## AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 2017

Sponsor: REPRESENTATIVE MUNROE

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1	Amend Bill, page 1, lines 1 through 3, by striking out all of
2	said lines and inserting
3 4 5	Amending Title 50 (Mental Health) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, providing for protection of minors on social media; and imposing penalties.
6	Amend Bill, page 1, lines 6 through 16; pages 2 through 22,
7	lines 1 through 30; page 23, lines 1 through 12; by striking out
8	all of said lines on said pages and inserting
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Section 1. Title 50 of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes is amended by adding parts to read:  PART I  PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS  (Reserved)  PART II  MINORS  Chapter  10. Preliminary Provisions (Reserved)  11. Protecting Minors on Social Media  CHAPTER 10  PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS  (Reserved)  CHAPTER 11
23	PROTECTING MINORS ON SOCIAL MEDIA
<ul><li>24</li><li>25</li><li>26</li><li>27</li><li>28</li></ul>	Subchapter  A. General Provisions  B. Hateful Conduct Prohibited  C. Consent to Open an Account  D. Data
29	SUBCHAPTER A
30	GENERAL PROVISIONS
31 32	<u>Sec.</u> 1101. Scope of chapter.
33	1102. Legislative intent.
34	1103. Definitions.
35	§ 1101. Scope of chapter.

This chapter relates to protecting minors on social media. § 1102. Legislative intent.

The General Assembly finds and declares as follows:

- (1) Social media use among American teenagers is nearly universal. According to the Pew Research Center, 95% of teens report using YouTube and 67% of teens have used TikTok, with 16% using it almost constantly.
- (2) According to the Pew Research Center, 54% of teens say it would be difficult to give up social media entirely.
- (3) Social media use is linked to negative feelings among teens. A growing body of research, described in the International Journal of Adolescence and Youth and elsewhere, has found that increased social media use is associated with greater rates of depression and anxiety in teens. Additional research published in the Children and Youth Services Review describe a trend in which social media use can trigger and accelerate offline violence.
- (4) Rates of suicide and self-harm among American teenagers have grown dramatically in recent years. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention have found that, in 2021, three in five girls felt persistently sad and hopeless, while more than one in four girls reported seriously considering attempting suicide. These rates have increased significantly since 2011.
- (5) Federal and State policymakers are beginning to recognize the risks that social media use place on American youth. A number of recent policy proposals provide parents and guardians of teenagers with greater oversight over their children's social media use.
- (6) In May 2023, the United States Surgeon General released a health advisory finding that "more research is needed to fully understand the impact of social media; however, the current body of evidence indicates that while social media may have benefits for some children and adolescents, there are ample indicators that social media can also have a profound risk of harm to the mental health and well-being of children and adolescents." The advisory recommends a range of policies to consider, including "policies that further limit access in ways that minimize the risk of harm to social media for all children, including strengthening and enforcing age minimums."
- (7) In addition to empowering parents and guardians to protect children against these risks, policymakers are establishing mechanisms to hold social media companies accountable for harm to children and youth.
- (8) Greater oversight of social media platforms will enable families in this Commonwealth to use online tools in a more productive and healthy fashion.

49 <u>§ 1103.</u> Definitions.

50 The following words and phrases when used in this chapter
51 shall have the meanings given to them in this section unless the

