78th OREGON LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY--2015 Regular Session

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO A-ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL 2300

By JOINT COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS

June 30

On page 1 of the printed A-engrossed bill, delete lines 4 through 26 and delete pages 2 through 1 2 5 and insert: "SECTION 1. As used in sections 1 to 14 of this 2015 Act: 3 4 "(1) 'Attending physician' means the physician who has primary responsibility for the $\mathbf{5}$ care of a patient. 6 "(2) 'Capable' means that, in the opinion of an attending physician, consulting physician 7 or other health care practitioner, a patient has the ability to make and communicate health care decisions to health care practitioners, including the ability to communicate through 8 9 individuals familiar with the patient's manner of communicating. 10 "(3) 'Consulting physician' means a physician who is qualified by specialty or experience 11 to diagnose a patient who has a terminal disease and to make a prognosis for that patient. 12"(4) 'Health care facility' has the meaning given that term in ORS 442.015. 13 (5) 'Health care practitioner' means an individual who is licensed, certified or otherwise 14 authorized by the laws of this state to provide health care services or to dispense drugs. 15"(6) 'Investigational product' means a drug, biological product or device that has successfully completed Phase I and is currently in Phase II or a subsequent phase of an ap-16 17 proved clinical trial, as defined in ORS 743A.192, assessing the safety of the drug, biological 18 product or device. "(7) 'Physician' means a doctor of medicine or osteopathy licensed to practice medicine 19 20 under ORS chapter 677. 21"(8) 'Qualified' means, with respect to a patient, that the patient is: 22"(a) Capable; "(b) A resident of this state; and 23 24 "(c) 18 years of age or older. 25"(9) 'Terminal disease' means an illness or a medical or surgical condition that in a 26physician's reasonable medical judgment will result in the patient's death within six months. 27"SECTION 2. (1) The attending physician of a patient who has a terminal disease may 28refer the patient to a health care practitioner who offers treatment as described in section 3 of this 2015 Act if: 29 "(a) The treatment is being offered only for purposes related to the terminal disease; 30 31 "(b) The patient is qualified; 32"(c) In the attending physician's judgment, the patient is acting voluntarily and is not 33 being coerced; and 34 "(d) The attending physician informs the patient: 35 "(A) That the patient has a terminal disease;

1 "(B) Of the attending physician's prognosis for the patient;

2 "(C) That the investigational product to be used in treating the patient is not approved 3 by the United States Food and Drug Administration and that the investigational product may 4 not be effective in treating the patient;

5 "(D) Of each potential risk associated with receiving the treatment that is known to the 6 attending physician;

"(E) That to receive the treatment, the patient may be required to pay the costs of administering the treatment and the costs of, or the costs associated with, manufacturing the
investigational product as described in section 3 (1)(b) of this 2015 Act;

"(F) That to receive the treatment, the patient must waive liability as described in section 5 (5) of this 2015 Act;

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"(G) That receiving the treatment relieves an insurer of reimbursing costs as described
 in section 12 of this 2015 Act;

"(H) Of feasible alternatives to receiving the treatment, including palliative care, hospice
 care and pain control; and

"(I) That expanded access to treating the patient's terminal disease may be provided pursuant to 21 C.F.R. 312.300 to 312.320 and may be an option for the patient, and, depending on the type of coverage the patient's insurer provides, that a patient might not be required to pay the costs of administering a treatment provided pursuant to 21 C.F.R. 312.300 to 312.320, or the costs of, or the costs associated with, manufacturing an investigational product used to treat a patient pursuant to 21 C.F.R. 312.300 to

"(2) A patient who has a terminal disease may demonstrate the patient's Oregon residency to the patient's attending physician by presenting:

"(a) A driver license, driver permit or identification card issued to the patient by the
 Department of Transportation;

26 "(b) Evidence that the patient is registered to vote in this state;

27 "(c) Evidence that the patient owns or leases property in this state; or

"(d) A copy of the patient's Oregon individual tax return for the immediately preceding
 tax year.

