1	SENATE FLOOR VERSION				
	February 18, 2021				
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3	SENATE BILL NO. 622 By: Leewright				
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6	An Act relating to environment and natural resources; creating the Oklahoma PFAS Waste Act;				
7	defining terms; requiring promulgation of rules and regulations by Department of Environmental Quality on				
8	PFAS waste; specifying content of certain rules; establishing certain liability for PFAS waste generators; construing clause; requiring application and authorization for certain activities; authorizing Department to authorize certain activities; providing for certain classification of PFAS waste; providing for codification; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.				
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14	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:				
15	SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified				
16	in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 2-7-501 of Title 27a, unless				
17	there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:				
18	This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Oklahoma PFAS				
19	Waste Act".				
20	SECTION 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified				
21	in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 2-7-502 of Title 27a, unless				
22	there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:				
23	A. As used in the Oklahoma PFAS Waste Act:				
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1	1.	"PFAS" m	neans perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances;
2	and		
3	2.	"PFAS wa	ste" means:
4		a. aq	queous film-forming foam ("AFFF") containing PFAS,
5		b. wa	ste containing high concentrations of PFAS that is
6		ge	enerated at PFAS manufacturing and processing
7		fa	acilities,
8		c. wa	ste containing high concentrations of PFAS that is
9		ge	enerated at facilities using PFAS in the production
10		of	products other than PFAS,
11		d. wa	ste containing high concentrations of PFAS from
12		re	emediation projects,
13		e. an	y other treatment waste associated with the removal
14		of	F PFAS including but not limited to waste or waste
15		st	reams from spent water treatment materials used for
16		th	ne removal of PFAS in drinking water, groundwater
17		an	nd/or leachate, and
18		f. an	y other waste that typically contains or is expected
19		to	contain high concentrations of PFAS.
20	В.	As used	in the Oklahoma PFAS Waste Act, PFAS waste shall not
21	include	consumer	and industrial products that may incidentally
22	contain	PFAS and	are routinely discarded as part of the municipal
23	solid w	aste stre	eam unless the concentration of PFAS contained in the

waste substantially exceeds levels typically found or expected in

- 1 that type of waste or waste stream as determined by the Department
 2 of Environmental Quality.
 - SECTION 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 2-7-503 of Title 27a, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
 - A. The Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality shall adopt and promulgate rules and regulations related to the receipt, storage, treatment and disposal of PFAS waste in this state.
 - B. Rules and regulations adopted under subsection A of this section shall include provisions requiring that any person accepting PFAS waste for storage, treatment and/or disposal shall demonstrate to the Department that the manner in which the PFAS waste is to be stored, treated and/or disposed of is protective of human health and the environment. The rules and regulations shall establish criteria or guidelines to assist the Department in making a determination regarding this protection.
 - C. Rules and regulations adopted under subsection A of this section may require a person who stores, treats or disposes of PFAS waste to provide financial assurance for applicable closure, post-closure and corrective action requirements, or any potentially necessary remedial or response actions. The rules and regulations may establish requirements for types of financial assurance, methods for calculating the necessary amounts of financial assurance,

duration that the financial assurance shall be maintained and any other requirements the Department deems appropriate.

SECTION 4. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 2-7-504 of Title 27a, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

The generator of PFAS waste shall be responsible for ensuring that the PFAS waste is disposed of properly and, in the event of a spill, leak or release, shall be responsible for any necessary removal or remedial action and any damages to persons, property or natural resources resulting from such a release. A generator of PFAS waste may not transfer this liability to any other person.

Nothing in this section shall prohibit any agreement to insure, hold harmless or indemnify a party to such agreement for any liability under this section. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a cause of action that the generator of the PFAS waste or any other person subject to liability under this section, or a guarantor, may have or would have, by reason of subrogation or otherwise, against such person.

- SECTION 5. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 2-7-505 of Title 27a, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. A person shall submit an application for the activity to the
 Department of Environmental Quality and shall receive authorization
 from the Department prior to receiving, storing, treating or

1	disposing of PFAS waste. The process and requirements necessary for			
2	the authorization shall be governed by rules and regulations adopted			
3	pursuant to Section 3 of this act. Prior to the adoption of such			
4	rules and regulations, the Department may authorize the activities			
5	covered under this subsection if it determines that the activities			
6	will be conducted in a manner that is sufficiently protective of			
7	human health and the environment as determined by the department.			
8	B. PFAS waste generated in or transported from another state			
9	shall maintain the same classification or characterization it would			
10	receive in the state of origin, unless such classification or			
11	characterization is less protective of human health and the			
12	environment than the classification or characterization it would			
13	have received if generated in this state.			
14	SECTION 6. This act shall become effective July 1, 2021.			
15	SECTION 7. It being immediately necessary for the preservation			
16	of the public peace, health or safety, an emergency is hereby			
17	declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and			
18	be in full force from and after its passage and approval.			
19 20	COMMITTEE REPORT BY: COMMITTEE ON ENERGY February 18, 2021 - DO PASS			

SENATE FLOOR VERSION - SB622 SFLR (Bold face denotes Committee Amendments)