

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2023

A N A C T

RELATING TO COMMERCIAL LAW -- RHODE ISLAND PERSONAL DATA AND
ONLINE PRIVACY PROTECTION ACT

Introduced By: Representative Joseph M. McNamara

Date Introduced: February 21, 2023

Referred To: House Innovation, Internet, & Technology

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Title 6 of the General Laws entitled "COMMERCIAL LAW — GENERAL
2 REGULATORY PROVISIONS" is hereby amended by adding thereto the following chapter:

3 CHAPTER 59

4 RHODE ISLAND PERSONAL DATA AND ONLINE PRIVACY PROTECTION ACT

5 **6-59-1. Short title.**

6 This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Rhode Island personal data and online
7 privacy protection act."

8 **6-59-2. Definitions.**

9 As used in this chapter, the following words and phrases shall have the following meanings,
10 unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

11 (1) "Affiliate" means a legal entity that shares common branding with another legal entity
12 or controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, another legal entity. For the purposes
13 of this definition, "control" or "controlled" means:

14 (i) Ownership of, or the power to vote, more than fifty percent (50%) of the outstanding
15 shares of any class of voting security of a company;

16 (ii) Control in any manner over the election of a majority of the directors or of individuals
17 exercising similar functions; or

18 (iii) The power to exercise controlling influence over the management of a company.

1 (2) "Authenticate" means to use reasonable means to determine that a request to exercise
2 any of the rights afforded under this chapter being made by, or on behalf of, the consumer who is
3 entitled to exercise such consumer rights with respect to the personal data at issue.

4 (3) "Biometric data" means data generated by automatic measurements of an individual's
5 biological characteristics, such as a fingerprint, a voiceprint, eye retinas, irises or other unique
6 biological patterns or characteristics that are used to identify a specific individual. "Biometric data"
7 does not include:

8 (i) A digital or physical photograph;

9 (ii) An audio or video recording; or

10 (iii) Any data generated from a digital or physical photograph, or an audio or video
11 recording, unless such data is generated to identify a specific individual.

12 (4) "Business associate" has the same meaning as provided in HIPAA.

13 (5) "Child" has the same meaning as provided in COPPA.

14 (6) "Consent" means a clear affirmative act signifying a consumer's freely given, specific,
15 informed and unambiguous agreement to allow the processing of personal data relating to the
16 consumer. "Consent" may include a written statement, including by electronic means, or any other
17 unambiguous affirmative action. "Consent" does not include:

18 (i) Acceptance of a general or broad terms of use or similar document that contains
19 descriptions of personal data processing along with other, unrelated information;

20 (ii) Hovering over, muting, pausing or closing a given piece of content; or

21 (iii) Agreement obtained through the use of dark patterns.

22 (7) "Consumer" means an individual who is a resident of the State of Rhode Island.
23 "Consumer" does not include an individual acting in a commercial or employment context or as an
24 employee, owner, director, officer or contractor of a company, partnership, sole proprietorship,
25 nonprofit or government agency whose communications or transactions with the controller occur
26 solely within the context of that individual's role with the company, partnership, sole proprietorship,
27 nonprofit, or government agency.

28 (8) "Controller" means an individual who, or legal entity that, alone or jointly with others
29 determines the purpose and means of processing personal data.

30 (9) "COPPA" means the Children's Online Privacy Protection Act of 1998, 15 U.S.C. §§
31 6501 et seq., and the regulations, rules, guidance and exemptions adopted pursuant to said act, as
32 said act and such regulations, rules, guidance and exemptions may be amended from time to time.

33 (10) "Covered entity" has the same meaning as provided in HIPAA.

34 (11) "Dark pattern" means a user interface designed or manipulated with the substantial

1 effect of subverting or impairing user autonomy, decision-making or choice, and includes, but is
2 not limited to, any practice the Federal Trade Commission refers to as a "dark pattern".

3 (12) "Decisions that produce legal or similarly significant effects concerning the consumer"
4 means decisions made by the controller that result in the provision or denial by the controller of
5 financial or lending services, housing, insurance, education enrollment or opportunity, criminal
6 justice, employment opportunities, health care services or access to essential goods or services.

7 (13) "De-identified data" means data that cannot reasonably be used to infer information
8 about, or otherwise be linked to, an identified or identifiable individual, or a device linked to such
9 individual, if the controller that possesses such data takes reasonable measures to ensure that such
10 data cannot be associated with an individual, publicly commits to process such data only in a de-
11 identified fashion and not attempt to re-identify such data, and contractually obligates any
12 recipients of such data to satisfy the criteria set forth in this subsection.

13 (14) "HIPAA" means the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, 42
14 U.S.C. § 1320d, as amended from time to time.

15 (15) "Identified or identifiable individual" means an individual who can be readily
16 identified, directly or indirectly.

17 (16) "Institution of higher education" means any individual who, or school, board,
18 association, limited liability company or corporation that, is licensed or accredited to offer one or
19 more programs of higher learning leading to one or more degrees.

20 (17) "Nonprofit organization" means any organization that is exempt from taxation under
21 26 U.S.C. §§ 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4), 501(c)(6) or 501(c)(12) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986,
22 or any subsequent corresponding internal revenue code of the United States, as amended from time
23 to time.

