LC002681

3

10

11

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2017

AN ACT

RELATING TO PUBLIC UTILITIES AND CARRIERS

<u>Introduced By:</u> Senators Lombardo, Quezada, McCaffrey, Jabour, and Archambault <u>Date Introduced:</u> May 11, 2017

Referred To: Senate Commerce

(Lieutenant Governor)

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 39-1-27.7.1 of the General Laws in Chapter 39-1 entitled "Public Utilities Commission" is hereby amended to read as follows:

39-1-27.7.1. Revenue decoupling.

- (a) The general assembly finds and declares that electricity and gas revenues shall may be

 fully decoupled from sales pursuant to the provisions of this chapter and further finds and

 declares that any decoupling proposal submitted by an electric-distribution company as defined in

 subdivision 39-1-2(12) or gas-distribution company included as a public utility in subdivision 39
 1-2(20) that has greater than one hundred thousand (100,000) customers, shall be for the

 following purposes:
 - (1) Increasing efficiency in the operations and management of the electric- and gasdistribution system;
- 12 (2) Achieving the goals established in the electric-distribution company's plan for system 13 reliability and energy efficiency and conservation procurement as required pursuant to subsection 14 39-1-27.7(c);
- 15 (3) Increasing investment in least-cost resources that will reduce long-term electricity 16 demand;
- 17 (4) Reducing risks for both customers and the distribution company including, but not limited to, societal risks, weather risks, and economic risks;
- 19 (5) Increasing investment in end-use energy efficiency;

(6) Eliminating disincentives to support energy-efficiency programs;

- 2 (7) Facilitating and encouraging investment in utility infrastructure, safety, and 3 reliability; and
- 4 (8) Considering the reduction of fixed, recurring customer charges and transition to increased unit charges that more accurately reflect the long-term costs of energy production and delivery.
 - (b) Each electric-distribution company as defined by subdivision 39-1-2(12) and gas-distribution company included as a public utility in subdivision 39-1-2(20) having greater than one hundred thousand (100,000) customers shall file proposals at the commission to implement the policy set forth in subsection (a). The commission shall may approve such proposals, provided they contain the features and components set forth in subsection (c), and that they are consistent with the intent and objectives contained in subsection (a). Actions taken by the commission in the exercise of its ratemaking authority for electric- and gas-rate cases shall be within the norm of industry standards and recognize the need to maintain the financial health of the distribution company as a stand-alone entity in Rhode Island.
 - (c) The proposals shall contain the following features and components:
 - (1) A revenue decoupling reconciliation mechanism that reconciles annually the revenue requirement allowed in the company's base distribution-rate case to revenues actually received for the applicable twelve-month (12) period; provided that the mechanism for gas distribution shall be determined on a revenue-per-customer basis, in a manner typically employed for gas-distribution companies in the industry. Any revenues over-recovered or under-recovered shall be credited to, or recovered from, customers, as applicable; and
 - (2) An annual infrastructure, safety, and reliability spending plan for each fiscal year and an annual rate-reconciliation mechanism that includes a reconcilable allowance for the anticipated capital investments and other spending pursuant to the annual pre-approved budget as developed in accordance with subsection (d).
 - (d) Prior to the beginning of each fiscal year, gas- and electric-distribution companies shall consult with the division of public utilities and carriers regarding their infrastructure, safety, and reliability spending plan for the following fiscal year, addressing the following categories:
 - (1) Capital spending on utility infrastructure;
- 31 (2) For electric-distribution companies, operation and maintenance expenses on vegetation management;
 - (3) For electric-distribution companies, operation and maintenance expenses on system inspection, including expenses from expected resulting repairs; and

