1	HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES - FLOOR VERSION
2	STATE OF OKLAHOMA
3	1st Session of the 55th Legislature (2015)
4	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
5	FOR ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 789 By: Sykes of the Senate
6	and
7	Grau of the House
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10	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
11	An Act relating to civil procedure; amending 12 O.S.
12	2011, Section 3009.1, which relates to admissibility of medical expenses; clarifying admissibility of
13	amounts paid for services in treatment of the injured party; providing for sworn testimony; requiring
14	admissibility of amount billed in specified instances; providing limitation for liens filed;
15	modifying applicability of provisions; and providing an effective date.
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18	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
19	SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 12 O.S. 2011, Section 3009.1, is
20	amended to read as follows:
21	Section 3009.1 A. Upon the trial of any civil case involving
22	action arising from personal injury, the actual amounts paid for any
23	services in the treatment of the injured party, including doctor
24	bills, hospital bills, ambulance service bills, drug and other

<u>prescription</u> bills, and similar bills for expenses incurred in the		
treatment of the party shall be the amounts admissible at trial, not		
the amounts billed for $\underline{\text{such}}$ expenses incurred in the treatment of		
the party. If, in addition to evidence of payment, <u>a party submits</u>		
a signed statement acknowledged by the medical provider or an		
authorized representative $\underline{\text{or sworn testimony}}$ that the provider $\frac{\text{in}}{\text{in}}$		
consideration of the patient's efforts to collect the funds to pay		
the provider, will accept the amount paid as full payment of the		
obligations is also admitted, the statement or testimony shall be		
<u>admitted into evidence</u> . The statement <u>or testimony</u> shall be part of		
the record as an exhibit but need not be shown to the jury.		
Provided, if If a medical provider has filed a lien in the case for		
an amount in excess of the amount paid, then $\underline{\text{the}}$ bills in excess of		
the amount paid, but not more than the amount of the lien, shall be		
admissible.		

B. If no payment has been made, the Medicare reimbursement rates in effect when the personal injury occurred, not the amounts billed, shall be admissible if, in addition to evidence of nonpayment, a party submits a signed statement acknowledged by the medical provider or an authorized representative or sworn testimony that the provider, in consideration of the patient's efforts to collect the funds to pay the provider, will accept payment at the Medicare reimbursement rate less cost of recovery as provided in Medicare regulations as full payment of the obligation is also

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1	admitted. The statement or testimony shall be admitted into
2	evidence and shall be part of the record as an exhibit but need not
3	be shown to the jury. Provided, if <u>If</u> a medical provider has filed
4	a lien in the case for an amount in excess of the Medicare rate,
5	then $\underline{ ext{the}}$ bills in excess of the amount of the Medicare rate, but not
6	more than the amount of the lien, shall be admissible.
7	B. C. If no bills have been paid, or no statement acknowledged
8	by the medical provider or sworn testimony as provided in
9	subsections A and B of this section is provided to the opposing
10	party and listed as an exhibit by the final pretrial hearing, then
11	the amount billed shall be admissible at trial subject to the
12	limitations regarding any lien filed in the case.
13	D. This section shall apply to civil cases involving <u>actions</u>
14	arising from personal injury filed on or after November 1, 2011
15	<u>2015</u> .
16	SECTION 2. This act shall become effective November 1, 2015.
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18	COMMITTEE REPORT BY: COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY AND CIVIL PROCEDURE,
19	dated 04/01/2015 - DO PASS, As Amended.
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