1	STATE OF OKLAHOMA
2	1st Session of the 56th Legislature (2017)
3	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
4	SENATE BILL 769 By: Leewright
5	
6	
7	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
8	An Act relating to business entities; amending 18 O.S. 2011, Sections 1012 and 1014.1, which relate to
9	organization meeting and enforcement of corporate instruments; establishing requirements for person
10	acting on behalf of incorporator; authorizing actions to determine validity of certain corporate
11	instruments; allowing corporations to determine where certain internal claims are brought; defining term;
12	amending 18 O.S. 2011, Sections 1021, 1022, 1031, 1033 and 1039, which relate to registered office and
13	agent, indemnification, issuance of stock and stock certificates; requiring certain information on
14	registered office in certain documents; modifying permissible entities to be registered agents for
15	domestic corporations; modifying duties of registered agent; requiring certain information be provided to
16	registered agent; modifying certain indemnification requirements; authorizing approval for formula for
17	certain consideration; modifying persons authorized to sign stock certificates; establishing procedures
18	for ratification of defective corporate acts and stock; requiring certain notice; defining terms;
19	clarifying district court jurisdiction over defective acts; amending 18 O.S. 2011, Sections 1056, 1058,
20	1063 and 1064, which relate to shareholders and voting agreements; authorizing district court to
21	issue certain orders; modifying requirements for fixing certain record dates; permitting delivery of
22	voting trust to principal office; modifying requirement for certain shareholder list; authorizing
23	conditions for certain conditions for proxy solicitation materials; authorizing reimbursement of
24	certain expenses under certain circumstances;

1 amending 18 O.S. 2011, Sections 1067, 1068, 1070, 1073, 1077, 1080, 1081 and 1082, which relate to meetings, vacancies, election of directors, consent, 2 certificates of incorporation, and merger or 3 consolidation of domestic or foreign corporations; modifying certain notice requirements; authorizing certain application to district court; providing for 4 removal of director by district court upon certain 5 application; eliminating the public company exception for shareholder action by written consent; modifying requirements for execution of certain consent; 6 expanding permissible amendments to certificates of 7 incorporation; modifying certain amendment procedures; modifying requirements for certain restated certificates; modifying requirements for 8 merger or consolidation agreements; modifying 9 requirements for certain filing; providing exemption for certain certification; providing exceptions for shareholder vote under certain circumstances; 10 defining terms; modifying inclusions for certain certificate; establishing procedures and requirements 11 for merger of parent entity and subsidiary 12 corporations; amending 18 O.S. 2011, Sections 1090.3, 1091, 1095, 1096, 1099, 1119, 1120, 1121, 1130, 1133, 1135 and 1136, which relate to the Oklahoma General 13 Corporation Act; deleting obsolete reference; modifying definitions; modifying scope of certain 14 appraisal rights; modifying procedures for perfecting certain appraisal rights; establishing interest rate 15 for certain appraisal; modifying required contents for certain certificates of dissolution; modifying 16 certain notice requirement; clarifying applicability of certain provisions; modifying requirements for 17 revocation of voluntary dissolution; modifying requirements for revival, extension and restoration 18 of certificates of incorporation; providing exceptions; affirming status of restored or revived 19 corporations; modifying filing requirements for foreign corporations; modifying requirements for 20 successor registered agents for foreign corporations; modifying procedures for withdrawal of foreign 21 corporations; modifying requirements for certain service of process; amending 18 O.S. 2011, Sections 22 2001, 2004, 2012.2, 2015, 2019, 2020, 2025, 2030, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2040, 2054, 2054.1, 23 2054.2, 2054.4 and 2055.2, as amended by Section 1, Chapter 245, O.S.L. 2012 (18 O.S. Supp. 2016, Section 24

1 2055.2), which relate to the Oklahoma Limited Liability Company Act; modifying definitions; clarifying effect of certain tax status; providing 2 for capital interest; providing for resignation of 3 certain member; modifying member voting rights; modifying allocation of certain profits and losses; modifying date for measurement of effect of 4 distribution; conforming language; modifying certain 5 power to withdraw; providing for wrongful withdrawal; specifying status of withdrawn member; authorizing buyout of certain interest; directing distribution of 6 certain assets; modifying definition; providing for rights of certain interests; modifying required 7 contents of articles of merger or consolidation; prohibiting merger of certain entities; conforming 8 conversion provisions; establishing means for holding 9 title to certain assets; deleting reinstatement provisions; providing procedures for reinstatement of limited liability companies; amending 18 O.S. 2011, 10 Section 2060, which relates to cases not covered by act; affirming application of fiduciary duties; 11 amending 54 O.S. 2011, Section 500-210A, which relates to annual certificates; authorizing 12 electronic methods of certain notice; updating statutory references; conforming language; providing 13 for codification; and providing an effective date. 14 15 16 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA: 18 O.S. 2011, Section 1012, is 17 SECTION 1. AMENDATORY amended to read as follows: 18 Section 1012. 19 ORGANIZATION MEETING OF INCORPORATORS OR DIRECTORS NAMED IN 20 CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION 21 A. After the filing of the certificate of incorporation, an 22 organization meeting of the incorporator or incorporators, or of the 23 board of directors if the initial directors were named in the 24

1 certificate of incorporation, shall be held either within or without 2 this state at the call of a majority of the incorporators or 3 directors, as the case may be, for the purposes of adopting bylaws, electing directors if the meeting is of the incorporators, to serve 4 5 or hold office until the first annual meeting of shareholders or until their successors are elected and qualify, electing officers if 6 the meeting is of the directors, doing any other or further acts to 7 perfect the organization of the corporation, and transacting such 8 9 other business as may come before the meeting.

B. The persons calling the meeting shall give to each other incorporator or director, as the case may be, at least two (2) days' written notice thereof by any usual means of communication, which notice shall state the time, place and purposes of the meeting as fixed by the persons calling it. Notice of the meeting need not be given to anyone who attends the meeting or who signs a waiver of notice either before or after the meeting.

C. Any action permitted to be taken at the organization meeting of the incorporators or directors, as the case may be, may be taken without a meeting if each incorporator or director, where there is more than one, or the sole incorporator or director where there is only one, signs an instrument which states the action so taken.

22 <u>D. If any incorporator is not available to act, then any person</u> 23 <u>for whom or on whose behalf the incorporator was acting directly or</u> 24 indirectly as employee or agent, may take any action that such

1	incorporator would have been authorized to take under this section			
2	or Section 1011 of this title; provided that any instrument signed			
3	by such other person, or any record of the proceedings of a meeting			
4	in which such person participated, shall state that such			
5	incorporator is not available and the reason therefor, that such			
6	incorporator was acting directly or indirectly as employee or agent			
7	for or on behalf of such person, and that such person's signature on			
8	such instrument or participation in such meeting is otherwise			
9	authorized and not wrongful.			
10	SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 18 O.S. 2011, Section 1014.1, is			
11	amended to read as follows:			
12	Section 1014.1.			
13	INTERPRETATION AND ENFORCEMENT OF THE CERTIFICATE OF			
14	INCORPORATION AND BYLAWS CORPORATE INSTRUMENTS AND PROVISIONS OF			
15	THIS TITLE			
16	A. Any shareholder, member or director may bring an action to			
17	interpret, apply or enforce the <u>or determine the validity of:</u>			
18	<u>1. The</u> provisions of the certificate of incorporation or the			
19	bylaws of a domestic corporation <u>;</u>			
20	2. Any instrument, document or agreement (a) by which a			
21	corporation creates or sells, or offers to create or sell, any of			
22	its stock, or any rights or options respecting its stock, or (b) to			
23	which a corporation and one or more holders of its stock are			
24	parties, and pursuant to which any such holder or holders sell or			

Req. No. 1394

1	offer to sell any of such stock, or (c) by which a corporation
2	agrees to sell, lease or exchange any of its property or assets, and
3	which by its terms provides that one or more holders of its stock
4	approve of or consent to such sale, lease or exchange;
5	3. Any written restrictions on the transfer, registration of
6	transfer or ownership of securities under Section 1055 of this
7	<pre>title;</pre>
8	4. Any proxy under Section 1057 or Section 1060 of this title;
9	5. Any voting trust or other voting agreement under Section
10	1063 of this title;
11	6. Any agreement, certificate of merger or consolidation, or
12	certificate of ownership and merger governed by Sections 1081
13	through 1087, or Section 1090.2 of this title;
14	7. Any certificate of conversion under Section 1090.4 or
15	Section 1090.5 of this title; or
16	8. Any other instrument, document, agreement or certificate
17	required by any provision of this title;
18	may be brought in the district court, except to the extent that a
19	statute confers exclusive jurisdiction on a court, agency or
20	tribunal other than the district court.
21	B. Any civil action to interpret, apply or enforce any
22	provision of this title may be brought in the district court.
23	
24	

1 SECTION 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 2 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1014.2 of Title 18 unless there 3 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: FORUM SELECTION PROVISIONS 4 5 The certificate of incorporation or the bylaws may require, consistent with applicable jurisdictional requirements, that any or 6 7 all internal corporate claims shall be brought solely and exclusively in any or all of the courts in this state, and no 8 9 provision of the certificate of incorporation or the bylaws may 10 prohibit bringing such claims in the courts of this state. "Internal corporate claims" means claims, including claims in the 11 right of the corporation, (a) that are based upon a violation of a 12 13 duty by a current or former director or officer or shareholder in such capacity, or (b) as to which this title confers jurisdiction 14 upon the district court. 15 SECTION 4. AMENDATORY 18 O.S. 2011, Section 1021, is 16 amended to read as follows: 17 Section 1021. 18 REGISTERED OFFICE IN STATE; PRINCIPAL OFFICE 19 OR PLACE OF BUSINESS IN STATE 20 Every corporation shall have and maintain in this state a 21 Α. registered office which may, but need not be, the same as its place 22 of business. 23 24

Req. No. 1394

1 Whenever the term "corporation's principal office or place В. of business in this state" or "principal office or place of business 2 of the corporation in this state", or other term of like import, is 3 or has been used in a corporation's certificate of incorporation, or 4 5 in any other document, or in any statute, it shall be deemed to mean and refer to, unless the context indicates otherwise, the 6 7 corporation's registered office required by this section. It shall not be necessary for any corporation to amend its certificate of 8 9 incorporation or any other document to comply with the provisions of this section. 10 11 C. As contained in any certificate of incorporation or other 12 document filed with the Secretary of State under this title, the address of a registered office shall include the street, number, 13 city, state and postal code. 14 18 O.S. 2011, Section 1022, is 15 SECTION 5. AMENDATORY amended to read as follows: 16 Section 1022. 17 REGISTERED AGENT IN STATE; RESIDENT AGENT 18 A. Every domestic corporation shall have and maintain in this 19 state a registered agent, which agent may be either any of the 20 following: 21 1. The domestic corporation itself; 22 2. An individual resident of this state; or 23 24

Req. No. 1394

1	3. A domestic or qualified foreign corporation, limited
2	liability company, limited liability partnership, or limited
3	partnership. Each registered agent shall maintain a business office
4	identical with the registered office which is open during regular
5	business hours to accept service of process and otherwise perform
6	the functions of a registered agent a domestic partnership whether
7	general or limited and including a limited liability partnership or
8	a limited liability limited partnership or a domestic limited
9	liability company; or
10	4. A foreign corporation, a foreign partnership whether general
11	or limited and including a limited liability partnership or a
12	limited liability limited partnership or a foreign limited liability
13	company, if authorized to transact business in this state.
14	B. Every foreign corporation transacting business in this state
15	shall have and maintain the Secretary of State as its registered
16	agent in this state. In addition, such foreign corporation may have
17	and maintain in this state $rac{a}{an}$ additional registered agent, which
18	agent may be either:
19	1. An individual resident of this state; or
20	2. A domestic or qualified foreign corporation, limited
21	liability company, limited liability partnership, or limited
22	partnership. Each registered agent shall maintain a business office
23	identical with the registered office which is open during regular
24	business hours to accept service of process and otherwise perform

1 the functions of a registered agent may be an individual or entity 2 set forth in subsection A of this section; provided, that the 3 foreign corporation may not be its own registered agent. If such additional registered agent is designated, service of process shall 4 5 be on such agent and not on the Secretary of State. C. Each registered agent for a domestic corporation or foreign 6 7 corporation shall: 1. If an entity, maintain a business office identical with the 8 9 registered office which is open during regular business hours, or if 10 an individual, be generally present at the registered office to 11 accept service of process and otherwise perform the functions of a 12 registered agent; 2. If a foreign entity, be authorized to transact business in 13 this state; and 14 15 3. Accept service of process and other communications directed 16 to the corporations for which it serves as registered agent and forward same to the corporation to which the service or 17 communication is directed. 18 D. Every corporation formed under the laws of this state or 19 qualified to do business in this state shall provide to its 20 registered agent, and update from time to time as necessary, the 21 name, business address and business telephone number of a natural 22 23 person who is an officer, director, employee or designated agent of 24 the corporation, who is then authorized to receive communications

1 from the registered agent. Such person shall be deemed the 2 communications contact for the corporation. Every registered agent 3 shall retain, in paper or electronic form, the information required 4 by this subsection concerning the current communications contact for 5 each corporation for which he, she or it serves as a registered agent. If the corporation fails to provide the registered agent 6 7 with a current communications contact, the registered agent may resign as the registered agent for such corporation pursuant to 8 9 Section 1026 of this title.

10 C. E. Whenever the term "resident agent" or "resident agent in charge of a corporation's principal office or place of business in 11 12 this state", or other term of like import which refers to a corporation's agent required by statute to be located in this state, 13 is or has been used in a corporation's certificate of incorporation, 14 or in any other document, or in any statute, it shall be deemed to 15 mean and refer to, unless the context indicates otherwise, the 16 corporation's registered agent required by this section. It shall 17 not be necessary for any corporation to amend its certificate of 18 incorporation or any other document to comply with the provisions of 19 this section. 20

21SECTION 6.AMENDATORY18 O.S. 2011, Section 1031, is22amended to read as follows:

23 Section 1031.

24

INDEMNIFICATION OF OFFICERS, DIRECTORS, EMPLOYEES AND AGENTS;

INSURANCE

3 A corporation shall have power to indemnify any person who Α. was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any 4 5 threatened, pending, or completed action, suit, or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative, or investigative, other 6 7 than an action by or in the right of the corporation, by reason of the fact that the person is or was a director, officer, employee, or 8 9 agent of the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the 10 corporation as a director, officer, employee, or agent of another 11 corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, or other enterprise, 12 against expenses, including attorneys' attorney fees, judgments, fines, and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably 13 incurred by the person in connection with the action, suit, or 14 15 proceeding if the person acted in good faith and in a manner the person reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best 16 interests of the corporation, and, with respect to any criminal 17 action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe the conduct 18 was unlawful. The termination of any action, suit, or proceeding by 19 judgment, order, settlement, conviction, or upon a plea of nolo 20 contendere or its equivalent, shall not, of itself, create a 21 presumption that the person did not act in good faith and in a 22 manner which the person reasonably believed to be in or not opposed 23 to the best interests of the corporation, and, with respect to any 24

1

2

1 criminal action or proceeding, had reasonable cause to believe that
2 the conduct was unlawful.

3 A corporation shall have the power to indemnify any person Β. who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any 4 5 threatened, pending, or completed action or suit by or in the right of the corporation to procure a judgment in its favor by reason of 6 the fact that the person is or was a director, officer, employee, or 7 agent of the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the 8 9 corporation as a director, officer, employee, or agent of another 10 corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, or other enterprise 11 against expenses, including attorneys' attorney fees, actually and 12 reasonably incurred by the person in connection with the defense or 13 settlement of an action or suit if the person acted in good faith and in a manner the person reasonably believed to be in or not 14 15 opposed to the best interests of the corporation and except that no indemnification shall be made in respect of any claim, issue, or 16 matter as to which the person shall have been adjudged to be liable 17 to the corporation unless and only to the extent that the court in 18 which the action or suit was brought shall determine upon 19 application that, despite the adjudication of liability but in view 20 of all the circumstances of the case, the person is fairly and 21 reasonably entitled to indemnity for expenses which the court shall 22 deem proper. 23

24

C. To the extent that a present or former director or officer of a corporation has been successful on the merits or otherwise in defense of any action, suit, or proceeding referred to in subsection A or B of this section, or in defense of any claim, issue, or matter therein, the person shall be indemnified against expenses, including attorneys' attorney fees, actually and reasonably incurred by the person in connection therewith.

D. Any indemnification under the provisions of subsection A or 8 9 B of this section, unless ordered by a court, shall be made by the 10 corporation only as authorized in the specific case upon a 11 determination that indemnification of the present or former director 12 or officer is proper in the circumstances because the person has met the applicable standard of conduct set forth in subsection A or B of 13 this section. This determination shall be made, with respect to a 14 person who is a director or officer of the corporation at the time 15 of the determination: 16

By a majority vote of the directors who are not parties to
 the action, suit, or proceeding, even though less than a quorum;

By a committee of directors designated by a majority vote of
 directors, even though less than a quorum;

3. If there are no such directors, or if such directors so
direct, by independent legal counsel in a written opinion; or
4. By the shareholders.

24

Req. No. 1394

1 E. Expenses including attorney fees incurred by an officer or director in defending a civil or, criminal, administrative or 2 3 investigative action, suit, or proceeding may be paid by the corporation in advance of the final disposition of the action, suit, 4 5 or proceeding upon receipt of an undertaking by or on behalf of the director or officer to repay the amount if it shall ultimately be 6 determined that the person is not entitled to be indemnified by the 7 corporation as authorized by the provisions of this section. 8 9 Expenses including attorney fees incurred by former directors or 10 officers or other employees and agents or persons serving at the 11 request of the corporation as directors, officers, employees or 12 agents of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise may be paid upon the terms and conditions, if any, 13 as the corporation deems appropriate. 14

The indemnification and advancement of expenses provided by 15 F. or granted pursuant to the other subsections of this section shall 16 17 not be deemed exclusive of any other rights to which those seeking indemnification or advancement of expenses may be entitled under any 18 bylaw, agreement, vote of shareholders or disinterested directors, 19 or otherwise, both as to action in the person's official capacity 20 and as to action in another capacity while holding an office. 21 А right to indemnification or to advancement of expenses arising under 22 a provision of the certificate of incorporation or a bylaw shall not 23 be eliminated or impaired by an amendment to the certificate of 24

incorporation or the bylaw after the occurrence of the act or omission that is the subject of the civil, criminal, administrative or investigative action, suit or proceeding for which indemnification or advancement of expenses is sought, unless the provision in effect at the time of such act or omission explicitly authorizes such elimination or impairment after such action or omission has occurred.

G. A corporation shall have power to purchase and maintain 8 9 insurance on behalf of any person who is or was a director, officer, 10 employee, or agent of the corporation, or is or was serving at the 11 request of the corporation as a director, officer, employee, or 12 agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, or other enterprise against any liability asserted against the person 13 and incurred by the person in any such capacity, or arising out of 14 the person's status as such, whether or not the corporation would 15 have the power to indemnify the person against liability under the 16 provisions of this section. 17

H. For purposes of this section, references to "the corporation" shall include, in addition to the resulting corporation, any constituent corporation, including any constituent of a constituent, absorbed in a consolidation or merger which, if its separate existence had continued, would have had power and authority to indemnify its directors, officers, and employees, or agents, so that any person who is or was a director, officer,

Req. No. 1394

1 employee, or agent of a constituent corporation, or is or was serving at the request of a constituent corporation as a director, 2 3 officer, employee, or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, or other enterprise, shall stand in the same 4 5 position under the provisions of this section with respect to the resulting or surviving corporation as the person would have with 6 7 respect to the constituent corporation if its separate existence had continued. 8

9 I. For purposes of this section, references to "other 10 enterprises" shall include, but are not limited to, employee benefit plans; references to "fines" shall include, but are not limited to, 11 12 any excise taxes assessed on a person with respect to an employee benefit plan; and references to "serving at the request of the 13 corporation" shall include, but are not limited to, any service as a 14 director, officer, employee, or agent of the corporation which 15 imposes duties on, or involves services, by the director, officer, 16 employee, or agent with respect to an employee benefit plan, its 17 participants, or beneficiaries; and a person who acted in good faith 18 and in a manner the person reasonably believed to be in the interest 19 of the participants and beneficiaries of an employee benefit plan 20 shall be deemed to have acted in a manner "not opposed to the best 21 interests of the corporation" as referred to in this section. 22

J. The indemnification and advancement of expenses provided by or granted pursuant to this section, unless otherwise provided when

authorized or ratified, shall continue as to a person who has ceased
 to be a director, officer, employee, or agent and shall inure to the
 benefit of the heirs, executors, and administrators of the person.

Κ. The district court is vested with exclusive jurisdiction to 4 5 hear and determine all actions for advancement of expenses or indemnification brought under this section or under any bylaw, 6 agreement, vote of shareholders or disinterested directors, or 7 otherwise. The court may summarily determine a corporation's 8 9 obligation to advance expenses including attorneys' attorney fees. 10 SECTION 7. AMENDATORY 18 O.S. 2011, Section 1033, is 11 amended to read as follows:

12 Section 1033.

ISSUANCE OF STOCK, LAWFUL CONSIDERATION+ - FULLY PAID STOCK 13 The consideration, as determined pursuant to the provisions Α. 14 of subsections A and B of Section 1034 of this title, for 15 subscriptions to, or the purchase of, the capital stock to be issued 16 by a corporation shall be paid in such form and in such manner as 17 the board of directors shall determine. The board of directors may 18 authorize capital stock to be issued for consideration consisting of 19 cash, any tangible or intangible property or any benefit to the 20 corporation, or any combination thereof, except for services to be 21 performed. The board of directors may determine the amount of such 22 23 consideration by approving a formula by which the amount of consideration is determined. In the absence of actual fraud in the 24

Req. No. 1394

1 transaction, the judgment of the directors as to the value of such 2 consideration shall be conclusive. The capital stock so issued 3 shall be deemed to be fully paid and nonassessable stock upon 4 receipt by the corporation of the authorized consideration.

B. The provisions of subsection A of this section shall not be
construed to prevent the board of directors from issuing partly paid
shares in accordance with the provisions of Section 1037 of this
title.

9 SECTION 8. AMENDATORY 18 O.S. 2011, Section 1039, is 10 amended to read as follows:

11 Section 1039.

12 STOCK CERTIFICATES, UNCERTIFICATED SHARES The shares of a corporation shall be represented by 13 certificates, provided that the board of directors of the 14 corporation may provide by resolution or resolutions that some or 15 all of any or all classes or series of its stock shall be 16 17 uncertificated shares. Any such resolution shall not apply to shares represented by a certificate until the certificate is 18 surrendered to the corporation. Every holder of stock represented 19 by certificates shall be entitled to have a certificate signed by, 20 or in the name of, the corporation by the chairman or vice-chairman 21 of the board of directors, or the president or vice-president, and 22 23 by the treasurer or an assistant treasurer or the secretary or an assistant secretary any two authorized officers of the corporation 24

Req. No. 1394

representing the number of shares registered in certificate form. 1 2 Any or all the signatures on the certificate may be a facsimile. In 3 case any officer, transfer agent, or registrar who has signed or whose facsimile signature has been placed upon a certificate shall 4 5 have ceased to be such officer, transfer agent, or registrar before the certificate is issued, it may be issued by the corporation with 6 7 the same effect as if he were such officer, transfer agent or registrar at the date of issue. A corporation shall not have the 8 9 power to issue a certificate in bearer form.

10 SECTION 9. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 11 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1055.1 of Title 18, unless there 12 is created a duplication in numbering, which reads as follows:

13 RATIFICATION OF DEFECTIVE CORPORATE ACTS AND STOCK
14 A. Subject to subsection F of this section, no defective
15 corporate act or putative stock shall be void or voidable solely as
16 a result of a failure of authorization if ratified as provided in
17 this section or validated by the District Court in a proceeding
18 brought under Section 10 of this act.

B. 1. In order to ratify one or more defective corporate acts pursuant to this section, other than the ratification of an election of the initial board of directors pursuant to paragraph 2 of this subsection, the board of directors of the corporation shall adopt resolutions stating:

24

a. the defective corporate act or acts to be ratified,

b. the date of each defective corporate act or act,
c. if such defective corporate act or acts involved the
issuance of shares of putative stock, the number and
type of shares of putative stock issued and the date
or dates upon which such putative shares were
purported to have been issued,

d. the nature of the failure of authorization in respect
of each defective corporate act to be ratified, and
e. that the board of directors approves the ratification
of the defective corporate act or acts.

11 The resolutions may also provide that, at any time before the validation effective time for the defective act or acts, 12 13 notwithstanding approval of the ratification by shareholders, the board of directors may abandon the ratification without further 14 action of the shareholders. The quorum and voting requirements 15 applicable to the ratification by the board of directors shall be 16 17 the quorum and voting requirements applicable at the time to the type of defective corporate act proposed to be ratified when the 18 board adopts the resolutions ratifying the defective corporate act; 19 provided that if the certificate of incorporation or bylaws of the 20 corporation, any plan or agreement to which the corporation was a 21 party or any provision of Title 18 of the Oklahoma Statutes, in each 22 case as in effect as of the time of the defective corporate act, 23 would have required a larger number or portion of directors or of 24

1 specified directors for a quorum to be present or to approve the defective corporate act, such larger number or portion of such 2 3 directors or such specified directors shall be required for a quorum 4 to be present or to adopt the ratifying resolutions, as applicable, 5 except that the presence or approval of any director elected, appointed or nominated by holders of any class or series of which no 6 7 shares are then outstanding, or by any person that is no longer a shareholder, shall not be required. 8

9 2. To ratify a defective corporate act in respect of the 10 election of the initial board of directors of the corporation, a 11 majority of the persons who, at the time the resolutions required by 12 this paragraph are adopted, are exercising the powers of directors 13 under claim and color of an election or appointment as such may 14 adopt resolutions stating:

15	a.	the name of the person or persons who first took
16		action in the name of the corporation as the initial
17		board of directors of the corporation,
18	b.	the earlier of the date on which such persons first
19		took such action or were purported to have been
20		elected as the initial board of directors, and
21	с.	that the ratification of the election of such person
22		or persons as the initial board of directors is
23		approved.
24		

1 C. Each defective corporate act ratified pursuant to paragraph 1 of subsection B of this section shall be submitted to shareholders 2 3 for approval as provided in subsection D of this section, unless (1) no other provision of Title 18 of the Oklahoma Statutes, and no 4 5 provision of the certificate of incorporation or bylaws of the corporation, or of any plan or agreement to which the corporation is 6 7 a party, would have required shareholder approval of the defective corporate act to be ratified, either at the time of the defective 8 9 corporate act or at the time the board of directors adopts the 10 resolutions ratifying the defective corporate act pursuant to 11 paragraph 1 of subsection B of this section, and (2) the defective 12 corporate act did not result from a failure to comply with Section 13 1090.3 of Title 18 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

If ratification of a defective corporate act is required to 14 D. 15 be submitted to shareholders for approval pursuant to subsection C of this section, due notice of the time, place, if any, and purpose 16 17 of the meeting shall be given at least twenty (20) days before the date of the meeting to each holder of valid stock and putative 18 stock, whether voting or nonvoting, at the address of such holder as 19 it appears or most recently appeared, as appropriate, on the records 20 of the corporation. The notice shall also be given to the holders 21 of record of valid stock and putative stock, whether voting or 22 nonvoting, as of the time of the defective corporate act, other than 23 holders whose identities or addresses cannot be determined from the 24

Req. No. 1394

1 records of the corporation. The notice shall contain a copy of the resolutions adopted by the board of directors pursuant to paragraph 2 1 of subsection B of this section or the information required by 3 paragraphs a through e of paragraph 1 of subsection B of this 4 5 section and a statement that any claim that the defective corporate act or putative stock ratified hereunder is void or voidable due to 6 the failure of authorization, or that the District Court should 7 declare in its discretion that a ratification in accordance with 8 9 this section not be effective or be effective only on certain 10 conditions must be brought within one hundred twenty (120) days from 11 the validation effective time. At such meeting the quorum and 12 voting requirements applicable to the ratification of such defective 13 corporate act shall be the quorum and voting requirements applicable to the type of defective corporate act proposed to be ratified at 14 the time of the approval of the ratification, except that: 15

If the certificate of incorporation or bylaws of the 16 1. corporation, any plan or agreement to which the corporation was a 17 party or any provision of this title in effect as of the time of the 18 defective corporate act would have required a larger number or 19 portion of stock or of any class or series thereof or of specified 20 shareholders for a quorum to be present or to approve the defective 21 corporate act, the presence or approval of such larger number or 22 portion of stock or of such class or series thereof or of such 23 specified shareholders shall be required for a quorum to be present 24

Req. No. 1394

1 or to approve the ratification of the defective corporate act, as 2 applicable, except that the presence or approval of shares of any 3 class or series of which no shares are then outstanding, or of any 4 person that is no longer a shareholder, shall not be required;

5 2. The approval by shareholders of the ratification of the election of a director shall require the affirmative vote of the 6 7 majority of shares present at the meeting and entitled to vote on the election of such director, except that if the certificate of 8 9 incorporation or bylaws of the corporation then in effect or in 10 effect at the time of the defective election require or required a 11 larger number or portion of stock or of any class or series thereof or of specified shareholders to elect such director, the affirmative 12 vote of such larger number or portion of stock or of any class or 13 series thereof or of specified shareholders shall be required to 14 ratify the election of such director, except that the presence or 15 approval of shares of any class or series of which no shares are 16 then outstanding, or of any person that is no longer a shareholder, 17 shall not be required; and 18

In the event of a failure of authorization resulting from
 failure to comply with the provisions of Section 1090.3 of Title 18
 of the Oklahoma Statutes, the ratification of the defective
 corporate act shall require the vote set forth in paragraph 3 of
 subsection A of Section 1090.3 of Title 18 of the Oklahoma Statutes,
 regardless of whether such vote would have otherwise been required.

Req. No. 1394

1 Shares of putative stock on the record date for determining 2 shareholders entitled to vote on any matter submitted to 3 shareholders pursuant to subsection C of this section, and without 4 giving effect to any ratification that becomes effective after such 5 record date, shall neither be entitled to vote nor counted for 6 quorum purposes in any vote to ratify any defective corporate act.

7 Ε. If a defective corporate act ratified pursuant to this section would have required under any other section of Title 18 of 8 9 the Oklahoma Statutes the filing of a certificate in accordance with 10 Section 1007 of Title 18 of the Oklahoma Statutes, then, whether or 11 not a certificate was previously filed in respect of such defective 12 corporate act and in lieu of filing the certificate otherwise 13 required by Title 18 of the Oklahoma Statutes, the corporation shall file a certificate of validation with respect to such defective 14 corporate act in accordance with Section 1007 of Title 18 of the 15 Oklahoma Statutes. A separate certificate of validation shall be 16 17 required for each defective corporate act requiring the filing of a certificate of validation under this section, except that (i) two or 18 more defective corporate acts may be included in a single 19 certificate of validation if the corporation filed, or to comply 20 with Title 18 of the Oklahoma Statutes would have filed, a single 21 certificate under another provision of Title 18 of the Oklahoma 22 Statutes to effect such acts, and (ii) two or more overissues of 23 shares of any class, classes or series of stock may be included in a 24

Req. No. 1394

single certificate of validation, provided that the increase in the number of authorized shares of each such class or series set forth in the certificate of validation shall be effective as of the date of the first such overissue. The certificate of validation shall set forth:

1. Each defective corporate act that is the subject of the 6 certificate of validation, including, in the case of any defective 7 corporate act involving the issuance of shares of putative stock, 8 9 the number and type of shares of putative stock issued and the date 10 or dates upon which such putative shares were purported to have been 11 issued, the date of such defective corporate act, and the nature of 12 the failure of authorization in respect of such defective corporate 13 act;

14 2. A statement that such defective corporate act was ratified 15 in accordance with this section, including the date on which the 16 board of directors ratified such defective corporate act and the 17 date, if any, on which the shareholders approved the ratification of 18 such defective corporate act; and

3. The information required by one of the following paragraphs:
a. if a certificate was previously filed under Section
1007 of Title 18 of the Oklahoma Statutes in respect
of such defective corporate act and no changes to such
certificate are required to give effect to such
defective corporate act in accordance with this

Req. No. 1394

section, the certificate of validation shall set forth (1) the name, title and filing date of the certificate previously filed and of any certificate of correction thereto and (2) a statement that a copy of the certificate previously filed, together with any certificate of correction thereto, is attached as an exhibit to the certificate of validation,

b. if a certificate was previously filed under Section 8 9 1007 of Title 18 of the Oklahoma Statutes in respect 10 of the defective corporate act and such certificate requires any change to give effect to the defective 11 12 corporate act in accordance with this section, 13 including a change to the date and time of the effectiveness of such certificate, the certificate of 14 15 validation shall set forth (1) the name, title and filing date of the certificate so previously filed and 16 of any certificate of correction thereto, (2) a 17 statement that a certificate containing all of the 18 information required to be included under the 19 applicable section or sections of Title 18 of the 20 Oklahoma Statutes to give effect to the defective 21 corporate act is attached as an exhibit to the 22 23 certificate of validation, and (3) the date and time

24

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

1 that such certificate shall be deemed to have become 2 effective pursuant to this section, or 3 if a certificate was not previously filed under с. Section 1007 of Title 18 of the Oklahoma Statutes in 4 5 respect of the defective corporate act and the defective corporate act ratified pursuant to this 6 7 section would have required under any other section of Title 18 of the Oklahoma Statutes the filing of a 8 9 certificate in accordance with Section 1007 of Title 10 18 of the Oklahoma Statutes, the certificate of validation shall set forth (1) a statement that a 11 12 certificate containing all of the information required 13 to be included under the applicable section or sections of Title 18 of the Oklahoma Statutes to give 14 15 effect to the defective corporate act is attached as an exhibit to the certificate of validation, and (2) 16 the date and time that such certificate shall be 17 deemed to have become effective pursuant to this 18 section. 19

A certificate attached to a certificate of validation pursuant to subparagraph b or c of paragraph 3 of this subsection need not be separately executed and acknowledged and need not include any statement required by any other section of Title 18 of the Oklahoma

24

Statutes that such instrument has been approved and adopted in
 accordance with the provisions of such other section.

3 F. From and after the validation effective time, unless 4 otherwise determined in an action brought pursuant to Section 10 of 5 this act:

1. Subject to the last sentence of subsection D of this
section, each defective corporate act ratified in accordance with
this section shall no longer be deemed void or voidable as a result
of the failure of authorization described in the adopted resolutions
and such effect shall be retroactive to the time of the defective
corporate act, and

12 2. Subject to the last sentence of subsection D of this 13 section, each share or fraction of a share of putative stock issued 14 or purportedly issued pursuant to any such defective corporate act 15 shall no longer be deemed void or voidable and shall be deemed to be 16 an identical share or fraction of a share of outstanding stock as of 17 the time it was purportedly issued.

