House Bill 2499

Sponsored by Representative WILDE; Representatives FAHEY, GOMBERG, HERNANDEZ, HOLVEY, NOSSE, PILUSO, POWER, SANCHEZ (Presession filed.)

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure as introduced.

Adds businesses that individuals who identify as lesbian, gay, bisexual or transgender own to list of businesses eligible for certification by Certification Office for Business Inclusion and Diversity as necessary participants in certain public contracts.

Becomes operative January 1, 2020. Takes effect on 91st day following adjournment sine die.

A BILL FOR AN ACT

2 Relating to including certain businesses as necessary participants in public contracts; creating new provisions; amending ORS 184.404, 200.005, 200.025, 200.045, 200.055, 200.065, 200.075, 200.090, 3 200.110, 200.120, 279A.107, 279A.110, 279C.110, 279C.836, 285B.740, 286A.615, 293.796, 353.130 and 4 5 470.560; and prescribing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon: 6

7 SECTION 1. ORS 184.404 is amended to read:

8 184.404. (1) The Director of the Oregon Department of Administrative Services, with the ap-9 proval of the State Treasurer, may enter into one or more agreements on behalf of the State of Oregon to grant the incremental baseball tax revenues for a period of not more than 30 years. The 10 11 grant agreements must:

12 (a) Provide that the granted amounts may be used only to pay for the costs of financing, developing, constructing and furnishing a major league stadium; 13

(b) Provide that: 14

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(A) The total payments to the grantees are limited so that the grantees do not receive, in the 15 aggregate, more than \$150 million for costs of developing, constructing and furnishing a major 16 league stadium, plus the actual, reasonable financing costs incurred by the grantees for that amount; 1718 and

19 (B) If the incremental baseball tax revenues in a year substantially exceed the amount reasonably required to amortize a loan of \$150 million over a period of 30 years with interest, the excess 20 may be retained by the state; 21

22 (c) Terminate when:

23(A) The State of Oregon has made all payments assigned to the state in the grant agreements 24 for the costs allowed under this subsection; and

25 (B) The grantees have returned any amounts required to be returned under paragraph (i) of this 26 subsection;

27(d) Require the Director of the Department of Revenue to estimate incremental baseball tax re-28 venues, specify the methodology for estimating incremental baseball tax revenues and notify the 29 Director of the Oregon Department of Administrative Services of the estimated incremental baseball 1 tax revenues;

2 (e) Specify the methodology for determining actual incremental baseball tax revenues;

3 (f) Require the Director of the Oregon Department of Administrative Services to request that 4 the Legislative Assembly appropriate an amount equal to the estimated incremental baseball tax 5 revenues from the General Fund to the Major League Stadium Grant Fund established in ORS 6 184.408 so that those moneys may be disbursed under the grant agreements authorized by this sec-7 tion;

8 (g) Require the Director of the Department of Revenue to determine the actual incremental 9 baseball tax revenues and, if the actual incremental baseball tax revenues exceed the estimated in-10 cremental baseball tax revenues, notify the Director of the Oregon Department of Administrative 11 Services of the excess;

(h) Require the Director of the Oregon Department of Administrative Services, if notified of an
excess under paragraph (g) of this subsection, to request that the Legislative Assembly appropriate
an amount equal to the excess, adjusted for the limits and retentions described in paragraph (b) of
this subsection, from the General Fund to the Major League Stadium Grant Fund so that those
moneys may be disbursed under the grant agreements authorized by this section;

(i) Require the grantees to return to the Director of the Oregon Department of Administrative
Services for deposit in the General Fund amounts transferred to the grantees from the Major League
Stadium Grant Fund that exceed the actual incremental baseball tax revenues;

(j) Provide that the amounts requested for appropriations may not be reduced because of any
 reduction that may be enacted in Oregon personal income tax rates;

(k) Require the Director of the Oregon Department of Administrative Services to disburse
 amounts in the Major League Stadium Grant Fund to the grantees on particular dates;

(L) Provide assurances of full and fair participation in the construction, furnishing and operation
 of the major league stadium by [minority-owned businesses, woman-owned businesses, businesses that
 service-disabled veterans own] inclusion and diversity contractors and emerging small businesses,
 as those terms are defined in ORS 200.005;

(m) Provide for the maximization of economic benefits for Oregon workers in the construction,
 furnishing and operation of the major league stadium to the greatest extent permitted by law; and

(n) Require the State of Oregon and the grantees to take any other action that the State
 Treasurer, the Director of the Oregon Department of Administrative Services or the Director of the
 Department of Revenue determines is desirable to ensure that:

33 (A) The granted funds are used for the purposes described in ORS 184.400 to 184.408;

(B) The grant agreements are administered efficiently and the interests of the State of Oregonare protected; and

36 (C) The requests for appropriation of amounts equal to the incremental baseball tax revenues
 37 are made as described in ORS 184.400 to 184.408.

38 (2) The obligation of the State of Oregon, under ORS 184.400 to 184.408 and the grant agreements authorized by this section, to transfer estimated or actual incremental baseball tax revenues 39 to the Major League Stadium Grant Fund is subject to an appropriation being made for that purpose 40 by the Legislative Assembly. The State of Oregon is not liable to any party for any reason if the 41 Legislative Assembly fails to appropriate all or a portion of the amounts requested under subsection 42 (1)(f) and (h) of this section to the Major League Stadium Grant Fund. However, if the Legislative 43 Assembly does appropriate amounts for deposit in the Major League Stadium Grant Fund and those 44 amounts are deposited in the Major League Stadium Grant Fund pursuant to the grant agreements 45

authorized by this section, the obligation of the State of Oregon to disburse the amounts in the Major League Stadium Grant Fund is unconditional. The grant agreements authorized by this section are not a pledge of the full faith and credit or the taxing power of the State of Oregon, and the State of Oregon does not pledge its full faith and credit or taxing power. The grant agreements do not create an indebtedness of the State of Oregon in violation of Article XI, section 7, of the Oregon Constitution. If a provision of a grant agreement is construed to have the effect of creating a debt in violation of Article XI, section 7, of the Oregon Constitution, the provision is void.

8 (3) The Legislative Assembly does not have a legal obligation to appropriate any amounts for 9 disbursement under the grant agreements authorized by this section. However, the Legislative As-10 sembly declares its current intention to appropriate amounts equal to the estimated incremental 11 baseball tax revenues and amounts equal to the amount by which the actual incremental baseball 12 tax revenues exceed the estimated incremental baseball tax revenues from the General Fund to the 13 Major League Stadium Grant Fund, as provided in ORS 184.400 to 184.408, so that the amounts may 14 be disbursed pursuant to the grant agreements authorized by this section.

(4) Before commencing negotiations on a grant agreement authorized by this section, the Oregon
Department of Administrative Services shall obtain one or more agreements from benefited parties
to pay the state's costs associated with negotiating and executing the grant agreement.

18 **SECTION 2.** ORS 200.005 is amended to read:

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200.005. As used in ORS 200.005 to 200.075, 200.110, 200.120, 200.160 to 200.200 and 279A.105:

20 (1) "Contracting agency" has the meaning given that term in ORS 279A.010.

(2) "Contractor" means a person that agrees to legally enforceable terms and conditions under which the person performs services or supplies materials in accordance with a contracting agency's specifications and for the purpose of accomplishing results the contracting agency intends, while retaining control of the means, methods and manner of performing the services or supplying the materials.

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(3) "Disadvantaged business enterprise" means a small business concern:

(a) At least 51 percent of which one or more socially and economically disadvantaged individuals
 own; or

(b) At least 51 percent of the stock of which, if the small business concern is a corporation, is owned by one or more economically disadvantaged individuals who also control and manage the daily business operations of the small business concern.

(4) "Economically disadvantaged individual" means a socially disadvantaged individual for whom
 diminished capital and credit opportunities have impaired the individual's ability to compete in the
 free enterprise system as compared to other individuals in the same business area who are not so cially disadvantaged individuals.