"(3) If in the opinion of an attending physician a patient is suffering from a psychiatric or psychological disorder or depression causing impaired judgment, the attending physician shall refer the patient for counseling. Treatment may not be provided as described in section 3 of this 2015 Act until the person performing the counseling determines that the patient is not suffering from a psychiatric or psychological disorder or depression causing impaired judgment.

36 "<u>SECTION 3.</u> (1) A health care practitioner may offer to treat a patient who has a ter-37 minal disease with an investigational product not approved by the United States Food and 38 Drug Administration only if:

"(a) The health care practitioner is authorized by the laws of this state to provide health
care services or to dispense drugs, and the health care practitioner is acting within the scope
of that authority;

42 "(b) The treatment is provided to the patient for no more than the costs of administering
43 the treatment and the costs of, or the costs associated with, manufacturing the
44 investigational product;

45 "(c) The patient is not compensated for receiving the treatment;

1 "(d) The treatment is being offered only for purposes related to the terminal disease;

2 "(e) The patient is qualified;

"(f) The patient was referred to the health care practitioner by the patient's attending
physician under section 2 of this 2015 Act;

5 "(g) The health care practitioner refers the patient to a consulting physician to confirm 6 the attending physician's diagnosis and prognosis; and

"(h) In the health care practitioner's judgment, the patient is acting voluntarily and is
not being coerced.

9 "(2) A patient who has a terminal disease may demonstrate the patient's Oregon resi 10 dency to the health care practitioner by presenting:

"(a) A driver license, driver permit or identification card issued to the patient by the
 Department of Transportation;

13 "(b) Evidence that the patient is registered to vote in this state;

14 "(c) Evidence that the patient owns or leases property in this state; or

"(d) A copy of the patient's Oregon individual tax return for the immediately preceding
 tax year.

"(3) If in the opinion of the health care practitioner a patient is suffering from a psychiatric or psychological disorder or depression causing impaired judgment, the health care practitioner shall refer the patient for counseling. Treatment may not be provided as described in this section until the person performing the counseling determines that the patient is not suffering from a psychiatric or psychological disorder or depression causing impaired judgment.

"(4) If a patient accepts an offer for treatment under this section, and if the patient has
health insurance, the health care practitioner offering to treat the patient must notify the
insurer that the patient is receiving the treatment.

26 "<u>SECTION 4.</u> (1) Before a patient may receive treatment as described in section 3 of this
 27 2015 Act, a consulting physician must examine the patient and confirm, in writing:

28 "(a) The attending physician's diagnosis that the patient has a terminal disease;

29 "(b) The attending physician's prognosis for the patient;

30 "(c) That the patient is qualified;

"(d) That in the consulting physician's judgment the patient is acting voluntarily and is
 not being coerced; and

33 "(e) That the patient is informed:

"(A) That the investigational product to be used in treating the patient is not approved
by the United States Food and Drug Administration and that the investigational product may
not be effective in treating the patient;

"(B) Of each potential risk associated with receiving the treatment known to the con sulting physician;

39 "(C) That to receive the treatment, the patient may be required to pay the costs of ad-40 ministering the treatment and the costs of, or the costs associated with, manufacturing the 41 investigational product as described in section 3 (1)(b) of this 2015 Act;

42 "(D) That to receive the treatment, the patient must waive liability as described in sec43 tion 5 (5) of this 2015 Act;

44 "(E) That receiving the treatment relieves an insurer of reimbursing costs as described
 45 in section 12 of this 2015 Act;

1 "(F) Of feasible alternatives to receiving the treatment, including palliative care, hospice 2 care and pain control; and

"(G) That expanded access to treating the patient's terminal disease may be provided pursuant to 21 C.F.R. 312.300 to 312.320 and may be an option for the patient, and, depending on the type of coverage the patient's insurer provides, that a patient might not be required to pay the costs of administering a treatment provided pursuant to 21 C.F.R. 312.300 to 312.320, or the costs of, or the costs associated with, manufacturing an investigational product used to treat a patient pursuant to 21 C.F.R. 312.300.