G. In respect of each defective corporate act ratified by the board of directors pursuant to subsection B of this section, prompt notice of the ratification shall be given to all holders of valid stock and putative stock, whether voting or nonvoting, as of the date the board of directors adopts the resolutions approving such defective corporate act, or as of a date within sixty (60) days after the date of adoption, as established by the board of

Req. No. 1394

1 directors, at the address of such holder as it appears or most 2 recently appeared, as appropriate, on the records of the 3 corporation. The notice shall also be given to the holders of record of valid stock and putative stock, whether voting or 4 5 nonvoting, as of the time of the defective corporate act, other than holders whose identities or addresses cannot be determined from the 6 7 records of the corporation. The notice shall contain a copy of the resolutions adopted pursuant to subsection B of this section or the 8 9 information specified in subparagraphs a through e of paragraph 1 of 10 subsection B of this section or subparagraphs a through c of 11 paragraph 2 of subsection B of this section, as applicable, and a 12 statement that any claim that the defective corporate act or putative stock ratified hereunder is void or voidable due to the 13 failure of authorization, or that the District Court should declare 14 in its discretion that a ratification in accordance with this 15 section not be effective or be effective only on certain conditions 16 must be brought within one hundred twenty (120) days from the later 17 of the validation effective time or the time at which the notice 18 required by this subsection is given. Notwithstanding the 19 foregoing, no such notice shall be required if notice of the 20 ratification of the defective corporate act is to be given in 21 accordance with subsection D of this section, and in the case of a 22 corporation that has a class of stock listed on a national 23 securities exchange, the notice required by this subsection may be 24

deemed given if disclosed in a document publicly filed by the 1 2 corporation with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Sections 13, 14 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as 3 amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, or 4 5 the corresponding provisions of any subsequent United States federal securities laws, rules or regulations. If any defective corporate 6 7 act has been approved by shareholders acting pursuant to Section 1073 of Title 18 of the Oklahoma Statutes, the notice required by 8 9 this subsection may be included in any notice required to be given 10 pursuant to subsection F of Section 1073 of Title 18 of the Oklahoma 11 Statutes and, if so given, shall be sent to the shareholders entitled to notice under subsection F of Section 1073 of Title 18 of 12 the Oklahoma Statutes and to all holders of valid and putative stock 13 to whom notice would be required under this subsection if the 14 15 defective corporate act had been approved at a meeting other than any shareholder who approved the action by consent in lieu of a 16 meeting pursuant to Section 1073 of Title 18 of the Oklahoma 17 Statutes or any holder of putative stock who otherwise consented 18 thereto in writing. Solely for purposes of subsection D of this 19 section and this subsection, notice to holders of putative stock, 20 and notice to holders of valid stock and putative stock as of the 21 time of the defective corporate act, shall be treated as notice to 22 holders of valid stock for purposes of Sections 1067, 1073,1074, 23 1075, 1075.2 and 1075.3 of Title 18 of the Oklahoma Statutes. 24

H. As used in this section and in Section 10 of this act only,
 the term:

1. "Defective corporate act" means an overissue, an election or appointment of directors that is void or voidable due to a failure of authorization, or any act or transaction purportedly taken by or on behalf of the corporation that is, and at the time such act or transaction was purportedly taken would have been, within the power of a corporation under subchapter II of Title 18 of the Oklahoma Statutes, but is void or voidable due to a failure of authorization;

"Failure of authorization" means (a) the failure to 10 2. 11 authorize or effect an act or transaction in compliance with the 12 provisions of Title 18 of the Oklahoma Statutes, the certificate of incorporation or bylaws of the corporation, or any plan or agreement 13 to which the corporation is a party, if and to the extent such 14 failure would render such act or transaction void or voidable, or 15 (b) the failure of the board of directors or any officer of the 16 corporation to authorize or approve any act or transaction taken by 17 or on behalf of the corporation that would have required for its due 18 authorization the approval of the board of directors or such 19 officer; 20

3. "Overissue" means the purported issuance of (a) shares of
capital stock of a class or series in excess of the number of shares
of such class or series the corporation has the power to issue under
Section 1042 of Title 18 of the Oklahoma Statutes at the time of

1 such issuance, or (b) shares of any class or series of capital stock
2 that is not then authorized for issuance by the certificate of
3 incorporation of the corporation;

"Putative stock" means the shares of any class or series of 4. 4 5 capital stock of the corporation, including shares issued upon exercise of options, rights, warrants or other securities 6 convertible into shares of capital stock of the corporation, or 7 interests with respect thereto that were created or issued pursuant 8 9 to a defective corporate act, that: (a) but for any failure of 10 authorization, would constitute valid stock, or (b) cannot be 11 determined by the board of directors to be valid stock;

12 5. "Time of the defective corporate act" means the date and13 time the defective corporate act was purported to have been taken;

14 6. "Valid stock" means the shares of any class or series of 15 capital stock of the corporation that have been duly authorized and 16 validly issued in accordance with Title 18 of the Oklahoma Statutes; 17 and

18 7. "Validation effective time" with respect to any defective 19 corporate act ratified pursuant to this section means the latest of 20 (a) the time at which the defective act submitted to the 21 shareholders for approval pursuant to subsection C of this section 22 is approved by such shareholders, or if no such vote of shareholders 23 is required to approve the ratification, the time at which the board 24 of directors adopts the resolutions required by paragraphs 1 or 2 of

Req. No. 1394

1 subsection B of this section, (b) where no certificate of validation 2 is required to be filed pursuant to subsection E of this section, 3 the time, if any, specified by the board of directors in the resolutions adopted pursuant to paragraphs 1 or 2 of subsection B of 4 5 this section, which time shall not precede the time at which such resolutions are adopted; and (c) the time at which any certificate 6 of validation filed pursuant to subsection E of this section shall 7 become effective in accordance with Section 1007 of Title 18 of the 8 9 Oklahoma Statutes.

In the absence of actual fraud in the transaction, the judgment of the board of directors that shares of stock are valid stock or putative stock shall be conclusive, unless otherwise determined by the District Court in a proceeding brought pursuant to Section 10 of this act.

I. Ratification under this section or validation under Section 15 10 of this act shall not be deemed to be the exclusive means of 16 ratifying or validating any act or transaction taken by or on behalf 17 of the corporation, including any defective corporate act, or any 18 issuance of stock, including any putative stock, or of adopting or 19 endorsing any act or transaction taken by or in the name of the 20 corporation prior to the commencement of its existence, and the 21 absence or failure of ratification in accordance with either this 22 section or validation under Section 10 of this act shall not, of 23 itself, affect the validity or effectiveness of any act or 24

Req. No. 1394

1 transaction or the issuance of any stock properly ratified under 2 common law or otherwise, nor shall it create a presumption that any 3 such act or transaction is or was a defective corporate act or that 4 such stock is void or voidable.

SECTION 10. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1055.2 of Title 18, unless there
is created a duplication in numbering, which reads as follows:
PROCEEDINGS REGARDING VALIDITY OF DEFECTIVE CORPORATE ACTS AND
STOCK

10 Α. Subject to subsection F of this section, upon application by 11 the corporation, any successor entity to the corporation, any member 12 of the board of directors, any record or beneficial holder of valid stock or putative stock, any record or beneficial holder of valid or 13 putative stock as of the time of a defective corporate act ratified 14 15 pursuant to Section 9 of this act, or any other person claiming to be substantially and adversely affected by a ratification pursuant 16 to Section 9 of this act, the district court may: 17

Determine the validity and effectiveness of any defective
 corporate act ratified pursuant to Section 9 of this act;

Determine the validity and effectiveness of the ratification
 of any defective corporate act pursuant to Section 9 of this act;

3. Determine the validity and effectiveness of any defective
corporate act not ratified or not ratified effectively pursuant to
Section 9 of this act;

Req. No. 1394

4. Determine the validity of any corporate act or transaction
 and any stock, rights or options to acquire stock; and

3 5. Modify or waive any of the procedures set forth in Section 94 of this act to ratify a defective corporate act.

5 B. In connection with an action under this section, the6 district court may:

7 1. Declare that a ratification in accordance with and pursuant
8 to Section 9 of this act is not effective or shall only be effective
9 at a time or upon conditions established by the court;

10 2. Validate and declare effective any defective corporate act 11 or putative stock and impose conditions upon such validation by the 12 court;

Require measures to remedy or avoid harm to any person
 substantially and adversely affected by a ratification pursuant to
 Section 9 of this act or from any order of the court pursuant to
 this section, excluding any harm that would have resulted if the
 defective corporate act had been valid when approved or effectuated;

4. Order the Secretary of State to accept an instrument for
filing with an effective time specified by the court, which
effective time may be prior or subsequent to the time of such order,
provided that the filing date of such instrument shall be determined
in accordance with paragraph 4 of subsection C of Section 1007 of
Title 18 of the Oklahoma Statutes;

24

Req. No. 1394

5. Approve a stock ledger for the corporation that includes any
 stock ratified or validated in accordance with this section or with
 Section 9 of this act;

6. Declare that shares of putative stock are shares of valid
5 stock or require a corporation to issue and deliver shares of valid
6 stock in place of any shares of putative stock;

7 7. Order that a meeting of holders of valid stock or putative
8 stock be held and exercise the powers provided to the court under
9 Section 1027 of Title 18 of the Oklahoma Statutes with respect to
10 such a meeting;

11 8. Declare that a defective corporate act validated by the 12 court shall be effective as of the time of the defective corporate 13 act or at such other time as the court shall determine;

9. Declare that putative stock validated by the court shall be deemed to be an identical share or fraction of a share of valid stock as of the time originally issued or purportedly issued or at such other time as the court shall determine; and

18 10. Make such other orders regarding such matters as it deems19 proper under the circumstances.

C. Service of the application under subsection A of this section upon the registered agent of the corporation shall be deemed to be service upon the corporation, and no other party need be joined in order for the district court to adjudicate the matter. In an action filed by the corporation, the court may require notice of

Req. No. 1394

1 the action be provided to other persons specified by the court and 2 permit such other persons to intervene in the action.

3 D. In connection with the resolution of matters pursuant to 4 subsections A and B of this section, the district court may consider 5 the following:

1. Whether the defective corporate act was originally approved
or effectuated with the belief that the approval or effectuation was
in compliance with the provisions of Title 18 of the Oklahoma
Statutes, the certificate of incorporation or bylaws of the
corporation;

11 2. Whether the corporation and board of directors has treated 12 the defective corporate act as a valid act or transaction and 13 whether any person has acted in reliance on the public record that 14 such defective corporate act was valid;

3. Whether any person will be or was harmed by the ratification or validation of the defective corporate act, excluding any harm that would have resulted if the defective corporate act had been valid when approved or effectuated;

Whether any person will be harmed by the failure to ratify
 or validate the defective corporate act; and

21 5. Any other factors or considerations the court deems just and 22 equitable.

- 23
- 24

E. The district court is hereby vested with exclusive
 jurisdiction to hear and determine all actions brought under this
 section.

4 F. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, no 5 action asserting:

1. That a defective corporate act or putative stock ratified
in accordance with Section 9 of this act is void or voidable due to
a failure of authorization identified in the resolution adopted in
accordance with subsection B of Section 9 of this act; or

That the district court should declare in its discretion 10 2. 11 that a ratification in accordance with Section 9 of this act not be 12 effective or be effective only on certain conditions, may be brought after the expiration of one hundred twenty (120) days 13 from the later of the validation effective time and the time notice, 14 15 if any, that is required to be given pursuant to subsection G of Section 9 of this act is given with respect to such ratification, 16 except that this subsection shall not apply to an action asserting 17 that a ratification was not accomplished in accordance with Section 18 9 of this act or to any person to whom notice of the ratification 19 was required to have been given pursuant to subsections D or G of 20 Section 9 of this act, but to whom such notice was not given. 21

22 SECTION 11. AMENDATORY 18 O.S. 2011, Section 1056, is 23 amended to read as follows:

24 Section 1056.

Req. No. 1394

1

MEETINGS OF SHAREHOLDERS

2 1. Meetings of shareholders may be held at such place, Α. 3 either within or without this state, as may be designated by or in the manner provided in the certificate of incorporation or bylaws 4 5 or, if not so designated, as determined by the board of directors. If, pursuant to this paragraph or the certificate of incorporation 6 7 or the bylaws of the corporation, the board of directors is authorized to determine the place of a meeting of shareholders, the 8 9 board of directors may, in its sole discretion, determine that the 10 meeting shall not be held at any place, but may instead be held 11 solely by means of remote communication as authorized by paragraph 2 12 of this subsection.

13 2. If authorized by the board of directors in its sole 14 discretion, and subject to such guidelines and procedures as the 15 board of directors may adopt, shareholders and proxyholders not 16 physically present at a meeting of shareholders may, by means of 17 remote communication:

a. participate in a meeting of shareholders, and
b. be deemed present in person and vote at a meeting of
shareholders whether the meeting is to be held at a
designated place or solely by means of remote
communication, provided that:
(1) the corporation shall implement reasonable

(1) the corporation shall implement reasonable
 measures to verify that each person deemed

Req. No. 1394

present and permitted to vote at the meeting by means of remote communication is a shareholder or proxyholder,

- (2) the corporation shall implement reasonable 4 5 measures to provide such shareholders and proxyholders a reasonable opportunity to 6 7 participate in the meeting and to vote on matters submitted to the shareholders, including an 8 9 opportunity to read or hear the proceedings of 10 the meeting substantially concurrently with the 11 proceedings, and
- 12 (3) if any shareholder or proxyholder votes or takes
 13 other action at the meeting by means of remote
 14 communication, a record of the vote or other
 15 action shall be maintained by the corporation.

1. Unless directors are elected by written consent in lieu 16 Β. of an annual meeting as permitted by this subsection, an annual 17 meeting of shareholders shall be held for the election of directors 18 on a date and at a time designated by or in the manner provided for 19 in the bylaws. Shareholders may, unless the certificate of 20 incorporation otherwise provides, act by written consent to elect 21 directors; provided, however, that if the consent is less than 22 unanimous, the action by written consent may be in lieu of holding 23 an annual meeting only if all of the directorships to which 24

Req. No. 1394

1 directors could be elected at an annual meeting held at the 2 effective time of the action are vacant and are filled by the 3 action.

4 2. Any other proper business may be transacted at the annual5 meeting.

C. A failure to hold the annual meeting at the designated time 6 or to elect a sufficient number of directors to conduct the business 7 of the corporation shall not affect otherwise valid corporate acts 8 9 or work a forfeiture or dissolution of the corporation except as may 10 be otherwise specifically provided for in this act. If the annual meeting for election of directors is not held on the date designated 11 12 therefor or action by written consent to elect directors in lieu of an annual meeting has not been taken, the directors shall cause the 13 meeting to be held as soon as is convenient. If there is a failure 14 to hold the annual meeting or action by written consent to elect 15 directors in lieu of an annual meeting for a period of thirty (30) 16 days after the date designated for the annual meeting, or if no date 17 has been designated, for a period of thirteen (13) months after the 18 latest to occur of the organization of the corporation, its last 19 annual meeting, or the last action by written consent to elect 20 directors in lieu of an annual meeting, the district court may 21 summarily order a meeting to be held upon the application of any 22 shareholder or director. The shares of stock represented at the 23 meeting, either in person or by proxy, and entitled to vote thereat, 24

Req. No. 1394

1 shall constitute a quorum for the purpose of the meeting,
2 notwithstanding any provision of the certificate of incorporation or
3 bylaws to the contrary. The district court may issue orders as may
4 be appropriate, including, without limitation, orders designating
5 the time and place of the meeting, the record date <u>or dates</u> for
6 determination of shareholders entitled <u>to notice of the meeting and</u>
7 to vote, and the form of notice of the meeting.

D. Special meetings of the shareholders may be called by the
board of directors or by the person or persons as may be authorized
by the certificate of incorporation or by the bylaws.

11 E. All elections of directors shall be by written ballot, 12 unless otherwise provided for in the certificate of incorporation; if authorized by the board of directors, the requirement of a 13 written ballot shall be satisfied by a ballot submitted by 14 electronic transmission; provided that the electronic transmission 15 must either set forth or be submitted with information from which it 16 can be determined that the electronic transmission was authorized by 17 the shareholder or proxyholder. 18

19SECTION 12.AMENDATORY18 O.S. 2011, Section 1058, is20amended to read as follows:

21 Section 1058.

FIXING DATE FOR DETERMINATION OF SHAREHOLDERS OF RECORD
A. In order that the corporation may determine the shareholders
entitled to notice of or to vote at any meeting of shareholders or

1 any adjournment thereof, the board of directors may fix a record 2 date, which record date shall not precede the date upon which the 3 resolution fixing the record date is adopted by the board of directors, and which record date shall not be more than sixty (60) 4 5 nor less than ten (10) days before the date of such meeting. If the board of directors so fixes a date, such date shall also be the 6 7 record date for determining the shareholders entitled to vote at such meeting unless the board of directors determines, at the time 8 9 it fixes such record date, that a later date on or before the date 10 of the meeting shall be the date for making such determination. Ιf no record date is fixed by the board of directors, the record date 11 12 for determining shareholders entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of shareholders shall be at the close of business on the day 13 next preceding the day on which notice is given, or, if notice is 14 15 waived, at the close of business on the day next preceding the day on which the meeting is held. A determination of shareholders of 16 record entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of shareholders 17 shall apply to any adjournment of the meeting; provided, however, 18 that the board of directors may fix a new record date for the 19 adjourned meeting and in such case shall also fix as the record date 20 for shareholders entitled to notice of such adjourned meeting the 21 same or an earlier date as that fixed for determination of 22 23 shareholders entitled to vote in accordance with the foregoing 24 provisions of this section at the adjourned meeting.

Req. No. 1394

1 B. 1. In order that the corporation may determine the 2 shareholders entitled to consent to corporate action in writing without a meeting, the board of directors may fix a record date, 3 which record date shall not precede the date upon which the 4 5 resolution fixing the record date is adopted by the board of directors, and which date shall not be more than ten (10) days after 6 7 the date upon which the resolution fixing the record date is adopted by the board of directors. If no record date has been fixed by the 8 9 board of directors, the record date for determining shareholders 10 entitled to consent to corporate action in writing without a 11 meeting, when no prior action by the board of directors is required 12 by the Oklahoma General Corporation Act, shall be the first date on which a signed written consent setting forth the action taken or 13 proposed to be taken is delivered to the corporation by delivery to 14 its registered office in this state, its principal place of 15 business, or an officer or agent of the corporation having custody 16 17 of the book in which proceedings of meetings of shareholders are Delivery made to a corporation's registered office shall 18 recorded. be by hand or by certified or registered mail, return receipt 19 requested. If no record date has been fixed by the board of 20 directors and prior action by the board of directors is required by 21 the Oklahoma General Corporation Act, the record date for 22 determining shareholders entitled to consent to corporate action in 23 writing without a meeting shall be at the close of business on the 24

1 day on which the board of directors adopts the resolution taking
2 such prior action.

2. The provisions of this subsection shall be effective with 4 respect to corporate actions taken by written consent, and to such 5 written consent or consents, as to which the first written consent 6 is executed or solicited after November 1, 1988.

7 С. In order that the corporation may determine the shareholders entitled to receive payment of any dividend or other distribution or 8 9 allotment of any rights or the shareholders entitled to exercise any 10 rights in respect of any change, conversion or exchange of stock, or 11 for the purpose of any other lawful action, the board of directors 12 may fix a record date, which record date shall not precede the date upon which the resolution fixing the record date is adopted, and 13 which record date shall be not more than sixty (60) days prior to 14 such action. If no record date is fixed, the record date for 15 determining shareholders for any such purpose shall be at the close 16 of business on the day on which the board of directors adopts the 17 resolution relating thereto. 18

19SECTION 13.AMENDATORY18 O.S. 2011, Section 1063, is20amended to read as follows:

21 Section 1063.

22 VOTING TRUSTS AND OTHER VOTING AGREEMENTS
 23 A. One (1) or more shareholders, by agreement in writing, may
 24 deposit capital stock of an original issue with or transfer capital

1 stock to any person or persons, or entity or entities, authorized to 2 act as trustee, for the purpose of vesting in the person or persons, 3 or entity or entities, who may be designated voting trustee, or voting trustees, the right to vote thereon for any period of time 4 5 determined by the agreement upon the terms and conditions stated in the agreement. The agreement may contain any other lawful 6 7 provisions not inconsistent with its purpose. After the filing delivery of a copy of the agreement in to the registered office of 8 9 the corporation in this state or the principal place of business of 10 the corporation, which copy shall be open to the inspection of any shareholder of the corporation or any beneficiary of the trust under 11 12 the agreement daily during business hours, certificates of stock or uncertificated stock shall be issued to the voting trustee or 13 trustees to represent any stock of an original issue so deposited 14 15 with the trustee or trustees, and any certificates of stock or uncertificated stock so transferred to the voting trustee or 16 trustees shall be surrendered and canceled and new certificates or 17 uncertificated stock shall be issued therefor to the voting trustee 18 or trustees. In the certificate so issued, if any, it shall be 19 stated that it is issued pursuant to the agreement and that fact 20 shall also be stated in the stock ledger of the corporation. 21 The voting trustee or trustees may vote the stock so issued or 22 transferred during the period specified in the agreement. Stock 23 standing in the name of the voting trustee or trustees may be voted 24

Req. No. 1394

1 either in person or by proxy. In voting the stock, the voting trustee or trustees shall incur no responsibility as shareholder, 2 trustee, or otherwise, except for the trustee's or trustees' own 3 individual malfeasance. In any case where two (2) or more persons 4 5 or entities are designated as voting trustees, and the right and method of voting any stock standing in their names at any meeting of 6 the corporation are not fixed by the agreement appointing the 7 trustees, the right to vote the stock and the manner of voting it at 8 9 the meeting shall be determined by a majority of the trustees, or if 10 they be equally divided or the right and manner of voting the stock in any particular case, the vote of the stock shall be divided 11 12 equally among the trustees.

B. Any amendment to a voting trust agreement shall be made by a
written agreement, a copy of which shall be filed in delivered to
the registered office of the corporation in this state or the
principal place of business of the corporation.

17 C. An agreement between two (2) or more shareholders, if in 18 writing and signed by the parties thereto, may provide that in 19 exercising any voting rights, the shares held by them shall be voted 20 as provided by the agreement, or as the parties may agree, or as 21 determined in accordance with a procedure agreed upon by them.

D. This section shall not be construed to invalidate any voting or other agreement among shareholders or any irrevocable proxy which is not otherwise illegal.

Req. No. 1394

1SECTION 14.AMENDATORY18 O.S. 2011, Section 1064, is2amended to read as follows:

3 Section 1064.

4 LIST OF SHAREHOLDERS ENTITLED TO VOTE; PENALTY FOR REFUSAL TO 5 PRODUCE STOCK LEDGER

The officer who has charge of the stock ledger of a 6 Α. corporation shall prepare and make, at least ten (10) days before 7 every meeting of shareholders, a complete list of the shareholders 8 9 entitled to vote at the meeting; provided, however, if the record 10 date for determining the shareholders entitled to vote is less than 11 ten (10) days before the meeting date, the list shall reflect the 12 shareholders entitled to vote as of the tenth day before the meeting 13 date, arranged in alphabetical order, and showing the address of each shareholder and the number of shares registered in the name of 14 each shareholder. Nothing contained in this section shall require 15 the corporation to include electronic mail addresses or other 16 17 electronic contact information on the list. The list shall be open to the examination of any shareholder, for any purpose germane to 18 the meeting for a period of at least ten (10) days prior to the 19 meeting: 20

21 1. On a reasonably accessible electronic network; provided that 22 the information required to gain access to the list is provided with 23 the notice of the meeting; or

24

2. During ordinary business hours, at the principal place of 1 2 business of the corporation. In the event that the corporation determines to make the list available on an electronic network, the 3 corporation may take reasonable steps to ensure that the information 4 5 is available only to shareholders of the corporation. If the meeting is to be held at a place, then the list shall also be 6 produced and kept at the time and place of the meeting during the 7 whole time thereof, and may be inspected by any shareholder who is 8 9 present. If the meeting is to be held solely by means of remote 10 communication, then the list shall also be open to the examination 11 of any shareholder during the whole time of the meeting on a 12 reasonably accessible electronic network, and the information required to access the list shall be provided with the notice of the 13 meeting. 14

B. Upon the willful neglect or refusal of the directors to produce such a list at any meeting for the election of directors held at a place, or to open such a list to examination on a reasonably accessible electronic network during any meeting for the election of directors held solely by means of remote communication, they shall be ineligible for election to any office at the meeting.

C. The stock ledger shall be the only evidence as to who are the shareholders entitled by this section to examine the list required by this section or to vote in person or by proxy at any meeting of shareholders.

Req. No. 1394

1 SECTION 15. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1065.1 of Title 18 unless there 2 3 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: ACCESS TO PROXY SOLICITATION MATERIALS; PROXY EXPENSE 4 5 REIMBURSEMENT The bylaws may provide that if the corporation solicits 6 Α. proxies with respect to an election of directors, it may be 7 required, to the extent and subject to such procedures or 8 9 conditions as may be provided in the bylaws, to include in its 10 proxy solicitation materials, including any form of proxy it distributes, in addition to individuals nominated by the board of 11 12 directors, one or more individuals nominated by a shareholder. 13 Such procedures or conditions may include any of the following: 1. A provision requiring a minimum record or beneficial 14 15 ownership, or duration of ownership, of shares of the corporation's capital stock, by the nominating shareholder, and 16 defining beneficial ownership to take into account options or other 17 rights in respect of or related to such stock; 18 2. A provision requiring the nominating shareholder to submit 19 specified information concerning the shareholder and the 20 shareholder's nominees, including information concerning ownership 21 by such persons of shares of the corporation's capital stock, or 22 options or other rights in respect of or related to such stock; 23 24

Req. No. 1394

3. A provision conditioning eligibility to require inclusion
 in the corporation's proxy solicitation materials upon the number
 or proportion of directors nominated by shareholders or whether the
 shareholder previously sought to require such inclusion;

5 4. A provision precluding nominations by any person if such 6 person, any nominee of such person, or any affiliate or associate 7 of such person or nominee, has acquired or publicly proposed to 8 acquire shares constituting a specified percentage of the voting 9 power of the corporation's outstanding voting stock within a 10 specified period before the election of directors;

11 5. A provision requiring that the nominating shareholder 12 undertake to indemnify the corporation in respect of any loss 13 arising as a result of any false or misleading information or 14 statement submitted by the nominating shareholder in connection 15 with a nomination; and

16 6. Any other lawful condition.

B. The bylaws may provide for the reimbursement by the
corporation of expenses incurred by a shareholder in soliciting
proxies in connection with an election of directors, subject to
such procedures or conditions as the bylaws may prescribe,

21 including:

Conditioning eligibility for reimbursement upon the number
 or proportion of persons nominated by the shareholder seeking

24

reimbursement or whether such shareholder previously sought
 reimbursement for similar expenses;

2. Limitations on the amount of reimbursement based upon the proportion of votes cast in favor of one or more of the persons nominated by the shareholder seeking reimbursement, or upon the amount spent by the corporation in soliciting proxies in connection with the election;

8 3. Limitations concerning elections of directors by cumulative
9 voting pursuant to Section 1059 of Title 18 of the Oklahoma
10 Statutes; or

11 4. Any other lawful condition.

12 C. No bylaw so adopted shall apply to elections for which any 13 record date precedes its adoption.

14 SECTION 16. AMENDATORY 18 O.S. 2011, Section 1067, is 15 amended to read as follows:

16 Section 1067.

17

NOTICE OF MEETINGS AND ADJOURNED MEETINGS

A. Whenever shareholders are required or permitted to take any action at a meeting, a written notice of the meeting shall be given which shall state the place, if any, date and hour of the meeting, the means of remote communications, if any, by which shareholders and proxyholders may be deemed to be present in person and vote at the meetings, the record date for determining the shareholders entitled to vote at the meeting, if such date is different from the

Req. No. 1394

1 record date for determining shareholders entitled to notice of the 2 meeting and, in the case of a special meeting, the purpose or 3 purposes for which the meeting is called.

Unless otherwise provided for in the Oklahoma General 4 в. 5 Corporation Act, the written notice of any meeting shall be given not less than ten (10) nor more than sixty (60) days before the date 6 7 of the meeting to each shareholder entitled to vote at such meeting as of the record date for determining the shareholders entitled to 8 9 notice of the meeting. If mailed, notice is given when deposited in 10 the United States mail, postage prepaid, directed to the shareholder 11 at his address as it appears on the records of the corporation. An 12 affidavit of the secretary or an assistant secretary or of the transfer agent or other agent of the corporation that the notice has 13 been given, in the absence of fraud, shall be prima facie evidence 14 of the facts stated therein. 15

C. When a meeting is adjourned to another time or place, unless 16 the bylaws otherwise require, notice need not be given of the 17 adjourned meeting if the time, place, if any, thereof, and the means 18 of remote communications, if any, by which shareholders and 19 proxyholders may be deemed to be present in person and vote at the 20 adjourned meeting are announced at the meeting at which the 21 adjournment is taken. At the adjourned meeting the corporation may 22 transact any business which might have been transacted at the 23 original meeting. If the adjournment is for more than thirty (30) 24

Req. No. 1394

1 days, or if after the adjournment a new record date is fixed for the adjourned meeting, a notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given 2 3 to each shareholder of record entitled to vote at the meeting. Ιf after the adjournment a new record date for shareholders entitled to 4 5 vote is fixed for the adjourned meeting, the board of directors shall fix a new record date for notice of such adjourned meeting in 6 accordance with subsection A of Section 1058 of this title, and 7 shall give notice of the adjourned meeting to each shareholder of 8 9 record entitled to vote at such adjourned meeting as of the record 10 date fixed for notice of such adjourned meeting. SECTION 17. 11 AMENDATORY 18 O.S. 2011, Section 1068, is amended to read as follows: 12 13 Section 1068. VACANCIES AND NEWLY CREATED DIRECTORSHIPS 14 A. 1. Unless otherwise provided in the certificate of 15 16 incorporation or bylaws: 17 Vacancies vacancies and newly created directorships a. resulting from any increase in the authorized number 18 of directors elected by all of the shareholders having 19 the right to vote as a single class may be filled by a 20 majority of the directors then in office, although 21 less than a quorum, or by a sole remaining director; 22 and 23

24

1 b. Whenever whenever the holders of any class or classes of stock or series thereof are entitled to elect one 2 3 (1) or more directors by the provisions of the certificate of incorporation, vacancies and newly 4 5 created directorships of such class or classes or series may be filled by a majority of the directors 6 elected by such class or classes or series thereof 7 then in office, or by a sole remaining director so 8 9 elected.

10 2. If at any time, by reason of death or resignation or other 11 cause, a corporation should have no directors in office, then any 12 officer or any shareholder or an executor, administrator, trustee or 13 guardian of a shareholder, or other fiduciary entrusted with like responsibility for the person or estate of a shareholder, may call a 14 special meeting of shareholders in accordance with the provisions of 15 the certificate of incorporation or the bylaws, or may apply to the 16 17 district court for a decree summarily ordering an election as provided for in Section Sections 1056 and 1060 of this title. 18

B. In the case of a corporation the directors of which are divided into classes, any directors chosen under subsection A of this section shall hold office until the next election of the class for which such directors shall have been chosen, and until their successors shall be elected and qualified.

24

1 C. If, at the time of filling any vacancy or any newly created directorship, the directors then in office shall constitute less 2 3 than a majority of the whole board, as constituted immediately prior to any such increase, the district court, upon application of any 4 5 shareholder or shareholders holding at least ten percent (10%) of the voting stock at the time outstanding having the right to vote 6 7 for such directors, may summarily order an election to be held to fill any such vacancies or newly created directorships, or to 8 9 replace the directors chosen by the directors then in office, which 10 election shall be governed by the provisions of Section Sections 11 1056 and 1060 of this title as far as applicable.

12 D. Unless otherwise provided in the certificate of incorporation or bylaws, when one or more directors shall resign 13 from the board, effective at a future date, a majority of the 14 directors then in office, including those who have so resigned, 15 shall have power to fill such vacancy or vacancies, the vote thereon 16 17 to take effect when such resignation or resignations shall become effective, and each director so chosen shall hold office as provided 18 for in this section in the filling of other vacancies. 19

20 SECTION 18. AMENDATORY 18 O.S. 2011, Section 1070, is 21 amended to read as follows:

22 Section 1070.

23 CONTESTED ELECTION OF DIRECTORS; PROCEEDINGS TO DETERMINE
 24 VALIDITY

1 A. Upon application of any shareholder or director, or any officer whose title to office is contested, or any member of a 2 3 corporation without capital stock, the district court may hear and determine the validity of any election, appointment, removal or 4 5 resignation of any director, member of the governing body, or officer of any corporation, and the right of any person to hold, or 6 continue to hold, such office, and, in case any such office is 7 claimed by more than one person, may determine the person entitled 8 9 thereto; and to that end make such order or decree in any such case 10 as may be just and proper, with power to enforce the production of 11 any books, papers and records of the corporation relating to the In case it should be determined that no valid election has 12 issue. been held, the district court may order an election to be held in 13 accordance with the provisions of Section 1056 or 1060 of this 14 In any such application, service of copies of the 15 title. application upon the registered agent of the corporation shall be 16 17 deemed to be service upon the corporation and upon the person whose title to office is contested and upon the person, if any, claiming 18 such office; and the registered agent shall forward immediately a 19 copy of the application to the corporation and to the person whose 20 title to office is contested and to the person, if any, claiming 21 such office, in a postpaid, sealed, registered letter addressed to 22 such corporation and such person at their post office addresses last 23 known to the registered agent or furnished to the registered agent 24

Req. No. 1394

by the applicant shareholder. The court may make such order
 respecting further or other notice of such application as it deems
 proper under the circumstances.