24 (18) "Personal data" means any information that is linked or reasonably linkable to an
25 identified or identifiable individual. "Personal data" does not include de-identified data or publicly
26 available information.

27 (19) "Precise geolocation data" means information derived from technology, including, but
28 not limited to, global positioning system level latitude and longitude coordinates or other
29 mechanisms, that directly identifies the specific location of an individual with precision and
30 accuracy within a radius of one thousand seven hundred fifty feet (1750'). "Precise geolocation
31 data" does not include the content of communications or any data generated by or connected to
32 advanced utility metering infrastructure systems or equipment for use by a utility.

33 (20) "Process" or "processing" means any operation or set of operations performed,
34 whether by manual or automated means, on personal data or on sets of personal data, such as the

1 collection, use, storage, disclosure, analysis, deletion or modification of personal data.

2 (21) "Processor" means an individual who, or legal entity that, processes personal data on
3 behalf of a controller.

4 (22) "Profiling" means any form of automated processing performed on personal data to
5 evaluate, analyze or predict personal aspects related to an identified or identifiable individual's
6 economic situation, health, personal preferences, interests, reliability, behavior, location or
7 movements.

8 (23) "Protected health information" has the same meaning as provided in HIPAA.

9 (24) "Pseudonymous data" means personal data that cannot be attributed to a specific
10 individual without the use of additional information, provided such additional information is kept
11 separately and is subject to appropriate technical and organizational measures to ensure that the
12 personal data is not attributed to an identified or identifiable individual.

13 (25) "Publicly available information" means information that:

14 (i) Is lawfully made available through federal, state or municipal government records or
15 widely distributed media; and

16 (ii) A controller has a reasonable basis to believe a consumer has lawfully made available
17 to the general public.

18 (26) "Sale of personal data" means the exchange of personal data for monetary or other
19 valuable consideration by the controller to a third party. "Sale of personal data" does not include:

20 (i) The disclosure of personal data to a processor that processes the personal data on behalf
21 of the controller;

22 (ii) The disclosure of personal data to a third party for purposes of providing a product or
23 service requested by the consumer;

24 (iii) The disclosure or transfer of personal data to an affiliate of the controller;

25 (iv) The disclosure of personal data where the consumer directs the controller to disclose
26 the personal data or intentionally uses the controller to interact with a third party;

27 (v) The disclosure of personal data that the consumer intentionally made available to the
28 general public via a channel of mass media, and did not restrict to a specific audience; and

29 (vi) The disclosure or transfer of personal data to a third party as an asset that is part of a
30 merger, acquisition, bankruptcy or other transaction, or a proposed merger, acquisition, bankruptcy
31 or other transaction, in which the third party assumes control of all or part of the controller's assets.

32 (27) "Sensitive data" means personal data that includes:

33 (i) Data revealing racial or ethnic origin, religious beliefs, mental or physical health
34 condition or diagnosis, sex life, sexual orientation or citizenship or immigration status;

1 (ii) The processing of genetic or biometric data for the purpose of uniquely identifying an
2 individual;

3 (iii) Personal data collected from a known child; or

4 (iv) Precise geolocation data.

5 (28) "Targeted advertising" means displaying advertisements to a consumer where the
6 advertisement is selected based on personal data obtained or inferred from that consumer's activities
7 over time and across nonaffiliated Internet websites or online applications to predict such
8 consumer's preferences or interests. "Targeted advertising" does not include:

9 (i) Advertisements based on activities within a controller's own Internet websites or online
10 applications;

11 (ii) Advertisements based on the context of a consumer's current search query, visit to an
12 Internet website or online application;

13 (iii) Advertisements directed to a consumer in response to the consumer's request for
14 information or feedback; or

15 (iv) Processing personal data solely to measure or report advertising frequency,
16 performance or reach.

17 (29) "Third-party" means an individual or legal entity, such as a public authority, agency
18 or body, other than the consumer, controller or processor or an affiliate of the processor or the
19 controller.

20 (30) "Trade secret" has the same meaning as provided in § 6-41-1.

21 **6-59-3. Application of chapter.**

22 (a) The provisions of this chapter apply to persons that conduct business in this state or
23 persons that produce products or services that are targeted to residents of this state and that during
24 the preceding calendar year:

25 (1) Controlled or processed the personal data of not less than one hundred thousand
26 (100,000) consumers, excluding personal data controlled or processed solely for the purpose of
27 completing a payment transaction; or

28 (2) Controlled or processed the personal data of not less than twenty-five thousand (25,000)
29 consumers and derived more than twenty-five percent (25%) of their gross revenue from the sale
30 of personal data.