36 (5) "Emerging small business" means an independent business concern that:

37 (a) Has a principal place of business located in this state;

38 (b) Qualifies as a tier one firm or a tier two firm;

39 (c) Is properly licensed and legally registered in this state; and

(d) Is not a subsidiary or parent company that belongs to a group of firms that the same individuals own or control if, in the aggregate, the group of firms does not qualify as a tier one firm
or a tier two firm.

43 (6) "Inclusion and diversity contractor" means a small business concern:

- 44 (a) At least 51 percent of which one or more qualified individuals own or control; or
- 45 (b) At least 51 percent of the stock of which, if the small business concern is a corpo-

1	ration, one or more qualified individuals own or control and the daily business operations of
2	which the qualified individual or individuals control or manage.
2 3	[(6)] (7) "Minority individual" means an individual who is a citizen or lawful permanent resident
	of the United States and is:
4	(a) African American, having origins in any of the original peoples of Africa;
5 6	(a) African American, naving origins in any of the original peoples of Africa, (b) Hispanic, having Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American or other Spanish
6 7	culture or origin, regardless of race;
8	(c) Asian American, having origins in any of the original peoples of East Asia, Southeast Asia,
9	the Indian subcontinent or the Pacific Islands;
10	(d) Portuguese, having Portuguese, Brazilian or other Portuguese culture or origin, regardless
11	of race;
12	(e) American Indian or Alaskan Native, having origins in any of the original peoples of North
13	America; or
14	(f) Any other individual or member of another group that the Certification Office for Business
15	Inclusion and Diversity determines is socially and economically disadvantaged.
16	[(7) "Minority-owned business," "woman-owned business" or "business that a service-disabled vet-
17	eran owns" means, as appropriate, a small business concern:]
18	[(a) At least 51 percent of which one or more minority individuals, women or service-disabled vet-
19	erans own and control; or]
20	[(b) At least 51 percent of the stock of which, if the small business concern is a corporation, is
21	owned by one or more minority individuals, women or service-disabled veterans who also control and
22	manage the daily business operations of the small business concern.]
23	(8) "Qualified individual" means:
24	(a) A minority individual;
25	(b) A woman;
26	(c) A service-disabled veteran; or
27	(d) A socially disadvantaged or economically disadvantaged individual who identifies as:
28	(A) Lesbian;
29	(B) Gay;
30	(C) Bisexual;
31	(D) Transgender; or
32	(E) Having a gender or sexual orientation other than male, female or heterosexual.
33	[(8)] (9) "Responsible bidder or proposer" means a bidder or proposer that the Governor's Policy
34	Advisor for Economic and Business Equity determines has undertaken both a policy and practice
35	of actively pursuing participation by [minority-owned businesses, woman-owned businesses, businesses
36	that service-disabled veterans own] inclusion and diversity contractors or emerging small busi-
37	nesses in all of the bidder's or proposer's bids or proposals, both public and private.
38	[(9)] (10) "Service-disabled veteran" means a veteran who has a United States Department of
39	Veterans Affairs disability rating of at least zero percent as a result of an injury or illness that the
40	veteran incurred, or that was aggravated, during active military service and who received a dis-
41	charge or release under other than dishonorable conditions.
42	[(10)] (11) "Small business concern" means a small business, as defined by the United States
43	Small Business Administration in 13 C.F.R. part 121, as in effect on January 1, 2016.

44 [(11)] (12) "Socially disadvantaged individual" means an individual who has been subjected to 45 racial or ethnic prejudice or cultural bias, without regard to individual qualities, because of the

1 individual's identity as a member of a group.

2 [(12)] (13) "State contracting agency" has the meaning given that term in ORS 279A.010.

3 [(13)] (14) "Subcontractor" means a contractor that does not have a direct contractual re-4 lationship with a contracting agency.

5 [(14)] (15) "Tier one firm" means a business that employs not more than 19 full-time equivalent 6 employees and has average annual gross receipts for the last three years that do not exceed an 7 amount that the Oregon Business Development Department specifies by rule.

8 [(15)] (16) "Tier two firm" means a business that employs not more than 29 full-time equivalent 9 employees and has average annual gross receipts for the last three years that do not exceed an 10 amount that the Oregon Business Development Department specifies by rule.

11 [(16)] (17) "Woman" means a person of the female gender who is a citizen or lawful permanent 12 resident of the United States.

13 **SECTION 3.** ORS 200.025 is amended to read:

200.025. (1) The Governor shall appoint a Governor's Policy Advisor for Economic and Business
 Equity within the office of the Governor.

(2) The Certification Office for Business Inclusion and Diversity is created within the Oregon
 Business Development Department, and the Director of the Oregon Business Development Department
 ment shall appoint the employees of the office.

(3) The Governor's Policy Advisor for Economic and Business Equity shall:

20 (a) Advise the Governor and the director on activities and initiatives that may promote the 21 economic integration of [*minorities, women, service-disabled veterans*] **qualified individuals** and 22 emerging small businesses into the business sector;

(b) Prepare an annual report to the Governor, director and Legislative Assembly on disadvan taged business enterprises, [minority-owned businesses, woman-owned businesses, businesses that
 service-disabled veterans own] inclusion and diversity contractors and emerging small businesses
 that examines:

(A) The status of the enterprises, inclusion and diversity contractors and businesses in the
 marketplace;

(B) Accomplishments and resolutions that have occurred with respect to issues that concern the
 enterprises, inclusion and diversity contractors and businesses; and

31 (C) Recommendations for executive and legislative action; and

32 (c) Carry out other duties that the Governor may assign.

33 (4) The Certification Office for Business Inclusion and Diversity shall:

(a) Provide information to [minority-owned businesses, woman-owned businesses, businesses that
 service-disabled veterans own] inclusion and diversity contractors and emerging small businesses;

(b) Assist in developing and implementing an aggressive strategy for this state, based on re search and monitoring, that encourages [*minorities, women, service-disabled veterans*] qualified in dividuals, inclusion and diversity contractors and emerging small businesses to participate in the

39 state's economy;

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40 (c) Recommend to the director methods for researching, developing and implementing a plan to
 41 involve [minority-owned businesses, woman-owned businesses, businesses that service-disabled veterans
 42 own] inclusion and diversity contractors and emerging small businesses in all state programs:

42 *own*] **inclusion and diversity contractors** and emerging small businesses in all state programs;

(d) Maintain, in consultation with the Department of Transportation, public universities listed
in ORS 352.002 and other entities, an Oregon Opportunity Register and Clearinghouse for information about contracting agency solicitations and other opportunities to submit bids or proposals to

contracting agencies to provide goods, supplies and services, including professional services; 1 2 (e) Monitor the certification and compliance program under ORS 200.055 for: 3 (A) Disadvantaged business enterprises; (B) [Minority-owned businesses, woman-owned businesses and businesses that service-disabled vet-4 erans own] Inclusion and diversity contractors; and 5 (C) Emerging small businesses; 6 7 (f) Investigate complaints and possible abuses of the certification program; and (g) Assist in promoting and coordinating plans, programs and operations of state government 8 9 that help [minority-owned businesses, woman-owned businesses, businesses that service-disabled veterans own] inclusion and diversity contractors and emerging small businesses to participate in the 10 economic life of this state. 11 12SECTION 4. ORS 200.045 is amended to read: 13 200.045. [(1) As used in this section, "required participant" means:] [(a) A disadvantaged business enterprise;] 14 15 [(b) A minority-owned business, a woman-owned business or a business that a service-disabled veteran owns; or] 16 17 [(c) An emerging small business.] 18 [(2)] (1) If a public contract requires participation from a [required participant] disadvantaged business enterprise, inclusion and diversity contractor or emerging small business and a bid-19 der or proposer for the public contract is not a [required participant] disadvantaged business en-20terprise, inclusion and diversity contractor or emerging small business, a contracting agency 2122may award the public contract to the bidder or proposer only if the bidder or proposer: 23(a) Demonstrates that the bidder or proposer is responsible; and

(b) Has made good faith efforts to encourage [required participants] disadvantaged business
 enterprises, inclusion and diversity contractors and emerging small businesses to participate
 in the public contract.