Upon application of any shareholder or any member of a 4 Β. 5 corporation without capital stock upon application of the corporation itself, the district court may hear and determine the 6 result of any vote of shareholders or members, as the case may be, 7 upon matters other than the election of directors $\overline{\tau}$ or officers $\overline{\sigma r}$ 8 9 members of the governing body. Service of the application upon the 10 registered agent of the corporation shall be deemed to be service 11 upon the corporation, and no other party need be joined in order for 12 the court to adjudicate the result of the vote. The court may make 13 such order respecting notice of the application as it deems proper under the circumstances. 14

15 C. If one or more directors has been convicted of a felony in 16 connection with the duties of such director or directors to the 17 corporation, or if there has been a prior judgment on the merits by a court of competent jurisdiction that one or more directors has 18 committed a breach of the duty of loyalty in connection with the 19 20 duties of such director or directors to that corporation, then, upon application by the corporation, or derivatively in the right of the 21 corporation by any shareholder, in a subsequent action brought for 22 23 such purpose, the district court may remove from office such director or directors if the court determines that the director or 24

Req. No. 1394

1	directors did not act in good faith in performing the acts resulting
2	in the prior conviction or judgment and judicial removal is
3	necessary to avoid irreparable harm to the corporation. In
4	connection with such removal, the court may make such orders as are
5	necessary to effect such removal. In any such application, service
6	of copies of the application upon the registered agent of the
7	corporation shall be deemed to be service upon the corporation and
8	upon the director or directors whose removal is sought; and the
9	registered agent shall forward immediately a copy of the application
10	to the corporation and to such director or directors, in a postpaid,
11	sealed, registered letter addressed to such corporation and such
12	director or directors at their post office addresses last known to
13	the registered agent or furnished to the registered agent by the
14	applicant. The court may make such order respecting further or
15	other notice of such application as it deems proper under the
16	circumstances.
17	SECTION 19. AMENDATORY 18 O.S. 2011, Section 1073, is
18	amended to read as follows:
19	Section 1073.
20	CONSENT OF SHAREHOLDERS IN LIEU OF MEETING
21	A. Except as provided in subsection B of this section or unless
22	Unless otherwise provided for in the certificate of incorporation,
23	any action required by the provisions of the Oklahoma General
24	Corporation Act to be taken at any annual or special meeting of

1 shareholders of a corporation or any action which may be taken at any annual or special meeting of shareholders, may be taken without 2 3 a meeting, without prior notice, and without a vote, if a consent or 4 consents in writing, setting forth the action so taken, shall be 5 signed by the holders of outstanding stock having not less than the minimum number of votes that would be necessary to authorize or take 6 7 the action at a meeting at which all shares entitled to vote thereon were present and voted and shall be delivered to the corporation by 8 9 delivery to its registered office in this state, its principal place 10 of business, or an officer or agent of the corporation having custody of the book in which proceedings of meetings of shareholders 11 are recorded. Delivery made to a corporation's registered office 12 13 shall be by hand or by certified or registered mail, return receipt requested. 14

15	B. 1. With respect to any domestic corporation with both:
16	a. a class of voting stock listed or traded on a national
17	securities exchange or registered under Section 12(g)
18	of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, 15 U.S.C.
19	Section 78a et seq., as amended, and
20	b. one thousand (1,000) or more shareholders of record,
21	any action by shareholders of the corporation shall be
22	taken at an annual or special meeting of shareholders,
23	and cannot be taken without a meeting of the
24	shareholders, unless such action is approved by

1	written consent, signed by all of the holders of all
2	outstanding stock entitled to vote thereon and
3	delivered to the corporation by delivery to its
4	registered office in this state, its principal place
5	of business, or an officer or agent of the corporation
6	having custody of the book in which proceedings of
7	meetings of shareholders are recorded. Delivery made
8	to a corporation's registered office shall be by hand
9	or by certified or registered mail, return receipt
10	requested. The provisions of this subsection shall be
11	effective with respect to corporate actions by written
12	consent, and to written consent or consents, as to
13	which the first written consent is executed or
14	solicited after September 1, 2010.
15	2. This subsection shall cease to apply to any domestic
16	corporation after such corporation either:
17	a. ceases to have any class of voting stock listed or
18	traded on a national securities exchange or registered
19	under Section 12(g) of the Securities Exchange Act of
20	1934, 15 U.S.C. Section 78a et seq., as amended, or
21	b. ceases to have one thousand (1,000) or more
22	shareholders of record on the last business day of
23	each month for a consecutive twelve-month period.
24	

1 C. Unless otherwise provided for in the certificate of 2 incorporation, any action required by the provisions of this act the 3 Oklahoma General Corporation Act to be taken at a meeting of the members of a nonstock corporation, or any action which may be taken 4 5 at any meeting of the members of a nonstock corporation, may be taken without a meeting, without prior notice and without a vote, if 6 a consent or consents in writing, setting forth the action taken, 7 shall be signed by members having not less than the minimum number 8 9 of votes that would be necessary to authorize or take such action at 10 a meeting at which all members having a right to vote thereon were 11 present and voted and shall be delivered to the corporation by 12 delivery to its registered office in this state, its principal place of business, or an officer or agent of the corporation having 13 custody of the book in which proceedings of meetings of shareholders 14 are recorded. Delivery made to a corporation's registered office 15 shall be by hand or by certified or registered mail, return receipt 16 requested. 17

18 D. C. 1. A telegram, cablegram or other electronic
19 transmission consenting to an action to be taken and transmitted by
20 a shareholder, member or proxyholder, or by a person or persons
21 authorized to act for a shareholder, member or proxyholder, shall be
22 deemed to be written, signed and dated for the purposes of this
23 section; provided that any telegram, cablegram or other electronic

24

1 transmission sets forth or is delivered with information from which 2 the corporation can determine:

- a. that the telegram, cablegram or other electronic
 transmission was transmitted by the shareholder,
 member or proxyholder or by a person or persons
 authorized to act for the shareholder, member or
 proxyholder, and
- b. the date on which the shareholder, member or
 proxyholder or authorized person or persons
 transmitted the telegram, cablegram or electronic
 transmission.

The date on which the telegram, cablegram or electronic 12 transmission is transmitted shall be deemed to be the date on which 13 the consent was signed. No consent given by telegram, cablegram or 14 other electronic transmission shall be deemed to have been delivered 15 until the consent is reproduced in paper form and until the paper 16 form shall be delivered to the corporation by delivery to its 17 registered office in this state, its principal place of business or 18 an officer or agent of the corporation having custody of the book in 19 which proceedings of meetings of shareholders or members are 20 recorded. Delivery made to a corporation's registered office shall 21 be made by hand or by certified or registered mail, return receipt 22 requested. Notwithstanding the foregoing limitations on delivery, 23 consents given by telegram, cablegram or other electronic 24

Req. No. 1394

transmission may be otherwise delivered to the principal place of business of the corporation or to an officer or agent of the corporation having custody of the book in which proceedings of meetings of shareholders or members are recorded if, to the extent and in the manner provided by resolution of the board of directors or governing body of the corporation.

Any copy, facsimile or other reliable reproduction of a
consent in writing may be substituted or used in lieu of the
original writing for any and all purposes for which the original
writing could be used; provided that the copy, facsimile or other
reliable reproduction shall be a complete reproduction of the entire
original writing.

E. D. Every written consent shall bear the date of signature of 13 each shareholder or member who signs the consent and no written 14 consent shall be effective to take the corporate action referred to 15 therein unless, within sixty (60) days of the earliest dated consent 16 delivered in the manner required by this section to the corporation, 17 written consents signed by a sufficient number of holders or members 18 to take action are delivered to the corporation by delivery to its 19 registered office in this state, its principal place of business, or 20 an officer or agent of the corporation having custody of the book in 21 which proceedings of meetings of shareholders are recorded. 22 Delivery made to a corporation's registered office shall be by hand 23 or by certified or registered mail, return receipt requested. 24 Any

Req. No. 1394

1 person executing a consent may provide, whether through instruction 2 to an agent or otherwise, that such a consent will be effective at a 3 future time, including a time determined upon the happening of an 4 event, no later than sixty (60) days after such instruction is given 5 or such provision is made and, for the purposes of this section, if evidence of such instruction or provision is provided to the 6 7 corporation, such later effective time shall serve as the date of signature. Unless otherwise provided, any such consent shall be 8 9 revocable prior to its becoming effective.

10 F. E. Prompt notice of the taking of the corporate action 11 without a meeting by less than unanimous written consent shall be 12 given to those shareholders or members, as the case may be, who have not consented in writing and who, if the action had been taken at a 13 meeting, would have been entitled to notice of the meeting if the 14 15 record date for notice of the meeting had been the date that written consents signed by a sufficient number of shareholders or members to 16 take the action were delivered to the corporation as provided in 17 subsection \in B of this section. In the event that the action for 18 which consent is given is an action that would have required the 19 filing of a certificate under any other section of this title if the 20 action had been voted on by shareholders or by members at a meeting 21 thereof the certificate filed under the other section shall state, 22 in lieu of any statement required by the section concerning any vote 23

24

1 of shareholders or members, that written consent has been given in 2 accordance with the provisions of this section.

3 SECTION 20. AMENDATORY 18 O.S. 2011, Section 1077, is 4 amended to read as follows:

5 Section 1077.

6 AMENDMENT OF CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION AFTER RECEIPT OF 7 PAYMENT FOR STOCK; <u>–</u> NONSTOCK CORPORATIONS

1. After a corporation has received payment for any of its 8 Α. 9 capital stock, or after a nonstock corporation has members, it may amend its certificate of incorporation, from time to time, in any 10 11 and as many respects as may be desired, so long as its certificate 12 of incorporation as amended would contain only such provisions as it would be lawful and proper to insert in an original certificate of 13 incorporation filed at the time of the filing of the amendment; and 14 15 if a change in stock or the rights of shareholders, or an exchange, reclassification, subdivision, combination, or cancellation of stock 16 or rights of shareholders is to be made, such provisions as may be 17 necessary to effect the such change, exchange, reclassification, 18 subdivision, combination, or cancellation. In particular, and 19 without limitation upon the general power of amendment, a 20 corporation may amend its certificate of incorporation, from time to 21 time, so as: 22

23

a. to change its corporate name,

24

1 to change, substitute, enlarge τ or diminish the nature b. 2 of its business or its corporate powers and purposes, 3 to increase or decrease its authorized capital stock с. or to reclassify the same, by changing the number, par 4 5 value, designations, preferences, or relative, participating, optional, or other special rights of 6 7 the shares, or the qualifications, limitations, r or restrictions of such rights, or by changing shares 8 9 with par value into shares without par value, or 10 shares without par value into shares with par value either with or without increasing or decreasing the 11 12 number of shares or by subdividing or combining the outstanding shares of any class or series of a class 13 of shares into a greater or lesser number of 14 15 outstanding shares, d. to cancel or otherwise affect the right of the holders 16 of the shares of any class to receive dividends which 17 have accrued but have not been declared, 18 to create new classes of stock having rights and 19 e. preferences either prior and superior or subordinate 20 and inferior to the stock of any class then 21

authorized, whether issued or unissued, or

f. to change the period of its duration; or

24

22

23

1	g. to delete (1) such provisions of the original
2	certificate of incorporation which named the
3	incorporator or incorporators, the initial board of
4	directors and the original subscribers for shares, and
5	(2) such provisions contained in any amendment to the
6	certificate of incorporation as were necessary to
7	effect a change, exchange, reclassification,
8	subdivision, combination or cancellation of stock, if
9	such change, exchange, reclassification, subdivision,
10	combination or cancellation has become effective.
11	2. Any or all changes or alterations provided for in paragraph
12	1 of this subsection may be effected by one certificate of
13	amendment.
14	B. Every amendment authorized by the provisions of subsection A
15	of this section shall be made and effected in the following manner:
16	1. If the corporation has capital stock, its board of directors
17	shall adopt a resolution setting forth the amendment proposed,
18	declaring its advisability, and either calling a special meeting of
19	the shareholders entitled to vote in respect thereof for the
20	consideration of the amendment or directing that the amendment
21	proposed be considered at the next annual meeting of shareholders;
22	provided, however, that unless otherwise expressly required by the
23	certificate of incorporation, no meeting or vote of shareholders
24	shall be required to adopt an amendment that effects only changes

1 described in paragraph (a) or (g) of subsection A of this section. 2 The special or annual meeting shall be called and held upon notice 3 in accordance with the provisions of Section 1067 of this title. The notice shall set forth the amendment in full or a brief summary 4 5 of the changes to be effected thereby, as the directors shall deem advisable unless such notice constitutes a notice of internet 6 7 availability of proxy materials under the rules promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. At the meeting, a vote of the 8 9 shareholders entitled to vote thereon shall be taken for and against 10 the any proposed amendment that requires adoption by shareholders. 11 If no vote of shareholders is required to effect such amendment, or 12 if a majority of the outstanding stock entitled to vote thereon, and a majority of the outstanding stock of each class entitled to vote 13 thereon as a class, has been voted in favor of the amendment, a 14 certificate setting forth the amendment and certifying that the 15 amendment has been duly adopted in accordance with the provisions of 16 this section shall be executed, acknowledged, and filed and shall 17 become effective in accordance with the provisions of Section 1007 18 of this title. 19

20 2. The holders of the outstanding shares of a class shall be 21 entitled to vote as a class upon a proposed amendment, whether or 22 not entitled to vote thereon by the provisions of the certificate of 23 incorporation, if the amendment would increase or decrease the 24 aggregate number of authorized shares of the class, increase or

1 decrease the par value of the shares of the class, or alter or 2 change the powers, preferences τ or special rights of the shares of the class so as to affect them adversely. If any proposed amendment 3 would alter or change the powers, preferences τ or special rights of 4 5 one or more series of any class so as to affect them adversely, but shall not so affect the entire class, then only the shares of the 6 series so affected by the amendment shall be considered a separate 7 class for the purposes of this paragraph. The number of authorized 8 9 shares of any such class or classes of stock may be increased or 10 decreased, but not below the number of shares thereof then 11 outstanding, by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of 12 the stock of the corporation entitled to vote irrespective of the provisions of this paragraph, if so provided in the original 13 certificate of incorporation, in any amendment thereto which created 14 the class or classes of stock or which was adopted prior to the 15 issuance of any shares of the class or classes of stock, or in any 16 amendment thereto which was authorized by a resolution or 17 resolutions adopted by the affirmative vote of the holders of a 18 majority of the class or classes of stock. 19

3. If the corporation has no capital stock is a nonstock
<u>corporation</u>, then the governing body thereof shall adopt a
resolution setting forth the amendment proposed and declaring its
advisability. If a majority of all the members of the governing
body shall vote in favor of the amendment, a certificate thereof

Req. No. 1394

1 shall be executed, acknowledged, and filed and shall become effective in accordance with the provisions of Section 1007 of this 2 3 title. The certificate of incorporation of a any nonstock corporation without capital stock may contain a provision requiring 4 5 an amendment thereto to be approved by a specified number or percentage of the members or of any specified class of members of 6 the corporation in which event the proposed amendment shall be 7 submitted to the members or to any specified class of members of the 8 9 corporation without capital stock in the same manner, so far as 10 applicable, as is provided for in this section for an amendment to the certificate of incorporation of a stock corporation; and in the 11 12 event of the adoption thereof by the members, a certificate 13 evidencing the amendment shall be executed, acknowledged, and filed and shall become effective in accordance with the provisions of 14 Section 1007 of this title. 15

4. Whenever the certificate of incorporation shall require 16 action by the board of directors of a corporation other than a 17 nonstock corporation or by the governing body of a nonstock 18 corporation, by the holders of any class or series of shares or by 19 the members, or by the holders of any other securities having voting 20 power, the vote of a greater number or proportion than is required 21 by the provisions of the Oklahoma General Corporation Act, the 22 provision of the certificate of incorporation requiring a greater 23

24

vote shall not be altered, amended, or repealed except by a greater
 vote.

3 С. The resolution authorizing a proposed amendment to the certificate of incorporation may provide that at any time prior to 4 5 the effectiveness of the filing of the amendment with the Secretary of State, notwithstanding authorization of the proposed amendment by 6 the shareholders of the corporation or by the members of a nonstock 7 corporation, the board of directors or governing body may abandon 8 9 the proposed amendment without further action by the shareholders or 10 members.

11 SECTION 21. AMENDATORY 18 O.S. 2011, Section 1080, is 12 amended to read as follows:

13 Section 1080.

14

RESTATED CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION

15 A. A corporation, whenever desired, may integrate into a single instrument all of the provisions of its certificate of incorporation 16 which are then in effect and operative as a result of there having 17 up to that time been filed with the Secretary of State one or more 18 certificates or other instruments pursuant to any of the sections 19 referred to in Section 1008 of this title, and it may at the same 20 time also further amend its certificate of incorporation by adopting 21 a restated certificate of incorporation. 22

B. If the restated certificate of incorporation merely restatesand integrates but does not further amend the certificate of

1 incorporation, as up to that time amended or supplemented by any 2 instrument that was filed pursuant to any of the sections mentioned in Section 1008 of this title, it may be adopted by the board of 3 directors without a vote of the shareholders, or it may be proposed 4 by the directors and submitted by them to the shareholders for 5 adoption, in which case the procedure and vote required, if any, by 6 Section 1077 of this title for amendment of the certificate of 7 incorporation shall be applicable. If the restated certificate of 8 9 incorporation restates and integrates and also further amends in any 10 respect the certificate of incorporation, as up to that time amended 11 or supplemented, it shall be proposed by the directors and adopted by the shareholders in the manner and by the vote prescribed by 12 Section 1077 of this title or, if the corporation has not received 13 any payment for any of its stock, in the manner and by the vote 14 prescribed by Section 1076 of this title. 15

C. A restated certificate of incorporation shall be 16 specifically designated as such in its heading. It shall state, 17 either in its heading or in an introductory paragraph, the 18 corporation's present name, and, if it has been changed, the name 19 under which it was originally incorporated, and the date of filing 20 of its original certificate of incorporation with the Secretary of 21 State. If it was adopted by the board of directors without a vote 22 of the shareholders, unless it was adopted pursuant to the 23 provisions of Section 1076 of this title or without a vote of 24

<u>members pursuant to paragraph 3 of subsection B of Section 1077 of</u> <u>this title</u>, it shall state that it only restates and integrates and does not further amend the provisions of the corporation's certificate of incorporation as up to that time amended or supplemented, and that there is no discrepancy between those provisions and the provisions of the restated certificate. A restated certificate of incorporation may omit:

Such provisions of the original certificate of incorporation
 which named the incorporator or incorporators, the initial board of
 directors, and the original subscribers for shares; and

Such provisions contained in any amendment to the
 certificate of incorporation as were necessary to effect a change,
 exchange, reclassification, subdivision, combination or cancellation
 of stock, if such change, exchange, reclassification, subdivision,
 combination or cancellation has become effective.

Any such omissions shall not be deemed a further amendment. 16 A restated certificate of incorporation shall be executed, 17 D. acknowledged and filed in accordance with the provisions of Section 18 1007 of this title. Upon its filing with the Secretary of State, 19 the original certificate of incorporation, as up to that time 20 amended or supplemented, shall be superseded. From that time 21 forward, the restated certificate of incorporation, including any 22 further amendments or changes made thereby, shall be the certificate 23

24

of incorporation of the corporation, but the original date of
 incorporation shall remain unchanged.

E. Any amendment or change effected in connection with the restatement and integration of the certificate of incorporation shall be subject to any other provision of the Oklahoma General Corporation Act, not inconsistent with the provisions of this section, which would apply if a separate certificate of amendment were filed to effect such amendment or change.

9 SECTION 22. AMENDATORY 18 O.S. 2011, Section 1081, is 10 amended to read as follows:

11 Section 1081.

MERGER OR CONSOLIDATION OF DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS A. Any two or more corporations existing under the laws of this state may merge into a single corporation, which may be any one of the constituent corporations or may consolidate into a new corporation formed by the consolidation, pursuant to an agreement of merger or consolidation, as the case may be, complying and approved in accordance with the provisions of this section.

B. The board of directors of each corporation which desires to merge or consolidate shall adopt a resolution approving an agreement of merger or consolidation and declaring its advisability. The agreement shall state:

The terms and conditions of the merger or consolidation;
 The mode of carrying the same into effect;

Req. No. 1394

1 3. In the case of a merger, the amendments or changes in the 2 certificate of incorporation of the surviving corporation as are 3 desired to be effected by the merger, which amendments or changes 4 may amend and restate the certificate of incorporation of the 5 surviving corporation in its entirety, or, if no amendments or changes are desired, a statement that the certificate of 6 incorporation of the surviving corporation shall be its certificate 7 of incorporation of the surviving or resulting corporation; 8

9 4. In the case of a consolidation, that the certificate of 10 incorporation of the resulting corporation shall be as is set forth 11 in an attachment to the agreement;

12 5. The manner, if any, of converting the shares of each of the constituent corporations into shares or other securities of the 13 corporation surviving or resulting from the merger or consolidation, 14 or of canceling some or all of the shares, and, if any shares of any 15 of the constituent corporations are not to remain outstanding, to be 16 17 converted solely into shares or other securities of the surviving or resulting corporation or to be canceled, the cash, property, rights, 18 or securities of any other corporation or entity which the holders 19 of the shares are to receive in exchange for or upon conversion of 20 the shares and the surrender of any certificates evidencing them, 21 which cash, property, rights, or securities of any other corporation 22 or entity may be in addition to or in lieu of shares or other 23 securities of the surviving or resulting corporation; and 24

Req. No. 1394

1 6. Other details or provisions as are deemed desirable, 2 including without limiting the generality of the foregoing, a 3 provision for the payment of cash in lieu of the issuance or recognition of fractional shares, interests or rights, or for any 4 5 other arrangement with respect thereto, consistent with the provisions of Section 1036 of this title. The agreement so adopted 6 shall be executed and acknowledged in accordance with the provisions 7 of Section 1007 of this title. Any of the terms of the agreement of 8 9 merger or consolidation may be made dependent upon facts 10 ascertainable outside of the agreement; provided, that the manner in 11 which these facts shall operate upon the terms of the agreement is 12 clearly and expressly set forth in the agreement of merger or 13 consolidation. The term "facts" as used in this paragraph, includes, but is not limited to, the occurrence of any event, 14 including a determination or action by any person or body, including 15 the corporation. 16

The agreement required by the provisions of subsection B of 17 С. this section shall be submitted to the shareholders of each 18 constituent corporation at an annual or special meeting thereof for 19 the purpose of acting on the agreement. Due notice of the time, 20 place, and purpose of the meeting shall be mailed to each holder of 21 stock whether voting or nonvoting, of the corporation at the address 22 which appears on the records of the corporation, at least twenty 23 (20) days before the date of the meeting. The notice shall contain 24

Req. No. 1394

a copy of the agreement or a brief summary thereof, as the directors 1 2 shall deem advisable; provided, however, the notice shall be 3 effective only with respect to mergers or consolidations for which the notice of the shareholders meeting to vote thereon has been 4 5 mailed after November 1, 1988. At the meeting the agreement shall be considered and a vote taken for its adoption or rejection. 6 If a 7 majority of the outstanding stock of the corporation entitled to vote thereon shall be voted for the adoption of the agreement, that 8 9 fact shall be certified on the agreement by the secretary or the 10 assistant secretary of the corporation; provided, that such certification on the agreement shall not be required if a 11 12 certificate of merger or consolidation is filed in lieu of filing the agreement. If the agreement shall be so adopted and certified 13 by each constituent corporation, it shall then be filed and shall 14 15 become effective in accordance with the provisions of Section 1007 of this title. In lieu of filing an agreement of merger or 16 consolidation required by this section, the surviving or resulting 17 corporation may file a certificate of merger or consolidation 18 executed in accordance with the provisions of Section 1007 of this 19 title and which states: 20

21 1. The name and state of incorporation of each of the 22 constituent corporations;

23 2. That an agreement of merger or consolidation has been
24 approved, adopted, certified, executed, and acknowledged by each of

Req. No. 1394

1 the constituent corporations in accordance with the provisions of 2 this section;

The name of the surviving or resulting corporation; 3 3. 4. In the case of a merger, the amendments or changes in the 4 5 certificate of incorporation of the surviving corporation, which may be amended and restated, that are desired to be effected by the 6 7 merger, which amendments or changes may amend and restate the certificate of incorporation of the surviving corporation in its 8 9 entirety, or, if no amendments or changes are desired, a statement 10 that the certificate of incorporation of the surviving corporation shall be its certificate of incorporation; 11

12 5. In the case of a consolidation, that the certificate of 13 incorporation of the resulting corporation shall be as is set forth 14 in an attachment to the certificate;

15 6. That the executed agreement of consolidation or merger is on
16 file at the principal place of business of the surviving
17 corporation, stating the address thereof; and

18 7. That a copy of the agreement of consolidation or merger will 19 be furnished by the surviving corporation, on request and without 20 cost, to any shareholder of any constituent corporation. For 21 purposes of Sections 1084 and 1086 of this title, the term 22 "shareholder" shall be deemed to include "member".

D. Any agreement of merger or consolidation may contain aprovision that at any time prior to the time that the agreement, or

Req. No. 1394

1 a certificate filed with the Secretary of State in lieu thereof, becomes effective in accordance with Section 1007 of this title, the 2 3 agreement may be terminated by the board of directors of any constituent corporation notwithstanding approval of the agreement by 4 5 the shareholders of all or any of the constituent corporations; provided, if the agreement of merger or consolidation is terminated 6 7 after the filing of the agreement, or a certificate filed with the Secretary of State in lieu thereof, but before the agreement or 8 9 certificate has become effective, a certificate of termination of 10 merger or consolidation shall be filed in accordance with Section 11 1007 of this title. Any agreement of merger or consolidation may 12 contain a provision that the boards of directors of the constituent 13 corporations may amend the agreement at any time prior to the time that the agreement, or a certificate filed with the Secretary of 14 State in lieu thereof, becomes effective in accordance with Section 15 1007 of this title; provided, that an amendment made subsequent to 16 17 the adoption of the agreement by the shareholders of any constituent corporation shall not: 18

Alter or change the amount or kind of shares, securities,
 cash, property, or rights to be received in exchange for or on
 conversion of all or any of the shares of any class or series
 thereof of the constituent corporation;

- 23
- 24

2. Alter or change any term of the certificate of incorporation
 of the surviving corporation to be effected by the merger or
 consolidation; or

Alter or change any of the terms and conditions of the
agreement if an alteration or change would adversely affect the
holders of any class or series thereof of the constituent
corporation.

8 If the agreement of merger or consolidation is amended after the 9 filing of the agreement, or a certificate in lieu thereof, with the 10 Secretary of State, but before the agreement or certificate has 11 become effective, a certificate of amendment of merger or 12 consolidation shall be filed in accordance with Section 1007 of this 13 title.

E. In the case of a merger, the certificate of incorporation of the surviving corporation shall automatically be amended to the extent, if any, that changes in the certificate of incorporation are set forth in the certificate of merger.

F. Notwithstanding the requirements of subsection C of this section, unless required by its certificate of incorporation, no vote of shareholders of a constituent corporation surviving a merger shall be necessary to authorize a merger if:

The agreement of merger does not amend in any respect the
 certificate of incorporation of the constituent corporation;

24

Req. No. 1394

2. Each share of stock of the constituent corporation
 outstanding immediately prior to the effective date of the merger is
 to be an identical outstanding or treasury share of the surviving
 corporation after the effective date of the merger; and

5 3. Either no shares of common stock of the surviving corporation and no shares, securities, or obligations convertible 6 into such stock are to be issued or delivered under the plan of 7 merger, or the authorized unissued shares or the treasury shares of 8 9 common stock of the surviving corporation to be issued or delivered 10 under the plan of merger plus those initially issuable upon 11 conversion of any other shares, securities, or obligations to be 12 issued or delivered under the plan do not exceed twenty percent 13 (20%) of the shares of common stock of the constituent corporation outstanding immediately prior to the effective date of the merger. 14 No vote of shareholders of a constituent corporation shall be 15 necessary to authorize a merger or consolidation if no shares of the 16 17 stock of the corporation shall have been issued prior to the adoption by the board of directors of the resolution approving the 18 agreement of merger or consolidation. If an agreement of merger is 19 adopted by the constituent corporation surviving the merger, by 20 action of its board of directors and without any vote of its 21 shareholders pursuant to the provisions of this subsection, the 22 secretary or assistant secretary of that corporation shall certify 23

24

1 on the agreement that the agreement has been adopted pursuant to the 2 provisions of this subsection and:

a. if it has been adopted pursuant to paragraph 1 of this subsection, that the conditions specified have been satisfied, or

if it has been adopted pursuant to paragraph 2 of this 6 b. subsection, that no shares of stock of the corporation 7 were issued prior to the adoption by the board of 8 9 directors of the resolution approving the agreement of 10 merger or consolidation; provided, that such 11 certification on the agreement shall not be required if a certificate of merger or consolidation is filed 12 in lieu of filing the agreement. 13

The agreement so adopted and certified shall then be filed and shall become effective in accordance with the provisions of Section 16 1007 of this title. Filing shall constitute a representation by the 17 person who executes the certificate that the facts stated in the 18 certificate remain true immediately prior to filing.

19 G. 1. Notwithstanding the requirements of subsection C of this 20 section, unless expressly required by its certificate of 21 incorporation, no vote of shareholders of a constituent corporation 22 shall be necessary to authorize a merger with or into a single 23 direct or indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the constituent 24 corporation if:

Req. No. 1394

1 the constituent corporation and the direct or indirect a. wholly owned subsidiary of the constituent corporation 2 3 are the only constituent entities to the merger, b. each share or fraction of a share of the capital stock 4 5 of the constituent corporation outstanding immediately before the effective time of the merger is converted 6 7 in the merger into a share or equal fraction of share of capital stock of a holding company having the same 8 9 designations, rights, powers, and preferences, and the 10 qualifications, limitations, and restrictions thereof, 11 as the share of stock of the constituent corporation 12 being converted in the merger,

c. the holding company and the constituent corporation
are corporations of this state and the direct or
indirect wholly owned subsidiary that is the other
constituent entity to the merger is a corporation or
limited liability company of this state,

d. the certificate of incorporation and bylaws of the
holding company immediately following the effective
time of the merger contain provisions identical to the
certificate of incorporation and bylaws of the
constituent corporation immediately before the
effective time of the merger, other than provisions,
if any, regarding the incorporator or incorporators,

Req. No. 1394

1 the corporate name, the registered office and agent, the initial board of directors, and the initial 2 3 subscribers of shares and provisions contained in any amendment to the certificate of incorporation as were 4 5 necessary to effect a change, exchange, reclassification, subdivision, combination or 6 cancellation of stock, if a change, exchange, 7 reclassification, or cancellation has become 8 9 effective,

- e. as a result of the merger, the constituent corporation
 or its successor corporation becomes or remains a
 direct or indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the
 holding company,
- 14 f. the directors of the constituent corporation become or 15 remain the directors of the holding company upon the 16 effective time of the merger,
- the organizational documents of the surviving entity 17 q. immediately following the effective time of the merger 18 contain provisions identical to the certificate of 19 incorporation of the constituent corporation 20 immediately before the effective time of the merger, 21 other than provisions, if any, regarding the 22 23 incorporator or incorporators, the corporate or entity name, the registered office and agent, the initial 24

board of directors and the initial subscribers for shares, references to members rather than shareholders, references to interests, units or the like rather than stock or shares, references to managers, managing members or other members of the governing body rather than directors and such provisions contained in any amendment to the certificate of incorporation as were necessary to effect a change, exchange, reclassification, subdivision, combination or cancellation of stock, if such change, exchange, reclassification, subdivision, combination or cancellation has become effective; provided, however, that:

- 14 (1) if the organizational documents of the surviving
 15 entity do not contain the following provisions,
 16 they shall be amended in the merger to contain
 17 provisions requiring that:
- 18 (a) any act or transaction by or involving the
 19 surviving entity, other than the election or
 20 removal of directors or managers, managing
 21 members or other members of the governing
 22 body of the surviving entity, that requires
 23 for its adoption under this act or its
 24 organizational documents the approval of the

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

shareholders or members of the surviving entity shall, by specific reference to this subsection, require, in addition, the approval of the shareholders of the holding company (or any successor by merger), by the same vote as is required by this act and/or by the organizational documents of the surviving entity; provided, however, that for purposes of this subdivision, any surviving entity that is not a corporation shall include in such amendment a requirement that the approval of the shareholders of the holding company be obtained for any act or transaction by or involving the surviving entity, other than the election or removal of directors or managers, managing members or other members of the governing body of the surviving entity, which would require the approval of the shareholders of the surviving entity if the surviving entity were a corporation subject to this act,

(b) any amendment of the organizational documents of a surviving entity that is not

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

1 a corporation, which amendment would, if 2 adopted by a corporation subject to this 3 act, be required to be included in the certificate of incorporation of such 4 5 corporation, shall, by specific reference to this subsection, require, in addition, the 6 approval of the shareholders of the holding 7 company, or any successor by merger, by the 8 9 same vote as is required by this act and/or 10 by the organizational documents of the 11 surviving entity, and the business and affairs of a surviving 12 (C) 13 entity that is not a corporation shall be managed by or under the direction of a board 14 of directors, board of managers or other 15 governing body consisting of individuals who 16 17 are subject to the same fiduciary duties applicable to, and who are liable for breach 18 of such duties to the same extent as, 19 20 directors of a corporation subject to this 21 act, and the organizational documents of the surviving (2) 22 23 entity may be amended in the merger:

24

- 1 (a) to reduce the number of classes and shares 2 of capital stock or other equity interests 3 or units that the surviving entity is authorized to issue, and 4 5 (b) to eliminate any provision authorized by subsection D of Section 1027 of this title; 6 7 and
- h. the shareholders of the constituent corporation do not
 recognize gain or loss for federal income tax purposes
 as determined by the board of directors of the
 constituent corporation.

Neither division (1) of subparagraph g of paragraph 1 of this subsection nor any provision of a surviving entity's organizational documents required by division (1) of subparagraph g of paragraph 1 of this subsection shall be deemed or construed to require approval of the shareholders of the holding company to elect or remove directors or managers, managing members or other members of the governing body of the surviving entity.

19 2. As used in this subsection, the term "holding company" means 20 a corporation which, from its incorporation until consummation of a 21 merger governed by this subsection, was at all times a direct or 22 indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the constituent corporation and 23 whose capital stock is issued in a merger.

24

3. As used in this subsection, the term "organizational
 documents" means, when used in reference to a corporation, the
 certificate of incorporation of the corporation and, when used in
 reference to a limited liability company, the articles of
 organization and the operating agreement of the limited liability
 company.

From and after the effective time of a merger adopted by a
constituent corporation by action of its board of directors and
without any vote of shareholders pursuant to this subsection:

to the extent the restriction of Section 1090.3 of 10 a. 11 this title applied to the constituent corporation and 12 its shareholders at the effective time of the merger, 13 restrictions shall apply to the holding company and its shareholders immediately after the effective time 14 15 of the merger as though it were the constituent corporation, and all shareholders of stock of the 16 holding company acquired in the merger shall for 17 purposes of Section 1090.3 of this title be deemed to 18 have been acquired at the time that the shares of 19 stock of the constituent corporation converted in the 20 merger were acquired; provided, that any shareholder 21 who immediately before the effective time of the 22 23 merger was not an interested shareholder within the meaning of Section 1090.3 of this title shall not 24

solely by reason of the merger become an interested shareholder of the holding company,

3 b. if the corporate name of the holding company immediately following the effective time of the merger 4 5 is the same as the corporate name of the constituent corporation immediately before the effective time of 6 the merger, the shares of capital stock of the holding 7 company into which the shares of capital stock of the 8 9 constituent corporation are converted in the merger 10 shall be represented by the stock certificates that previously represented the shares of capital stock of 11 12 the constituent corporation, and

c. to the extent a shareholder of the constituent
corporation immediately before the merger had standing
to institute or maintain derivative litigation on
behalf of the constituent corporation, nothing in this
section shall be deemed to limit or extinguish such
standing.