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context clearly indicates otherwise:
      "Account." Any means of registration by which an individual
2
   may engage in one or more functions of a social media platform.
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 4
       "Dark pattern." A user interface designed or manipulated
   with the effect of subverting or impairing user autonomy,
   decision making or choice. The term includes any practice the
   Federal Trade Commission categorizes as a dark pattern.
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8
       "Delete." To remove personal information such that the
9
   information is not retrievable by anyone and cannot be retrieved
   in the normal course of business.
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11
       "Mine." The activity or process of searching through large
12
   amounts of information for specific data or patterns.
       "Minor." Except as provided in section 1131 (relating to
13
   definitions), an individual who is under 16 years of age.
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15
      "Online video game." A video game that connects to the
   Internet and allows a user to do any of the following:
16
          (1) Create and upload content other than content that is
17
18
      incidental to game play, including character or level designs
      created by the user, preselected phrases or short
19
20
      interactions with other users.
          (2) Engage in microtransactions within the game.
21
22
          (3) Communicate with other users.
       "Personal information." As defined in 15 U.S.C. § 6501_
23
24
   (relating to definitions).
       "Personalized recommendation system." A fully or partially
25
   automated system that is based on a user's historical activity
26
   data and which suggests, promotes or ranks information that is
27
28
   presented or displayed to users.
       "School entity." A school district, intermediate unit, area
29
   career and technical school, charter school or private
30
31
   residential rehabilitative institution.
32
      "Social media company." A person that owns or operates one
33
   or more social media platforms.
34
       "Social media platform." A public or semipublic Internet-
   based service, application or online video game that has users
35
36
   in this Commonwealth and that meets all of the following
37
   criteria:
38
          (1) A primary function of the service, application or
39
      online video game is to connect users in order to allow users
       to interact socially with each other within the service,
40
      application or online video game, except that a service,
41
      application or online video game that provides email or
42
43
      direct messaging services, cloud computing or commercial
44
      transactions shall not be considered to meet this criterion
      solely on the basis of that function.
45
          (2) The service, application or online video game allows
46
      users to do all of the following:
47
               (i) Construct a public or semipublic profile for
48
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application or online video game.

purposes of signing into and using the service,

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1
          individual shares a social connection within the system.
               (iii) Create or post content viewable by other
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 3
          users, including, but not limited to, on message boards,
 4
          in chat rooms or through a landing page or main feed that
 5
          presents the user with content generated by other users.
 6
                              SUBCHAPTER B
 7
                       HATEFUL CONDUCT PROHIBITED
8
   Sec.
 9
   1111. Definitions.
   1112. Reporting incidents of hateful conduct.
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   1113. Construction.
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   1114. Penalties.
   § 1111. Definitions.
13
       The following words and phrases when used in this subchapter
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   shall have the meanings given to them in this section unless the
   context clearly indicates otherwise:
16
       "Hateful conduct." The use of a social media platform to
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   vilify, humiliate or incite violence against a group or a class
18
   of persons on the basis of race, color, religion, ethnicity,
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   national origin, disability, sex, sexual orientation, gender
   identity or gender expression.
21
   § 1112. Reporting incidents of hateful conduct.
22
       (a) Mechanism. -- A social media platform that conducts
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24
   business in this Commonwealth shall provide and maintain a clear
   and easily accessible mechanism for individual users to report
25
   incidents of hateful conduct. The mechanism shall meet all of
26
   the following criteria:
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28
          (1) Be clearly accessible to users of the social media
29
      platform and easily accessed from other social media
       platforms' applications and Internet websites.
30
31
           (2) Allow the social media platform to provide a direct
32
       response to a user reporting an incident of hateful conduct
33
       for the purpose of informing the user on how the matter is
34
      being resolved.
35
       (b) Policies. -- A social media platform shall have a clear
36
   and concise policy readily available and accessible on the
37
   social media platform's Internet website and application, which
   shall include how the social media platform will respond and
38
39
   address reports of incidents of hateful conduct on the social
   media platform.
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   § 1113. Construction.
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42
       Nothing in this subchapter shall be construed:
           (1) as an obligation imposed on a social media platform
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44
       that adversely affects the rights or freedoms of an
       individual, including the exercise of the right of free
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46
       speech under the first amendment to the United States
47
       Constitution; or
           (2) add to or increase the liability of a social media
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      platform for any action other than the failure to provide a
      mechanism for a user to report an incident of hateful conduct
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51
       to the social media platform and to receive a response to the
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       report from the social media platform.
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   § 1114. Penalties.
       The Attorney General shall impose a fine on a social media
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   platform that knowingly violates the provisions of this
   subchapter in an amount not to exceed $1,000 for each day the
   social media platform is in violation of this subchapter. In
   determining whether the social media platform is in violation of
   this subchapter, the Attorney General may take proof, consider
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   the relevant facts and issue subpoenas in accordance with the
   laws and rules of civil procedure. A determination by the
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   Attorney General under this section shall be subject to the
12
   provisions of 2 Pa.C.S. Ch. 7 Subch. A (relating to judicial
   review of Commonwealth agency action)
13
                              SUBCHAPTER C
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15
                       CONSENT TO OPEN AN ACCOUNT
16
   Sec.
   1121. Applicability.
17
18
   1122. Age assurance.
   1123. Duties of social media platforms and companies.
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   1124. Revocation of consent.
   1125. Violations.
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22
   § 1121. Applicability.
23
       This subchapter shall apply to accounts opened on or after
   the effective date of this section.
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25
   § 1122. Age assurance.
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       <u>Utilizing commercially available best practices, a social</u>
   media platform shall make commercially reasonable efforts to
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   verify the age of users upon the creation of an account, with a
29
   level of certainty appropriate to the risks that arise from the
   information management practices of the social media company, or
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31
   apply the accommodations afforded to minors under this chapter
32
   to all account holders.
33
   § 1123. Duties of social media platforms and companies.
      (a) Required consent. -- A social media company may not permit
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   a minor residing in this Commonwealth to become an account
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36
   holder on a social media platform unless the minor has the
37
   express consent of the minor's parent or legal quardian. A
38
   social media platform may obtain express consent from a minor's
39
   parent or legal quardian through any of the following means:
           (1) By providing a completed form from a minor's parent
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      or legal quardian to sign and return to the social media
41
      platform via mail or electronic means.
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43
          (2) Through a toll-free telephone number for a minor's
44
      parent or legal quardian to call.
45
          (3) Allowing a minor's parent or legal guardian to
      provide consent by responding to an email.
46
           (4) Any other commercially reasonable methods of
47
      obtaining consent in light of available technology.
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49
       (b) Documentation. -- A social media platform shall maintain
   documentation as to the manner in which the social media company
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has obtained express consent from a minor's parent or legal

