2 Ist Session of the 55th Legislature (2015) 3 SENATE BILL 333 By: Quinn 4	1	STATE OF OKLAHOMA
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	22	arrive at Oklahoma taxable income for corporations and Oklahoma
24	23	adjusted gross income for individuals, as follows:
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There shall be added interest income on obligations of any
 state or political subdivision thereto which is not otherwise
 exempted pursuant to other laws of this state, to the extent that
 such interest is not included in taxable income and adjusted gross
 income.

2. There shall be deducted amounts included in such income that
the state is prohibited from taxing because of the provisions of the
Federal Constitution, the State Constitution, federal laws or laws
of Oklahoma.

The amount of any federal net operating loss deduction shall
 be adjusted as follows:

12 a. For carryovers and carrybacks to taxable years beginning before January 1, 1981, the amount of any 13 net operating loss deduction allowed to a taxpayer for 14 15 federal income tax purposes shall be reduced to an amount which is the same portion thereof as the loss 16 from sources within this state, as determined pursuant 17 to this section and Section 2362 of this title, for 18 the taxable year in which such loss is sustained is of 19 the total loss for such year; 20 b. For carryovers and carrybacks to taxable years 21 beginning after December 31, 1980, the amount of any 22

24 year shall be an amount equal to the aggregate of the

net operating loss deduction allowed for the taxable

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1 Oklahoma net operating loss carryovers and carrybacks 2 to such year. Oklahoma net operating losses shall be 3 separately determined by reference to Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 172, as 4 5 modified by the Oklahoma Income Tax Act, Section 2351 et seq. of this title, and shall be allowed without 6 regard to the existence of a federal net operating 7 loss. For tax years beginning after December 31, 8 9 2000, and ending before January 1, 2008, the years to 10 which such losses may be carried shall be determined 11 solely by reference to Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 172, with the 12 exception that the terms "net operating loss" and 13 "taxable income" shall be replaced with "Oklahoma net 14 operating loss" and "Oklahoma taxable income". For 15 tax years beginning after December 31, 2007, and 16 ending before January 1, 2009, years to which such 17 losses may be carried back shall be limited to two (2) 18 years. For tax years beginning after December 31, 19 2008, the years to which such losses may be carried 20 back shall be determined solely by reference to 21 Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., 22 Section 172, with the exception that the terms "net 23 operating loss" and "taxable income" shall be replaced 24

1 2 with "Oklahoma net operating loss" and "Oklahoma taxable income".

4. Items of the following nature shall be allocated as
indicated. Allowable deductions attributable to items separately
allocable in subparagraphs a, b and c of this paragraph, whether or
not such items of income were actually received, shall be allocated
on the same basis as those items:

- a. Income from real and tangible personal property, such
 as rents, oil and mining production or royalties, and
 gains or losses from sales of such property, shall be
 allocated in accordance with the situs of such
 property;
- b. Income from intangible personal property, such as
 interest, dividends, patent or copyright royalties,
 and gains or losses from sales of such property, shall
 be allocated in accordance with the domiciliary situs
 of the taxpayer, except that:
- (1) where such property has acquired a nonunitary
 business or commercial situs apart from the
 domicile of the taxpayer such income shall be
 allocated in accordance with such business or
 commercial situs; interest income from
 investments held to generate working capital for
 a unitary business enterprise shall be included

in apportionable income; a resident trust or resident estate shall be treated as having a separate commercial or business situs insofar as undistributed income is concerned, but shall not be treated as having a separate commercial or business situs insofar as distributed income is concerned,

(2) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2003, capital or ordinary gains or losses from the sale of an ownership interest in a publicly traded partnership, as defined by Section 7704(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, shall be allocated to this state in the ratio of the original cost of such partnership's tangible property in this state to the original cost of such partnership's tangible property everywhere, as determined at the time of the sale; if more than fifty percent (50%) of the value of the partnership's assets consists of intangible assets, capital or ordinary gains or losses from the sale of an ownership interest in the partnership shall be allocated to this state in accordance with the sales factor of the partnership for its first full tax period

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1 immediately preceding its tax period during which the ownership interest in the partnership was 2 sold; the provisions of this division shall only 3 apply if the capital or ordinary gains or losses 4 5 from the sale of an ownership interest in a partnership do not constitute qualifying gain 6 receiving capital treatment as defined in 7 subparagraph a of paragraph 2 of subsection F of 8 9 this section,

- 10 (3) income from such property which is required to be allocated pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 5 of this subsection shall be allocated as herein provided;
- 14 c. Net income or loss from a business activity which is 15 not a part of business carried on within or without 16 the state of a unitary character shall be separately 17 allocated to the state in which such activity is 18 conducted;
- 19 d. In the case of a manufacturing or processing
 20 enterprise the business of which in Oklahoma consists
 21 solely of marketing its products by:
 - (1) sales having a situs without this state, shipped directly to a point from without the state to a

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1 purchaser within the state, commonly known as 2 interstate sales,

- (2) sales of the product stored in public warehouses within the state pursuant to "in transit" tariffs, as prescribed and allowed by the Interstate Commerce Commission, to a purchaser within the state,
- (3) sales of the product stored in public warehouses within the state where the shipment to such warehouses is not covered by "in transit" tariffs, as prescribed and allowed by the Interstate Commerce Commission, to a purchaser within or without the state,

the Oklahoma net income shall, at the option of the 14 taxpayer, be that portion of the total net income of 15 the taxpayer for federal income tax purposes derived 16 from the manufacture and/or processing and sales 17 everywhere as determined by the ratio of the sales 18 defined in this section made to the purchaser within 19 the state to the total sales everywhere. The term 20 "public warehouse" as used in this subparagraph means 21 a licensed public warehouse, the principal business of 22 23 which is warehousing merchandise for the public;

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1 In the case of insurance companies, Oklahoma taxable e. income shall be taxable income of the taxpayer for 2 3 federal tax purposes, as adjusted for the adjustments provided pursuant to the provisions of paragraphs 1 4 5 and 2 of this subsection, apportioned as follows: except as otherwise provided by division (2) of 6 (1) 7 this subparagraph, taxable income of an insurance company for a taxable year shall be apportioned 8 9 to this state by multiplying such income by a fraction, the numerator of which is the direct 10 premiums written for insurance on property or 11 12 risks in this state, and the denominator of which 13 is the direct premiums written for insurance on property or risks everywhere. For purposes of 14 this subsection, the term "direct premiums 15 written" means the total amount of direct 16 17 premiums written, assessments and annuity considerations as reported for the taxable year 18 on the annual statement filed by the company with 19 the Insurance Commissioner in the form approved 20 by the National Association of Insurance 21 Commissioners, or such other form as may be 22 23 prescribed in lieu thereof,

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1 (2)if the principal source of premiums written by an insurance company consists of premiums for 2 3 reinsurance accepted by it, the taxable income of such company shall be apportioned to this state 4 5 by multiplying such income by a fraction, the numerator of which is the sum of (a) direct 6 7 premiums written for insurance on property or risks in this state, plus (b) premiums written 8 9 for reinsurance accepted in respect of property or risks in this state, and the denominator of 10 which is the sum of (c) direct premiums written 11 12 for insurance on property or risks everywhere, 13 plus (d) premiums written for reinsurance accepted in respect of property or risks 14 15 everywhere. For purposes of this paragraph, premiums written for reinsurance accepted in 16 17 respect of property or risks in this state, whether or not otherwise determinable, may at the 18 election of the company be determined on the 19 basis of the proportion which premiums written 20 for insurance accepted from companies 21 commercially domiciled in Oklahoma bears to 22 23 premiums written for reinsurance accepted from all sources, or alternatively in the proportion 24

which the sum of the direct premiums written for insurance on property or risks in this state by each ceding company from which reinsurance is accepted bears to the sum of the total direct premiums written by each such ceding company for the taxable year.