1	(4) Any other costs relating to maintaining safety and reliability that are mutually agreed
2	upon by the division and the company.
3	The distribution company shall submit a plan to the division and the division shall
4	cooperate in good faith to reach an agreement on a proposed plan for these categories of costs for
5	the prospective fiscal year within sixty (60) days. To the extent that the company and the division
6	mutually agree on a plan, such plan shall be filed with the commission for review and approval
7	within ninety (90) days. If the company and the division cannot agree on a plan, the company
8	shall file a proposed plan with the commission and the commission shall review and, if the
9	investments and spending are found to be reasonably needed to maintain safe and reliable
10	distribution service over the short and long term, approve the plan within ninety (90) days.
11	(e) Every electric- or gas-distribution company, as defined in subsection (a) of this
12	section, shall submit a general rate schedule change filing (i.e. full rate filing) no later than
13	January 1, 2018, and at least every three (3) years thereafter.
14	(e)(f) The commission shall have the following duties and powers, in addition to its
15	existing authorities established in title 39 of the general laws:
16	(1) To maintain reasonable and adequate service-quality standards, after decoupling, that
17	are in effect at the time of the proposal and were established pursuant to § 39-3-7.
18	(2) The commission may exclude the low-income rate class from the revenue decoupling
19	reconciliation-rate mechanism for either electric or gas distribution. The commission also may
20	exclude customers in the large commercial and industrial rate class from the gas-distribution
21	mechanism.
22	(3) The commission may adopt performance incentives for the electric-distribution
23	company that provides a shared-savings mechanism whereby the company would receive a
24	percentage of savings realized as a result of achieving the purposes of this section while the
25	remaining savings are credited to customers.
26	(4) The commission shall review and approve, with any necessary amendments,
27	performance-based, energy-savings targets developed and submitted by the Rhode Island energy
28	efficiency and resources management council. Said performance-based targets shall also be used

(5) The general assembly recognizes that the revenue decoupling mechanism substantially reduces the risk to the company and its investors. The commission may consider the availability of revenue decoupling during any rate filing by reducing the appropriate profit level to offset the full impact of the company's reduced risk attributable to decoupling.

as a consideration in any shared-savings mechanism established by the commission pursuant to

29

30

31

32

33

34

subdivision (3) herein.

1	(f)(g) The Rhode Island energy efficiency and resources management council shall
2	propose performance-based, energy-savings targets to the commission no later than September 1,
3	2010. The targets shall include, but not be limited to, specific energy kilowatt-hour savings
4	overall and peak-demand savings for both summer- and winter-peak periods expressed in total
5	megawatts as well as appropriate targets recommended in the opportunities report filed with the
6	commission pursuant to § 39-1-27.7(c)(3). The council shall revise, as necessary, these targets on
7	an annual basis prior to the reconciliation process established pursuant to subsection (c) and
8	submit its revisions to the commission for approval.
9	(g)(h) Reporting. Every electric-distribution company, as defined in subsection (a) shall
10	report to the governor, general assembly, division of public utilities, and public utilities
11	commission <u>annually</u> on or before September 1, 2012. Said report shall include, but not be limited
12	to, the following elements:
13	(1) A comparison of revenues from traditional rate regulation and how the revenues have
14	differed as part of an approved decoupling structure;
15	(2) A summary of how the company is achieving the performance-based targets that may
16	have been adopted pursuant to subdivision $(e)(f)(4)$;
17	(3) A summary of any shared savings the company may have received pursuant to the
18	performance incentives authorized in subdivision (e)(f)(3);
19	(4) A summary of how the company is achieving the service-quality standards required in
20	subdivision $\frac{(e)(f)}{(1)}$;
21	(5) An overview of how decoupling is impacting revenue stabilization goals that have
22	resulted from decoupling; and
23	(6) A summary of any customer education programs provided.
24	SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage.

LC002681

EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO PUBLIC UTILITIES AND CARRIERS

This act would permit, rather than require, electricity and gas revenues to be decoupled from sales and require submission of a full rate filing every three (3) years by electric and gas distribution companies.

This act would also require electric-distribution companies to provide an annual report on revenues to the governor, general assembly, division of public utilities, and the PUC.

This act would take effect upon passage.