- guardian. The social media platform may delete the documentation when the minor is no longer a minor or within the established time frame by the social media company for maintaining data. The Office of Attorney General shall develop a standard form with the necessary information to allow a minor's parent or legal quardian to provide consent under this section.
- (c) Social media companies.--A social media company shall post in a conspicuous place on each of the social media company's social media platforms notice that express consent by a minor's parent or legal guardian shall be required prior to opening an account. An electronic consent form on a social media platform for the purposes of this section shall include the necessary information on the form developed by the Office of Attorney General under subsection (b).
- (d) Failure to obtain consent.--To the extent possible, if a minor opens a social media account without express consent by the minor's parent or legal guardian, the social media company shall, within a reasonable time after discovery of the failure to obtain the express consent:
  - (1) suspend the social media account; and
  - (2) notify the minor's parent or legal guardian that the minor has attempted to open a social media account without their consent.
- (e) Social media access.--To the extent possible, a social media company shall provide a minor's parent or legal guardian who has given express consent for the minor to become an account holder with a means for the minor's parent or legal guardian to initiate account supervision. Account supervision may include:
  - (1) allowing the minor's parent or legal guardian the ability to view privacy settings of the minor's account; and
  - (2) allowing a minor the option of providing notifications to the minor's parent or legal guardian if the minor reports a person or an issue to the social media platform.
- (f) Notification. -- A social media platform shall provide clear notice to the minor on the features of the minor's account to which the minor's parent or legal guardian may have access.
- (g) No account required. -- A social media platform may not require a parent or legal guardian to have the parent or legal guardian's own account as a condition of a minor being able to open an account.
- (h) Notice of alleged violation. -- A social media company shall develop and post notice on its publicly accessible Internet website of the methods, including electronic and telephonic means, by which a minor's parent or legal guardian may notify the social media company that the minor has opened a social media account on its social media platform without the required consent.
- 49 § 1124. Revocation of consent.
- 50 <u>(a) Time.-- A minor's parent or legal guardian who has</u>
  51 <u>provided express consent under this subchapter may revoke the</u>

consent at any time.

- (b) Social media platform.--A social media platform shall take reasonable steps to provide a parent or legal guardian who has provided express consent for a minor to open a social media account with the ability to revoke the consent.
- (c) Effect of revocation. -- A social media platform that receives a revocation of consent under subsection (a) shall, to the extent possible, within a reasonable time frame from receipt of the revocation, suspend, delete or disable the account of the minor for whom consent was revoked.

§ 1125. Violations.

