## 2021 -- S 0791 SUBSTITUTE A AS AMENDED

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services to students; and

# STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

#### IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

#### **JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2021**

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### AN ACT

### RELATING TO HEALTH AND SAFETY - LICENSING OF HEALTH CARE FACILITIES

Introduced By: Senators Goodwin, Quezada, Bell, Mack, and Ciccone

Date Introduced: April 08, 2021

Referred To: Senate Education

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Chapter 23-17 of the General Laws entitled "Licensing of Healthcare 2 Facilities" is hereby amended by adding thereto the following section: 3 23-17-4.1. Rules and regulations for school-based health centers. 4 (a) On or before January 1, 2022, the department of health shall promulgate rules and 5 regulations for the specific licensing and operation of school-based health centers in elementary and secondary schools. All school-based health centers as defined in § 23-17-2 shall be licensed 6 7 and operated pursuant to a school-based health center license. 8 (b) The rules and regulations promulgated by the department pursuant to the provisions of 9 this section shall include, but not be limited to, requirements for adequate and appropriate staffing 10 to include a requirement for a certified nurse-teacher to be employed and present in any elementary 11 or secondary school with a school-based health center on site and for the establishment of standards 12 of care and adequate supervision and management of staff. 13 (c) Pursuant to rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to the provisions of this section, 14 every entity applying to be licensed as a school-based health center in an elementary or secondary 15 school shall be responsible for: 16 (1) Developing and implementing a staffing/personnel plan that includes the school's 17 certified nurse-teacher as a primary source of patient referrals, and articulates the role of the 18 certified nurse-teacher in student and family communication, care coordination and delivery of

1	(2) Submitting for review by the department of hearth, any written agreements, memoranda
2	of understanding and/or other terms and conditions agreed to between the health care facility or the
3	entity operating the health care facility and the school district and/or collective bargaining agent.
4	(d) The department shall not issue licenses for school-based health centers or any other
5	health care facilities to be located in elementary or secondary schools until rules and regulations
6	are promulgated pursuant to the provisions of this section.
7	SECTION 2. Section 23-17-2 of the General Laws in Chapter 23-17 entitled "Licensing of
8	Healthcare Facilities" is hereby amended to read as follows:
9	23-17-2. Definitions.
10	As used in this chapter:
11	(1) "Affiliate" means a legal entity that is in control of, is controlled by, or is in common
12	control with another legal entity.
13	(2) "Alzheimer's dementia special-care unit or program" means a distinct living
14	environment within a nursing facility that has been physically adapted to accommodate the
15	particular needs and behaviors of those with dementia. The unit provides increased staffing;
16	therapeutic activities designed specifically for those with dementia; and trains its staff on an
17	ongoing basis on the effective management of the physical and behavioral problems of those with
18	dementia. The residents of the unit/program have had a standard, medical-diagnostic evaluation
19	and have been determined to have a diagnosis of Alzheimer's dementia or another dementia.
20	(3) "Certified nurse-teacher" means those personnel certified by the department of
21	elementary and secondary education and employed pursuant to the provisions of §§ 16-21-7 and
22	<u>16-21-8.</u>
23	(3)(4)(i) "Change in operator" means a transfer by the governing body or operator of a
24	healthcare facility to any other person (excluding delegations of authority to the medical or
25	administrative staff of the facility) of the governing body's authority to:
26	(A) Hire or fire the chief executive officer of the healthcare facility;
27	(B) Maintain and control the books and records of the healthcare facility;
28	(C) Dispose of assets and incur liabilities on behalf of the healthcare facility; or
29	(D) Adopt and enforce policies regarding operation of the healthcare facility.
30	(ii) This definition is not applicable to circumstances wherein the governing body of a
31	healthcare facility retains the immediate authority and jurisdiction over the activities enumerated
32	in subdivisions $(3)(i)(A) - (3)(i)(D)$ .
33	(4)(5) "Change in owner" means:
34	(i) In the case of a healthcare facility that is a partnership, the removal, addition, or

