1	STATE OF OKLAHOMA
2	1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2019)
3	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ENGROSSED
4	SENATE BILL NO. 848 By: Rader of the Senate
5	and
6	Echols of the House
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9	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
10	An Act relating to opioid drugs; amending 59 O.S. 2011, Section 145.1, as amended by Section 4, Chapter
11	185, O.S.L. 2013 (59 O.S. Supp. 2018, Section 145.1), which relates to continuing education requirements
12	for podiatrists; requiring certain continuing education; amending 59 O.S. 2011, Section 328.41, as
13	last amended by Section 11, Chapter 151, O.S.L. 2018 (59 O.S. Supp. 2018, Section 328.41), which relates
14	to continuing education requirements for dentists; requiring certain continuing education; amending
15	Section 3, Chapter 234, O.S.L. 2017 (59 O.S. Supp. 2018, Section 353.20.2), which relates to pharmacist
16	discretion; requiring pharmacist to fill certain prescriptions to specified dose; amending 59 O.S.
17	2011, Section 503, as amended by Section 1, Chapter 176, O.S.L. 2014 (59 O.S. Supp. 2018, Section 503),
18	which relates to sanctions for unprofessional conduct by allopathic physicians; specifying that testifying
19	experts must have certain credentials; amending 59 O.S. 2011, Section 509, as amended by Section 2,
20	Chapter 175, O.S.L. 2018 (59 O.S. Supp. 2018, Section 509), which relates to definition of unprofessional
21	conduct; deleting provision related to prescribing; amending 59 O.S. 2011, Section 519.8, which relates
22	to license renewal for physician assistants; requiring certain continuing medical education;
23	amending 59 O.S. 2011, Section 604, which relates to attendance on educational or postgraduate program for
24	optometrists; requiring certain education; updating

1 statutory language; amending 59 O.S. 2011, Section 641, which relates to educational programs for 2 osteopathic physicians; requiring licensees to receive certain education; amending 59 O.S. 2011, 3 Section 698.7, which relates to powers and duties of State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners; 4 requiring certain continuing education; amending 63 O.S. 2011, Section 2-101, as last amended by Section 5 3, Chapter 175, O.S.L. 2018 (63 O.S. Supp. 2018, Section 2-101), which relates to definitions used in the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act; 6 modifying certain definitions; amending 63 O.S. 2011, 7 Section 2-309D, as last amended by Section 4, Chapter 175, O.S.L. 2018 (63 O.S. Supp. 2018, Section 2-309D), which relates to central repository; modifying 8 certain grounds for disciplinary action; amending 9 Section 5, Chapter 175, O.S.L. 2018 (63 O.S. Supp. 2018, Section 2-309I), which relates to prescription 10 limits and rules for opioid drugs; deleting and clarifying certain provisions related to prescribing; 11 providing for subsequent acute pain prescription under certain conditions; modifying certain 12 assessment criteria; requiring Insurance Department to make certain evaluation and submit report by date 13 certain; requiring the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control to submit 14 report to the Legislature; providing for report requirements; updating statutory references; 15 repealing Section 6, Chapter 175, O.S.L. 2018, which relates to Insurance Department's prescription limits 16 evaluations; providing for codification; and declaring an emergency. 17 18 19 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA: 20 SECTION 1. 59 O.S. 2011, Section 145.1, as AMENDATORY 21 amended by Section 4, Chapter 185, O.S.L. 2013 (59 O.S. Supp. 2018, 22 Section 145.1), is amended to read as follows: 23 Section 145.1 A. Sixty (60) hours of continuing education 24 shall be required for renewal of an individual license to practice

1 podiatric medicine in this state. This must be obtained in the twoyear period immediately preceding the two-year period for which the 2 3 license is to be issued. Such continuing education shall include 4 not less than two (2) hours of education in pain management or two 5 (2) hours of education in opioid use or addiction, unless the licensee has demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Board of 6 7 Podiatric Medical Examiners that the licensee does not currently hold a valid federal Drug Enforcement Administration registration 8 9 number. The continuing education required by this section shall be 10 any of the following: 11 1. Education presented by an organization approved by the 12 Council on Continuing Education of the American Podiatric Medical 13 Association; 14 2. A national, state or county podiatric medical association 15 meeting approved by the Board of Podiatric Medical Examiners; 16 3. Hospital-sponsored scientific programs approved by the 17 Board; or 18 4. Six (6) hours of continuing education credit may be obtained 19 by attending meetings and hearings of the Board. 20 At least thirty (30) hours of the required sixty (60) hours must be obtained in this state. 21 22 B. Any practitioner not so satisfying the Board of the 23 fulfillment of the continuing education requirements required by 24

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subsection A of this section shall cease to be entitled to have such
 license renewed.

C. Any practitioner fully retired from the practice of 3 4 podiatric medicine shall be exempt from compliance with the 5 requirements imposed by subsection A of this section. However, upon resuming the practice of podiatric medicine, the individual shall 6 7 fulfill such requirements which have accrued from the effective date 8 of this act October 1, 1979, to the time of resumption of practice. 9 SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 59 O.S. 2011, Section 328.41, as 10 last amended by Section 11, Chapter 151, O.S.L. 2018 (59 O.S. Supp. 11 2018, Section 328.41), is amended to read as follows:

Section 328.41 A. 1. On or before the last day of December of 12 13 each year, every dentist, dental hygienist, dental assistant, oral 14 maxillofacial surgery assistant and other licensee or permit holders 15 previously licensed or permitted by the Board to practice in this 16 state, with the exception of those listed in paragraph 2 of this 17 subsection, shall submit a completed renewal application with 18 information as may be required by the Board, together with an annual 19 renewal fee established by the rules of the Board. Upon receipt of 20 the annual renewal fee, the Board shall issue a renewal certificate 21 authorizing the dentist, dental hygienist, dental assistant, or oral 22 maxillofacial surgery assistant to continue the practice of 23 dentistry or dental hygiene, respectively, in this state for a

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period of one (1) year. Every license or permit issued by the Board
 shall begin on January 1 and expire on December 31 of each year.

3 2. Beginning July 1, 2017, resident and fellowship permits
4 shall be valid from July 1 through June 30 of each year and dental
5 student intern permits shall be valid from August 1 through July 31
6 of each year.

B. Continuing education requirements shall be due at the end of
8 each three-year period ending in 2019 as follows:

9 1. Dentists shall complete sixty (60) hours. Such continuing
10 education shall include not less than three (3) hours of education
11 in pain management or three (3) hours of education in opioid use or
12 addiction, unless the licensee has demonstrated to the satisfaction
13 of the Board of Dentistry that the licensee does not currently hold
14 a valid federal Drug Enforcement Administration registration number;
15 2. Hygienists shall complete thirty (30) hours;

16 3. Oral maxillofacial surgery assistants shall complete twelve 17 (12) hours; and

18 4. Beginning in 2020, continuing education requirements shall19 be due at the end of each two-year period as follows:

a. dentists shall complete forty (40) hours,
b. hygienists shall complete twenty (20) hours,
c. OMS assistants shall complete eight (8) hours, and
d. dental assistants shall have two (2) hours of
infection control.

1 C. Upon failure of a dentist, dental hygienist, dental 2 assistant, or oral maxillofacial surgery assistant to pay the annual 3 renewal fee within two (2) months after January 1, the Board shall 4 notify the dentist, dental hygienist, dental assistant, or oral 5 maxillofacial surgery assistant in writing by certified mail to the last-known mailing address of the dentist, dental hygienist, dental 6 7 assistant, or oral maxillofacial surgery assistant as reflected in 8 the records of the Board.

9 D. Any dentist, dental hygienist, dental assistant, or oral 10 maxillofacial surgery assistant whose license or permit is 11 automatically canceled by reason of failure, neglect or refusal to 12 secure the renewal certificate may be reinstated by the Board at any 13 time within one (1) year from the date of the expiration of the 14 license, upon payment of the annual renewal fee and a penalty fee 15 established by the rules of the Board. If the dentist, dental 16 hygienist, dental assistant, or oral maxillofacial surgery assistant 17 does not apply for renewal of the license or permit and pay the 18 required fees within one (1) year after the license has expired, 19 then the dentist, dental hygienist, dental assistant, or oral 20 maxillofacial surgery assistant shall be required to file an 21 application for and take the examination or other requirements 22 provided for in the State Dental Act or the rules promulgated by the 23 Board before again commencing practice.

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E. The Board, by rule, shall provide for the remittance of fees otherwise required by the State Dental Act while a dentist or dental hygienist is on active duty with any of the Armed Forces of the United States.

F. In case of a lost or destroyed license or renewal certificate and upon satisfactory proof of the loss or destruction thereof, the Board may issue a duplicate, charging therefor a fee established by the rules of the Board.

9 G. A dentist, dental hygienist, oral maxillofacial surgery 10 assistant or dental assistant that is in good standing and not under 11 investigation that notifies the Board in writing of a voluntary 12 nonrenewal of license or requests retirement status shall have a 13 right to renew or reinstate his or her license within five (5) years 14 from the date of notice. The Board may require any training or 15 continuing education requirements to be met prior to reinstatement.

16 H. A dentist, dental hygienist, oral maxillofacial dental 17 assistant or dental assistant that has not had an active license or 18 permit in excess of five (5) years shall be required to apply as a 19 new applicant.

I. Any application for a license or permit that has remained
inactive for more than one (1) year shall be closed.

SECTION 3. AMENDATORY Section 3, Chapter 234, O.S.L.
23 2017 (59 O.S. Supp. 2018, Section 353.20.2), is amended to read as
24 follows:

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Section 353.20.2 A. Unless the prescriber has specified on the prescription that dispensing a prescription for a maintenance medication in an initial amount followed by periodic refills is medically necessary, a pharmacist may exercise his or her professional judgment to dispense varying quantities of medication per fill-up to the total number of dosage units as authorized by the prescriber on the original prescription including any refills.

B. Subsection A of this section shall not apply to scheduled
medications or any medications for which a report is required under
the controlled substance database. Dispensing of medication based
on refills authorized by the physician on the prescription shall be
limited to no more than a ninety-day supply of the medication.