- (a) Action.--The Attorney General shall have jurisdiction to bring an action against a social media company that knowingly, intentionally or negligently allows for a minor to open a social media account without express consent of the minor's parent or legal guardian. The Attorney General may bring multiple cases at one time against a social media company for violations of this chapter.
  - (b) Penalties.--
  - (1) For a first offense for an action brought on behalf of a single minor, a civil penalty not to exceed \$2,500.
  - (2) For a second offense for an action brought on behalf of the same single minor under paragraph (1), a civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000.
  - (3) For a third or subsequent offense for an action brought on behalf of the same single minor under paragraph (1), a civil penalty not to exceed \$50,000.
  - (4) For a first offense for an action brought on behalf of multiple minors, a civil penalty not to exceed the greater of \$5,000,000 or the total number of violations multiplied by the maximum civil penalty under paragraph (1).
  - (5) If a court of competent jurisdiction determines that there have been repeated intentional violations of this chapter by a social media company, the court may enter an order enjoining the social media company from operating in this Commonwealth.
- (c) Use of recovered fees.--Civil fees collected under subsection (b) shall be deposited into the School Safety and Security Fund to be used exclusively for mental health-related services for school entities.
- (d) Good faith.--It shall be a defense to an action under subsection (a) if a social media company allows for the creation or opening of an account for a minor based on a good faith belief that the minor has obtained the express consent required under this subchapter.

SUBCHAPTER D
DATA

48 <u>Sec.</u>

- 49 <u>1131</u>. <u>Definitions</u>.
- 50 <u>1132</u>. <u>Prohibitions</u>.
- 51 <u>1133</u>. <u>Violations</u>.

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1 1134. Removal.
2 § 1131. Definitions.
3 The following words
4 shall have the meaning
5 context clearly indicate
6 "Minor." An indiv:
7 "Precise geolocation
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The following words and phrases when used in this subchapter shall have the meanings given to them in this section unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

"Minor." An individual who is under 18 years of age.

"Precise geolocation." Data that is derived from a device and used or intended to be used to locate a consumer within a geographic area that is equal to or less than the area of a circle with a radius of 1,850 feet.

"Process" or "processing." To conduct or direct an operation or a set of operations performed, whether by manual or automated means, on personal data or on sets of personal data, including the collection, use, storage, disclosure, analysis, deletion, modification or otherwise handling of personal data.

"Qualified individual." Any of the following:

- (1) A parent or quardian of a minor.
- (2) An adult individual from whom data was collected when the individual was a minor.

"Sale," "sell" or "sold." The exchange of personal information for monetary consideration by the business to a third party. The term does not include:

- (1) The disclosure of personal information to a processor that processes the personal information on behalf of the business.
- (2) The disclosure of personal information to a third party for purposes of providing a product or service requested by the consumer.
- (3) The disclosure or transfer of personal information to an affiliate of the business.
  - (4) The disclosure of information that the consumer:
  - (i) intentionally made available to the general public via a channel of mass media; and
    - (ii) did not restrict to a specific audience.
- (5) The disclosure or transfer of personal information to a third party as an asset that is part of a merger, acquisition, bankruptcy or other transaction in which the third party assumes control of all or part of the business's assets.

"Targeted advertising." The displaying of advertisements to a consumer where the advertisement is selected based on personal information obtained from that consumer's activities over time and across nonaffiliated websites or online applications to predict such consumer's preferences or interests. The term does not include:

- (1) advertisements based on activities within a social media platform's own websites or online applications;
- (2) advertisements based on the context of a consumer's current search query, visit to a website or online application;
  - (3) advertisements directed to a consumer in response to

the consumer's request for information or feedback; or

(4) processing personal information processed solely for measuring or reporting advertising performance, reach or frequency.

"Third party." An individual or legal entity, public authority, agency or body, other than the consumer, business or processor or an affiliate of the processor or the business.

§ 1132. Prohibitions.

