1 ARTICLE 20

RELATING TO LOCAL AGRICULTURE AND SEAFOOD ACT

SECTION 1. Section 46-23-1 of the General Laws in Chapter 46-23 entitled "Coastal Resources Management Council" is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 46-23-1. Legislative findings. -- (a)(1) Under article 1, § 17 of the Rhode Island Constitution, the people shall continue to enjoy and freely exercise all the rights of fishery, and the privileges of the shore, to which they have been heretofore entitled under the charter and usages of this state, including, but not limited to, fishing from the shore, the gathering of seaweed, leaving the shore to swim in the sea and passage along the shore; and they shall be secure in their rights to use and enjoyment of the natural resources of the state with due regard for the preservation of their values; and it is the duty of the general assembly to provide for the conservation of the air, land, water, plant, animal, mineral and other natural resources of the state, and to adopt all means necessary and proper by law to protect the natural environment of the use of the natural resources of the state and for the preservation, regeneration, and restoration of the natural environment of the state.

(2) The general assembly recognizes and declares that the coastal resources of Rhode Island, a rich variety of natural, commercial, industrial, recreational, and aesthetic assets, are of immediate and potential value to the present and future development of this state; that unplanned or poorly planned development of this basic natural environment has already damaged or destroyed, or has the potential of damaging or destroying, the state's coastal resources, and has restricted the most efficient and beneficial utilization of these resources; that it shall be the policy of this state to preserve, protect, develop, and, where possible, restore the coastal resources of the state for this and succeeding generations through comprehensive and coordinated long range planning and management designed to produce the maximum benefit for society from these coastal resources; and that preservation and restoration of ecological systems shall be the primary guiding principle upon which environmental alteration of coastal resources will be measured, judged, and regulated.

(b)(1) That effective implementation of these policies is essential to the social and economic well-being of the people of Rhode Island because the sea and its adjacent lands are

1	major sources of food and public recreation, because these resources are used by and for industry,
2	transportation, waste disposal, and other purposes, and because the demands made on these
3	resources are increasing in number, magnitude, and complexity; and that these policies are
4	necessary to protect the public health, safety, and general welfare. Pursuant to 16 U.S.C. § 1452
5	("The Coastal Zone Management Act"), the general assembly hereby directs the council (referred
6	to as "CRMC") to exercise effectively its responsibilities in the coastal zone through the
7	development and implementation of management programs to achieve wise use of the land and
8	water resources of the coastal zone.
9	(2) Furthermore, that implementation of these policies is necessary in order to secure the
10	rights of the people of Rhode Island to the use and enjoyment of the natural resources of the state
11	with due regard for the preservation of their values, and in order to allow the general assembly to
12	fulfill its duty to provide for the conservation of the air, land, water, plant, animal, mineral, and
13	other natural resources of the state, and to adopt all means necessary and proper by law to protect
14	the natural environment of the people of the state by providing adequate resource planning for the
15	control and regulation of the use of the natural resources of the state and for the preservation,
16	regeneration, and restoration of the natural environment of the state.
17	(c) That these policies can best be achieved through the creation of a coastal resources
18	management council as the principal mechanism for management of the state's coastal resources.
19	(d) The general assembly recognizes and declares that maintenance dredging is required
20	to remove natural silt accumulations; Rhode Island has not had a general maintenance dredging
21	policy and programs for ports, port facilities, channels, harbors, public and private marinas and
22	boating facilities, recreational facilities and habitat areas; other major coastal states have
23	maintenance dredging policies and in-water maintenance dredge disposal sites; as a result of the
24	lack of a general maintenance dredging policy and program and as a result there has been:
25	(1) A decrease in the depth of the Providence Channel from forty-four (44) feet in 1971
26	to twenty-four (24) feet in 1996;
27	(2) Navigational restrictions on ocean going vessels through the state's waterways and
28	channels; and
29	(3) A decrease in the number of available slips and moorings at marinas throughout the
30	state; and the lack of a maintenance dredging policy and programs have significant adverse
31	environmental and economic effects on the state and therefore it is in the best interest of the state,
32	the cities and towns of the state, and the citizens thereof for the state to have a general
33	maintenance dredging policy and programs to resolve issues related to dredge maintenance and
34	disposal and avoid future significant direct and indirect adverse impact on the environment and

