
THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

SENATE BILL

No. 130 Session of
2021

INTRODUCED BY FONTANA, KEARNEY, HUGHES, SANTARSIERO, MUTH,
TARTAGLIONE, SCHWANK, BREWSTER AND COSTA, JANUARY 26, 2021

REFERRED TO EDUCATION, JANUARY 26, 2021

AN ACT

1 Providing standards for carbon monoxide alarms in schools; and
2 imposing penalties.

3 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
4 hereby enacts as follows:

5 Section 1. Short title.

6 This act shall be known and may be cited as the Carbon
7 Monoxide Alarm Standards in Schools Act.

8 Section 2. Definitions.

9 The following words and phrases when used in this act shall
10 have the meanings given to them in this section unless the
11 context clearly indicates otherwise:

12 "Approved carbon monoxide alarm." The term includes:

13 (1) A single or multiple station carbon monoxide alarm
14 listed as complying with the approved American National
15 Standard for Safety for Single and Multiple Station Carbon
16 Monoxide Alarms (ANSI/UL2034) or a carbon monoxide detector
17 listed as complying with the approved American National
18 Standard for Safety for Gas and Vapor Detectors and Sensors

1 (ANSI/UL2075) installed in accordance with this act.

2 (2) A device that may be combined with a smoke alarm or
3 smoke detector if the combined smoke alarm or detector meets
4 all of the following:

5 (i) Complies with either of the following:

6 (A) The approved American National Standard for
7 Safety for Single and Multiple Station Carbon
8 Monoxide Alarms (ANSI/UL2034) for carbon monoxide
9 alarms and the approved American National Standard
10 for Safety for Single and Multiple Station Smoke
11 Alarms (ANSI/UL217) for smoke alarms.

12 (B) The approved American National Standard for
13 Safety for Gas and Vapor Detectors and Sensors
14 (ANSI/UL2075) for carbon monoxide detectors and the
15 approved American National Standard for Safety for
16 Smoke Detectors for Fire Alarm Systems (ANSI/UL268)
17 for smoke detectors.

18 (ii) Emits an alarm in a manner that clearly
19 differentiates between detecting the presence of carbon
20 monoxide and the presence of smoke.

21 (3) A carbon monoxide detection system that includes
22 carbon monoxide detectors and audible notification appliances
23 that are installed and maintained in accordance with the
24 National Fire Alarm and Signaling Code (NFPA 72) and the
25 Standard for the Installation of Carbon Monoxide (CO)
26 Detection and Warning Equipment (NFPA 720) and are in
27 compliance with the approved American National Standard for
28 Safety for Gas and Vapor Detectors and Sensors (ANSI/UL2075).

29 "Classroom." A room located in a public school or a
30 nonpublic school where one or more students receive instruction.

1 "Fossil fuel." Coal, kerosene, oil, wood, fuel gases and
2 other petroleum or hydrocarbon products which emit carbon
3 monoxide as a by-product of combustion.

4 "Installed." A carbon monoxide alarm that meets one of the
5 following criteria in accordance with the Standard for the
6 Installation of Carbon Monoxide (CO) Detection and Warning
7 Equipment (NFPA 720):

8 (1) is hardwired into the electrical wiring;

9 (2) is directly plugged into an electrical outlet
10 without a switch, other than a circuit breaker; or

11 (3) if the alarm is powered by battery, is attached to
12 the wall or ceiling of a school or classroom.

13 "Nonpublic school." A school, other than a public school, in
14 which a resident of this Commonwealth may legally fulfill the
15 compulsory attendance requirements of the act of March 10, 1949
16 (P.L.30, No.14), known as the Public School Code of 1949, and
17 which meets the requirements of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act
18 of 1964 (Public Law 88-352, 78 Stat. 241).

19 "Operational." Working and in service.

20 "Public school." Any of the following:

21 (1) A school of a school district.

22 (2) A charter school.

23 (3) A regional charter school.

24 (4) A cyber charter school that provides educational
25 instruction by any means at one or more centrally located
26 facilities where students attend the instruction.

27 "School." A public school or nonpublic school.

28 Section 3. Administration.

29 Nothing in this act is intended to modify the authority and
30 responsibilities of the Department of Labor and Industry under

1 the act of November 10, 1999 (P.L.491, No.45), known as the
2 Pennsylvania Construction Code Act.

3 Section 4. Carbon monoxide alarm requirements.

4 (a) General rule.--A school that uses a fossil-fuel-burning
5 heater or appliance or has an attached garage must have an
6 operational, centrally located and approved carbon monoxide
7 alarm installed in the vicinity of every classroom that is
8 located on the same story as the fossil-fuel-burning heater or
9 appliance or attached garage within 18 months of the effective
10 date of this section.

11 (b) Maintenance, repair or replacement.--The governing body
12 of a school is responsible for providing for the maintenance,
13 repair or replacement of an approved carbon monoxide alarm or
14 the care and replacement of batteries.

15 Section 5. Enforcement.

16 Willful failure to install or maintain an operational
17 approved carbon monoxide alarm required by this act is a summary
18 offense punishable by a fine of up to \$50.

19 Section 6. Effective date.

20 This act shall take effect immediately.