## THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

## SENATE RESOLUTION

No. 187

Session of 2015

INTRODUCED BY BOSCOLA, COSTA, HUGHES, FONTANA, ALLOWAY, BREWSTER, DINNIMAN, SABATINA, TARTAGLIONE, TEPLITZ, AUMENT, GREENLEAF, PILEGGI, RAFFERTY AND SCAVELLO, SEPTEMBER 18, 2015

INTRODUCED AND ADOPTED, SEPTEMBER 18, 2015

## A RESOLUTION

- Designating September 18, 2015, as "Pitt Hopkins Syndrome Awareness Day" in Pennsylvania.
- 3 WHEREAS, Pitt Hopkins syndrome is a rare and severe
- 4 neurological disorder caused by a spontaneous mutation on the
- 5 18th chromosome; and
- 6 WHEREAS, Pitt Hopkins syndrome is characterized by
- 7 developmental delays, moderate to severe intellectual
- 8 disability, breathing problems, epilepsy or recurrent seizures,
- 9 gastrointestinal issues and distinctive facial features; and
- 10 WHEREAS, Most affected individuals do not learn to walk
- 11 unassisted and do not develop speech, but not all symptoms need
- 12 to be present to warrant genetic testing in individuals; and
- 13 WHEREAS, Pitt Hopkins syndrome was first described by two
- 14 physicians in 1978, however, until recently, the diagnosis was
- 15 based on a person's medical history and a physical examination;
- 16 and
- 17 WHEREAS, New technology has allowed scientists to identify

- 1 the genetic cause and now the diagnosis is usually based on the
- 2 results of microarray analysis which can be performed on a blood
- 3 sample; and
- 4 WHEREAS, In 2007, the connection to the 18th chromosome was
- 5 established when the TCF4 transcription factor located on
- 6 chromosome 18 was discovered to play an essential role in the
- 7 development of the nervous system and the brain, and any
- 8 functional deficiency in development affects how a child
- 9 develops over time; and
- 10 WHEREAS, Approximately 500 people worldwide have been
- 11 diagnosed with Pitt Hopkins syndrome, however, given the fact
- 12 that the discovery of the gene happened just seven years ago,
- 13 there are likely many others out there that remain undiagnosed;
- 14 and
- 15 WHEREAS, Pitt Hopkins syndrome occurs in both males and
- 16 females and is not limited to a specific ethnic background; and
- 17 WHEREAS, This condition is inherited in an autosomal dominant
- 18 pattern, meaning one copy of the altered gene in each cell is
- 19 sufficient to cause the disorder, but most cases result from new
- 20 mutations in the gene and occur in people with no history of the
- 21 disorder in their family; and
- 22 WHEREAS, Given its rarity, online support groups play a
- 23 pivotal role for individuals, families and their loved ones to
- 24 connect with each other and increase awareness; and
- 25 WHEREAS, The Pitt Hopkins Research Foundation celebrates
- 26 September 18, 2015, as the third annual International Pitt
- 27 Hopkins Syndrome Day to raise awareness and funding for Pitt
- 28 Hopkins research; and
- 29 WHEREAS, This date was chosen to bring attention to the fact
- 30 that it is a disorder caused by a spontaneous mutation on the

- 1 18th chromosome; and
- 2 WHEREAS, The Pitt Hopkins Research Foundation is an all-
- 3 volunteer organization of families and professionals dedicated
- 4 to finding a cure for Pitt Hopkins syndrome through the funding
- 5 of research, education and advocacy; and
- 6 WHEREAS, The foundation's goal is to bring practical
- 7 treatment into current medical practice; therefore be it
- 8 RESOLVED, That the Senate designate September 18, 2015, as
- 9 "Pitt Hopkins Syndrome Awareness Day" in Pennsylvania in
- 10 recognition of the needs of individuals with Pitt Hopkins
- 11 syndrome and urge all residents to support the need for
- 12 awareness and education regarding Pitt Hopkins syndrome in order
- 13 to assist those individuals and families who deal with this
- 14 syndrome every day of their lives.