduction under this section is
34	allowable to another taxpayer for the same taxable year, the exemption amount applicable to such

2 (3) Adjustments for inflation. 3 The dollar amount contained in paragraph (1) shall be increased by an amount equal to: 4 (a) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (1) in the year 1989, multiplied by 5 (b) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1989. 6 (4) Limitation. 7 (a) In general. 8 In the case of any taxpayer whose adjusted gross income as modified for the taxable year 9 exceeds the threshold amount shall be reduced by the applicable percentage. 10 (b) Applicable percentage. 11 In the case of any taxpayer whose adjusted gross income for the taxable year exceeds the 12 threshold amount, the exemption amount shall be reduced by two (2) percentage points for each 13 \$2,500 (or fraction thereof) by which the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for the taxable year 14 exceeds the threshold amount. In the case of a married individual filing a separate return, the 15 preceding sentence shall be applied by substituting "\$1,250" for "\$2,500." In no event shall the 16 applicable percentage exceed one hundred percent (100%). 17 (c) Threshold Amount. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "threshold amount" shall be determined with 18 19 the following table: 20 Filing status Amount 21 Single \$156,400 22 Married filing jointly of qualifying widow(er) \$234,600 23 Married filing separately \$117,300 Head of Household \$195,500 24 25 (d) Adjustments for inflation. 26 Each dollars amount contain in paragraph (b) shall be increased by an amount equal to: 27 (i) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (b) in the year 1991, multiplied by 28 (ii) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1991. 29 (5) Phase-out of Limitation. 30 (a) In general. 31 In the case of taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, and before January 1, 32 2010, the reduction under section 4 shall be equal to the applicable fraction of the amount which 33 would be the amount of such reduction. 34 (b) Applicable fraction.

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individual for such individual's taxable year shall be zero.

1	For the purposes of paragraph (a), the applicable fraction shall be determined in
2	accordance with the following table:
3	For taxable years beginning in calendar year The applicable fraction is
4	2006 and 2007 2/3
5	2008 and 2009 1/3
6	(F) Alternative Minimum Tax
7	(1) General rule There is hereby imposed (in addition to any other tax imposed by this
8	subtitle) a tax equal to the excess (if any) of:
9	(a) The tentative minimum tax for the taxable year, over
10	(b) The regular tax for the taxable year.
11	(2) The tentative minimum tax for the taxable year is the sum of:
12	(a) 6.5 percent of so much of the taxable excess as does not exceed \$175,000, plus
13	(b) 7.0 percent of so much of the taxable excess above \$175,000.
14	(3) The amount determined under the preceding sentence shall be reduced by the
15	alternative minimum tax foreign tax credit for the taxable year.
16	(4) Taxable excess For the purposes of this subsection the term "taxable excess" means
17	so much of the federal alternative minimum taxable income as modified by the modifications in
18	section 44-30-12 as exceeds the exemption amount.
19	(5) In the case of a married individual filing a separate return, subparagraph (2) shall be
20	applied by substituting "\$87,500" for \$175,000 each place it appears.
21	(6) Exemption amount. For purposes of this section "exemption amount" means:
22	Filing status Amount
23	Single \$39,150
24	Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) \$53,700
25	Married filing separately \$26,850
26	Head of Household \$39,150
27	Estate or trust \$24,650
28	(7) Treatment of unearned income of minor children
29	(a) In general.
30	In the case of a minor child, the exemption amount for purposes of section (6) shall not
31	exceed the sum of:
32	(i) Such child's earned income, plus
33	(ii) \$6,000.
34	(8) Adjustments for inflation.

1	The dollar amou	unt contained in paragraphs (6)	and (7) shall be increased by an amount
2	equal to:		
3	(a) Such dollar	amount contained in paragraph	s (6) and (7) in the year 2004, multiplied
4	by		
5	(b) The cost-of-	living adjustment determined ur	nder section (J) with a base year of 2004.
6	(9) Phase-out.		
7	(a) In general.		
8	The exemption	amount of any taxpayer shall	be reduced (but not below zero) by an
9	amount equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of the amount by which alternative minimum taxable		
10	income of the taxpayer e	exceeds the threshold amount.	
11	(b) Threshold ar	mount. For purposes of this par-	agraph, the term "threshold amount" shall
12	be determined with the f	following table:	
13	Filing status		Amount
14	Single		\$123,250
15	Married filing jo	ointly or qualifying widow(er)	\$164,350
16	Married filing se	eparately	\$82,175
17	Head of Househ	old	\$123,250
18	Estate or Trust		\$82,150
19	(c) Adjustment	s for inflation	
20	Each dollar amo	unt contained in paragraph (9) s	shall be increased by an amount equal to:
21	(i) Such dollar a	mount contained in paragraph (9) in the year 2004, multiplied by
22	(ii) The cost-of-	living adjustment determined ur	nder section (J) with a base year of 2004.
23	(G) Other Rhodo	e Island Taxes	
24	(1) General rule	There is hereby imposed (in	addition to any other tax imposed by this
25	subtitle) a tax equal to tw	venty-five percent (25%) of:	
26	(a) The Federal	income tax on lump-sum distrib	outions.
27	(b) The Federal	income tax on parents' election	to report child's interest and dividends.
28	(c) The recapture	re of Federal tax credits that w	vere previously claimed on Rhode Island
29	return.		
30	(H) Tax for child	lren under 18 with investment i	ncome
31	(1) General rule.	- There is hereby imposed a ta	x equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of:
32	(a) The Federal	tax for children under the age o	f 18 with investment income.
33	(I) Averaging of	farm income	
34	(1) General rule	e At the election of an indiv	vidual engaged in a farming business or

