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STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2016

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A N A C T

RELATING TO DOMESTIC RELATIONS - ADOPTION OF CHILDREN - ADOPTION OF
CHILDREN - TERMINATION OF PARENTAL RIGHTS

Introduced By: Representative Robert E. Craven

Date Introduced: June 08, 2016

Referred To: House Judiciary

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 15-7-7 of the General Laws in Chapter 15-7 entitled "Adoption of
2 Children" is hereby amended to read as follows:

3 **15-7-7. Termination of parental rights.** -- (a) The court shall, upon a petition duly filed
4 by a governmental child placement agency or licensed child placement agency after notice to the
5 parent and a hearing on the petition, terminate any and all legal rights of the parent to the child,
6 including the right to notice of any subsequent adoption proceedings involving the child, if the
7 court finds as a fact by clear and convincing evidence that:

8 (1) The parent has willfully neglected to provide proper care and maintenance for the
9 child for a period of at least one year where financially able to do so. In determining whether the
10 parent has willfully neglected to provide proper care and maintenance for the child, the court may
11 disregard contributions to support which are of an infrequent and insubstantial nature; or

12 (2) The parent is unfit by reason of conduct or conditions seriously detrimental to the
13 child; such as, but not limited to, the following:

14 (i) Institutionalization of the parent, including imprisonment, for a duration as to render
15 it improbable for the parent to care for the child for an extended period of time;

16 (ii) Conduct toward any child of a cruel or abusive nature;

17 (iii) The child has been placed in the legal custody or care of the department for children,
18 youth, and families and the parent has a chronic substance abuse problem and the parent's

1 prognosis indicates that the child will not be able to return to the custody of the parent within a
2 reasonable period of time, considering the child's age and the need for a permanent home. The
3 fact that a parent has been unable to provide care for a child for a period of twelve (12) months
4 due to substance abuse shall constitute prima facie evidence of a chronic substance abuse
5 problem;

6 (iv) The child has been placed with the department for children, youth, and families and
7 the court has previously involuntarily terminated parental rights to another child of the parent and
8 the parent continues to lack the ability or willingness to respond to services which would
9 rehabilitate the parent and provided further that the court finds it is improbable that an additional
10 period of services would result in reunification within a reasonable period of time considering the
11 child's age and the need for a permanent home;

12 (v) The parent has subjected the child to aggravated circumstances, which circumstances
13 shall be abandonment, torture, chronic abuse and sexual abuse;

14 (vi) The parent has committed murder or voluntary manslaughter on another of his or her
15 children or other parent of his or her children, or has committed a felony assault resulting in
16 serious bodily injury on that child or another of his or her children or has aided or abetted,
17 attempted, conspired or solicited to commit such a murder or voluntary manslaughter; or

18 (vii) The parent has exhibited behavior or conduct that is seriously detrimental to the
19 child, for a duration as to render it improbable for the parent to care for the child for an extended
20 period of time;

21 (3) The child has been placed in the legal custody or care of the department for children,
22 youth, and families for at least twelve (12) months, and the parents were offered or received
23 services to correct the situation which led to the child being placed; provided, that there is not a
24 substantial probability that the child will be able to return safely to the parents' care within a
25 reasonable period of time considering the child's age and the need for a permanent home; or

26 (4) The parent has abandoned or deserted the child. A lack of communication or contact
27 with the child for at least a six (6) month period shall constitute prima facie evidence of
28 abandonment or desertion. In the event that parents of an infant have had no contact or
29 communication with the infant for a period of six (6) months the department shall file a petition
30 pursuant to this section and the family court shall conduct expedited hearings on the petition.

