House Bill 2550

Sponsored by Representative RESCHKE (Presession filed.)

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure **as introduced.**

Creates income and corporate excise tax credits for investments in facilities used for manufacturing, siting of headquarters or research. Enhances credit amount for facility that provides environmental benefit.

Applies to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2024, and before January 1, 2030. Takes effect on 91st day following adjournment sine die.

A BILL FOR AN ACT

- Relating to tax credits for business facilities; creating new provisions; amending ORS 314.772 and 318.031; and prescribing an effective date.
- 4 Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:
 - SECTION 1. Section 2 of this 2023 Act is added to and made a part of ORS chapter 315.
 - SECTION 2. (1) A credit is allowed against the taxes otherwise due under ORS chapter 316 or, if the taxpayer is a corporation, under ORS chapter 317 or 318, for expanding or locating a qualified facility that is certified under sections 4 to 12 of this 2023 Act.
 - (2) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, the amount of the credit allowed shall be the least of:
 - (a) Ten percent of the amount the taxpayer has made in total qualifying investment in the qualified facility;
 - (b) \$20,000 for each net new full-time employment position filled by the taxpayer that has job duties associated with a qualified facility; or
 - (c) \$30 million, if the qualifying investment made in the first 12 months after preliminary certification under section 7 of this 2023 Act exceeds \$250,000.
 - (3) If the qualifying investment is a qualified environmental investment, the amount of the credit allowed shall be the lesser of:
 - (a) Twenty percent of the amount the taxpayer has made in total qualifying investment in the qualified facility;
 - (b) \$25,000 for each net new full-time employment position filled by the taxpayer that has job duties associated with a qualified facility; or
 - (c) \$50 million, if the qualifying investment made in the first 12 months after preliminary certification under section 7 of this 2023 Act exceeds \$250,000.
 - (4) Only capital investments in a qualified facility that are made not more than 36 months prior to the submission by the taxpayer of an application for preliminary certification are included in the computation of the credit.
 - (5) The credit shall be claimed over five consecutive tax years, with the amount allowed in each of the five tax years not exceeding the lesser of 20 percent of the total or the tax liability of the taxpayer.

NOTE: Matter in **boldfaced** type in an amended section is new; matter [italic and bracketed] is existing law to be omitted. New sections are in **boldfaced** type.

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- (6) In order for a tax credit to be allowable under this section:
- (a) The qualified facility must be located in Oregon.

- (b) At least 51 percent of the net new full-time employment positions with job duties associated with the qualified facility must pay a wage that equals or exceeds 125 percent, or 100 percent in the case of a qualified facility in a rural area, of the median annual wage for production occupations in this state.
- (c) All net new full-time employment positions must include health insurance coverage for the employees for which the taxpayer pays at least 65 percent of the premium or membership cost.
- (d) The qualified facility must have received final certification from the Director of the Oregon Business Development Department under sections 4 to 12 of this 2023 Act.
- (7) The Department of Revenue may require that the Oregon Business Development Department provide information about the final certification issued under section 8 of this 2023 Act, if required by the Department of Revenue as provided in ORS 315.058.
- (8) Each taxpayer shall maintain a record of the written certification of the amount of the tax credit under this section for a period of at least five years after the tax year in which the credit is claimed and provide the written certification to the Department of Revenue upon request.
- (9) The credit shall be claimed on a form prescribed by the Department of Revenue that contains the information required by the department.
- (10) Any tax credit otherwise allowable under this section that is not used by the tax-payer in a particular tax year may be carried forward and offset against the taxpayer's tax liability for the next succeeding tax year. Any credit remaining unused in the next succeeding tax year may be carried forward and used in the second succeeding tax year, and likewise any credit not used in that second succeeding tax year may be carried forward and used in the third succeeding tax year, and any credit not used in that third succeeding tax year may be carried forward and used in the fourth succeeding tax year, but may not be carried forward for any tax year thereafter.
 - (11) In the case of a credit allowed under this section:
- (a) A nonresident shall be allowed the credit under this section in the proportion provided in ORS 316.117.
- (b) If a change in the status of the taxpayer from resident to nonresident or from non-resident to resident occurs, the credit allowed by this section shall be determined in a manner consistent with ORS 316.117.
- (c) If a change in the tax year of the taxpayer occurs as described in ORS 314.085, or if the department terminates the taxpayer's tax year under ORS 314.440, the credit allowed under this section shall be prorated or computed in a manner consistent with ORS 314.085.
- (12) A person that has earned a tax credit under this section may transfer the credit to a taxpayer subject to tax under ORS chapter 316, 317 or 318. The transfer must comply with ORS 315.056.
- (13) The Director of the Oregon Business Development Department may order the suspension or revocation of a final certification issued under section 8 of this 2023 Act, as provided in ORS 315.061.
- (14) The credit allowed under this section is not in lieu of any depreciation or amortization deduction for the qualified facility to which the taxpayer otherwise may be entitled for