19 5. If any agreement of merger is adopted by a constituent 20 corporation by action of its board of directors and without any vote 21 of shareholders pursuant to this subsection, the secretary or 22 assistant secretary of the constituent corporation shall certify on 23 the agreement that the agreement has been adopted pursuant to this 24 subsection and that the conditions specified in paragraph 1 of this

Req. No. 1394

1

2

1 subsection have been satisfied; provided, that such certification on 2 the agreement shall not be required if a certificate of merger or 3 consolidation is filed in lieu of filing the agreement. The agreement so adopted and certified shall then be filed and become 4 5 effective in accordance with Section 1007 of this title. Filing shall constitute a representation by the person who executes the 6 7 agreement that the facts stated in the certificate remain true immediately before the filing. 8

9 H. Notwithstanding the requirements of subsection C of this 10 section, unless expressly required by its certificate of incorporation, no vote of shareholders of a constituent corporation 11 12 that has a class or series of stock that is listed on a national 13 securities exchange or held of record by more than two thousand holders immediately prior to the execution of the agreement of 14 15 merger by such constituent corporation shall be necessary to 16 authorize a merger if:

1. The agreement of merger expressly (a) permits or requires 17 such merger to be effected under this subsection and (b) provides 18 that such merger shall be effected as soon as practicable following 19 the consummation of the offer referred to in paragraph 2 of this 20 subsection if such merger is effected under this subsection; 21 2. A corporation consummates an offer for all of the 22 23 outstanding stock of such constituent corporation on the terms provided in such agreement of merger that, absent this subsection, 24

1	would be entitled to vote on the adoption or rejection of the
2	agreement of merger; provided, however, that such offer may be
3	conditioned on the tender of a minimum number or percentage of
4	shares of the stock of such constituent corporation, or of any
5	class or series thereof, and such offer may exclude any excluded
6	stock and provided further that the corporation may consummate
7	separate offers for separate classes or series of the stock of such
8	constituent corporation;
9	3. Immediately following the consummation of the offer referred
10	to in paragraph 2 of this subsection, the stock irrevocably accepted
11	for purchase or exchange pursuant to such offer and received by the
12	depository prior to expiration of such offer, together with the
13	stock otherwise owned by the consummating corporation or its
14	affiliates and any rollover stock, equals at least such percentage
15	of the shares of stock of such constituent corporation, and of each
16	class or series thereof, that, absent this subsection, would be
17	required to adopt the agreement of merger by this chapter and by the
18	certificate of incorporation of such constituent corporation;
19	4. The corporation consummating the offer referred to in
20	paragraph 2 of this subsection merges with or into such constituent
21	corporation pursuant to such agreement;
22	5. Each outstanding share, other than shares of excluded stock,
23	of each class or series of stock of the constituent corporation that
24	is the subject of and not irrevocably accepted for purchase or

1	<u>exchange</u> in t	he offer referred to in paragraph 2 of this subsection
2	<u>is to be conv</u>	erted in such merger into, or into the right to
3	receive, the	same amount and kind of cash, property, rights or
4	securities pa	id for shares of such class or series of stock of such
5	<u>constituent</u> c	orporation irrevocably accepted for purchase or
6	exchange in s	uch offer; and
7	<u>6. As us</u>	ed in this subsection only, the term:
8	<u>a.</u>	"affiliate" means, in respect of the corporation
9		making the offer referred to in paragraph 2 of this
10		subsection, any person that (1) owns, directly or
11		indirectly, all of the outstanding stock of such
12		corporation or (2) is a direct or indirect wholly-
13		owned subsidiary of such corporation or of any person
14		referred to in proviso (1) of this subparagraph,
15	b.	"consummates", and with correlative meaning,
16		"consummation" and "consummating", means irrevocably
17		accepts for purchase or exchange stock tendered
18		pursuant to an offer,
19	<u>c.</u>	"depository" means an agent, including a depository,
20		appointed to facilitate consummation of the offer
21		referred to in paragraph 2 of this subsection,
22	<u>d.</u>	"excluded stock" means (1) stock of such constituent
23		corporation that is owned at the commencement of the
24		offer referred to in paragraph 2 of this subsection by

1		such constituent corporation, the corporation making
2		the offer referred to in paragraph 2 of this
3		subsection, any person that owns, directly or
4		indirectly, all of the outstanding stock of the
5		corporation making such offer, or any direct or
6		indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of any of the
7		foregoing and (2) rollover stock,
8	<u>e.</u>	"person" means any individual, corporation,
9		partnership, limited liability company, unincorporated
10		association or other entity,
11	<u>f.</u>	"received" solely for purposes of paragraph 3 of this
12		subsection means (1) with respect to certificated
13		shares, physical receipt of a stock certificate
14		accompanied by an executed letter of transmittal, (2)
15		with respect to uncertificated shares held of record
16		by a clearing corporation as nominee, transfer into
17		the depository's account by means of an agent's
18		message, and (3) with respect to uncertificated shares
19		held of record by a person other than a clearing
20		corporation as nominee, physical receipt of an
21		executed letter of transmittal by the depository;
22		provided, however, that shares shall cease to be
23		"received" (4) with respect to certificated shares, if
24		the certificate representing such shares was canceled

1		prior to consummation of the offer referred to in
2		paragraph 2 of this subsection, or (5) with respect
З		to uncertificated shares, to the extent such
4		uncertificated shares have been reduced or eliminated
5		due to any sale of such shares prior to consummation
6		of the offer referred to in paragraph 2 of this
7		subsection, and
8	ā.	"rollover stock" means any shares of stock of such
9		constituent corporation that are the subject of a
10		written agreement requiring such shares to be
11		transferred, contributed or delivered to the
12		consummating corporation or any of its affiliates in
13		exchange for stock or other equity interests in such
14		consummating corporation or an affiliate thereof;
15		provided, however, that such shares of stock shall
16		cease to be rollover stock for purposes of paragraph 3
17		of this subsection if, immediately prior to the time
18		the merger becomes effective under this chapter, such
19		shares have not been transferred, contributed or
20		delivered to the consummating corporation or any of
21		its affiliates pursuant to such written agreement.
22	<u>If an agr</u>	reement of merger is adopted without the vote of
23	shareholders	of a corporation pursuant to this subsection, the
24	secretary or	assistant secretary of the surviving corporation shall

1	certify on the agreement that the agreement has been adopted
2	pursuant to this subsection and that the conditions specified in
3	this subsection, other than the condition listed in paragraph 4 of
4	this subsection, have been satisfied; provided that such
5	certification on the agreement shall not be required if a
6	certificate of merger is filed in lieu of filing the agreement. The
7	agreement so adopted and certified shall then be filed and shall
8	become effective, in accordance with Section 1007 of this title.
9	Such filing shall constitute a representation by the person who
10	executes the agreement that the facts stated in the certificate
11	remain true immediately prior to such filing.
12	SECTION 23. AMENDATORY 18 O.S. 2011, Section 1082, is
13	amended to read as follows:
14	Section 1082.
15	MERGER OR CONSOLIDATION OF DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN CORPORATIONS;
16	SERVICE OF PROCESS UPON SURVIVING OR RESULTING CORPORATION
17	A. Any one or more corporations of this state may merge or
18	consolidate with one or more other corporations of any other state
19	or states of the United States, or of the District of Columbia, if
20	the laws of the other state or states or of the District permit a
21	corporation of the jurisdiction to merge or consolidate with a
22	corporation of another jurisdiction. The constituent corporations
23	may merge into a single corporation, which may be any one of the
24	constituent corporations, or they may consolidate into a new

Req. No. 1394

1 corporation formed by the consolidation, which may be a corporation 2 of the state of incorporation of any one of the constituent 3 corporations, pursuant to an agreement of merger or consolidation, as the case may be, complying and approved in accordance with the 4 5 provisions of this section. In addition, any one or more corporations organized under the laws of any jurisdiction other than 6 7 one of the United States may merge or consolidate with one or more corporations existing under the laws of this state if the surviving 8 9 or resulting corporation will be a corporation of this state, and if 10 the laws under which the other corporation or corporations are 11 formed permit a corporation of that jurisdiction to merge or 12 consolidate with a corporation of another jurisdiction.

B. All the constituent corporations shall enter into an
agreement of merger or consolidation. The agreement shall state:
1. The terms and conditions of the merger or consolidation;
2. The mode of carrying the same into effect;

3. The manner, if any, of converting the shares of each of the 17 constituent corporations into shares or other securities of the 18 corporation surviving or resulting from the merger or consolidation, 19 or of canceling some or all of the shares, and, if any shares of any 20 of the constituent corporations are not to remain outstanding, to be 21 converted solely into shares or other securities of the surviving or 22 resulting corporation or to be canceled, the cash, property, rights, 23 or securities of any other corporation or entity which the holder of 24

Req. No. 1394

the shares is to receive in exchange for, or upon conversion of, the shares and the surrender of any certificates evidencing them, which cash, property, rights, or securities of any other corporation or entity may be in addition to or in lieu of the shares or other securities of the surviving or resulting corporation;

4. Other details or provisions as are deemed desirable, 6 7 including, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, a provision for the payment of cash in lieu of the issuance or 8 9 recognition of fractional shares of the surviving or resulting 10 corporation or of any other corporation the securities of which are to be received in the merger or consolidation, or for some other 11 arrangement with respect thereto consistent with the provisions of 12 13 Section 1036 of this title; and

5. Other provisions or facts as shall be required to be set 14 forth in the certificate of incorporation by the laws of the state 15 which are stated in the agreement to be the laws that shall govern 16 17 the surviving or resulting corporation and that can be stated in the case of a merger or consolidation. Any of the terms of the 18 agreement of merger or consolidation may be made dependent upon 19 facts ascertainable outside of the agreement; provided, that the 20 manner in which the facts shall operate upon the terms of the 21 agreement is clearly and expressly set forth in the agreement of 22 merger or consolidation. The term "facts" as used in this 23 paragraph, includes, but is not limited to, the occurrence of any 24

Req. No. 1394

event, including a determination or action by any person or body,
 including the corporation.

3 C. The agreement shall be adopted, approved, executed, and acknowledged by each of the constituent corporations in accordance 4 5 with the laws under which it is formed, and, in the case of an Oklahoma corporation, in the same manner as is provided for in 6 7 Section 1081 of this title. The agreement shall be filed and shall become effective for all purposes of the laws of this state when and 8 9 as provided for in Section 1081 of this title with respect to the 10 merger or consolidation of corporations of this state. In lieu of 11 filing the agreement of merger or consolidation, the surviving or 12 resulting corporation may file a certificate of merger or 13 consolidation executed in accordance with the provisions of Section 1007 of this title, which states: 14

The name and state of incorporation of each of the
 constituent corporations;

17 2. That an agreement of merger or consolidation has been
18 approved, adopted, executed, and acknowledged by each of the
19 constituent corporations in accordance with the provisions of this
20 subsection;

3. The name of the surviving or resulting corporation;
4. In the case of a merger, the amendments or changes in the
certificate of incorporation of the surviving corporation, which may
be amended and restated, that are effected by the merger, which

Req. No. 1394

amendments or changes may amend and restate the certificate of incorporation of the surviving corporation in its entirety, or, if no amendments or changes are desired, a statement that the certificate of incorporation of the surviving corporation shall be its certificate of incorporation;

5. In the case of a consolidation, that the certificate of
incorporation of the resulting corporation shall be as is set forth
in an attachment to the certificate;

9 6. That the executed agreement of consolidation or merger is on 10 file at the principal place of business of the surviving 11 corporation, and the address thereof;

12 7. That a copy of the agreement of consolidation or merger will 13 be furnished by the surviving corporation, on request and without 14 cost, to any shareholder of any constituent corporation;

8. If the corporation surviving or resulting from the merger or
 consolidation is to be a domestic corporation, the authorized
 capital stock of each constituent corporation which is not a
 domestic corporation; and

9. The agreement, if any, required by the provisions of
 subsection D of this section. For purposes of Section 1085 of this
 title, the term "shareholder" in subsection D of this section shall
 be deemed to include "member".

D. If the corporation surviving or resulting from the merger orconsolidation is to be governed by the laws of the District of

Req. No. 1394

1 Columbia or any state other than this state, it shall agree that it 2 may be served with process in this state in any proceeding for enforcement of any obligation of any constituent corporation of this 3 state, as well as for enforcement of any obligation of the surviving 4 5 or resulting corporation arising from the merger or consolidation, including any suit or other proceeding to enforce the right of any 6 shareholders as determined in appraisal proceedings pursuant to the 7 provisions of Section 1091 of this title, and shall irrevocably 8 9 appoint the Secretary of State as its agent to accept service of 10 process in any suit or other proceedings and shall specify the 11 address to which a copy of process shall be mailed by the Secretary 12 of State. In the event of service upon the Secretary of State in accordance with the provisions of this subsection Section 2004 of 13 Title 12 of the Oklahoma Statutes, the Secretary of State shall 14 immediately notify the surviving or resulting corporation thereof by 15 letter, certified mail, return receipt requested, directed to the 16 surviving or resulting corporation at the address specified unless 17 the surviving or resulting corporation shall have designated in 18 writing to the Secretary of State a different address for this 19 purpose, in which case it shall be mailed to the last address so 20 designated. The notice shall include a copy of the process and any 21 other papers served on the Secretary of State pursuant to the 22 provisions of this subsection. It shall be the duty of the 23 plaintiff in the event of such service to serve process and any 24

1 other papers in duplicate, to notify the Secretary of State that 2 service is being effected pursuant to the provisions of this 3 subsection, and to pay the Secretary of State the fee provided for in paragraph 7 of subsection A of Section 1142 of this title, which 4 5 fee shall be taxed as part of the costs in the proceeding. The Secretary of State shall maintain an alphabetical record of any such 6 service setting forth the name of the plaintiff and the defendant, 7 the title, docket number, and nature of the proceeding in which 8 9 process has been served upon the Secretary of State, the fact that 10 service has been effected pursuant to the provisions of this 11 subsection, the return date thereof, and the date service was made. 12 The Secretary of State shall not be required to retain such 13 information longer than five (5) years from receipt of the service of process by the Secretary of State. 14

15 Ε. The provisions of subsections C and subsection D of Section 16 1081 of this title shall apply to any merger or consolidation 17 pursuant to the provisions of this section. The provisions of subsection E of Section 1081 of this title shall apply to a merger 18 pursuant to the provisions of this section in which the surviving 19 corporation is a corporation of this state. The provisions of 20 subsection subsections F and H of Section 1081 of this title shall 21 apply to any merger pursuant to the provisions of this section. 22

- 23
- 24

1 SECTION 24. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1083.1 of Title 18, unless there 2 3 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: MERGER OF PARENT ENTITY AND SUBSIDIARY 4 5 CORPORATION OR CORPORATIONS 6 In any case in which: Α. At least ninety percent (90%) of the outstanding shares of 7 1. each class of the stock of a corporation or corporations, other 8 9 than a corporation which has in its certificate of incorporation 10 the provision required by division (1) of subparagraph g of 11 paragraph 1 of subsection G of Section 1081 of Title 18 of the 12 Oklahoma Statutes, of which class there are outstanding shares that, absent this subsection, would be entitled to vote on such 13 merger, is owned by an entity; 14 2. One or more of such corporations is a corporation of this 15 16 state; and 3. Any entity or corporation that is not an entity or 17 corporation of this state is an entity or corporation of any 18 other state or the District of Columbia, the laws of which do not 19 forbid such merger, the entity having such stock ownership may 20 either merge the corporation or corporations into itself and 21 assume all of its or their obligations, or merge itself, or 22 itself and one or more of such corporations, into one of the 23 other corporations by: 24

Req. No. 1394

- a. authorizing such merger in accordance with such entity's governing documents and the laws of the jurisdiction under which such entity is formed or organized, and
- 5 b. acknowledging and filing with the Secretary of 6 State, in accordance with Section 1007 of Title 18 7 of the Oklahoma Statutes, a certificate of such 8 ownership and merger certifying:
- 9 (1)that such merger was authorized in accordance with such entity's governing documents and the 10 laws of the jurisdiction under which such 11 entity is formed or organized, such certificate 12 13 executed in accordance with such entity's governing documents and in accordance with the 14 laws of the jurisdiction under which such 15 entity is formed or organized, and 16
- 17 (2) the type of entity of each constituent entity 18 to the merger; provided, however, that in case 19 the entity shall not own all the outstanding 20 stock of all the corporations, parties to a 21 merger as aforesaid:
- (a) the certificate of ownership and merger
 shall state the terms and conditions of
 the merger, including the securities,

1cash, property, or rights to be issued,2paid, delivered or granted by the3surviving constituent party upon4surrender of each share of the5corporation or corporations not owned by6the entity, or the cancellation of some or7all of such shares, and

8 (b) such terms and conditions of the merger 9 may not result in a holder of stock in a 10 corporation becoming a general partner in 11 a surviving entity that is a partnership, 12 other than a limited liability partnership 13 or a limited liability limited 14 partnership.

Any of the terms of the merger may be made dependent upon facts 15 ascertainable outside of the certificate of ownership and merger, 16 17 provided that the manner in which such facts shall operate upon the terms of the merger is clearly and expressly set forth in the 18 certificate of ownership and merger. The term "facts", as used in 19 the preceding sentence, includes, but is not limited to, the 20 occurrence of any event including a determination or action by any 21 person or body, including the entity. If the surviving constituent 22 party exists under the laws of the District of Columbia or any state 23 or jurisdiction other than this state, subsection D of Section 1082 24

Req. No. 1394

1 of Title 18 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall also apply to a merger under this section; if the surviving constituent party is the 2 3 entity, the word "corporation" where applicable, as used in subsection D of Section 1082 of Title 18 of the Oklahoma Statutes, 4 5 shall be deemed to include an entity as defined herein; and the terms and conditions of the merger shall obligate the surviving 6 constituent party to provide the agreement, and take the actions 7 required by subsection D of Section 1082 of Title 18 of the Oklahoma 8 9 Statutes.

10 в. Sections 1088, 1090 and 1127 of Title 18 of the Oklahoma 11 Statutes shall, insofar as they are applicable, apply to a merger under this section, and Section 1089 and subsection E of Section 12 13 1081 of Title 18 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall apply to a merger under this section in which the surviving constituent party is a 14 15 corporation of this state. For purposes of this subsection, references to "agreement of merger" in subsection F of Section 1081 16 17 of Title 18 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall mean the terms and condition of the merger set forth in the certificate of ownership 18 and merger, and references to "corporation" in Sections 1088, 1089, 19 and 1090 of Title 18 of the Oklahoma Statutes and Section 1127 of 20 Title 18 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall be deemed to include the 21 entity, as applicable. Section 1091 of Title 18 of the Oklahoma 22 Statutes shall not apply to any merger effected under this section, 23 except as provided in subsection C of this section. 24

Req. No. 1394

C. In the event all of the stock of an Oklahoma corporation party to a merger effected under this section is not owned by the entity immediately prior to the merger, the shareholders of such Oklahoma corporation party to the merger shall have appraisal rights as set forth in Section 1091 of Title 18 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

D. A merger may be effected under this section although one or more of the constituent parties is a corporation organized under the laws of a jurisdiction other than one of the United States, provided that the laws of such jurisdiction do not forbid such merger.

12 E. As used in this section only, the term:

13 1. "Constituent party" means an entity or corporation to be
 14 merged pursuant to this section;

"Entity" means a partnership, whether general or limited, 15 2. and including a limited liability partnership and a limited 16 liability limited partnership, a limited liability company, and 17 any unincorporated nonprofit or for-profit association, trust or 18 enterprise having members or having outstanding shares of stock 19 or other evidences of financial, beneficial or membership 20 interest therein, whether formed by agreement or under statutory 21 authority or otherwise; and 22

3. "Governing documents" means a partnership agreement,
operating agreement, articles of association or any other

Req. No. 1394

1 instrument containing the provisions by which an entity is
2 formed or organized.

3 SECTION 25. AMENDATORY 18 O.S. 2011, Section 1090.3, is
4 amended to read as follows:

5 Section 1090.3.

6 BUSINESS COMBINATIONS WITH INTERESTED SHAREHOLDERS 7 A. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this title, a 8 corporation shall not engage in any business combination with any 9 interested shareholder for a period of three (3) years following the 10 time that the person became an interested shareholder, unless:

Prior to that time, the board of directors of the
 corporation approved either the business combination or the
 transaction which resulted in the person becoming an interested
 shareholder;

15 2. Upon consummation of the transaction which resulted in the 16 person becoming an interested shareholder, the interested 17 shareholder owned at least eighty-five percent (85%) of the 18 outstanding voting stock of the corporation at the time the 19 transaction commenced, excluding for purposes of determining the 20 outstanding voting stock, but not the outstanding voting stock owned 21 by the interested shareholder, those shares owned by:

a. persons who are directors and also officers, and
b. employee stock plans in which employee participants do
not have the right to determine confidentially whether

Req. No. 1394

shares held subject to the plan will be tendered in a tender or exchange offer; or

3 3. At or subsequent to such time, the business combination is 4 approved by the board of directors and authorized at an annual or 5 special meeting of shareholders, and not by written consent, by the 6 affirmative vote of at least two-thirds (2/3) of the outstanding 7 voting stock which is not owned by the interested shareholder.

8 B. The restrictions contained in this section shall not apply9 if:

The corporation's original certificate of incorporation
 contains a provision expressly electing not to be governed by this
 section;

The corporation, by action of its board of directors,
 adopted an amendment to its bylaws by November 30, 1991, expressly
 electing not to be governed by this section, which amendment shall
 not be further amended by the board of directors;

3. a. The the corporation, with the approval of its 17 shareholders, adopts an amendment to its certificate of 18 incorporation or bylaws expressly electing not to be 19 governed by this section; provided that, in addition to 20 any other vote required by law, an amendment to the 21 certificate of incorporation or bylaws must be approved 22 by the affirmative vote of a majority of the 23 outstanding voting stock of the corporation. 24

1

2

- b. An <u>an</u> amendment adopted pursuant to this paragraph
 shall be effective immediately in the case of a
 corporation that both:
 - (1) has never had a class of voting stock that falls within any of the three categories set out in paragraph 4 of this subsection, and
 - (2) has not elected by a provision in its original certificate of incorporation or any amendment

9 thereto to be governed by this section., and 10 с. In in all other cases, an amendment adopted pursuant to this paragraph shall not be effective until twelve 11 12 (12) months after the adoption of the amendment and 13 shall not apply to any business combination between a corporation and any person who became an interested 14 shareholder of the corporation on or prior to the 15 adoption. A bylaw amendment adopted pursuant to this 16 paragraph shall not be further amended by the board of 17 directors; 18

The corporation does not have a class of voting stock that
 is:

- a. listed on a national securities exchange, <u>or</u>
 b. authorized for quotation on the NASDAQ Stock Market,
 or
- 24

4

5

6

7

8

1 held of record by one thousand or more shareholders, c. unless any of the foregoing results from action taken, 2 3 directly or indirectly, by an interested shareholder or from a transaction in which a person becomes an 4 5 interested shareholder; 5. A person becomes an interested shareholder inadvertently 6 7 and: as soon as practicable divests itself of ownership of 8 a. 9 sufficient shares so that the person ceases to be an interested shareholder, and 10 11 b. would not, at any time within the three-year period 12 immediately prior to a business combination between the corporation and the person, have been an 13 interested shareholder but for the inadvertent 14 15 acquisition; The the business combination is proposed prior to the 16 6. a. consummation or abandonment of, and subsequent to the 17 earlier of the public announcement or the notice 18 required hereunder of, a proposed transaction which: 19 (1) constitutes one of the transactions described in 20 subparagraph b of this paragraph, 21 is with or by a person who: (2) 22 (a) was not an interested shareholder during the 23 previous three (3) years, or 24

1 (b) became an interested shareholder with the 2 approval of the corporation's board of 3 directors or during the period described in paragraph 7 of this subsection, and 4 5 (3) is approved or not opposed by a majority of the members of the board of directors then in office, 6 but not less than one, who were directors prior 7 to any person becoming an interested shareholder 8 9 during the previous three (3) years or were recommended for election or elected to succeed 10 the directors by a majority of the directors. 11 12 b. The the proposed transactions referred to in 13 subparagraph a of this paragraph are limited to: a share acquisition pursuant to Section 1090.1 of 14 (1)this title, or a merger or consolidation of the 15 corporation, except for a merger in respect of 16 17 which, pursuant to subsection F or G of Section 1081 of this title, no vote of the shareholders 18 of the corporation is required, 19 a sale, lease, exchange, mortgage, pledge, 20 (2) transfer, or other disposition, in one 21 transaction or a series of transactions, whether 22 23 as part of a dissolution or otherwise, of assets of the corporation or of any direct or indirect 24

1 majority-owned subsidiary of the corporation, other than to any direct or indirect wholly owned 2 3 subsidiary or to the corporation, having an aggregate market value equal to fifty percent 5 (50%) or more of either the aggregate market value of all of the assets of the corporation 6 determined on a consolidated basis or the 7 aggregate market value of all the outstanding 8 9 stock of the corporation, or

10 (3) a proposed tender or exchange offer for outstanding stock of the corporation which 11 represents fifty percent (50%) or more of the 12 13 outstanding voting stock of the corporation. The corporation shall give not less than twenty (20) 14 days' notice to all interested shareholders prior 15 to the consummation of any of the transactions 16 17 described in divisions (1) or (2) of this subparagraph; or 18

7. The business combination is with an interested shareholder 19 20 who became an interested shareholder at a time when the restriction contained in this section did not apply by reason of any of 21 paragraphs 1 through 4 of this subsection; provided, however, that 22 23 this paragraph shall not apply if, at the time the interested shareholder became an interested shareholder, the corporation's 24

Req. No. 1394

4

certificate of incorporation contained a provision authorized by
 subsection C of this section.

C. Notwithstanding paragraphs 1, 2, $3_{\overline{T}}$ and 4 of subsection B of 3 this section, a corporation may elect by a provision of its original 4 5 certificate of incorporation or any amendment thereto to be governed by this section; provided, that any amendment to the certificate of 6 7 incorporation shall not apply to restrict a business combination between the corporation and an interested shareholder of the 8 9 corporation if the interested shareholder became an interested 10 shareholder prior to the effective date of the amendment.

11 D. As used in this section:

1. "Affiliate" means a person that directly, or indirectly
 through one or more intermediaries, controls, or is controlled by,
 or is under common control with, another person;

15 2. "Associate", when used to indicate a relationship with any 16 person, means:

17a.any corporation, partnership, unincorporated18association, or other entity of which the person is a19director, officer, or partner or is the owner of20twenty percent (20%) or more of any class of voting21stock,

b. any trust or other estate in which the person has at
 least a twenty-percent beneficial interest or as to

24

1 which such person serves as trustee or in a similar fiduciary capacity, and 2 3 any relative or spouse of the person, or any relative с. of the spouse, who has the same residence as the 4 5 person; "Business combination", when used in reference to any 6 3. 7 corporation and any interested shareholder of the corporation, 8 means: 9 any merger or consolidation of the corporation or any a. 10 direct or indirect majority-owned subsidiary of the 11 corporation with: 12 (1) the interested shareholder, or 13 any other corporation, partnership, (2) unincorporated association, or other entity if 14 the merger or consolidation is caused by the 15 interested shareholder and, as a result of the 16 merger or consolidation subsection A of this 17 section is not applicable to the surviving 18 entity, 19 b. any sale, lease, exchange, mortgage, pledge, transfer, 20 or other disposition, in one transaction or a series 21 of transactions, except proportionately as a 22 23 shareholder of the corporation, to or with the interested shareholder, whether as part of a 24

dissolution or otherwise, of assets of the corporation or of any direct or indirect majority-owned subsidiary of the corporation which assets have an aggregate market value equal to ten percent (10%) or more of either the aggregate market value of all the assets of the corporation determined on a consolidated basis or the aggregate market value of all the outstanding stock of the corporation,

- 9 c. any transaction which results in the issuance or 10 transfer by the corporation or by any direct or 11 indirect majority-owned subsidiary of the corporation 12 of any stock of the corporation or of the subsidiary 13 to the interested shareholder, except:
- 14 (1) pursuant to the exercise, exchange, or conversion
 15 of securities exercisable for, exchangeable for,
 16 or convertible into stock of the corporation or
 17 any subsidiary which securities were outstanding
 18 prior to the time that the interested shareholder
 19 became an interested shareholder,
 - (2) pursuant to a merger under subsection G of Section 1081 of this title,

(3) pursuant to a dividend or distribution paid or made, or the exercise, exchange, or conversion of securities exercisable for, exchangeable for, or

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

20

21

22

23

24

1convertible into stock of the corporation or any2subsidiary which security is distributed, pro3rata, to all holders of a class or series of4stock of the corporation subsequent to the time5the interested shareholder became an interested6shareholder,7(4) pursuant to an exchange offer by the corporation

- to purchase stock made on the same terms to all holders of the stock, or
- 10 (5) any issuance or transfer of stock by the 11 corporation; provided, however, that in no case under divisions (3) through (5) of this 12 13 subparagraph shall there be an increase in the interested shareholder's proportionate share of 14 the stock of any class or series of the 15 corporation or of the voting stock of the 16 17 corporation,
- 18 d. any transaction involving the corporation or any
 19 direct or indirect majority-owned subsidiary of the
 20 corporation which has the effect, directly or
 21 indirectly, of increasing the proportionate share of
 22 the stock of any class or series, or securities
 23 convertible into the stock of any class or series, or
 24 the outstanding voting stock, of the corporation or of

8

9

any subsidiary which is owned by the interested shareholder, except as a result of immaterial changes due to fractional share adjustments or as a result of any purchase or redemption of any shares of stock not caused, directly or indirectly, by the interested shareholder,

7 any receipt by the interested shareholder of the e. benefit, directly or indirectly, except 8 9 proportionately as a shareholder of the corporation, 10 of any loans, advances, guarantees, pledges, or other 11 financial benefits, other than those expressly 12 permitted in subparagraphs a through d of this paragraph, provided by or through the corporation or 13 any direct or indirect majority-owned subsidiary, or 14 f. any share acquisition by the interested shareholder 15 from the corporation or any direct or indirect 16 majority-owned subsidiary of the corporation pursuant 17 to Section 1090.1 of this title; 18

4. "Control", including the terms "controlling", "controlled by" and "under common control with", means the possession, directly or indirectly, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a person, whether through the ownership of voting stock, by contract, or otherwise. A person who is the owner of twenty percent (20%) or more of the outstanding voting

Req. No. 1394

1

2

3

4

5

6

2other entity shall be presumed to have control of the entity, in the3absence of proof by a preponderance of the evidence to the contrary.4Notwithstanding the foregoing, a presumption of control shall not5apply where the person holds stock, in good faith and not for the6purpose of circumventing this section, as an agent, bank, broker,7nominee, custodian, or trustee for one or more owners who do not8individually or as a group have control of the entity;95. a. "Interested shareholder" means:10(1) any person, other than the corporation and any11direct or indirect majority-owned subsidiary of12the corporation, that:13(a) is the owner of fifteen percent (15%) or14more of the outstanding voting stock of the15corporation, or16(b) is an affiliate or associate of the17corporation and was the owner of fifteen18percent (15%) or more of the outstanding19voting stock of the corporation at any time20within the three-year period immediately21prior to the date on which it is sought to22be determined whether the person is an23interested shareholder, and24(2) the affiliates and associates of the person.	1	stock of any corporation, partnership, unincorporated association or					
4 Notwithstanding the foregoing, a presumption of control shall not 5 apply where the person holds stock, in good faith and not for the 6 purpose of circumventing this section, as an agent, bank, broker, 7 nominee, custodian, or trustee for one or more owners who do not 8 individually or as a group have control of the entity; 9 5. a. "Interested shareholder" means: 10 (1) any person, other than the corporation and any 11 direct or indirect majority-owned subsidiary of 12 the corporation, that: 13 (a) is the owner of fifteen percent (15%) or 14 more of the outstanding voting stock of the 15 corporation, or 16 (b) is an affiliate or associate of the 17 corporation and was the owner of fifteen 18 percent (15%) or more of the outstanding 19 voting stock of the corporation at any time 20 within the three-year period immediately 21 prior to the date on which it is sought to 22 be determined whether the person is an 23 interested shareholder, and	2	other entity shall be presumed to have control of the entity, in the					
5 apply where the person holds stock, in good faith and not for the 6 purpose of circumventing this section, as an agent, bank, broker, 7 nominee, custodian, or trustee for one or more owners who do not 8 individually or as a group have control of the entity; 9 5. a. "Interested shareholder" means: 10 (1) any person, other than the corporation and any 11 direct or indirect majority-owned subsidiary of 12 the corporation, that: 13 (a) is the owner of fifteen percent (15%) or 14 more of the outstanding voting stock of the 15 corporation, or 16 (b) is an affiliate or associate of the 17 corporation and was the owner of fifteen 18 percent (15%) or more of the outstanding 19 voting stock of the corporation at any time 20 within the three-year period immediately 21 prior to the date on which it is sought to 22 be determined whether the person is an 23 interested shareholder, and	3	absence of proof by a preponderance of the evidence to the contrary.					
6 purpose of circumventing this section, as an agent, bank, broker, nominee, custodian, or trustee for one or more owners who do not individually or as a group have control of the entity; 9 5. a. "Interested shareholder" means: 10 (1) any person, other than the corporation and any direct or indirect majority-owned subsidiary of 12 the corporation, that: 13 (a) is the owner of fifteen percent (15%) or 14 more of the outstanding voting stock of the 15 corporation, or 16 (b) is an affiliate or associate of the 17 corporation and was the owner of fifteen 18 percent (15%) or more of the outstanding 19 voting stock of the corporation at any time 20 within the three-year period immediately 21 prior to the date on which it is sought to 22 be determined whether the person is an 23 interested shareholder, and	4	Notwithstanding the foregoing, a presumption of control shall not					
<pre>nominee, custodian, or trustee for one or more owners who do not individually or as a group have control of the entity; 5. a. "Interested shareholder" means: (1) any person, other than the corporation and any direct or indirect majority-owned subsidiary of the corporation, that: (a) is the owner of fifteen percent (15%) or more of the outstanding voting stock of the corporation, or (b) is an affiliate or associate of the corporation and was the owner of fifteen percent (15%) or more of the outstanding voting stock of the corporation at any time within the three-year period immediately prior to the date on which it is sought to be determined whether the person is an interested shareholder, and</pre>	5	apply where the person holds stock, in good faith and not for the					
 individually or as a group have control of the entity; 5. a. "Interested shareholder" means: (1) any person, other than the corporation and any direct or indirect majority-owned subsidiary of the corporation, that: (a) is the owner of fifteen percent (15%) or more of the outstanding voting stock of the corporation, or (b) is an affiliate or associate of the corporation and was the owner of fifteen percent (15%) or more of the outstanding voting stock of the corporation at any time voting stock of the corporation at any time prior to the date on which it is sought to be determined whether the person is an interested shareholder, and 	6	purpose of circumventing this section, as an agent, bank, broker,					
9 5. a. "Interested shareholder" means: 10 (1) any person, other than the corporation and any direct or indirect majority-owned subsidiary of 12 the corporation, that: 13 (a) is the owner of fifteen percent (15%) or 14 more of the outstanding voting stock of the 15 corporation, or 16 (b) is an affiliate or associate of the 17 corporation and was the owner of fifteen 18 percent (15%) or more of the outstanding 19 voting stock of the corporation at any time 20 within the three-year period immediately 21 prior to the date on which it is sought to 22 be determined whether the person is an 23 interested shareholder, and	7	nominee, custodian, or trustee for one or more owners who do not					
10(1) any person, other than the corporation and any direct or indirect majority-owned subsidiary of the corporation, that:13(a) is the owner of fifteen percent (15%) or more of the outstanding voting stock of the corporation, or16(b) is an affiliate or associate of the corporation and was the owner of fifteen percent (15%) or more of the outstanding19voting stock of the corporation at any time within the three-year period immediately prior to the date on which it is sought to be determined whether the person is an interested shareholder, and	8	individually or as a group have control of the entity;					
11direct or indirect majority-owned subsidiary of12the corporation, that:13(a) is the owner of fifteen percent (15%) or14more of the outstanding voting stock of the15corporation, or16(b) is an affiliate or associate of the17corporation and was the owner of fifteen18percent (15%) or more of the outstanding19voting stock of the corporation at any time20within the three-year period immediately21prior to the date on which it is sought to22be determined whether the person is an23interested shareholder, and	9	5. a. "Interested shareholder" means:					
12the corporation, that:13(a) is the owner of fifteen percent (15%) or14more of the outstanding voting stock of the15corporation, or16(b) is an affiliate or associate of the17corporation and was the owner of fifteen18percent (15%) or more of the outstanding19voting stock of the corporation at any time20within the three-year period immediately21prior to the date on which it is sought to22be determined whether the person is an23interested shareholder, and	10	(1) any person, other than the corporation and any					
13(a) is the owner of fifteen percent (15%) or14more of the outstanding voting stock of the15corporation, or16(b) is an affiliate or associate of the17corporation and was the owner of fifteen18percent (15%) or more of the outstanding19voting stock of the corporation at any time20within the three-year period immediately21prior to the date on which it is sought to22be determined whether the person is an23interested shareholder, and	11	direct or indirect majority-owned subsidiary of					
14more of the outstanding voting stock of the corporation, or15(b) is an affiliate or associate of the corporation and was the owner of fifteen17percent (15%) or more of the outstanding19voting stock of the corporation at any time20within the three-year period immediately21prior to the date on which it is sought to22be determined whether the person is an23interested shareholder, and	12	the corporation, that:					
 15 corporation, or 16 (b) is an affiliate or associate of the 17 corporation and was the owner of fifteen 18 percent (15%) or more of the outstanding 19 voting stock of the corporation at any time 20 within the three-year period immediately 21 prior to the date on which it is sought to 22 be determined whether the person is an 23 interested shareholder, and 	13	(a) is the owner of fifteen percent (15%) or					
 (b) is an affiliate or associate of the corporation and was the owner of fifteen percent (15%) or more of the outstanding voting stock of the corporation at any time within the three-year period immediately prior to the date on which it is sought to be determined whether the person is an interested shareholder, and 	14	more of the outstanding voting stock of the					
17corporation and was the owner of fifteen18percent (15%) or more of the outstanding19voting stock of the corporation at any time20within the three-year period immediately21prior to the date on which it is sought to22be determined whether the person is an23interested shareholder, and	15	corporation, or					
18percent (15%) or more of the outstanding19voting stock of the corporation at any time20within the three-year period immediately21prior to the date on which it is sought to22be determined whether the person is an23interested shareholder, and	16	(b) is an affiliate or associate of the					
19voting stock of the corporation at any time20within the three-year period immediately21prior to the date on which it is sought to22be determined whether the person is an23interested shareholder, and	17	corporation and was the owner of fifteen					
20 within the three-year period immediately 21 prior to the date on which it is sought to 22 be determined whether the person is an 23 interested shareholder, and	18	percent (15%) or more of the outstanding					
21 prior to the date on which it is sought to 22 be determined whether the person is an 23 interested shareholder, and	19	voting stock of the corporation at any time					
22 be determined whether the person is an 23 interested shareholder, and	20	within the three-year period immediately					
23 interested shareholder, and	21	prior to the date on which it is sought to					
	22	be determined whether the person is an					
24 (2) the affiliates and associates of the person.	23	interested shareholder, and					
	24	(2) the affiliates and associates of the person.					