13 <u>C. Upon receipt of a valid Schedule II opioid prescription</u> 14 <u>issued pursuant to the provisions of Section 2-309I of Title 63 of</u> 15 <u>the Oklahoma Statutes, a pharmacist shall fill the prescription to</u> 16 <u>the specified dose, and shall not be permitted to fill a different</u> 17 <u>dosage than what is prescribed.</u>

SECTION 4. AMENDATORY 59 O.S. 2011, Section 503, as amended by Section 1, Chapter 176, O.S.L. 2014 (59 O.S. Supp. 2018, Section 503), is amended to read as follows:

Section 503. The State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision may suspend, revoke or order any other appropriate sanctions against the license of any physician or surgeon holding a license to practice in this state for unprofessional conduct, but no

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1 such suspension, revocation or other penalty shall be made until the 2 licensee is cited to appear for hearing. No such citation shall be issued except upon sworn complaint filed with the secretary of the 3 4 Board charging the licensee with having been guilty of 5 unprofessional conduct and setting forth the particular act or acts alleged to constitute unprofessional conduct. In the event it comes 6 7 to the attention of the Board that a violation of the rules of professional conduct may have occurred, even though a formal 8 9 complaint or charge may not have been filed, the Board staff may 10 conduct an investigation of the possible violation, and may upon its 11 own motion institute a formal complaint. In the course of the 12 investigation persons appearing before the Board may be required to 13 testify under oath. Any expert testifying against a licensee shall 14 be a Board-certified physician in an ongoing clinical practice in 15 the specialty of the licensee who is the subject of the complaint. 16 Upon the filing of a complaint, either by an individual or the Board 17 staff as provided herein, the citation must forthwith be issued by 18 the secretary of the Board over the signature of the secretary and 19 seal of the Board, setting forth the complaint of unprofessional 20 conduct, and giving due notice of the time and place of the hearing 21 by the Board. The citation shall be made returnable at the next 22 regular meeting of the Board occurring at least thirty (30) days 23 after the service of the citation. The defendant shall file a 24 written answer under oath with the secretary of the Board within

1 twenty (20) days after the service of the citation. The secretary 2 of the Board may extend the time of answer upon satisfactory showing 3 that the defendant is for reasonable cause unable to answer within 4 the twenty (20) days, but in no case shall the time be extended 5 beyond the date of the next regular meeting of the Board, unless a 6 continuance is granted by the Board.

SECTION 5. AMENDATORY 59 O.S. 2011, Section 509, as
amended by Section 2, Chapter 175, O.S.L. 2018 (59 O.S. Supp. 2018,
Section 509), is amended to read as follows:

Section 509. The words "unprofessional conduct" as used in Sections 481 through 518.1 of this title are hereby declared to include, but shall not be limited to, the following:

13 1. Procuring, aiding or abetting a criminal operation;

The obtaining of any fee or offering to accept any fee,
 present or other form of remuneration whatsoever, on the assurance
 or promise that a manifestly incurable disease can or will be cured;
 Willfully betraying a professional secret to the detriment

18 of the patient;

Habitual intemperance or the habitual use of habit-forming
 drugs;

21 5. Conviction of a felony or of any offense involving moral 22 turpitude;

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6. All advertising of medical business in which statements are
 made which are grossly untrue or improbable and calculated to
 mislead the public;

4 7. Conviction or confession of a crime involving violation of:
5 a. the antinarcotic or prohibition laws and regulations
6 of the federal government,

7 b. the laws of this state, or

c. State Board of Health rules;

9 8. Dishonorable or immoral conduct which is likely to deceive,10 defraud, or harm the public;

9. The commission of any act which is a violation of the criminal laws of any state when such act is connected with the physician's practice of medicine. A complaint, indictment or confession of a criminal violation shall not be necessary for the enforcement of this provision. Proof of the commission of the act while in the practice of medicine or under the guise of the practice of medicine shall be unprofessional conduct;

18 10. Failure to keep complete and accurate records of purchase 19 and disposal of controlled drugs or of narcotic drugs;

20 11. The writing of false or fictitious prescriptions for any 21 drugs or narcotics declared by the laws of this state to be 22 controlled or narcotic drugs;

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1 12. Prescribing or administering a drug or treatment without
 2 sufficient examination and the establishment of a valid physician 3 patient relationship;

The violation, or attempted violation, direct or indirect,
of any of the provisions of the Oklahoma Allopathic Medical and
Surgical Licensure and Supervision Act, either as a principal,
accessory or accomplice;

8 14. Aiding or abetting, directly or indirectly, the practice of 9 medicine by any person not duly authorized under the laws of this 10 state;

11 15. The inability to practice medicine with reasonable skill 12 and safety to patients by reason of age, illness, drunkenness, 13 excessive use of drugs, narcotics, chemicals, or any other type of 14 material or as a result of any mental or physical condition. In 15 enforcing this subsection the State Board of Medical Licensure and 16 Supervision may, upon probable cause, request a physician to submit 17 to a mental or physical examination by physicians designated by it. 18 If the physician refuses to submit to the examination, the Board 19 shall issue an order requiring the physician to show cause why the 20 physician will not submit to the examination and shall schedule a 21 hearing on the order within thirty (30) days after notice is served 22 on the physician. The physician shall be notified by either 23 personal service or by certified mail with return receipt requested. 24 At the hearing, the physician and the physician's attorney are

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entitled to present any testimony and other evidence to show why the physician should not be required to submit to the examination. After a complete hearing, the Board shall issue an order either requiring the physician to submit to the examination or withdrawing the request for examination. The medical license of a physician ordered to submit for examination may be suspended until the results of the examination are received and reviewed by the Board;

- 8 16. a. Prescribing, dispensing or administering of controlled
 9 substances or narcotic drugs in excess of the amount
 10 considered good medical practice, or
- b. prescribing, dispensing or administering controlled substances or narcotic drugs without medical need in accordance with pertinent licensing board standards, or

15 c. prescribing, dispensing or administering opioid drugs
 16 in excess of the maximum dosage authorized under

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Section 5 of this act;

18 17. Engaging in physical conduct with a patient which is sexual 19 in nature, or in any verbal behavior which is seductive or sexually 20 demeaning to a patient;

21 18. Failure to maintain an office record for each patient which 22 accurately reflects the evaluation, treatment, and medical necessity 23 of treatment of the patient;

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19. Failure to provide necessary ongoing medical treatment when
 a doctor-patient relationship has been established, which
 relationship can be severed by either party providing a reasonable
 period of time is granted; or

5 20. Failure to provide a proper and safe medical facility 6 setting and qualified assistive personnel for a recognized medical 7 act, including but not limited to an initial in-person patient 8 examination, office surgery, diagnostic service or any other medical 9 procedure or treatment. Adequate medical records to support 10 diagnosis, procedure, treatment or prescribed medications must be 11 produced and maintained.

12 SECTION 6. AMENDATORY 59 O.S. 2011, Section 519.8, is 13 amended to read as follows:

14 Section 519.8 A. Licenses issued to physician assistants shall 15 be renewed annually on a date determined by the State Board of 16 Medical Licensure and Supervision. Each application for renewal 17 shall document that the physician assistant has earned at least 18 twenty (20) hours of continuing medical education during the 19 preceding calendar year. Such continuing medical education shall 20 include not less than one (1) hour of education in pain management 21 or one (1) hour of education in opioid use or addiction, unless the 22 licensee has demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Board that the 23 licensee does not currently hold a valid federal Drug Enforcement 24 Administration registration number.

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1 The Board shall promulgate, in the manner established by its в. 2 rules, fees for the following: Initial licensure; 3 1. 4 2. License renewal; 5 3. Late license renewal; Application to practice; and 6 4. 7 Disciplinary hearing. 5. SECTION 7. AMENDATORY 59 O.S. 2011, Section 604, is 8 9 amended to read as follows: 10 Section 604. Every person holding a license to practice 11 optometry in this state shall be required to present to the Board of 12 Examiners in Optometry, not later than the thirtieth day of June of 13 each year, satisfactory evidence that during the preceding twelve 14 (12) months said the person attended not less than two (2) days of a 15 total of at least twelve (12) hours of educational or postgraduate 16 programs approved by said the Board, or that said the person was 17 prevented, because of sickness or any other reason acceptable to the 18 Board, from attending said the educational or postgraduate program. 19 Such education shall include not less than one (1) hour of education 20 in pain management or one (1) hour of education in opioid use or 21 addiction, unless the person has demonstrated to the satisfaction of 22 the Board that the person does not currently hold a valid federal 23 Drug Enforcement Administration registration number. 24

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The filing of proof of attendance at educational programs or clinics shall be a condition precedent to the issuance of a renewal license. The Board may reinstate the license of said <u>the</u> licensee to practice optometry upon presentation of satisfactory proof of postgraduate study of a standard approved by said <u>the</u> examiners and payment of all fees due including a late reinstatement fee not to exceed three times the annual renewal fee.

8 SECTION 8. AMENDATORY 59 O.S. 2011, Section 641, is 9 amended to read as follows:

Section 641. A. All persons legally licensed to practice osteopathic medicine in this state, on or before the first day of July of each year, shall apply to the secretary-treasurer of the Board, on forms furnished thereby, for a renewal certificate of registration entitling such licensee to practice osteopathic medicine and surgery in Oklahoma during the next ensuing fiscal year.

B. Each application shall be accompanied by a renewal fee in an
amount sufficient to cover the cost and expense incurred by the
State Board of Osteopathic Examiners, for a renewal of the person's
certificate to practice osteopathic medicine.

C. <u>1.</u> In addition to the payment of the annual renewal fee each licensee applying for a renewal of the certificate shall furnish to the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners proof that the person has attended at least two (2) days of the annual educational program conducted by the Oklahoma Osteopathic Association, or its equivalent, as determined by the Board, in the fiscal year preceding the application for a renewal; provided, the Board may excuse the failure of the licensee to attend the educational program in the case of illness or other unavoidable casualty rendering it impossible for the licensee to have attended the educational program or its equivalent.