purposes of ORS chapter 316, 317 or 318 for such year.

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- (15) The taxpayer's adjusted basis for determining gain or loss may not be decreased by any tax credits allowed under this section.
 - (16) The definitions in section 4 of this 2023 Act apply to this section.
- SECTION 3. Sections 4 to 12 of this 2023 Act are added to and made a part of ORS chapter 285C.
 - SECTION 4. As used in sections 2 and 4 to 12 of this 2023 Act:
- (1) "Capital investment" means an expenditure to acquire, lease or improve land, buildings, machinery, equipment or fixtures or other property that is used in operating a business.
 - (2) "Environmental benefit" means:
 - (a) The prevention, control or reduction of air pollution or water pollution;
 - (b) The prevention, control or reduction of the generation or storage of solid waste, as defined in ORS 459.005, or hazardous waste, as defined in ORS 466.005; or
 - (c) The recycling or environmentally safe disposal of used oil.
 - (3) "Facility" means a single parcel, contiguous parcels or parcels that are separated only by a public thoroughfare or right-of-way, of owned or leased land in this state, the structures and personal property contained on the land or any part of the structures occupied by the owner.
 - (4) "Headquarters" means a principal central administrative office where primary headquarters related functions and services are performed, including financial, personnel, administrative, legal, planning and similar business functions.
 - (5)(a) "Manufacturing" means fabricating, producing or manufacturing raw or prepared materials into usable products, imparting new forms, qualities, properties and combinations.
 - (b) "Manufacturing" does not include generating electricity.
 - (6) "Qualified environmental investment" means the amount of an investment in goods and services reasonably necessary to produce an environmental benefit.
 - (7) "Qualified facility" means a facility in this state that devotes at least 80 percent of the property and payroll at the facility to one or more of the following:
 - (a) Qualified manufacturing.
 - (b) Qualified headquarters.
 - (c) Qualified research.
 - (d) An environmental benefit.
 - (8) "Qualified headquarters" means a global, national or regional headquarters for a taxpayer that derives at least 65 percent of its revenue from sales made outside of this state.
 - (9) "Qualified manufacturing" means manufacturing tangible products in this state if at least 65 percent of the product is at least one of the following:
 - (a) Directly sold out of state.
 - (b) Directly sold to one or more qualified facilities.
 - (10) "Qualified research" has the meaning given that term in section 41(d) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that the research must be conducted by a taxpayer involved in manufacturing that derives at least 65 percent of its revenue from out-of-state sales.
 - (11)(a) "Qualifying investment" means investment in land, buildings, machinery, equipment and fixtures for expansion of an existing qualified facility or establishment of a new qualified facility in this state. If the qualified facility is a build-to-suit facility leased to the

- taxpayer, "qualifying investment" includes the costs prescribed in this paragraph that are spent by the third-party developer with respect to the qualified facility.
- (b) "Qualifying investment" does not include relocating an existing qualified facility in this state to another location in this state without additional capital investment of at least \$250,000.
 - (12) "Rural area" has the meaning given that term in ORS 285C.350.
- <u>SECTION 5.</u> For a qualified facility, the total amount of potential tax credit that receives a preliminary certification from the Director of the Oregon Business Development Department may not exceed \$30 million.
- SECTION 6. (1) Prior to the placement in service of a qualified facility, any person may apply to the Oregon Business Development Department for preliminary certification under section 7 of this 2023 Act if:
- (a) The qualified facility complies with the standards adopted by the Director of the Oregon Business Development Department; and
- (b) The applicant will be the owner, contract purchaser or lessee of the qualified facility at the time of placement in service of the qualified facility.
- (2) An application for preliminary certification shall be made in writing on a form prepared by the department and shall contain:
- (a) The applicant's name, address, telephone number and federal taxpayer identification number or numbers.
- (b) The name, address, telephone number and e-mail address of a contact person for the applicant.
 - (c) The address of the site where the qualified facility will be located.
 - (d) A detailed description of the qualified facility and fixed capital assets.
- (e) An estimate of the capital investment and number of employment positions with job duties associated with the qualified facility, including:
 - (A) A schedule of qualifying investments.