1 substitution of a partner that results in a new partner acquiring a controlling interest in the 2 partnership; 3 (ii) In the case of a healthcare facility that is an unincorporated, solo proprietorship, the 4 transfer of the title and property to another person; 5 (iii) In the case of a healthcare facility that is a corporation: (A) A sale, lease exchange, or other disposition of all, or substantially all, of the property 6 7 and assets of the corporation; or 8 (B) A merger of the corporation into another corporation; or 9 (C) The consolidation or two (2) or more corporations, resulting in the creation of a new 10 corporation; or 11 (D) In the case of a healthcare facility that is a business corporation, any transfer of 12 corporate stock that results in a new person acquiring a controlling interest in the corporation; or 13 (E) In the case of a healthcare facility that is a nonbusiness corporation, any change in 14 membership that results in a new person acquiring a controlling vote in the corporation. 15 (5)(6) "Clinician" means a physician licensed under chapter 37 of title 5; a nurse licensed 16 under chapter 34 of title 5; a psychologist licensed under chapter 44 of title 5; a social worker 17 licensed under chapter 39.1 of title 5; a physical therapist licensed under chapter 40 of title 5; and 18 a speech language pathologist or audiologist licensed under chapter 48 of title 5. 19 (6)(7) "Director" means the director of the Rhode Island state department of health. 20 (7)(8) "Freestanding emergency-care facility" means an establishment, place, or facility 21 that may be a public or private organization, structurally distinct and separate from a hospital; 22 staffed, equipped, and operated to provide prompt, emergency medical care. For the purposes of 23 this chapter, "emergency medical care" means services provided for a medical condition or 24 behavioral-health condition that is manifested by symptoms of sufficient severity that, in the 25 absence of immediate medical attention, could result in harm to the person or others; serious 26 impairment to bodily functions; serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part; or development or 27 continuance of severe pain. 28 (8)(9) "Healthcare facility" means any institutional health-service provider, facility, or 29 institution, place, building, agency, or portion thereof, whether a partnership or corporation, 30 whether public or private, whether organized for profit or not, used, operated, or engaged in 31 providing healthcare services, including, but not limited to: hospitals; nursing facilities; home

nursing-care provider (which shall include skilled nursing services and may also include activities

allowed as a home-care provider or as a nursing service agency); home-care provider (which may

include services such as personal care or homemaker services); rehabilitation centers; kidney

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disease treatment centers, nearth maintenance organizations, freestanding emergency-care facilities		
as defined in this section, and facilities providing surgical treatment to patients not requiring		
hospitalization (surgi-centers); hospice care, and physician ambulatory-surgery centers and		
podiatry ambulatory-surgery centers providing surgical treatment. The term "health-care facility"		
also includes organized ambulatory-care facilities that are not part of a hospital but that are		
organized and operated to provide healthcare services to outpatients, such as: central-services		
facilities serving more than one healthcare facility or healthcare provider; treatment centers;		
diagnostic centers; outpatient clinics; infirmaries and health centers; school-based health centers		
and neighborhood health centers. The term "healthcare facility" also includes a mobile, health-		
screening vehicle as defined in this section. The term "healthcare facility" shall not apply to		
organized, ambulatory-care facilities owned and operated by professional service corporations as		
defined in chapter 5.1 of title 7, as amended (the "professional service corporation law"), or to a		
practitioner's (physician, dentist, or other healthcare provider) office or group of practitioners		
offices (whether owned and/or operated by a hospital or an affiliate of a hospital or an individual		
practitioner, alone or as a member of a partnership, professional service corporation, organization,		
or association); provided, however, notwithstanding any other provision herein or in the general		
laws, any hospital or any affiliate of a hospital that owns and/or operates a practitioner's office shall		
ensure that such practitioner's office complies with licensing or accreditation requirements that may		
be applicable to the practitioner's office. Individual categories of healthcare facilities shall be		
defined in rules and regulations promulgated by the licensing agency with the advice of the health		
services council. Rules and regulations concerning hospice care shall be promulgated with regard		
to the "Standards of a Hospice Program of Care," promulgated by the National Hospice		
Organization. Any provider of hospice care who provides hospice care without charge shall be		
exempt from the licensing provisions of this chapter but shall meet the "Standards of a Hospice		
Program of Care." Facilities licensed by the department of behavioral healthcare, developmental		
disabilities and hospitals and the department of human services, and clinical laboratories licensed		
in accordance with chapter 16.2 of this title, as well as Christian Science institutions (also known		
as Christian Science Nursing Facilities) listed and certified by the Commission for Accreditation		
of Christian Science Nursing Organizations/Facilities, Inc. shall not be considered health-care		
facilities for purposes of this chapter.		
(9)(10) "Homemaker," or however else called, means a trained, non-professional worker		
who performs related housekeeping services in the home for the sick, disabled, dependent, or		
infirm, and as further defined by regulation; the director shall establish criteria for training.		