7 5. The net income or loss remaining after the separate allocation in paragraph 4 of this subsection, being that which is 8 9 derived from a unitary business enterprise, shall be apportioned to 10 this state on the basis of the arithmetical average of three factors 11 consisting of property, payroll and sales or gross revenue 12 enumerated as subparagraphs a, b and c of this paragraph. Net 13 income or loss as used in this paragraph includes that derived from patent or copyright royalties, purchase discounts, and interest on 14 accounts receivable relating to or arising from a business activity, 15 the income from which is apportioned pursuant to this subsection, 16 17 including the sale or other disposition of such property and any other property used in the unitary enterprise. Deductions used in 18 computing such net income or loss shall not include taxes based on 19 or measured by income. Provided, for corporations whose property 20 for purposes of the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title has an 21 initial investment cost equaling or exceeding Two Hundred Million 22 Dollars (\$200,000,000.00) and such investment is made on or after 23 July 1, 1997, or for corporations which expand their property or 24

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1 facilities in this state and such expansion has an investment cost equaling or exceeding Two Hundred Million Dollars (\$200,000,000.00) 2 over a period not to exceed three (3) years, and such expansion is 3 commenced on or after January 1, 2000, the three factors shall be 4 5 apportioned with property and payroll, each comprising twenty-five percent (25%) of the apportionment factor and sales comprising fifty 6 percent (50%) of the apportionment factor. The apportionment 7 factors shall be computed as follows: 8

9 a. The property factor is a fraction, the numerator of 10 which is the average value of the taxpayer's real and 11 tangible personal property owned or rented and used in 12 this state during the tax period and the denominator 13 of which is the average value of all the taxpayer's 14 real and tangible personal property everywhere owned 15 or rented and used during the tax period.

Property, the income from which is separately 16 (1) 17 allocated in paragraph 4 of this subsection, shall not be included in determining this 18 fraction. The numerator of the fraction shall 19 include a portion of the investment in 20 transportation and other equipment having no 21 fixed situs, such as rolling stock, buses, trucks 22 23 and trailers, including machinery and equipment carried thereon, airplanes, salespersons' 24

automobiles and other similar equipment, in the proportion that miles traveled in Oklahoma by such equipment bears to total miles traveled,

- 4 (2) Property owned by the taxpayer is valued at its
 5 original cost. Property rented by the taxpayer
 6 is valued at eight times the net annual rental
 7 rate. Net annual rental rate is the annual
 8 rental rate paid by the taxpayer, less any annual
 9 rental rate received by the taxpayer from
 10 subrentals,
- (3) The average value of property shall be determined by averaging the values at the beginning and ending of the tax period but the Oklahoma Tax Commission may require the averaging of monthly values during the tax period if reasonably required to reflect properly the average value of the taxpayer's property;
- b. The payroll factor is a fraction, the numerator of
 which is the total compensation for services rendered
 in the state during the tax period, and the
 denominator of which is the total compensation for
 services rendered everywhere during the tax period.
 "Compensation", as used in this subsection means those
 paid-for services to the extent related to the unitary

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business but does not include officers' salaries, wages and other compensation.

- 3 (1)In the case of a transportation enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall include a portion 4 5 of such expenditure in connection with employees operating equipment over a fixed route, such as 6 railroad employees, airline pilots, or bus 7 drivers, in this state only a part of the time, 8 9 in the proportion that mileage traveled in 10 Oklahoma bears to total mileage traveled by such 11 employees,
- 12 (2) In any case the numerator of the fraction shall
 13 include a portion of such expenditures in
 14 connection with itinerant employees, such as
 15 traveling salespersons, in this state only a part
 16 of the time, in the proportion that time spent in
 17 Oklahoma bears to total time spent in furtherance
 18 of the enterprise by such employees;
- c. The sales factor is a fraction, the numerator of which
 is the total sales or gross revenue of the taxpayer in
 this state during the tax period, and the denominator
 of which is the total sales or gross revenue of the
 taxpayer everywhere during the tax period. "Sales",
 as used in this subsection does not include sales or

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gross revenue which are separately allocated in paragraph 4 of this subsection.

- 3 Sales of tangible personal property have a situs (1)in this state if the property is delivered or 4 5 shipped to a purchaser other than the United States government, within this state regardless 6 7 of the FOB point or other conditions of the sale; or the property is shipped from an office, store, 8 9 warehouse, factory or other place of storage in 10 this state and (a) the purchaser is the United States government or (b) the taxpayer is not 11 doing business in the state of the destination of 12 13 the shipment.
- 14 (2) In the case of a railroad or interurban railway
 15 enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall
 16 not be less than the allocation of revenues to
 17 this state as shown in its annual report to the
 18 Corporation Commission.
- 19 (3) In the case of an airline, truck or bus
 20 enterprise or freight car, tank car, refrigerator
 21 car or other railroad equipment enterprise, the
 22 numerator of the fraction shall include a portion
 23 of revenue from interstate transportation in the
 24 proportion that interstate mileage traveled in

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Oklahoma bears to total interstate mileage traveled.

- In the case of an oil, gasoline or gas pipeline (4) enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall be either the total of traffic units of the enterprise within Oklahoma or the revenue allocated to Oklahoma based upon miles moved, at the option of the taxpayer, and the denominator of which shall be the total of traffic units of the enterprise or the revenue of the enterprise everywhere as appropriate to the numerator. Α "traffic unit" is hereby defined as the transportation for a distance of one (1) mile of one (1) barrel of oil, one (1) gallon of gasoline or one thousand (1,000) cubic feet of natural or casinghead gas, as the case may be. (5) In the case of a telephone or telegraph or other
- 18 communication enterprise, the numerator of the 19 fraction shall include that portion of the 20 interstate revenue as is allocated pursuant to 21 the accounting procedures prescribed by the 22 Federal Communications Commission; provided that 23 in respect to each corporation or business entity 24 required by the Federal Communications Commission

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1 to keep its books and records in accordance with 2 a uniform system of accounts prescribed by such Commission, the intrastate net income shall be 3 determined separately in the manner provided by 4 5 such uniform system of accounts and only the interstate income shall be subject to allocation 6 pursuant to the provisions of this subsection. 7 Provided further, that the gross revenue factors 8 9 shall be those as are determined pursuant to the 10 accounting procedures prescribed by the Federal Communications Commission. 11

12 In any case where the apportionment of the three factors prescribed in this paragraph attributes to Oklahoma a portion of net 13 income of the enterprise out of all appropriate proportion to the 14 property owned and/or business transacted within this state, because 15 of the fact that one or more of the factors so prescribed are not 16 employed to any appreciable extent in furtherance of the enterprise; 17 or because one or more factors not so prescribed are employed to a 18 considerable extent in furtherance of the enterprise; or because of 19 other reasons, the Tax Commission is empowered to permit, after a 20 showing by taxpayer that an excessive portion of net income has been 21 attributed to Oklahoma, or require, when in its judgment an 22 insufficient portion of net income has been attributed to Oklahoma, 23 the elimination, substitution, or use of additional factors, or 24

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reduction or increase in the weight of such prescribed factors.
Provided, however, that any such variance from such prescribed
factors which has the effect of increasing the portion of net income
attributable to Oklahoma must not be inherently arbitrary, and
application of the recomputed final apportionment to the net income
of the enterprise must attribute to Oklahoma only a reasonable
portion thereof.