31 **6-59-4. Limitations of chapter.**

32 (a) The provisions of this chapter do not apply to any:

33 (1) Body, authority, board, bureau, commission, district or agency of this state or of any
34 political subdivision of this state;

- 1 (2) Nonprofit organization;
- 2 (3) Institution of higher education;
- 3 (4) National securities association that is registered under 15 U.S.C. § 78o-3 of the
4 Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended from time to time;
- 5 (5) Financial institution or data subject to Title V of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act, 15
6 U.S.C. §§ 6801 et seq.; or
- 7 (6) Covered entity or business associate, as defined in 45 C.F.R. 160.103.
- 8 (b) The following information and data is exempt from the provisions of this chapter:
 - 9 (1) Protected health information under HIPAA;
 - 10 (2) Patient-identifying information for purposes of 42 U.S.C. § 290dd-2;
 - 11 (3) Identifiable private information for purposes of the federal policy for the protection of
12 human subjects under 45 C.F.R. 46;
 - 13 (4) Identifiable private information that is otherwise information collected as part of human
14 subjects research pursuant to the good clinical practice guidelines issued by the International
15 Council for Harmonization of Technical Requirements for Pharmaceuticals for Human Use;
 - 16 (5) The protection of human subjects under 21 C.F.R. Parts 6, 50 and 56, or personal data
17 used or shared in research, as defined in 45 C.F.R. 164.501, that is conducted in accordance with
18 the standards set forth in subsection (b)(5) of this section and subsections (b)(3) and (4) of this
19 section, or other research conducted in accordance with applicable law;
 - 20 (6) Information and documents created for purposes of the Health Care Quality
21 Improvement Act of 1986, 42 U.S.C. §§ 11101 et seq.;
 - 22 (7) Patient safety work product for purposes of the Patient Safety and Quality Improvement
23 Act, 42 U.S.C. §§ 299b-21 et seq., as amended from time to time;
 - 24 (8) Information derived from any of the health care related information listed in this
25 subsection that is de-identified in accordance with the requirements for de-identification pursuant
26 to HIPAA;
 - 27 (9) Information originating from and intermingled to be indistinguishable with, or
28 information treated in the same manner as, information exempt under this subsection that is
29 maintained by a covered entity or business associate, program or qualified service organization, as
30 specified in 42 U.S.C. § 290dd-2, as amended from time to time;
 - 31 (10) Information used for public health activities and purposes as authorized by HIPAA,
32 community health activities and population health activities;
 - 33 (11) The collection, maintenance, disclosure, sale, communication or use of any personal
34 information bearing on a consumer's credit worthiness, credit standing, credit capacity, character,

1 general reputation, personal characteristics or mode of living by a consumer reporting agency,
2 furnisher or user that provides information for use in a consumer report, and by a user of a consumer
3 report, but only to the extent that such activity is regulated by and authorized under the Fair Credit
4 Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 1681 et seq., as amended from time to time;

5 (12) Personal data collected, processed, sold or disclosed in compliance with the Driver's
6 Privacy Protection Act of 1994, 18 U.S.C. §§ 2721 et seq., as amended from time to time;

7 (13) Personal data regulated by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C.
8 §§ 1232g et seq., as amended from time to time;

9 (14) Personal data collected, processed, sold or disclosed in compliance with the Farm
10 Credit Act, 12 U.S.C. §§ 2001 et seq., as amended from time to time;

11 (15) Data processed or maintained:

12 (i) In the course of an individual applying to, employed by or acting as an agent or
13 independent contractor of a controller, processor or third-party, to the extent that the data is
14 collected and used within the context of that role;

15 (ii) As the emergency contact information of an individual under this section used for
16 emergency contact purposes; or

17 (iii) That is necessary to retain to administer benefits for another individual relating to the
18 individual who is the subject of the information, and is used for the purposes of administering such
19 benefits; and

20 (16) Personal data collected, processed, sold or disclosed in relation to price, route or
21 service, as such terms are used in the Airline Deregulation Act, 49 U.S.C. §§ 40101 et seq., as
22 amended from time to time, by an air carrier subject to said act, to the extent the provisions of this
23 act are preempted by the Airline Deregulation Act, 49 U.S.C. § 41713, as amended from time to
24 time.

25 (c) Controllers and processors that comply with the verifiable parental consent
26 requirements of COPPA shall be deemed compliant with any obligation to obtain parental consent
27 pursuant to subsections (a) and (b) of this section, inclusive, of this chapter.

28 **6-59-5. Consumer rights.**

29 (a) A consumer shall have the right to:

30 (1) Confirm whether or not a controller is processing the consumer's personal data and
31 access to such personal data, unless such confirmation or access would require the controller to
32 reveal a trade secret;

33 (2) Correct inaccuracies in the consumer's personal data, taking into account the nature of
34 the personal data and the purposes of the processing of the consumer's personal data;

1 (3) Delete personal data provided by, or obtained about, the consumer;
2 (4) Obtain a copy of the consumer's personal data processed by the controller, in a portable
3 and, to the extent technically feasible, readily usable format that allows the consumer to transmit
4 the data to another controller without hindrance, where the processing is carried out by automated
5 means, provided such controller shall not be required to reveal any trade secret; and
6 (5) Opt out of the processing of the personal data for purposes of:
7 (i) Targeted advertising;
8 (ii) The sale of personal data, except as provided otherwise in this chapter; or
9 (iii) Profiling in furtherance of solely automated decisions that produce legal or similarly
10 significant effects concerning the consumer.
11 (b) A consumer may exercise rights under this section by a secure and reliable means
12 established by the controller and described to the consumer in the controller's privacy notice. A
13 consumer may designate an authorized agent in accordance with this chapter to exercise the rights
14 of such consumer to opt out of the processing of such consumer's personal data for purposes of this
15 section on behalf of the consumer. In the case of processing personal data of a known child, the
16 parent or legal guardian may exercise such consumer rights on the child's behalf. In the case of
17 processing personal data concerning a consumer subject to a guardianship, conservatorship or other
18 protective arrangement, the guardian or the conservator of the consumer may exercise such rights
19 on the consumer's behalf.
20 (c) Except as expressly otherwise provided in this chapter, a controller shall comply with
21 a request by a consumer to exercise the consumer rights authorized by this chapter as follows:
22 (1) A controller shall respond to the consumer without undue delay, but not later than forty-
23 five (45) days after receipt of the request. The controller may extend the response period by forty-
24 five (45) additional days when reasonably necessary, considering the complexity and number of
25 the consumer's requests, provided the controller informs the consumer of any such extension within
26 the initial forty-five (45) day response period and of the reason for the extension.
27 (2) If a controller declines to take action regarding the consumer's request, the controller
28 shall inform the consumer without undue delay, but not later than forty-five (45) days after receipt
29 of the request, of the justification for declining to take action and instructions for how to appeal the
30 decision.
31 (3) Information provided in response to a consumer request shall be provided by a
32 controller, free of charge, once per consumer during any twelve (12) month period. If requests from
33 a consumer are manifestly unfounded, excessive or repetitive, the controller may charge the
34 consumer a reasonable fee to cover the administrative costs of complying with the request or