(10)(11) "Hospital" means a person or governmental entity licensed in accordance with this

- chapter to establish, maintain, and operate a hospital.
   (11)(12) "Licensing agency" means the Rhode Island state department of health.
- 3 (12)(13) "Medical services" means any professional services and supplies rendered by, or 4 under the direction of, persons duly licensed under the laws of this state to practice medicine, 5 surgery, or podiatry that may be specified by any medical service plan. Medical service shall not 6 be construed to include hospital services.
- 7 (13)(14) "Mobile, health-screening vehicle" means a mobile vehicle, van, or trailer that delivers primary and preventive healthcare screening services, and:
  - (i) Does not maintain active contracts or arrangements with any health insurer subject to regulation under chapter 20 or 42 of title 27;
  - (ii) Does not maintain active contracts or arrangements with another licensed healthcare facility as that term is defined within this section; and
  - (iii) Does not provide medical services free of charge.

- (14)(15) "Non-English speaker" means a person who cannot speak or understand, or has difficulty in speaking or understanding, the English language, because he/she uses only, or primarily, a spoken language other than English, and/or a person who uses a sign language and requires the use of a sign-language interpreter to facilitate communication.
- (15)(16) "Person" means any individual, trust or estate, partnership, corporation (including associations, joint stock companies, and insurance companies), state, or political subdivision or instrumentality of a state.
  - (16)(17) "Physician ambulatory-surgery center" means an office, or portion of an office, that is utilized for the purpose of furnishing surgical services to the owner and/or operator's own patients on an ambulatory basis, and shall include both single-practice, physician ambulatory-surgery centers and multi-practice, physician ambulatory-surgery centers. A "single-practice, physician ambulatory-surgery center" is a physician ambulatory center owned and/or operated by a physician-controlled professional service corporation as defined in chapter 5.1 of title 7 (the "professional service corporation law"), or a physician-controlled limited-liability company (as defined in chapter 16 of title 7 (the "limited liability company act")) in which no physician is an officer, shareholder, director, or employee of any other corporation engaged in the practice of the same profession, or a private physician's office (whether owned and/or operated by an individual practitioner, alone or as a member of a partnership, professional service corporation, limited-liability company, organization, or association). A "multi-practice, physician ambulatory-surgery center" is a physician ambulatory-surgery center owned and/or operated by a physician-controlled professional service corporation (as defined in the professional service corporation law) or a

physician-controlled limited-liability company (as defined in the limited liability company act) in which a physician is also an officer, shareholder, director, or employee of another corporation engaged in the practice of the same profession, or a group of physicians' offices (whether owned and/or operated by an individual practitioner, alone or as a member of a partnership, professional service corporation, limited-liability company, organization, or association).

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(17)(18) "Podiatry ambulatory-surgery center" means an office or portion of an office that is utilized for the purpose of furnishing surgical services to the owner and/or operator's own patients on an ambulatory basis, and shall include both single-practice, podiatry ambulatory-surgery centers and multi-practice podiatry ambulatory-surgery centers. A "single-practice podiatry ambulatorysurgery center" is a podiatry ambulatory center owned and/or operated by a podiatrist-controlled professional service corporation (as defined in chapter 5.1 of title 7 (the "professional service corporation law")), or a podiatrist-controlled limited-liability company (as defined in chapter 16 of title 7 (the "limited liability company act")) in which no podiatrist is an officer, shareholder, director, or employee of any other corporation engaged in the practice of the same profession, or a private podiatrist's office (whether owned and/or operated by an individual practitioner, alone or as a member of a partnership, professional service corporation, limited-liability company, organization, or association). A "multi-practice, podiatry ambulatory-surgery center" is a podiatry ambulatory-surgery center owned and/or operated by a podiatry-controlled professional service corporation (as defined in the professional service corporation law) or a podiatry-controlled, limited-liability company (as defined in the limited liability company act) in which a podiatrist is also an officer, shareholder, director, or employee of another corporation engaged in the practice of the same profession, or a group of podiatrists' offices (whether owned and/or operated by a an individual practitioner, alone or as a member of a partnership, professional service corporation, limited-liability company, organization, or association).

(18)(19) "Qualified interpreter" means a person who, through experience and/or training, is able to translate a particular foreign language into English, with the exception of sign-language interpreters who must be licensed in accordance with chapter 71 of title 5.

(19)(20) "Qualified sign-language interpreter" means one who has been licensed in accordance with the provisions of chapter 71 of title 5.