2. The Board shall require that the licensee receive not less 8 9 than one (1) hour of education in pain management or one (1) hour of 10 education in opioid use or addiction each year preceding an 11 application for renewal of a license, unless the licensee has 12 demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Board that the licensee does 13 not currently hold a valid federal Drug Enforcement Administration 14 registration number. Such education may be held at the annual 15 educational program referenced in paragraph 1 of this subsection. 16 The secretary of the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners D. 17 shall send a written notice to every person holding a legal 18 certificate to practice osteopathic medicine in this state, at least 19 thirty (30) days prior to the first day of July each year, directed 20 to the last-known address of the licensee, notifying the licensee 21 that it will be necessary for the licensee to pay the renewal

22 license fee as herein provided, and proper forms shall accompany the 23 notice upon which the licensee shall make application for renewal of 24 the certificate. 1SECTION 9.AMENDATORY59 O.S. 2011, Section 698.7, is2amended to read as follows:

3 Section 698.7 The State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners 4 shall have the powers and it shall also be its duty to regulate the 5 practice of veterinary medicine. In addition to any other powers placed on it by the Oklahoma Veterinary Practice Act or as otherwise 6 7 provided by law, the Board shall have the power and duty to: 1. set standards for licensure or certification by 8 a. 9 examination and develop such examinations as will 10 provide assurance of competency to practice, and 11 b. employ or enter into agreements with organizations or 12 agencies to provide examinations acceptable to the 13 Board or employ or enter into agreements with 14 organizations or agencies to provide administration, 15 preparation or scoring of examinations; 16 2. Set fees: 17

3. Prescribe the time, place, method, manner, scope and
subjects of examination for licensure;

19 4. Prepare or select, conduct or direct the conduct of, set 20 minimum requirements for, and assure security of licensing and other 21 required examinations;

22 5. a. issue or deny licenses and certificates and renewals
 23 thereof,

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1 b. acquire information about and evaluate the 2 professional education and training of applicants for 3 licensure or certification; and accept or deny 4 applications for licensure, certification or renewal of either licensure or certification based on the 5 evaluation of information relating to applicant 6 7 fitness, performance or competency to practice, determine which professional schools, colleges, 8 с. 9 universities, training institutions and educational 10 programs are acceptable in connection with licensure 11 pursuant to the Oklahoma Veterinary Practice Act, and 12 accept the approval of such facilities and programs by 13 American-Veterinary-Medical-Association-accredited 14 institutions in the United States and Canada, 15 d. require supporting documentation or other acceptable 16 verifying evidence for any information provided the 17 Board by an applicant for licensure or certification, 18 and

e. require information on an applicant's fitness,
qualification and previous professional record and
performance from recognized data sources including,
but not limited to, other licensing and disciplinary
authorities of other jurisdictions, professional
education and training institutions, liability

1			insurers, animal health care institutions and law
2			enforcement agencies;
3	б.	Deve	lop and use applications and other necessary forms and
4	related	proce	edures for purposes of the Oklahoma Veterinary Practice
5	Act;		
6	7.	a.	review and investigate complaints and adverse
7			information about licensees and certificate holders,
8		b.	conduct hearings in accordance with the Oklahoma
9			Veterinary Practice Act and the Administrative
10			Procedures Act, and
11		c.	adjudicate matters that come before the Board for
12			judgment pursuant to the Oklahoma Veterinary Practice
13			Act upon clear and convincing evidence and issue final
14			decisions on such matters to discipline licensees and
15			certificate holders;
16	8.	a.	impose sanctions, deny licenses and certificates and
17			renewals thereof, levy reimbursement costs, seek
18			appropriate administrative, civil or criminal
19			penalties or any combination of these against those
20			who violate examination security, who attempt to or
21			who do obtain licensure or certification by fraud, who
22			knowingly assist in illegal activities, or who aid and
23			abet the illegal practice of veterinary medicine,
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2information about licensees and certificate holders,3c. discipline licensees and certificate holders,4d. institute proceedings in courts of competent5jurisdiction to enforce Board orders and provisions of6the Oklahoma Veterinary Practice Act,7e. (1) establish mechanisms for dealing with licensees8and certificate holders who abuse or are9dependent on or addicted to alcohol or other10chemical substances, and enter into agreements,11at its discretion, with professional12organizations whose relevant procedures and13techniques it has evaluated and approved for14their cooperation or participation in the15rehabilitation of the licensee or certificate16holder,17(2) establish by rules cooperation with other18professional organizations for the identification19and monitoring of licensees and certificate20holders in treatment who are chemically dependent	1	b.	review and investigate complaints and adverse
4d.institute proceedings in courts of competent5jurisdiction to enforce Board orders and provisions of6the Oklahoma Veterinary Practice Act,7e.(1) establish mechanisms for dealing with licensees8and certificate holders who abuse or are9dependent on or addicted to alcohol or other10chemical substances, and enter into agreements,11at its discretion, with professional12organizations whose relevant procedures and13techniques it has evaluated and approved for14their cooperation or participation in the15rehabilitation of the licensee or certificate16holder,17(2) establish by rules cooperation with other18professional organizations for the identification19and monitoring of licensees and certificate20holders in treatment who are chemically dependent	2		information about licensees and certificate holders,
5 jurisdiction to enforce Board orders and provisions of 6 the Oklahoma Veterinary Practice Act, 7 e. (1) establish mechanisms for dealing with licensees 8 and certificate holders who abuse or are 9 dependent on or addicted to alcohol or other 10 chemical substances, and enter into agreements, 11 at its discretion, with professional 12 organizations whose relevant procedures and 13 techniques it has evaluated and approved for 14 their cooperation or participation in the 15 rehabilitation of the licensee or certificate 16 holder, 17 (2) establish by rules cooperation with other 18 professional organizations for the identification 19 and monitoring of licensees and certificate 10 holders in treatment who are chemically dependent	3	с.	discipline licensees and certificate holders,
6the Oklahoma Veterinary Practice Act,7e. (1) establish mechanisms for dealing with licensees8and certificate holders who abuse or are9dependent on or addicted to alcohol or other10chemical substances, and enter into agreements,11at its discretion, with professional12organizations whose relevant procedures and13techniques it has evaluated and approved for14their cooperation or participation in the15rehabilitation of the licensee or certificate16holder,17(2) establish by rules cooperation with other18professional organizations for the identification19and monitoring of licensees and certificate20holders in treatment who are chemically dependent	4	d.	institute proceedings in courts of competent
 e. (1) establish mechanisms for dealing with licensees and certificate holders who abuse or are dependent on or addicted to alcohol or other chemical substances, and enter into agreements, at its discretion, with professional organizations whose relevant procedures and techniques it has evaluated and approved for their cooperation or participation in the rehabilitation of the licensee or certificate holder, (2) establish by rules cooperation with other professional organizations for the identification and monitoring of licensees and certificate holders in treatment who are chemically dependent 	5		jurisdiction to enforce Board orders and provisions of
8and certificate holders who abuse or are9dependent on or addicted to alcohol or other10chemical substances, and enter into agreements,11at its discretion, with professional12organizations whose relevant procedures and13techniques it has evaluated and approved for14their cooperation or participation in the15rehabilitation of the licensee or certificate16holder,17(2)18professional organizations for the identification19and monitoring of licensees and certificate20holders in treatment who are chemically dependent	6		the Oklahoma Veterinary Practice Act,
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11at its discretion, with professional12organizations whose relevant procedures and13techniques it has evaluated and approved for14their cooperation or participation in the15rehabilitation of the licensee or certificate16holder,17(2)18professional organizations for the identification19and monitoring of licensees and certificate20holders in treatment who are chemically dependent	9		dependent on or addicted to alcohol or other
12organizations whose relevant procedures and13techniques it has evaluated and approved for14their cooperation or participation in the15rehabilitation of the licensee or certificate16holder,17(2)18professional organizations for the identification19and monitoring of licensees and certificate20holders in treatment who are chemically dependent	10		chemical substances, and enter into agreements,
13techniques it has evaluated and approved for14their cooperation or participation in the15rehabilitation of the licensee or certificate16holder,17(2)18professional organizations for the identification19and monitoring of licensees and certificate20holders in treatment who are chemically dependent	11		at its discretion, with professional
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15 rehabilitation of the licensee or certificate holder, 17 (2) establish by rules cooperation with other professional organizations for the identification and monitoring of licensees and certificate holders in treatment who are chemically dependent	13		techniques it has evaluated and approved for
16 holder, 17 (2) establish by rules cooperation with other 18 professional organizations for the identification 19 and monitoring of licensees and certificate 20 holders in treatment who are chemically dependent	14		their cooperation or participation in the
 17 (2) establish by rules cooperation with other 18 professional organizations for the identification 19 and monitoring of licensees and certificate 20 holders in treatment who are chemically dependent 	15		rehabilitation of the licensee or certificate
18 professional organizations for the identification 19 and monitoring of licensees and certificate 20 holders in treatment who are chemically dependent	16		holder,
19 and monitoring of licensees and certificate 20 holders in treatment who are chemically dependent	17		(2) establish by rules cooperation with other
20 holders in treatment who are chemically dependent	18		professional organizations for the identification
	19		and monitoring of licensees and certificate
	20		holders in treatment who are chemically dependent
21 or addicted, and	21		or addicted, and
22 f. issue conditional, restricted or otherwise	22	f.	issue conditional, restricted or otherwise
23 circumscribed modifications to licensure or	23		circumscribed modifications to licensure or
24 certification as determined to be appropriate by due	24		certification as determined to be appropriate by due

process procedures and summarily suspend a license if the Board has cause to believe by clear and convincing evidence such action is required to protect public or animal health and safety or to prevent continuation of incompetent practices;

9. Promulgate rules of professional conduct and require all
7 licensees and certificate holders to practice in accordance
8 therewith;

9 10. Act to halt the unlicensed or illegal practice of
10 veterinary medicine and seek administrative, criminal and civil
11 penalties against those engaged in such practice;

12 11. Establish appropriate fees and charges to ensure active and 13 effective pursuit of Board responsibilities;

14 12. Employ, direct, reimburse, evaluate and dismiss staff in 15 accordance with state procedures;

16 13. Establish policies for Board operations;

17 14. Respond to legislative inquiry regarding those changes in,
18 or amendments to, the Oklahoma Veterinary Practice Act;

19 15. Act on its own motion in disciplinary matters, administer 20 oaths, issue notices, issue subpoenas in the name of the State of 21 Oklahoma, including subpoenas for client and animal records, hold 22 hearings, institute court proceedings for contempt or to compel 23 testimony or obedience to its orders and subpoenas, take evidentiary

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1 depositions and perform such other acts as are reasonable and 2 necessary under law to carry out its duties;

3 16. Use clear and convincing evidence as the standard of proof 4 and issue final decisions when acting as trier of fact in the 5 performance of its adjudicatory duties;