[(3)] (2) A contracting agency may rebuttably presume that for the purposes of this section a bidder or proposer is responsible and has made good faith efforts to encourage [required participants] disadvantaged business enterprises, inclusion and diversity contractors and emerging small businesses to participate in the public contract if the bidder or proposer takes all of these actions:

(a) Attends presolicitation or prebid meetings that the contracting agency scheduled to inform
disadvantaged business enterprises, [minority-owned businesses, woman-owned businesses, businesses
that service-disabled veterans own] inclusion and diversity contractors and emerging small businesses of contracting and subcontracting or material supply opportunities available in connection
with a public contract;

(b) Identifies and selects specific economically feasible units of the public contract that disadvantaged business enterprises, [minority-owned businesses, woman-owned businesses, businesses that service-disabled veterans own] inclusion and diversity contractors and emerging small businesses may perform in order to increase the likelihood that [required participants] disadvantaged business enterprises, inclusion and diversity contractors and emerging small businesses in the public contract;

43 (c) Advertises the opportunities described in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subsection in general
44 circulation publications, trade association publications and publications that serve an audience or
45 readership that consists primarily of [minorities, women, service-disabled veterans and emerging small

businesses] qualified individuals; 1

2 (d) Provides written notice of the opportunities described in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subsection to a reasonable number of specific disadvantaged business enterprises, [minority-owned 3 businesses, woman-owned businesses, businesses that service-disabled veterans own] inclusion and 4 diversity contractors and emerging small businesses that the bidder or proposer identified from a 5 list of enterprises, inclusion and diversity contractors or businesses that the Certification Office 6 for Business Inclusion and Diversity certified under ORS 200.055, in sufficient time to allow the 7 enterprises, inclusion and diversity contractors or businesses to participate effectively; 8

9 (e) Follows up on the bidder's or proposer's initial solicitations of interest by contacting the enterprises, inclusion and diversity contractors or businesses to which the bidder or proposer 10 provided notice under paragraph (d) of this subsection to determine with certainty whether the en-11 12 terprises, diversity and inclusion contractors or businesses are interested in the opportunities 13 described in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subsection;

(f) Provides interested disadvantaged business enterprises, [minority-owned businesses, woman-14 15 owned businesses, businesses that service-disabled veterans own] diversity and inclusion contrac-16 tors and emerging small businesses with adequate information about plans, specifications and 17 requirements for subcontracting or material supply work in connection with the public contract;

18 (g) Negotiates in good faith with interested disadvantaged business enterprises, [minority-owned 19 businesses, woman-owned businesses, businesses that service-disabled veterans own] inclusion and 20 diversity contractors and emerging small businesses, and did not without justifiable reason reject as unsatisfactory bids or proposals that the enterprises, inclusion and diversity contractors or 2122businesses prepared;

23(h) Advises and assists interested disadvantaged business enterprises, [minority-owned businesses, woman-owned businesses, businesses that service-disabled veterans own] inclusion and diversity 94 contractors and emerging small businesses to obtain, when necessary, bonding, lines of credit or 2526insurance that the contracting agency or contractor requires;

27(i) Makes efforts to encourage disadvantaged business enterprises, [minority-owned businesses, woman-owned businesses, businesses that service-disabled veterans own] inclusion and diversity 28contractors and emerging small businesses to participate in the public contract that the contract-2930 ing agency may reasonably expect will produce a level of participation that meets the contracting 31 agency's goals or requirements; and

32(j) Uses the services of minority community organizations, minority contractor groups, local, state and federal minority business assistance offices and other organizations that the Governor's 33 34 Policy Advisor for Economic and Business Equity identifies as providing assistance in recruiting 35disadvantaged business enterprises, [minority-owned businesses, woman-owned businesses, businesses that service-disabled veterans own] inclusion and diversity contractors and emerging small busi-36 37 nesses for participation in public contracts.

38 [(4)] (3) A contracting agency may rebuttably presume that for the purposes of this section a bidder or proposer is not responsible and has not made good faith efforts to encourage [required 39 participants] disadvantaged business enterprises, inclusion and diversity contractors and 40 emerging small businesses to participate in a public contract if the bidder or proposer does not 41 take all of the actions required under subsection [(3)] (2) of this section. Superficial or pro forma 42 efforts do not demonstrate responsibility or constitute adequate good faith efforts under this section. 43 SECTION 5. ORS 200.055 is amended to read: 44

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200.055. (1)(a) An enterprise or business may apply to the Certification Office for Business

- 1 Inclusion and Diversity for certification as:
- 2 (A) A disadvantaged business enterprise;
- 3 (B) A [minority-owned] business that a minority individual owns;
- 4 (C) A [woman-owned] business that a woman owns;
- 5 (D) A business that a service-disabled veteran owns; [or]

6 (E) A business owned by a socially or economically disadvantaged individual who identi-

fies as lesbian, gay, bisexual or transgender or as having a gender or sexual orientation that
is not male, female or heterosexual; or

9 [(E)] (F) An emerging small business.

(b) An enterprise or business shall submit a separate application for each category of certifica tion the enterprise or business seeks under paragraph (a) of this subsection.

(c) If an enterprise or business qualifies under ORS 200.005 to 200.075 and if the office approves
an application from the enterprise or business, the office shall certify the enterprise or business
under one or more of the categories described in paragraph (a) of this subsection.

(d) For purposes of awarding a public contract, a contracting agency shall recognize an enterprise or business with a certification from the office as the category of enterprise or business described in the certification and as having met the requirements set forth in ORS 200.005 to 200.075.
For purposes of awarding a subcontract in connection with a public contract, a contractor may
recognize a subcontractor with a certification from the office as the category of enterprise or business
ness described in the certification and as having met the requirements set forth in ORS 200.005 to
200.075.

22(2) In consultation with public universities listed in ORS 352.002 and the Department of Trans-23portation, and with the approval of the Governor's Policy Advisor for Economic and Business Equity, the Oregon Business Development Department by rule shall adopt a uniform standard form and 24 25procedure to provide complete documentation of an enterprise's or a business' status as a disadvantaged business enterprise, [a minority-owned business, a woman-owned business, a business that 2627a service-disabled veteran owns] an inclusion and diversity contractor or an emerging small business. The department shall compile and make available a list of enterprises, inclusion and diversity 28contractors and businesses that the Certification Office for Business Inclusion and Diversity certi-2930 fies under this section.

(3) If the Certification Office for Business Inclusion and Diversity denies a certification as, or
 decertifies, a disadvantaged business enterprise, an affected business enterprise may appeal directly
 to the United States Department of Transportation.

(4) If the Certification Office for Business Inclusion and Diversity denies, revokes or refuses to
renew a business's certification as [a minority-owned business, a woman-owned business, a business
that a service-disabled veteran owns] an inclusion and diversity contractor or an emerging small
business, the business may request a contested case hearing as provided in ORS chapter 183.

(5) The Oregon Business Development Department, through the Certification Office for Business
Inclusion and Diversity, is the sole agency that may certify enterprises and businesses as disadvantaged business enterprises, [minority-owned businesses, woman-owned businesses, businesses that
service-disabled veterans own] inclusion and diversity contractors and emerging small businesses
that are eligible to perform public contracts in this state.

43 (6) The Oregon Business Development Department by rule may establish a fee not to exceed
44 \$100 for a copy of the list described in subsection (2) of this section and may assess contracting
45 agencies for services under ORS 200.005 to 200.075.

1 (7) The Department of Transportation may collect a fee, not to exceed \$200, from a bidder or 2 proposer at the time the bidder or proposer prequalifies to perform public contracts to cover the 3 costs of the Oregon Business Development Department in administering ORS 200.005 to 200.075. The 4 Department of Transportation shall transfer fees that the Department of Transportation collects 5 under this subsection to the credit of the account established under subsection (8) of this section.