6. For calendar years 1997 and 1998, the owner of a new or 8 9 expanded agricultural commodity processing facility in this state 10 may exclude from Oklahoma taxable income, or in the case of an 11 individual, the Oklahoma adjusted gross income, fifteen percent 12 (15%) of the investment by the owner in the new or expanded agricultural commodity processing facility. For calendar year 1999, 13 and all subsequent years, the percentage, not to exceed fifteen 14 percent (15%), available to the owner of a new or expanded 15 agricultural commodity processing facility in this state claiming 16 17 the exemption shall be adjusted annually so that the total estimated reduction in tax liability does not exceed One Million Dollars 18 (\$1,000,000.00) annually. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules 19 for determining the percentage of the investment which each eligible 20 taxpayer may exclude. The exclusion provided by this paragraph 21 shall be taken in the taxable year when the investment is made. 22 In the event the total reduction in tax liability authorized by this 23 paragraph exceeds One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) in any 24

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1 calendar year, the Tax Commission shall permit any excess over One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) and shall factor such excess into 2 3 the percentage for subsequent years. Any amount of the exemption permitted to be excluded pursuant to the provisions of this 4 5 paragraph but not used in any year may be carried forward as an exemption from income pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph 6 for a period not exceeding six (6) years following the year in which 7 the investment was originally made. 8

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For purposes of this paragraph:

10 a. "Agricultural commodity processing facility" means building, structures, fixtures and improvements used 11 12 or operated primarily for the processing or production of marketable products from agricultural commodities. 13 The term shall also mean a dairy operation that 14 requires a depreciable investment of at least Two 15 Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00) and which 16 produces milk from dairy cows. The term does not 17 include a facility that provides only, and nothing 18 more than, storage, cleaning, drying or transportation 19 of agricultural commodities, and 20

b. "Facility" means each part of the facility which isused in a process primarily for:

(1) the processing of agricultural commodities,
 including receiving or storing agricultural

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- 1 commodities, or the production of milk at a dairy
 2 operation,
 - (2) transporting the agricultural commodities or product before, during or after the processing, or
 - (3) packaging or otherwise preparing the product for sale or shipment.

8 7. Despite any provision to the contrary in paragraph 3 of this 9 subsection, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, in 10 the case of a taxpayer which has a farming loss, such farming loss 11 shall be considered a net operating loss carryback in accordance 12 with and to the extent of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., 13 Section 172(b)(G). However, the amount of the net operating loss 14 carryback shall not exceed the lesser of:

a. Sixty Thousand Dollars (\$60,000.00), or

b. the loss properly shown on Schedule F of the Internal
Revenue Service Form 1040 reduced by one-half (1/2) of
the income from all other sources other than reflected
on Schedule F.

8. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995, all
qualified wages equal to the federal income tax credit set forth in
26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A, shall be deducted from taxable income.
The deduction allowed pursuant to this paragraph shall only be
permitted for the tax years in which the federal tax credit pursuant

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1 to 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A, is allowed. For purposes of this 2 paragraph, "qualified wages" means those wages used to calculate the 3 federal credit pursuant to 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A.

9. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, an
employer that is eligible for and utilizes the Safety Pays OSHA
Consultation Service provided by the Oklahoma Department of Labor
shall receive an exemption from taxable income in the amount of One
Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for the tax year that the service is
utilized.

10 10. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, there shall be added to Oklahoma taxable income an amount equal to 11 12 the amount of deferred income not included in such taxable income 13 pursuant to Section 108(i)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 as amended by Section 1231 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment 14 Act of 2009 (P.L. No. 111-5). There shall be subtracted from 15 Oklahoma taxable income an amount equal to the amount of deferred 16 17 income included in such taxable income pursuant to Section 108(i)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended by Section 1231 of 18 the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (P.L. No. 111-5). 19 в. The taxable income of any corporation shall be further 20 1. adjusted to arrive at Oklahoma taxable income, except those 21 corporations electing treatment as provided in subchapter S of the 22 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 1361 et seq., and Section 23 2365 of this title, deductions pursuant to the provisions of the 24

1 Accelerated Cost Recovery System as defined and allowed in the 2 Economic Recovery Tax Act of 1981, Public Law 97-34, 26 U.S.C., 3 Section 168, for depreciation of assets placed into service after December 31, 1981, shall not be allowed in calculating Oklahoma 4 5 taxable income. Such corporations shall be allowed a deduction for depreciation of assets placed into service after December 31, 1981, 6 in accordance with provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 7 U.S.C., Section 1 et seq., in effect immediately prior to the 8 9 enactment of the Accelerated Cost Recovery System. The Oklahoma tax 10 basis for all such assets placed into service after December 31, 11 1981, calculated in this section shall be retained and utilized for 12 all Oklahoma income tax purposes through the final disposition of 13 such assets.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Oklahoma Income Tax Act, Section 2351 et seq. of this title, or of the Internal Revenue Code to the contrary, this subsection shall control calculation of depreciation of assets placed into service after December 31, 1981, and before January 1, 1983.

For assets placed in service and held by a corporation in which accelerated cost recovery system was previously disallowed, an adjustment to taxable income is required in the first taxable year beginning after December 31, 1982, to reconcile the basis of such assets to the basis allowed in the Internal Revenue Code. The purpose of this adjustment is to equalize the basis and allowance

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for depreciation accounts between that reported to the Internal
 Revenue Service and that reported to Oklahoma.

2. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, and ending on or before December 31, 2009, there shall be added to Oklahoma taxable income any amount in excess of One Hundred Seventyfive Thousand Dollars (\$175,000.00) which has been deducted as a small business expense under Internal Revenue Code, Section 179 as provided in the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.

9 C. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1987, the 10 taxable income of any corporation shall be further adjusted to arrive at Oklahoma taxable income for transfers of technology to 11 12 qualified small businesses located in Oklahoma. Such transferor 13 corporation shall be allowed an exemption from taxable income of an amount equal to the amount of royalty payment received as a result 14 of such transfer; provided, however, such amount shall not exceed 15 ten percent (10%) of the amount of gross proceeds received by such 16 17 transferor corporation as a result of the technology transfer. Such exemption shall be allowed for a period not to exceed ten (10) years 18 from the date of receipt of the first royalty payment accruing from 19 such transfer. No exemption may be claimed for transfers of 20 technology to qualified small businesses made prior to January 1, 21 1988. 22

23 2. For purposes of this subsection:

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1 "Qualified small business" means an entity, whether a. 2 organized as a corporation, partnership, or 3 proprietorship, organized for profit with its principal place of business located within this state 4 5 and which meets the following criteria: Capitalization of not more than Two Hundred Fifty 6 (1) Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00), 7 (2) Having at least fifty percent (50%) of its 8 9 employees and assets located in Oklahoma at the 10 time of the transfer, and Not a subsidiary or affiliate of the transferor 11 (3) 12 corporation; b. "Technology" means a proprietary process, formula, 13 pattern, device or compilation of scientific or 14 technical information which is not in the public 15 domain; 16 "Transferor corporation" means a corporation which is 17 с. the exclusive and undisputed owner of the technology 18 at the time the transfer is made; and 19 "Gross proceeds" means the total amount of d. 20 consideration for the transfer of technology, whether 21 the consideration is in money or otherwise. 22 For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, the 23 D. 1. taxable income of any corporation, estate or trust, shall be further 24

adjusted for qualifying gains receiving capital treatment. Such corporations, estates or trusts shall be allowed a deduction from Oklahoma taxable income for the amount of qualifying gains receiving capital treatment earned by the corporation, estate or trust during the taxable year and included in the federal taxable income of such corporation, estate or trust.

