1	STATE OF OKLAHOMA
2	1st Session of the 56th Legislature (2017)
3	SENATE BILL 385 By: Sykes
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6	AS INTRODUCED
7	An Act relating to firearms; amending 21 O.S. 2011, Section 1289.24, as last amended by Section 1,
8	Chapter 241, O.S.L. 2015 (21 O.S. Supp. 2016, Section 1289.24), which relates to the Oklahoma Firearms Act
9	of 1971; clarifying preemption provision and certain mandate; modifying requirements for person filing
10	civil actions; providing for reasonable expenses under certain circumstances; defining terms; and
11	providing an effective date.
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14	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
15	SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 21 O.S. 2011, Section 1289.24, as
16	last amended by Section 1, Chapter 241, O.S.L. 2015 (21 O.S. Supp.
17	2016, Section 1289.24), is amended to read as follows:
18	Section 1289.24.
19	FIREARM REGULATION - STATE PREEMPTION
20	A. 1. The State Legislature hereby occupies and preempts the
21	entire field of legislation in this state touching in any way
22	firearms, knives, <u>firearm and ammunition</u> components, ammunition, and
23	related supplies to the complete exclusion of any order, ordinance,
24	or regulation by any municipality or other political subdivision of

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this state. Any existing or future orders, ordinances, or regulations in this field, except as provided for in paragraph 2 of this subsection and subsection C of this section, are null and void.

2. A municipality may adopt any ordinance:

- a. relating to the discharge of firearms within the jurisdiction of the municipality, except in legitimate defense of self or others, and
- b. allowing the municipality to issue a traffic citation for transporting a firearm improperly as provided for in Section 1289.13A of this title; provided, however, that penalties contained for violation of any ordinance enacted pursuant to the provisions of this subparagraph shall not exceed the penalties established in the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act.
- 3. As provided in the preemption provisions of this section, the otherwise lawful open carrying of a handgun under the provisions of the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act shall not be punishable by any municipality or other political subdivision of this state as disorderly conduct, disturbing the peace or similar offense against public order.
- 4. A public or private school may create a policy regulating the possession of knives <u>by students</u> on school property or in any school bus or vehicle used by the school for purposes of transportation.

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B. No municipality or other political subdivision of this state shall adopt any order, ordinance, or regulation concerning in any way the sale, purchase, purchase delay, transfer, ownership, use, keeping, possession, carrying, bearing, transportation, licensing, permit, registration, taxation other than sales and compensating use taxes, or other controls on firearms, knives, <u>firearm and ammunition</u> components, ammunition— and related supplies.

- C. Except as hereinafter provided, this section shall not prohibit any order, ordinance, or regulation by any municipality concerning the confiscation of property used in violation of the ordinances of the municipality as provided for in Section 28-121 of Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes. Provided, however, no municipal ordinance relating to transporting a firearm, or knife, firearm or ammunition component, ammunition or related supplies improperly may include a provision for confiscation of property.
- D. When a person's rights pursuant to the protection of the preemption provisions of this section have been violated, the A person adversely affected by any order, ordinance or regulation promulgated or enforced by any municipality or other political subdivision of this state in violation of the preemption provisions of this section shall have the right to bring a civil action against the persons, municipality, and or political subdivision jointly and severally for injunctive relief or monetary damages or both.

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1	E. A court shall award reasonable expenses to a person
2	adversely affected in an action filed pursuant to the provisions of
3	subsection D of this section if:
4	1. A court grants a final determination in favor of the person
5	adversely affected; or
6	2. The order, ordinance or regulation in question is rescinded,
7	repealed or otherwise abrogated after a lawsuit has been filed
8	pursuant to the provisions of subsection D of this section but
9	before a final determination by the court.
10	F. As used in this section:
11	1. "Person adversely affected" means:
12	a. a resident of this state who may legally possess under
13	federal and state law an item listed in subsection B
14	of this section, and
15	b. any person who otherwise has standing under the laws
16	of this state to bring an action pursuant to the
17	provisions of subsection D of this section; and
18	2. "Reasonable expenses" shall include, but shall not be
19	limited to, attorney fees, expert witness fees, court costs and
20	costs and compensation for lost income.
21	SECTION 2. This act shall become effective November 1, 2017.
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