6 17. Determine and direct Board operating, administrative,
7 personnel and budget policies and procedures in accordance with
8 applicable statutes;

9 18. Promulgate uniform rules such as may be necessary for
10 carrying out and enforcing the provisions of the Oklahoma Veterinary
11 Practice Act and such as in its discretion may be necessary to
12 protect the health, safety and welfare of the public;

13 19. Determine continuing education requirements. Such 14 <u>continuing education shall include not less than one (1) hour of</u> 15 <u>education in pain management or one (1) hour of education in opioid</u> 16 <u>use or addiction annually, unless the licensee has demonstrated to</u> 17 <u>the satisfaction of the Board that the licensee does not currently</u> 18 <u>hold a valid federal Drug Enforcement Administration registration</u> 19 number;

20 20. Establish minimum standards for veterinary premises;
21 21. Establish standards for veterinary labeling and dispensing
22 of veterinary prescription drugs and federal Food and Drug
23 Administration-approved human drugs for animals which would conform
24 to current applicable state and federal law and regulations;

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22. Promulgate rules such as may be necessary for carrying out
 and enforcing provisions relating to certification of animal
 euthanasia technicians and approval of drugs to be used for
 euthanasia of animals in an animal shelter pursuant to the
 requirements of Section 502 of Title 4 of the Oklahoma Statutes;
 Shall conduct a national criminal history records search
 for certified animal euthanasia technicians:

- a. the applicant shall furnish the Board two completed
 9 fingerprint cards and a money order or cashier's check
 10 made payable to the Oklahoma State Bureau of
 11 Investigation,
- 12 the Board shall forward the fingerprint cards, along b. 13 with the applicable fee for a national fingerprint 14 criminal history records search, to the Bureau, and 15 the Bureau shall retain one set of fingerprints in the с. 16 Automated Fingerprint Identification System (AFIS) and 17 submit the other set to the Federal Bureau of 18 Investigation (FBI) for a national criminal history 19 records search;

20 24. Establish standards for animal chiropractic diagnosis and 21 treatment. The standards shall include but not be limited to a 22 requirement that a veterinarian who holds himself or herself out to 23 the public as certified to engage in animal chiropractic diagnosis 24 and treatment shall:

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1 carry at least One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) of a. 2 additional malpractice coverage to perform animal 3 chiropractic diagnosis and treatment, and 4 b. have appropriate training in animal chiropractic 5 diagnosis and treatment. The Veterinary Examining Board shall have the authority to establish 6 7 educational criteria for certification standards in animal chiropractic diagnosis and treatment. 8 The 9 Veterinary Examining Board shall work in conjunction 10 with the Board of Chiropractic Examiners to establish 11 comparable standards for the practice of animal 12 chiropractic diagnosis and treatment for both medical 13 professions within thirty (30) days after the 14 effective date of this act. The Board shall certify 15 any licensed veterinarian wishing to engage in animal 16 chiropractic diagnosis and treatment who meets the 17 standards established by the Board pursuant to this 18 paragraph. Upon request, the Board shall make 19 available to the public a list of licensed 20 veterinarians so certified; and 21 25. Perform such other duties and exercise such other powers as 22 the provisions and enforcement of the Oklahoma Veterinary Practice

23 Act may require.

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1 SECTION 10. AMENDATORY 63 O.S. 2011, Section 2-101, as 2 last amended by Section 3, Chapter 175, O.S.L. 2018 (63 O.S. Supp. 2018, Section 2-101), is amended to read as follows: 3 4 Section 2-101. As used in the Uniform Controlled Dangerous 5 Substances Act: 6 1. "Administer" means the direct application of a controlled 7 dangerous substance, whether by injection, inhalation, ingestion or any other means, to the body of a patient, animal or research 8 9 subject by: 10 a practitioner (or, in the presence of the a. 11 practitioner, by the authorized agent of the 12 practitioner), or 13 b. the patient or research subject at the direction and 14 in the presence of the practitioner; 15 "Agent" means a peace officer appointed by and who acts on 2. 16 behalf of the Director of the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and 17 Dangerous Drugs Control or an authorized person who acts on behalf 18 of or at the direction of a person who manufactures, distributes, 19 dispenses, prescribes, administers or uses for scientific purposes 20 controlled dangerous substances but does not include a common or 21 contract carrier, public warehouser or employee thereof, or a person 22 required to register under the Uniform Controlled Dangerous 23 Substances Act;

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3. "Board" means the Advisory Board to the Director of the
 Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control;
 4. "Bureau" means the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and
 Dangerous Drugs Control;

5. "Coca leaves" includes cocaine and any compound,
6 manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of coca
7 leaves, except derivatives of coca leaves which do not contain
8 cocaine or ecgonine;

9 6. "Commissioner" or "Director" means the Director of the
10 Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control;

11 7. "Control" means to add, remove or change the placement of a 12 drug, substance or immediate precursor under the Uniform Controlled 13 Dangerous Substances Act;

14 8. "Controlled dangerous substance" means a drug, substance or 15 immediate precursor in Schedules I through V of the Uniform 16 Controlled Dangerous Substances Act or any drug, substance or 17 immediate precursor listed either temporarily or permanently as a 18 federally controlled substance. Any conflict between state and 19 federal law with regard to the particular schedule in which a 20 substance is listed shall be resolved in favor of state law;

9. "Counterfeit substance" means a controlled substance which, or the container or labeling of which without authorization, bears the trademark, trade name or other identifying marks, imprint, number or device or any likeness thereof of a manufacturer,

distributor or dispenser other than the person who in fact
 manufactured, distributed or dispensed the substance;

3 10. "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive or 4 attempted transfer from one person to another of a controlled 5 dangerous substance or drug paraphernalia, whether or not there is 6 an agency relationship;

7 11. "Dispense" means to deliver a controlled dangerous 8 substance to an ultimate user or human research subject by or 9 pursuant to the lawful order of a practitioner, including the 10 prescribing, administering, packaging, labeling or compounding 11 necessary to prepare the substance for such distribution. 12 "Dispenser" is a practitioner who delivers a controlled dangerous 13 substance to an ultimate user or human research subject;

14 12. "Distribute" means to deliver other than by administering 15 or dispensing a controlled dangerous substance;

16 13. "Distributor" means a commercial entity engaged in the 17 distribution or reverse distribution of narcotics and dangerous 18 drugs and who complies with all regulations promulgated by the 19 federal Drug Enforcement Administration and the Oklahoma State 20 Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control;

21 14. "Drug" means articles:

a. recognized in the official United States
 Pharmacopoeia, official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of
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- the United States, or official National Formulary, or
 any supplement to any of them,
- b. intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation,
 treatment or prevention of disease in man or other
 animals,
- c. other than food, intended to affect the structure or
 any function of the body of man or other animals, and
 d. intended for use as a component of any article

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specified in this paragraph;

10 provided, however, the term "drug" does not include devices or their 11 components, parts or accessories;

15. "Drug-dependent person" means a person who is using a 12 13 controlled dangerous substance and who is in a state of psychic or 14 physical dependence, or both, arising from administration of that 15 controlled dangerous substance on a continuous basis. Drug 16 dependence is characterized by behavioral and other responses which 17 include a strong compulsion to take the substance on a continuous 18 basis in order to experience its psychic effects, or to avoid the 19 discomfort of its absence;

20 16. "Home care agency" means any sole proprietorship, 21 partnership, association, corporation, or other organization which 22 administers, offers, or provides home care services, for a fee or 23 pursuant to a contract for such services, to clients in their place 24 of residence;

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"Home care services" means skilled or personal care 1 17. 2 services provided to clients in their place of residence for a fee; "Hospice" means a centrally administered, nonprofit or 3 18. 4 profit, medically directed, nurse-coordinated program which provides 5 a continuum of home and inpatient care for the terminally ill patient and the patient's family. Such term shall also include a 6 7 centrally administered, nonprofit or profit, medically directed, nurse-coordinated program if such program is licensed pursuant to 8 9 the provisions of this act the Uniform Controlled Dangerous 10 Substances Act. A hospice program offers palliative and supportive 11 care to meet the special needs arising out of the physical, 12 emotional and spiritual stresses which are experienced during the 13 final stages of illness and during dying and bereavement. This care 14 is available twenty-four (24) hours a day, seven (7) days a week, 15 and is provided on the basis of need, regardless of ability to pay. 16 "Class A" Hospice refers to Medicare certified hospices. "Class B" 17 refers to all other providers of hospice services; 18 19. "Imitation controlled substance" means a substance that is 19 not a controlled dangerous substance, which by dosage unit 20 appearance, color, shape, size, markings or by representations made, 21 would lead a reasonable person to believe that the substance is a 22 controlled dangerous substance. In the event the appearance of the 23 dosage unit is not reasonably sufficient to establish that the

24 substance is an "imitation controlled substance", the court or

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1 authority concerned should consider, in addition to all other 2 factors, the following factors as related to "representations made" in determining whether the substance is an "imitation controlled 3 substance": 4

- 5 a. statements made by an owner or by any other person in control of the substance concerning the nature of the 6 7 substance, or its use or effect,
- b. statements made to the recipient that the substance 8 9 may be resold for inordinate profit,
- 10 с. whether the substance is packaged in a manner normally 11 used for illicit controlled substances,
- 12 d. evasive tactics or actions utilized by the owner or 13 person in control of the substance to avoid detection 14 by law enforcement authorities,
- 15 prior convictions, if any, of an owner, or any other e. 16 person in control of the object, under state or 17 federal law related to controlled substances or fraud, 18 and
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f. the proximity of the substances to controlled 20 dangerous substances;

21 20. "Immediate precursor" means a substance which the Director 22 has found to be and by regulation designates as being the principal 23 compound commonly used or produced primarily for use, and which is 24 an immediate chemical intermediary used, or likely to be used, in