6 (8) The Oregon Business Development Department shall establish a special account in which to 7 deposit fees and assessments. The special account is continuously appropriated to the Oregon Busi-8 ness Development Department to meet the Oregon Business Development Department's expenses in 9 administering ORS 200.005 to 200.075.

10 SECTION 6. ORS 200.065 is amended to read:

11 200.065. (1) A person may not fraudulently obtain or retain, attempt to fraudulently obtain or 12 retain or aid another person in fraudulently obtaining or retaining or attempting to fraudulently 13 obtain or retain certification as a disadvantaged business enterprise, [a minority-owned business, a 14 woman-owned business, a business that a service-disabled veteran owns] an inclusion and diversity 15 contractor or an emerging small business.

(2) A person may not knowingly make a false claim that any person is qualified for certification
 or is certified under ORS 200.055 for the purpose of obtaining a public contract or subcontract or
 other benefit.

19 (3) An affected contracting agency may withhold payment, may suspend or terminate a public 20 contract and may impose on any person a civil penalty that does not exceed 10 percent of the contract or subcontract price or \$5,000, whichever is less, for each violation of subsection (1) or (2) of 2122this section. The person shall pay the penalty to the affected contracting agency. If the affected 23contracting agency does not impose a civil penalty on the person under this subsection, the Oregon Business Development Department may independently impose a civil penalty that does not exceed 24 25\$5,000 for each violation of subsection (1) or (2) of this section. The person shall pay a penalty that the department imposes to the Certification Office for Business Inclusion and Diversity. 26

(4) The department or an affected contracting agency shall investigate violations of subsection 27(1) or (2) of this section. In investigating a violation, the department or an affected contracting 28agency may require any additional information, administer oaths, take depositions and issue 2930 subpoenas to compel witnesses to attend and compel the production of books, papers, records, 31 memoranda or other information necessary to carry out the department's or the affected contracting agency's duties. If a person fails to comply with any subpoena that the department or the affected 32contracting agency issued under this subsection or refuses to testify on any matter on which a 33 34 person may lawfully be interrogated, the department or the affected contracting agency shall follow the procedure provided in ORS 183.440 to compel compliance. 35

(5) The department or an affected contracting agency may disqualify from submitting a bid or proposal or receiving an award of a public contract, for a period of not more than three years, any person that under oath during the course of an investigation admits to violating subsection (1) or (2) of this section or that the department or the affected contracting agency finds to have violated subsection (1) or (2) of this section. Any contracting agency that has notice of the finding of the fraudulent certification may also disqualify the person from bidding on or participating in any public contract.

43 SECTION 7. ORS 200.075 is amended to read:

44 200.075. (1) An affected contracting agency shall suspend any bidder's, proposer's, contractor's 45 or subcontractor's right to submit a bid or proposal for, or receive an award of, a public contract

in the future if the bidder, proposer, contractor or subcontractor knowingly commits any of the acts 1 2 listed in this subsection. The affected contracting agency shall suspend the right only after providing notice and opportunity for hearing in a manner that the affected contracting agency provides by 3 rule. The affected contracting agency shall specify a time for the suspension that is up to one year 4 for a first violation, up to three years for a second violation and up to five years for a third vio-5 lation. Each violation must remain on record for five years. After five years the affected contracting 6 agency may not consider the violation in reviewing future violations. A bidder, proposer, contractor 7 or subcontractor may not: 8

9 (a) Enter into any agreement to represent that a disadvantaged business enterprise, [a 10 minority-owned business, a woman-owned business, a business that a service-disabled veteran owns] 11 an inclusion and diversity contractor or an emerging small business certified under ORS 200.055 12 will perform work or supply materials under a public contract without the knowledge and consent 13 of the disadvantaged business enterprise, [minority-owned business, woman-owned business, business 14 that a service-disabled veteran owns] inclusion and diversity contractor or emerging small busi-15 ness.

(b) Exercise or permit another bidder, proposer, contractor or subcontractor to exercise management and decision making control over the internal operations of a disadvantaged business enterprise, [a minority-owned business, a woman-owned business, a business that a service-disabled veteran owns] an inclusion and diversity contractor or an emerging small business, other than the bidder's, proposer's, contractor's or subcontractor's own enterprise, inclusion and diversity contractor or business. As used in this paragraph, "internal operations" does not include normal scheduling, coordination, execution or performance as a subcontractor on a public contract.

(c) Use a disadvantaged business enterprise, [a minority-owned business, a woman-owned business, a business that a service-disabled veteran owns] an inclusion and diversity contractor or an
emerging small business to perform a public contract or subcontract or to supply material under a
public contract to meet an established goal or requirement if the disadvantaged business enterprise,
[minority-owned business, woman-owned business, business that a service-disabled veteran owns]
inclusion and diversity contractor or emerging small business does not perform a commercially
useful function in carrying out responsibilities and obligations under the public contract.

(d) Fail to perform a commercially useful function in performing a public contract or subcontract
or in supplying material to a contractor or subcontractor that is performing a public contract or
subcontract if the bidder, proposer, contractor or subcontractor is presented as a certified disadvantaged business enterprise, [minority-owned business, woman-owned business, business that a
service-disabled veteran owns] inclusion and diversity contractor or emerging small business to
meet an established goal or requirement.

(2) The Certification Office for Business Inclusion and Diversity shall revoke an enterprise's or 36 37 a business's certification under ORS 200.055 as a disadvantaged business enterprise, [a minority-38 owned business, a woman-owned business, a business that a service-disabled veteran owns] an inclusion and diversity contractor or an emerging small business if, after conducting an investigation 39 in a manner similar to the manner provided in ORS 200.065 (4) for investigating a violation of ORS 40 200.065 (1) or (2), the Oregon Business Development Department finds that the enterprise or business 41 allows or commits any of the acts listed in this subsection. A disadvantaged business enterprise, [a 42 minority-owned business, a woman-owned business, a business that a service-disabled veteran owns] 43 an inclusion and diversity contractor or an emerging small business may not: 44 (a) Use the enterprise's or business's name to meet a goal or requirement for disadvantaged 45

business enterprises, [minority-owned businesses, woman-owned businesses, businesses that service-1 2 disabled veterans own] inclusion and diversity contractors or emerging small businesses to par-3 ticipate in a public contract or subcontract if the enterprise or business does not in fact intend to or does not actually perform work under the public contract or subcontract or does not intend to 4 or does not purchase and supply material under a public contract or subcontract to supply material. 5 (b) Use personnel of an uncertified enterprise or business to operate, manage or otherwise con-6 7 trol the disadvantaged business enterprise, [minority-owned business, woman-owned business, business that a service-disabled veteran owns] inclusion and diversity contractor or emerging small busi-8 9 ness.

10 (c) Exhibit a pattern of failing to perform a commercially useful function in performing a public 11 contract or subcontract or supplying material to a contractor or subcontractor on a public contract 12 if the enterprise or business is represented as a disadvantaged business enterprise, [a minority-owned 13 business, a woman-owned business, a business that a service-disabled veteran owns] **an inclusion and** 14 **diversity contractor** or an emerging small business certified under ORS 200.055 for the purpose of 15 meeting an established goal or requirement.

16 (3)(a) An affected contracting agency shall notify the department if the affected contracting 17 agency investigates a disadvantaged business enterprise, [a minority-owned business, a woman-owned 18 business, a business that a service-disabled veteran owns] an inclusion and diversity contractor or 19 an emerging small business for failing to perform a commercially useful function.

(b) The department may conduct an independent investigation of a disadvantaged business enterprise, [a minority-owned business, a woman-owned business, a business that a service-disabled veteran owns] **an inclusion and diversity contractor** or an emerging small business for exhibiting a pattern of failing to perform a commercially useful function in response to notifications from one or more affected contracting agencies under paragraph (a) of this subsection.