- (B) A list of full-time employment positions, the estimated number of employees to be hired for the positions each year during the first five years of operation and the annual wages for each position, calculated without employee-related benefits.
- (f) Other information as required by the department to determine eligibility for the income tax credits and the amount of income tax credits, as prescribed by this section.
- (g) An affirmation, signed by an authorized executive representing the applicant, that the applicant:
- (A) Agrees to furnish records of expenditures for qualifying investments to the department on request.
- (B) Will continue in business at the qualified facility for five full calendar years after final certification for the credit, other than for reasons beyond the control of the applicant.
- (C) Agrees to furnish to the department information regarding the amount of income tax credits claimed each year.
- (D) Authorizes the Department of Revenue to provide tax information to the Oregon Business Development Department for the purpose of determining any inconsistency in information furnished by the applicant.
- (E) Agrees to allow site visits and audits to verify the applicant's continuing qualification and the accuracy of information submitted to the department.

- (G) Consents to the adjustment or recapture of any amount of income tax credit due to noncompliance with this section.
- (h) Letters of good standing from the Department of Revenue stating that the applicant is not delinquent in paying taxes.
 - (i) The anticipated total qualifying investment.

- (j) Information on the number and type of employment positions that will be created by the qualified facility, the number of employment positions sustained throughout the construction and operation of the qualified facility and the benefits of the qualified facility with regard to overall economic activity in this state.
- (k) Information demonstrating that the qualified facility will comply with applicable state and local laws and regulations and obtain required licenses and permits.
- (L) Any other information the director considers necessary to determine whether the qualified facility is in accordance with the provisions of sections 4 to 12 of this 2023 Act, and any applicable rules or standards adopted by the director.
- (3) An application for preliminary certification shall be accompanied by a fee established under section 9 of this 2023 Act. The director may refund all or a portion of the fee if the application for certification is rejected.
- SECTION 7. (1) The Director of the Oregon Business Development Department may require an applicant for certification of a qualified facility to submit plans, specifications and contract terms, and after examination of the plans, specifications and terms may request corrections and revisions.
- (2) If the director determines that the qualified facility is technically feasible and should operate in accordance with the representations made by the applicant, and is in accordance with the provisions of sections 4 to 12 of this 2023 Act and any applicable rules or standards adopted by the director, the director may issue a preliminary certificate approving the placement in service of the qualified facility. The certificate shall indicate the potential amount of tax credit allowable and shall list any conditions for claiming the credit.
- (3) In accordance with ORS chapter 183, the director may issue an order altering, conditioning, suspending or denying preliminary certification if the director determines that:
- (a) The qualified facility does not comply with the provisions of sections 4 to 12 of this 2023 Act and applicable rules and standards;
- (b) The applicant has previously received preliminary or final certification for the qualified facility;
- (c) The applicant was directly involved in an act for which any state agency has levied civil penalties or revoked, canceled or suspended any certification; or
- (d) The applicant or the principal, director, officer, owner, majority shareholder or member of the applicant, or the manager of the applicant if the applicant is a limited liability company, is in arrears for payments owed to any government agency while in any capacity with direct or indirect control over a business.
- <u>SECTION 8.</u> (1) The Director of the Oregon Business Development Department may issue a final certification for a qualified facility under this section only if:
- (a) The qualified facility was installed or constructed under a preliminary certificate of approval issued under section 7 of this 2023 Act;
- (b) The applicant demonstrates the ability to provide the information required by section 6 (2) of this 2023 Act and does not violate any condition that may be imposed as described in