1 decline to act on the request. The controller bears the burden of demonstrating the manifestly
2 unfounded, excessive or repetitive nature of the request.

3 (4) If a controller is unable to authenticate a request to exercise any of the rights afforded
4 under subsection (a) of this section using commercially reasonable efforts, the controller shall not
5 be required to comply with a request to initiate an action pursuant to this section and shall provide
6 notice to the consumer that the controller is unable to authenticate the request to exercise such right
7 or rights until such consumer provides additional information reasonably necessary to authenticate
8 such consumer and such consumer's request to exercise such right or rights. A controller shall not
9 be required to authenticate an opt-out request, but a controller may deny an opt-out request if the
10 controller has a good faith, reasonable and documented belief that such request is fraudulent. If a
11 controller denies an opt-out request because the controller believes such request is fraudulent, the
12 controller shall send a notice to the person who made such request disclosing that such controller
13 believes such request is fraudulent, why such controller believes such request is fraudulent and that
14 such controller shall not comply with such request.

15 (5) A controller that has obtained personal data about a consumer from a source other than
16 the consumer shall be deemed in compliance with a consumer's request to delete such data pursuant
17 to this section by:

18 (i) Retaining a record of the deletion request and the minimum data necessary for the
19 purpose of ensuring the consumer's personal data remains deleted from the controller's records and
20 not using such retained data for any other purpose pursuant to the provisions of this chapter; or

21 (ii) Opting the consumer out of the processing of such personal data for any purpose except
22 for those exempted pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.

23 (d) A controller shall establish a process for a consumer to appeal the controller's refusal
24 to take action on a request within a reasonable period of time after the consumer's receipt of the
25 decision. The appeal process shall be conspicuously available and similar to the process for
26 submitting requests to initiate action pursuant to this section. Not later than sixty (60) days after
27 receipt of an appeal, a controller shall inform the consumer in writing of any action taken or not
28 taken in response to the appeal, including a written explanation of the reasons for the decisions. If
29 the appeal is denied, the controller shall also provide the consumer with an online mechanism, if
30 available, or other method through which the consumer may contact the attorney general to submit
31 a complaint.

32 **6-59-6. Designation of agent.**

33 A consumer may designate another person to serve as the consumer's authorized agent, and
34 act on such consumer's behalf, to opt-out of the processing of such consumer's personal data for

1 one or more of the purposes specified in this chapter. The consumer may designate such authorized
2 agent by way of, among other things, a technology, including, but not limited to, an Internet link
3 or a browser setting, browser extension or global device setting, indicating such consumer's intent
4 to opt-out of such processing. A controller shall comply with an opt-out request received from an
5 authorized agent if the controller is able to verify, with commercially reasonable effort, the identity
6 of the consumer and the authorized agent's authority to act on such consumer's behalf.

7 **6-59-7. Actions of controller.**

8 (a) A controller shall:

9 (1) Limit the collection of personal data to what is adequate, relevant and reasonably
10 necessary in relation to the purposes for which such data is processed, as disclosed to the consumer;

11 (2) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, not process personal data for purposes
12 that are neither reasonably necessary to, nor compatible with, the disclosed purposes for which such
13 personal data is processed, as disclosed to the consumer, unless the controller obtains the
14 consumer's consent;

15 (3) Establish, implement and maintain reasonable administrative, technical and physical
16 data security practices to protect the confidentiality, integrity and accessibility of personal data
17 appropriate to the volume and nature of the personal data at issue;

18 (4) Not process sensitive data concerning a consumer without obtaining the consumer's
19 consent, or, in the case of the processing of sensitive data concerning a known child, without
20 processing such data in accordance with COPPA;

21 (5) Not process personal data in violation of the laws of this state and federal laws that
22 prohibit unlawful discrimination against consumers;

23 (6) Provide an effective mechanism for a consumer to revoke the consumer's consent under
24 this section that is at least as easy as the mechanism by which the consumer provided the consumer's
25 consent and, upon revocation of such consent, cease to process the data as soon as practicable, but
26 not later than fifteen (15) days after the receipt of such request; and

27 (7) Not process the personal data of a consumer for purposes of targeted advertising, or sell
28 the consumer's personal data without the consumer's consent, under circumstances where a
29 controller has actual knowledge, and wilfully disregards, that the consumer is at least thirteen (13)
30 years of age, but younger than sixteen (16) years of age. A controller shall not discriminate against
31 a consumer for exercising any of the consumer rights contained in this chapter, including denying
32 goods or services, charging different prices or rates for goods or services or providing a different
33 level of quality of goods or services to the consumer.