25 (4) As used in this section, "commercially useful function":

26 (a) Means a function or service:

27 (A) That the enterprise, inclusion and diversity contractor or business actually performs;

28 (B) For which a demand exists in the marketplace; and

(C) For which the enterprise, inclusion and diversity contractor or business receives payment that is proportionate to the work that the enterprise, inclusion and diversity contractor or business performs or that conforms with industry standards.

32 (b) Does not include acting as a broker to provide for others to perform work.

33 SECTION 8. ORS 200.090 is amended to read:

200.090. Contracting agencies shall aggressively pursue a policy of providing opportunities for disadvantaged business enterprises, [minority-owned businesses, woman-owned businesses, businesses that service-disabled veterans own] inclusion and diversity contractors and emerging small businesses and shall cooperate with the Governor's Policy Advisor for Economic and Business Equity to determine the best means by which to make such opportunities available.

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SECTION 9. ORS 200.110 is amended to read:

200.110. (1) The Oregon Business Development Department may recognize a mentor relationship between contractors and disadvantaged business enterprises, [minority-owned businesses, womanowned businesses, businesses that service-disabled veterans own] inclusion and diversity contractors and emerging small businesses that are certified under ORS 200.055. In order to qualify for the department's recognition, the mentor relationship must offer the opportunity for the contractor to foster and encourage disadvantaged business enterprises, [minority-owned businesses, woman-owned

1 businesses, businesses that service-disabled veterans own] inclusion and diversity contractors and

emerging small businesses to expand the capacity of existing enterprises, inclusion and diversity
contractors and businesses and to offer the opportunity for less experienced enterprises, inclusion

4 and diversity contractors and businesses to gain training and assistance.

5 (2) To have the department recognize the mentor relationship described in subsection (1) of this 6 section, a disadvantaged business enterprise, [a minority-owned business, a woman-owned business, 7 a business that a service-disabled veteran owns] **an inclusion and diversity contractor** or an 8 emerging small business must follow guidelines that include, but are not limited to:

9 (a) Meeting the certification requirements of the U.S. Department of Transportation or ORS 10 200.055. The Certification Office for Business Inclusion and Diversity may approve an application for 11 certification under ORS 200.055 at the same time the department approves a mentor arrangement.

12(b) Remaining independent from the contractor and maintaining a [minority individual's, woman's or service-disabled veteran's] qualified individual's actual ownership of the enterprise, inclusion 13 and diversity contractor or business. A [minority individual, woman or service-disabled veteran] 14 15 qualified individual who owns the enterprise or business may have other employment and business interests if the employment or business interests do not conflict with the [minority individual's, 16 woman's or service-disabled veteran's] qualified individual's power to direct the management and 17 18 policies of the disadvantaged business enterprise, [minority-owned business, woman-owned business, 19 business that a service-disabled veteran owns] inclusion and diversity contractor or emerging small 20 business and to make day-to-day and major decisions on matters of management, policy and operations. A contractor may provide facilities to the enterprise, inclusion and diversity contractor 2122or business if the contractor and the enterprise, inclusion and diversity contractor or business 23maintain a separate lease agreement.

(c) Complying with 49 C.F.R. 26 as to an individual's or entity's part ownership in a disadvan-94 25taged business enterprise, [a minority-owned business, a woman-owned business, a business that a service-disabled veteran owns] an inclusion and diversity contractor or an emerging small business 2627if the individual or entity is not certified under ORS 200.055. The enterprise, inclusion and diversity contractor or business shall report any property, equipment, supplies or other services that the 28 enterprise, inclusion and diversity contractor or business buys, rents or receives as a donation 2930 and any investment that an individual or entity makes in the enterprise, inclusion and diversity 31 contractor or business if the individual or entity is not certified under ORS 200.055. The report 32must include bills of sale, lease agreements or similar documents.

(3) A mentor relationship may include an arrangement with an independent third party, such
as a bank or accountant, to act as an agent. A third party may receive progress payments for work
that a disadvantaged business enterprise, [a minority-owned business, a woman-owned business, a
business that a service-disabled veteran owns] an inclusion and diversity contractor or an emerging
small business accomplishes, made out jointly to the third party and the enterprise, inclusion and
diversity contractor or business, and may make payments on behalf of the enterprise, inclusion
and diversity contractor or business to material suppliers or for federal and state payroll taxes.

(4) Types of assistance that a contractor may provide in a mentor relationship to a disadvan taged business enterprise, [a minority-owned business, a woman-owned business, a business that a
 service-disabled veteran owns] an inclusion and diversity contractor or an emerging small business
 include:

44 (a) Financial assistance;

45 (b) Technical and management assistance;

1 (c) Equipment rental and use of personnel; and

2 (d) Bonding assistance.

3 **SECTION 10.** ORS 200.120 is amended to read:

4 200.120. (1) The Oregon Business Development Department, in consultation with the Oregon 5 Association of Minority Entrepreneurs, may approve a written development plan as part of a mentor 6 relationship. The development plan must:

7 (a) Clearly set forth the objectives and roles of the parties;

8 (b) Be for a specified length of time;

9 (c) Determine measurable goals that the disadvantaged business enterprise, [minority-owned 10 business, woman-owned business, business that a service-disabled veteran owns] inclusion and di-11 versity contractor or emerging small business must reach; and

12(d) Provide that if a disadvantaged business enterprise, [a minority-owned business, a woman-13 owned business, a business that a service-disabled veteran owns] an inclusion and diversity contractor or an emerging small business uses a mentor's resources in performing contracts or 14 15 subcontracts for the mentor or for another contractor, the enterprise, inclusion and diversity 16 contractor or business shall separately identify, account for and directly compensate the mentor for the resources. The department may closely monitor a development plan that provides that the en-17 18 terprise, inclusion and diversity contractor or business will use the mentor's resources exten-19 sively.

(2) The development plan may also provide for the mentor to train the disadvantaged business
 enterprise, [minority-owned business, woman-owned business, business that a service-disabled veteran
 owns,] inclusion and diversity contractor or emerging small business. Training may include:

- 23 (a) Business planning;
- 24 (b) Record keeping;

25 (c) Technical training;

26 (d) Capital formation;

- 27 (e) Loan packaging;
- 28 (f) Financial counseling;
- 29 (g) Bonding; and
- 30 (h) Equipment utilization.

(3) The Oregon Business Development Department and the Oregon Association of Minority En trepreneurs may review the development plan annually to monitor progress.

(4) The development plan must provide that the mentor relationship may be terminated by mu-tual consent or if:

(a) An enterprise or a business no longer qualifies for certification under ORS 200.055 as a dis advantaged business enterprise, [a minority-owned business, a woman-owned business, a business that
 a service-disabled veteran owns] an inclusion and diversity contractor or an emerging small business;

(b) Either party has failed or is unable to meet the party's obligations under the developmentplan;

(c) The disadvantaged business enterprise, [minority-owned business, woman-owned business,
business that a service-disabled veteran owns] inclusion and diversity contractor or emerging small
business is not progressing or is not likely to progress in accordance with the development plan;

44 (d) The disadvantaged business enterprise, [minority-owned business, woman-owned business,

45 business that a service-disabled veteran owns] inclusion and diversity contractor or emerging small

1 business has reached a satisfactory level of self-sufficiency to compete without resorting to special

2 treatment provided in the development plan; or

3 (e) The plan or provisions of the plan are contrary to the requirements of federal, state, or local
4 law or regulation, or otherwise contrary to public policy.

5 (5) The parties to the development plan, the Oregon Business Development Department and the 6 Oregon Association of Minority Entrepreneurs shall retain copies of the plan.

(6) The development plan may provide that either party may dissolve the plan for any reason
by notifying the Oregon Business Development Department and the Oregon Association of Minority
Entrepreneurs.