(20)(21) "School-based health center" means a facility located in an elementary or secondary school <u>licensed as a school-based health center</u> that delivers primary and/or preventive healthcare services to individuals to include, but not be limited to, to students on site.

SECTION 3. Sections 16-21-7 and 16-21-8 of the General Laws in Chapter 16-21 entitled "Health and Safety of Pupils" are hereby amended to read as follows:

### <u>16-21-7. School health.</u>

- (a) All schools that are approved for the purpose of §§ 16-19-1 and 16-19-2 shall have a school health program that shall be approved by the state director of the department of health and the commissioner of elementary and secondary education or the commissioner of higher education, as appropriate. The program shall provide for the organized direction and supervision of a healthful school environment, health education, and services. The program shall include and provide, within and consistent with existing school facilities, for the administration of nursing care by certified nurse teachers, as defined in § 16-21-8, as shall be requested, in writing, by the attending physician of any student and authorized, in writing, by the parent or legal guardian of the student. No instruction in the characteristics, symptoms, and the treatment of disease shall be given to any child whose parent or guardian shall present a written statement signed by them stating that the instructions should not be given the child because of religious beliefs.
  - (b) [Deleted by P.L. 2016, ch. 529, § 1].
- (c) All Rhode Island elementary, middle, and high schools that sell or distribute competitive foods and beverages on the school campus during the school day shall be required to offer only healthy foods and beverages as set forth by the United States Department of Agriculture under the Healthy, Hunger-Free Kids Act of 2010, Pub. L. No. 111-296, 42 U.S.C. § 1758 et seq., and federal regulations implementing the act promulgated pursuant to the provisions of 42 U.S.C. § 1779(b). Provided, the Rhode Island board of education or local school committees may adopt more restrictive policies than the ones referenced herein.
- (d) Schools may permit the sale of beverages and snacks that do not comply with subsection(c) as part of school fundraising in any of the following circumstances:
  - (1) The sale of those items takes place off and away from the school campus.
- (2) The sale of those items takes place after the end of the school day as defined in subsection (g).
  - (3) Career and technical schools with culinary arts or food-service programs may request an exemption from the department of elementary and secondary education to enable the limited sale of non-compliant snacks and beverages that have been prepared by culinary students as part of their curriculum. No specially exempted fundraiser foods or beverages may be sold in competition with school meals during the meal service.
- (e) The department of elementary and secondary education shall post on its website resources to assist school districts with implementation of this section.
- 33 (f) The department of elementary and secondary education shall develop a process to 34 monitor compliance with this section.

1	(g) Definitions. As used in this section:
2	(1) "Competitive foods" means all foods and beverages, other than meals reimbursed under
3	the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C. § 1751 et seq.) and the Child
4	Nutrition Act of 1966 (42 U.S.C. § 1771 et seq.), available for sale to students on the school campus
5	during the school day.
6	(2) "School campus" means all areas of the property under the jurisdiction of the school
7	that are accessible to students during the school day.
8	(3) "School day" means the period from midnight before, to sixty (60) minutes after, the
9	end of the official school day.
10	(h) The standards set forth and referenced in this section shall apply throughout the entire
11	school campus, including, but not limited to, a la carte food sale, school stores, vending machines,
12	and fundraisers held during the school day.
13	16-21-8. Certified nurse-teacher.
14	(a) Each school system shall employ certified nurse-teacher personnel certified by the state
15	department of elementary and secondary education; provided, however, that this section shall not
16	apply to those school districts which are currently allowed to share certified nurse-teacher personnel
17	by the department of elementary and secondary education. The school health program as defined
18	in § 16-21-7 shall only be staffed by certified personnel.
19	(b) Each elementary or secondary school with a school-based health center on site shall
20	employ or have on staff certified nurse-teacher personnel certified by the state department of
21	elementary and secondary education to be on site and/or available for consultation, at a minimum,
22	during the school-based health center hours of operation.
23	SECTION 4. This act shall take effect upon passage.
	LC002611/SUB A

## **EXPLANATION**

## BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

# AN ACT

## RELATING TO HEALTH AND SAFETY - LICENSING OF HEALTH CARE FACILITIES

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This act would require the department of health to promulgate rules and regulations by
January 1, 2022 for the licensing and operation of school-based health centers operating in
elementary and secondary schools. The act further provides that school-based health centers in
elementary and secondary schools employ a certified nurse-teacher.

This act would take effect upon passage.

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