1

2

b. "Interested shareholder" shall not mean:

(1) any person who:

3	(a)	owne	d shares in excess of the fifteen		
4		perc	ent (15%) limitation set forth herein as		
5		of,	or acquired such shares pursuant to a		
6		tend	ler offer commenced prior to, September		
7		1, 1	991, or pursuant to an exchange offer		
8		anno	announced prior to September 1, 1991, and		
9		comm	enced within ninety (90) days thereafter		
10		and	either:		
11		i.	continued to own shares in excess of		
12			the fifteen percent (15%) limitation or		
13			would have but for action by the		
14			corporation, or		
15		ii.	is an affiliate or associate of the		
16			corporation and so continued, or so		
17			would have continued but for action by		
18			the corporation, to be the owner of		
19			fifteen percent (15%) or more of the		
20			outstanding voting stock of the		
21			corporation at any time within the		
22			three-year period immediately prior to		
23			the date on which it is sought to be		
24					

Req. No. 1394

1	determined whether the person is an
2	interested shareholder, or
3	(b) acquired the shares from a person described
4	in subdivision (a) of this division by gift,
5	inheritance, or in a transaction in which no
6	consideration was exchanged, or
7	(2) any person whose ownership of shares in excess of
8	the fifteen percent (15%) limitation set forth
9	herein is the result of action taken solely by
10	the corporation; provided, that the person shall
11	be an interested shareholder if thereafter the
12	person acquires additional shares of voting stock
13	of the corporation, except as a result of further
14	corporate action not caused, directly or
15	indirectly, by the person.
16	c. For the purpose of determining whether a person is an
17	interested shareholder, the stock of the corporation
18	deemed to be outstanding shall include stock deemed to
19	be owned by the person through application of
20	paragraph 9 of this subsection, but shall not include
21	any other unissued stock of the corporation which may
22	be issuable pursuant to any agreement, arrangement, or
23	understanding, or upon exercise of conversion rights,
24	warrants, or options, or otherwise;

1 6. "Person" means any individual, corporation, partnership, unincorporated association, any other entity, any group and any 2 3 member of a group;

7. "Stock" means, with respect to any corporation, capital 4 5 stock and, with respect to any other entity, any equity interest;

8. "Voting stock" means, with respect to any corporation, stock 6 of any class or series entitled to vote generally in the election of 7 directors and, with respect to any entity that is not a corporation, 8 9 any equity interest entitled to vote generally in the election of 10 the governing body of the entity. Every reference to a percentage 11 of voting stock refers to the percentage of the votes of the voting 12 stock; and

9. "Owner", including the terms "own" and "owned", when used 13 with respect to any stock, means a person who individually or with 14 or through any of its affiliates or associates: 15

16

beneficially owns the stock, directly or indirectly, a. 17 or

b. 18 has:

the right to acquire the stock, whether the right 19 (1)is exercisable immediately or only after the 20 passage of time, pursuant to any agreement, 21 arrangement, or understanding, or upon the 22 exercise of conversion rights, exchange rights, 23 warrants, or options, or otherwise; provided, 24

Req. No. 1394

however, that a person shall not be deemed the owner of stock tendered pursuant to a tender or exchange offer made by the person or any of the person's affiliates or associates until the tendered stock is accepted for purchase or exchange, or

7 (2) the right to vote the stock pursuant to any agreement, arrangement, or understanding; 8 9 provided, however, that a person shall not be 10 deemed the owner of any stock because of the 11 person's right to vote the stock if the 12 agreement, arrangement, or understanding to vote 13 the stock arises solely from a revocable proxy or consent given in response to a proxy or consent 14 solicitation made to ten or more persons, or 15

has any agreement, arrangement, or understanding for 16 с. the purpose of acquiring, holding, or voting, except 17 voting pursuant to a revocable proxy or consent as 18 described in division (2) of subparagraph b of this 19 20 paragraph, or disposing of the stock with any other person that beneficially owns, or whose affiliates or 21 associates beneficially own, directly or indirectly, 22 23 the stock.

24

E. No provisions of a certificate of incorporation or bylaw
 shall require, for any vote of shareholders required by this
 section, a greater vote of shareholders than that specified in this
 section.

5 SECTION 26. AMENDATORY 18 O.S. 2011, Section 1091, is 6 amended to read as follows:

7 Section 1091.

8

APPRAISAL RIGHTS

9 Any shareholder of a corporation of this state who holds Α. 10 shares of stock on the date of the making of a demand pursuant to 11 the provisions of subsection D of this section with respect to the 12 shares, who continuously holds the shares through the effective date of the merger or consolidation, who has otherwise complied with the 13 provisions of subsection D of this section and who has neither voted 14 15 in favor of the merger or consolidation nor consented thereto in writing pursuant to the provisions of Section 1073 of this title 16 shall be entitled to an appraisal by the district court of the fair 17 value of the shares of stock under the circumstances described in 18 subsections B and C of this section. As used in this section, the 19 word "shareholder" means a holder of record of stock in a stock 20 corporation and also a member of record of a nonstock corporation; 21 the words "stock" and "share" mean and include what is ordinarily 22 meant by those words and also membership or membership interest of 23 member of a nonstock corporation; and "depository receipt" means an 24

1 instrument issued by a depository representing an interest in one or 2 more shares, or fractions thereof, solely of stock of a corporation, 3 which stock is deposited with the depository. The provisions of 4 this subsection shall be effective only with respect to mergers or 5 consolidations consummated pursuant to an agreement of merger or 6 consolidation entered into after November 1, 1988.

7 Except as otherwise provided for in this subsection, B. 1. appraisal rights shall be available for the shares of any class or 8 9 series of stock of a constituent corporation in a merger or 10 consolidation, or of the acquired corporation in a share acquisition, to be effected pursuant to the provisions of Section 11 12 1081, other than a merger effected pursuant to subsection G of Section 1081, or, subject to paragraph 3 of this subsection, 13 subsection H of Section 1081, and Section 1082, 1084, 1085, 1086, 14 1087, 1090.1 or 1090.2 of this title. 15

No appraisal rights under this section shall be 16 2. a. available for the shares of any class or series of 17 stock which stock, or depository receipts in respect 18 thereof, at the record date fixed to determine the 19 shareholders entitled to receive notice of and to 20 vote at the meeting of shareholders to act upon the 21 agreement of merger or consolidation, were either: 22 listed on a national securities exchange or 23 (1) 24 designated as a national market system security

1 2

3

on an interdealer quotation system by the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.;

4 (2) held of record by more than two thousand holders.
5 No appraisal rights shall be available for any shares of stock
6 of the constituent corporation surviving a merger if the merger did
7 not require for its approval the vote of the shareholders of the
8 surviving corporation as provided in subsection G of Section 1081 of
9 this title.

or

b. In <u>in</u> addition, no appraisal rights shall be available
for any shares of stock, or depository receipts in
respect thereof, of the constituent corporation
surviving a merger if the merger did not require for
its approval the vote of the shareholders of the
surviving corporation as provided for in subsection F
of Section 1081 of this title.

Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph 2 of this
 subsection, appraisal rights provided for in this section shall be
 available for the shares of any class or series of stock of a
 constituent corporation if the holders thereof are required by the
 terms of an agreement of merger or consolidation pursuant to the
 provisions of Section 1081, 1082, <u>1084, 1085,</u> 1086, 1087, 1090.1 or
 1090.2 of this title to accept for the stock anything except:

24

- a. shares of stock of the corporation surviving or
 resulting from the merger or consolidation or
 depository receipts thereof, or
- b. shares of stock of any other corporation, or 4 5 depository receipts in respect thereof, which shares of stock or depository receipts at the effective date 6 of the merger or consolidation will be either listed 7 on a national securities exchange or designated as a 8 9 national market system security on an interdealer 10 quotation system by the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. or held of record by more 11 12 than two thousand holders, or
- c. cash in lieu of fractional shares or fractional
 depository receipts described in subparagraphs a and b
 of this paragraph, or
- any combination of the shares of stock, depository
 receipts, and cash in lieu of the fractional shares or
 depository receipts described in subparagraphs a, b,
 and c of this paragraph.

4. In the event all of the stock of a subsidiary Oklahoma
corporation party to a merger effected pursuant to the provisions of
<u>subsection H of Section 1081 or</u> Section 1083 <u>or 1083.1</u> of this title
is not owned by the parent corporation immediately prior to the

24

merger, appraisal rights shall be available for the shares of the
 subsidiary Oklahoma corporation.

3 C. Any corporation may provide in its certificate of incorporation that appraisal rights under this section shall be 4 5 available for the shares of any class or series of its stock as a result of an amendment to its certificate of incorporation, any 6 merger or consolidation in which the corporation is a constituent 7 corporation or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of 8 9 the corporation. If the certificate of incorporation contains such 10 a provision, the procedures of this section, including those set 11 forth in subsections D and E of this section, shall apply as nearly 12 as is practicable.

13 D. Appraisal rights shall be perfected as follows:

If a proposed merger or consolidation for which appraisal 14 1. rights are provided under this section is to be submitted for 15 approval at a meeting of shareholders, the corporation, not less 16 than twenty (20) days prior to the meeting, shall notify each of its 17 shareholders entitled to appraisal rights who was such on the record 18 date for notice of such meeting, or such members who received notice 19 in accordance with subsection C of Section 1081 of this title, with 20 respect to shares for which appraisal rights are available pursuant 21 to subsection B or C of this section that appraisal rights are 22 available for any or all of the shares of the constituent 23 corporations, and shall include in the notice a copy of this section 24

Req. No. 1394

1 and, if one of the constituent corporations is a nonstock 2 corporation, a copy of Section 1004.1 of this title. Each 3 shareholder electing to demand the appraisal of the shares of the shareholder shall deliver to the corporation, before the taking of 4 5 the vote on the merger or consolidation, a written demand for appraisal of the shares of the shareholder. The demand will be 6 sufficient if it reasonably informs the corporation of the identity 7 of the shareholder and that the shareholder intends thereby to 8 9 demand the appraisal of the shares of the shareholder. A proxy or 10 vote against the merger or consolidation shall not constitute such a 11 demand. A shareholder electing to take such action must do so by a 12 separate written demand as herein provided. Within ten (10) days 13 after the effective date of the merger or consolidation, the surviving or resulting corporation shall notify each shareholder of 14 each constituent corporation who has complied with the provisions of 15 this subsection and has not voted in favor of or consented to the 16 merger or consolidation as of the date that the merger or 17 consolidation has become effective; or 18

If the merger or consolidation is approved pursuant to the
 provisions of Section 1073 or, subsection H of Section 1081, Section
 1083 or Section 1083.1 of this title, either a constituent
 corporation before the effective date of the merger or consolidation
 or the surviving or resulting corporation within ten (10) days
 thereafter shall notify each of the holders of any class or series

Req. No. 1394

1 of stock of the constituent corporation who are entitled to 2 appraisal rights of the approval of the merger or consolidation and 3 that appraisal rights are available for any or all shares of such class or series of stock of the constituent corporation, and shall 4 5 include in the notice a copy of this section and, if one of the constituent corporations is a nonstock corporation, a copy of 6 7 Section 1004.1 of this title. The notice may, and, if given on or after the effective date of the merger or consolidation, shall, also 8 9 notify the shareholders of the effective date of the merger or 10 consolidation. Any shareholder entitled to appraisal rights may, 11 within twenty (20) days after the date of mailing of the notice or, 12 in the case of a merger approved pursuant to subsection H of Section 13 1081 of this title, within the later of the consummation of an offer contemplated by subsection H of Section 1081 of this title and 14 15 twenty (20) days after the date of mailing of such notice, demand in writing from the surviving or resulting corporation the appraisal of 16 17 the holder's shares. The demand will be sufficient if it reasonably informs the corporation of the identity of the shareholder and that 18 the shareholder intends to demand the appraisal of the holder's 19 shares. If the notice does not notify shareholders of the effective 20 date of the merger or consolidation either: 21

a. each constituent corporation shall send a second
 notice before the effective date of the merger or
 consolidation notifying each of the holders of any

Req. No. 1394

1 class or series of stock of the constituent 2 corporation that are entitled to appraisal rights of 3 the effective date of the merger or consolidation, or b. the surviving or resulting corporation shall send a 4 5 second notice to all holders on or within ten (10) days after the effective date of the merger or 6 consolidation; provided, however, that if the second 7 notice is sent more than twenty (20) days following 8 9 the mailing of the first notice or, in the case of a 10 merger approved pursuant to subsection H of Section 11 1081 of this title, later than the later of the 12 consummation of the offer contemplated by subsection H 13 of Section 1081 of this title and twenty (20) days following the sending of the first notice, the second 14 15 notice need only be sent to each shareholder who is entitled to appraisal rights and who has demanded 16 appraisal of the holder's shares in accordance with 17 this subsection. An affidavit of the secretary or 18 assistant secretary or of the transfer agent of the 19 corporation that is required to give either notice 20 that the notice has been given shall, in the absence 21 of fraud, be prima facie evidence of the facts stated 22 therein. For purposes of determining the shareholders 23 entitled to receive either notice, each constituent 24

corporation may fix, in advance, a record date that shall be not more than ten (10) days prior to the date the notice is given; provided, if the notice is given on or after the effective date of the merger or consolidation, the record date shall be the effective date. If no record date is fixed and the notice is given prior to the effective date, the record date shall be the close of business on the day next preceding the day on which the notice is given.

10 Ε. Within one hundred twenty (120) days after the effective 11 date of the merger or consolidation, the surviving or resulting corporation or any shareholder who has complied with the provisions 12 13 of subsections A and D of this section and who is otherwise entitled to appraisal rights, may file a petition in district court demanding 14 a determination of the value of the stock of all such shareholders; 15 16 provided, however. Notwithstanding the foregoing, at any time 17 within sixty (60) days after the effective date of the merger or consolidation, any shareholder who has not commenced an appraisal 18 proceeding or joined that proceeding as a named party shall have the 19 right to withdraw the demand of the shareholder for appraisal and to 20 accept the terms offered upon the merger or consolidation. Within 21 one hundred twenty (120) days after the effective date of the merger 22 or consolidation, any shareholder who has complied with the 23 requirements of subsections A and D of this section, upon written 24

Req. No. 1394

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

1 request, shall be entitled to receive from the corporation surviving 2 the merger or resulting from the consolidation a statement setting 3 forth the aggregate number of shares not voted in favor of the merger or consolidation and with respect to which demands for 4 5 appraisal have been received and the aggregate number of holders of the shares. The written statement shall be mailed to the 6 7 shareholder within ten (10) days after the shareholder's written request for a statement is received by the surviving or resulting 8 9 corporation or within ten (10) days after expiration of the period 10 for delivery of demands for appraisal pursuant to the provisions of 11 subsection D of this section, whichever is later. Notwithstanding 12 subsection A of this section, a person who is the beneficial owner of shares of such stock held either in a voting trust or by a 13 nominee on behalf of such person may, in such person's own name, 14 file a petition or request from the corporation the statement 15 16 described in this section.

Upon the filing of any such petition by a shareholder, 17 F. service of a copy thereof shall be made upon the surviving or 18 resulting corporation, which, within twenty (20) days after service, 19 shall file, in the office of the court clerk of the district court 20 in which the petition was filed, a duly verified list containing the 21 names and addresses of all shareholders who have demanded payment 22 for their shares and with whom agreements regarding the value of 23 their shares have not been reached by the surviving or resulting 24

Req. No. 1394

1 corporation. If the petition shall be filed by the surviving or 2 resulting corporation, the petition shall be accompanied by such duly verified list. The court clerk, if so ordered by the court, 3 shall give notice of the time and place fixed for the hearing on the 4 5 petition by registered or certified mail to the surviving or resulting corporation and to the shareholders shown on the list at 6 the addresses therein stated. Notice shall also be given by one or 7 more publications at least one (1) week before the day of the 8 9 hearing, in a newspaper of general circulation published in the City 10 of Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, or other publication as the court deems 11 advisable. The forms of the notices by mail and by publication 12 shall be approved by the court, and the costs thereof shall be borne 13 by the surviving or resulting corporation.

At the hearing on the petition, the court shall determine 14 G. the shareholders who have complied with the provisions of this 15 section and who have become entitled to appraisal rights. The court 16 may require the shareholders who have demanded an appraisal of their 17 shares and who hold stock represented by certificates to submit 18 their certificates of stock to the court clerk for notation thereon 19 of the pendency of the appraisal proceedings; and if any shareholder 20 fails to comply with this direction, the court may dismiss the 21 proceedings as to that shareholder. If immediately before the 22 merger or consolidation the shares of the class or series of stock 23 of the constituent corporation as to which appraisal rights are 24

Req. No. 1394

1 available were listed on a national securities exchange, the court 2 shall dismiss the proceedings as to all holders of such shares who 3 are otherwise entitled to appraisal rights unless (1) the total number of shares entitled to appraisal exceeds one percent (1%) of 4 5 the outstanding shares of the class or series eligible for appraisal, (2) the value of the consideration provided in the merger 6 7 or consolidation for such total number of shares exceeds One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00), or (3) the merger was approved pursuant to 8 9 Section 1083 or Section 1083.1 of this title.

10 н. After determining the shareholders entitled to an appraisal, 11 the court shall appraise the shares, determining their fair value 12 exclusive of any element of value arising from the accomplishment or 13 expectation of the merger or consolidation, together with a fair rate of interest, if any, to be paid upon the amount determined to 14 be the fair value. In determining the fair value, the court shall 15 take into account all relevant factors. In determining the fair 16 rate of interest, the court may consider all relevant factors \overline{r} 17 including the rate of interest which the surviving or resulting 18 19 corporation would have to pay to borrow money during the pendency of the proceeding. Unless the court in its discretion determines 20 otherwise for good cause shown, and except as provided in this 21 subsection, interest from the effective date of the merger through 22 the date of payment of the judgment shall be compounded quarterly 23 and shall accrue at five percent (5%) over the Federal Reserve 24

1 discount rate, including any surcharge, as established from time to time during the period between the effective date of the merger and 2 3 the date of payment of judgment. At any time before the entry of 4 judgment in the proceedings, the surviving corporation may pay to 5 each shareholder entitled to appraisal an amount in cash, in which case interest shall accrue thereafter as provided herein only upon 6 7 the sum of (1) the difference, if any, between the amount so paid and the fair value of the shares as determined by the court, and (2) 8 interest theretofore accrued, unless paid at that time. Upon 9 10 application by the surviving or resulting corporation or by any 11 shareholder entitled to participate in the appraisal proceeding, the 12 court may, in its discretion, permit discovery or other pretrial proceedings and may proceed to trial upon the appraisal prior to the 13 final determination of the shareholder entitled to an appraisal. 14 Any shareholder whose name appears on the list filed by the 15 surviving or resulting corporation pursuant to the provisions of 16 subsection F of this section and who has submitted the certificates 17 of stock of the shareholder to the court clerk, if required, may 18 participate fully in all proceedings until it is finally determined 19 that the shareholder is not entitled to appraisal rights pursuant to 20 the provisions of this section. 21

I. The court shall direct the payment of the fair value of the shares, together with interest, if any, by the surviving or resulting corporation to the shareholders entitled thereto.

Req. No. 1394

Payment shall be made to each shareholder, in the case of holders of uncertificated stock immediately, and in the case of holders of shares represented by certificates upon the surrender to the corporation of the certificates representing the stock. The court's decree may be enforced as other decrees in the district court may be enforced, whether the surviving or resulting corporation be a corporation of this state or of any other state.

Interest may be simple or compound, as the court may direct.

9 J. The costs of the proceeding may be determined by the court 10 and taxed upon the parties as the court deems equitable in the circumstances. Upon application of a shareholder, the court may 11 12 order all or a portion of the expenses incurred by any shareholder in connection with the appraisal proceeding, including, without 13 limitation, reasonable attorney's fees and the fees and expenses of 14 15 experts, to be charged pro rata against the value of all of the shares entitled to an appraisal. 16

Κ. From and after the effective date of the merger or 17 consolidation, no shareholder who has demanded appraisal rights as 18 provided for in subsection D of this section shall be entitled to 19 vote the stock for any purpose or to receive payment of dividends or 20 other distributions on the stock, except dividends or other 21 distributions payable to shareholders of record at a date which is 22 prior to the effective date of the merger or consolidation; 23 provided, however, that if no petition for an appraisal shall be 24

Req. No. 1394

1

1 filed within the time provided for in subsection E of this section, or if the shareholder shall deliver to the surviving or resulting 2 3 corporation a written withdrawal of the shareholder's demand for an appraisal and an acceptance of the merger or consolidation, either 4 5 within sixty (60) days after the effective date of the merger or consolidation as provided for in subsection E of this section or 6 7 thereafter with the written approval of the corporation, then the right of the shareholder to an appraisal shall cease; provided 8 9 further, no appraisal proceeding in the district court shall be 10 dismissed as to any shareholder without the approval of the court, 11 and approval may be conditioned upon terms as the court deems just; 12 provided, however, that this provision shall not affect the right of any shareholder who has not commenced an appraisal proceeding or 13 joined that proceeding as a named party to withdraw such 14 15 shareholder's demand for appraisal and to accept the terms offered 16 upon the merger or consolidation within sixty (60) days after the effective date of the merger or consolidation, as set forth in 17 subsection E of this section. 18

19 L. The shares of the surviving or resulting corporation into 20 which the shares of any objecting shareholders would have been 21 converted had they assented to the merger or consolidation shall 22 have the status of authorized and unissued shares of the surviving 23 or resulting corporation.

24

1SECTION 27.AMENDATORY18 O.S. 2011, Section 1095, is2amended to read as follows:

3 Section 1095.

5

4 DISSOLUTION BEFORE THE ISSUANCE OF SHARES OR BEGINNING BUSINESS;

PROCEDURE

If a corporation has not issued shares or has not commenced the 6 7 business for which the corporation was organized, a majority of the incorporators, or, if directors were named in the certificate of 8 9 incorporation or have been elected, a majority of the directors, may 10 surrender all of the corporation's rights and franchises by filing 11 in the Office of the Secretary of State a certificate, executed and 12 acknowledged by a majority of the incorporators or directors, 13 stating that:

14 <u>1. That</u> no shares of stock have been issued or that the 15 business of activity for which the corporation was organized has not 16 begun; that

17 <u>2. The date of filing of the corporation's original certificate</u>
18 of incorporation with the Secretary of State;

19 <u>3. That</u> no part of the capital of the corporation has been 20 paid, or, if some capital has been paid, that the amount actually 21 paid in for the corporation's shares, less any part thereof 22 disbursed for necessary expenses, has been returned to those 23 entitled thereto; that

24

<u>4. That</u> if the corporation has begun business but it has not
 issued shares, all debts of the corporation have been paid; that

3 <u>5. That</u> if the corporation has not begun business but has 4 issued stock certificates all issued stock certificates, if any, 5 have been surrendered and canceled; and that

6 <u>6. That</u> all rights and franchises of the corporation are
7 surrendered. Upon such certificate becoming effective in accordance
8 with the provisions of Section 1007 of this title, the corporation
9 shall be dissolved.

10SECTION 28.AMENDATORY18 O.S. 2011, Section 1096, is11amended to read as follows:

12 Section 1096.

13

DISSOLUTION; PROCEDURE

If it should be deemed advisable in the judgment of the 14 Α. board of directors of any corporation that it should be dissolved, 15 the board, after the adoption of a resolution to that effect by a 16 majority of the whole board at any meeting called for that purpose, 17 shall cause notice to be mailed to each shareholder entitled to vote 18 thereon as of the record date for determining the shareholders 19 entitled to notice of the meeting of the adoption of the resolution 20 and of a meeting of shareholders to take action upon the resolution. 21 B. At the meeting a vote shall be taken upon the proposed 22 dissolution. If a majority of the outstanding stock of the 23 corporation entitled to vote thereon shall vote for the proposed 24

Req. No. 1394

dissolution, a certificate of dissolution shall be filed with the
 Secretary of State pursuant to subsection D of this section.

C. Dissolution of a corporation may also be authorized without action of the directors if all the shareholders entitled to vote thereon shall consent in writing and a certificate of dissolution shall be filed with the Secretary of State pursuant to subsection D of this section.

D. If dissolution is authorized in accordance with this
section, a certificate of dissolution shall be executed,
acknowledged and filed, and shall become effective, in accordance
with Section 1007 of this title. Such certificate of dissolution
shall set forth:

13 1. the The name of the corporation;

14 2. the The date dissolution was authorized;

3. that <u>That</u> the dissolution has been authorized by the board of directors and shareholders of the corporation, in accordance with subsections A and B of this section, or that the dissolution has been authorized by all of the shareholders of the corporation entitled to vote on a dissolution, in accordance with subsection C of this section; and

4. the <u>The</u> names and addresses of the directors and officers of
the corporation; and

23 <u>5. The date of filing of the corporation's original certificate</u>
24 of incorporation with the Secretary of State.

Req. No. 1394

E. The resolution authorizing a proposed dissolution may provide that notwithstanding authorization or consent to the proposed dissolution by the shareholders, or the members of a nonstock corporation pursuant to Section 1097 of this title, the board of directors or governing body may abandon such proposed dissolution without further action by the shareholders or members.

F. Upon a certificate of dissolution becoming effective in
accordance with Section 1007 of this title, the corporation shall be
dissolved.