1	economy of the state.
2	(e) The coastal resources management council is hereby designated as the lead state
3	agency for purposes of dredging in tidal waters and as such shall have the following duties and
4	responsibilities:
5	(1) To coordinate the interest of the state with regard to dredging;
6	(2) To formulate and adopt a state policy with regard to dredging which integrates those
7	interests;
8	(3) To cooperate with, negotiate, and to enter into agreements on behalf of the state with
9	the federal government and with other public bodies and private parties with regard to dredging;
10	(4) To act as the initial and primary point of contact for all applications to the state for
11	dredging projects in tidal waters;
12	(5) To develop, prepare, adopt pursuant to § 46-23-11, implement, and maintain a
13	comprehensive plan for dredge material management; and
14	(6) To cooperate and coordinate with the departments of environmental management,
15	transportation, administration, and health, and the economic development Rhode Island
16	commerce corporation in the conduct of these duties and responsibilities.
17	(f)(1) The legislature recognizes that under Article I, § 17, the submerged lands of the
18	state are impressed with a public trust and that the state is responsible for the protection of the
19	public's interest in these lands. The state maintains title in fee to all soil within its boundaries that
20	lies below the high water mark, and it holds that land in trust for the use of the public. In
21	benefiting the public, the state preserves certain public rights which include, but are not limited
22	to, fishery, commerce, and navigation in these waters and the submerged lands that they cover.
23	(2) Since its establishment in 1971, the CRMC has had the authority to manage and plan
24	for the preservation of the coastal resources of the state including, but not limited to, submerged
25	lands. The legislature hereby declares that, in light of the unique size, scope, and overall potential
26	impact upon the environment of large scale filling projects involving twenty-five (25) acres or
27	more, any lease of tidal lands, or any license to use those lands, is subject to approval,
28	disapproval, or conditional approval by the direct enactment of the general assembly by
29	legislative action. The CRMC shall review all requests for leases, licenses to use the land, and
30	other authority to use the land made by any applicant prior to presentation of the request to the
31	general assembly, and the CRMC shall make recommendations on the request to the general

assembly. With the exception of any and all projects to fill land of twenty-five (25) acres or more,

the general assembly hereby recognizes and declares that the CRMC is delegated the sole and

exclusive authority for the leasing of submerged and filled lands and giving licenses for the use of

32

33

34

1	that land. Accordingly, the CRMC will develop, coordinate, and adopt a system for the leasing of
2	submerged and filled lands, and licenses for the use of that land, and will ensure that all leases
3	and licenses are consistent with the public trust. Pursuant thereto, the CRMC shall impose a
4	maximum fee of eighty thousand dollars (\$80,000) per annum for any transatlantic cable that
5	makes landfall in Rhode Island. All such fees collected shall be deposited into the Bays, Rivers
6	and Watersheds Fund, established pursuant to § 46-31-12.1, and shall be disbursed according to
7	the purposes of that fund. All fees collected for the lease of submerged tidal lands for any
8	renewable energy project with a project cost exceeding five million dollars (\$5,000,000) shall be
9	deposited into the Rhode Island local agriculture and seafood small grants and technical
10	assistance fund established pursuant to § 2-25-6, and shall be disbursed according to the purposes
11	of that fund. Nothing contained in this subsection negates, repeals, or alters the provisions,
12	processes, and requirements for the leasing of submerged land for the conduct of aquaculture as
13	set out under chapter 10 of title 20. Therefore, nothing in this chapter shall be construed to limit
14	or impair the authority of the state, or any duly established agency of the state, to regulate filling
15	or dredging affecting tidal lands owned by the state or any other entity, and nothing in this
16	chapter shall be construed to limit or impair the obligation of the applicant to obtain all applicable
17	regulatory approvals. Specifically, and without limiting the foregoing, nothing in this subsection
18	negates, repeals, or alters the provisions, processes, and requirements for water quality
19	certification contained in chapter 12 of this title.
20	(3) Definitions.
21	(i) "Filled land" means portions of tidal lands which have been rendered by the acts of
22	man to be no longer subject to tidal action or beneath tidal waters.
23	(ii) "Tidal Lands" means those lands that are below the mean high water.
24	(iii) "Mean high water" means a line of contour representing the 18.6 year average as
25	determined by the metonic cycle and/or its equivalent as evidenced by the records, tidal datum,
26	and methodology of the United States Coastal Geodetic Survey within the National Oceanic and
27	Atmospheric Administration.
28	SECTION 2. Sections 2-25-2, 2-25-3, 2-25-5, 2-25-6 and 2-25-7 of the General Laws in
29	Chapter 2-25 entitled "The Rhode Island Local Agriculture and Seafood Act" are hereby
30	amended to read as follows:
31	§ 2-25-2. Legislative findings The general assembly hereby finds and declares:
32	(1) A viable agricultural and seafood sector in Rhode Island represents part of a secure

(2) The federal government and regional entities have established and continue to

regional food supply, which in turn lends itself to energy and economic efficiencies;