1 fishing business, the tax imposed in section 2 shall be equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of: 2 (a) The Federal averaging of farm income as determined in IRC section 1301. 3 (J) Cost-of-Living Adjustment 4 (1) In general. 5 The cost-of-living adjustment for any calendar year is the percentage (if any) by which: 6 (a) The CPI for the preceding calendar year exceeds 7 (b) The CPI for the base year. 8 (2) CPI for any calendar year. 9 For purposes of paragraph (1), the CPI for any calendar year is the average of the 10 Consumer Price Index as of the close of the twelve (12) month period ending on August 31 of 11 such calendar year. 12 (3) Consumer Price Index 13 For purposes of paragraph (2), the term "consumer price index" means the last consumer 14 price index for all urban consumers published by the department of labor. For purposes of the 15 preceding sentence, the revision of the consumer price index which is most consistent with the 16 consumer price index for calendar year 1986 shall be used. 17 (4) Rounding. 18 (a) In general. 19 If any increase determined under paragraph (1) is not a multiple of \$50, such increase 20 shall be rounded to the next lowest multiple of \$50. 21 (b) In the case of a married individual filing a separate return, subparagraph (a) shall be 22 applied by substituting "\$25" for \$50 each place it appears. 23 (K) Credits against tax. - For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, a taxpayer 24 entitled to any of the following federal credits enacted prior to January 1, 1996 shall be entitled to 25 a credit against the Rhode Island tax imposed under this section: 26 (1) [Deleted by P.L. 2007, ch. 73, art. 7, section 5_. 27 (2) Child and dependent care credit; 28 (3) General business credits; 29 (4) Credit for elderly or the disabled; 30 (5) Credit for prior year minimum tax; 31 (6) Mortgage interest credit; 32 (7) Empowerment zone employment credit; (8) Qualified electric vehicle credit. 33

(L) Credit Against Tax for Adoption. - For tax years beginning on or after January 1,

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1	2006, a taxpayer entitled to the federal adoption credit shall be entitled to a credit against the
2	Rhode Island tax imposed under this section if the adopted child was under the care, custody, or
3	supervision of the Rhode Island department of children, youth and families prior to the adoption.
4	(M) The credit shall be twenty-five percent (25%) of the aforementioned federal credits
5	provided there shall be no deduction based on any federal credits enacted after January 1, 1996,
6	including the rate reduction credit provided by the federal Economic Growth and Tax
7	Reconciliation Act of 2001 (EGTRRA). In no event shall the tax imposed under this section be
8	reduced to less than zero. A taxpayer required to recapture any of the above credits for federal tax
9	purposes shall determine the Rhode Island amount to be recaptured in the same manner as
10	prescribed in this subsection.
11	(N) Rhode Island Earned Income Credit
12	(1) In general.
13	A taxpayer entitled to a federal earned income credit shall be allowed a Rhode Island
14	earned income credit equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of the federal earned income credit.
15	Such credit shall not exceed the amount of the Rhode Island income tax.
16	(2) Refundable portion.
17	In the event the Rhode Island earned income credit allowed under section (J) exceeds the
18	amount of Rhode Island income tax, a refundable earned income credit shall be allowed.
19	(a) For purposes of paragraph (2) refundable earned income credit means fifteen percent
20	(15%) of the amount by which the Rhode Island earned income credit exceeds the Rhode Island
21	income tax.
22	(O) The tax administrator shall recalculate and submit necessary revisions to paragraphs
23	(A) through (J) to the general assembly no later than February 1, 2010 and every three (3) years
24	thereafter for inclusion in the statute.
25	(P) In addition to the taxes levied under this chapter, for tax years beginning January 1,
26	2010 and after, taxpayers reporting annual taxable income, as modified by section 44-30-12 for
27	resident taxpayers and by section 44-30-32 for nonresident taxpayers, of more than five hundred
28	thousand dollars (\$500,000) shall pay an additional tax of three percent (3%) on that income
29	which exceeds five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000).
30	SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage.

LC00707

EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION – PERSONAL INCOME TAX

This act would require taxpayers earning more than five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) to pay an additional three percent (3%) on income above five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000).

This act would take effect upon passage.