- (a) Mining. -- A social media company may not mine data related to a minor who has opened a social media account, notwithstanding if the account was opened with the express consent of the minor's parent or legal guardian. This subsection shall not apply to any of the following:
  - (1) Data regarding age and location for purposes of personalized recommendations related to age-appropriate content.
  - (2) The mining of data necessary to protect minors from viewing harmful content.
  - (3) Mining of data which is adequate, relevant and reasonably necessary in relation to the purpose for which the data is processed, as disclosed.
- (b) Sale of data.--A social media company may not sell or profit from personal information related to a minor who has opened a social media account, or engage in targeted advertising based on a minor's age, gender or interests, notwithstanding if the account was opened with the express consent of a minor's parent or legal guardian.
- (c) Personalized recommendations.--A social media platform may provide a prominent, accessible and responsive tool for a user who is a minor to opt in of the use of search and watch history for use in personalized recommendation systems. A social media platform may not use a personalized recommendation system unless a minor opts in.
- (d) Processing by default.--A social media platform may not process the precise geolocation information of a minor by default unless the processing of the precise geolocation information:
  - (1) is strictly necessary for the social media company to provide the service, product or feature requested by the minor consumer; or
  - (2) is only for the amount of time necessary to provide the service, product or feature.
- (e) Conspicuous signal. -- A social media platform may not process the precise geolocation information of a minor without providing a conspicuous signal to the minor consumer for the duration of the processing.
- (f) Dark patterns.--A social media platform may not use dark patterns.
- 49 (g) Unknown adult contact.--A social media platform may not
  50 permit, by default, an unknown adult to contact a minor consumer
  51 on the social media platform without the minor consumer first

initiating the contact.

§ 1133. Violations.

 (a) Actions.--The Attorney General shall have jurisdiction to bring an action against a social media company that knowingly, intentionally or negligently violates a prohibition under section 1132 (relating to prohibitions).

(b) Penalties.--

- (1) For a first offense for an action brought on behalf of a single minor, a civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000.
- (2) For a second offense for an action brought on behalf of the same single minor under paragraph (1), a civil penalty not to exceed \$50,000.
- (3) For a third or subsequent offense for an action brought on behalf of the same single minor under paragraph (1), a civil penalty not to exceed \$500,000.
- (4) For a first offense for an action brought on behalf of multiple minors, a civil penalty not to exceed the greater of \$50,000,000 or the total number of violations multiplied by the maximum civil penalty under paragraph (1).
- (5) For a violation of paragraphs (1), (2), (3) and (4), a court of competent jurisdiction may order data collected as a result of a violation of a prohibition under section 1132 to be scrubbed and removed from the Internet. The cost of removal shall be paid by the social media company.
- (6) If a court of competent jurisdiction determines that there has been repeated intentional violations of a prohibition under section 1132 by a social media company, the court may prohibit the social media company from operating accounts for minors in this Commonwealth.
- (c) Use of recovered fees.--Civil fees collected under this section shall be deposited into the School Safety and Security Fund to be used for mental-health-related services for school entities.
- (d) Good faith.--It shall be a defense to an action under subsection (a) if a social media company takes good faith actions to limit the personal information mined from a minor or acts in good faith to prohibit the sale of personal information of a minor.
- § 1134. Removal.
  - (a) Process.--In response to a request from a qualified individual, a social media platform shall provide such individual the ability to correct or delete personal information that the qualified individual has provided to the social media platform or that the social media platform obtained about the qualified individual. Deidentified information may be considered deleted for purposes of this subchapter.
  - (b) Fulfilling requests. -- To help fulfill requests from a qualified individual, a social media platform may:
- (1) require the qualified individual to reasonably identify the activities to which the qualified individual's request relates; and

- (2) provide automated tools that allow qualified individuals to correct or delete personal information under subsection (a).
- (c) Notice. -- A social media platform that has mined or collected personal information from a minor or retains personal information about a minor shall prominently display notice on the website of how a qualified individual can request that the social media platform delete personal information in the possession of the social media platform that was collected from or about the individual when the individual was a minor.
- (d) Deletion. -- Upon a request of a qualified individual, a social media platform shall, no later than 30 days after the request, delete personal information in the possession of the social media company that was mined or collected from or about the individual when the individual was a minor.
- (e) Confirmation. -- Within 90 business days of personal information being deleted by the social media company, the social media company shall provide, by written communication, notice to the qualified individual that personal information has been deleted.
- (f) Violations. -- A social media company that fails to delete personal information when a request to delete personal information is made by a qualified individual shall be strictly liable for a civil penalty of \$10,000 per day per website until the personal information has been removed. If a social media company has received consent from a parent or quardian to collect personal information of a minor, the consent shall be an absolute defense to a violation of this section. The Attorney General shall have exclusive jurisdiction to bring an action under this section.
- 31 Section 2. This act shall take effect in 18 months.

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