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SECTION 11. ORS 279A.107 is amended to read:

11 279A.107. (1) A contracting agency that under ORS 279A.105 awards a public contract to a re-12 sponsible bidder, as defined in ORS 200.005, that has made good faith efforts, as described in ORS 13 200.045 [(3)] (2), or that awards a public contract in the course of carrying out an affirmative action 14 goal, policy or program under ORS 279A.100 shall:

(a) Provide as a material condition of the public contract that a contractor remain certified as
a disadvantaged business enterprise, [minority-owned business, woman-owned business, business that *a service-disabled veteran owns*] inclusion and diversity contractor or emerging small business
under ORS 200.055 for the entire term of the public contract, if the contracting agency awarded the
public contract, in whole or in part, on the basis of the contractor's certification.

(b) Require a contractor to provide in the contractor's subcontracts that a subcontractor remain certified as a disadvantaged business enterprise, [minority-owned business, woman-owned business, business that a service-disabled veteran owns] inclusion and diversity contractor or emerging small business under ORS 200.055 for the entire term of the subcontract, if the contractor awards the subcontract, in whole or in part, on the basis of the subcontractor's certification.

(c) Verify the contractor's or subcontractor's compliance with the requirements set forth in
 paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subsection.

(d) Verify that a contractor is paying a subcontractor that is certified under ORS 200.055
 promptly as provided in ORS 279B.220 or 279C.570, as appropriate.

(2)(a) If a contracting agency determines at any time during the term of a public contract that a contractor to which the contracting agency awarded the public contract on the basis described in subsection (1) of this section, or a subcontractor to which the contractor awarded a subcontract in connection with the public contract on the basis described in subsection (1) of this section, is no longer certified, the contracting agency may:

34 (A) Terminate the public contract;

35 (B) Require the contractor to terminate the subcontract; or

36

6 (C) Exercise any of the remedies for breach of contract that are reserved in the public contract.

(b) The actions a contracting agency may take under paragraph (a) of this subsection are in
addition to and not in lieu of any other action the Oregon Business Development Department may
take with respect to the contractor or subcontractor under ORS 200.065.

(c) Paragraph (a) of this subsection does not apply to an emerging small business as defined in
ORS 200.005 that, because of growth in the number of full-time equivalent employees or average
annual gross receipts that occurs during the term of the public contract, no longer qualifies as a tier
one firm or tier two firm, as those terms are defined in ORS 200.005, or for which a certification
under ORS 200.055 expires during the term of the public contract.

45 **SECTION 12.** ORS 279A.110 is amended to read:

1 279A.110. (1) A bidder or proposer that competes for or is awarded a public contract may not 2 discriminate against a subcontractor in awarding a subcontract because the subcontractor is a dis-3 advantaged business enterprise, [a minority-owned business, a woman-owned business, a business that 4 a service-disabled veteran owns] an inclusion and diversity contractor or an emerging small busi-5 ness that is certified under ORS 200.055.

6 (2) A contracting agency may debar or disqualify, under ORS 279B.130 or 279C.440, as appro-7 priate, a bidder or proposer if the contracting agency finds that the bidder or proposer has violated 8 subsection (1) of this section in awarding a subcontract in connection with a contract the con-7 tracting agency advertised or otherwise solicited or a contract between the contracting agency and 8 the bidder or proposer. A debarred or disqualified bidder or proposer may appeal the debarment or 9 disqualification under ORS 279B.425 or ORS 279C.445 and 279C.450, as appropriate.

(3) A contracting agency may not allege an occurrence of discrimination in subcontracting as a basis for debarring or disqualifying a bidder or proposer under subsection (2) of this section more than three years after the alleged discriminatory conduct occurred or more than three years after the contracting agency, in the exercise of reasonable diligence, should have discovered the conduct, whichever is later.

(4) A bidder or proposer shall certify in the bid or proposal that the bidder or proposer has not discriminated and will not discriminate, in violation of subsection (1) of this section, against a disadvantaged business enterprise, [a minority-owned business, a woman-owned business, a business that a service-disabled veteran owns] an inclusion and diversity contractor or an emerging small business, as those terms are defined in ORS 200.005, in awarding a subcontract.

(5) If a contracting agency awards a public contract to a contractor and the contractor violates
the contractor's certification under subsection (4) of this section, the contracting agency may regard
the violation as a breach of contract that permits the contracting agency to:

25 (a) Terminate the contract; or

26 (b) Exercise any of the remedies for breach of contract that are reserved in the contract.

27 **SECTION 13.** ORS 279C.110 is amended to read:

279C.110. (1) A contracting agency shall select consultants to provide architectural, engineering, 28 photogrammetric mapping, transportation planning or land surveying services on the basis of the 30 consultant's qualifications for the type of professional service required. A contracting agency may 31 solicit or use pricing policies and proposals or other pricing information, including the number of 32 hours proposed for the service required, expenses, hourly rates and overhead, to determine consult-33 ant compensation only after the contracting agency has selected a candidate pursuant to subsection 34 (2) of this section.

(2) Subject to the requirements of subsection (1) of this section, the procedures that a contracting agency creates to screen and select consultants and to select a candidate under this section are at the contracting agency's sole discretion. The contracting agency may adjust the procedures to accommodate the contracting agency's scope, schedule or objectives for a particular project if the estimated cost of the architectural, engineering, photogrammetric mapping, transportation planning or land surveying services for the project does not exceed \$250,000.

(3) A contracting agency's screening and selection procedures under this section, regardless of
 the estimated cost of the architectural, engineering, photogrammetric mapping, transportation plan ning or land surveying services for a project, may include considering each candidate's:

44 (a) Specialized experience, capabilities and technical competence, which the candidate may
 45 demonstrate with the candidate's proposed approach and methodology to meet the project require-

1 ments;

2 (b) Resources committed to perform the work and the proportion of the time that the candidate's

staff would spend on the project, including time for specialized services, within the applicable time
limits;

5 (c) Record of past performance, including but not limited to price and cost data from previous 6 projects, quality of work, ability to meet schedules, cost control and contract administration;

(d) Ownership status and employment practices regarding disadvantaged business enterprises,
[minority-owned businesses, woman-owned businesses, businesses that service-disabled veterans own,]
inclusion and diversity contractors or emerging small businesses, as those terms are defined
in ORS 200.005, or historically underutilized businesses;

11 (e) Availability to the project locale;

12 (f) Familiarity with the project locale; and

13 (g) Proposed project management techniques.

(4) If the screening and selection procedures a contracting agency creates under subsection (2) of this section result in the contracting agency's determination that two or more candidates are equally qualified, the contracting agency may select a candidate through any process the contracting agency adopts that is not based on the candidate's pricing policies, proposals or other pricing information.

(5) The contracting agency and the selected candidate shall mutually discuss and refine the scope of services for the project and shall negotiate conditions, including but not limited to compensation level and performance schedule, based on the scope of services. The compensation level paid must be reasonable and fair to the contracting agency as determined solely by the contracting agency. Authority to negotiate a contract under this section does not supersede any provision of ORS 279A.140 or 279C.520.

(6) If the contracting agency and the selected candidate are unable for any reason to negotiate a contract at a compensation level that is reasonable and fair to the contracting agency, the contracting agency shall, either orally or in writing, formally terminate negotiations with the selected candidate. The contracting agency may then negotiate with the next most qualified candidate. The negotiation process may continue in this manner through successive candidates until an agreement is reached or the contracting agency terminates the consultant contracting process.

31 (7) [It is the] A goal of this state is to promote a sustainable economy in the rural areas of the state. In order to monitor progress toward this goal, a state contracting agency shall keep a record 32of the locations in which architectural, engineering, photogrammetric mapping, transportation plan-33 34 ning or land surveying services contracts and related services contracts are performed throughout 35the state, the locations of the selected consultants and the direct expenses on each contract. This 36 record must include the total number of contracts awarded to each consultant firm over a 10-year 37 period. The record of direct expenses must include all personnel travel expenses as a separate and 38 identifiable expense on the contract. Upon request, the state contracting agency shall make these 39 records available to the public.