1 the manufacture of a controlled dangerous substance, the control of 2 which is necessary to prevent, curtail or limit such manufacture; 3 21. "Laboratory" means a laboratory approved by the Director as 4 proper to be entrusted with the custody of controlled dangerous 5 substances and the use of controlled dangerous substances for scientific and medical purposes and for purposes of instruction; 6 "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, 7 22. propagation, compounding or processing of a controlled dangerous 8 9 substance, either directly or indirectly by extraction from 10 substances of natural or synthetic origin, or independently by means 11 of chemical synthesis or by a combination of extraction and chemical 12 synthesis. "Manufacturer" includes any person who packages, 13 repackages or labels any container of any controlled dangerous 14 substance, except practitioners who dispense or compound 15 prescription orders for delivery to the ultimate consumer; 16 23. "Marijuana" means all parts of the plant Cannabis sativa 17 L., whether growing or not; the seeds thereof; the resin extracted 18 from any part of such plant; and every compound, manufacture, salt, 19 derivative, mixture or preparation of such plant, its seeds or 20 resin, but shall not include:

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 a. the mature stalks of such plant or fiber produced from such stalks,

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- b. oil or cake made from the seeds of such plant,
 including cannabidiol derived from the seeds of the
 marijuana plant,
- 4 c. any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative,
 5 mixture or preparation of such mature stalks (except
 6 the resin extracted therefrom), including cannabidiol
 7 derived from mature stalks, fiber, oil or cake,
- 8 d. the sterilized seed of such plant which is incapable9 of germination,
- e. for any person participating in a clinical trial to
 administer cannabidiol for the treatment of severe
 forms of epilepsy pursuant to Section 2-802 of this
 title, a drug or substance approved by the federal
 Food and Drug Administration for use by those
 participants,
- 16 f. for any person or the parents, legal guardians or 17 caretakers of the person who have received a written 18 certification from a physician licensed in this state 19 that the person has been diagnosed by a physician as 20 having Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome, Dravet Syndrome, also 21 known as Severe Myoclonic Epilepsy of Infancy, or any 22 other severe form of epilepsy that is not adequately 23 treated by traditional medical therapies, spasticity 24 due to multiple sclerosis or due to paraplegia,

1 intractable nausea and vomiting, appetite stimulation 2 with chronic wasting diseases, the substance 3 cannabidiol, a nonpsychoactive cannabinoid, found in 4 the plant Cannabis sativa L. or any other preparation 5 thereof, that has a tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of not more than three-tenths of one percent (0.3%)6 7 and that is delivered to the patient in the form of a liquid, 8

- 9 g. any federal Food and Drug Administration-approved 10 cannabidiol drug or substance, or
- 11 h. industrial hemp, from the plant Cannabis sativa L. and 12 any part of such plant, whether growing or not, with a 13 delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of not more 14 than three-tenths of one percent (0.3%) on a dry 15 weight basis which shall not be grown anywhere in the 16 State of Oklahoma but may be shipped to Oklahoma 17 pursuant to the provisions of subparagraph e or f of 18 this paragraph;

19 24. "Medical purpose" means an intention to utilize a 20 controlled dangerous substance for physical or mental treatment, for 21 diagnosis, or for the prevention of a disease condition not in 22 violation of any state or federal law and not for the purpose of 23 satisfying physiological or psychological dependence or other abuse;

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1 25. "Mid-level practitioner" means an advanced practice nurse 2 as defined and within parameters specified in Section 567.3a of Title 59 of the Oklahoma Statutes, or a certified animal euthanasia 3 technician as defined in Section 698.2 of Title 59 of the Oklahoma 4 5 Statutes, or an animal control officer registered by the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control under 6 7 subsection B of Section 2-301 of this title within the parameters of such officer's duty under Sections 501 through 508 of Title 4 of the 8 9 Oklahoma Statutes;

10 26. "Narcotic drug" means any of the following, whether 11 produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of 12 vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, 13 or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:

14 a. opium, coca leaves and opiates,

b. a compound, manufacture, salt, derivative or
 preparation of opium, coca leaves or opiates,

- c. cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and
 salts of isomers,
- d. ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers and
 salts of isomers, and
- e. a substance, and any compound, manufacture, salt,
 derivative or preparation thereof, which is chemically
 identical with any of the substances referred to in
 subparagraphs a through d of this paragraph, except

1 that the words "narcotic drug" as used in Section 2-2 101 et seq. of this title shall not include 3 decocainized coca leaves or extracts of coca leaves, 4 which extracts do not contain cocaine or ecgonine; 5 27. "Opiate" means any substance having an addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability similar to morphine or being capable 6 7 of conversion into a drug having such addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability. It does not include, unless 8 9 specifically designated as controlled under the Uniform Controlled 10 Dangerous Substances Act, the dextrorotatory isomer of 3-methoxy-n-11 methyl-morphinan and its salts (dextromethorphan). It does include 12 its racemic and levorotatory forms;

13 28. "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species Papaver 14 somniferum L., except the seeds thereof;

15 29. "Peace officer" means a police officer, sheriff, deputy 16 sheriff, district attorney's investigator, investigator from the 17 Office of the Attorney General, or any other person elected or 18 appointed by law to enforce any of the criminal laws of this state 19 or of the United States;

20 30. "Person" means an individual, corporation, government or 21 governmental subdivision or agency, business trust, estate, trust, 22 partnership or association, or any other legal entity;

23 31. "Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of the 24 opium poppy, after mowing;

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1	32.	"Pra	actitioner" means:
2		a.	(1) a medical doctor or osteopathic physician,
3			(2) a dentist,
4			(3) a podiatrist,
5			(4) an optometrist,
6			(5) a veterinarian,
7			(6) a physician assistant under the supervision of a
8			licensed medical doctor or osteopathic physician,
9			(7) a scientific investigator, or
10			(8) any other person,
11			licensed, registered or otherwise permitted to
12			prescribe, distribute, dispense, conduct research with
13			respect to, use for scientific purposes or administer
14			a controlled dangerous substance in the course of
15			professional practice or research in this state, or
16		b.	a pharmacy, hospital, laboratory or other institution
17			licensed, registered or otherwise permitted to
18			distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect
19			to, use for scientific purposes or administer a
20			controlled dangerous substance in the course of
21			professional practice or research in this state;
22	33.	"Prc	oduction" includes the manufacture, planting,
23	cultivat	ion,	growing or harvesting of a controlled dangerous
24	substanc	e;	

34. "State" means the State of Oklahoma or any other state of
 the United States;

3 35. "Ultimate user" means a person who lawfully possesses a 4 controlled dangerous substance for the person's own use or for the 5 use of a member of the person's household or for administration to 6 an animal owned by the person or by a member of the person's 7 household;

36. "Drug paraphernalia" means all equipment, products and 8 9 materials of any kind which are used, intended for use, or fashioned 10 specifically for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, 11 harvesting, manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, 12 processing, preparing, testing, analyzing, packaging, repackaging, 13 storing, containing, concealing, injecting, ingesting, inhaling or 14 otherwise introducing into the human body, a controlled dangerous 15 substance in violation of the Uniform Controlled Dangerous 16 Substances Act including, but not limited to:

17 kits used, intended for use, or fashioned specifically a. 18 for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing 19 or harvesting of any species of plant which is a 20 controlled dangerous substance or from which a 21 controlled dangerous substance can be derived, 22 b. kits used, intended for use, or fashioned specifically 23 for use in manufacturing, compounding, converting,

producing, processing or preparing controlled
 dangerous substances,

- c. isomerization devices used, intended for use, or fashioned specifically for use in increasing the potency of any species of plant which is a controlled dangerous substance,
- d. testing equipment used, intended for use, or fashioned
 specifically for use in identifying, or in analyzing
 the strength, effectiveness or purity of controlled
 dangerous substances,
- e. scales and balances used, intended for use, or
 fashioned specifically for use in weighing or
 measuring controlled dangerous substances,
- 14 f. diluents and adulterants, such as quinine 15 hydrochloride, mannitol, mannite, dextrose and 16 lactose, used, intended for use, or fashioned 17 specifically for use in cutting controlled dangerous 18 substances,
- 19 g. separation gins and sifters used, intended for use, or
 20 fashioned specifically for use in removing twigs and
 21 seeds from, or in otherwise cleaning or refining,
 22 marijuana,
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- 1 h. blenders, bowls, containers, spoons and mixing devices 2 used, intended for use, or fashioned specifically for use in compounding controlled dangerous substances, 3 4 i. capsules, balloons, envelopes and other containers 5 used, intended for use, or fashioned specifically for use in packaging small quantities of controlled 6 7 dangerous substances,
- j. containers and other objects used, intended for use,
 or fashioned specifically for use in parenterally
 injecting controlled dangerous substances into the
 human body,
- k. hypodermic syringes, needles and other objects used,
 intended for use, or fashioned specifically for use in
 parenterally injecting controlled dangerous substances
 into the human body,
- l. objects used, intended for use, or fashioned
 specifically for use in ingesting, inhaling or
 otherwise introducing marijuana, cocaine, hashish or
 hashish oil into the human body, such as:
- (1) metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic or
 ceramic pipes with or without screens, permanent
 screens, hashish heads or punctured metal bowls,
- 23 (2) water pipes,
- 24 (3) carburetion tubes and devices,

1	(4) smoking and carburetion masks,
2	(5) roach clips, meaning objects used to hold burning
3	material, such as a marijuana cigarette, that has
4	become too small or too short to be held in the
5	hand,
6	(6) miniature cocaine spoons and cocaine vials,
7	(7) chamber pipes,
8	(8) carburetor pipes,
9	(9) electric pipes,
10	(10) air-driven pipes,
11	(11) chillums,
12	(12) bongs, or
13	(13) ice pipes or chillers,
14	m. all hidden or novelty pipes, and
15	n. any pipe that has a tobacco bowl or chamber of less
16	than one-half $(1/2)$ inch in diameter in which there is
17	any detectable residue of any controlled dangerous
18	substance as defined in this section or any other
19	substances not legal for possession or use;
20	provided, however, the term "drug paraphernalia" shall not include
21	separation gins intended for use in preparing tea or spice, clamps
22	used for constructing electrical equipment, water pipes designed for
23	ornamentation in which no detectable amount of an illegal substance
24	is found or pipes designed and used solely for smoking tobacco,

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1 traditional pipes of an American Indian tribal religious ceremony, 2 or antique pipes that are thirty (30) years of age or older; "Synthetic controlled substance" means a substance: 3 37. a. 4 the chemical structure of which is substantially (1)5 similar to the chemical structure of a controlled 6 dangerous substance in Schedule I or II, which has a stimulant, depressant, or 7 (2) 8 hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous 9 system that is substantially similar to or 10 greater than the stimulant, depressant or 11 hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous 12 system of a controlled dangerous substance in 13 Schedule I or II, or 14 with respect to a particular person, which such (3) 15 person represents or intends to have a stimulant, 16 depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the 17 central nervous system that is substantially 18 similar to or greater than the stimulant, 19 depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the 20 central nervous system of a controlled dangerous 21 substance in Schedule I or II. 22 b. The designation of gamma butyrolactone or any other 23 chemical as a precursor, pursuant to Section 2-322 of 24 this title, does not preclude a finding pursuant to