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- 2. As used in this subsection:
- a. "qualifying gains receiving capital treatment" means
 the amount of net capital gains, as defined in Section
 10 1222(11) of the Internal Revenue Code, included in the
 federal income tax return of the corporation, estate
 or trust that result from:
- (1) the sale of real property or tangible personal
 property located within Oklahoma that has been
 directly or indirectly owned by the corporation,
 estate or trust for a holding period of at least
 five (5) years prior to the date of the
 transaction from which such net capital gains
 arise,
- (2) the sale of stock or on the sale of an ownership
 interest in an Oklahoma company, limited
 liability company, or partnership where such
 stock or ownership interest has been directly or
 indirectly owned by the corporation, estate or

trust for a holding period of at least three (3) years prior to the date of the transaction from which the net capital gains arise, or

(3) the sale of real property, tangible personal property or intangible personal property located within Oklahoma as part of the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited liability company, or partnership where such property has been directly or indirectly owned by such entity owned by the owners of such entity, and used in or derived from such entity for a period of at least three (3) years prior to the date of the transaction

from which the net capital gains arise, 14 "holding period" means an uninterrupted period of 15 b. time. The holding period shall include any additional 16 period when the property was held by another 17 individual or entity, if such additional period is 18 included in the taxpayer's holding period for the 19 asset pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code, 20 с. "Oklahoma company", "limited liability company", or 21 "partnership" means an entity whose primary 22 headquarters have been located in Oklahoma for at 23 least three (3) uninterrupted years prior to the date 24

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- of the transaction from which the net capital gains
 arise,
 - d. "direct" means the taxpayer directly owns the asset, and
- e. "indirect" means the taxpayer owns an interest in a
 pass-through entity (or chain of pass-through
 entities) that sells the asset that gives rise to the
 qualifying gains receiving capital treatment.
- 9 (1) With respect to sales of real property or 10 tangible personal property located within Oklahoma, the deduction described in this 11 12 subsection shall not apply unless the pass-13 through entity that makes the sale has held the property for not less than five (5) uninterrupted 14 15 years prior to the date of the transaction that created the capital gain, and each pass-through 16 17 entity included in the chain of ownership has been a member, partner, or shareholder of the 18 pass-through entity in the tier immediately below 19 it for an uninterrupted period of not less than 20 five (5) years. 21
 - (2) With respect to sales of stock or ownership interest in or sales of all or substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited

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liability company, or partnership, the deduction 1 described in this subsection shall not apply 2 3 unless the pass-through entity that makes the sale has held the stock or ownership interest or 4 5 the assets for not less than three (3) uninterrupted years prior to the date of the 6 7 transaction that created the capital gain, and each pass-through entity included in the chain of 8 9 ownership has been a member, partner or 10 shareholder of the pass-through entity in the 11 tier immediately below it for an uninterrupted 12 period of not less than three (3) years. 13 The Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual Ε. taxpayer shall be further adjusted as follows to arrive at Oklahoma 14 15 taxable income: 1. 16 a. In

17(1)In taxable years ending on or before December 31,182015, in the case of individuals, there shall be19added or deducted, as the case may be, the20difference necessary to allow personal exemptions21of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) in lieu of22the personal exemptions allowed by the Internal23Revenue Code, and

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1 In taxable years beginning on or after January 1, (2) 2 2016, the amount of the personal exemption 3 allowed pursuant to subdivision (1) of this 4 subparagraph shall be adjusted annually for 5 inflation using the All Items Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) as 6 7 published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, or its 8 9 successor agency. 10 b. There shall be allowed an additional exemption of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each taxpayer or 11 12 spouse who is blind at the close of the tax year. For 13 purposes of this subparagraph, an individual is blind only if the central visual acuity of the individual 14 does not exceed 20/200 in the better eye with 15 correcting lenses, or if the visual acuity of the 16 17 individual is greater than 20/200, but is accompanied

by a limitation in the fields of vision such that the widest diameter of the visual field subtends an angle no greater than twenty (20) degrees.

c. There shall be allowed an additional exemption of One
Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each taxpayer or
spouse who is sixty-five (65) years of age or older at
the close of the tax year based upon the filing status

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1		and federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer.
2		Taxpayers with the following filing status may claim
3		this exemption if the federal adjusted gross income
4		does not exceed:
5		(1) Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) if
6		married and filing jointly;
7		(2) Twelve Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$12,500.00)
8		if married and filing separately;
9		(3) Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000.00) if single;
10		and
11		(4) Nineteen Thousand Dollars (\$19,000.00) if a
12		qualifying head of household.
13		Provided, for taxable years beginning after December
14		31, 1999, amounts included in the calculation of
15		federal adjusted gross income pursuant to the
16		conversion of a traditional individual retirement
17		account to a Roth individual retirement account shall
18		be excluded from federal adjusted gross income for
19		purposes of the income thresholds provided in this
20		subparagraph.
21	2. a.	For taxable years beginning on or before December 31,
22		2005, in the case of individuals who use the standard
23		deduction in determining taxable income, there shall
24		be added or deducted, as the case may be, the

1 difference necessary to allow a standard deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by the Internal 2 3 Revenue Code, in an amount equal to the larger of fifteen percent (15%) of the Oklahoma adjusted gross 4 5 income or One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00), but not to exceed Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00), except that 6 7 in the case of a married individual filing a separate return such deduction shall be the larger of fifteen 8 9 percent (15%) of such Oklahoma adjusted gross income 10 or Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00), but not to exceed the maximum amount of One Thousand Dollars 11 12 (\$1,000.00).

b. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 13 2006, and before January 1, 2007, in the case of 14 individuals who use the standard deduction in 15 determining taxable income, there shall be added or 16 deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary 17 to allow a standard deduction in lieu of the standard 18 deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, in an 19 amount equal to: 20

- (1) Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000.00), if the filing
 status is married filing joint, head of household
 or qualifying widow; or
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1		(2) Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00), if the filing
2		status is single or married filing separate.
3	С.	For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2007, and
4		ending December 31, 2007, in the case of individuals
5		who use the standard deduction in determining taxable
6		income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case
7		may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard
8		deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by
9		the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:
10		(1) Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$5,500.00),
11		if the filing status is married filing joint or
12		qualifying widow; or
13		(2) Four Thousand One Hundred Twenty-five Dollars
14		(\$4,125.00) for a head of household; or
15		(3) Two Thousand Seven Hundred Fifty Dollars
16		(\$2,750.00), if the filing status is single or
17		married filing separate.
18	d.	For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2008, and
19		ending December 31, 2008, in the case of individuals
20		who use the standard deduction in determining taxable
21		income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case
22		may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard
23		deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by
24		the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:

- (1) Six Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$6,500.00), if
 the filing status is married filing joint or
 qualifying widow, or
 - (2) Four Thousand Eight Hundred Seventy-five Dollars(\$4,875.00) for a head of household, or
 - (3) Three Thousand Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$3,250.00), if the filing status is single or married filing separate.
- 9 e. For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2009, and 10 ending December 31, 2009, in the case of individuals 11 who use the standard deduction in determining taxable 12 income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case 13 may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard 14 deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by 15 the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:
 - (1) Eight Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$8,500.00), if the filing status is married filing joint or qualifying widow, or
 - (2) Six Thousand Three Hundred Seventy-five Dollars(\$6,375.00) for a head of household, or
 - (3) Four Thousand Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$4,250.00), if the filing status is single or married filing separate.
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1 Oklahoma adjusted gross income shall be increased by any amounts paid for motor vehicle excise taxes which 2 3 were deducted as allowed by the Internal Revenue Code. f. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 4 5 2010, in the case of individuals who use the standard deduction in determining taxable income, there shall 6 be added or deducted, as the case may be, the 7 difference necessary to allow a standard deduction 8 9 equal to the standard deduction allowed by the 10 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, based upon the amount and filing status prescribed by such Code 11 for purposes of filing federal individual income tax 12 13 returns.

3. In the case of resident and part-year resident individuals 14 15 having adjusted gross income from sources both within and without the state, the itemized or standard deductions and personal 16 17 exemptions shall be reduced to an amount which is the same portion of the total thereof as Oklahoma adjusted gross income is of 18 adjusted gross income. To the extent itemized deductions include 19 allowable moving expense, proration of moving expense shall not be 20 required or permitted but allowable moving expense shall be fully 21 deductible for those taxpayers moving within or into Oklahoma and no 22 part of moving expense shall be deductible for those taxpayers 23 moving without or out of Oklahoma. All other itemized or standard 24

1 deductions and personal exemptions shall be subject to proration as 2 provided by law.

4. A resident individual with a physical disability 3 constituting a substantial handicap to employment may deduct from 4 5 Oklahoma adjusted gross income such expenditures to modify a motor vehicle, home or workplace as are necessary to compensate for his or 6 7 her handicap. A veteran certified by the Department of Veterans Affairs of the federal government as having a service-connected 8 9 disability shall be conclusively presumed to be an individual with a 10 physical disability constituting a substantial handicap to 11 employment. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules containing a list of combinations of common disabilities and modifications which 12 may be presumed to qualify for this deduction. The Tax Commission 13 shall prescribe necessary requirements for verification. 14

Before July 1, 2010, the first One Thousand Five 15 5. a. Hundred Dollars (\$1,500.00) received by any person 16 from the United States as salary or compensation in 17 any form, other than retirement benefits, as a member 18 of any component of the Armed Forces of the United 19 States shall be deducted from taxable income. 20 On or after July 1, 2010, one hundred percent (100%) b. 21 of the income received by any person from the United 22 States as salary or compensation in any form, other 23 than retirement benefits, as a member of any component 24

1 of the Armed Forces of the United States shall be deducted from taxable income. 2 3 Whenever the filing of a timely income tax return by a с. member of the Armed Forces of the United States is 4 5 made impracticable or impossible of accomplishment by reason of: 6 7 absence from the United States, which term (1)includes only the states and the District of 8 9 Columbia; (2) 10 absence from the State of Oklahoma while on 11 active duty; or 12 (3) confinement in a hospital within the United 13 States for treatment of wounds, injuries or disease, 14 the time for filing a return and paying an income tax shall 15 be and is hereby extended without incurring liability for 16 interest or penalties, to the fifteenth day of the third 17 month following the month in which: 18 Such individual shall return to the United 19 (a) States if the extension is granted pursuant 20 to subparagraph a of this paragraph, return 21 to the State of Oklahoma if the extension is 22

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granted pursuant to subparagraph b of this

paragraph or be discharged from such

1	hospital if the extension is granted
2	pursuant to subparagraph c of this
3	paragraph; or

(b) An executor, administrator, or conservator of the estate of the taxpayer is appointed, whichever event occurs the earliest.

7 Provided, that the Tax Commission may, in its discretion, grant any member of the Armed Forces of the United States an extension of 8 9 time for filing of income tax returns and payment of income tax 10 without incurring liabilities for interest or penalties. Such 11 extension may be granted only when in the judgment of the Tax 12 Commission a good cause exists therefor and may be for a period in 13 excess of six (6) months. A record of every such extension granted, and the reason therefor, shall be kept. 14

Before July 1, 2010, the salary or any other form of 15 6. compensation, received from the United States by a member of any 16 17 component of the Armed Forces of the United States, shall be deducted from taxable income during the time in which the person is 18 detained by the enemy in a conflict, is a prisoner of war or is 19 missing in action and not deceased; provided, after July 1, 2010, 20 all such salary or compensation shall be subject to the deduction as 21 provided pursuant to paragraph 5 of this subsection. 22

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 7. a. An individual taxpayer, whether resident or
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 nonresident, may deduct an amount equal to the federal

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1 income taxes paid by the taxpayer during the taxable year.

- 3 b. Federal taxes as described in subparagraph a of this paragraph shall be deductible by any individual 4 5 taxpayer, whether resident or nonresident, only to the extent they relate to income subject to taxation 6 pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma Income Tax 7 The maximum amount allowable in the preceding 8 Act. 9 paragraph shall be prorated on the ratio of the 10 Oklahoma adjusted gross income to federal adjusted 11 gross income.
- 12 с. For the purpose of this paragraph, "federal income taxes paid" shall mean federal income taxes, surtaxes 13 imposed on incomes or excess profits taxes, as though 14 15 the taxpayer was on the accrual basis. In determining the amount of deduction for federal income taxes for 16 tax year 2001, the amount of the deduction shall not 17 be adjusted by the amount of any accelerated ten 18 percent (10%) tax rate bracket credit or advanced 19 refund of the credit received during the tax year 20 provided pursuant to the federal Economic Growth and 21 Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001, P.L. No. 107-22 16, and the advanced refund of such credit shall not 23 be subject to taxation. 24

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d. The provisions of this paragraph shall apply to all taxable years ending after December 31, 1978, and beginning before January 1, 2006.

8. Retirement benefits not to exceed Five Thousand Five Hundred 4 5 Dollars (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and Ten Thousand 6 Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the 2006 tax year and all subsequent tax 7 years, which are received by an individual from the civil service of 8 9 the United States, the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System, 10 the Teachers' Retirement System of Oklahoma, the Oklahoma Law Enforcement Retirement System, the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and 11 12 Retirement System, the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement 13 System, the employee retirement systems created by counties pursuant to Section 951 et seq. of Title 19 of the Oklahoma Statutes, the 14 15 Uniform Retirement System for Justices and Judges, the Oklahoma Wildlife Conservation Department Retirement Fund, the Oklahoma 16 17 Employment Security Commission Retirement Plan, or the employee retirement systems created by municipalities pursuant to Section 48-18 101 et seq. of Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt 19 from taxable income. 20

9. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1984, Social
 Security benefits received by an individual shall be exempt from
 taxable income, to the extent such benefits are included in the

federal adjusted gross income pursuant to the provisions of Section
 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 86.

