2024 -- S 2086 AS AMENDED

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or clinic; and

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2024

AN ACT

RELATING TO INSURANCE -- ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSURANCE POLICIES

<u>Introduced By:</u> Senators Ujifusa, Miller, Valverde, DiMario, Gu, Acosta, Mack, Gallo, Bissaillon, and McKenney

Date Introduced: January 12, 2024

Referred To: Senate Health & Human Services

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

1	SECTION 1. Chapter 27-18 of the General Laws entitled "Accident and Sickness Insurance
2	Policies" is hereby amended by adding thereto the following section:
3	27-18-33.3. Patient choice in dispensing of clinician-administered drugs.
4	(a) As used in this section,
5	(1) "Clinician-administered drug" means an outpatient infused prescription drug other than
6	a vaccine that:
7	(i) Cannot reasonably be self-administered by the patient to whom the drug is prescribed
8	or by a non-clinician individual assisting the patient with the self-administration; and
9	(ii) Is typically administered:
10	(A) By a health care professional authorized under the laws of this state to administer the
11	drug, including when acting under a physician's delegation and supervision; and
12	(B) In a physician's office, hospital outpatient infusion center, or other clinical setting.
13	(b) A health insurer or a third party acting on its behalf shall not refuse to authorize
14	approve, or pay a provider for a covered clinician-administered drug that was administered and
15	dispensed by any in-network hospital or clinic; provided that:
16	(1) The dispensing and administering and any associated authorizations and approvals are
17	consistent with the provider contract and the issuer's medical and payment policies provided such
18	policies do not prohibit the procurement, administration, and dispensing by an in-network hospital

1	(2) The remodisement to the provider shall be negotiated between the health historic and
2	provider at a rate equal to payments between the insurer and a preferred pharmacy.
3	(c) After January 1, 2025, the office of the health insurance commissioner, in consultation
4	with health insurers and providers, shall conduct an analysis of the payment for
5	clinician-administered drugs under this section.
6	(1) In conducting the analysis, the office of the health insurance commissioner may:
7	(i) Gather data from providers regarding potentially inaccurate payments; and
8	(ii) Obtain necessary information from health insurers to understand how reimbursements
9	to providers for clinician-administered drugs are calculated.
10	(2) The office of the health insurance commissioner shall publish on its website a summary
11	of its analysis, without identifying any health insurers or providers.
12	(3) The office of the health insurance commissioner may include in its analysis legislative
13	recommendations to improve the reimbursement process for clinician-administered drugs under
14	this section, as necessary. Any recommendations shall include a description of the
15	recommendation's potential costs to consumers, health insurers, providers, and the state.
16	(4) The office of the health insurance commissioner shall provide the general assembly
17	with their analysis no later than February 28, 2026.
18	SECTION 2. Chapter 27-19 of the General Laws entitled "Nonprofit Hospital Service
19	Corporations" is hereby amended by adding thereto the following section:
20	27-19-26.3. Patient choice in dispensing of clinician-administered drugs.
21	(a) As used in this section,
22	(1) "Clinician-administered drug" means an outpatient infused prescription drug other than
23	a vaccine that:
24	(i) Cannot reasonably be self-administered by the patient to whom the drug is prescribed
25	or by a non-clinician individual assisting the patient with the self-administration; and
26	(ii) Is typically administered:
27	(A) By a health care professional authorized under the laws of this state to administer the
28	drug, including when acting under a physician's delegation and supervision; and
29	(B) In a physician's office, hospital outpatient infusion center, or other clinical setting.
30	(b) A health insurer or a third party acting on its behalf shall not refuse to authorize,
31	approve, or pay a provider for a covered clinician-administered drug that was administered and
32	dispensed by any in-network hospital or clinic; provided that:
33	(1) The dispensing and administering and any associated authorizations and approvals are
34	consistent with the provider contract and the issuer's medical and payment policies provided such

policies do not promot the procurement, administration, and dispensing by an in network nospital
or clinic; and
(2) The reimbursement to the provider shall be negotiated between the health insurer and
provider at a rate equal to payments between the insurer and a preferred pharmacy.
(c) After January 1, 2025, the office of the health insurance commissioner, in consultation
with health insurers and providers, shall conduct an analysis of the payment for
clinician-administered drugs under this section.
(1) In conducting the analysis, the office of the health insurance commissioner may:
(i) Gather data from providers regarding potentially inaccurate payments; and
(ii) Obtain necessary information from health insurers to understand how reimbursements
to providers for clinician-administered drugs are calculated.
(2) The office of the health insurance commissioner shall publish on its website a summary
of its analysis, without identifying any health insurers or providers.
(3) The office of the health insurance commissioner may include in its analysis legislative
recommendations to improve the reimbursement process for clinician-administered drugs under
this section, as necessary. Any recommendations shall include a description of the
recommendation's potential costs to consumers, health insurers, providers, and the state.
(4) The office of the health insurance commissioner shall provide the general assembly
with their analysis no later than February 28, 2026.
SECTION 3. Chapter 27-20 of the General Laws entitled "Nonprofit Medical Service
Corporations" is hereby amended by adding thereto the following section:
27-20-23.3. Patient choice in dispensing of clinician-administered drugs.
(a) As used in this section,
(1) "Clinician-administered drug" means an outpatient infused prescription drug other than
a vaccine that:
(i) Cannot reasonably be self-administered by the patient to whom the drug is prescribed
or by a non-clinician individual assisting the patient with the self-administration; and
(ii) Is typically administered:
(A) By a health care professional authorized under the laws of this state to administer the
drug, including when acting under a physician's delegation and supervision; and
(B) In a physician's office, hospital outpatient infusion center, or other clinical setting.
(b) A health insurer or a third party acting on its behalf shall not refuse to authorize,