(8) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1) of this section, a contracting agency may
 directly appoint a consultant if the estimated cost of the architectural, engineering, photogrammet ric mapping, transportation planning or land surveying services for the project does not exceed
 \$100,000.

(9) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (1) and (8) of this section, a contracting agency
 may directly appoint a consultant for architectural, engineering, photogrammetric mapping, trans-

1 portation planning or land surveying services in an emergency.

SECTION 14. ORS 279C.836 is amended to read:

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3 279C.836. (1) Except as provided in subsection (4), (7), (8) or (9) of this section, before starting work on a contract or subcontract for a public works project, a contractor or subcontractor shall 4 file with the Construction Contractors Board a public works bond with a corporate surety author-5 ized to do business in this state in the amount of \$30,000. The bond must provide that the contractor 6 or subcontractor will pay claims ordered by the Bureau of Labor and Industries to workers per-7 forming labor upon public works projects. The bond must be a continuing obligation, and the 8 9 surety's liability for the aggregate of claims that may be payable from the bond may not exceed the penal sum of the bond. The bond must remain in effect continuously until depleted by claims paid 10 under this section, unless the surety sooner cancels the bond. The surety may cancel the bond by 11 12 giving 30 days' written notice to the contractor or subcontractor, to the board and to the Bureau 13 of Labor and Industries. Canceling the bond relieves the surety of further liability for work performed on contracts entered into after the cancellation. The cancellation does not limit the surety's 14 15 liability for work performed on contracts entered into before the cancellation.

(2) Before permitting a subcontractor to start work on a public works project, the contractor shall verify that the subcontractor has filed a public works bond as required under this section, has elected not to file a public works bond under subsection (7) or (8) of this section or is exempt under subsection (4) or (9) of this section.

(3) This section does not require a contractor or subcontractor to file a separate public works
bond for each public works project for which the contractor or subcontractor has a contract.

(4) This section does not require a person that is not required under ORS 279C.800 to 279C.870
to pay prevailing rates of wage on a public works project to file a public works bond under this
section.

(5) A public works bond required by this section is in addition to any other bond the contractor
or subcontractor is required to obtain.

(6) The board may, by rule, require a contractor or subcontractor to obtain a new public works bond if a surety pays a claim out of an existing public works bond. The new bond must be in the amount of \$30,000. The board may allow a contractor or subcontractor to obtain, instead of a new bond, a certification that the surety remains liable for the full penal sum of the existing bond, notwithstanding payment by the surety on the claim.

32(7)(a) A disadvantaged business enterprise, [a minority-owned business, a woman-owned business, a business that a service-disabled veteran owns] an inclusion and diversity contractor or an 33 34 emerging small business certified under ORS 200.055 may, for up to four years after certification, 35elect not to file a public works bond as required under subsection (1) this section. If an enterprise, an inclusion and diversity contractor or a business elects not to file a public works bond, the 36 37 enterprise, inclusion and diversity contractor or business shall give the board written verification 38 of the certification and written notice that the enterprise, inclusion and diversity contractor or business elects not to file the bond. 39

(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subsection, if the Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor
and Industries finds that an enterprise, an inclusion and diversity contractor or a business has
violated a provision of ORS 279C.800 to 279C.870 or an administrative rule adopted under ORS
279C.800 to 279C.870, the enterprise, inclusion and diversity contractor or business must file a
public works bond in accordance with subsection (1) of this section.

45 (c) An enterprise, an inclusion and diversity contractor or a business that elects not to file

a public works bond under this subsection shall notify the public agency for whose benefit the con-1 2 tract was awarded or, if the enterprise, inclusion and diversity contractor or business is a subcontractor, the contractor of the election before starting work on a public works project. If an 3 enterprise, an inclusion and diversity contractor or a business elects not to file a public works 4 bond under this subsection, a claim for unpaid wages may be made against the payment bond of the 5 enterprise, inclusion and diversity contractor or business or, if the enterprise, inclusion and di-6 versity contractor or business is a subcontractor, the payment bond of the contractor. 7

8 (d) An election not to file a public works bond expires four years after the date the enterprise, 9 inclusion and diversity contractor or business is certified. After an election has expired and before starting or continuing work on a contract or subcontract for a public works project, the en-10 terprise, inclusion and diversity contractor or business shall file a public works bond with the 11 12 board in accordance with subsection (1) of this section.

13 (8) A contractor or subcontractor may elect not to file the public works bond required under subsection (1) of this section for any public works project for which the contract price does not 14 15 exceed \$100,000.

16 (9) In cases of emergency, or if the interest or property of the public agency for whose benefit the contract was awarded probably would suffer material injury by delay or other cause, the re-17 18 quirement for filing a public works bond may be excused, if a declaration of the emergency is made in accordance with rules adopted under ORS 279A.065. 19

20(10) The board shall make available on a searchable public website information concerning public works bonds filed with the board, claims made on those bonds, elections made by certified 2122[business] businesses, inclusion and diversity contractors or enterprises not to file those bonds 23and the expiration date of each election. The board may adopt rules necessary to perform the duties required of the board by this section. 24

25(11) The commissioner, with approval of the board, shall adopt rules that establish language for public works bonds. 26

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SECTION 15. ORS 285B.740 is amended to read:

285B.740. It is the intent of the Legislative Assembly that in the administration of ORS 285B.740 28to 285B.758, the Oregon Business Development Department work closely with regional economic 2930 development organizations, community development corporations, small business development cen-31 ters and organizations that promote and assist [minority-owned businesses, woman-owned businesses, businesses that service-disabled veterans own] inclusion and diversity contractors and emerging 32small businesses, as those terms are defined in ORS 200.005, and utilize policies, priorities and 33 34 practices that further entrepreneurial and small business development in rural communities. The department, to the maximum extent feasible and consistent with prudent financial controls, may 35delegate the administration and operation of the loan program created by ORS 285B.740 to 285B.758 36 37 to local and community-based entities. To carry out the policy described in this section:

38 (1) The department may contract with any nonprofit corporation or agency with experience and expertise in business finance to administer all or any part of the loan program created by ORS 39 40 285B.740 to 285B.758.

(2) When entering into an agreement for the administration of the loan program by any nonprofit 41 corporation or agency, the department may agree to waive any claims [it] the department may have 42 against [such] the corporation or agency for losses arising out of the normal course of business, as 43 long as the corporation or agency does not act negligently or fraudulently in providing loans under 44 ORS 285B.740 to 285B.758. 45

1 (3) When entering into an agreement to have a nonprofit corporation or agency administer the 2 loan program created by ORS 285B.740 to 285B.758, the department may pay loan origination and 3 loan servicing fees to the corporation or agency. The amount of such fees may be determined in the 4 agreement between the department and the administering corporation or agency.

5

SECTION 16. ORS 286A.615 is amended to read:

6 286A.615. (1) The Private Activity Bond Committee is established[. *It shall consist*] **and consists** 7 of the State Treasurer or the designee of the State Treasurer, one representative from the Oregon 8 Department of Administrative Services and one public representative appointed to serve at the 9 pleasure of the Governor.

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(2) The State Treasurer, or the State Treasurer's designee, shall serve as chair of the committee.

(3) The purpose of private activity bonding in this state is to maximize the economic benefits of private activity bonding to the citizens of this state. The committee shall adopt by rule standards for amounts allocated to the committee for further allocation for economic development, housing, education, redevelopment, public works, energy, waste management, waste and recycling collection, transportation and other activities that the committee determines will benefit the citizens of this state. In developing standards, the committee shall:

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(a) Survey the expected need for private activity bond allocations at least once each year;

(b) Develop strategies for reserving and allocating the limit that are designed to maximize theavailability of tax exempt financing among competing sectors of the Oregon economy; and

20 (c) Ensure that the standards include but are not limited to standards that:

21 (A) Support projects that increase the number of family wage jobs in this state.

22 (B) Promote economic recovery in small cities heavily dependent on a single industry.

23 (C) Emphasize development in underdeveloped rural areas of this state.