34 (b) Nothing in subsection (a) of this section shall be construed to require a controller to

1 provide a product or service that requires the personal data of a consumer which the controller does
2 not collect or maintain, or prohibit a controller from offering a different price, rate, level, quality
3 or selection of goods or services to a consumer, including offering goods or services for no fee, if
4 the offering is in connection with a consumer's voluntary participation in a bona fide loyalty,
5 rewards, premium features, discounts or club card program.

6 (c) A controller shall provide consumers with a reasonably accessible, clear and meaningful
7 privacy notice that includes:

8 (1) The categories of personal data processed by the controller;

9 (2) The purpose for processing personal data;

10 (3) How consumers may exercise their consumer rights, including how a consumer may
11 appeal a controller's decision with regard to the consumer's request;

12 (4) The categories of personal data that the controller shares with third parties, if any;

13 (5) The categories of third parties, if any, with which the controller shares personal data;

14 and

15 (6) An active electronic mail address or other online mechanism that the consumer may
16 use to contact the controller.

17 (d) If a controller sells personal data to third parties or processes personal data for targeted
18 advertising, the controller shall clearly and conspicuously disclose such processing, as well as the
19 manner in which a consumer may exercise the right to opt out of such processing.

20 (e) A controller shall establish, and shall describe in a privacy notice, one or more secure
21 and reliable means for consumers to submit a request to exercise their consumer rights pursuant to
22 the provisions of this chapter. Such means shall take into account the ways in which consumers
23 normally interact with the controller, the need for secure and reliable communication of such
24 requests and the ability of the controller to verify the identity of the consumer making the request.
25 A controller shall not require a consumer to create a new account in order to exercise consumer
26 rights, but may require a consumer to use an existing account.

27 (f) The "secure and reliable means" referred to in subsection (e) of this section include:

28 (1) Providing a clear and conspicuous link on the controller's Internet website to an Internet
29 webpage that enables a consumer, or an agent of the consumer, to opt-out of the targeted advertising
30 or sale of the consumer's personal data; and

31 (2) Not later than January 1, 2025, allowing a consumer to opt out of any processing of the
32 consumer's personal data for the purposes of targeted advertising, or any sale of such personal data,
33 through an opt-out preference signal sent, with such consumer's consent, by a platform, technology
34 or mechanism to the controller indicating such consumer's intent to opt-out of any such processing

1 or sale. Such platform, technology or mechanism shall:

2 (A) Not unfairly disadvantage another controller;

3 (B) Not make use of a default setting, but, rather, require the consumer to make an

4 affirmative, freely given and unambiguous choice to opt-out of any processing of such consumer's

5 personal data pursuant to the provisions of this chapter;

6 (C) Be consumer-friendly and easy to use by the average consumer;

7 (D) Be as consistent as possible with any other similar platform, technology or mechanism

8 required by any federal or state law or regulation; and

9 (E) Enable the controller to accurately determine whether the consumer is a resident of this

10 state and whether the consumer has made a legitimate request to opt-out of any sale of such

11 consumer's personal data or targeted advertising.

12 (g) If a consumer's decision to opt-out of any processing of the consumer's personal data

13 for the purposes of targeted advertising, or any sale of such personal data, through an opt-out

14 preference signal sent in accordance with the provisions of this section conflicts with the

15 consumer's existing controller-specific privacy setting or voluntary participation in a controller's

16 bona fide loyalty, rewards, premium features, discounts or club card program, the controller shall

17 comply with such consumer's opt-out preference signal but may notify such consumer of such

18 conflict and provide to such consumer the choice to confirm such controller-specific privacy setting

19 or participation in such program.

20 (h) If a controller responds to consumer opt-out requests received pursuant to this

21 subsection by informing the consumer of a charge for the use of any product or service, the

22 controller shall present the terms of any financial incentive offered pursuant to this section for the

23 retention, use, sale or sharing of the consumer's personal data.

24 **6-59-8. Processor actions.**

25 (a) A processor shall adhere to the instructions of a controller and shall assist the controller

26 in meeting the controller's obligations under the provisions of this chapter. Such assistance shall

27 include:

28 (1) Taking into account the nature of processing and the information available to the

29 processor, by appropriate technical and organizational measures, insofar as is reasonably

30 practicable, to fulfill the controller's obligation to respond to consumer rights requests;

31 (2) Taking into account the nature of processing and the information available to the

32 processor, by assisting the controller in meeting the controller's obligations in relation to the

33 security of processing the personal data and in relation to the notification of a breach of security of

34 the system of the processor, in order to meet the controller's obligations; and

1 (3) Providing necessary information to enable the controller to conduct and document data
2 protection assessments.