3 10. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1994, lumpsum distributions from employer plans of deferred compensation, 4 5 which are not qualified plans within the meaning of Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 401(a), and which 6 7 are deposited in and accounted for within a separate bank account or brokerage account in a financial institution within this state, 8 9 shall be excluded from taxable income in the same manner as a 10 qualifying rollover contribution to an individual retirement account within the meaning of Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 11 12 U.S.C., Section 408. Amounts withdrawn from such bank or brokerage account, including any earnings thereon, shall be included in 13 taxable income when withdrawn in the same manner as withdrawals from 14 individual retirement accounts within the meaning of Section 408 of 15 the Internal Revenue Code. 16

17 11. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995,
18 contributions made to and interest received from a medical savings
19 account established pursuant to Sections 2621 through 2623 of Title
20 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt from taxable income.

21 12. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1996, the 22 Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual taxpayer who is a 23 swine or poultry producer may be further adjusted for the deduction 24 for depreciation allowed for new construction or expansion costs

1 which may be computed using the same depreciation method elected for federal income tax purposes except that the useful life shall be 2 3 seven (7) years for purposes of this paragraph. If depreciation is allowed as a deduction in determining the adjusted gross income of 4 5 an individual, any depreciation calculated and claimed pursuant to this section shall in no event be a duplication of any depreciation 6 allowed or permitted on the federal income tax return of the 7 individual. 8 9 13. a. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2002, 10 nonrecurring adoption expenses paid by a resident individual taxpayer in connection with: 11 12 (1)the adoption of a minor, or a proposed adoption of a minor which did not 13 (2) result in a decreed adoption, 14 may be deducted from the Oklahoma adjusted gross 15 income. 16 b. The deductions for adoptions and proposed adoptions 17 authorized by this paragraph shall not exceed Twenty 18 Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) per calendar year. 19 The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules to implement 20 с. the provisions of this paragraph which shall contain a 21 specific list of nonrecurring adoption expenses which 22 may be presumed to qualify for the deduction. The Tax 23 24

Commission shall prescribe necessary requirements for verification.

"Nonrecurring adoption expenses" means adoption fees, 3 d. court costs, medical expenses, attorney fees and 4 5 expenses which are directly related to the legal process of adoption of a child including, but not 6 7 limited to, costs relating to the adoption study, health and psychological examinations, transportation 8 9 and reasonable costs of lodging and food for the child 10 or adoptive parents which are incurred to complete the adoption process and are not reimbursed by other 11 12 sources. The term "nonrecurring adoption expenses" 13 shall not include attorney fees incurred for the purpose of litigating a contested adoption, from and 14 after the point of the initiation of the contest, 15 costs associated with physical remodeling, renovation 16 and alteration of the adoptive parents' home or 17 property, except for a special needs child as 18 authorized by the court. 19

14. a. In taxable years beginning before January 1, 2005,
retirement benefits not to exceed the amounts
specified in this paragraph, which are received by an
individual sixty-five (65) years of age or older and
whose Oklahoma adjusted gross income is Twenty-five

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1 Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) or less if the filing status is single, head of household, or married filing 2 separate, or Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) or 3 less if the filing status is married filing joint or 4 5 qualifying widow, shall be exempt from taxable income. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, 6 retirement benefits not to exceed the amounts 7 specified in this paragraph, which are received by an 8 9 individual whose Oklahoma adjusted gross income is 10 less than the qualifying amount specified in this 11 paragraph, shall be exempt from taxable income. 12 b. For purposes of this paragraph, the qualifying amount shall be as follows: 13 in taxable years beginning after December 31, 14 (1)2004, and prior to January 1, 2007, the 15 qualifying amount shall be Thirty-seven Thousand 16 17 Five Hundred Dollars (\$37,500.00) or less if the filing status is single, head of household, or 18 married filing separate, or Seventy-Five Thousand 19 Dollars (\$75,000.00) or less if the filing status 20 is married filing jointly or qualifying widow, 21 in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2007, (2) 22 the qualifying amount shall be Fifty Thousand 23 Dollars (\$50,000.00) or less if the filing status 24

1		is single, head of household, or married filing
2		separate, or One Hundred Thousand Dollars
3		(\$100,000.00) or less if the filing status is
4		married filing jointly or qualifying widow,
5	(3)	in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2008,
6		the qualifying amount shall be Sixty-two Thousand
7		Five Hundred Dollars (\$62,500.00) or less if the
8		filing status is single, head of household, or
9		married filing separate, or One Hundred Twenty-
10		five Thousand Dollars (\$125,000.00) or less if
11		the filing status is married filing jointly or
12		qualifying widow,
13	(4)	in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2009,
14		the qualifying amount shall be One Hundred
15		Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00) or less if the
16		filing status is single, head of household, or
17		married filing separate, or Two Hundred Thousand
18		Dollars (\$200,000.00) or less if the filing
19		status is married filing jointly or qualifying
20		widow, and
21	(5)	in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2010,
22		and subsequent taxable years, there shall be no
23		limitation upon the qualifying amount.
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- c. For purposes of this paragraph, "retirement benefits"
 means the total distributions or withdrawals from the
 following:
 - (1) an employee pension benefit plan which satisfies the requirements of Section 401 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 401,
 - (2) an eligible deferred compensation plan that satisfies the requirements of Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 457,
- 10 (3) an individual retirement account, annuity or
 11 trust or simplified employee pension that
 12 satisfies the requirements of Section 408 of the
 13 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 408,
- 14 (4) an employee annuity subject to the provisions of
 15 Section 403(a) or (b) of the Internal Revenue
 16 Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 403(a) or (b),
- United States Retirement Bonds which satisfy the
 requirements of Section 86 of the Internal
 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 86, or
- 20 (6) lump-sum distributions from a retirement plan
 21 which satisfies the requirements of Section
 22 402(e) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.,
 23 Section 402(e).
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1 d. The amount of the exemption provided by this paragraph shall be limited to Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars 2 (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five 3 Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and 4 5 Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the tax year 2006 and for all subsequent tax years. Any individual 6 who claims the exemption provided for in paragraph 8 7 of this subsection shall not be permitted to claim a 8 9 combined total exemption pursuant to this paragraph 10 and paragraph 8 of this subsection in an amount exceeding Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars 11 (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five 12 13 Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the 2006 tax 14 15 year and all subsequent tax years.

In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, for an 16 15. individual engaged in production agriculture who has filed a 17 Schedule F form with the taxpayer's federal income tax return for 18 such taxable year, there shall be excluded from taxable income any 19 amount which was included as federal taxable income or federal 20 adjusted gross income and which consists of the discharge of an 21 obligation by a creditor of the taxpayer incurred to finance the 22 production of agricultural products. 23

1 16. In taxable years beginning December 31, 2000, an amount 2 equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the amount of any scholarship 3 or stipend received from participation in the Oklahoma Police Corps 4 Program, as established in Section 2-140.3 of Title 47 of the 5 Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt from taxable income.