10SECTION 29.AMENDATORY18 O.S. 2011, Section 1099, is11amended to read as follows:

12 Section 1099.

13 CONTINUATION OF CORPORATION AFTER DISSOLUTION FOR PURPOSES OF SUIT 14 AND WINDING UP AFFAIRS

All corporations, whether they expire by their own limitation or 15 are otherwise dissolved, nevertheless shall be continued, for the 16 17 term of three (3) years from such expiration or dissolution or for such longer period as the district court shall in its discretion 18 direct, bodies corporate for the purpose of prosecuting and 19 defending suits, whether civil, criminal or administrative, by or 20 against them, and of enabling them gradually to settle and close 21 their business, to dispose of and convey their property, to 22 discharge their liabilities, and to distribute to their shareholders 23 any remaining assets, but not for the purpose of continuing the 24

Req. No. 1394

1 business for which the corporation was organized. With respect to any action, suit, or proceeding begun by or against the corporation 2 either prior to or within three (3) years after the date of its 3 expiration or dissolution, the action shall not abate by reason of 4 5 the expiration or dissolution of the corporation. The corporation, solely for the purpose of such action, suit or proceeding, shall be 6 7 continued as a body corporate beyond the three-year period and until any judgments, orders or decrees therein shall be fully executed, 8 9 without the necessity for any special direction to that effect by 10 the district court. Sections 1100 through 1100.3 of this title shall apply to any corporation that has expired by its own 11 12 limitation, and when so applied, all references in those sections to a dissolved corporation or dissolution shall include a corporation 13 that has expired by its own limitation and to such expiration 14 15 respectively. SECTION 30. 18 O.S. 2011, Section 1119, is 16 AMENDATORY amended to read as follows: 17 Section 1119. 18 REVOCATION OF VOLUNTARY DISSOLUTION; RESTORATION OF EXPIRED 19 CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION 20 At any time prior to the expiration of three (3) years 21 Α. following the dissolution of a corporation pursuant to the 22 provisions of Section 1096 of this title or such longer period as 23 the district court may have directed pursuant to Section 1099 of 24

1 this title, or, at any time prior to the expiration of three (3) 2 years following the expiration of the time limited for the 3 corporation's existence as provided in its certificate of incorporation or such longer period as the district court may have 4 5 directed pursuant to the provisions of Section 1099 of this title, a corporation may revoke the dissolution up to that time effected by 6 it or restore its certificate of incorporation after it has expired 7 by its own limitation in the following manner: 8 9 1. For purposes of this section, "shareholders" means the 10 shareholders of record on the date the dissolution becomes effective 11 or the date of expiration by limitation; 12 2. The board of directors shall adopt a resolution recommending that the dissolution be revoked in the case of a dissolution or that 13 the certificate of incorporation be restored in the case of an 14 expiration by limitation and directing that the question of the 15 revocation or restoration be submitted to a vote at a special 16 meeting of shareholders; 17 3. Notice of the special meeting of shareholders shall be given 18 in accordance with the provisions of Section 1067 of this title to 19 each of the shareholders; and 20 At the meeting a vote of the shareholders shall be taken on 21 4. a resolution to revoke the dissolution in the case of a dissolution 22 or to restore the certificate of incorporation in the case of an 23

24 expiration by limitation. If a majority of the stock of the

2 dissolution at the time of its dissolution, in the case of a 3 revocation of dissolution, or which was outstanding and entitled to 4 vote upon an amendment to the certificate of incorporation to change 5 the period of the corporation's duration at the time of its 6 expiration by limitation, in the case of a restoration, shall be 7 voted for the resolution, a certificate of revocation of dissolution 8 or a certificate of restoration shall be executed, and acknowledged 9 and filed in accordance with the provisions of Section 1007 of this 10 title which shall be specifically designated as a certificate of 11 revocation of dissolution or a certificate of restoration in its 12 heading and shall 13 a. the name of the corporation* 14 b. the address of the corporation* 15 this State, which shall be stated in accordance with 16 subsection C of Section 1021 of this title, and the 17 name of its registered agent at such address, 18 c. 19 c. 20 d. 21 and 22 d. 23 the	1	corporation w	hich was outstanding and entitled to vote upon a
4 vote upon an amendment to the certificate of incorporation to change 5 the period of the corporation's duration at the time of its 6 expiration by limitation, in the case of a restoration, shall be 7 voted for the resolution, a certificate of revocation of dissolution 8 or a certificate of restoration shall be executed, and acknowledged 9 and filed in accordance with the provisions of Section 1007 of this 10 title which shall be specifically designated as a certificate of 11 revocation of dissolution or a certificate of restoration in its 12 heading and shall state: 13 a. the name of the corporation*, registered office in 15 this State, which shall be stated in accordance with 16 subsection C of Section 1021 of this title, and the 17 name of its registered agent at such address, 18 c. the names and respective addresses of its directors*, 19 e. 20 d. the names and respective addresses of its directors*, 21 and 22 e. 23 e. that a majority of the stock of the corporation which	2	dissolution a	t the time of its dissolution, in the case of a
5 the period of the corporation's duration at the time of its 6 expiration by limitation, in the case of a restoration, shall be 7 voted for the resolution, a certificate of revocation of dissolution 8 or a certificate of restoration shall be executed, and acknowledged 9 and filed in accordance with the provisions of Section 1007 of this 10 title which shall be specifically designated as a certificate of 11 revocation of dissolution or a certificate of restoration in its 14 b. the name of the corporation's registered office in 15 this State, which shall be stated in accordance with 16 subsection C of Section 1021 of this title, and the 17 name of its registered agent at such address, 18 c. the names and respective addresses of its directors+, 20 d. the names and respective addresses of its directors+, 21 and 22 d. 23 e. that a majority of the stock of the corporation which	3	revocation of	dissolution, or which was outstanding and entitled to
 expiration by limitation, in the case of a restoration, shall be voted for the resolution, a certificate of revocation of dissolution or a certificate of restoration shall be executed, and acknowledged and filed in accordance with the provisions of Section 1007 of this title which shall be specifically designated as a certificate of revocation of dissolution or a certificate of restoration in its heading and shall state: a. the name of the corporation*, b. the address of the corporation's registered office in this State, which shall be stated in accordance with subsection C of Section 1021 of this title, and the name of its registered agent at such address, c. the names and respective addresses of its directors*, and d. the names and respective addresses of its directors*, and d. that a majority of the stock of the corporation which 	4	vote upon an a	amendment to the certificate of incorporation to change
7voted for the resolution, a certificate of revocation of dissolution8 $\underline{or \ a \ certificate \ of \ restoration \ shall \ be \ executed_{L} \ and \ acknowledged9and filed in accordance with the provisions of Section 1007 of this10title which shall be \ specifically \ designated \ as \ a \ certificate \ of \ restoration \ in \ its \ revocation \ of \ dissolution \ or \ a \ certificate \ of \ restoration \ in \ its \ revocation \ of \ dissolution \ or \ a \ certificate \ of \ restoration \ in \ its \ revocation \ of \ dissolution \ or \ a \ certificate \ of \ restoration \ in \ its \ revocation \ of \ dissolution \ or \ a \ certificate \ of \ restoration \ in \ its \ revocation \ its \ revocation \ its \ revocation \ of \ dissolution \ or \ a \ certificate \ of \ restoration \ revocation \ revoc$	5	the period of	the corporation's duration at the time of its
8 or a certificate of restoration shall be executed, and acknowledged 9 and filed in accordance with the provisions of Section 1007 of this 10 title which shall be specifically designated as a certificate of 11 revocation of dissolution or a certificate of restoration in its 12 heading and shall state: 13 a. the name of the corporation+ 14 b. the address of the corporation's registered office in 15 this State, which shall be stated in accordance with 16 subsection C of Section 1021 of this title, and the 17 name of its registered agent at such address, 18 c. the names and respective addresses of its officers+ 20 d. the names and respective addresses of its directors+ 21 and 22 d. 23 e. that a majority of the stock of the corporation which	6	expiration by	limitation, in the case of a restoration, shall be
 and filed in accordance with the provisions of Section 1007 of this title which shall be specifically designated as a certificate of revocation of dissolution or a certificate of restoration in its heading and shall state: a. the name of the corporation+, b. the address of the corporation's registered office in this State, which shall be stated in accordance with subsection C of Section 1021 of this title, and the name of its registered agent at such address, c. the names and respective addresses of its directors+, d. the names and respective addresses of its directors+, and d. the names and respective addresses of its directors+, and d. the names and respective addresses of its directors+, and d. the names and respective addresses of its directors+, and 	7	voted for the	resolution, a certificate of revocation of dissolution
10 title which shall <u>be specifically designated as a certificate of</u> 11 <u>revocation of dissolution or a certificate of restoration in its</u> 12 <u>heading and shall</u> state: 13 a. the name of the corporation+ <u>r</u> . 14 b. <u>the address of the corporation's registered office in</u> 15 <u>this State</u> , which shall be stated in accordance with 16 <u>subsection C of Section 1021 of this title</u> , and the 17 <u>name of its registered agent at such address</u> . 18 <u>c.</u> the names and respective addresses of its officers+ <u>r</u> . 19 c. 20 <u>d.</u> the names and respective addresses of its directors+ <u>r</u> . 21 <u>and</u> 22 d. 23 <u>e.</u> that a majority of the stock of the corporation which	8	<u>or a certific</u>	ate of restoration shall be executed $\underline{\prime}$ and acknowledged
11 revocation of dissolution or a certificate of restoration in its heading and shall state: 13 a. the name of the corporation + 14 b. the address of the corporation's registered office in this State, which shall be stated in accordance with subsection C of Section 1021 of this title, and the name of its registered agent at such address, 18 c. the names and respective addresses of its officers + 20 d. the names and respective addresses of its directors + 21 and 22 d. 23 e. that a majority of the stock of the corporation which	9	and filed in a	accordance with the provisions of Section 1007 of this
12 heading and shall state: 13 a. the name of the corporation+, 14 b. the address of the corporation's registered office in 15 this State, which shall be stated in accordance with 16 subsection C of Section 1021 of this title, and the 17 name of its registered agent at such address, 18 c. the names and respective addresses of its officers+, 19 e. 20 d. the names and respective addresses of its directors+, 21 and 22 d. 23 e. that a majority of the stock of the corporation which	10	title which s	hall be specifically designated as a certificate of
13 a. the name of the corporation+, 14 b. the address of the corporation's registered office in 15 this State, which shall be stated in accordance with 16 subsection C of Section 1021 of this title, and the 17 name of its registered agent at such address, 18 c. the names and respective addresses of its officers+, 19 e. 20 d. the names and respective addresses of its directors+, 21 and 22 d. 23 e. that a majority of the stock of the corporation which	11	revocation of	dissolution or a certificate of restoration in its
14 b. the address of the corporation's registered office in 15 this State, which shall be stated in accordance with 16 subsection C of Section 1021 of this title, and the 17 name of its registered agent at such address, 18 c. the names and respective addresses of its officers+, 19 e. 20 d. the names and respective addresses of its directors+, 21 and 22 d. 23 e. that a majority of the stock of the corporation which	12	heading and s	hall state:
15 this State, which shall be stated in accordance with 16 subsection C of Section 1021 of this title, and the 17 name of its registered agent at such address, 18 c. 19 e. 20 d. 21 and 22 d. 23 e. e. that a majority of the stock of the corporation which	13	a.	the name of the corporation $\div_{\underline{\prime}}$
16 subsection C of Section 1021 of this title, and the 17 name of its registered agent at such address, 18 c. the names and respective addresses of its officers; 19 c. 20 d. 21 and 22 d. 23 e.	14	b.	the address of the corporation's registered office in
17 name of its registered agent at such address, 18 c. the names and respective addresses of its officers; 19 c. 20 d. the names and respective addresses of its directors; 21 and 22 d. 23 e.	15		this State, which shall be stated in accordance with
18 <u>c.</u> the names and respective addresses of its officers; 19 c. 20 <u>d.</u> the names and respective addresses of its directors; 21 and 22 d. 23 <u>e.</u> that a majority of the stock of the corporation which	16		subsection C of Section 1021 of this title, and the
19 e. 20 d. the names and respective addresses of its directors; 21 and 22 d. 23 e.	17		name of its registered agent at such address,
20 <u>d.</u> the names and respective addresses of its directors; 21 and 22 d. 23 <u>e.</u> that a majority of the stock of the corporation which	18	<u>C.</u>	the names and respective addresses of its officers $\dot{\boldsymbol{\tau}}_{\underline{\prime}}$
21 and 22 d. 23 <u>e.</u> that a majority of the stock of the corporation which	19	c.	
22 d. 23 e. that a majority of the stock of the corporation which	20	<u>d.</u>	the names and respective addresses of its directors $ au_{}$
23 <u>e.</u> that a majority of the stock of the corporation which	21		and
	22	d.	
24 was outstanding and entitled to vote upon a	23	<u>e.</u>	that a majority of the stock of the corporation which
	24		was outstanding and entitled to vote upon a

1 dissolution at the time of its dissolution have voted in favor of a resolution to revoke the dissolution, in 2 3 the case of a revocation of dissolution, or that a 4 majority of the stock of the corporation which was 5 outstanding and entitled to vote upon an amendment to the certificate of incorporation to change the period 6 7 of the corporation's duration at the time of its expiration by limitation, in the case of a 8 9 restoration, have voted in favor of a resolution to restore the certificate of incorporation; or, if it be 10 11 the fact, that, in lieu of a meeting and vote of shareholders, the shareholders have given their 12 written consent to the revocation or restoration in 13 accordance with the provisions of Section 1073 of this 14 15 title, and 16 f. in the case of a restoration, the new specified date limiting the duration of the corporation's existence 17 or that the corporation shall have perpetual 18 existence. 19 Upon the effective time of the filing in the Office of the 20 Β. Secretary of State of the certificate of revocation of dissolution 21 or the certificate of restoration, the Secretary of State, upon 22 being satisfied that the requirements of this section have been 23

24 complied with, shall issue his certificate that the dissolution has

been revoked. Upon the issuance of such certificate by the Secretary of State, the revocation of the dissolution or the restoration of the corporation shall become effective and the corporation may again carry on its business.

5 C. Upon the issuance of the certificate by the Secretary of State to which effectiveness of the revocation of the dissolution or 6 the restoration of the corporation as provided in subsection B of 7 this section refers, the provisions of Section 1056 of this title 8 9 shall govern, and the period of time the corporation was in 10 dissolution or was expired by limitation shall be included within the calculation of the thirty-day and thirteen-month periods to 11 which subsection C of Section 1056 of this title refers. An 12 election of directors, however, may be held at the special meeting 13 of shareholders to which subsection A of this section refers, and in 14 that event, that meeting of shareholders shall be deemed an annual 15 meeting of shareholders for purposes of subsection C of Section 1056 16 17 of this title.

D. If, after three (3) years from the date upon which the dissolution became effective <u>or after the expiration by limitation</u>, the name of the corporation is unavailable upon the records of the Secretary of State, then, in such case, the corporation shall not be reinstated under the same name which it bore when its dissolution became effective <u>or it expired by limitation</u>, but shall adopt and be reinstated <u>or restored</u> under some other name, and in such case the

Req. No. 1394

1 certificate to be filed pursuant to the provisions of this section shall set forth the name borne by the corporation at the time its 2 3 dissolution became effective or it expired by limitation and the new 4 name under which the corporation is to be reinstated or restored. 5 Ε. Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect the jurisdiction or power of the district court pursuant to the 6 provisions of Section 1100 or 1101 of this title. 7 F. At any time prior to the expiration of three (3) years 8 9 following the dissolution of a nonstock corporation pursuant to 10 Section 1097 of this title, or such longer period as the district court may have directed pursuant to Section 1099 of this title, or 11 12 at any time prior to the expiration of three (3) years following the 13 expiration of the time limited for a nonstock corporation's existence as provided in its certificate of incorporation or such 14 longer period as the district court may have directed pursuant to 15 16 Section 1099 of this title, a nonstock corporation may revoke the 17 dissolution theretofore effected by it or restore its certificate of incorporation after it has expired by limitation in a manner 18 analogous to that by which the dissolution was authorized or, in the 19 case of a restoration, in the manner in which an amendment to the 20 certificate of incorporation to change the period of the 21 corporation's duration would have been authorized at the time of its 22 expiration by limitation, including: 23

1	1. If applicable, a vote of the members entitled to vote, if
2	any, on the dissolution or the amendment; and
3	2. The filing of a certificate of revocation of dissolution or
4	a certificate of restoration containing information comparable to
5	that required by paragraph 4 of subsection A of this section.
6	Notwithstanding the foregoing, only this subsection and subsections
7	B, D and E of this section shall apply to nonstock corporations.
8	G. Any corporation that revokes its dissolution or restores its
9	certificate of incorporation pursuant to this section shall file all
10	annual franchise tax reports that the corporation would have had to
11	file if it had not dissolved or expired and shall pay all franchise
12	taxes that the corporation would have had to pay if it had not
13	dissolved or expired. No payment made pursuant to this subsection
14	shall reduce the amount of franchise tax due for the year in which
15	such revocation or restoration is effected.
16	SECTION 31. AMENDATORY 18 O.S. 2011, Section 1120, is
17	amended to read as follows:
18	Section 1120.
19	RENEWAL, REVIVAL, EXTENSION AND RESTORATION REVIVAL OF CERTIFICATE
20	OF INCORPORATION
21	A. As used in this section, the term certificate of
22	incorporation includes the charter of a corporation organized
23	pursuant to the provisions of any law of this state.
24	

Req. No. 1394

1 B. Any corporation, at any time before the expiration of the 2 time limited for its existence and any corporation whose certificate of incorporation has become forfeited by law for nonpayment of taxes 3 and any corporation whose certificate of incorporation has expired 4 5 by reason of failure to renew it or whose certificate of incorporation has been renewed revived, but, through failure to 6 comply strictly with the provisions of the Oklahoma General 7 Corporation Act, the validity of whose renewal revival has been 8 9 brought into question, may at any time procure an extension, 10 restoration, renewal or a revival of its certificate of 11 incorporation, together with all the rights, franchises, privileges and immunities and subject to all of its duties, debts and 12 13 liabilities which had been secured or imposed by its original certificate of incorporation and all amendments thereto. 14 Notwithstanding the foregoing, this section shall not be applicable 15 16 to a corporation whose certificate of incorporation has been revoked 17 or forfeited pursuant to Section 1104 of this title. The extension, restoration, renewal or revival of the 18 С. certificate of incorporation may be procured as authorized by the 19 board of directors or members of the governing body of the 20 corporation in accordance with subsection H and by executing, 21 acknowledging and filing a certificate of revival in accordance with 22 the provisions of Section 1007 of this title. 23

D. The certificate required by the provisions of subsection C
 of this section shall state:

3 The name date of filing of the corporation, which shall be 1. the existing corporation's original certificate of incorporation; 4 5 the name under which the corporation was originally incorporated; the name of the corporation or at the name it bore when time its 6 certificate of incorporation expired, except as provided for in 7 became forfeited or void pursuant to this title; and the new name 8 9 under which the corporation is to be revived to the extent required 10 by subsection F of this section;

11 2. The address, including the street, city and county, of the 12 corporation's registered office in this state, which shall be stated 13 <u>in accordance with subsection C of Section 1021 of this title</u>, and 14 the name of its registered agent at such address;

3. Whether or not the renewal, restoration or revival is to be perpetual and if not perpetual the time for which the renewal, restoration or revival is to continue and, in case of renewal before the expiration of the time limited for its existence, the date when the renewal is to commence, which shall be prior to the date of the expiration of the old certificate of incorporation which it is desired to renew;

4. That the corporation desiring to be renewed or revived and
so renewing or reviving its certificate of incorporation was
organized pursuant to the laws of this state;

Req. No. 1394

5. <u>4.</u> The date when the certificate of incorporation would
 expire, if such is the case, or such other facts as may show that
 the certificate of incorporation has become became forfeited or that
 the validity of any renewal revival has been brought into question;
 and

6 6. 5. That the certificate for renewal or of revival is filed
7 by authority of those who were directors or members of the governing
8 body of the corporation at the time its certificate of incorporation
9 expired or who were elected the board of directors or members of the
10 governing body of the corporation as provided for in subsection H of
11 this section.

E. Upon the filing of the certificate in accordance with the 12 provisions of Section 1007 of this title, the corporation shall be 13 renewed and revived with the same force and effect as if its 14 certificate of incorporation had not become forfeited, or had not 15 expired by limitation. Such reinstatement revival shall validate 16 all contracts, acts, matters and things made, done and performed 17 within the scope of its certificate of incorporation by the 18 corporation, its directors or members of its governing body, 19 officers, and agents and shareholders or members during the time 20 when its certificate of incorporation was forfeited or after its 21 expiration by limitation, with the same force and effect and to all 22 intents and purposes as if the certificate of incorporation had at 23 all times remained in full force and effect. All real and personal 24

Req. No. 1394

1 property, rights and credits, which belonged to the corporation at the time its certificate of incorporation became forfeited, or 2 expired by limitation and which were not disposed of prior to the 3 time of its revival or renewal shall be vested in the corporation 4 5 after the renewal or revival, as fully and amply as they were held by the corporation at and before the time its certificate of 6 7 incorporation became forfeited, or expired by limitation, and all real and personal property, rights and credits acquired by the 8 9 corporation after its renewal and certificate of incorporation 10 became forfeited pursuant to this title shall be vested in the corporation, after its revival, as if its certificate of 11 12 incorporation had at all times remained in full force and effect, and the corporation after its revival shall be as exclusively liable 13 for all contracts, acts, matters and things made, done or performed 14 in its name and on its behalf by its directors or members of its 15 16 governing body, officers and, agents and shareholders or members prior to its reinstatement revival, as if its certificate of 17 incorporation had at all times remained in full force and effect. 18 If, after three (3) years from the date upon which the 19 F. certificate of incorporation became forfeited for nonpayment of 20 taxes, or expired by limitation, the name of the corporation is 21 unavailable upon the records of the Secretary of State, then in such 22 case the corporation to be renewed or revived shall not be renewed 23 revived under the same name which it bore when its certificate of 24

Req. No. 1394

incorporation became forfeited, or expired but shall adopt or be
renewed <u>be revived</u> under some other name and in such case <u>as set</u>
forth in the certificate to be filed under the provisions of this
section shall set forth the name borne by the corporation at the
time its certificate of incorporation became forfeited, or expired
and the new name under which the corporation is to be renewed or
revived pursuant to subsection C of this section.

G. Any corporation that renews or revives its certificate of 8 9 incorporation pursuant to the provisions of this section shall pay 10 to this state the amounts provided in Sections 1201 through 1214 of Title 68 of the Oklahoma Statutes. No payment made pursuant to this 11 subsection shall reduce the amount of franchise tax due pursuant to 12 13 the provisions of Sections 1201 through 1214 of Title 68 of the Oklahoma Statutes for the year in which the renewal or revival is 14 effected. 15

If a sufficient number of the last acting officers of any 16 Η. corporation desiring to renew or revive its certificate of 17 incorporation are not available by reason of death, unknown address 18 or refusal or neglect to act, the directors of the corporation or 19 those remaining on the board, even if only one, may elect successors 20 to such officers For purposes of this section, the board of 21 directors or governing body of the corporation shall be comprised of 22 the persons, who, but for the certificate of incorporation having 23 become forfeited pursuant to this title, would be the duly elected 24

Req. No. 1394

1 or appointed directors or members of the governing body of the 2 corporation. The requirement for authorization by the board of 3 directors under subsection C of this section shall be satisfied if a 4 majority of the directors or members of the governing body then in 5 office, even though less than a quorum, or the sole director or member of the governing body then in office, authorizes the revival 6 7 of the certificate of incorporation of the corporation and the filing of the certificate required by subsection C of this section. 8 9 In any case where there shall be no directors of the corporation 10 available to renew or revive the certificate of incorporation of the corporation, the shareholders may elect a full board of directors, 11 12 as provided by the bylaws of the corporation, and the board shall 13 then elect such officers as are provided by law, by so elected may then authorize the revival of the certificate of incorporation or by 14 15 the bylaws to carry on the business and affairs of the corporation 16 and the filing of the certificate required by subsection C of this 17 section. A special meeting of the shareholders for the purposes purpose of electing directors may be called by any officer, director 18 or shareholder upon notice given in accordance with the provisions 19 of Section 1067 of this title. For purposes of this section, the 20 bylaws shall be the bylaws of the corporation that, but for the 21 certificate of incorporation having become forfeited, would be the 22 23 duly adopted bylaws of the corporation.

1 I. After a renewal or revival of the certificate of 2 incorporation of the corporation shall have been effected, the provisions of subsection C of Section 1056 of this title shall 3 govern and the period of time during which the certificate of 4 5 incorporation of the corporation was forfeited or expired shall be included within the calculation of the thirty-day and thirteen-month 6 periods to which subsection C of Section 1056 of this title refers. 7 A special meeting of shareholders held in accordance with subsection 8 9 H of this section shall be deemed an annual meeting of shareholders for purposes of subsection C of Section 1056 of this title. 10

Whenever it shall be desired to renew or revive the 11 J. 12 certificate of incorporation of any nonstock corporation organized pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma General Corporation Act 13 not for profit and having no capital stock, the governing body shall 14 perform all the acts necessary for the renewal or revival of the 15 charter of the corporation which are performed by the board of 16 17 directors in the case of a corporation having capital stock. The In addition, the members of any nonstock corporation not for profit and 18 having no capital stock who are entitled to vote for the election of 19 members of its governing body and any other members entitled to vote 20 for dissolution under the certificate of incorporation or the bylaws 21 of such corporation, shall perform all the acts necessary for the 22 renewal or revival of the certificate of incorporation of the 23 corporation which are performed by the shareholders in the case of a 24

Req. No. 1394

1 corporation having capital stock. In all other respects, the procedure for the renewal or revival of the certificate of 2 3 incorporation of a nonstock corporation not for profit or having no capital stock shall conform, as nearly as may be applicable, to the 4 5 procedure prescribed in this section for the renewal or revival of the certificate of incorporation of a corporation having capital 6 stock; provided, however, subsection I of this section shall not 7 apply to nonstock corporations. 8 9 SECTION 32. AMENDATORY 18 O.S. 2011, Section 1121, is 10 amended to read as follows: 11 Section 1121. 12 STATUS OF CORPORATION Any corporation desiring to renew, extend and continue its 13 corporate existence, upon complying with the provisions of Section 14 120 of this act Section 1120 of this title, shall be and continue 15 for the time stated as provided in its certificate of renewal, 16 17 effecting the renewal, extension or continuation as a corporation and, in addition to the rights, privileges and immunities conferred 18 by its charter, shall possess and enjoy all the benefits of the 19 provisions of the Oklahoma General Corporation Act, which are 20 applicable to the nature of its business, and shall be subject to 21 the restrictions and liabilities prescribed by the provisions of the 22 Oklahoma General Corporation Act imposed on such corporations. 23

1 SECTION 33. AMENDATORY 18 O.S. 2011, Section 1130, is amended to read as follows: 2 Section 1130. 3 FOREIGN CORPORATIONS; DEFINITION; QUALIFICATION TO DO BUSINESS IN 4 5 STATE; PROCEDURE A. As used in the Oklahoma General Corporation Act, the words 6 "foreign corporation" mean a corporation organized pursuant to the 7 laws of any jurisdiction other than this state. 8 9 в. No foreign corporation shall do any business in this state, 10 through or by branch offices, agents or representatives located in 11 this state, until it shall have paid to the Secretary of State of 12 this state the fees prescribed in Section 1142 of this title and 13 shall have filed with the Secretary of State: 1. A certificate as of a date not earlier than six (6) months 14 15 prior to the filing date issued by an authorized officer of the jurisdiction of its incorporation evidencing its corporate 16 17 existence. If such certificate is in a foreign language, a translation thereof, under oath of the translator, shall be attached 18 thereto; 19 2. A statement executed by an authorized officer of the 20 corporation and acknowledged in accordance with the provisions of 21 Section 1007 of this title, setting forth: 22 the mailing address of the corporation's principal 23 a. place of business, wherever located, 24

Req. No. 1394

1	b.	the name and street address of its additional
2		registered agent in this state, if any, which agent
3		shall be either may be the foreign corporation itself,
4		an individual resident in this state when appointed or
5		another, a domestic corporation, <u>a domestic</u>
6		partnership whether general or limited and including a
7		limited liability partnership or a limited liability
8		limited partnership, a domestic limited liability
9		company, or limited partnership <u>a domestic statutory</u>
10		trust, a foreign corporation other than the foreign
11		corporation itself, a foreign partnership whether
12		general or limited and including a limited liability
13		partnership or a limited liability limited
14		partnership, a foreign limited liability company or a
15		foreign statutory trust, if authorized to transact
16		business in this state,
17	с.	the aggregate number of its authorized shares itemized
18		by classes, par value of shares, shares without par
19		value, and series, if any, within any classes
20		authorized, unless it has no authorized capital,
21	d.	a statement, as of a date not earlier than six (6)
22		months prior to the filing date, of the assets and
23		liabilities of the corporation,
24		

- e. the business it proposes to do in this state and a
 statement that it is authorized to do that business in
 the jurisdiction of its incorporation, and
- f. a statement of the maximum amount of capital such 4 5 corporation intends and expects to invest in the state at any time during the current fiscal year. "Invested 6 capital" is defined as the value of the maximum amount 7 of funds, credits, securities and property of whatever 8 9 kind existing at any time during the fiscal year in 10 the State of Oklahoma and used or employed by such corporation in its business carried on in this state. 11

12 C. The Secretary of State, upon payment to the Secretary of State of the fees prescribed in Section 1142 of this title, shall 13 issue a sufficient number of certificates under the hand and 14 official seal of the Secretary of State, evidencing the filing of 15 the statement required by the provisions of subsection B of this 16 17 section. The certificate of the Secretary of State shall be prima facie evidence of the right of the corporation to do business in 18 this state; provided that the Secretary of State shall not issue 19 20 such certificate unless the name of the corporation is such as to distinguish it upon the records of the Office of the Secretary of 21 State in accordance with the provisions of Section 1141 of this 22 title. 23

1 D. A foreign corporation, upon receiving a certificate from the 2 Secretary of State, shall enjoy the same rights and privileges as, 3 but not greater than, a corporation organized under the laws of this state for the purposes set forth in the statement filed by the 4 5 corporation with the Secretary of State pursuant to which such certificate is issued and, except as otherwise provided in the 6 Oklahoma General Corporation Act, shall be subject to the same 7 duties, restrictions, penalties and liabilities now or hereafter 8 9 imposed upon a corporation organized under the laws of this state 10 with like purpose and of like character.

11SECTION 34.AMENDATORY18 O.S. 2011, Section 1133, is12amended to read as follows:

13 Section 1133.

14 CHANGE OF REGISTERED AGENT UPON WHOM PROCESS MAY BE SERVED 15 A. 1. Any foreign corporation which has qualified to do 16 business in this state may change its registered agent and 17 substitute therefor another registered agent by filing a certificate 18 with the Secretary of State, acknowledged in accordance with the 19 provisions of Section 1007 of this title, setting forth:

a. the name and street address of its registered agent
designated in this state upon whom process directed to
the corporation may be served, and
b. a revocation of all previous appointments of agent for
such purposes.

Req. No. 1394

2. The Such registered agent shall be either an individual
 residing in this state when appointed or a corporation, limited
 liability company, or limited partnership authorized to transact
 business in this state and in compliance with subparagraph b of
 paragraph 2 of subsection B of Section 1130 of this title.

B. Any individual or corporation entity designated by a foreign 6 corporation as its registered agent for service of process may 7 resign by filing with the Secretary of State a signed statement that 8 9 the agent is unwilling to continue to act as the registered agent of the corporation for service of process, including in the statement 10 the post office address of the main or headquarters office of the 11 12 foreign corporation, but the resignation shall not become effective until thirty (30) days after the statement is filed. The statement 13 shall be acknowledged by the registered agent and shall contain a 14 representation that written notice of resignation was given to the 15 corporation at least thirty (30) days prior to the filing of the 16 statement by mailing or delivering the notice to the corporation at 17 its address given in the statement. 18

C. If any agent designated and certified as required by the provisions of Section 1130 of this title shall die, remove himself from this state or resign, then the foreign corporation for which the agent had been so designated and certified, within ten (10) days after the death, removal or resignation of its agent, shall substitute, designate and certify to the Secretary of State, the

Req. No. 1394

name of another registered agent for the purposes of the Oklahoma
 General Corporation Act, and all process, orders, rules and notices
 may be served on or given to the substituted agent with like effect.

Any individual, corporation, limited liability company or 4 D. 5 limited partnership or entity designated by a foreign corporation as its registered agent for service of process may change the address 6 of the registered office of the corporation or corporations for 7 which he or she is the registered agent to another address in this 8 9 state by filing with the Secretary of State a certificate in the 10 name of each affected corporation, executed and acknowledged by the registered agent, setting forth the address at which the registered 11 12 agent has maintained the registered office, and further certifying to the new address to which the registered office will be changed on 13 a given day, and at which new address the registered agent will 14 thereafter maintain the registered office. Thereafter, or until 15 further change of address, as authorized by law, the registered 16 office in this state shall be located at the new address of the 17 registered agent thereof as given in the certificate. 18

E. In the event of a change of name of any individual or corporation <u>entity</u> designated by a foreign corporation as its registered agent for service of process, the registered agent shall file with the Secretary of State a certificate in the name of each affected corporation, executed and acknowledged by the registered agent, setting forth the new name of the registered agent, the name

Req. No. 1394

1 of the registered agent before it was changed, and the address at which the registered agent has maintained the registered office for 2 the affected corporation. A change of name of any person or 3 corporation entity acting as registered agent as a result of a 4 5 merger or consolidation of the registered agent, with or into another person or corporation which succeeds to its assets by 6 7 operation of law, shall be deemed a change of name for purposes of this section. 8

9 SECTION 35. AMENDATORY 18 O.S. 2011, Section 1135, is 10 amended to read as follows:

11 Section 1135.

12 WITHDRAWAL OF FOREIGN CORPORATION FROM STATE; PROCEDURE; SERVICE OF
 13 PROCESS ON SECRETARY OF STATE

A. Any foreign corporation which shall have qualified to do business in this state pursuant to the provisions of Section 1130 of this title, may surrender its authority to do business in this state and may withdraw therefrom by filing with the Secretary of State:

18 1. A certificate, executed by an authorized officer of the 19 corporation and acknowledged in accordance with the provisions of 20 Section 1007 of this title, stating that it surrenders its authority 21 to transact business in Oklahoma and withdraws therefrom; and 22 stating the address to which the Secretary of State may mail any 23 process against the corporation that may be served upon the 24 Secretary of State; or

Req. No. 1394

A copy of a certificate of dissolution issued by the proper
 official of the state or other jurisdiction of its incorporation,
 together with a certificate, which shall be executed in accordance
 with the provisions of paragraph 1 of this subsection, stating the
 address to which the Secretary of State may mail any process against
 the corporation that may be served upon the Secretary of State; or

7 3. A or a copy of an order or decree of dissolution made by any court of competent jurisdiction or other competent authority of the 8 9 state or other jurisdiction of its incorporation, certified to be a 10 true copy under the hand of the clerk of the court or other official 11 body, and the official seal of the court or official body or clerk 12 thereof, together with a certificate executed in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 1 of this subsection, stating the address to 13 which the Secretary of State may mail any process against the 14 corporation that may be served upon the Secretary of State. 15

B. The Secretary of State, upon payment to the Secretary of State of the fees prescribed in Section 1142 of this title, shall issue a sufficient number of certificates, under the hand and official seal of the Secretary of State, evidencing the surrender of the authority of the corporation to do business in this state and its withdrawal therefrom.

C. Upon the issuance of the certificates by the Secretary of
State, the appointment of the registered agent of the corporation in
this state, upon whom process against the corporation may be served,

Req. No. 1394

shall be revoked, and service on the corporation may be made by
 serving the Secretary of State as its agent as provided in Section
 2004 of Title 12 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

4 D. In the event of service upon the Secretary of State in 5 accordance with the provisions of Section 2004 of Title 12 of the 6 Oklahoma Statutes, the Secretary of State shall immediately notify 7 the corporation by letter, certified mail or return receipt requested at the address stated in the certificate which was filed 8 9 by the corporation with the Secretary of State pursuant to 10 subsection A of this section. The letter shall include a copy of 11 the process and any other papers served on the Secretary of State 12 pursuant to the provisions of this subsection. It shall be the duty 13 of the plaintiff in the event of such service to serve process and any other papers in duplicate, to notify the Secretary of State that 14 15 service is being effected pursuant to the provisions of this 16 subsection, and to pay the Secretary of State the fee provided for 17 in paragraph 7 of Section 1142 of this title, which fee shall be taxed as part of the costs in the proceeding. The Secretary of 18 State shall maintain an alphabetical record of any such service, 19 setting forth the names of the plaintiff and the defendant, the 20 title, docket number, and nature of the proceeding in which process 21 has been served upon the Secretary of State, the fact that service 22 23 has been effected pursuant to the provisions of this subsection, the 24 return date thereof, and the date service was made. The Secretary

1 of State shall not be required to retain such information longer 2 than five (5) years from receipt of the service of process by the 3 Secretary of State.