3 (b) A contract between a controller and a processor shall govern the processor's data
4 processing procedures with respect to processing performed on behalf of the controller. The
5 contract shall be binding and clearly set forth instructions for processing data, the nature and
6 purpose of processing, the type of data subject to processing, the duration of processing and the
7 rights and obligations of both parties. The contract shall also require that the processor:

8 (1) Ensure that each person processing personal data is subject to a duty of confidentiality
9 with respect to the data;

10 (2) At the controller's direction, delete or return all personal data to the controller as
11 requested at the end of the provision of services, unless retention of the personal data is required
12 by law;

13 (3) Upon the reasonable request of the controller, make available to the controller all
14 information in its possession necessary to demonstrate the processor's compliance with the
15 obligations in the provisions of this chapter;

16 (4) After providing the controller an opportunity to object, engage any subcontractor
17 pursuant to a written contract that requires the subcontractor to meet the obligations of the processor
18 with respect to the personal data; and

19 (5) Allow, and cooperate with, reasonable assessments by the controller or the controller's
20 designated assessor, or the processor may arrange for a qualified and independent assessor to
21 conduct an assessment of the processor's policies and technical and organizational measures in
22 support of the obligations under the provisions of this chapter, using an appropriate and accepted
23 control standard or framework and assessment procedure for such assessments. The processor shall
24 provide a report of such assessment to the controller upon request.

25 (c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to relieve a controller or processor from the
26 liabilities imposed on the controller or processor by virtue of such controller's or processor's role
27 in the processing relationship, as described in the provisions of this chapter.

28 (d) Determining whether a person is acting as a controller or processor with respect to a
29 specific processing of data is a fact-based determination that depends upon the context in which
30 personal data is to be processed. A person who is not limited in such person's processing of personal
31 data pursuant to a controller's instructions, or who fails to adhere to such instructions, is a controller
32 and not a processor with respect to a specific processing of data. A processor that continues to
33 adhere to a controller's instructions with respect to a specific processing of personal data remains a
34 processor. If a processor begins, alone or jointly with others, determining the purposes and means

1 of the processing of personal data, the processor is a controller with respect to such processing and
2 may be subject to an enforcement action under this chapter.

3 **6-59-9. Further actions required of controller -- Data protection assessment.**

4 (a) A controller shall conduct and document a data protection assessment for each of the
5 controller's processing activities that presents a heightened risk of harm to a consumer. For the
6 purposes of this section, processing that presents a heightened risk of harm to a consumer includes:

7 (1) The processing of personal data for the purposes of targeted advertising;

8 (2) The sale of personal data;

9 (3) The processing of personal data for the purposes of profiling, where such profiling
10 presents a reasonably foreseeable risk of:

11 (i) Unfair or deceptive treatment of, or unlawful disparate impact on, consumers;

12 (ii) Financial, physical or reputational injury to consumers;

13 (iii) A physical or other intrusion upon the solitude or seclusion, or the private affairs or
14 concerns, of consumers, where such intrusion would be offensive to a reasonable person; or

15 (iv) Other substantial injury to consumers; and

16 (4) The processing of sensitive data.

17 (b) Data protection assessments conducted pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall
18 identify and weigh the benefits that may flow, directly and indirectly, from the processing to the
19 controller, the consumer, other stakeholders and the public against the potential risks to the rights
20 of the consumer associated with such processing, as mitigated by safeguards that can be employed
21 by the controller to reduce such risks. The controller shall factor into any such data protection
22 assessment the use of de-identified data and the reasonable expectations of consumers, as well as
23 the context of the processing and the relationship between the controller and the consumer whose
24 personal data will be processed.

25 (c) The attorney general may require that a controller disclose any data protection
26 assessment that is relevant to an investigation conducted by the attorney general, and the controller
27 shall make the data protection assessment available to the attorney general. The attorney general
28 may evaluate the data protection assessment for compliance with the responsibilities set forth in
29 the provisions of this chapter. Data protection assessments shall be confidential and shall be exempt
30 from disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act and shall not be deemed to be a public record
31 pursuant to chapter 2 of title 38. To the extent any information contained in a data protection
32 assessment disclosed to the attorney general includes information subject to attorney-client
33 privilege or work product protection, such disclosure shall not constitute a waiver of such privilege
34 or protection.

1 (d) A single data protection assessment may address a comparable set of processing
2 operations that include similar activities.

3 (e) If a controller conducts a data protection assessment for the purpose of complying with
4 another applicable law or regulation, the data protection assessment shall be deemed to satisfy the
5 requirements established in this section if such data protection assessment is reasonably similar in
6 scope and effect to the data protection assessment that would otherwise be conducted pursuant to
7 this section.

8 (f) Data protection assessment requirements shall apply to processing activities created or
9 generated after July 1, 2023, and are not retroactive.

10 **6-59-10. Handling requirements for de-identified data.**

11 (a) Any controller in possession of de-identified data shall:

12 (1) Take reasonable measures to ensure that the data cannot be associated with an
13 individual;

14 (2) Publicly commit to maintaining and using de-identified data without attempting to re-
15 identify the data; and

16 (3) Contractually obligate any recipients of the de-identified data to comply with all
17 provisions of the provisions of this chapter.

18 (b) Nothing in the provisions of this chapter shall be construed to:

19 (1) Require a controller or processor to re-identify de-identified data or pseudonymous
20 data; or

21 (2) Maintain data in identifiable form, or collect, obtain, retain or access any data or
22 technology, in order to be capable of associating an authenticated consumer request with personal
23 data.

