House Bill 3057

Sponsored by Representative EVANS

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure **as introduced.**

Makes corporations eligible to serve on juries.

1 A BILL FOR AN ACT

- Relating to the eligibility of corporations to serve on juries; amending ORS 10.030, 10.050, 10.215 and 10.235.
- 4 Whereas corporations are not natural persons; and
- Whereas corporations are entitled to certain rights of natural persons but do not have all of the responsibilities of natural persons; now, therefore,

Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

- 8 **SECTION 1.** ORS 10.030 is amended to read:
- 10.030. (1) Except as otherwise specifically provided by statute, the opportunity for jury service may not be denied or limited on the basis of race, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, income, occupation or any other factor that discriminates against a cognizable group in this state.
- 13 (2) Any [person] individual is eligible to act as a juror in a civil trial unless the [person] indi-14 vidual:
- 15 (a) Is not a citizen of the United States;
 - (b) Does not live in the county in which summoned for jury service;
- 17 (c) Is less than 18 years of age; or
 - (d) Has had rights and privileges withdrawn and not restored under ORS 137.281.
- 19 (3)(a) Any [person] **individual** is eligible to act as a grand juror, or as a juror in a criminal trial, 20 unless the [person] **individual**:
 - (A) Is not a citizen of the United States;
- 22 (B) Does not live in the county in which summoned for jury service;
- 23 (C) Is less than 18 years of age;
 - (D) Has had rights and privileges withdrawn and not restored under ORS 137.281;
- 25 (E) Has been convicted of a felony or served a felony sentence within the 15 years immediately 26 preceding the date the person is required to report for jury service; or
 - (F) Has been convicted of a misdemeanor involving violence or dishonesty, or has served a misdemeanor sentence based on a misdemeanor involving violence or dishonesty, within the five years immediately preceding the date the person is required to report for jury service.
 - (b) As used in this subsection:
- 31 (A) "Felony sentence" includes any incarceration, post-prison supervision, parole or probation 32 imposed upon conviction of a felony or served as a result of conviction of a felony.

NOTE: Matter in **boldfaced** type in an amended section is new; matter [*italic and bracketed*] is existing law to be omitted. New sections are in **boldfaced** type.

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- (B) "Has been convicted of a felony" has the meaning given that term in ORS 166.270.
- (C) "Misdemeanor sentence" includes any incarceration or probation imposed upon conviction of a misdemeanor or served as a result of conviction of a misdemeanor.
- (4) Any corporation organized under the laws of this state is eligible to act as a juror in a civil or criminal trial or as a grand juror. The corporation must act as a juror or grand juror through an individual agent of the corporation who would be eligible to act as a juror or grand juror under subsection (2) or (3) of this section.
- [(4)] (5) [A person] An individual who is blind, hard of hearing or speech impaired or who has a physical disability is not ineligible to act as a juror and may not be excluded from a jury list or jury service on the basis of blindness, hearing or speech impairment or physical disability alone.
- [(5)] (6) A person is ineligible to act as a juror in any circuit court of this state within 24 months after being discharged from jury service in a federal court in this state or circuit court of this state unless that person's service as a juror is required because of a need for additional jurors.

SECTION 2. ORS 10.050 is amended to read:

- 10.050. (1) A judge of the court or clerk of court shall excuse a person from acting as a juror upon a showing of undue hardship or extreme inconvenience to the person, the person's family, the person's employer or the public served by the person. In applying this subsection the judge or clerk of court shall carefully consider and weigh both the public need for juries which are representative of the full community and the individual circumstances offered as a justification for excuse from jury service. A person may request and be granted excuse from jury service under this subsection by means of telephone communication or mail.
- (2) Notwithstanding ORS 10.030 [(4)] (5), a judge may, by own motion, excuse a juror whose presence on the jury would substantially impair the progress of the action on trial or prejudice the parties thereto.
- (3) A judge of the court or clerk of court shall excuse [a person] an individual from acting as a juror upon the request of that [person] individual if the [person] individual is 70 years of age or older. [A person] An individual may request and be granted excuse from jury service under this subsection by means of telephone communication or mail.
- (4) A judge of the court or clerk of court shall excuse a woman from acting as a juror upon the request of the woman if the woman is breast-feeding a child. A request for excuse from jury service under this subsection must be made in writing.
- (5) Unless the public need for juries in the court outweighs the individual circumstances of the person summoned, a judge of the court or clerk of court shall excuse a person from acting as a juror upon the request of that person if the person is the sole caregiver for a child or other dependent during the court's normal hours of operation, the person is unable to afford day care or make other arrangements for the care of the dependent, and the person personally attends to the dependent during the court's normal hours of operation.