31 (b) (1) In the event that the petition is filed pursuant to subdivisions (a)(1), (a)(2)(i),
32 (a)(2)(iii), or (a)(2)(vii) of this section, the court shall find as a fact that, prior to the granting of
33 the petition, such parental conduct or conditions must have occurred or existed notwithstanding
34 the reasonable efforts which shall be made by the agency prior to the filing of the petition to

1 encourage and strengthen the parental relationship so that the child can safely return to the family.
2 In the event that a petition is filed pursuant to subdivisions (a)(2)(ii), (a)(2)(iv), (a)(2)(v),
3 (a)(2)(vi) or (a)(4) of this section, the department has no obligation to engage in reasonable
4 efforts to preserve and reunify a family.

5 (2) Any duty or obligation on the part of a licensed or governmental child placing agency
6 to make reasonable efforts to strengthen the parental relationship shall cease upon the filing of a
7 petition under this section. This provision shall not be construed and is not intended to limit or
8 affect in any way the parents' right to see or visit with the child during the pendency of a petition
9 under this section.

10 (3) Upon the filing of a termination of parental rights petition, the agency has an
11 affirmative duty to identify, recruit, process and approve a qualified family for adoption or other
12 permanent living arrangement for the child.

13 (c) (1) In considering the termination of rights as pursuant to subsection (a), the court
14 shall give primary consideration to the physical, psychological, mental, and intellectual needs of
15 the child insofar as that consideration is not inconsistent with other provisions of this chapter.

16 (2) The consideration shall include the following: If a child has been placed in foster
17 family care, voluntarily or involuntarily, the court shall determine whether the child has been
18 integrated into the foster family to the extent that the child's familial identity is with the foster
19 family and whether the foster family is able and willing to permanently integrate the child into the
20 foster family; provided, that in considering integrating into a foster family, the court should
21 consider:

22 (i) The length of time child has lived in a stable, satisfactory environment and the
23 desirability of maintaining that environment and continuity for the child; and

24 (ii) The reasonable preference of the child, if the court determines that the child has
25 sufficient capacity to express a reasonable preference.

26 (d) If the court finds that the parental rights of the parent should be terminated as
27 specified in subsection (a), it shall by decree duly entered, appoint some suitable person to give or
28 withhold consent in any subsequent adoption proceedings. In the case of petitions filed by
29 licensed or governmental child placement agencies, the court shall appoint the agency to be the
30 sole party to give or withhold consent to the adoption of the child and further vest the agency with
31 all rights of guardianship over the child.

32 (e) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the introduction of expert
33 testimony with respect to any illness, medical or psychological condition, trauma, incompetency,
34 addiction to drugs, or alcoholism of any parent who has exhibited behavior or conduct that is

1 seriously detrimental to a child, to assist the court in evaluating the reason for the conduct or its
2 probable duration.

3 (f) The record of the testimony of the parties adduced in any proceeding terminating
4 parental rights to a child shall be entitled to the confidentiality provided for in § 8-10-21 and
5 more specifically shall not be admissible in any civil, criminal, or other proceeding in any court
6 against a person named a defendant or respondent for any purpose, except in subsequent
7 proceedings involving the same child or proceedings involving the same respondent.

8 (g) In the event any child, the parental rights to whom have been finally terminated, has
9 not been placed by the agency in the home of a person or persons with the intention of adopting
10 the child within thirty (30) days from the date of the final termination decree, the family court
11 shall review the status of the child and the agency shall file a report that documents the steps the
12 agency is taking to find an adoptive family or other permanent living arrangement for the child, to
13 place the child with an adoptive family, a fit and willing relative, a legal guardian, or in another
14 planned permanent living arrangement, and to finalize the adoption or legal guardianship. At a
15 minimum, this documentation shall include child specific recruitment efforts, such as the use of
16 state, regional and national adoption exchanges, including electronic exchange system.

17 SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage.

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EXPLANATION
BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL
OF

A N A C T

RELATING TO DOMESTIC RELATIONS - ADOPTION OF CHILDREN - ADOPTION OF
CHILDREN - TERMINATION OF PARENTAL RIGHTS

- 1 This act would provide for the termination of the parental rights of a person who murders
- 2 or commits manslaughter on the other parent of his or her child/children.
- 3 This act would take effect upon passage.

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