24 (c) Nothing in the provisions of this chapter shall be construed to require a controller or
25 processor to comply with an authenticated consumer rights request if the controller:

26 (1) Is not reasonably capable of associating the request with the personal data or it would
27 be unreasonably burdensome for the controller to associate the request with the personal data;

28 (2) Does not use the personal data to recognize or respond to the specific consumer who is
29 the subject of the personal data, or associate the personal data with other personal data about the
30 same specific consumer; and

31 (3) Does not sell the personal data to any third-party or otherwise voluntarily disclose the
32 personal data to any third-party other than a processor, except as otherwise permitted in this section.

33 (d) The rights afforded under this chapter shall not apply to pseudonymous data in cases
34 where the controller is able to demonstrate that any information necessary to identify the consumer

1 is kept separately and is subject to effective technical and organizational controls that prevent the
2 controller from accessing such information.

3 (e) A controller that discloses pseudonymous data or de-identified data shall exercise
4 reasonable oversight to monitor compliance with any contractual commitments to which the
5 pseudonymous data or de-identified data is subject and shall take appropriate steps to address any
6 breaches of those contractual commitments.

7 **6-59-11. Actions that are not restricted.**

8 (a) Nothing in the provisions of this chapter shall be construed to restrict a controller's or
9 processor's ability to:

10 (1) Comply with federal, state or municipal ordinances or regulations;

11 (2) Comply with a civil, criminal or regulatory inquiry, investigation, subpoena or
12 summons by federal, state, municipal or other governmental authorities;

13 (3) Cooperate with law enforcement agencies concerning conduct or activity that the
14 controller or processor reasonably and in good faith believes may violate federal, state or municipal
15 ordinances or regulations;

16 (4) Investigate, establish, exercise, prepare for or defend legal claims;

17 (5) Provide a product or service specifically requested by a consumer;

18 (6) Perform under a contract to which a consumer is a party, including fulfilling the terms
19 of a written warranty;

20 (7) Take steps at the request of a consumer prior to entering into a contract;

21 (8) Take immediate steps to protect an interest that is essential for the life or physical safety
22 of the consumer or another individual, and where the processing cannot be manifestly based on
23 another legal basis;

24 (9) Prevent, detect, protect against or respond to security incidents, identity theft, fraud,
25 harassment, malicious or deceptive activities or any illegal activity, preserve the integrity or
26 security of systems or investigate, report or prosecute those responsible for any such action;

27 (10) Engage in public or peer-reviewed scientific or statistical research in the public interest
28 that adheres to all other applicable ethics and privacy laws and is approved, monitored and governed
29 by an institutional review board that determines, or similar independent oversight entities that
30 determine whether the deletion of the information is likely to provide substantial benefits that do
31 not exclusively accrue to the controller, the expected benefits of the research outweigh the privacy
32 risks, and whether the controller has implemented reasonable safeguards to mitigate privacy risks
33 associated with research, including any risks associated with re-identification;

34 (11) Assist another controller, processor or third party with any of the obligations under

1 the provisions of this chapter; or

2 (12) Process personal data for reasons of public interest in the area of public health,
3 community health or population health, but solely to the extent that such processing is subject to
4 suitable and specific measures to safeguard the rights of the consumer whose personal data is being
5 processed, and under the responsibility of a professional subject to confidentiality obligations under
6 federal, state or local law.

7 (b) The obligations imposed on controllers or processors under the provisions of this
8 chapter shall not restrict a controller's or processor's ability to collect, use or retain data for internal
9 use to:

10 (1) Conduct internal research to develop, improve or repair products, services or
11 technology;

12 (2) Effectuate a product recall;

13 (3) Identify and repair technical errors that impair existing or intended functionality; or

14 (4) Perform internal operations that are reasonably aligned with the expectations of the
15 consumer or reasonably anticipated based on the consumer's existing relationship with the
16 controller, or are otherwise compatible with processing data in furtherance of the provision of a
17 product or service specifically requested by a consumer or the performance of a contract to which
18 the consumer is a party.

19 (c) The obligations imposed on controllers or processors under the provisions of this
20 chapter shall not apply where compliance by the controller or processor with said sections would
21 violate an evidentiary privilege under the laws of this state. Nothing in the provisions of this chapter
22 shall be construed to prevent a controller or processor from providing personal data concerning a
23 consumer to a person covered by an evidentiary privilege under the laws of the state as part of a
24 privileged communication.

25 (d) A controller or processor that discloses personal data to a processor or third-party
26 controller in accordance with the provisions of this chapter shall not be deemed to have violated
27 said sections if the processor or third-party controller that receives and processes such personal data
28 violates said sections, provided, at the time the disclosing controller or processor disclosed such
29 personal data, the disclosing controller or processor did not have actual knowledge that the
30 receiving processor or third-party controller would violate said sections. A third-party controller or
31 processor receiving personal data from a controller or processor in compliance with the provisions
32 of this chapter is likewise not in violation of said sections for the transgressions of the controller or
33 processor from which such third-party controller or processor receives such personal data.

34 (e) Nothing in the provisions of this chapter shall be construed to impose any obligation on

1 a controller or processor that adversely affects the rights or freedoms of any person, including, but
2 not limited to, the rights of any person to freedom of speech or freedom of the press guaranteed in
3 the First Amendment to the United States Constitution, or apply to any person's processing of
4 personal data in the course of such person's purely personal or household activities.