SECTION 3. ORS 10.215 is amended to read:

10.215. (1) The State Court Administrator shall cause to be prepared at least once each year a master jury list containing names selected at random from the source lists. The source lists are the most recent list of electors of the county, the records furnished by the Department of Transportation as provided in ORS 802.260 (2), lists of corporations organized under the laws of this state and any other sources approved by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court that will furnish a fair cross section of the citizens and corporations of the county. The State Court Administrator and circuit courts may use source lists obtained from any person or public body, and jury lists containing names

selected from a source list, only for purposes consistent with administering the selection and summoning of persons for service as jurors, the drawing of names of jurors, and other tasks necessary to accomplish those functions. Source lists may not contain and the State Court Administrator is not required to obtain information about individuals who are participants in the Address Confidentiality Program under ORS 192.820 to 192.868. Except as specifically provided by law, the State Court Administrator and circuit courts may not disclose source lists obtained from any person or public body, and jury lists containing names selected from a source list, to any other person or public body.

- (2) A public body having custody, possession or control of any list that may be used as a source list for preparation of a master jury list, upon written request by the State Court Administrator, shall make its list available at any reasonable time and, except as otherwise provided in ORS 802.260, without charge to the State Court Administrator for inspection or copying. The public body, upon written request by the State Court Administrator, shall provide a copy of its list for the date and in the form requested to the State Court Administrator. Except as otherwise provided in ORS 802.260, the copy shall be provided without charge.
- (3) The number of names placed on a master jury list shall be sufficient to meet the projected need for grand jurors and trial jurors in the circuit court in the county, but the total number may not be less than two percent of the population of the county according to the latest federal decennial census.
- (4) A master jury list shall contain the first name[, the] and surname or corporate name, the [place of residence] address and, if assigned, the juror identification number of each person whose name is placed thereon.
- (5) A master jury list for a circuit court shall be certified by the State Court Administrator to have been prepared in compliance with the requirements of this section. A certified copy of the master jury list shall be provided to the circuit court for the county as soon as possible after the list is prepared.
- (6) A newly filed master jury list shall be maintained separately from the previously filed master jury list. The presiding judge shall designate when a newly filed master jury list becomes effective. After a newly filed master jury list becomes effective, names of persons for a jury list for a panel or term must be selected for a jury list for a panel or term from the newly filed master jury list and from names of any persons from the previously filed master jury list whose service was deferred. When a newly filed master jury list becomes effective, all orders, records and papers prepared in connection with the selection process based on the previously filed master jury list shall be preserved by the trial court administrator and State Court Administrator for the period prescribed by the State Court Administrator under ORS 8.125.
- (7) The State Court Administrator may make adjustments to the master jury list, and may authorize the presiding judge of a judicial district to make adjustments to a jury list for a panel or term, for the purpose of updating the addresses of persons appearing on the lists and removing the names of persons who are deceased, permanently ineligible for jury service or permanently excused from jury service. The State Court Administrator shall ensure that a record is maintained of all adjustments to jury lists made under this subsection.
- (8) For the purposes of this section, "public body" has the meaning given that term in ORS 174.109.

SECTION 4. ORS 10.235 is amended to read:

10.235. (1) When an additional number of jurors is needed for a jury service term in a county

- because the jury list for the term becomes exhausted, or in the opinion of the presiding judge for the judicial district is likely to become exhausted, before the end of the term, additional jurors may be selected and summoned as provided in this section.
- (2) The presiding judge for the judicial district may order an additional number of names selected from the master jury list and added to the jury list for the panel or term in the same manner as the original jury list is prepared. As directed by the presiding judge of the circuit court, the persons whose names are added to the jury list for the panel or term shall be summoned by the clerk of court giving written notice to each of them by mail or by the sheriff or other officer giving written notice to each of them personally or by leaving written notice at the person's [place of residence] address with some person of suitable age and discretion. The notice need be given only a reasonable time before the day on which the persons summoned are required to attend.
- (3) If the master jury list becomes exhausted or in the opinion of the presiding judge is likely to become exhausted, the presiding judge may order that the clerk of court select an additional number of names from the source lists described in ORS 10.215 (1) and that the persons whose names are so selected be summoned as provided in subsection (2) of this section.
- (4) If there is an immediate need for additional jurors, a judge of the circuit court for the county may direct the clerk of court, sheriff or other officer to summon a sufficient number of eligible persons to meet that need. Those persons shall be summoned as directed by the judge.