24 (D) Utilize educational resources available at public universities listed in ORS 352.002.

(E) Support development of the state's small businesses, especially [minority-owned businesses,
 woman-owned businesses, businesses that service-disabled veterans own] inclusion and diversity
 contractors and emerging small businesses, as those terms are defined in ORS 200.005.

(F) Encourage use of Oregon's human and natural resources in endeavors that harness Oregon's
 economic comparative advantages.

(4) The state private activity bond volume cap allocated to the Private Activity Bond Committee
 as provided in ORS 286A.620 shall be allocated and reallocated among issuers by the Private Ac tivity Bond Committee as follows:

(a) Any amounts not reserved to an issuer or a class of issuers under the authorization adopted
by the Legislative Assembly under ORS 286A.035 [*shall*] **must** be allocated or reallocated by the
committee under rules adopted under subsection (3) of this section.

(b) Any amounts provided for in the authorization adopted by the Legislative Assembly under
ORS 286A.035 that are unused [*shall*] **must** be carried forward for use as provided by rules adopted
under subsection (3) of this section.

(c) The rules adopted by the committee [*shall*] **must** limit the period of time for which an allocation of private activity bonding authority is effective. The rules [*shall*] **must** ensure that allocations made during a calendar year are used during that calendar year or that the unused amount of the allocation is reallocated or carried forward.

43 (5) Unused allocations are not transferable among issuers but are available for reallocation.

44 **SECTION 17.** ORS 293.796 is amended to read:

45 293.796. (1) The Legislative Assembly finds that:

1 (a) The availability of venture capital for the start-up and subsequent expansion of new busi-2 nesses is critical to the continued growth and development of the economy of Oregon.

3 (b) [*There exists*] An estimated gap of between \$100 million and \$200 million **exists** between 4 available venture capital resources and the need of Oregon businesses for such resources.

5 (c) Investments in start-up and expanding businesses, in [minority-owned businesses, woman-6 owned businesses and businesses that service-disabled veterans own] inclusion and diversity con-7 tractors and in emerging growth businesses can produce substantial positive returns for long-term 8 investors.

9 (d) Pension funds managed by the Oregon Investment Council constitute a major financial re-10 source of the State of Oregon, and that such funds may be prudently invested in start-up and 11 emerging growth businesses in this state under policies established by the Oregon Investment 12 Council.

13 (2) As used in this section:

(a) "Emerging growth business" means an individual or group of individuals or a new or small
company, including but not limited to any new or small partnership, limited liability company, corporation, firm, association or other business entity, that has the capacity, upon obtaining appropriate capital, to generate significant high-skill, high-wage employment.

(b) ["Minority-owned business," "woman-owned business" and "business that a service-disabled
veteran owns" have the meanings given those terms] "Inclusion and diversity contractor" has the
meaning given that term in ORS 200.005.

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SECTION 18. ORS 353.130 is amended to read:

22353.130. The Oregon Health and Science University subscribes to the policy set forth under ORS 23279A.015 regarding public contracting, and shall develop contract policies that support openness, impartiality and competition in the awarding of contracts in accordance with that provision. The 94 25university subscribes to the intent of the social policies of ORS 279.835 to 279.855 and ORS chapters 279A, 279B and 279C and shall develop contract policies that are appropriate to the university and 2627are designed to encourage affirmative action, recycling, inclusion of art in public buildings, the purchase of services and goods from individuals with disabilities, the protection of workers through 28the payment of prevailing wages as determined by the Bureau of Labor and Industries, the provision 2930 of workers' compensation insurance to workers on contracts and the participation of [minority-owned 31 businesses, woman-owned businesses, businesses that service-disabled veterans own] inclusion and diversity contractors and emerging small businesses, as those terms are defined in ORS 200.005. 32

33 SECTION 19. ORS 470.560 is amended to read:

470.560. (1) The State Department of Energy shall adopt rules establishing certification standards for primary contractors participating in the construction of small scale local energy projects financed through the energy efficiency and sustainable technology loan program. The department shall design the standards to ensure that the project work performed by a primary contractor holding the certification and all the primary contractor's subcontractors is of high quality and will result in a high degree of customer satisfaction.

40 (2) The certification standards established by the department must, at a minimum, require that 41 the primary contractor:

(a) Prove that the primary contractor and the primary contractor's subcontractors have suffi-cient skill to successfully install energy efficiency, renewable energy or weatherization projects.

(b) Not be a contractor listed by the Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries under
 ORS 279C.860 as ineligible to receive a contract or subcontract for public works.

1 (c) Be an equal opportunity employer or small business or be a disadvantaged business enter-2 prise, [a minority-owned business, a woman-owned business, a business that a service-disabled veteran 3 owns] an inclusion and diversity contractor or an emerging small business, as those terms are

4 defined in ORS 200.005.

5 (d) Demonstrate a history of compliance with the rules and other requirements of the Con-6 struction Contractors Board and of the Workers' Compensation Division and the Occupational 7 Safety and Health Division of the Department of Consumer and Business Services.

8 (e) Employ at least 80 percent of employees used for energy efficiency and sustainable technol-9 ogy loan program projects from the local work force, if a sufficient supply of skilled workers is 10 available locally.

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(f) Demonstrate a history of compliance with federal and state wage and hour laws.

(g) Pay wages to employees used for energy efficiency and sustainable technology loan program
 projects at a rate equal to at least 180 percent of the state minimum wage.

(3) The State Department of Energy shall consult with the Public Purpose Fund Administrator
 and utilities when developing certification standards for primary contractors.

(4) The Construction Contractors Board may issue a qualifying primary contractor a certifica tion authorizing the primary contractor to participate in the construction of small scale local energy
 projects financed through the energy efficiency and sustainable technology loan program. A primary
 contractor seeking certification shall apply to the board as provided under ORS 701.119.

(5) The State Department of Energy shall identify certified primary contractors that provide employees with health insurance benefits as preferred service providers and may take other actions as practicable to encourage certified primary contractors to provide employees with health insurance benefits.

<u>SECTION 20.</u> The amendments to ORS 184.404, 200.005, 200.025, 200.045, 200.055, 200.065, 200.075, 200.090, 200.110, 200.120, 279A.107, 279A.110, 279C.110, 279C.836, 285B.740, 286A.615, 293.796, 353.130 and 470.560 by sections 1 to 19 of this 2019 Act apply to procurements that a contracting agency advertises or solicits or, if the contracting agency does not advertise or solicit the procurement, to public contracts into which the contracting agency enters on or after the operative date specified in section 21 of this 2019 Act.

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 SECTION 21.
 (1) The amendments to ORS 184.404, 200.005, 200.025, 200.045, 200.055,

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 200.065, 200.075, 200.090, 200.110, 200.120, 279A.107, 279A.110, 279C.110, 279C.836, 285B.740,

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 286A.615, 293.796, 353.130 and 470.560 by sections 1 to 19 of this 2019 Act become operative on

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 January 1, 2020.

34 (2) The Attorney General, the Director of the Business Development Department, the 35Director of the Oregon Department of Administrative Services, the Director of Transportation and a contracting agency that adopts rules under ORS 279A.065 or 279A.070 may adopt 36 37 rules and take any other action that is necessary to enable the Attorney General, the di-38 rectors or the contracting agency to exercise, on and after the operative date specified in subsection (1) of this section, all of the duties, functions and powers conferred on the At-39 torney General, the directors or the contracting agency by the amendments to ORS 184.404, 40 200.005, 200.025, 200.045, 200.055, 200.065, 200.075, 200.090, 200.110, 200.120, 279A.107, 279A.110, 41 42 279C.110, 279C.836, 285B.740, 286A.615, 293.796, 353.130 and 470.560 by sections 1 to 19 of this 2019 Act. 43

44 <u>SECTION 22.</u> This 2019 Act takes effect on the 91st day after the date on which the 2019 45 regular session of the Eightieth Legislative Assembly adjourns sine die.