## THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

## SENATE RESOLUTION

No. 365

Session of 2015

INTRODUCED BY BREWSTER, RESCHENTHALER, ARGALL, TEPLITZ, RAFFERTY, WHITE, VOGEL, YUDICHAK, MENSCH, BARTOLOTTA, FOLMER, WARD, STEFANO, VULAKOVICH, LEACH AND DINNIMAN, MAY 26, 2016

REFERRED TO INTERGOVERNMENTAL OPERATIONS, MAY 26, 2016

## A RESOLUTION

Urging the President of the United States and Pennsylvania's elected Federal officials, including United States Senators 2 and United States Representatives to fight for strong 3 enforcement of our nation's trade laws to level the playing field with China and other countries, taking necessary action to protect the domestic steel industry from unfair foreign competition and urging the United States Department of Commerce to maintain China's nonmarket economy status to 8 preserve the ability of United States companies and American 9 10 workers to access domestic trade remedy laws. WHEREAS, Manufacturing is a critical part of this 11 12 Commonwealth's economy, providing 569,600 jobs; and 13 WHEREAS, The number of manufacturing jobs declined in this 14 Commonwealth over the last year; and 15 WHEREAS, Only 30,000 manufacturing jobs were created nationwide in 2015, compared to 2.7 million jobs created across 16 17 the entire economy; and 18 WHEREAS, Manufacturing industrial sectors are at risk of 19 sliding back into recession due to an alarming surge of unfairly 20 priced imports from China and other nations; and WHEREAS, The United States trade deficit with China set a new 21

- 1 record in 2015 at \$366 billion; and
- 2 WHEREAS, The Institute for Supply Management's manufacturing
- 3 index shows that the sector contracted in February 2016 for the
- 4 fifth consecutive month; and
- 5 WHEREAS, The steel industry, in particular, is suffering from
- 6 an unprecedented surge in imports into the United States from
- 7 nations such as Brazil, China, India, Russia, South Korea,
- 8 Turkey and Vietnam; and
- 9 WHEREAS, Steel is used in a broad range of applications,
- 10 including the following: automobiles, energy production and
- 11 transmission, transportation infrastructure, including bridges,
- 12 highways, airports and railroads, public safety infrastructure,
- 13 such as water treatment, construction of hospitals, schools,
- 14 industrial plants and commercial buildings and national
- 15 security, including aircraft carriers, nuclear submarines, tanks
- 16 and armored transports; and
- 17 WHEREAS, The steel sector is an engine for good-paying jobs
- 18 for more than 1 million Americans, supporting approximately
- 19 136,000 jobs in this Commonwealth according to the American Iron
- 20 and Steel Institute; and
- 21 WHEREAS, Every steel industry job supports up to five
- 22 additional jobs in this Commonwealth's economy and provides
- 23 family-sustaining jobs; and
- 24 WHEREAS, Major steel mills were recently closed or idled in
- 25 this Commonwealth and across the United States; and
- 26 WHEREAS, Finished steel imports increased by a dramatic 36%
- 27 in 2014 and set an all-time record; and
- 28 WHEREAS, Finished steel imports captured 29% of the United
- 29 States market in 2015, the second consecutive year that figure
- 30 was at an all-time record, up from just 23% in 2013; and

- 1 WHEREAS, Domestic steel shipments declined by over 12% in
- 2 2015 and plant activity averaged just 70% for 2015, well below
- 3 profitable levels; and
- 4 WHEREAS, Multiple steel-producing countries are taking nearly
- 5 one-third of the domestic market, which harms families and
- 6 communities and is a threat to our national economic security;
- 7 and
- 8 WHEREAS, A major cause of the steel import surge is global
- 9 steel industry overcapacity, a measure of excess production
- 10 capacity above what is necessary to meet market demand; and
- 11 WHEREAS, China's steel industry, which now represents half of
- 12 all global steel production, is almost completely subsidized,
- 13 owned and state-supported by China's central and provincial
- 14 governments, with 9 out of its top 10 producers being state
- 15 owned; and
- 16 WHEREAS, China continues to overproduce steel with the
- 17 backing of aggressive government support and trade policies that
- 18 are resulting in Chinese exports flooding every market around
- 19 the world, creating a domino effect on trade flows; and
- 20 WHEREAS, Chinese crude steel production soared from 128
- 21 million metric tons in 2000 to 823 million metric tons in 2014,
- 22 an increase of nearly 700 million tons; and
- 23 WHEREAS, The Organization for Economic Cooperation and
- 24 Development estimates that there is approximately 700 million
- 25 metric tons of excess steel capacity globally today; and
- 26 WHEREAS, Much of the world's steel ends up in the United
- 27 States because we have the most open market in the world and
- 28 because other countries are more aggressive in putting
- 29 safeguards and tariffs in place; therefore be it
- 30 RESOLVED, That the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

- 1 urge the President of the United States and Pennsylvania's
- 2 elected Federal officials, including United States Senators and
- 3 United States Representatives to fight for strong enforcement of
- 4 our nation's trade laws to level the playing field with China
- 5 and other countries, taking necessary action to protect the
- 6 domestic steel industry from unfair foreign competition and
- 7 urging the United States Department of Commerce to maintain
- 8 China's nonmarket economy status to preserve the ability of
- 9 United States companies and American workers to access domestic
- 10 trade remedy laws.