33

34

1	establish programs and processes to support local agricultural production and increased
2	consumption of locally produced food, and Rhode Island functions in whole or in part in the
3	context of federal and regional programs;
4	(3) The general public is increasingly interested in locally produced food;
5	(4) The benefits of local food systems to local communities include open land, jobs,
6	nutritious and safe foods, and youth education opportunities;
7	(5) Farms and commercial fishing are an integral part of Rhode Island's overall economy;
8	(6) Encouraging the continued growth of Rhode Island's agricultural and seafood sectors
9	is integral to reducing food insecurity in Rhode Island;
10	(7) Relationship-based food systems such as farm-to-school programs, community
11	supported agriculture (CSA) programs, farmers' markets, and pick-your-own operations are
12	increasingly popular and offer areas of opportunity for new farmers; and
13	(8) The state of Rhode Island has historically established programs to provide for and
14	regulate the agriculture and commercial fishing sectors
15	(9) Expanding and strengthening the local food system supports a diverse range of
16	economic activities and benefits that extend well beyond fisheries and agricultural industries and
17	includes new businesses and job growth, increased property values, generation of new revenues
18	and stronger Rhode Island communities; and
19	(10) The increasing volume, complexity and burden of fisheries management policies and
20	regulations threatens the viability of the Rhode Island fishing industry and serves as a barrier to
21	growth of this important sector of the state's economy.
22	§ 2-25-3. Legislative intent The general assembly intends:
23	(1) To support and develop more robust and self-sustaining agricultural and seafood
24	sectors that also promotes emerging agricultural industries;
25	(2) That policies and programs of the state will support and promote the Rhode Island
26	agriculture and seafood industries as a vital component of the state's economy and essential
27	steward of our land and coastal waters;
28	(3) That current policies and programs pertaining to the viability of Rhode Island's
29	agricultural and seafood industries be reviewed and confirmed or changed in order to assure the
30	long-term economic prosperity of the industries; and
31	(4) That Rhode Island will promote processing and consumption of agricultural and
32	seafood products from within Rhode Island-; and
33	(5) That Rhode Island's fishing industry has the resources to participate in matters
34	concerning fisheries management regulations and policies.

1	§ 2-25-5. Small grants and technical assistance program established The
2	department of environmental management shall establish the local agriculture and seafood small
3	grants and technical assistance program. Through the program the department shall:
4	(1) Assist in the marketing of Rhode Island grown agricultural products and local seafood
5	for the purpose of sale and promotion within the state of Rhode Island or United States;
6	(2) Enhance the economic competitiveness of Rhode Island grown agricultural products
7	and local seafood;
8	(3) Provide financial and technical assistance support to organizations and farmers for
9	activities and programs which enhance the economic viability of local agriculture, and support the
10	development of a locally based, safe and sustainable food system;
11	(4) Provide individual farm grants to small or beginning Rhode Island farmers that
12	support the entry or sustainability within the respective industry;
13	(5) Provide grant funding up to fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) to allow the fishing
14	community to fully participate in the development of fisheries management policies and
15	regulations;
16	(5)(6) Work with the state department of health to further develop and support food
17	safety related programs and standards pertaining to local agriculture and seafood; and
18	(6)(7) Perform other activities necessary to facilitate the success and viability of the
19	state's agricultural and seafood sectors.
20	§ 2-25-6. Local agriculture and seafood small grants and technical assistance fund
21	established and solicitation of funding (a) For the purpose of paying the costs to the
22	department of environmental management of administering the local agriculture and seafood
23	small grants and technical assistance program and for the purpose of carrying out the purposes of
24	the program as stated in subdivisions 2-25-5(3) and, 2-25-5(4) and 2-25-5(5) a restricted receipt
25	account is hereby created and known as the "local agriculture and seafood small grants and
26	technical assistance fund."
27	(b) The program shall be empowered to apply for and receive from any federal, state, or
28	local agency, private foundation, or individual, any grants, appropriations, or gifts in order to
29	carry out the purposes of the program established in § 2-25-5.
30	§ 2-25-7. Use of funds (a) A non-profit entity or small or beginning farmer may apply
31	to the department of environmental management for a grant to be used to fulfill the purposes of
32	the program as stated in subdivisions 2-25-5(3) and 2-25-5(4). Any grant disbursed under this
33	program shall not exceed twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) per year. Applications for grants

1	(1) Provide a brief summary of the nonprofit entity or small or beginning farmer's
2	mission, goals, history, programs, and major accomplishments, success stories and qualifications;
3	(2) Briefly describe the proposed project or program, the capacity to carry out the
4	program and who will benefit from the program;
5	(3) Describe the expected outcomes and the indicators of those outcomes;
6	(4) Outline the timeline to be used in the implementation of the program or project; and
7	(5) Provide a program or project budget.
8	(b) A nonprofit entity or person may apply to the department for a grant to be used to
9	fulfill the purposes of the program as stated in § 2-25-5(5). Applications for grants authorized
10	under this section shall conform to specifications as determined by the department of
11	environmental management. Any funds not disbursed under § 2-25-5(5) shall be disbursed for the
12	purposes of the program as stated in §§ 2-25-5(3) and 2-25-5(4).
13	(b)(c) The funds shall also be used by the department to provide administrative and
14	technical support of the program, and to leverage program funds with other potential federal, state
15	or nonprofit funding sources, and shall serve to develop, implement and enforce when appropriate
16	food safety related standards and programs related to local agriculture and seafood in
17	coordination with the Rhode Island department of health and appropriate federal agencies.
18	SECTION 3. This article shall take effect as of July 1, 2016.