In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2001, 6 17. a. and before January 1, 2005, there shall be allowed a 7 deduction in the amount of contributions to accounts 8 9 established pursuant to the Oklahoma College Savings 10 Plan Act. The deduction shall equal the amount of contributions to accounts, but in no event shall the 11 deduction for each contributor exceed Two Thousand 12 Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00) each taxable year for 13 each account. 14

In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, 15 b. each taxpayer shall be allowed a deduction for 16 contributions to accounts established pursuant to the 17 Oklahoma College Savings Plan Act. The maximum annual 18 deduction shall equal the amount of contributions to 19 all such accounts plus any contributions to such 20 accounts by the taxpayer for prior taxable years after 21 December 31, 2004, which were not deducted, but in no 22 event shall the deduction for each tax year exceed Ten 23 Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for each individual 24

taxpayer or Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) for 1 taxpayers filing a joint return. Any amount of a 2 contribution that is not deducted by the taxpayer in 3 the year for which the contribution is made may be 4 5 carried forward as a deduction from income for the succeeding five (5) years. For taxable years 6 beginning after December 31, 2005, deductions may be 7 taken for contributions and rollovers made during a 8 9 taxable year and up to April 15 of the succeeding 10 year, or the due date of a taxpayer's state income tax 11 return, excluding extensions, whichever is later. 12 Provided, a deduction for the same contribution may 13 not be taken for two (2) different taxable years. с. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006, 14 deductions for contributions made pursuant to 15 subparagraph b of this paragraph shall be limited as 16 follows: 17

18 (1) for a taxpayer who qualified for the five-year
19 carryforward election and who takes a rollover or
20 nonqualified withdrawal during that period, the
21 tax deduction otherwise available pursuant to
22 subparagraph b of this paragraph shall be reduced
23 by the amount which is equal to the rollover or
24 nonqualified withdrawal, and

1 (2)for a taxpayer who elects to take a rollover or nonqualified withdrawal within the same tax year 2 3 in which a contribution was made to the taxpayer's account, the tax deduction otherwise 4 5 available pursuant to subparagraph b of this paragraph shall be reduced by the amount of the 6 contribution which is equal to the rollover or 7 nonqualified withdrawal. 8

9 d. If a taxpayer elects to take a rollover on a
10 contribution for which a deduction has been taken
11 pursuant to subparagraph b of this paragraph within
12 one year of the date of contribution, the amount of
13 such rollover shall be included in the adjusted gross
14 income of the taxpayer in the taxable year of the
15 rollover.

If a taxpayer makes a nonqualified withdrawal of 16 e. 17 contributions for which a deduction was taken pursuant to subparagraph b of this paragraph, such nonqualified 18 withdrawal and any earnings thereon shall be included 19 20 in the adjusted gross income of the taxpayer in the taxable year of the nonqualified withdrawal. 21 f. As used in this paragraph: 22

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1 (1)"non-qualified withdrawal" means a withdrawal from an Oklahoma College Savings Plan account 2 3 other than one of the following: a qualified withdrawal, 4 (a) a withdrawal made as a result of the death 5 (b) or disability of the designated beneficiary 6 of an account, 7 (C) a withdrawal that is made on the account of 8 9 a scholarship or the allowance or payment described in Section 135(d)(1)(B) or (C) or 10 11 by the Internal Revenue Code, received by the designated beneficiary to the extent the 12 13 amount of the refund does not exceed the amount of the scholarship, allowance, or 14 15 payment, or a rollover or change of designated 16 (d) 17 beneficiary as permitted by subsection F of Section 3970.7 of Title 70 of Oklahoma 18 Statutes, and 19 "rollover" means the transfer of funds from the (2) 20 Oklahoma College Savings Plan to any other plan 21 under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code. 22 23 18. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005,

24 | retirement benefits received by an individual from any component of

1 the Armed Forces of the United States in an amount not to exceed the 2 greater of seventy-five percent (75%) of such benefits or Ten 3 Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) shall be exempt from taxable income 4 but in no case less than the amount of the exemption provided by 5 paragraph 14 of this subsection.

19. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006,
retirement benefits received by federal civil service retirees,
including survivor annuities, paid in lieu of Social Security
benefits shall be exempt from taxable income to the extent such
benefits are included in the federal adjusted gross income pursuant
to the provisions of Section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26
U.S.C., Section 86, according to the following schedule:

in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2007, twenty 13 a. percent (20%) of such benefits shall be exempt, 14 15 b. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2008, forty percent (40%) of such benefits shall be exempt, 16 in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2009, sixty 17 с. percent (60%) of such benefits shall be exempt, 18 d. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2010, eighty 19 percent (80%) of such benefits shall be exempt, and 20 in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2011, and 21 e. subsequent taxable years, one hundred percent (100%) 22 of such benefits shall be exempt. 23

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For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2007, a 1 20. a. resident individual may deduct up to Ten Thousand 2 Dollars (\$10,000.00) from Oklahoma adjusted gross 3 income if the individual, or the dependent of the 4 5 individual, while living, donates one or more human organs of the individual to another human being for 6 human organ transplantation. As used in this 7 paragraph, "human organ" means all or part of a liver, 8 9 pancreas, kidney, intestine, lung, or bone marrow. Α 10 deduction that is claimed under this paragraph may be claimed in the taxable year in which the human organ 11 12 transplantation occurs.

- b. An individual may claim this deduction only once, and
 the deduction may be claimed only for unreimbursed
 expenses that are incurred by the individual and
 related to the organ donation of the individual.
- 17 c. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall promulgate rules to
 18 implement the provisions of this paragraph which shall
 19 contain a specific list of expenses which may be
 20 presumed to qualify for the deduction. The Tax
 21 Commission shall prescribe necessary requirements for
 22 verification.

23 21. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2009, there24 shall be exempt from taxable income any amount received by the

beneficiary of the death benefit for an emergency medical technician
 or a registered emergency medical responder provided by Section 1 2505.1 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

4 22. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008,
5 taxable income shall be increased by any unemployment compensation
6 exempted under Section 85 (c) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26
7 U.S.C., Section 85(c) (2009).

23. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008, there 8 9 shall be exempt from taxable income any payment in an amount less 10 than Six Hundred Dollars (\$600.00) received by a person as an award 11 for participation in a competitive livestock show event. For 12 purposes of this paragraph, the payment shall be treated as a 13 scholarship amount paid by the entity sponsoring the event and the sponsoring entity shall cause the payment to be categorized as a 14 scholarship in its books and records. 15

F. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, a deduction from the Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual taxpayer shall be allowed for qualifying gains receiving capital treatment that are included in the federal adjusted gross income of such individual taxpayer during the taxable year.

