THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

SENATE BILL

No. 1360 Session of 2015

INTRODUCED BY BAKER, BROWNE, McGARRIGLE, GORDNER, SCAVELLO, FOLMER, WHITE, MENSCH AND RAFFERTY, SEPTEMBER 6, 2016

REFERRED TO LABOR AND INDUSTRY, SEPTEMBER 6, 2016

AN ACT

- 1 Providing for statutory construction of Pennsylvania wage and 2 hour laws.
- 3 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
- 4 hereby enacts as follows:
- 5 Section 1. Short title.
- 6 This act shall be known and may be cited as the Statutory
- 7 Construction of Wage and Hour Laws Act.
- 8 Section 2. Declaration of purpose.
- 9 The General Assembly finds and declares as follows:
- 10 (1) Many employers in this Commonwealth are subject to
- dual coverage under the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (52
- 12 Stat. 1060, 29 U.S.C. § 201 et seq.) and the act of January
- 13 17, 1968 (P.L.11, No.5), known as The Minimum Wage Act of
- 14 1968.
- 15 (2) The Congress of the United States and the United
- 16 States Department of Labor have a robust history of amending
- and revising the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 and its
- 18 implementing regulations and interpretive guidance, including

- 1 29 U.S.C. Ch. 9 (relating to portal-to-portal pay) and the
- 2 Final Rule (81 FR 32391), updating 29 CFR Pt. 541 (relating
- 3 to defining and delimiting the exemptions for executive,
- 4 administrative, professional, computer and outside sales
- 5 employees).
- 6 (3) The General Assembly seeks to avoid, to the greatest
- 7 extent possible and consistent with the public policy of the
- 8 Commonwealth, the burdening of employers and employees with
- 9 two different sets of Federal and State standards.
- 10 (4) As a result of the General Assembly and the
- 11 Department of Labor and Industry of the Commonwealth failing
- 12 to update in accordance with the amendments and revisions to
- 13 the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 and its implementing
- 14 regulations and interpretive guidance, unintended
- discrepancies have arisen between Federal and State law.
- 16 (5) The discrepancies between Federal and State law have
- 17 caused confusion for employers and employees and have
- 18 resulted in instances in which good faith compliance with
- 19 Federal law has nonetheless been deemed to be in violation of
- 20 State law.
- 21 Section 3. Construction of The Minimum Wage Act of 1968.
- 22 The following apply:
- 23 (1) The act of January 17, 1968 (P.L.11, No.5), known as
- The Minimum Wage Act of 1968, shall be construed in pari
- 25 materia with 29 U.S.C. Ch. 9 (relating to portal-to-portal
- 26 pay) and sections 7 and 13 and the other provisions of the
- 27 Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (52 Stat. 1060, 29 U.S.C. §
- 28 201 et seq.), including regulations in effect on or after the
- 29 effective date of this act.
- 30 (2) For the purposes of section 5(a)(5) of The Minimum

- 1 Wage Act of 1968, the applicable salary level required to
- 2 qualify as a bona fide executive, administrative or
- 3 professional employee shall be the minimum salary or fee
- 4 level set forth under 29 CFR Pt. 541 (relating to defining
- 5 and delimiting the exemptions for executive, administrative,
- 6 professional, computer and outside sales employees) as in
- 7 effect November 30, 2016.
- 8 Section 4. Construction of this act.
- 9 Nothing in this act shall be construed to modify or repeal
- 10 the act of October 9, 2008 (P.L.1376, No.102), known as the
- 11 Prohibition of Excessive Overtime in Health Care Act.
- 12 Section 5. Repeals.
- 13 All acts and parts of acts are repealed insofar as they are
- 14 inconsistent with this act.
- 15 Section 6. Abrogation of regulations.
- 16 All regulations and parts of regulations are abrogated
- 17 insofar as they are inconsistent with this act.
- 18 Section 7. Effective date.
- 19 This act shall take effect December 1, 2016, or immediately,
- 20 whichever is later.