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freshwater and coastal wetlands;

STATE OFRHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2013

AN ACT

RELATING TO TOWNS AND CITIES - ZONING ORDINANCES

Introduced By: Senator Ryan W. Pearson

<u>Date Introduced:</u> February 28, 2013

Referred To: Senate Environment & Agriculture

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 45-24-30 of the General Laws in Chapter 45-24 entitled "Zoning 2 Ordinances" is hereby amended to read as follows: 3 45-24-30. General purposes of zoning ordinances. -- Zoning regulations shall be 4 developed and maintained in accordance with a comprehensive plan prepared, adopted, and as 5 may be amended, in accordance with chapter 22.2 of this title and shall be designed to address the following purposes. The general assembly recognizes these purposes, each with equal priority and 6 7 numbered for reference purposes only. 8 (1) Promoting the public health, safety, and general welfare. 9 (2) Providing for a range of uses and intensities of use appropriate to the character of the 10 city or town and reflecting current and expected future needs. 11 (3) Providing for orderly growth and development which recognizes: 12 (i) The goals and patterns of land use contained in the comprehensive plan of the city or 13 town adopted pursuant to chapter 22.2 of this title; 14 (ii) The natural characteristics of the land, including its suitability for use based on soil 15 characteristics, topography, and susceptibility to surface or groundwater pollution;

(iii) The values and dynamic nature of coastal and freshwater ponds, the shoreline, and

(v) The availability and capacity of existing and planned public and/or private services

(iv) The values of unique or valuable natural resources and features;

1	and facilities;
2	(vi) The need to shape and balance urban and rural development; and
3	(vii) The use of innovative development regulations and techniques.
4	(4) Providing for the control, protection, and/or abatement of air, water, groundwater,
5	and noise pollution, and soil erosion and sedimentation.
6	(5) Providing for the protection of the natural, historic, cultural, and scenic character of
7	the city or town or areas in the municipality.
8	(6) Providing for the preservation and promotion of agricultural production, forest,
9	silviculture, aquaculture, timber resources, and open space.
10	(7) Providing for the protection of public investment in transportation, water, stormwater
11	management systems, sewage treatment and disposal, solid waste treatment and disposal, schools,
12	recreation, public facilities, open space, and other public requirements.
13	(8) Promoting a balance of housing choices, for all income levels and groups, to assure
14	the health, safety and welfare of all citizens and their rights to affordable, accessible, safe, and
15	sanitary housing.
16	(9) Providing opportunities for the establishment of low and moderate income housing.
17	(10) Promoting safety from fire, flood, and other natural or unnatural disasters.
18	(11) Promoting a high level of quality in design in the development of private and public
19	facilities.
20	(12) Promoting implementation of the comprehensive plan of the city or town adopted
21	pursuant to chapter 22.2 of this title.
22	(13) Providing for coordination of land uses with contiguous municipalities, other
23	municipalities, the state, and other agencies, as appropriate, especially with regard to resources
24	and facilities that extend beyond municipal boundaries or have a direct impact on that
25	municipality.
26	(14) Providing for efficient review of development proposals, to clarify and expedite the
27	zoning approval process.
28	(15) Providing for procedures for the administration of the zoning ordinance, including,
29	but not limited to, variances, special-use permits, and, where adopted, procedures for
30	modifications.
31	(16) Providing opportunities for reasonable accommodations in order to comply with the
32	Rhode Island Fair Housing Practices Act, chapter 37 of title 34, the United States Fair Housing
33	Amendments Act of 1988 (FHAA), the Rhode Island Civil Rights of Persons with Disabilities
34	Act, chapter 87 of title 42, and the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA), 42 U.S.C.

section 12101 et seq.

(17) Provide, when necessary, to protect the public health, safety or welfare, reasonable standards and requirements for the installation of solar energy systems or the building of structures that facilitate the collection of solar energy.

Provided, however, that any zoning ordinance in which a community sets forth standards or requirements for the location, design, construction, or maintenance of on-site sewage disposal systems shall first be submitted to the director of the department of environmental management and the department of health for approval as to the technical merits of the ordinance. In addition, any zoning ordinance in which a municipality sets forth standards regarding wetland setbacks or requirements, shall first be submitted to the director of the department of environmental management for approval as to the technical merits of the ordinance.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage.

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EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO TOWNS AND CITIES - ZONING ORDINANCES

This act would allow cities and towns to enact, in order to protect the public health,
safety, or welfare, reasonable standards for the installation and maintenance of structures that
facilitate the collection of solar energy.

This act would take effect upon passage.

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