subsection (4) of this section; and

- (c) The qualified facility was installed or constructed in accordance with the applicable provisions of sections 4 to 12 of this 2023 Act and any applicable rules or standards adopted by the director.
- (2) Any person may apply to the Oregon Business Development Department for final certification of a qualified facility:
- (a) If the person received preliminary certification for the qualified facility under section 7 of this 2023 Act; and
 - (b) After placement in service of the qualified facility.
- (3) An application for final certification shall be made in writing on a form prepared by the department and shall contain:
- (a) A statement that the conditions of the preliminary certification have been complied with;
- (b) The actual amount of the qualifying investment, including copies of receipts for purchase and installation of the qualified facility;
 - (c) The amount of the credit under section 2 of this 2023 Act that is to be claimed;
- (d) The number and type of employment positions created by the operation and maintenance of the qualified facility over the five-year period beginning with the year of preliminary certification under section 7 of this 2023 Act and information on the benefits of the qualified facility with regard to overall economic activity in this state;
- (e) Information sufficient to demonstrate that the qualified facility will remain in operation for at least five years, unless the director by rule specifies another period of operation;
- (f) Documentation of compliance with applicable state and local laws and regulations and licensing and permitting requirements as defined by the director; and
- (g) Any other information determined by the director to be necessary prior to issuance of a final certificate, including inspection of the qualified facility by the department.
- (4) After the filing of the application under this section, the director may issue the certificate together with any conditions that the director determines are appropriate to promote the purposes of sections 2 and 4 to 12 of this 2023 Act. If the applicant is an entity subject to regulation by the Public Utility Commission, the director may consult with the commission prior to issuance of the certificate. The action of the director shall include certification of the actual cost of the qualified facility. However, the director may not certify an amount for tax credit purposes that is more than the amount approved in the preliminary certificate issued for the qualified facility.
- (5) If the director rejects an application for final certification, or certifies a lesser amount of credit than was claimed in the application, the director shall send to the applicant written notice of the action, together with a statement of the findings and reasons for the action, by certified mail, before the 60th day after the filing of the application. Failure of the director to act constitutes rejection of the application.
- (6) Upon approval of an application for final certification of a qualified facility, the director shall certify the qualified facility. The final certification shall indicate the amount of qualifying investment attributable to the qualified facility and the total qualified facility cost.
- (7) The director may establish by rule timelines and intermediate deadlines for submission of application materials.
 - SECTION 9. By rule and after hearing, the Director of the Oregon Business Development

Department may adopt a schedule of reasonable fees that the Oregon Business Development Department may require of applicants for preliminary or final certification of a qualified facility under sections 4 to 12 of this 2023 Act. Before the adoption or revision of the fees, the department shall estimate the total cost of the program to the department. The fees shall be used to recover the anticipated cost of administering and enforcing the provisions of sections 4 to 12 of this 2023 Act, including filing, investigating, granting and rejecting applications for certification and ensuring compliance with sections 4 to 12 of this 2023 Act, and shall be designed not to exceed the total cost estimated by the department. Any excess fees shall be held by the department and shall be used by the department to reduce any future fee increases. The fee may vary according to the size and complexity of the qualified facility. The fee is not considered part of the cost of the qualified facility to be certified.

SECTION 10. (1) A certificate issued under section 8 of this 2023 Act is required for purposes of obtaining tax credits in accordance with section 2 of this 2023 Act. Such certification shall be granted for a period not to exceed five years. The five-year period shall begin with the tax year of the applicant during which the completed application for final certification of the qualified facility under section 8 of this 2023 Act is received by the Oregon Business Development Department.

- (2) If the original owner of the certificate uses any portion of the credit, the certificate becomes nontransferable.
- (3) For a transferee holding a credit that has been transferred, the five-year period shall begin with the tax year in which the transferee pays for the credit.

SECTION 11. (1) The total amount of potential tax credits for all qualified facilities in this state may not, at the time of preliminary certification under section 7 of this 2023 Act, exceed \$_____ million for any tax year.

(2) In the event that the Director of the Oregon Business Development Department receives applications for preliminary certification with a total amount of potential tax credits in excess of the limitation in subsection (1) of this section, the director shall allocate the issuance of preliminary certifications according to standards and criteria established by rule by the director.

SECTION 12. The Oregon Business Development Department shall by rule establish policies and procedures for the administration and enforcement of the provisions of sections 2 and 4 to 12 of this 2023 Act, including standards for what constitutes a single qualified facility.

