1	ENGROSSED HOUSE AMENDMENT TO
2	ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 542 By: Quinn and Pittman of the Senate
3	and
4	Derby of the House
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6	
7	An Act relating to epinephrine injections; providing definitions; permitting physicians to prescribe
8	epinephrine auto-injectors to certain entities; permitting certain entities to stock epinephrine;
9	providing standards for storage of epinephrine; authorizing certain persons to prescribe and
10	administer epinephrine injections under certain circumstances; requiring training for persons
11	performing epinephrine injections; providing standards for training; directing Board of Pharmacy
12	to develop and issue certain certificates; providing immunity for certain acts; directing promulgation of
13	rules; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.
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15	AUTHORS: Add the following House Coauthors: Fourkiller and Perryman
16	AMENDMENT NO. 1. Page 6, Line 22, after the word "shall" and before the word "apply" insert the word "not"
17	Passed the House of Representatives the 22nd day of April, 2015.
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19	Presiding Officer of the House of
20	Representatives
21	Passed the Senate the day of, 2015.
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12 13	rules; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.
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15	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
16	SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
17	in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 6002 of Title 59, unless there
18	is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
19	A. As used in this section:
20	1. "Emergency public access station" (EPAS) means a locked,
21	secure container for the storage of epinephrine auto-injectors under
22	the general oversight of a physician, which allows a lay rescuer to
23	consult with a physician in real time by audio, televideo or other
24	similar means of electronic communication and, upon authorization of

1 the consulting physician, may be unlocked to make available the 2 epinephrine auto-injector.

3 2. "Epinephrine auto-injector" means a single-use device used 4 for the automatic injection of a premeasured dose of epinephrine 5 into the human body;

3. "Physician" means a person licensed to practice medicine
pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma Allopathic Medical and
Surgical Licensure and Supervision Act or the Oklahoma Osteopathic
Medicine Act.

B. 1. Notwithstanding any applicable provision of law to the contrary, a physician may prescribe a stock of epinephrine autoinjectors to any entity or organization for storage in an Emergency Public Access Station (EPAS) or may place a stock of supply of epinephrine auto-injectors at any entity or organization in an EPAS in accordance with protocols established by the physician.

16 2. A physician may provide consultation to the user of an EPAS 17 and may make the epinephrine auto-injectors stored within available 18 to the user in accordance with protocols established by the 19 physician.

3. Any person may use an EPAS and may administer or provide
 epinephrine auto-injectors made available through the EPAS to a
 specific individual believed in good faith to be experiencing
 anaphylaxis or the parent, guardian or caregiver of such individual.

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1 C. Any person, including any entity or organization at which an EPAS is located, a physician, and any user of an EPAS who undertakes 2 3 in good faith any act or mission pursuant to this act shall not be liable for any injuries or related damages that result from any such 4 5 act or omission; provided, such immunity shall not apply to acts or omissions constituting gross, willful or wanton negligence. 6 This act shall not eliminate, limit or reduce any other immunity or 7 defense that may be available under state law. Use of an EPAS in 8 9 accordance with this act shall not constitute the practice of 10 medicine or any other profession otherwise requiring licensure. 11 SECTION 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 12 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1-291 of Title 63, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 13 As used in this act: 14 "Administer" means the direct application of an epinephrine 15 1. 16 auto-injector to an individual; 2. "Authorized entity" means any entity or organization at or 17 in connection with which allergens capable of causing anaphylaxis 18 may be present, including, but not limited to, restaurants, 19

20 recreation camps, youth sports leagues, amusement parks, and sports
21 arenas;

3. "Epinephrine auto-injector" means a single-use device used
for the automatic injection of a premeasured dose of epinephrine
into the human body;

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4. "Licensed practitioner" means an allopathic physician,
 osteopathic physician, physician assistant or advanced practice
 registered nurse licensed in this state;

4 5. "Provide" means the supply of one or more epinephrine auto-5 injectors to an individual; and

6 6. "Self-administration" means an individual's discretionary7 use of an epinephrine auto-injector.