9 "(2) A patient who has a terminal disease may demonstrate the patient's Oregon resi 10 dency to the consulting physician by presenting:

"(a) A driver license, driver permit or identification card issued to the patient by the
 Department of Transportation;

13 "(b) Evidence that the patient is registered to vote in this state;

14 "(c) Evidence that the patient owns or leases property in this state; or

"(d) A copy of the patient's Oregon individual tax return for the immediately preceding
 tax year.

"(3) If in the opinion of the consulting physician a patient is suffering from a psychiatric or psychological disorder or depression causing impaired judgment, the consulting physician shall refer the patient for counseling. Treatment may not be provided as described in section 3 of this 2015 Act until the person performing the counseling determines that the patient is not suffering from a psychiatric or psychological disorder or depression causing impaired judgment.

23 "<u>SECTION 5.</u> Upon receiving an offer for treatment as described in section 3 of this 2015 24 Act, a patient who has a terminal disease and who is qualified may elect to receive that 25 treatment by signing and dating a form attesting to the election in the presence of two wit-26 nesses. A form attesting to an election must include:

27 "(1) The attending physician's diagnosis for the patient;

28 "(2) The attending physician's prognosis for the patient;

"(3) A statement that the investigational product to be used in treating the patient is
 not approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration;

31 "(4) A description of each potential risk that is associated with receiving the treatment; 32 "(5) A waiver of liability for any act or omission of an act related to administering the 33 treatment or manufacturing or distributing the investigational product that does not con-34 stitute gross negligence for:

35 "(a) Any health care practitioner who participates in administering the treatment, to 36 whom a health care practitioner who participates in administering the treatment refers the 37 patient or with whom a health care practitioner who participates in administering the 38 treatment consults;

"(b) Any health care facility or professional organization or association involved in the
 administration of the treatment; or

41 "(c) Any person that participates in manufacturing or distributing the investigational
 42 product used to treat the patient;

43 "(6) A provision authorizing any information obtained during the treatment to be used:

"(a) By the inventor, manufacturer or supplier of any investigational product used in

45 treating the patient for research, analytical or marketing purposes; and

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1 "(b) By any health care practitioner who participates in administering the treatment for 2 research or analytical purposes; and

"(7) A statement signed and dated by both witnesses attesting that the patient, to the
best of the witnesses' knowledge, is capable and acting voluntarily.

5 "<u>SECTION 6.</u> (1) Of the witnesses described in section 5 of this 2015 Act, one must be an 6 individual who is not:

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"(a) A relative of the patient by blood, marriage or adoption;

8 "(b) An individual who, at the time the form is signed, would be entitled to any portion 9 of the estate of the patient upon the patient's death under any will or by operation of law; 10 or

"(c) An owner, operator or employee of a health care facility where the patient resides
 or receives health care services.

"(2) Neither witness described in section 5 of this 2015 Act may be the attending physi cian of the patient.

"<u>SECTION 7.</u> A waiver of liability required by section 5 (5) of this 2015 Act must be
 written in plain and simple language.

17 "<u>SECTION 8.</u> (1) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, a health care prac-18 titioner who participates in administering a treatment as described in section 3 of this 2015 19 Act, or a health care facility or professional organization or association involved in the ad-20 ministration of the treatment, is not subject to civil or criminal liability for acts or omis-21 sions of acts related to administering the treatment if the administration of the treatment 22 complies with sections 1 to 14 of this 2015 Act.

23 "(2) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, a manufacturer or distributor 24 of an investigational product used to treat a patient pursuant to section 3 of this 2015 Act 25 is not subject to civil or criminal liability for acts or omissions of acts related to the ad-26 ministration of the investigational product.

"(3) This section does not apply to acts or omissions of acts that constitute gross
 negligence.