21 2. As used in this subsection:

a. "qualifying gains receiving capital treatment" means
the amount of net capital gains, as defined in Section
1222(11) of the Internal Revenue Code, included in an

individual taxpayer's federal income tax return that result from:

- (1) the sale of real property or tangible personal property located within Oklahoma that has been directly or indirectly owned by the individual taxpayer for a holding period of at least five
 (5) years prior to the date of the transaction from which such net capital gains arise,
- 9 (2)the sale of stock or the sale of a direct or 10 indirect ownership interest in an Oklahoma 11 company, limited liability company, or partnership where such stock or ownership 12 13 interest has been directly or indirectly owned by 14 the individual taxpayer for a holding period of at least two (2) years prior to the date of the 15 transaction from which the net capital gains 16 17 arise, or
- (3) the sale of real property, tangible personal
 property or intangible personal property located
 within Oklahoma as part of the sale of all or
 substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma
 company, limited liability company, or
 partnership or an Oklahoma proprietorship
 business enterprise where such property has been

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1directly or indirectly owned by such entity or2business enterprise or owned by the owners of3such entity or business enterprise for a period4of at least two (2) years prior to the date of5the transaction from which the net capital gains6arise,

"holding period" means an uninterrupted period of 7 b. time. The holding period shall include any additional 8 9 period when the property was held by another individual or entity, if such additional period is 10 11 included in the taxpayer's holding period for the 12 asset pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code, "Oklahoma company," "limited liability company," or 13 с. "partnership" means an entity whose primary 14 headquarters have been located in Oklahoma for at 15 least three (3) uninterrupted years prior to the date 16 of the transaction from which the net capital gains 17 18 arise,

d. "direct" means the individual taxpayer directly owns the asset,

e. "indirect" means the individual taxpayer owns an interest in a pass-through entity (or chain of passthrough entities) that sells the asset that gives rise to the qualifying gains receiving capital treatment.

1 (1)With respect to sales of real property or 2 tangible personal property located within 3 Oklahoma, the deduction described in this subsection shall not apply unless the pass-4 5 through entity that makes the sale has held the property for not less than five (5) uninterrupted 6 years prior to the date of the transaction that 7 created the capital gain, and each pass-through 8 9 entity included in the chain of ownership has 10 been a member, partner, or shareholder of the pass-through entity in the tier immediately below 11 12 it for an uninterrupted period of not less than 13 five (5) years.

With respect to sales of stock or ownership 14 (2) interest in or sales of all or substantially all 15 of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited 16 liability company, partnership or Oklahoma 17 proprietorship business enterprise, the deduction 18 described in this subsection shall not apply 19 unless the pass-through entity that makes the 20 sale has held the stock or ownership interest for 21 not less than two (2) uninterrupted years prior 22 to the date of the transaction that created the 23 capital gain, and each pass-through entity 24

1 included in the chain of ownership has been a 2 member, partner or shareholder of the passthrough entity in the tier immediately below it 3 for an uninterrupted period of not less than two 4 5 (2) years. For purposes of this division, uninterrupted ownership prior to the effective 6 date of this act shall be included in the 7 determination of the required holding period 8 9 prescribed by this division, and 10 f. "Oklahoma proprietorship business enterprise" means a 11 business enterprise whose income and expenses have been reported on Schedule C or F of an individual 12 13 taxpayer's federal income tax return, or any similar successor schedule published by the Internal Revenue 14 Service and whose primary headquarters have been 15 located in Oklahoma for at least three (3) 16 uninterrupted years prior to the date of the 17 transaction from which the net capital gains arise. 18 G. 1. For purposes of computing its Oklahoma taxable income 19 under this section, the dividends-paid deduction otherwise allowed 20 by federal law in computing net income of a real estate investment 21 trust that is subject to federal income tax shall be added back in 22 computing the tax imposed by this state under this title if the real 23 estate investment trust is a captive real estate investment trust. 24

Req. No. 658

For purposes of computing its Oklahoma taxable income under
 this section, a taxpayer shall add back otherwise deductible rents
 and interest expenses paid to a captive real estate investment trust
 that is not subject to the provisions of paragraph 1 of this
 subsection. As used in this subsection:

the term "real estate investment trust" or "REIT" 6 a. means the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 856 7 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, 8 9 b. the term "captive real estate investment trust" means 10 a real estate investment trust, the shares or beneficial interests of which are not regularly traded 11 on an established securities market and more than 12 13 fifty percent (50%) of the voting power or value of the beneficial interests or shares of which are owned 14 15 or controlled, directly or indirectly, or constructively, by a single entity that is: 16 (1) treated as an association taxable as a 17 corporation under the Internal Revenue Code of 18 1986, as amended, and 19 not exempt from federal income tax pursuant to 20 (2) the provisions of Section 501(a) of the Internal 21 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. 22 The term shall not include a real estate investment 23

trust that is intended to be regularly traded on an

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established securities market, and that satisfies the requirements of Section 856(a)(5) and (6) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code by reason of Section 856(h)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,

- c. the term "association taxable as a corporation" shall
 not include the following entities:
 - (1) any real estate investment trust as defined in paragraph a of this subsection other than a "captive real estate investment trust", or
- 10 (2) any qualified real estate investment trust
 11 subsidiary under Section 856(i) of the Internal
 12 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, other than a
 13 qualified REIT subsidiary of a "captive real
 14 estate investment trust", or
- (3) any Listed Australian Property Trust (meaning an 15 Australian unit trust registered as a "Managed 16 17 Investment Scheme" under the Australian Corporations Act in which the principal class of 18 units is listed on a recognized stock exchange in 19 20 Australia and is regularly traded on an established securities market), or an entity 21 organized as a trust, provided that a Listed 22 23 Australian Property Trust owns or controls, directly or indirectly, seventy-five percent 24

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1		(75%) or more of the voting power or value of the
2		bene	ficial interests or shares of such trust, or
3	(4)	any (Qualified Foreign Entity, meaning a
4		corp	oration, trust, association or partnership
5		orga	nized outside the laws of the United States
6		and	which satisfies the following criteria:
7		(a)	at least seventy-five percent (75%) of the
8			entity's total asset value at the close of
9			its taxable year is represented by real
10			estate assets, as defined in Section
11			856(c)(5)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code of
12			1986, as amended, thereby including shares
13			or certificates of beneficial interest in
14			any real estate investment trust, cash and
15			cash equivalents, and U.S. Government
16			securities,
17		(b)	the entity receives a dividend-paid
18			deduction comparable to Section 561 of the
19			Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended,
20			or is exempt from entity level tax,
21		(C)	the entity is required to distribute at
22			least eighty-five percent (85%) of its
23			taxable income, as computed in the
24			jurisdiction in which it is organized, to

1 the holders of its shares or certificates of 2 beneficial interest on an annual basis, (d) 3 not more than ten percent (10%) of the voting power or value in such entity is held 4 5 directly or indirectly or constructively by a single entity or individual, or the shares 6 or beneficial interests of such entity are 7 regularly traded on an established 8 9 securities market, and

(e) the entity is organized in a country which has a tax treaty with the United States.

3. For purposes of this subsection, the constructive ownership rules of Section 318(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, as modified by Section 856(d)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, shall apply in determining the ownership of stock, assets, or net profits of any person.

17 4. A real estate investment trust that does not become regularly traded on an established securities market within one (1) 18 year of the date on which it first becomes a real estate investment 19 trust shall be deemed not to have been regularly traded on an 20 established securities market, retroactive to the date it first 21 became a real estate investment trust, and shall file an amended 22 return reflecting such retroactive designation for any tax year or 23 part year occurring during its initial year of status as a real 24

Req. No. 658

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1	estate investment trust. For purposes of this subsection, a real
2	estate investment trust becomes a real estate investment trust on
3	the first day it has both met the requirements of Section 856 of the
4	Internal Revenue Code and has elected to be treated as a real estate
5	investment trust pursuant to Section 856(c)(1) of the Internal
6	Revenue Code.
7	SECTION 2. This act shall become effective November 1, 2015.
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