8 SECTION 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 9 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1-292 of Title 63, unless there 10 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A. A licensed practitioner may prescribe epinephrine autoinjectors in the name of an authorized entity for use in accordance with this section, and pharmacists and physicians may dispense epinephrine auto-injectors pursuant to a prescription issued in the name of an authorized entity; provided, however, such prescriptions shall only be filled by pharmacists licensed in this state by the State Board of Pharmacy.

B. An authorized entity may acquire and stock a supply of epinephrine auto-injectors pursuant to a prescription issued in accordance with this section. Such epinephrine auto-injectors shall be stored in a location readily accessible in an emergency and in accordance with the epinephrine auto-injector's instructions for use and any additional requirements that may be established by the Board of Pharmacy. An authorized entity shall designate employees or

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agents who have completed the training required by this act to be responsible for the storage, maintenance, and general oversight of epinephrine auto-injectors acquired by the authorized entity.

C. An employee or agent of an authorized entity, or other
individual, who has completed the training required by this act may,
on the premises of or in connection with the authorized entity, use
epinephrine auto-injectors prescribed pursuant to this act to:

Provide an epinephrine auto-injector to any individual who
 the employee, agent or other individual believes in good faith is
 experiencing anaphylaxis for immediate self-administration,
 regardless of whether the individual has a prescription for an
 epinephrine auto-injector or has previously been diagnosed with an
 allergy; and

14 2. Administer an epinephrine auto-injector to any individual 15 who the employee, agent or other individual believes in good faith 16 is experiencing anaphylaxis, regardless of whether the individual 17 has a prescription for an epinephrine auto-injector or has 18 previously been diagnosed with an allergy.

D. An employee, agent or other individual described in subsection C of this section must complete an anaphylaxis training program prior to providing or administering an epinephrine autoinjector made available by an authorized entity. Such training shall be conducted by a nationally recognized organization experienced in training laypersons in emergency health treatment or

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other entity or an individual approved by the Board of Pharmacy.
The entity conducting training shall issue a certificate, on a form
developed and approved by the Board, to each person who successfully
completes the anaphylaxis training program. Training may be
conducted online or in person and, at a minimum, shall cover:

6 1. Techniques on how to recognize symptoms of severe allergic
7 reactions, including anaphylaxis;

8 2. Standards and procedures for the storage and administration
9 of an epinephrine auto-injector; and

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3. Emergency follow-up procedures.

11 Ε. An authorized entity that possesses and makes available epinephrine auto-injectors and its employees, agents, and other 12 trained individuals; an individual who uses an epinephrine auto-13 injector made available pursuant to the provisions of this act; a 14 licensed practitioner that prescribes epinephrine auto-injectors to 15 an authorized entity; and an individual or entity that conducts the 16 17 training described in subsection D of this section shall not be liable for any injuries or related damages that result from the 18 administration of, self-administration of or failure to administer 19 an epinephrine auto-injector in accordance with this section that 20 may constitute ordinary negligence. 21

This immunity shall apply to acts or omissions constituting
 gross, willful or wanton negligence. The administration of an
 epinephrine auto-injector in accordance with this section is not the

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1 practice of medicine. The immunity from liability provided under 2 this subsection is in addition to and not in lieu of that provided 3 under the Good Samaritan Act.

An entity located in this state shall not be liable for any
injuries or related damages that result from the provision or
administration of an epinephrine auto-injector by its employees or
agents outside of this state if the entity or its employee or agent
would not have been liable for such injuries or related damages had
the provision or administration occurred within this state.

F. The Board of Pharmacy, the State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision, and the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners shall promulgate any rules necessary to implement the provisions of this act.

SECTION 4. This act shall become effective November 1, 2015.
Passed the Senate the 10th day of March, 2015.

Presiding Officer of the Senate

19 Passed the House of Representatives the _____ day of _____, 20 2015.

> Presiding Officer of the House of Representatives

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