5 (f) Personal data processed by a controller pursuant to this section may be processed to the
6 extent that such processing is:

7 (1) Reasonably necessary and proportionate to the purposes listed in this section; and

8 (2) Adequate, relevant and limited to what is necessary in relation to the specific purposes
9 listed in this section. Personal data collected, used or retained pursuant to this section shall, where
10 applicable, take into account the nature and purpose or purposes of such collection, use or retention.
11 Such data shall be subject to reasonable administrative, technical and physical measures to protect
12 the confidentiality, integrity and accessibility of the personal data and to reduce reasonably
13 foreseeable risks of harm to consumers relating to such collection, use or retention of personal data.

14 (g) If a controller processes personal data pursuant to an exemption in this section, the
15 controller bears the burden of demonstrating that such processing qualifies for the exemption and
16 complies with the requirements in subsection (f) of this section.

17 (h) Processing personal data for the purposes expressly identified in this section shall not
18 solely make a legal entity a controller with respect to such processing.

19 **6-59-12. Enforcement by attorney general.**

20 (a) The attorney general shall have exclusive authority to enforce the provisions of this
21 chapter.

22 (b) During the period beginning on July 1, 2023, and ending on December 31, 2024, the
23 attorney general shall, prior to initiating any action for a violation of any provisions of this chapter,
24 issue a notice of violation to the controller if the attorney general determines that a cure is possible.
25 If the controller fails to cure such violation within sixty (60) days of receipt of the notice of
26 violation, the attorney general may bring an action pursuant to this section.

27 (c) Not later than February 1, 2025, the attorney general shall submit a report, to the house
28 and senate judiciary committees containing:

29 (1) The number of notices of violation the attorney general has issued;

30 (2) The nature of each violation;

31 (3) The number of violations that were cured during the sixty (60) day cure period; and

32 (4) Any other matter the attorney general deems relevant for the purposes of such report.

33 (d) Beginning on January 1, 2025, the attorney general may, in determining whether to
34 grant a controller or processor the opportunity to cure an alleged violation as permitted under this

1 section, consider:

- 2 (1) The number of violations;
- 3 (2) The size and complexity of the controller or processor;
- 4 (3) The nature and extent of the controller's or processor's processing activities;
- 5 (4) The substantial likelihood of injury to the public;
- 6 (5) The safety of persons or property; and
- 7 (6) Whether such alleged violation was likely caused by human or technical error.
- 8 (e) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as providing the basis for, or be subject to, a
- 9 private right of action for violations of said sections or any other law.
- 10 (f) A violation of the requirements of the provisions of this chapter shall constitute an unfair
- 11 sales and deceptive trade practice for purposes of chapters 13 and 13.1 of title 6, and shall be
- 12 enforced solely by the attorney general.

13 **6-59-13. Joint study commission.**

14 (a) Not later than September 1, 2023, the general assembly shall convene a joint study

15 commission to:

- 16 (1) Study information sharing among health care providers and social care providers and
- 17 make recommendations to eliminate health disparities and inequities across sectors;
- 18 (2) Study algorithmic decision-making and make recommendations concerning the proper
- 19 use of data to reduce bias in such decision-making;
- 20 (3) Make recommendations as to legislation that would require an operator, as defined in
- 21 the Children's Online Privacy Protection Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 6501 et seq., as amended from time to
- 22 time, to, upon a parent's request, delete the account of a child and cease to collect, use or maintain,
- 23 in retrievable form, the child's personal data on the operator's Internet website or online service
- 24 directed to children, and provide parents with an accessible, reasonable and verifiable means to
- 25 make such a request;
- 26 (4) Any means available to verify the age of a child who creates a social media account;
- 27 (5) Issues concerning data colocation, including, but not limited to, the impact that the
- 28 provisions of this chapter have on third parties that provide data storage and colocation services;
- 29 (6) Recommend any legislation that would expand the provisions of this chapter to include
- 30 additional persons or groups; and
- 31 (7) Other topics concerning data privacy.

32 (b) The chairpersons of the house and senate judiciary committees shall serve as the

33 chairpersons of the study commission, and shall jointly appoint the members of the joint study

34 commission. Such members shall include, but need not be limited to:

1 (1) Representatives from business, academia, consumer advocacy groups, small and large
2 companies and the office of the attorney general;

3 (2) Members of the senate and the house of representatives; and

4 (3) Attorneys and other professionals with experience and expertise in privacy law.

5 (c) The speaker of the house and the president of the senate shall provide staffing and space
6 to the study commission as determined to be needed.

7 (d) Not later than January 1, 2024, the study commission shall submit a report on its
8 findings and recommendations to the house and senate judiciary committees. The study
9 commission shall terminate on the date that it submits such report or January 1, 2024 whichever is
10 later.

11 SECTION 2. This act shall take effect on July 1, 2023.

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EXPLANATION
BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL
OF

A N A C T

RELATING TO COMMERCIAL LAW -- RHODE ISLAND PERSONAL DATA AND
ONLINE PRIVACY PROTECTION ACT

- 1 This act would establish the Rhode Island personal data and online privacy protection act.
- 2 The act would provide for the protection of personal data of individuals which is collected by
- 3 certain commercial enterprises, including persons and enterprises that conduct business in the state.
- 4 The attorney general would be charged with enforcement of this act.
- 5 This act would take effect of July 1, 2023.

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