THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

SENATE RESOLUTION No. 26 Session of 2023

INTRODUCED BY CAPPELLETTI, TARTAGLIONE, BOSCOLA, MARTIN, DILLON, LAUGHLIN, FONTANA, SANTARSIERO, HAYWOOD, COMITTA, KEARNEY, HUTCHINSON, KANE, STEFANO AND SCHWANK, FEBRUARY 14, 2023

REFERRED TO RULES AND EXECUTIVE NOMINATIONS, FEBRUARY 14, 2023

A RESOLUTION

1 2	Recognizing the month of January 2023 as "Cervical Cancer Awareness Month" in Pennsylvania.
3	WHEREAS, Cervical cancer is the fourth most common cancer and
4	fourth most frequent cause of cancer deaths in women worldwide;
5	and
6	WHEREAS, Nearly 13,000 women are diagnosed with cervical
7	cancer each year in the United States and more than 4,000 women
8	die as a result; and
9	WHEREAS, In this Commonwealth there are approximately 500 new
10	cases of cervical cancer annually; and
11	WHEREAS, The disease is almost totally treatable or
12	preventable with routine screening; and
13	WHEREAS, Hispanic women have the highest rate of cervical
14	cancer and Black, non-Hispanic women are more likely to die of
15	cervical cancer than any other group; and
16	WHEREAS, The American Cancer Society guidelines for the
17	prevention and early detection of cervical cancers recommend

1 cervical cancer screening begin at age 25; and

2 WHEREAS, Cervical cancer can be eliminated in the United 3 States, but education is needed regarding the importance of 4 prevention and screening; and

5 WHEREAS, When precancerous changes are detected and treated, 6 cervical cancer can be prevented; and

7 WHEREAS, The Department of Health's Breast and Cervical 8 Cancer Early Detection Program and the Department of Human 9 Services' Breast and Cervical Cancer Prevention and Treatment 10 Program provide access and support for Commonwealth residents to 11 get the breast and cervical cancer screenings recommended by 12 physicians; and

13 WHEREAS, Mortality from cervical cancer is associated with 14 being diagnosed at a later stage, which can stem from limited 15 access to and uptake of preventative services and a lack of 16 follow-up care after an abnormal screening result; and

WHEREAS, Awareness of cervical cancer, its risk factors and the importance of access to preventative measures are critical p to perpetuating the continual decrease of the incidence of cervical cancer in women in this Commonwealth and across the nation; therefore be it

RESOLVED, That the Senate recognize the month of January 2023as "Cervical Cancer Awareness Month" in Pennsylvania.

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