2 a synthetic controlled substance. 3 c. "Synthetic controlled substance" does not include: 4 (1) a controlled dangerous substance, 5 (2) any substance for which there is an approved new drug application, 7 (3) with respect to a particular person any 8 substance, if an exemption is in effect for 9 investigational use, for that person under the 10 provisions of Section 505 of the Federal Food, 11 Drug and Cosmetic Act, Title 21 of the United 12 States Code, Section 355, to the extent conduct 13 with respect to such substance is pursuant to 14 such exemption, or 15 (4) any substance to the extent not intended for 16 human consumption before such an exemption takes 17 effect with respect to that substance. 18 d. Prima facie evidence that a substance containing 19 salvia divinorum has been enhanced, concentrated or 20 chemically or physically altered shall give rise to a 21 rebuttable presumption that the substance is a 22 synthetic controlled substance; 23 24	1		subparagraph a of this paragraph that the chemical is
4 (1) a controlled dangerous substance, 5 (2) any substance for which there is an approved new drug application, 6 (3) with respect to a particular person any substance, if an exemption is in effect for investigational use, for that person under the provisions of Section 505 of the Federal Food, 11 Drug and Cosmetic Act, Title 21 of the United 12 States Code, Section 355, to the extent conduct 13 with respect to such substance is pursuant to 14 such exemption, or 15 (4) any substance to the extent not intended for 16 human consumption before such an exemption takes 17 effect with respect to that substance. 18 d. Frima facie evidence that a substance containing 19 salvia divinorum has been enhanced, concentrated or 20 chemically or physically altered shall give rise to a 21 rebuttable presumption that the substance is a 22 synthetic controlled substance;	2		a synthetic controlled substance.
 (2) any substance for which there is an approved new drug application, (3) with respect to a particular person any substance, if an exemption is in effect for investigational use, for that person under the provisions of Section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, Title 21 of the United States Code, Section 355, to the extent conduct with respect to such substance is pursuant to such exemption, or (4) any substance to the extent not intended for human consumption before such an exemption takes effect with respect to that substance. d. Frima facie evidence that a substance containing salvia divinorum has been enhanced, concentrated or chemically or physically altered shall give rise to a rebuttable presumption that the substance is a synthetic controlled substance; 	3	с.	"Synthetic controlled substance" does not include:
6 drug application, 7 (3) with respect to a particular person any 8 substance, if an exemption is in effect for 9 investigational use, for that person under the 10 provisions of Section 505 of the Federal Food, 11 Drug and Cosmetic Act, Title 21 of the United 12 States Code, Section 355, to the extent conduct 13 with respect to such substance is pursuant to 14 such exemption, or 15 (4) any substance to the extent not intended for 16 human consumption before such an exemption takes 17 effect with respect to that substance. 18 d. Prima facie evidence that a substance containing 19 salvia divinorum has been enhanced, concentrated or 20 chemically or physically altered shall give rise to a 21 rebuttable presumption that the substance is a 22 synthetic controlled substance;	4		(1) a controlled dangerous substance,
 (3) with respect to a particular person any substance, if an exemption is in effect for investigational use, for that person under the provisions of Section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, Title 21 of the United States Code, Section 355, to the extent conduct with respect to such substance is pursuant to such exemption, or (4) any substance to the extent not intended for human consumption before such an exemption takes effect with respect to that substance. d. Prima facie evidence that a substance containing salvia divinorum has been enhanced, concentrated or chemically or physically altered shall give rise to a rebuttable presumption that the substance is a synthetic controlled substance; 	5		(2) any substance for which there is an approved new
 substance, if an exemption is in effect for investigational use, for that person under the provisions of Section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, Title 21 of the United States Code, Section 355, to the extent conduct with respect to such substance is pursuant to such exemption, or (4) any substance to the extent not intended for human consumption before such an exemption takes effect with respect to that substance. d. Prima facie evidence that a substance containing salvia divinorum has been enhanced, concentrated or chemically or physically altered shall give rise to a rebuttable presumption that the substance is a synthetic controlled substance; 	6		drug application,
 9 investigational use, for that person under the provisions of Section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, Title 21 of the United States Code, Section 355, to the extent conduct with respect to such substance is pursuant to such exemption, or 15 (4) any substance to the extent not intended for human consumption before such an exemption takes effect with respect to that substance. 18 d. Prima facie evidence that a substance containing salvia divinorum has been enhanced, concentrated or chemically or physically altered shall give rise to a rebuttable presumption that the substance is a synthetic controlled substance; 	7		(3) with respect to a particular person any
10provisions of Section 505 of the Federal Food,11Drug and Cosmetic Act, Title 21 of the United12States Code, Section 355, to the extent conduct13with respect to such substance is pursuant to14such exemption, or15(4) any substance to the extent not intended for16human consumption before such an exemption takes17effect with respect to that substance.18d. Prima facie evidence that a substance containing19salvia divinorum has been enhanced, concentrated or20chemically or physically altered shall give rise to a21rebuttable presumption that the substance is a22synthetic controlled substance;23	8		substance, if an exemption is in effect for
11Drug and Cosmetic Act, Title 21 of the United12States Code, Section 355, to the extent conduct13with respect to such substance is pursuant to14such exemption, or15(4) any substance to the extent not intended for16human consumption before such an exemption takes17effect with respect to that substance.18d.19salvia divinorum has been enhanced, concentrated or20chemically or physically altered shall give rise to a21rebuttable presumption that the substance is a22synthetic controlled substance;23	9		investigational use, for that person under the
12States Code, Section 355, to the extent conduct13with respect to such substance is pursuant to14such exemption, or15(4) any substance to the extent not intended for16human consumption before such an exemption takes17effect with respect to that substance.18d. Prima facie evidence that a substance containing19salvia divinorum has been enhanced, concentrated or20chemically or physically altered shall give rise to a21rebuttable presumption that the substance is a22synthetic controlled substance;23	10		provisions of Section 505 of the Federal Food,
 with respect to such substance is pursuant to such exemption, or (4) any substance to the extent not intended for human consumption before such an exemption takes effect with respect to that substance. d. Prima facie evidence that a substance containing salvia divinorum has been enhanced, concentrated or chemically or physically altered shall give rise to a rebuttable presumption that the substance is a synthetic controlled substance; 	11		Drug and Cosmetic Act, Title 21 of the United
14such exemption, or15(4) any substance to the extent not intended for16human consumption before such an exemption takes17effect with respect to that substance.18d. Prima facie evidence that a substance containing19salvia divinorum has been enhanced, concentrated or20chemically or physically altered shall give rise to a21rebuttable presumption that the substance is a22synthetic controlled substance;23	12		States Code, Section 355, to the extent conduct
 (4) any substance to the extent not intended for human consumption before such an exemption takes effect with respect to that substance. d. Prima facie evidence that a substance containing salvia divinorum has been enhanced, concentrated or chemically or physically altered shall give rise to a rebuttable presumption that the substance is a synthetic controlled substance; 	13		with respect to such substance is pursuant to
human consumption before such an exemption takes effect with respect to that substance. d. Prima facie evidence that a substance containing salvia divinorum has been enhanced, concentrated or chemically or physically altered shall give rise to a rebuttable presumption that the substance is a synthetic controlled substance; 23	14		such exemption, or
effect with respect to that substance. 17 effect with respect to that substance. 18 d. Prima facie evidence that a substance containing 19 salvia divinorum has been enhanced, concentrated or 20 chemically or physically altered shall give rise to a 21 rebuttable presumption that the substance is a 22 synthetic controlled substance; 23	15		(4) any substance to the extent not intended for
d. Prima facie evidence that a substance containing salvia divinorum has been enhanced, concentrated or chemically or physically altered shall give rise to a rebuttable presumption that the substance is a synthetic controlled substance; 23	16		human consumption before such an exemption takes
19 salvia divinorum has been enhanced, concentrated or 20 chemically or physically altered shall give rise to a 21 rebuttable presumption that the substance is a 22 synthetic controlled substance; 23	17		effect with respect to that substance.
20 chemically or physically altered shall give rise to a 21 rebuttable presumption that the substance is a 22 synthetic controlled substance; 23	18	d.	Prima facie evidence that a substance containing
21 rebuttable presumption that the substance is a 22 synthetic controlled substance; 23	19		salvia divinorum has been enhanced, concentrated or
<pre>22 synthetic controlled substance; 23</pre>	20		chemically or physically altered shall give rise to a
23	21		rebuttable presumption that the substance is a
	22		synthetic controlled substance;
24	23		
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38. "Tetrahydrocannabinols" means all substances that have been
 chemically synthesized to emulate the tetrahydrocannabinols of
 marijuana;

39. "Isomer" means the optical isomer, except as used in
subsections C and F of Section 2-204 of this title and paragraph 4
of subsection A of Section 2-206 of this title. As used in
subsections C and F of Section 2-204 of this title, "isomer" means
the optical, positional or geometric isomer. As used in paragraph 4
of subsection A of Section 2-206 of this title, the term "isomer"
means the optical or geometric isomer;

40. "Hazardous materials" means materials, whether solid, liquid or gas, which are toxic to human, animal, aquatic or plant life, and the disposal of which materials is controlled by state or federal guidelines;

41. "Anhydrous ammonia" means any substance that exhibits
cryogenic evaporative behavior and tests positive for ammonia;

17 42. "Acute pain" means pain, whether resulting from disease, 18 accidental or intentional trauma or other cause, that the 19 practitioner reasonably expects to last only a short period of time. 20 "Acute pain" does not include chronic pain, pain being treated as 21 part of cancer care, hospice or other end-of-life care, or pain 22 being treated as part of palliative care;

43. "Chronic pain" means pain that persists beyond the usual
course of an acute disease or healing of an injury. "Chronic pain"

1 may or may not be associated with an acute or chronic pathologic 2 process that causes continuous or intermittent pain over months or 3 years;

4 44. "Initial prescription" means a prescription issued to a 5 patient who:

- a. has never previously been issued a prescription for
 the drug or its pharmaceutical equivalent in the past
 year, or
- 9 b. requires a prescription for the drug or its
 10 pharmaceutical equivalent due to a surgical procedure
 11 or new acute event and has previously had a
 12 prescription for the drug or its pharmaceutical
 13 equivalent within the past year.