4 SECTION 36. AMENDATORY 18 O.S. 2011, Section 1136, is 5 amended to read as follows:

6 Section 1136.

SERVICE OF PROCESS ON NONQUALIFYING FOREIGN CORPORATIONS
A. If any foreign corporation shall transact business in this
state without having qualified to do business in accordance with the
provisions of Section 1130 of this title, service on the corporation
may be made by serving the Secretary of State as its agent as
provided in Section 2004 of Title 12 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

If any foreign corporation consents in writing to be subject 13 в. to the jurisdiction of any state or federal court in this state for 14 15 any civil action, suit or proceeding against it arising or growing 16 out of any business or matter, and if the agreement or instrument setting forth such consent does not otherwise provide a manner of 17 service of legal process in any such civil action, suit or 18 proceeding against it, such foreign corporation shall be deemed to 19 20 have thereby appointed and constituted the Secretary of State of this state its agent for the acceptance of legal process in any such 21 civil action, suit or proceeding against it. The transaction of 22 23 business in this state by such corporation or such consent by such corporation to the jurisdiction of any state or federal court in 24

Req. No. 1394

1 <u>this state without provision for a manner of service of legal</u>
2 process shall be a signification of the agreement of such
3 <u>corporation that any process served upon the Secretary of State when</u>
4 <u>so served shall be of the same legal force and validity as if served</u>
5 <u>upon an authorized officer or agent personally within this state.</u>

The provisions of Section 1132 of this title shall not apply 6 С. 7 in determining whether any foreign corporation is transacting business in this state within the meaning of this section; and "the 8 9 transaction of business" or "business transacted in this state", by 10 any such foreign corporation, whenever those words are used in this 11 section, shall mean the course or practice of carrying on any business activities in this state, including, without limiting the 12 generality of the foregoing, the solicitation of business or orders 13 in this state. The provisions of this section shall not apply to 14 any insurance company doing business in this state. 15

16 SECTION 37. AMENDATORY 18 O.S. 2011, Section 2001, is 17 amended to read as follows:

18 Section 2001.

19

DEFINITIONS

20 As used in this act the Oklahoma Limited Liability Company Act, 21 unless the context otherwise requires:

1. "Articles of organization" means documents filed under
 Section 2019 of this title for the purpose of forming a limited
 liability company, and the articles as amended;

Req. No. 1394

2. "Bankrupt" means bankrupt under the United States Bankruptcy
 2 Code, as amended, or insolvent under any state insolvency act;

3 3. "Business" means any trade, occupation, profession or other 4 activity regardless of whether engaged in for gain, profit or 5 livelihood;

4. "Capital contribution" means anything of value that a person
contributes to the limited liability company as a prerequisite for,
or in connection with, membership, including cash, property,
services rendered, or a promissory note or other binding obligation
to contribute cash or property or to perform services;

11 5. "Capital interest" means the fair market value as of the 12 date contributed of a member's capital contribution as adjusted for 13 any additional capital contributions or withdrawals, a person's 14 share of the profits and losses of a limited liability company and a 15 person's right to receive distributions of the limited liability 16 company's assets;

17 6. "Corporation" means a corporation formed under the laws of18 this state or a foreign corporation as defined in this section;

19 7. "Court" includes every court and judge having jurisdiction20 in the case;

8. "Foreign corporation" means a corporation formed under the
laws of any state other than this state, or under the laws of the
District of Columbia or any foreign country;

9. "Foreign limited liability company" means an entity that is:

Req. No. 1394

1	a.	an unincorporated association,
2	b.	organized under the laws of a state other than the
3		laws of this state or organized under the laws of any
4		foreign country, <u>and</u>
5	C.	organized under a statute pursuant to which an
6		association may be formed that affords to each of its
7		members limited liability with respect to the
8		liabilities of the entity, and
9	d.	not required to be registered or organized under any
10		statute of this state other than this act a limited
11		liability company formed under the laws of any state
12		other than this state, or under the laws of the
13		District of Columbia or any foreign country;
14	10. "Fo	preign limited partnership" means a limited partnership
15	formed under	the laws of any state other than this state, or under
16	the laws of	the District of Columbia or any foreign country;
17	11. "Li	mited liability company" or "domestic limited liability
18	company" mea	ans an entity that is an unincorporated association or
19	proprietorsł	hip having one or more members that is organized formed
20	under the Ok	alahoma Limited Liability Company Act and existing under
21	the laws of	this state;
22	12. "Li	mited partnership" means a limited partnership formed
23	under the la	aws of this state or a foreign limited partnership as
24	defined in t	chis section;

Req. No. 1394

13. "Manager" or "managers" means a person or persons
 designated by the members of a limited liability company to manage
 the limited liability company as provided in the articles of
 organization or an operating agreement;

5 14. "Member" means a person with an ownership interest in a 6 limited liability company, with the rights and obligations specified 7 under this act;

"Membership interest" or "interest" means a member's rights 8 15. 9 in the limited liability company, collectively, including the 10 member's share of the profits and losses of the limited liability company, the right to receive distributions of the limited liability 11 12 company's assets, and capital interest, any right to vote or participate in management, and such other rights accorded to members 13 under the articles of organization, operating agreement, or the 14 15 Oklahoma Limited Liability Company Act;

16 16. "Operating agreement", regardless of whether referred to as 17 an operating agreement and whether oral, in a record, implied, or in 18 any combination thereof, means any agreement of the members, 19 including a sole member, as to the affairs of a limited liability 20 company and the conduct of its business, including the agreement as 21 amended or restated;

17. "Person" means an individual, a general partnership, alimited partnership, a limited liability company, a trust, an

24

Req. No. 1394

1 estate, an association, a corporation or any other legal or 2 commercial entity; and

3 18. "State" means a state, territory or possession of the 4 United States, the District of Columbia, or the Commonwealth of 5 Puerto Rico; and

19. "Charitable entity" means any nonprofit limited liability
company or other entity that is exempt from taxation under Section
501(c)(3) of the United States Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C.,
Section 501(c)(3)), or any successor provisions.

10SECTION 38.AMENDATORY18 O.S. 2011, Section 2004, is11amended to read as follows:

- 12 Section 2004.
- 13

FILING THE ARTICLES OF ORGANIZATION

A. One or more persons may form a limited liability company upon the filing of executed articles of organization with the Office of the Secretary of State.

When the articles of organization become effective, the 17 Β. 1. proposed organization becomes a limited liability company under the 18 name and subject to the purposes, conditions, and provisions stated 19 in the articles. A limited liability company formed under this act 20 the Oklahoma Limited Liability Company Act is a separate legal 21 entity, the existence of which as a separate legal entity continues 22 until cancellation of the limited liability company's articles of 23 organization and completion of its winding up, if any. 24

Req. No. 1394

1	2. Filing of the articles by the Office of the Secretary of		
2	State is conclusive evidence of the formation of the limited		
3	liability company.		
4	3. A limited liability company's status for tax purposes shall		
5	not affect its status as a separate legal entity formed under the		
6	Oklahoma Limited Liability Company Act.		
7	SECTION 39. AMENDATORY 18 O.S. 2011, Section 2012.2, is		
8	amended to read as follows:		
9	Section 2012.2.		
10	OPERATING AGREEMENT OF LLC		
11	A. The operating agreement of the limited liability company		
12	governs generally:		
13	1. Relations among the members as members and between the		
14	members and the limited liability company;		
15	2. The rights and duties under this act <u>the Oklahoma Limited</u>		
16	Liability Company Act of a person in the capacity of manager;		
17	3. The activities of the company and the conduct of those		
18	activities; and		
19	4. The means and conditions for amending the operating		
20	agreement.		
21	If the operating agreement does not otherwise provide, this act		
22	the Oklahoma Limited Liability Company Act governs the matter. The		
23	operating agreement may not vary the rights, privileges, duties and		
24			

Req. No. 1394

obligations imposed specifically under this act the Oklahoma Limited
 Liability Company Act.

B. A limited liability company is bound by its operating
agreement regardless of whether it executes the operating agreement.
A member or manager of a limited liability company or an assignee of
a membership capital interest is bound by the operating agreement
regardless of whether the member, manager or assignee executes the
operating agreement.

9 C. An operating agreement of a limited liability company having 10 only one member is not unenforceable because there is only one 11 person who is a party to the operating agreement.

The obligations of a limited liability company and its 12 D. members to an assignee or dissociated member are governed by the 13 operating agreement. Subject only to any court order to effectuate 14 15 a charging order, an amendment to the operating agreement made after a person becomes an assignee or dissociated member is effective with 16 regard to any debt, obligation, or other liability of the limited 17 liability company or its members to the assignee or dissociated 18 member. 19

20 SECTION 40. AMENDATORY 18 O.S. 2011, Section 2015, is 21 amended to read as follows:

22 Section 2015.

23 MANAGEMENT OF COMPANY WITHOUT DESIGNATED MANAGERS; RESIGNATION OF

MEMBER

A. The articles of organization or operating agreement may
 provide that the business of the limited liability company shall be
 managed without designated managers. So long as such provision
 continues in effect:

The members shall be deemed to be managers for purposes of
 applying provisions of this act the Oklahoma Limited Liability
 <u>Company Act</u>, unless the context clearly requires otherwise;
 The members shall have and be subject to all duties and
 liabilities of managers; and

3. A member signing on behalf of the limited liability company
 shall sign as a manager.

12 B. A member of a member-managed limited liability company may resign as a member from the member's management duties in accordance 13 with the operating agreement or, if the operating agreement does not 14 provide for the member's resignation, upon notice to the limited 15 16 liability company. When Unless otherwise provided in the operating 17 agreement, when a member of a member-managed limited liability company resigns, the member shall cease to have the rights and 18 duties of a member and shall become an assignee; provided that the 19 profits and losses of the limited liability company shall continue 20 to be allocated to the member and any binding commitments for 21 contributions shall continue as if the member had not resigned. Ιf 22 the resignation violates the operating agreement, in addition to any 23 remedies otherwise available under applicable law, a limited 24

Req. No. 1394

1 liability company may recover from the resigning member damages for breach of the operating agreement and damages for a prohibited 2 3 withdrawal under either the operating agreement or Section 2036 of this title and offset the damages against the amount otherwise 4 5 distributable to the resigning member. The member's resignation shall not constitute a withdrawal from the limited liability 6 7 company. 18 O.S. 2011, Section 2019, is SECTION 41. AMENDATORY 8 9 amended to read as follows: Section 2019. 10

11

MANAGERS AS AGENTS

12 A. Every manager is an agent of the limited liability company for the purpose of its business, and the act of every manager, 13 including the execution in the limited liability company name of any 14 instrument for apparently carrying on the business of the limited 15 liability company of which he is a manager, binds the limited 16 17 liability company, unless the manager so acting lacks the authority to act for the limited liability company in the particular matter, 18 and the person with whom he is dealing has knowledge of the fact 19 that he has no such authority. The unauthorized acts of the manager 20 shall bind the limited liability company as to persons acting in 21 good faith who have no knowledge of the fact that the manager had no 22 such authority. 23

B. Subject to the provisions of subsection A of this section
and Section 30 2019.1 of this act title, instruments and documents
providing for the acquisition, mortgage, or disposition of real or
personal property of the limited liability company shall be valid
and binding upon the limited liability company if executed by one or
more of its managers.

7 SECTION 42. AMENDATORY 18 O.S. 2011, Section 2020, is 8 amended to read as follows:

9 Section 2020.

10

VOTING RIGHTS OF MEMBERS

11 A. Voting by members may be on a per capita, number, financial 12 interest, class, group or any other basis. Unless otherwise provided in the articles of organization or operating agreement, the 13 members of a limited liability company vote in proportion to their 14 15 respective capital interests in the profits of the limited liability company. Except as otherwise provided in subsection D of this 16 section or unless the context otherwise requires, references in this 17 act the Oklahoma Limited Liability Company Act to a vote or the 18 consent of the members mean a vote or consent of the members holding 19 a majority of the capital interests in the profits of the limited 20 The vote or consent may be evidenced in the liability company. 21 minutes of a meeting of the members or by a written consent in lieu 22 of a meeting. 23

B. Except as otherwise provided in subsection D of this section or in the articles of organization or operating agreement, a majority vote of the members shall be required to approve the following matters:

5 1. The sale, exchange, lease, mortgage, pledge, or other
6 transfer of all or substantially all of the assets of the limited
7 liability company;

8 2. Merger of the limited liability company with another limited
9 liability company or other business entity; and

3. An amendment to the articles of organization or operating
 agreement.

12 C. The articles of organization or operating agreement may 13 alter the above voting rights and provide for any other voting 14 rights of members.

D. Unless otherwise provided in the articles of organization or a written operating agreement, the unanimous vote or consent of the members shall be required to approve the following matters:

The dissolution of the limited liability company pursuant to
 paragraph 3 of subsection A of Section 2037 of this title; or

20 2. An amendment to the articles of organization or an amendment21 to a written operating agreement:

a. which reduces the term of the existence of the limitedliability company,

24

Req. No. 1394

1	b.	which reduces the required vote of members to approve
2		a dissolution, merger or sale, exchange, lease,
3		mortgage, pledge, or other transfer of all or
4		substantially all of the assets of the limited
5		liability company,
6	с.	which permits a member to voluntarily withdraw from
7		the limited liability company, or
8	d.	which reduces the required vote of members to approve
9		an amendment to the articles of organization or
10		written operating agreement reducing the vote
11		previously required on the matters described in this
12		paragraph.
13	E. An ope	erating agreement may grant to all or certain
14	identified men	mbers or a specified class or group of the members the
15	right to vote	separately or with all or any class or group of the
16	members or max	nagers, on any matter.
17	SECTION 4	3. AMENDATORY 18 O.S. 2011, Section 2025, is
18	amended to rea	ad as follows:
19	Section 2	025.
20		PROFITS AND LOSSES; DISTRIBUTIONS
21	Except as	otherwise provided in the operating agreement:
22	1. The p	rofits and losses of a limited liability company shall
23	be allocated a	among the members, and among classes or groups of
24	members, in p	roportion to their respective capital interests on the

Req. No. 1394

1 basis of the agreed value, as stated in the records of the limited 2 liability company, of the contributions made by each member to the 3 extent they have been received by the limited liability company and have not been returned; and 4 5 2. Distributions of the limited liability company shall be made to the members, and among classes or groups of members, in 6 proportion to their right to share in the profits and losses of the 7 limited liability company. 8 9 SECTION 44. AMENDATORY 18 O.S. 2011, Section 2030, is 10 amended to read as follows: Section 2030. 11 12 RESTRICTIONS ON DISTRIBUTIONS; DETERMINATION OF PROHIBITED DISTRIBUTIONS; EFFECT OF DISTRIBUTION; INDEBTEDNESS 13 A distribution may not be made if, after giving effect to 14 Α. the distribution: 15 The limited liability company would not be able to pay its 16 1. debts as they become due in the usual course of business; or 17 The limited liability company's total assets would be less 2. 18 than the sum of its total liabilities plus, unless the operating 19 agreement permits otherwise, the amount that would be needed, if the 20 limited liability company were to be dissolved at the time of the 21 distribution, to satisfy the preferential rights upon dissolution of 22 members whose preferential rights are superior to the rights of 23 members receiving the distribution. 24

Req. No. 1394

B. The limited liability company may base a determination that a distribution is not prohibited under subsection A of this section on:

Financial statements prepared on the basis of accounting
 practices and principles that are reasonable in the circumstances;
 or

7 2. A fair valuation or other method that is reasonable in the8 circumstances.

9 C. Except as provided in subsection E of this section, the 10 effect of a distribution under subsection A of this section is 11 measured as of:

12 1. The date In the case of a distribution by purchase, redemption or other acquisition of a capital interest in the limited 13 liability company, as of the date money or other property is 14 transferred or debt incurred by the limited liability company; and 15 16 2. In all other cases, as of the date: the distribution is authorized, if the payment occurs 17 a. within one hundred twenty (120) days after the date of 18 authorization;, or 19 2. The date 20 the payment is made if it occurs more than one hundred 21 b.

D. A limited liability company's indebtedness to a member,incurred by reason of a distribution made in accordance with this

twenty (120) days after the date of authorization.

Req. No. 1394

22

section, is at parity with the limited liability company's
 indebtedness to its general, unsecured creditors, except to the
 extent subordinated by agreement.

E. 1. If the terms of the indebtedness provide that payment of principal and interest is to be made only if, and to the extent that, payment of a distribution to members could then be made under this section, indebtedness of a limited liability company, including indebtedness issued as a distribution, is not a liability for purposes of determinations made under subsection B of this section; and.

11 2. If the indebtedness is issued as a distribution, each 12 payment of principal or interest on the indebtedness is treated as a 13 distribution, the effect of which is measured on the date the 14 payment is actually made.

15 SECTION 45. AMENDATORY 18 O.S. 2011, Section 2032, is 16 amended to read as follows:

17 Section 2032.

18

MEMBERSHIP INTEREST AS PERSONAL PROPERTY

A membership <u>capital</u> interest is personal property. A member
has no interest in specific limited liability company property.

21 SECTION 46. AMENDATORY 18 O.S. 2011, Section 2033, is 22 amended to read as follows:

23 Section 2033.

24

ASSIGNABILITY OF MEMBERSHIP INTEREST

Req. No. 1394

1 Unless otherwise provided in an operating agreement: Α. 2 A membership interest is not transferable; provided, 1. 3 however, that a member may assign the economic rights capital interest associated with a membership interest in whole or in part; 4 5 2. An assignment of the economic rights capital interest associated with a membership interest does not entitle the assignee 6 7 to participate in the management and affairs of the limited liability company or to become or to exercise any rights or powers 8 9 of a member;

3. An assignment entitles the assignee to share in profits and losses, to receive any distribution or distributions and to receive the allocation of income, gain, loss, deduction, or credit or similar item to which the assignor was entitled to the extent assigned;

15 4. Unless the assignee of an a capital interest in a limited 16 liability company becomes a member by virtue of that interest, the 17 assignor continues to be a member and to have the power to exercise any rights of a member, unless the assignor is removed as a member 18 either in accordance with the operating agreement or, after having 19 assigned all of the membership capital interest, by an affirmative 20 vote of the members who have not assigned their interests. 21 The removal of an assignor shall not, by itself, cause the assignee to 22 become a member; 23

24

Req. No. 1394

5. Until an assignee of a membership <u>capital</u> interest becomes a member, the assignee has no liability as a member solely as a result of the assignment; and

6. The assignor of a membership <u>capital</u> interest is not
released from liability as a member solely as a result of the
assignment.

B. The operating agreement may provide that a member's interest in a limited liability company may be evidenced by a certificate of membership interest issued by the limited liability company and also may provide for the assignment or transfer of any membership interest represented by such a certificate and may make other provisions with respect to such certificates.

C. Unless otherwise provided in the operating agreement, the pledge of, or granting of a security interest, lien, or other encumbrance in or against any or all of the membership interest of a member is not an assignment and shall not cause the member to cease to be a member or cease to have the power to exercise any rights or powers of a member.

19SECTION 47.AMENDATORY18 O.S. 2011, Section 2034, is20amended to read as follows:

21 Section 2034.

22

JUDGMENT CREDITOR; RIGHTS; EXCLUSIVE REMEDY

On application to a court of competent jurisdiction by any judgment creditor of a member, the court may charge the membership

Req. No. 1394

1 capital interest of the member with payment of the unsatisfied 2 amount of the judgment with interest. To the extent so charged, the 3 judgment creditor has only the rights of an assignee of the membership capital interest. A charging order entered by a court 4 5 pursuant to this section shall in no event be convertible into a membership interest through foreclosure or other action. This act 6 7 the Oklahoma Limited Liability Company Act does not deprive any member of the benefit of any exemption laws applicable to his or her 8 9 membership or capital interest. This section shall be the sole and 10 exclusive remedy of a judgment creditor with respect to the judgment 11 debtor's membership and capital interest, whether the limited 12 liability company has one member or more than one member. SECTION 48. AMENDATORY 18 O.S. 2011, Section 2035, is 13 amended to read as follows: 14 Section 2035. 15 16 ASSIGNEE OF INTEREST BECOMING MEMBER; RIGHTS AND POWERS, RESTRICTIONS AND LIABILITIES; ASSIGNOR'S LIABILITIES; TIME OF 17 18 ADMISSION OF MEMBER An assignee of an a capital interest in a limited liability 19 Α. company may become a member if and to the extent that: 20 The operating agreement provides; or 21 1. The Unless the operating agreement otherwise provides, the 22 2. members representing a majority of the capital interests profits 23 which are not the subject of the assignment consent in writing. 24

1 B. An assignee who becomes a member, to the extent assigned, has the rights and powers, and is subject to the restrictions and 2 3 liabilities, of a member under the operating agreement and this act, Section 2000 et seq. of this title the Oklahoma Limited Liability 4 5 Company Act; however, unless otherwise provided in writing in the operating agreement or other written agreement, an assignee who 6 becomes a member also is liable for any obligations of the assignor 7 to make contributions as provided in Section 2024 of this title, but 8 9 shall not be liable for the obligations of the assignor under 10 Section 2031 of this title; however, the assignee is not obligated for liabilities of which the assignee had no knowledge at the time 11 the assignee became a member and which could not be ascertained from 12 a written operating agreement. 13

14 C. Regardless of whether an assignee of an interest becomes a 15 member, the assignor is not released from liability to the limited 16 liability company under Sections 2024, 2031, and 2033 of this title.

D. Except as otherwise provided in writing in the operating agreement, a member who assigns the member's entire <u>capital</u> interest in the limited liability company ceases to be a member or to have the power to exercise any rights of a member when any assignee of the <u>capital</u> interest becomes a member with respect to the assigned interest.

E. Subject to subsection F of this section, a person acquiringa limited liability company interest directly from the limited

Req. No. 1394

1 liability company may become a member in a limited liability company 2 upon compliance with the operating agreement or, if the operating 3 agreement does not so provide in writing, upon the written consent 4 of the members.

5 F. The effective time of admission of a member to a limited6 liability company shall be the later of:

7 1. The date the limited liability company is formed; or
8 2. The time provided in the operating agreement, or if no such
9 time is provided therein, then when the person's admission is
10 reflected in the records of the limited liability company.

11 SECTION 49. AMENDATORY 18 O.S. 2011, Section 2036, is 12 amended to read as follows:

13 Section 2036.

14 EVENTS CAUSING CESSATION OF MEMBERSHIP; WITHDRAWAL; DEATH OR

15

INCAPACITY

16 A. Unless the operating agreement specifically permits in writing the power to withdraw voluntarily, a member may not withdraw 17 at any time. If the operating agreement specifically provides in 18 writing the power to withdraw voluntarily, but the withdrawal occurs 19 as a result of wrongful conduct of the member, a member's voluntary 20 withdrawal A member has the power to withdraw as a member at any 21 time, rightfully or wrongfully. A withdrawal is wrongful if the 22 23 operating agreement does not specifically grant to the member a right to withdraw or the member resigns from the member's managerial 24

1 duties in a member-managed limited liability company. The wrongful 2 withdrawal shall constitute a breach of the operating agreement and 3 the limited liability company may recover from the withdrawing member damages, including the reasonable cost of replacing the 4 5 services that the withdrawn member was obligated to perform. The limited liability company may offset its damages against the amount 6 otherwise distributable to the member, in addition to pursuing any 7 remedies provided for in the operating agreement or otherwise 8 9 available under applicable law. The limited liability company shall 10 not, however, be entitled to any equitable remedy that would prevent 11 a member from exercising the power to withdraw if such power is 12 permitted in the operating agreement withdrawing from the limited liability company. Unless the operating agreement otherwise 13 provides, a member who has withdrawn shall be deemed an assignee 14 15 with respect to the interest.

B. If a member who is an individual dies or a court of competent jurisdiction adjudges the member to be incompetent to manage the member's person or property, the member's personal representative shall have all of the rights of an assignee of the member's interest. If a member is a corporation, trust or other entity and is dissolved or terminated, the powers of that member may be exercised by its personal representative.

C. If the sole member of a limited liability company dies or
dissolves, or a court of competent jurisdiction adjudges the member

to be incompetent or otherwise lacking legal capacity, the member's personal representative accedes to the membership interest and possesses all rights, powers and duties associated with the interest for the benefit of the incompetent member or the deceased member's estate.

D. The operating agreement may provide for the expulsion of a
member, with or without cause, which shall include reasonable
provision for the distributable buyout of the member's capital
interest.

10SECTION 50.AMENDATORY18 O.S. 2011, Section 2040, is11amended to read as follows:

- 12 Section 2040.
- 13

DISTRIBUTION OF ASSETS UPON WINDING UP

14 A. Upon the winding up of a limited liability company, the 15 assets shall be distributed as follows:

Payment, or adequate provision for payment, shall be made to
 creditors, including to the extent permitted by law, members who are
 creditors, in satisfaction of liabilities of the limited liability
 company;

2. Except as provided in writing in the articles of
 organization or, operating agreement or other binding agreement, to
 members or, any assignees, and any former members for the purchase,
 redemption or other acquisition of capital interests in satisfaction

24

Req. No. 1394

of liabilities for distributions <u>authorized but not paid</u> under
 Sections 2026 and 2027 Section 2030 of this title; and

3 3. Except as provided in writing in the articles of organization or operating agreement or other binding agreement, to 4 5 members, any assignees, and any former members for the purchase, redemption or other acquisition of capital interests first for the 6 return of their contributions in proportion to their respective 7 contributions, and second respecting their membership capital 8 9 interests or former capital interests, in proportions in which the members, assignees and former members would share in distributions 10 11 any profits.

B. A member, assignee or former member who receives a 12 distribution in violation of subsection A of this section, and who 13 knew or should have known at the time of the distribution that the 14 distribution violated subsection A of this section, shall be liable 15 to a limited liability company for the amount of the distribution. 16 A member, assignee or former member who receives a distribution in 17 violation of subsection A of this section, and who did not know and 18 had no reason to know at the time of the distribution that the 19 distribution violated subsection A of this section, shall not be 20 liable for the amount of the distribution. Subject to subsection C 21 of this section, this subsection shall not affect any obligation or 22 liability of a member, assignee or former member under an agreement 23 or other applicable law for a distribution. 24

Req. No. 1394

1 C. Unless otherwise agreed, a member, assignee or former member who receives a distribution from a limited liability company shall 2 3 have no liability under this act the Oklahoma Limited Liability Company Act or other applicable law for the amount of the 4 5 distribution after the expiration of three (3) years from the date of the distribution unless an action to recover the distribution 6 from the member, assignee or former member is commenced before the 7 expiration of the three-year period and an adjudication of liability 8 9 against the member, assignee or former member is made in the action. 18 O.S. 2011, Section 2054, is 10 SECTION 51. AMENDATORY amended to read as follows: 11

- 12 Section 2054.
- 13

AGREEMENT OF MERGER OF CONSOLIDATION

Pursuant to an agreement of merger or consolidation, a 14 Α. domestic limited liability company may merge or consolidate with or 15 into one or more domestic or foreign limited liability companies or 16 17 other business entities. As used in this section, "business entity" means a domestic or foreign corporation, business trust, common law 18 trust, or unincorporated business including a partnership, whether 19 general or limited a domestic or foreign partnership whether general 20 or limited, and including a limited liability partnership and a 21 limited liability limited partnership, and any unincorporated 22 nonprofit or for-profit association, trust or enterprise having 23 members or having outstanding shares of stock or other evidences of 24

1 financial, beneficial or membership interest therein, whether formed
2 by agreement or under statutory authority or otherwise.

3 Unless otherwise provided in the articles of organization or в. the operating agreement, a merger or consolidation shall be approved 4 5 by each domestic limited liability company which is to merge or consolidate by a majority of the membership interest or, if there is 6 more than one class or group of members, then by a majority of the 7 membership interest of each class or group. In connection with a 8 9 merger or consolidation hereunder, rights or securities of, or 10 memberships or membership, economic or ownership interests in, a 11 domestic limited liability company or other business entity which is 12 a constituent party to the merger or consolidation may be exchanged for or converted into cash, property, rights or securities of, or 13 memberships or membership, economic or ownership interests in, the 14 surviving or resulting domestic limited liability company or other 15 business entity or, in addition to or in lieu thereof, may be 16 exchanged for or converted into cash, property, rights or securities 17 of, or memberships or membership, economic or ownership interests 18 in, a domestic limited liability company or other business entity 19 which is not the surviving or resulting limited liability company or 20 other business entity in the merger or consolidation. 21 Notwithstanding prior approval, an agreement of merger or 22 consolidation may be terminated or amended pursuant to a provision 23

24

1 for such termination or amendment contained in the agreement of 2 merger or consolidation.

C. If a domestic limited liability company is merging or consolidating pursuant to this section, the domestic limited liability company or other business entity surviving or resulting in or from the merger or consolidation shall file articles of merger or consolidation with the Office of the Secretary of State. The articles of merger or consolidation shall state:

9 1. The name and, jurisdiction of formation or organization, and
10 type of entity of each of the limited liability companies or other
11 business entities which are to merge or consolidate;

12 2. That an agreement of merger or consolidation has been 13 approved and executed by each of the domestic limited liability 14 companies or other business entities which is to merge or 15 consolidate;

16 3. The name of the surviving or resulting domestic limited 17 liability company or other business entity;

4. The future effective date or time, which shall be a specific
date or time not later than a time on the nineteenth ninetieth day
after the filing, of the merger or consolidation if it is not to be
effective upon the filing of the articles of merger or

22 consolidation;

23 5. That the agreement of merger or consolidation is on file at24 a place of business of the surviving or resulting domestic limited

1 liability company or other business entity, and shall state the 2 street address thereof;

6. That a copy of the agreement of merger or consolidation shall be furnished by the surviving or resulting domestic limited liability company or other business entity, upon request and without cost, to any member of any domestic limited liability company or any person holding an <u>a membership or membership</u>, economic or ownership interest in any other business entity which is to merge or consolidate;

10 7. In the case of a merger, any amendments or changes in the articles of organization of the surviving domestic limited liability 11 12 company that are to be effected by the merger, which amendments or 13 changes may amend and restate the articles of organization of the surviving domestic limited liability company in its entirety; 14 In the case of a consolidation, that the articles of 15 8. organization of the resulting domestic limited liability company 16 17 shall be as set forth in an attachment to the articles of

18 consolidation; and

9. If the surviving or resulting entity is not a domestic
 limited liability company or business entity formed or organized
 pursuant to the laws of this state, a statement that the surviving
 or resulting other business entity agrees to be served with process
 in this state in any action, suit, or proceeding for the enforcement
 of any obligation of any domestic limited liability company which is

Req. No. 1394

to merge or consolidate; irrevocably appoints the Secretary of State as its agent to accept service of process in any action, suit, or proceeding; and specifies the <u>street</u> address to which process shall be mailed to the entity by the Secretary of State.

D. Any failure to file the articles of merger or consolidation
in connection with a merger or consolidation which was effective
prior to September 1, 1992, shall not affect the validity or
effectiveness of any such merger or consolidation.

9 E. A merger or consolidation shall be effective upon the filing 10 with the Secretary of State of articles of merger or consolidation, 11 unless a future effective date or time is provided in the articles 12 of merger or consolidation.

13 F. E. Articles of merger or consolidation terminate the 14 separate existence of a domestic limited liability company which is 15 not the surviving or resulting entity in the merger or 16 consolidation.

G. F. Once any merger or consolidation is effective pursuant to 17 this section, for all purposes of the laws of this state, all of the 18 rights, privileges, and powers of each of the domestic limited 19 liability companies and other business entities that have merged or 20 consolidated and all property, real, personal, and mixed, and all 21 debts due to each domestic limited liability company or other 22 business entity, as well as all other things and causes of action 23 belonging to each domestic limited liability company or other 24

Req. No. 1394

1 business entity shall be vested in the surviving or resulting 2 domestic limited liability company or other business entity, and 3 shall thereafter be the property of the surviving or resulting domestic limited liability company or other business entity as they 4 5 were of each domestic limited liability company or other business entity that has merged or consolidated, and the title to any real 6 property vested by deed or otherwise, under the laws of this state, 7 in any domestic limited liability company or other business entity 8 9 shall not revert or be in any way impaired by reason of this 10 section, but all rights of creditors and all liens upon any property 11 of each domestic limited liability company or other business entity shall be preserved unimpaired. All debts, liabilities and duties of 12 13 each domestic limited liability company or other business entity that has merged or consolidated shall thereafter attach to the 14 surviving or resulting domestic limited liability company or other 15 business entity, and may be enforced against the surviving or 16 resulting limited liability company or other entity to the same 17 extent as if the debts, liabilities, and duties had been incurred or 18 contracted by the surviving or resulting limited liability company 19 or other entity. Unless otherwise agreed, a merger or consolidation 20 of a domestic limited liability company, including a domestic 21 limited liability company which is not the surviving or resulting 22 entity in the merger or consolidation, shall not require the 23

24

1 domestic limited liability company to wind up its affairs or pay its
2 liabilities and distribute its assets.

3 <u>G. Nothing in this section shall be deemed to authorize the</u>
4 <u>merger of a charitable entity into another entity, if the charitable</u>
5 status of such entity would thereby be lost or impaired.

6 SECTION 52. AMENDATORY 18 O.S. 2011, Section 2054.1, is 7 amended to read as follows:

8 Section 2054.1.

9 CONVERSION OF A BUSINESS AN ENTITY TO A LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY As used in this section, the term "business entity" means a 10 Α. 11 domestic or foreign corporation, partnership, whether general or 12 limited, business trust, common law trust, or other unincorporated 13 association a domestic or foreign partnership whether general or limited, and including a limited liability partnership and a limited 14 liability limited partnership, and any unincorporated nonprofit or 15 for-profit association, trust or enterprise having members or having 16 17 outstanding shares of stock or other evidences of financial, beneficial or membership interest therein, whether formed by 18 agreement or under statutory authority or otherwise. 19

B. Any business entity may convert to a domestic limited liability company by complying with subsection H of this section and filing with the Secretary of State in accordance with Section 2007 of this title articles of conversion to a limited liability company that have been executed in accordance with Section 2006 of this

Req. No. 1394

1 title, to which shall be attached articles of organization that 2 comply with Sections 2005 and 2008 of this title and have been 3 executed by one or more authorized persons in accordance with 4 Section 2006 of this title.

5 C. The articles of conversion to a limited liability company6 shall state:

7 1. The date on which the business entity was first formed;
8 2. The name and, jurisdiction of formation of the business
9 entity, and type of entity when formed and, if changed, its name
10 and, jurisdiction, and type of entity immediately before filing of
11 the articles of conversion to limited liability company;

12 3. The name of the limited liability company as set forth in 13 its articles of organization filed in accordance with subsection B 14 of this section; and

4. The future effective date or time of the conversion to a limited liability company, which shall be a date or time certain not later than ninety (90) days after the filing, if it is not to be effective upon the filing of the articles of conversion to a limited liability company and the articles of organization.

D. Upon the effective date or time of the articles of
conversion to limited liability company and the articles of
organization, the business entity shall be converted to a domestic
limited liability company and the limited liability company shall
thereafter be subject to all of the provisions of this act the

Req. No. 1394

Oklahoma Limited Liability Company Act, except that notwithstanding Section 2004 of this title, the existence of the limited liability company shall be deemed to have commenced on the date the business entity was formed.

E. The conversion of any business entity into a domestic
limited liability company shall not be deemed to affect any
obligations or liabilities of the business entity incurred before
its conversion to a domestic limited liability company or the
personal liability of any person incurred before the conversion.

10 F. When a business an entity has converted to a domestic 11 limited liability company under this section, the domestic limited 12 liability company shall be deemed to be the same entity as the converting business entity. All of the rights, privileges and 13 powers of the business entity that has converted, and all property, 14 real, personal and mixed, and all debts due to the business entity, 15 as well as all other things and causes of action belonging to the 16 business entity, shall remain vested in the domestic limited 17 liability company and shall be the property of the domestic limited 18 liability company, and the title to any real property vested by deed 19 or otherwise in the business entity shall not revert or be in any 20 way impaired by reason of the conversion, but all rights of 21 creditors and all liens upon any property of the business entity 22 shall be preserved unimpaired, and all debts, liabilities and duties 23 of the business entity that has converted shall remain attached to 24

1 the domestic limited liability company and may be enforced against it to the same extent as if the debts, liabilities and duties had 2 3 been incurred or contracted by it in its capacity as a domestic limited liability company. The rights, privileges, powers and 4 5 interests in property of the business entity, as well as the debts, liabilities and duties of the business entity, shall not be deemed, 6 as a consequence of the conversion, to have been transferred to the 7 domestic limited liability company to which the business entity has 8 9 converted for any purpose of the laws of this state.

10 G. Unless otherwise agreed or otherwise provided by any laws of 11 this state applicable to the converting business entity, the 12 converting business entity shall not be required to wind up its affairs or pay its liabilities and distribute its assets, and the 13 conversion shall not be deemed to constitute a dissolution of the 14 business entity and shall constitute a continuation of the existence 15 of the converting business entity in the form of a domestic limited 16 liability company. 17

H. Before filing the articles of conversion to a limited liability company with the Office of the Secretary of State, the conversion shall be approved in the manner provided for by the document, instrument, agreement or other writing, as the case may be, governing the internal affairs of the business entity and the conduct of its business or by applicable law, as appropriate, and

24

articles of organization shall be approved by the same authorization
 required to approve the conversion.