SECTION 13. ORS 314.772, as amended by section 11, chapter 34, Oregon Laws 2022, and section 15, chapter 115, Oregon Laws 2022, is amended to read:

314.772. (1) Except as provided in ORS 314.766 (5)(b), the tax credits allowed or allowable to a C corporation for purposes of ORS chapter 317 or 318 shall not be allowed to an S corporation. The business tax credits allowed or allowable for purposes of ORS chapter 316 shall be allowed or are allowable to the shareholders of the S corporation.

(2) In determining the tax imposed under ORS chapter 316, as provided under ORS 314.763, on income of the shareholder of an S corporation, there shall be taken into account the shareholder's pro rata share of business tax credit (or item thereof) that would be allowed to the corporation (but for subsection (1) of this section) or recapture or recovery thereof. The credit (or item thereof), recapture or recovery shall be passed through to shareholders in pro rata shares as determined in the manner prescribed under section 1377(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

- (3) The character of any item included in a shareholder's pro rata share under subsection (2) of this section shall be determined as if such item were realized directly from the source from which realized by the corporation, or incurred in the same manner as incurred by the corporation.
- (4) If the shareholder is a nonresident and there is a requirement applicable for the business tax credit that in the case of a nonresident the credit be allowed in the proportion provided in ORS 316.117, then that provision shall apply to the nonresident shareholder.
- (5) As used in this section, "business tax credit" means the following credits: ORS 315.104 (forestation and reforestation), ORS 315.138 (fish screening, by-pass devices, fishways), ORS 315.141 (biomass production for biofuel), ORS 315.156 (crop gleaning), ORS 315.164 and 315.169 (agriculture workforce housing), ORS 315.176 (bovine manure), ORS 315.204 (dependent care assistance), ORS 315.208 (dependent care facilities), ORS 315.213 (contributions for child care), ORS 315.237 (employee and dependent scholarships), ORS 315.271 (individual development accounts), ORS 315.304 (pollution control facility), ORS 315.326 (renewable energy development contributions), ORS 315.331 (energy conservation projects), ORS 315.336 (transportation projects), ORS 315.341 (renewable energy resource equipment manufacturing facilities), ORS 315.354 and 469B.151 (energy conservation facilities), ORS 315.506 (tribal taxes on reservation enterprise zones and reservation partnership zones), ORS 315.507 (electronic commerce), ORS 315.514 (film production development contributions), ORS 315.523 (employee training programs), ORS 315.533 (low income community jobs initiative), ORS 315.593 (short line railroads), ORS 315.640 (university venture development funds), ORS 315.643 (Opportunity Grant Fund contributions), ORS 315.675 (Trust for Cultural Development Account contributions), ORS 317.097 (loans for affordable housing), ORS 317.124 (long term enterprise zone facilities), ORS 317.147 (loans for agriculture workforce housing), ORS 317.152 (qualified research expenses) and ORS 317.154 (alternative qualified research expenses) and section 9, chapter 774, Oregon Laws 2013 (alternative fuel vehicle contributions), section 2, chapter 34, Oregon Laws 2022 (small forest option), and section 8, chapter 115, Oregon Laws 2022 (agricultural overtime pay), and section 2 of this 2023 Act (qualified facilities).

SECTION 14. ORS 318.031, as amended by section 12, chapter 34, Oregon Laws 2022, and section 16, chapter 115, Oregon Laws 2022, is amended to read:

318.031. It being the intention of the Legislative Assembly that this chapter and ORS chapter 317 shall be administered as uniformly as possible (allowance being made for the difference in imposition of the taxes), ORS 305.140 and 305.150, ORS chapter 314 and the following sections are incorporated into and made a part of this chapter: ORS 315.104, 315.141, 315.156, 315.176, 315.204, 315.208, 315.213, 315.304, 315.326, 315.331, 315.336, 315.506, 315.507, 315.523, 315.533, 315.593 and 315.643 and section 2, chapter 34, Oregon Laws 2022, and section 8, chapter 115, Oregon Laws 2022, and section 2 of this 2023 Act (all only to the extent applicable to a corporation) and ORS chapter 317.

SECTION 15. Sections 2 and 4 to 12 of this 2023 Act apply to new capital investments made in a qualified facility on or after July 1, 2023, and to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2024, and before January 1, 2030.

SECTION 16. This 2023 Act takes effect on the 91st day after the date on which the 2023 regular session of the Eighty-second Legislative Assembly adjourns sine die.

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