14 When determining whether a patient was previously issued a 15 prescription for a drug or its pharmaceutical equivalent, the 16 practitioner shall consult with the patient and review the medical 17 record and prescription monitoring information of the patient; 18 45. "Patient-provider agreement" means a written contract or 19 agreement that is executed between a practitioner and a patient, 20 prior to the commencement of treatment for chronic pain using a 21 Schedule II controlled substance or any opioid drug which is a 22 prescription drug, as a means to:

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- a. explain the possible risk of development of physical
 or psychological dependence in the patient and prevent
 the possible development of addiction,
- b. document the understanding of both the practitioner
 and the patient regarding the pain-management plan of
 the patient,
- 7 establish the rights of the patient in association с. with treatment and the obligations of the patient in 8 9 relation to the responsible use, discontinuation of 10 use, and storage of Schedule II controlled dangerous 11 substances opioid drugs, including any restrictions on 12 the refill of prescriptions or the acceptance of 13 Schedule II opioid prescriptions from practitioners, 14 d. identify the specific medications and other modes of 15 treatment, including physical therapy or exercise, 16 relaxation or psychological counseling, that are 17 included as a part of the pain-management plan, 18 specify the measures the practitioner may employ to e. 19 monitor the compliance of the patient including, but 20 not limited to, random specimen screens and pill 21 counts, and
- f. delineate the process for terminating the agreement,
 including the consequences if the practitioner has
 reason to believe that the patient is not complying

with the terms of the agreement. Compliance with the "consent items" shall constitute a valid, informal formal consent for opioid therapy. The provider shall be held harmless from civil litigation for failure to treat pain if the event occurs because of nonadherence by the patient with any of the provisions of the patient-provider agreement;

8 46. "Serious illness" means a medical illness or physical 9 injury or condition that substantially affects quality of life for 10 more than a short period of time. "Serious illness" includes, but 11 is not limited to, Alzheimer's disease or related dementias, lung 12 disease, cancer, heart failure, renal failure, liver failure or 13 chronic, unremitting or intractable pain such as neuropathic pain; 14 and

15 "Surgical procedure" means a procedure that is performed 47. 16 for the purpose of structurally altering the human body by incision 17 or destruction of tissues as part of the practice of medicine. This 18 term includes the diagnostic or therapeutic treatment of conditions 19 or disease processes by use of instruments such as lasers, 20 ultrasound, ionizing, radiation, scalpels, probes or needles that 21 cause localized alteration or transportation of live human tissue by 22 cutting, burning, vaporizing, freezing, suturing, probing or 23 manipulating by closed reduction for major dislocations or

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fractures, or otherwise altering by any mechanical, thermal, light based, electromagnetic or chemical means.

3	SECTION 11. AMENDATORY 63 O.S. 2011, Section 2-309D, as					
4	last amended by Section 4, Chapter 175, O.S.L. 2018 (63 O.S. Supp.					
5	2018, Section 2-309D), is amended to read as follows:					
6	Section 2-309D. A. The information collected at the central					
7	repository pursuant to the Anti-Drug Diversion Act shall be					
8	confidential and shall not be open to the public. Access to the					
9	information shall be limited to:					
10	1. Peace officers certified pursuant to Section 3311 of Title					
11	70 of the Oklahoma Statutes who are employed as investigative agents					
12	of the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs					
13	Control;					
14	2. The United States Drug Enforcement Administration Diversion					
15	Group Supervisor;					
16	3. The executive director or chief investigator, as designated					
17	by each board, of the following state boards:					
18	a. Board of Podiatric Medical Examiners,					
19	b. Board of Dentistry,					
20	c. State Board of Pharmacy,					
21	d. State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision,					
22	e. State Board of Osteopathic Examiners,					
23	f. State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners,					
24	g. Oklahoma Health Care Authority,					

- h. Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse
 Services,
- 3 i. Board of Examiners in Optometry,
- 4 j. Board of Nursing,
- 5 k. Office of the Chief Medical Examiner, and
- 6 l. State Board of Health;

7 4. A multicounty grand jury properly convened pursuant to the
8 Multicounty Grand Jury Act;

9 5. Medical practitioners employed by the United States
10 Department of Veterans Affairs, the United States Military, or other
11 federal agencies treating patients in this state; and

6. At the discretion of the Director of the Oklahoma State
Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control, medical
practitioners and their staff, including those employed by the
federal government in this state.

16 This section shall not prevent access, at the discretion of в. 17 the Director of the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous 18 Drugs Control, to investigative information by peace officers and 19 investigative agents of federal, state, county or municipal law 20 enforcement agencies, district attorneys and the Attorney General in 21 furtherance of criminal, civil or administrative investigations or 22 prosecutions within their respective jurisdictions, designated 23 legal, communications, and analytical employees of the Bureau, and

to registrants in furtherance of efforts to guard against the
 diversion of controlled dangerous substances.

C. This section shall not prevent the disclosure, at the discretion of the Director of the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control, of statistical information gathered from the central repository to the general public which shall be limited to types and quantities of controlled substances dispensed and the county where dispensed.

9 D. This section shall not prevent the disclosure, at the
10 discretion of the Director of the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics
11 and Dangerous Drugs Control, of prescription-monitoring-program
12 information to prescription-monitoring programs of other states
13 provided a reciprocal data-sharing agreement is in place.

E. The Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services
and the State Department of Health may utilize the information in
the central repository for statistical, research, substance abuse
prevention, or educational purposes, provided that consumer
confidentiality is not compromised.

F. Any unauthorized disclosure of any information collected at the central repository provided by the Anti-Drug Diversion Act shall be a misdemeanor. Violation of the provisions of this section shall be deemed willful neglect of duty and shall be grounds for removal from office.

G. 1. Registrants shall have access to the central repository
for the purposes of patient treatment and for determination in
prescribing or screening new patients. The patient's history may be
disclosed to the patient for the purposes of treatment of
information at the discretion of the physician.

6 2. Prior to prescribing or authorizing for refill, if one a. 7 hundred eighty (180) days have elapsed prior to the previous access and check, of opiates, synthetic 8 9 opiates, semisynthetic opiates, benzodiazepine or 10 carisoprodol to a patient of record, registrants or 11 members of their medical or administrative staff shall 12 be required until October 31, 2020, to access the 13 information in the central repository to assess 14 medical necessity and the possibility that the patient 15 may be unlawfully obtaining prescription drugs in 16 violation of the Uniform Controlled Dangerous 17 Substances Act. The duty to access and check shall 18 not alter or otherwise amend appropriate medical 19 standards of care. The registrant or medical provider 20 shall note in the patient file that the central 21 repository has been checked and may maintain a copy of 22 the information.

b. The requirements set forth in subparagraph a of thisparagraph shall not apply:

- 1 (1) to medical practitioners who prescribe the 2 controlled substances set forth in subparagraph a 3 of this paragraph for hospice or end-of-life 4 care, or
- 5 (2) for a prescription of a controlled substance set 6 forth in subparagraph a of this paragraph that is 7 issued by a practitioner for a patient residing 8 in a nursing facility as defined by Section 1-9 1902 of this title, provided that the 10 prescription is issued to a resident of such 11 facility.

12 3. Registrants shall not be liable to any person for any claim 13 of damages as a result of accessing or failing to access the 14 information in the central repository and no lawsuit may be 15 predicated thereon.

4. The failure of a registrant to access and check the central
repository as required under state or federal law or regulation
shall may be grounds for the licensing board of the registrant to
take disciplinary action against the registrant.

H. The State Board of Podiatric Examiners, the State Board of
Dentistry, the State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision, the
State Board of Examiners in Optometry, the State Board of Nursing,
the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners and the State Board of
Veterinary Medical Examiners shall have the sole responsibility for

enforcement of the provisions of subsection G of this section.
 Nothing in this section shall be construed so as to permit the
 Director of the State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs
 Control to assess administrative fines provided for in Section 2-304
 of this title.

6 The Director of the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Τ. 7 Dangerous Drugs Control, or a designee thereof, shall provide a monthly list to the Directors of the State Board of Podiatric 8 9 Examiners, the State Board of Dentistry, the State Board of Medical 10 Licensure and Supervision, the State Board of Examiners in 11 Optometry, the State Board of Nursing, the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners and the State Board of Veterinary Medical 12 13 Examiners of the top twenty prescribers of controlled dangerous 14 substances within their respective areas of jurisdiction. Upon 15 discovering that a registrant is prescribing outside the limitations 16 of his or her licensure or outside of drug registration rules or 17 applicable state laws, the respective licensing board shall be 18 notified by the Bureau in writing. Such notifications may be 19 considered complaints for the purpose of investigations or other 20 actions by the respective licensing board. Licensing boards shall 21 have exclusive jurisdiction to take action against a licensee for a 22 violation of subsection G of this section.

J. Information regarding fatal and nonfatal overdoses, other than statistical information as required by Section 2-106 of this

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1 title, shall be completely confidential. Access to this information shall be strictly limited to the Director of the Oklahoma State 2 3 Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control or designee, the 4 Chief Medical Examiner, state agencies and boards provided in 5 subsection A of this section, and the registrant that enters the information. Registrants shall not be liable to any person for a 6 7 claim of damages for information reported pursuant to the provisions 8 of Section 2-105 of this title.

9 K. The Director of the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and 10 Dangerous Drugs Control shall provide adequate means and procedures 11 allowing access to central repository information for registrants 12 lacking direct computer access.

13 Upon completion of an investigation in which it is L. 14 determined that a death was caused by an overdose, either 15 intentionally or unintentionally, of a controlled dangerous 16 substance, the medical examiner shall be required to report the 17 decedent's name and date of birth to the Oklahoma State Bureau of 18 Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control. The Oklahoma State Bureau of 19 Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control shall be required to maintain 20 a database containing the classification of medical practitioners 21 who prescribed or authorized controlled dangerous substances 22 pursuant to this subsection.