3 I. In a conversion of a business an entity to a domestic limited liability company under this section, rights or securities 4 5 of or memberships or membership, economic or ownership interests in the business entity that is to be converted to a domestic limited 6 7 liability company may be exchanged for or converted into cash, property, or rights or securities of or interests in the domestic 8 9 limited liability company or, in addition to or in lieu thereof, may 10 be exchanged for or converted into cash, property, or rights or 11 securities of or memberships or membership, economic or ownership 12 interests in another domestic limited liability company or other 13 business entity.

J. The provisions of this section shall not be construed to limit the accomplishment of a change in the law governing, or the domicile of, <u>a business an</u> entity to this state by any other means provided for in an operating agreement or other agreement or as otherwise permitted by law, including by the amendment of an operating agreement or other agreement.

20 <u>K. Nothing in this section shall be deemed to authorize the</u> 21 <u>conversion of a charitable entity into a domestic limited liability</u> 22 <u>company, if the charitable status of such entity would thereby be</u> 23 <u>lost or impaired.</u>

24

1SECTION 53.AMENDATORY18 O.S. 2011, Section 2054.2, is2amended to read as follows:

3 Section 2054.2

4 CONVERSION OF A LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY TO A BUSINESS AN ENTITY

A. A domestic limited liability company may convert to a
business an entity upon the authorization of such conversion in
accordance with this section. As used in this section, the term
"business entity" means a domestic or foreign corporation,
partnership, whether general or limited, business trust, common law

10 trust, or other unincorporated association <u>a domestic or foreign</u>

11 partnership whether general or limited, and including a limited

12 liability partnership and a limited liability limited partnership,

13 and any unincorporated nonprofit or for-profit association, trust or

14 enterprise having members or having outstanding shares of stock or

15 other evidences of financial, beneficial or membership interest

16 therein, whether formed by agreement or under statutory authority or 17 otherwise.

B. If the operating agreement specifies the manner of authorizing a conversion of the limited liability company, the conversion shall be authorized as specified in the operating agreement.

C. If the operating agreement does not specify the manner of authorizing a conversion of the limited liability company and does not prohibit a conversion of the limited liability company, the 1 conversion shall be authorized in the same manner as is specified in 2 the operating agreement for authorizing a merger or consolidation 3 that involves the limited liability company as a constituent party 4 to a merger or consolidation.

5 D. If the operating agreement does not specify the manner of authorizing a conversion of the limited liability company or a 6 merger or consolidation that involves the limited liability company 7 as a constituent party and does not prohibit a conversion of the 8 9 limited liability company, the conversion shall be authorized by the 10 approval of a majority of the membership interest or, if there is 11 more than one class or group of members, then by a majority of the 12 membership interest in each class or group of members. 13 Notwithstanding the foregoing, in addition to any other authorization required by this section, if the business entity into 14 which the limited liability company is to convert does not afford 15 all of its interest holders protection against personal liability 16 for the debts of the business entity, the conversion must be 17 authorized by any and all members who would be exposed to personal 18 liability. 19

E. Unless otherwise agreed, the conversion of a domestic
limited liability company to another business entity pursuant to
this section shall not require the limited liability company to wind
up its affairs or pay its liabilities and distribute its assets, and

24

the conversion shall not constitute a dissolution of the limited
 liability company.

3 F. In a conversion of a domestic limited liability company to a business an entity under this section, rights or securities of or 4 5 interests in the domestic limited liability company which are to be converted may be exchanged for or converted into cash, property, 6 7 rights or securities of or memberships or membership, economic or ownership interests in the business entity to which the domestic 8 9 limited liability company is being converted or, in addition to or 10 in lieu thereof, may be exchanged for or converted into cash, property, rights or securities of or memberships or membership, 11 12 economic or ownership interests in another business entity or may be 13 canceled.

G. If the governing act of the domestic business entity to 14 which the limited liability company is converting does not provide 15 for the filing of a conversion notice with the Secretary of State or 16 the limited liability company is converting to a foreign business 17 entity, articles of conversion executed in accordance with Section 18 2006 of this title, shall be filed in the Office of the Secretary of 19 State in accordance with Section 2007 of this title. The articles 20 of conversion shall state: 21

The name of the limited liability company and, if it has
 been changed, the name under which its articles of organization were
 originally filed;

Req. No. 1394

2. The date of filing of its original articles of organization
 with the Secretary of State;

3 3. The name the business and type of entity to which the 4 limited liability company is converting and its jurisdiction of 5 formation, if a foreign business entity;

4. The future effective date or time of the conversion, which
7 shall be a date or time certain not later than ninety (90) days
8 after the filing, if it is not to be effective upon the filing of
9 the articles of conversion;

10 5. That the conversion has been approved in accordance with 11 this section;

12 6. The agreement of the foreign business entity that it may be served with process in this state in any action, suit or proceeding 13 for enforcement of any obligation of the foreign business entity 14 arising while it was a domestic limited liability company, and that 15 it irrevocably appoints the Secretary of State as its agent to 16 accept service of process in any such action, suit or proceeding, 17 and its street address to which a copy of the process shall be 18 mailed to it by the Secretary of State; and 19

7. If the domestic business entity to which the domestic limited liability company is converting was required to make a filing with the Secretary of State as a condition of its formation, the type and date of such filing.

24

Req. No. 1394

1 H. Upon the filing of a conversion notice with the Secretary of State, whether under subsection G of this section or under the 2 3 governing act of the domestic business entity to which the limited liability company is converting, the filing of any formation 4 5 document required by the governing act of the domestic business entity to which the limited liability company is converting, and 6 payment to the Secretary of State of all prescribed fees, the 7 Secretary of State shall certify that the limited liability company 8 9 has filed all documents and paid all required fees, and thereupon 10 the limited liability company shall cease to exist as a limited 11 liability company of this state. The Secretary of State's 12 certificate shall be prima facie evidence of the conversion by the 13 limited liability company.

The conversion of a limited liability company to a business I. 14 an entity under this section and the resulting cessation of its 15 existence as a domestic limited liability company shall not be 16 deemed to affect any obligations or liabilities of the limited 17 liability company incurred before the conversion or the personal 18 liability of any person incurred before the conversion, nor shall it 19 be deemed to affect the choice of law applicable to the limited 20 liability company with respect to matters arising before the 21 conversion. 22

J. When a limited liability company has converted to a business
 an entity under this section, the business entity shall be deemed to

Req. No. 1394

1 be the same entity as the limited liability company. All of the rights, privileges and powers of the limited liability company that 2 3 has converted, and all property, real, personal and mixed, and all debts due to the limited liability company, as well as all other 4 5 things and causes of action belonging to the limited liability company, shall remain vested in the business entity to which the 6 7 limited liability company has converted and shall be the property of the business entity, and the title to any real property vested by 8 9 deed or otherwise in the limited liability company shall not revert 10 or be in any way impaired by reason of the conversion; but all 11 rights of creditors and all liens upon any property of the limited 12 liability company shall be preserved unimpaired, and all debts, 13 liabilities and duties of the limited liability company that has converted shall remain attached to the business entity to which the 14 15 limited liability company has converted, and may be enforced against it to the same extent as if said debts, liabilities and duties had 16 17 originally been incurred or contracted by it in its capacity as the business entity. The rights, privileges, powers and interests in 18 property of the limited liability company that has converted, as 19 well as the debts, liabilities and duties of the limited liability 20 company, shall not be deemed, as a consequence of the conversion, to 21 have been transferred to the business entity to which the limited 22 liability company has converted for any purpose of the laws of this 23 state. 24

1	K. Nothing in this section shall be deemed to authorize the		
2	conversion of a charitable domestic limited liability company into		
3	another entity, if the charitable status of such domestic limited		
4	liability company would thereby be lost or impaired.		
5	SECTION 54. AMENDATORY 18 O.S. 2011, Section 2054.4, is		
6	amended to read as follows:		
7	Section 2054.4		
8	SERIES OF MEMBERS, MANAGERS, OR MEMBERSHIP INTERESTS HAVING SEPARATE		
9	RIGHTS - PERSONAL OBLIGATION OF MEMBER OF MANAGER		
10	A. An operating agreement may establish or provide for the		
11	establishment of one or more designated series of members, managers		
12	or, membership interests having or assets. Any such series may have		
13	separate rights, powers or duties with respect to specified property		
14	or obligations of the limited liability company or profits and		
15	losses associated with specified property or obligations, and any		
16	such series may have a separate business purpose or investment		
17	objective.		
18	B. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth in this		
19	act the Oklahoma Limited Liability Company Act or under other		
20	applicable law, if an operating agreement establishes or provides		
21	for the establishment of one or more series, and if separate and		
22	distinct the records are maintained for any such series and account		
23	for the assets associated with any such series are held, directly or		
24	indirectly, including through a nominee or otherwise, and accounted		

Req. No. 1394

1 for separately from the other assets of the limited liability 2 company, or any other series thereof, and if the operating agreement so provides, and if notice of the limitation on liabilities of a 3 series as referenced in this subsection is set forth in the articles 4 5 of organization of the limited liability company, then the debts, liabilities, obligations and expenses incurred, contracted for or 6 otherwise existing with respect to a particular series shall be 7 enforceable against the assets of such series only, and not against 8 9 the assets of the limited liability company generally or any other series thereof, and, unless otherwise provided in the operating 10 11 agreement, none of the debts, liabilities, obligations and expenses 12 incurred, contracted for or otherwise existing with respect to the limited liability company generally or any other series thereof 13 shall be enforceable against the assets of the series. Assets 14 15 associated with a series may be held directly or indirectly, 16 including in the name of such series, in the name of the limited liability company, through a nominee or otherwise. Records 17 maintained for a series that reasonably identify its assets, 18 including by specific listing, category, type, quantity, 19 computational or allocational formula or procedure, including a 20 percentage or share of any asset or assets, or by any other method 21 where the identity of such assets is objectively determinable, will 22 23 be deemed to account for the assets associated with such series 24 separately from the other assets of the limited liability company,

Req. No. 1394

1 or any other series thereof. Notice in articles of organization of the limitation on liabilities of a series as referenced in this 2 subsection shall be sufficient for all purposes regardless of 3 whether the limited liability company has established any series 4 5 when the notice is included in the articles of organization, and there shall be no requirement that any specific series of the 6 limited liability company be referenced in the notice. The fact 7 that articles of organization containing the foregoing notice of the 8 9 limitation on liabilities of a series are on file in the office of 10 the Secretary of State shall constitute notice of the limitation on liabilities of a series. 11

C. A series established in accordance with subsection B of this 12 section may carry on any lawful business, purpose or activity, 13 whether or not for profit, with the exception of the business of a 14 domestic insurer. Unless otherwise provided in the operating 15 16 agreement, a series established in accordance with subsection B of this section shall have the power and capacity to, in its own name, 17 contract, hold title to assets, including real, personal and 18 intangible property, grant liens and security interests, and sue and 19 be sued. 20

<u>D.</u> Notwithstanding Section 2022 of this title, under an
 operating agreement or under another agreement, a member or manager
 may agree to be obligated personally for any or all of the debts,
 obligations and liabilities of one or more series.

Req. No. 1394

1 D. E. An operating agreement may provide for classes or groups 2 of members or managers associated with a series having such relative 3 rights, powers and duties as the operating agreement may provide, and may make provision for the future creation in the manner 4 5 provided in the operating agreement of additional classes or groups of members or managers associated with the series having such 6 7 relative rights, powers and duties as may from time to time be established, including rights, powers and duties senior to existing 8 9 classes and groups of members or managers associated with the 10 series. An operating agreement may provide for the taking of an 11 action, including the amendment of the operating agreement, without 12 the vote or approval of any member or manager or class or group of members or managers, including an action to create under the 13 provisions of the operating agreement a class or group of the series 14 of membership interests that was not previously outstanding. 15 An operating agreement may provide that any member or class or group of 16 17 members associated with a series shall have no voting rights. E. F. An operating agreement may grant to all or certain 18

19 identified members or managers or a specified class or group of the 20 members or managers associated with a series the right to vote 21 separately or with all or any class or group of the members or 22 managers associated with the series, on any matter. Voting by 23 members or managers associated with a series may be on a per capita, 24 number, financial interest, class, group or any other basis.

Req. No. 1394

F. G. Unless otherwise provided in an operating agreement, the 1 management of a series shall be vested in the members associated 2 with the series in proportion to their membership interest, with the 3 decision of members owning a majority of the membership interest 4 5 controlling; provided, however, that if an operating agreement provides for the management of the series, in whole or in part, by a 6 7 manager, the management of the series, to the extent so provided, shall be vested in the manager who shall be chosen in the manner 8 9 provided in the operating agreement. The manager of the series 10 shall also hold the offices and have the responsibilities accorded 11 to the manager as set forth in an operating agreement. A series may have more than one manager. Subject to paragraph 3 of Section 2014 12 of this title, a manager shall cease to be a manager with respect to 13 a series as provided in an operating agreement. Except as otherwise 14 provided in an operating agreement, any event under this chapter or 15 in an operating agreement that causes a manager to cease to be a 16 manager with respect to a series shall not, in itself, cause the 17 manager to cease to be a manager of the limited liability company or 18 with respect to any other series thereof. 19

20 G. H. Subject to subsections H I and K L of this section, and 21 unless otherwise provided in an operating agreement, at the time a 22 member associated with a series that has been established in 23 accordance with subsection B of this section becomes entitled to 24 receive a distribution with respect to the series, the member has

Req. No. 1394

1 the status of, and is entitled to all remedies available to, a 2 creditor of the series, with respect to the distribution. An 3 operating agreement may provide for the establishment of a record 4 date with respect to allocations and distributions with respect to a 5 series.

H. I. Notwithstanding Section 2040 of this title, a limited 6 7 liability company may make a distribution with respect to a series that has been established in accordance with subsection B of this 8 9 section. A limited liability company shall not make a distribution 10 with respect to a series that has been established in accordance 11 with subsection B of this section to a member to the extent that at 12 the time of the distribution, after giving effect to the distribution, all liabilities of the series, other than liabilities 13 to members on account of their membership interests with respect to 14 the series and liabilities for which the recourse of creditors is 15 limited to specified property of the series, exceed the fair value 16 of the assets associated with the series, except that the fair value 17 of property of the series that is subject to a liability for which 18 the recourse of creditors is limited shall be included in the assets 19 associated with the series only to the extent that the fair value of 20 that property exceeds that liability. For purposes of the 21 immediately preceding sentence, the term "distribution" shall not 22 include amounts constituting reasonable compensation for present or 23 past services or reasonable payments made in the ordinary course of 24

1 business pursuant to a bona fide retirement plan or other benefits program. A member who receives a distribution in violation of this 2 3 subsection, and who knew or should have known at the time of the distribution that the distribution violated this subsection, shall 4 5 be liable to a series for the amount of the distribution. A member who receives a distribution in violation of this subsection, and who 6 did not know and had no reason to know at the time of the 7 distribution that the distribution violated this subsection, shall 8 9 not be liable for the amount of the distribution. Subject to 10 subsection C of Section 2040 of this title, which shall apply to any 11 distribution made with respect to a series under this subsection, 12 this subsection shall not affect any obligation or liability of a member under an agreement or other applicable law for the amount of 13 a distribution. 14

15 I. J. Unless otherwise provided in the operating agreement, a member shall cease to be associated with a series and to have the 16 power to exercise any rights or powers of a member with respect to 17 the series upon the assignment of all of the member's membership 18 capital interest with respect to the series. Except as otherwise 19 provided in an operating agreement, any event under this chapter or 20 an operating agreement that causes a member to cease to be 21 associated with a series shall not, in itself, cause the member to 22 cease to be associated with any other series or terminate the 23 continued membership of a member in the limited liability company or 24

cause the termination of the series, regardless of whether the
 member was the last remaining member associated with the series.

3 J. K. Subject to Section 2037 of this title, except to the extent otherwise provided in the operating agreement, a series may 4 5 be terminated and its affairs wound up without causing the dissolution of the limited liability company. The termination of a 6 series established in accordance with subsection B of this section 7 shall not affect the limitation on liabilities of the series 8 9 provided by subsection B of this section. A series is terminated 10 and its affairs shall be wound up upon the dissolution of the limited liability company under Section 2037 of this title or 11 12 otherwise upon the first to occur of the following:

At the time specified in the operating agreement;
 Upon the happening of events specified in the operating
 agreement;

3. Unless otherwise provided in the operating agreement, upon 16 the affirmative vote or written consent of the members of the 17 limited liability company associated with the series or, if there is 18 more than one class or group of members associated with the series, 19 then by each class or group of members associated with the series, 20 in either case, by members associated with the series who own more 21 than two-thirds of the then-current membership interest owned by all 22 of the members associated with the series or by the members in each 23 class or group of the series, as appropriate; or 24

Req. No. 1394

1 4. The termination of the series under subsection $\frac{1}{2}$ M of this 2 section.

3 K. L. Unless otherwise provided in the operating agreement, a manager associated with a series who has not wrongfully terminated 4 5 the series or, if none, the members associated with the series or a 6 person approved by the members associated with the series or, if 7 there is more than one class or group of members associated with the series, then by each class or group of members associated with the 8 9 series, in either case, by a majority of the membership interest 10 owned by all of the members associated with the series or by the 11 members in each class or group associated with the series, as 12 appropriate, may wind up the affairs of the series; but, if the series has been established in accordance with subsection B of this 13 section, the district court, upon cause shown, may wind up the 14 15 affairs of the series upon application of any member or manager associated with the series, or the member's personal representative 16 or assignee, and in connection therewith, may appoint a liquidating 17 The persons winding up the affairs of a series may, in the 18 trustee. name of the limited liability company and for and on behalf of the 19 limited liability company and the series, take all actions with 20 respect to the series as are permitted under subsection A of Section 21 2039 of this title. The persons winding up the affairs of a series 22 shall provide for the claims and obligations of the series and 23 distribute the assets of the series as provided in Section 2040 of 24

Req. No. 1394

1 this title, which section shall apply to the winding up and 2 distribution of assets of a series. Actions taken in accordance 3 with this subsection shall not affect the liability of members and 4 shall not impose liability on a liquidating trustee.

5 <u>L. M.</u> On application by or for a member or manager associated 6 with a series established in accordance with subsection B of this 7 section, the district court may decree termination of the series 8 whenever it is not reasonably practicable to carry on the business 9 of the series in conformity with an operating agreement.

10 M. N. If a foreign limited liability company that is 11 registering to do business in this state in accordance with Section 12 2043 of this title is governed by an operating agreement that establishes or provides for the establishment of designated series 13 of members, managers, or membership interests or assets having 14 separate rights, powers or duties with respect to specified property 15 or obligations of the foreign limited liability company or profits 16 and losses associated with specified property or obligations, that 17 fact shall be so stated on the application for registration as a 18 foreign limited liability company. In addition, the foreign limited 19 liability company shall state on the application whether the debts, 20 liabilities and obligations incurred, contracted for or otherwise 21 existing with respect to a particular series, if any, shall be 22 enforceable against the assets of the series only, and not against 23 the assets of the foreign limited liability company generally or any 24

Req. No. 1394

other series thereof, and, unless otherwise provided in the operating agreement, none whether any of the debts, liabilities, obligations and expenses incurred, contracted for or otherwise existing with respect to the foreign limited liability company generally or any other series thereof shall be enforceable against the assets of the series.

SECTION 55. AMENDATORY 18 O.S. 2011, Section 2055.2, as
amended by Section 1, Chapter 245, O.S.L. 2012 (18 O.S. Supp. 2016,
Section 2055.2), is amended to read as follows:

10 Section 2055.2.

11

12

ANNUAL CERTIFICATE FOR DOMESTIC LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY AND FOREIGN LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

A. Every domestic limited liability company and every foreign limited liability company registered to do business in this state shall file a certificate each year in the Office of the Secretary of State, which confirms it is an active business and includes its principal place of business address, and shall pay an annual certificate fee of Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00).

B. The annual certificate shall be due on the anniversary date of filing the articles of organization or registration, as the case may be, until cancellation of the articles of organization or withdrawal of the registration.

C. The Secretary of State shall, at least sixty (60) daysbefore the anniversary date of each year, cause a notice of the

Req. No. 1394

1 annual certificate to be sent to each domestic limited liability 2 company and each foreign limited liability company required to 3 comply with the provisions of this section to its last known 4 electronic mail address of record with the Secretary of State.

5 D. A domestic limited liability company or foreign limited 6 liability company that fails to file the annual certificate and pay 7 the annual certificate fee within sixty (60) days after the date due 8 shall cease to be in good standing as a domestic limited liability 9 company or registered as a foreign limited liability company in this 10 state.

Except for accepting a resignation of a registered agent 11 Ε. 12 when a successor registered agent is not being appointed or an application for reinstatement, the Secretary of State shall not 13 accept for filing any certificate or articles, or issue any 14 certificate of good standing, in respect to any domestic limited 15 liability company that has ceased to be in good standing or foreign 16 17 limited liability company that has ceased to be registered, unless or until the domestic limited liability company has been reinstated 18 as a domestic limited liability company in good standing or the 19 foreign limited liability company has been reinstated as a foreign 20 limited liability company duly registered in this state. 21

F. A domestic limited liability company that has ceased to be in good standing or a foreign limited liability company that has ceased to be registered in this state may not maintain any action,

Req. No. 1394

1 suit or proceeding in any court of this state until the domestic limited liability company has been reinstated as a domestic limited 2 liability company in good standing or the foreign limited liability 3 company has been reinstated as a foreign limited liability company 4 5 duly registered in this state. An action, suit or proceeding may not be maintained in any court of this state by any successor or 6 assignee of the domestic limited liability company or foreign 7 limited liability company on any right, claim or demand arising out 8 9 of the transaction of business by the domestic limited liability 10 company after it has ceased to be in good standing or a foreign 11 limited liability company that has ceased to be registered in this state until the domestic limited liability company or foreign 12 limited liability company, or any person that has acquired all or 13 substantially all of its assets, has caused the limited liability 14 company to be reinstated as a domestic limited liability company in 15 good standing or as a foreign limited liability company duly 16 registered in this state, as applicable. 17

18 C. A domestic limited liability company not in good standing 19 for failure to file an annual certificate and pay the annual 20 certificate fees or registered agent fees, including a domestic 21 limited liability company whose articles of organization have been 22 canceled under subsection B of Section 2012.1 of this title, or a 23 foreign limited liability company whose registration was withdrawn 24 for failure to file an annual certificate and pay the annual 1 certificate fees or registered agent fees may apply to the Secretary
2 of State for reinstatement by:

3	1. Filing all delinquent annual certificates with the Secretary
4	of State and paying all delinquent annual certificate fees or paying
5	all delinquent registered agent fees to the Secretary of State; and
6	2. Filing an application for reinstatement with the Secretary
7	of State stating its name at the time it ceased to be in good
8	standing or was withdrawn, the date it ceased to be in good standing
9	or was withdrawn, and its current name, if its name at the time it
10	ceased to be in good standing or was withdrawn is no longer
11	available under Section 2008 or 2045 of this title.
12	If the Secretary of State determines that the application
13	contains the required information, the information is correct, all
14	delinquent certificates or other filings are submitted, all
15	delinquent fees are paid, and the name satisfies the requirements of
16	Section 2008 or 2045 of this title, the Secretary of State shall
17	accept the application for reinstatement and issue a certificate of
18	reinstatement in the manner provided in Section 2007 of this title
19	for domestic limited liability companies or Section 2044 of this
20	title for foreign limited liability companies. If the limited
21	liability company is required to change its name because its name at
22	the time it ceased to be in good standing or was withdrawn is no
23	longer available, acceptance of the reinstatement shall constitute
24	an amendment to the domestic limited liability company's articles of

1	organization to change its name or the adoption of a fictitious name
2	by the foreign limited liability company, as applicable. The
3	application for reinstatement may amend the articles of organization
4	of the domestic limited liability company or the application for
5	registration of the foreign limited liability company, subject in
6	either case to the payment of the additional fee required in Section
7	2055 of this title for amendments; provided, that the application
8	may not extend the term of a limited liability company that had
9	expired before the application for reinstatement. For purposes of
10	this section, a foreign limited liability company applying for
11	reinstatement is deemed to have done business continually in the
12	state following the administrative withdrawal.
13	H. The failure of a domestic limited liability company or
14	foreign limited liability company to file an annual certificate and
15	pay an annual certificate fee or a registered agent fee to the
16	Secretary of State shall not impair the validity on any contract,
17	deed, mortgage, security interest, lien or act of the domestic
18	limited liability company or foreign limited liability company or
19	prevent the domestic limited liability company or foreign limited
20	liability company from defending any action, suit or proceeding with
21	any court of this state.
22	I. A member or manager of a domestic limited liability company
23	or foreign limited liability company is not liable for the debts,

24 obligations or liabilities of the domestic limited liability company

or foreign limited liability company solely by reason of the failure of the domestic limited liability company or foreign limited liability company to file an annual certificate and pay an annual certificate fee or a registered agent fee to the Secretary of State or by reason of the domestic limited liability company or foreign limited liability company ceasing to be in good standing or duly registered.

8 SECTION 56. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 9 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 2055.3 of Title 18 unless there 10 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

REINSTATEMENT OF A LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY 11 12 A. A domestic limited liability company not in good standing for failure to file an annual certificate and pay the annual 13 certificate fees or registered agent fees, including a domestic 14 limited liability company whose articles of organization have been 15 canceled under subsection B of Section 2012.1 of Title 18 of the 16 17 Oklahoma Statutes, or a foreign limited liability company whose registration was withdrawn for failure to file an annual certificate 18 and pay the annual certificate fees or registered agent fees may 19 apply to the Secretary of State for reinstatement by: 20

Filing all delinquent annual certificates with the Secretary
 of State and paying all delinquent annual certificate fees or paying
 all delinquent registered agent fees to the Secretary of State; and

24

2. Filing an application for reinstatement with the Secretary
 of State stating its name at the time it ceased to be in good
 standing or was withdrawn, the date it ceased to be in good standing
 or was withdrawn, and its current name, if its name at the time it
 ceased to be in good standing or was withdrawn is no longer
 available under Section 2008 or 2045 of Title 18 of the Oklahoma
 Statutes.

If the Secretary of State determines that the application 8 9 contains the required information, the information is correct, all 10 delinquent certificates or other filings are submitted, all 11 delinquent fees are paid, and the name satisfies the requirements of Section 2008 or 2045 of Title 18 of the Oklahoma Statutes, the 12 Secretary of State shall accept the application for reinstatement 13 and issue a certificate of reinstatement in the manner provided in 14 Section 2007 of Title 18 of the Oklahoma Statutes for domestic 15 limited liability companies or Section 2044 of Title 18 of the 16 17 Oklahoma Statutes for foreign limited liability companies. If the limited liability company is required to change its name because its 18 name at the time it ceased to be in good standing or was withdrawn 19 is no longer available, acceptance of the reinstatement shall 20 constitute an amendment to the domestic limited liability company's 21 articles of organization to change its name or the adoption of a 22 fictitious name by the foreign limited liability company, as 23 The application for reinstatement may amend the 24 applicable.

Req. No. 1394

1 articles of organization of the domestic limited liability company or the application for registration of the foreign limited liability 2 3 company, subject in either case to the payment of the additional fee required in Section 2055 of Title 18 of the Oklahoma Statutes for 4 5 amendments; provided, that the application may not extend the term of a limited liability company that had expired before the 6 application for reinstatement. For purposes of this section, a 7 foreign limited liability company applying for reinstatement is 8 9 deemed to have done business continually in the state following the administrative withdrawal. 10

B. When reinstatement under this section has become effective, the reinstatement relates back to and takes effect as if the domestic limited liability company had never ceased to be in good standing and as if its articles of organization had never been canceled, or as if the foreign limited liability company's registration was never withdrawn.

C. The failure of a domestic limited liability company or foreign limited liability company to file an annual certificate and pay an annual certificate fee or a registered agent fee to the Secretary of State shall not impair the validity on any contract, deed, mortgage, security interest, lien or act of the domestic limited liability company or foreign limited liability company or prevent the domestic limited liability company or foreign limited

24

1 liability company from defending any action, suit or proceeding with
2 any court of this state.

All real and personal property, and all rights and 3 D. interests, which belonged to the domestic limited liability company 4 5 at the time its articles of organization were canceled or which were acquired by the limited liability company after cancellation, and 6 which were not disposed of before its reinstatement, shall be vested 7 in the limited liability company after its reinstatement as fully as 8 9 they were held by the limited liability company at, and after, as 10 the case may be, the time its articles of organization were canceled. 11

12 E. A member or manager of a domestic limited liability company or foreign limited liability company is not liable for the debts, 13 obligations or liabilities of the domestic limited liability company 14 or foreign limited liability company solely by reason of the failure 15 of the domestic limited liability company or foreign limited 16 17 liability company to file an annual certificate and pay an annual certificate fee or a registered agent fee to the Secretary of State 18 or by reason of the domestic limited liability company ceasing to be 19 in good standing or its articles of organization being canceled or 20 the foreign limited liability company ceasing to be duly registered. 21 18 O.S. 2011, Section 2060, is SECTION 57. AMENDATORY 22 amended to read as follows: 23 Section 2060. 24

Req. No. 1394

In any case not provided for in this act the Oklahoma Limited Liability Company Act, the rules of law and equity, including the rules of law and equity relating to fiduciary duties and the law merchant, shall govern. SECTION 58. AMENDATORY 54 O.S. 2011, Section 500-210A, is amended to read as follows: Section 500-210A. ANNUAL CERTIFICATE FOR SECRETARY OF STATE. (a) A limited partnership or a foreign limited partnership authorized to transact business in this state shall deliver to the Secretary of State for filing an annual certificate that states: (1) the name of the limited partnership or foreign limited partnership; (2) the street and, mailing address and electronic mail addres	
<pre>4 rules of law and equity relating to fiduciary duties and the law 5 merchant, shall govern. 6 SECTION 58. AMENDATORY 54 O.S. 2011, Section 500-210A, 7 is amended to read as follows: 8 Section 500-210A. 9 ANNUAL CERTIFICATE FOR SECRETARY OF STATE. 10 (a) A limited partnership or a foreign limited partnership 11 authorized to transact business in this state shall deliver to the 12 Secretary of State for filing an annual certificate that states: 13 (1) the name of the limited partnership or foreign limited 14 partnership; 15 (2) the street and, mailing address and electronic mail addre</pre>	
<pre>5 merchant, shall govern. 6 SECTION 58. AMENDATORY 54 O.S. 2011, Section 500-210A, 7 is amended to read as follows: 8 Section 500-210A. 9 ANNUAL CERTIFICATE FOR SECRETARY OF STATE. 10 (a) A limited partnership or a foreign limited partnership 11 authorized to transact business in this state shall deliver to the 12 Secretary of State for filing an annual certificate that states: 13 (1) the name of the limited partnership or foreign limited 14 partnership; 15 (2) the street and, mailing address and electronic mail addre</pre>	
6 SECTION 58. AMENDATORY 54 O.S. 2011, Section 500-210A, 7 is amended to read as follows: 8 Section 500-210A. 9 ANNUAL CERTIFICATE FOR SECRETARY OF STATE. 10 (a) A limited partnership or a foreign limited partnership 11 authorized to transact business in this state shall deliver to the 12 Secretary of State for filing an annual certificate that states: 13 (1) the name of the limited partnership or foreign limited 14 partnership; 15 (2) the street and, mailing address and electronic mail addre	
<pre>7 is amended to read as follows: 8 Section 500-210A. 9 ANNUAL CERTIFICATE FOR SECRETARY OF STATE. 10 (a) A limited partnership or a foreign limited partnership 11 authorized to transact business in this state shall deliver to the 12 Secretary of State for filing an annual certificate that states: 13 (1) the name of the limited partnership or foreign limited 14 partnership; 15 (2) the street and, mailing address and electronic mail addres</pre>	
8 Section 500-210A. 9 ANNUAL CERTIFICATE FOR SECRETARY OF STATE. 10 (a) A limited partnership or a foreign limited partnership 11 authorized to transact business in this state shall deliver to the 12 Secretary of State for filing an annual certificate that states: 13 (1) the name of the limited partnership or foreign limited 14 partnership; 15 (2) the street and, mailing address and electronic mail addres	
 ANNUAL CERTIFICATE FOR SECRETARY OF STATE. (a) A limited partnership or a foreign limited partnership authorized to transact business in this state shall deliver to the Secretary of State for filing an annual certificate that states: (1) the name of the limited partnership or foreign limited partnership; (2) the street and, mailing address and electronic mail addres 	
 (a) A limited partnership or a foreign limited partnership authorized to transact business in this state shall deliver to the Secretary of State for filing an annual certificate that states: (1) the name of the limited partnership or foreign limited partnership; (2) the street and, mailing address and electronic mail addres 	
<pre>11 authorized to transact business in this state shall deliver to the 12 Secretary of State for filing an annual certificate that states: 13 (1) the name of the limited partnership or foreign limited 14 partnership; 15 (2) the street and, mailing address and electronic mail address</pre>	
12 Secretary of State for filing an annual certificate that states: (1) the name of the limited partnership or foreign limited partnership; (2) the street and, mailing address and electronic mail address 	
13 (1) the name of the limited partnership or foreign limited 14 partnership; 15 (2) the street and, mailing address <u>and electronic mail addre</u>	
<pre>14 partnership; 15 (2) the street and, mailing address and electronic mail addre</pre>	
15 (2) the street and, mailing address <u>and electronic mail addre</u>	
	3 S
16 of its designated office and the name and street and mailing addre	3 S
17 of its agent for service of process in this state; and	
18 (3) in the case of a foreign limited partnership, the state o	r
19 other jurisdiction under whose law the foreign limited partnership	
20 is formed and any fictitious name adopted under subsection (a) of	
21 Section 79 <u>500-905A</u> of this act <u>title</u> .	
22 (b) Information in an annual certificate must be current as o	f
23 the date the annual certificate is delivered to the Secretary of	
24 State for filing.	

Req. No. 1394

1	(c) The annual certificate is due on the anniversary date of
2	the filing of the certificate of limited partnership or certificate
3	of authority of a foreign limited partnership until cancellation of
4	the certificate of limited partnership or certificate of authority.
5	(d) The Secretary of State shall, at least sixty (60) days
6	before the anniversary date of each year, cause to be mailed a
7	notice of the annual certificate to be sent to each domestic limited
8	partnership and each foreign limited partnership required to comply
9	with the provisions of this section to the last known office
10	electronic mail address of record with the Secretary of State.
11	SECTION 59. This act shall become effective November 1, 2017.
12	
13	56-1-1394 TEK 2/23/2017 10:08:29 AM
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	