THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

HOUSE RESOLUTION No. 126 Session of 2019

INTRODUCED BY OBERLANDER, KORTZ, HENNESSEY, DONATUCCI, T. DAVIS,
CALTAGIRONE, PICKETT, SONNEY, RYAN, KINSEY, BOBACK,
DiGIROLAMO, BURNS, LONGIETTI, BIZZARRO, SCHLEGEL CULVER,
KNOWLES, READSHAW, MURT, CAUSER, COX, BERNSTINE, PYLE,
FREEMAN, BROWN, MILLARD, HILL-EVANS, McCLINTON, HEFFLEY,
NEILSON, DeLUCA, MULLINS AND HERSHEY, MARCH 8, 2019

INTRODUCED AS NONCONTROVERSIAL RESOLUTION UNDER RULE 35, MARCH 8, 2019

A RESOLUTION

1 2	Designating the month of April 2019 as "Esophageal Cancer Awareness and Prevention Month" in Pennsylvania.
3	WHEREAS, According to the National Cancer Institute, it is
4	estimated that more than 17,290 individuals will be diagnosed
5	with esophageal cancer in the United States in 2019, and almost
6	16,000 will die from the disease; and
7	WHEREAS, Esophageal cancer is among the deadliest cancers,
8	and fewer than one in five patients will survive for five years;
9	and
10	WHEREAS, Esophageal cancer is often not detected and
11	diagnosed until the disease has reached the later stages, and
12	treatment is often radical, is likely to cause complications and
13	involves outcomes which are poor; and
14	WHEREAS, In the past, when esophageal cancer was detected
15	early, open esophagectomy was associated with a high mortality

1 rate and a prolonged length of stay and recovery; and 2 WHEREAS, Recent advances in surgery and critical care have 3 allowed centers of excellence in selected academic hospitals to 4 perform minimally invasive esophagectomy, some robotically, with 5 excellent outcomes, lower risk of death and earlier return to 6 activities of daily living; and

7 WHEREAS, One of the most common causes of esophageal cancer 8 is heartburn or gastroesophageal reflux disease (GERD), which is 9 viewed by many sufferers as an acceptable condition of life; and 10 WHEREAS, GERD can lead to Barrett's esophagus, which results 11 in as much as a 125% increase in an individual's chance of 12 developing esophageal cancer; and

13 WHEREAS, With monitoring and treatment of GERD, the potential 14 for long-term irreversible damage leading to esophageal cancer 15 can be minimized; and

16 WHEREAS, Esophageal cancer can occur without reflux symptoms or history of smoking or excessive alcohol use; and 17 18 WHEREAS, Esophageal cancer is among the cancers that receive 19 the least amount of Federal medical research funding; and 20 WHEREAS, The health and well-being of all residents of this Commonwealth will be enhanced by improving esophageal cancer 21 22 awareness, prevention and increased research funding into early 23 detection and treatment strategies; therefore be it 24 RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives designate the 25 month of April 2019 as "Esophageal Cancer Awareness and 26 Prevention Month" in Pennsylvania; and be it further 27 RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives encourage 28 residents of this Commonwealth to take steps to prevent this 29 disease through treatment of gastroesophageal reflux.

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