M. The Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugsis authorized to provide unsolicited notification to the licensing

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1 board of a pharmacist or practitioner if a patient has received one 2 or more prescriptions for controlled substances in quantities or with a frequency inconsistent with generally recognized standards of 3 4 safe practice or if a practitioner or prescriber has exhibited 5 prescriptive behavior consistent with generally recognized standards indicating potentially problematic prescribing patterns. An 6 7 unsolicited notification to the licensing board of the practitioner pursuant to this section: 8

9 1. Is confidential;

10 2. May not disclose information that is confidential pursuant 11 to this section; and

12 3. May be in a summary form sufficient to provide notice of the13 basis for the unsolicited notification.

14 SECTION 12. AMENDATORY Section 5, Chapter 175, O.S.L.
15 2018 (63 O.S. Supp. 2018, Section 2-309I), is amended to read as
16 follows:

17 Section 2-309I. A. A practitioner shall not issue an initial 18 prescription for an opioid drug which is a prescription drug a 19 Schedule II opioid drug in a quantity exceeding a seven-day supply 20 for treatment of acute pain for an adult patient, or a seven-day 21 supply for treatment of acute pain for a patient under the age of 22 eighteen (18) years old. Any Schedule II opioid prescription for 23 acute pain pursuant to this subsection shall be for the lowest 24 effective dose of an immediate-release opioid drug.

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1 B. Prior to issuing an initial prescription of a Schedule II 2 controlled dangerous substance or any opioid drug that is a 3 prescription drug in a course of treatment for acute or chronic 4 pain, a practitioner shall: 5 1. Take and document the results of a thorough medical history, including the experience of the patient with nonopioid medication 6 7 and nonpharmacological pain-management approaches and substance abuse history; 8 9 2. Conduct, as appropriate, and document the results of a 10 physical examination; 11 3. Develop a treatment plan with particular attention focused 12 on determining the cause of pain of the patient; 13 4. Access relevant prescription monitoring information from the 14 central repository pursuant to Section 2-309D of Title 63 of the 15 Oklahoma Statutes: 16 5. Limit the supply of any Schedule II opioid drug prescribed 17 for acute pain to a duration of no more than seven (7) days as 18 determined by the directed dosage and frequency of dosage; provided, 19 however, upon issuing an initial prescription for acute pain 20 pursuant to this section, the practitioner may issue one (1) 21 subsequent prescription for a Schedule II opioid drug in a quantity 22 not to exceed seven (7) days if: 23 24

1	<u>a.</u>	the subsequent prescription is due to a major	
2		procedure or "confined to home" status as defined in	
3		42 U.S.C., Section 1395n(a),	
4	<u>b.</u>	the practitioner provides the subsequent prescription	
5		on the same day as the initial prescription,	
6	<u>C.</u>	the practitioner provides written instructions on the	
7		subsequent prescription indicating the earliest date	
8		on which the prescription may be filled, otherwise	
9		known as a "do not fill until" date, and	
10	<u>d.</u>	the subsequent prescription is dispensed no more than	
11		five (5) days after the "do not fill until" date	
12		indicated on the prescription;	
13	6. In th	e case of a patient under the age of eighteen (18)	
14	years old, en	ter into a patient-provider agreement with a parent or	
15	guardian of t	he patient; and	
16	7. In th	e case of a patient who is a pregnant woman, enter into	
17	a patient-pro	vider agreement with the patient.	
18	C. No le	ss than seven (7) days after issuing the initial	
19	prescription	pursuant to subsection A of this section, the	
20	practitioner,	after consultation with the patient, may issue a	
21	subsequent prescription for the drug to the patient in a quantity		
22	not to exceed	seven (7) days, provided that:	
23	1. The s	ubsequent prescription would not be deemed an initial	
24	prescription	under this section;	

2. The practitioner determines the prescription is necessary
 and appropriate to the treatment needs of the patient and documents
 the rationale for the issuance of the subsequent prescription; and

3. The practitioner determines that issuance of the subsequent
prescription does not present an undue risk of abuse, addiction or
diversion and documents that determination.

7 D. Prior to issuing the initial prescription of a Schedule II controlled dangerous substance or any opioid drug that is a 8 9 prescription drug in a course of treatment for acute or chronic pain 10 and again prior to issuing the third prescription of the course of treatment, a practitioner shall discuss with the patient or the 11 12 parent or guardian of the patient if the patient is under eighteen 13 (18) years of age and is not an emancipated minor, the risks 14 associated with the drugs being prescribed, including but not 15 limited to:

16 1. The risks of addiction and overdose associated with opioid 17 drugs and the dangers of taking opioid drugs with alcohol, 18 benzodiazepines and other central nervous system depressants; 19 The reasons why the prescription is necessary; 2. 20 3. Alternative treatments that may be available; and 21 4. Risks associated with the use of the drugs being prescribed, 22 specifically that opioids are highly addictive, even when taken as 23 prescribed, that there is a risk of developing a physical or 24 psychological dependence on the controlled dangerous substance, and

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1 that the risks of taking more opioids than prescribed or mixing 2 sedatives, benzodiazepines or alcohol with opioids can result in 3 fatal respiratory depression.

The practitioner shall include a note in the medical record of 4 5 the patient that the patient or the parent or quardian of the patient, as applicable, has discussed with the practitioner the 6 7 risks of developing a physical or psychological dependence on the controlled dangerous substance and alternative treatments that may 8 9 be available. The applicable state licensing board of the 10 practitioner shall develop and make available to practitioners quidelines for the discussion required pursuant to this subsection. 11

E. At the time of the issuance of the third prescription for a
 prescription <u>Schedule II</u> opioid drug, the practitioner shall enter
 into a pain-management patient-provider agreement with the patient.
 F. When a Schedule II controlled dangerous substance or any

16 prescription opioid drug is continuously prescribed for three (3)
17 months or more for chronic pain, the practitioner shall:

Review, at a minimum of every three (3) months, the course
 of treatment, any new information about the etiology of the pain,
 and the progress of the patient toward treatment objectives and
 document the results of that review;

22 2. Assess the patient prior to every renewal to determine23 whether the patient is experiencing problems associated with

1 physical and psychological dependence an opioid use disorder and 2 document the results of that assessment;

3 3. Periodically make reasonable efforts, unless clinically
4 contraindicated, to either stop the use of the controlled substance,
5 decrease the dosage, try other drugs or treatment modalities in an
6 effort to reduce the potential for abuse or the development of
7 physical or psychological dependence an opioid use disorder and
8 document with specificity the efforts undertaken;

9 4. Review the central repository information in accordance with
10 Section 2-309D of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes; and

11 5. Monitor compliance with the pain-management patient-provider
12 agreement and any recommendations that the patient seek a referral.

G. This section shall not apply to a prescription for a patient who is currently in active treatment for cancer, receiving hospice care from a licensed hospice or palliative care, or is a resident of a long-term care facility, or to any medications that are being prescribed for use in the treatment of substance abuse or opioid dependence.

H. Every policy, contract or plan delivered, issued, executed or renewed in this state, or approved for issuance or renewal in this state by the Insurance Commissioner, and every contract purchased by the Employees Group Insurance Division of the Office of Management and Enterprise Services, on or after the effective date of this act November 1, 2018, that provides coverage for

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prescription drugs subject to a copayment, coinsurance or deductible shall charge a copayment, coinsurance or deductible for an initial prescription of an <u>a Schedule II</u> opioid drug prescribed pursuant to this section that is either:

5 1. Proportional between the cost sharing for a thirty-day6 supply and the amount of drugs the patient was prescribed; or

7 2. Equivalent to the cost sharing for a full thirty-day supply
8 of the opioid drug, provided that no additional cost sharing may be
9 charged for any additional prescriptions for the remainder of the
10 thirty-day supply.

I. Any provider authorized to prescribe opioids <u>a Schedule II</u> <u>opioid drug</u> shall adopt and maintain a written policy or policies that include execution of a written agreement to engage in an informed consent process between the prescribing provider and qualifying opioid therapy patient. For the purposes of this section, "qualifying opioid therapy patient" means:

A patient requiring opioid treatment for more than three (3)
 months;

A patient who is prescribed benzodiazepines and opioids
 together; or

3. A patient who is prescribed a dose of opioids that exceeds
one hundred (100) morphine equivalent doses.

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SECTION 13. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 7402 of Title 36, unless there
 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

4 The Insurance Department shall evaluate the effect of the limits 5 on prescriptions for opioid medication established by this act on the claims paid by health insurance carriers and the out-of-pocket 6 7 costs including copayments, coinsurance and deductibles paid by individual and group health insurance policyholders. On or before 8 9 January 1, 2021, the Insurance Department shall submit a report on 10 the evaluation, along with any recommended policy and regulatory 11 options that will ensure costs for patients are not increased as a 12 result of new prescribing limitations on the amounts of opioid 13 medications, to the standing committees of the Legislature having 14 jurisdiction over health and human services matters and over 15 insurance and financial services matters. The Insurance 16 Commissioner may adopt reasonable rules and regulations for the 17 implementation and administration of the provisions of this 18 subsection.

SECTION 14. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 2-112 of Title 63, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

The Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control shall report to the standing committees of the Legislature having jurisdiction over health and human services matters and over 1 occupational and professional regulation matters, no later than 2 January 31, 2020, with progress on implementing the provisions of 3 this act. The report shall contain, at a minimum, the following 4 information:

1. Registration of prescribers and dispensers in the central
repository pursuant to Section 2-309A et seq. of Title 63 of the
Oklahoma Statutes;

8 2. Data regarding the checking and using of the central9 repository by data requesters;

3. Data from professional boards regarding the implementation of continuing education requirements for prescribers of opioid medication;

13 4. Effects on the prescriber workforce;

14 5. Changes in the numbers of patients taking more than one 15 hundred (100) morphine milligram equivalents of opioid medication 16 per day;

17 6. Data regarding the total quantity of opioid medications
18 prescribed in morphine milligram equivalents;

Progress on electronic prescribing of opioid medication; and
 8. Improvements to the central repository through the request
 for proposals process including feedback from prescribers,
 dispensers and applicable state licensing boards on those
 improvements.

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1	SECTION 15. REPEALER Section 6, Chapter 175, O.S.L.
2	2018, is hereby repealed.
3	SECTION 16. It being immediately necessary for the preservation
4	of the public peace, health or safety, an emergency is hereby
5	declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and
6	be in full force from and after its passage and approval.
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