29 "<u>SECTION 9.</u> (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section and sections 10 and 30 11 of this 2015 Act, a licensing board, health care facility, health care practitioner or pro-31 fessional organization or association may not subject a health care practitioner to discipline, 32 including suspension, loss of license, loss of privileges, loss of membership or any other 33 penalty, for participating in administering a treatment as described in section 3 of this 2015 34 Act if the administration of the treatment complies with sections 1 to 14 of this 2015 Act.

35 "(2) This section does not apply to acts or omissions of acts that constitute gross 36 negligence.

37 "<u>SECTION 10.</u> A health care facility or health care practitioner may prohibit another 38 health care practitioner from participating in administering a treatment as described in 39 section 3 of this 2015 Act at the health care facility or on premises owned or controlled by 40 the prohibiting health care practitioner.

41 "<u>SECTION 11.</u> If a health care practitioner violates a prohibition authorized by section
42 10 of this 2015 Act:

43 "(1) A licensing board, health care facility, health care practitioner or professional or 44 ganization or association may impose upon the violating health care practitioner any form
 45 of discipline referred to in section 9 of this 2015 Act that the licensing board, health care

1 facility, health care practitioner or professional organization or association otherwise may

2 legally impose; and

3 "(2) The health care facility or prohibiting health care practitioner may:

4 "(a) Terminate any lease or other property contract entered into with the violating 5 health care practitioner and subject the violating health care practitioner to any other non-6 monetary remedies provided by such a contract; or

"(b) Terminate any contract for the provision of services entered into with the violating
health care practitioner and subject the violating health care practitioner to any other nonmonetary remedies provided by such a contract.

"<u>SECTION 12.</u> Sections 1 to 14 of this 2015 Act do not require an insurer to reimburse
 any cost:

"(1) Associated with undergoing a treatment as described in section 3 of this 2015 Act;
 or

"(2) Demonstrated to be associated with an adverse effect that is a result of undergoing
 a treatment as described in section 3 of this 2015 Act.

16 "<u>SECTION 13.</u> Eligibility for hospice care must be determined on the basis of a patient's 17 overall prognosis and care or treatment goals as determined by the patient's attending phy-18 sician and may not be determined on the basis of whether a patient is undergoing or has 19 undergone a treatment as described in section 3 of this 2015 Act.

20 "<u>SECTION 14.</u> (1) The Oregon Health Authority shall annually review a sample of records
 21 maintained pursuant to sections 1 to 14 of this 2015 Act.

"(2) An attending physician who makes a referral under section 2 of this 2015 Act, a health care practitioner who administers treatment as described in section 3 of this 2015 Act and a consulting physician who provides written confirmation as described in section 4 of this 2015 Act must file with the authority a record, in a form and manner prescribed by the authority, of the findings of the attending physician, health care practitioner or consulting physician.

28 "(3) At a minimum, the authority shall require that a record filed by a health care 29 practitioner who administers treatment as described in section 3 of this 2015 Act must in-30 clude:

31 "(a) The adverse effects of the treatment, if any;

32 "(b) The positive outcomes of the treatment, if any;

33 "(c) The cost of the treatment to the patient; and

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"(d) The demographics of the patients to whom the treatment is administered.

"(4) The authority shall adopt rules to facilitate the collection of information required to comply with sections 1 to 14 of this 2015 Act, including rules related to the submission of information required by this section. Except as otherwise provided by law, information collected by the authority under this section is not a public record and is not available for inspection by the public.

"(5) The authority shall generate and make available to the public an annual statistical
report of information collected by the authority pursuant to this section and of patients who
receive treatment provided pursuant to 21 C.F.R. 312.300 to 312.320.

43 "(6) The authority shall make the annual report generated under subsection (5) of this
44 section available to the Legislative Assembly, in the manner required by ORS 192.245, on or
45 before February 1 of each odd-numbered year.

- "<u>SECTION 15.</u> This 2015 Act is repealed on January 2, 2022.".
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