1	(1) The dispensing and administering and any associated admonizations and approvals are
2	consistent with the provider contract and the issuer's medical and payment policies provided such
3	policies do not prohibit the procurement, administration, and dispensing by an in-network hospital
4	or clinic; and
5	(2) The reimbursement to the provider shall be negotiated between the health insurer and
6	provider at a rate equal to payments between the insurer and a preferred pharmacy.
7	(c) After January 1, 2025, the office of the health insurance commissioner, in consultation
8	with health insurers and providers, shall conduct an analysis of the payment for
9	clinician-administered drugs under this section.
10	(1) In conducting the analysis, the office of the health insurance commissioner may:
11	(i) Gather data from providers regarding potentially inaccurate payments; and
12	(ii) Obtain necessary information from health insurers to understand how reimbursements
13	to providers for clinician-administered drugs are calculated.
14	(2) The office of the health insurance commissioner shall publish on its website a summary
15	of its analysis, without identifying any health insurers or providers.
16	(3) The office of the health insurance commissioner may include in its analysis legislative
17	recommendations to improve the reimbursement process for clinician-administered drugs under
18	this section, as necessary. Any recommendations shall include a description of the
19	recommendation's potential costs to consumers, health insurers, providers, and the state.
20	(4) The office of the health insurance commissioner shall provide the general assembly
21	with their analysis no later than February 28, 2026.
22	SECTION 4. Chapter 27-41 of the General Laws entitled "Health Maintenance
23	Organizations" is hereby amended by adding thereto the following section:
24	27-41-38.4. Patient choice in dispensing of clinician-administered drugs.
25	(a) As used in this section,
26	(1) "Clinician-administered drug" means an outpatient infused prescription drug other than
27	a vaccine that:
28	(i) Cannot reasonably be self-administered by the patient to whom the drug is prescribed
29	or by a non-clinician individual assisting the patient with the self-administration; and
30	(ii) Is typically administered:
31	(A) By a health care professional authorized under the laws of this state to administer the
32	drug, including when acting under a physician's delegation and supervision; and
33	(B) In a physician's office, hospital outpatient infusion center, or other clinical setting.
34	(b) A health insurer or a third party acting on its behalf shall not refuse to authorize,

1	approve, or pay a provider for a covered clinician-administered drug that was administered and
2	dispensed by any in-network hospital or clinic; provided that:
3	(1) The dispensing and administering and any associated authorizations and approvals are
4	consistent with the provider contract and the issuer's medical and payment policies provided such
5	policies do not prohibit the procurement, administration, and dispensing by an in-network hospital
6	or clinic; and
7	(2) The reimbursement to the provider shall be negotiated between the health insurer and
8	provider at a rate equal to payments between the insurer and a preferred pharmacy.
9	(c) After January 1, 2025, the office of the health insurance commissioner, in consultation
10	with health insurers and providers, shall conduct an analysis of the payment for
11	clinician-administered drugs under this section.
12	(1) In conducting the analysis, the office of the health insurance commissioner may:
13	(i) Gather data from providers regarding potentially inaccurate payments; and
14	(ii) Obtain necessary information from health insurers to understand how reimbursements
15	to providers for clinician-administered drugs are calculated.
16	(2) The office of the health insurance commissioner shall publish on its website a summary
17	of its analysis, without identifying any health insurers or providers.
18	(3) The office of the health insurance commissioner may include in its analysis legislative
19	recommendations to improve the reimbursement process for clinician-administered drugs under
20	this section, as necessary. Any recommendations shall include a description of the
21	recommendation's potential costs to consumers, health insurers, providers, and the state.
22	(4) The office of the health insurance commissioner shall provide the general assembly
23	with their analysis no later than February 28, 2026.
24	SECTION 5. This act shall take effect on January 1, 2025.
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EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO INSURANCE -- ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSURANCE POLICIES

1 This act would prevent healthcare entities from refusing to authorize, approve, or pay a 2 participating provider for providing covered clinician-administered drugs and related services to 3 covered persons. This act would also prevent healthcare entities from imposing coverage or benefits 4 limitations, or require an enrollee to pay an additional fee, higher copay, higher coinsurance, second 5 copay, second coinsurance, or other penalty when obtaining clinician-administered drugs from a 6 healthcare provider. It would prohibit interference with the patient's right to choose to obtain a 7 clinician-administered drug from their provider or pharmacy of choice. 8

This act would take effect upon passage.

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